

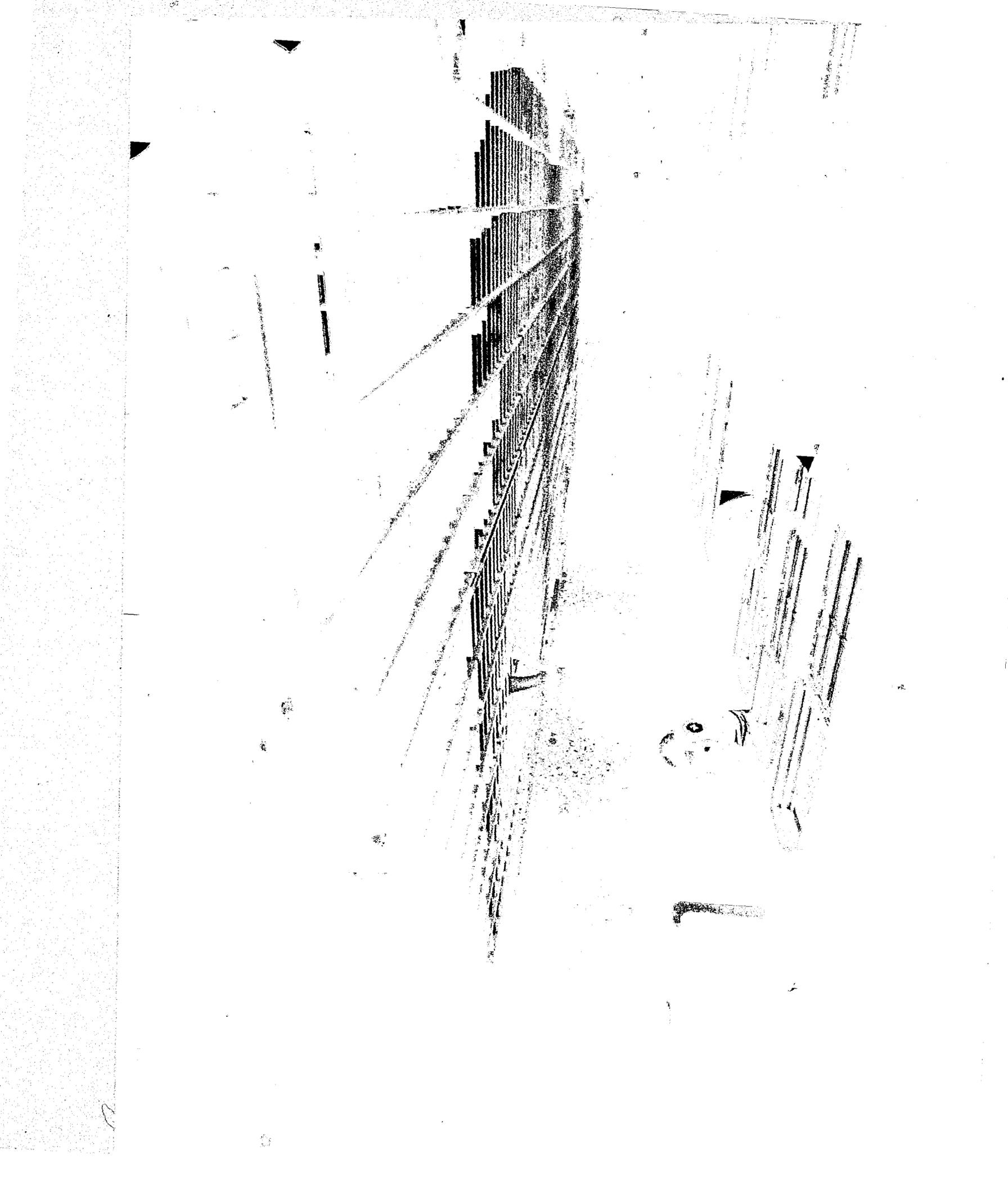
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CALIFORNIA COUNCIL ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE / 1971 ANNUAL REPORT



1971 ANNUAL REPORT



CALIFORNIA COUNCIL ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE

1927 13th Street

Sacramento, California 95814

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California Council on Criminal Justice

1971 ANNUAL REPORT

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INTRODUCTION

During the past decade, as crime increased in California, the need for a formal, ongoing organization to perform long-range planning and coordination for the prevention and reduction of crime and improvement of the criminal justice system became obvious. The same concern was felt nationally. In 1967, the California Legislature passed the Deukmejian-Moretti Act, creating the California Council on Criminal Justice (CCCJ), in anticipation of Congressional passage of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act in 1968. The Federal Act, which created the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) in the U.S. Department of Justice, required the establishment of a planning agency in each state to administer the Federal program of block grants for the improvement of the criminal justice system and the reduction of crime. In early 1969, Governor Reagan designated the CCCJ as California's state planning agency.

The 29-member Council includes the State Attorney General, 16 members appointed by the Governor, six members named by the State Senate, and six selected by the State Assembly. (Legislation enacted during the 1971 Regular Session of the California Legislature adds a thirtieth member to the Council—a county probation officer to be appointed by the Governor.) Members represent a broad spectrum of business and professions, education, government, and the criminal justice system. The Council is augmented by 21 regional planning boards throughout the state. Administering the Council's program is a professional planning staff headed by an executive director. The initial task of the CCCJ was to evaluate state and local criminal justice programs and to prepare a comprehensive plan for reducing crime and improving California's system of criminal justice.

In 1969, the Council's first Comprehensive Plan was submitted to the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration in accordance with the requirements of the Safe Streets Act. The plan was approved and California received its 1969 block grant of \$2.3 million. Within two months after receipt of the grant, the CCCJ had received one hundred requests—totaling \$41 million—for funding of crime control projects across the state. Since that time the Council has funded more than 500 projects with grant awards in excess of \$43.3 million. This funding has ranged from a few hundred dollars for special organized crime training or a surveillance device, to a million or more for items such as major correctional programs, criminal justice information systems, and the total reorganization of a metropolitan law enforcement agency.

The 1970 Comprehensive Plan resulted in a set of goals reflecting both state and regional concerns in 55 programs. Recommendations were made by state and local task forces in all major areas of the criminal justice system, including (1) police services, (2) judicial processes, (3) correctional programs, (4) juvenile delinquency, (5) organized crime, (6) riots and disorders, (7) education and training, (8) narcotic, drug, and alcohol abuse, and (9) science and technology. The block grant to California was increased to \$17.3 million in 1970, and \$33 million in 1971.

California's 1971 Comprehensive Plan consisted of three volumes: Volume I, *The California Criminal Justice System*, provided baseline data which cataloged California's current resources for combating crime. Volume II, *The 1971 Comprehensive Plan for Criminal Justice*, was based upon criminal justice problems and needs at all levels throughout the state, and was as much an operational plan for the Council as a plan for the state's criminal justice system. Volume III, *Comprehensive Criminal Justice Planning in California*, was an information manual containing policies and procedures of the Council and describing its founding, organization, and operation.

A number of events occurred at the Federal level in the past year that affect CCCJ operations. Amendments to the original Safe Streets Act were passed resulting in the Omnibus Crime Control Act of 1970 which emphasizes a national concern with urban areas. This was anticipated by the Council and reflected in its action money allocation scheme. A new administrator of LEAA was appointed and a massive internal reorganization was undertaken to decentralize LEAA. Thus, progress in 1971 was in an environment of confusion in the wake of the LEAA reorganization.

This, the 1971 Annual Report of the California Council on Criminal Justice, is a report to Governor Reagan, the State Legislature, and the general public on the significance of the Council's 1971 program for the prevention and control of crime and improvement of California's criminal justice system.

Additional copies are available upon request from the offices of the California Council on Criminal Justice.

Chapter One / SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OF 1971

REGIONAL SYSTEMS APPROACH

A series of recommendations adopted by the Council during the year has substantially strengthened the role of cities and counties in statewide planning for the improvement of the criminal justice system and the reduction of crime.

Among the major actions taken by the Council was adoption of the "regional systems approach" to criminal justice planning which was initially accepted by the Council in July, 1970. Its implementation commenced in 1971, in phased steps. Under the system, each region determines its own goals and priorities within the framework of Council-established goals for the state. These local goals and priorities are reflected in the development of regional plans for funding of projects under the Omnibus Crime Control Act.

Prior to implementation of the regional systems approach, the Council increased the total number of regions from 16 to 21. This was accomplished by giving full regional status to a number of counties which had previously been blanketed under councils of government (such as the Southern California Association of Governments and the Association of Bay Area Governments). Councils of government covering more than one CCCJ planning region continue to be utilized as a regional information source. They also provide review and comment for regional plans and programs. Resolutions are sought from boards of supervisors and city councils to endorse and implement the work of regional planning boards created by the Council and to strengthen local participation in the program.

NEW COUNCIL CHAIRMAN

State Attorney General Evelle J. Younger, elected in the General Election of November, 1970, was named chairman of the Council early this year by Governor Reagan. Chairman Younger immediately called for a "more imaginative and progressive" effort to improve the state's criminal justice system.

He said:

"While we have made substantial progress since the Council's inception, there is room for improvement. We must constantly, but with sensitivity, work for better state-local relations. Each Council member must fulfill his obligation by helping to set policy and by providing leadership. The Council must become a more effective and efficient agent for necessary change."

Younger, former District Attorney of Los Angeles County, believes the Council must play a vital role in furnishing the leadership and expertise needed to reduce crime and improve the criminal justice system throughout the State of California. Under his guidance, the Council has already effected substantial changes

and is taking an increasingly strong position in establishing policy aimed toward fulfilling its newly-articulated mission.

COUNCIL MISSION AND REORGANIZATION

The Council this year sought to clarify its goals and objectives through the drafting of a mission statement which was adopted unanimously at its August meeting in San Diego. The statement, which represents a composite of the suggestions and views of various Council members, is as follows:

"The mission of the California Council on Criminal Justice is to be a catalyst in the reduction of crime in California by assisting all criminal justice agencies in planning for the future, by acting as a clearinghouse and creator of projects for improved methods of preventing crime and returning offenders safely to society, and by marshaling resources to make Californians safe from crime in their streets, neighborhoods, and countryside."

The Council's mission statement augments the statutory provisions set forth in the Deukmejian-Moretti Act of 1967.

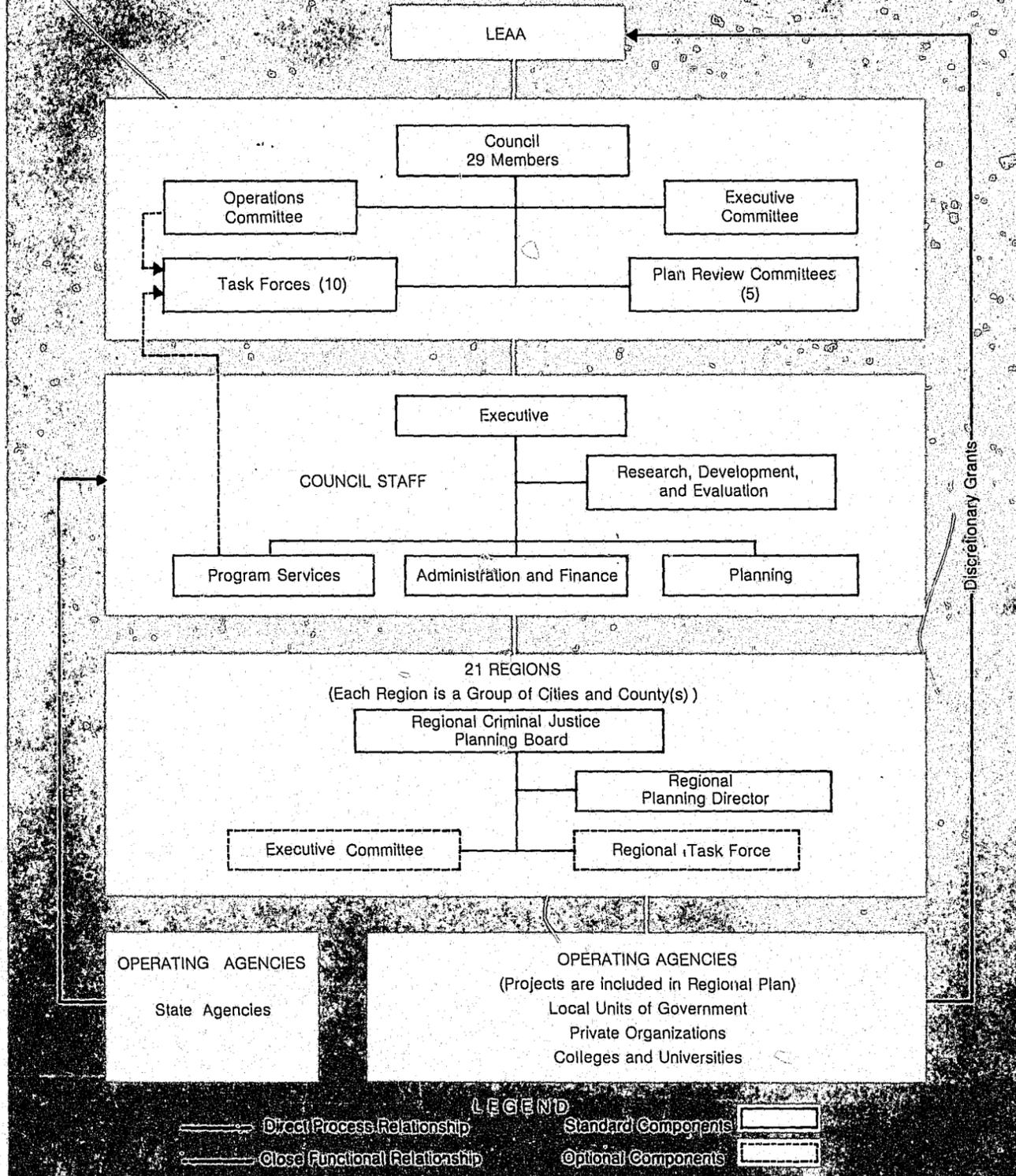
Recommended policies and programs are developed at the state level by the Council's Executive and Operations Committees and statewide task forces. (See chart of Council administrative structure, page 4.)

Executive Committee—The Executive Committee consists of five Council members appointed by the chairman of the Council and ratified by a two-thirds majority of the Council. The Committee develops Council policy and procedures for recommendation to the Council and suggests necessary revisions to the Council's Bylaws. The Committee is also concerned with personnel matters and provides guidance and counsel to the executive director. The Committee may take action as required on matters which, because of timing, must be decided upon between Council meetings, including legislation and budget changes.

Operations Committee—The Council's Operations Committee consists of statewide task force chairmen (each of whom is a Council member) and any other persons whom the Council chairman may deem necessary to carry out the Committee's duties. Principal functions of the Operations Committee are (1) to assign work and coordinate activities and recommendations of the task forces, (2) to act as liaison between the Council and its task forces, (3) to review all action grant proposals, (4) to supervise and coordinate implementation of various programs relating to the state Comprehensive Plan and action programs, (5) to assign overall statewide criminal justice system improvement priorities, and (6)

CALIFORNIA COUNCIL ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Administrative Structure



to develop Council policies and procedures for recommendation to the Council. Beginning in 1972, the Operations Committee will also review and coordinate the actions of the plan review committees, and will review and recommend for approval the state agency plan.

Statewide Task Forces—The statewide task forces will be reorganized early in 1972 to conform to the program categories of the Federal Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. Although most of the statewide task forces will compare generally to the previous designations, two new task forces are being created—Community Relations and Crime Prevention. The Crime Prevention Task Force will largely absorb the functions and membership of the existing Narcotic, Drug, and Alcohol Abuse Task Force and, to a lesser extent, the Police Services Task Force. (The Council has voted to give the problem of narcotics and related crime the highest priority in the state's crime control program in 1972.)

The 10 new task force categories are:

- Task Force to Upgrade Law Enforcement Personnel
- Task Force on the Prevention of Crime
- Task Force on the Prevention and Control of Juvenile Delinquency
- Task Force on Improvement of Detection and Apprehension of Criminals
- Task Force on Prosecution, Courts and Law Reform

- Task Force to Increase Effectiveness of Corrections and Rehabilitation
- Task Force to Reduce Organized Crime
- Task Force to Prevent and Control Riots and Disorders
- Task Force to Improve Community Relations
- Research and Development Task Force

The task forces are each chaired by a Council member, appointed by the chairman with Council concurrence. Task force members are appointed by the Council chairman following consultation with the task force chairmen. They serve without compensation. Each task force is responsible for determining and recommending to the Council the scope, emphasis, and priorities of its program area and for keeping its program statements current. (Each year these program statements are included in the state plan.) The task forces also review certain individual proposals for action projects.

During the first quarter of the year the statewide task force members will serve on five Plan Review Committees which will be formed to review regional plans. The task forces will meet to develop program statements and approve projects from approximately April to December of each year.

Regional Criminal Justice Planning Boards
Twenty-one regional criminal justice planning boards serve as extensions of the CCCJ for the purposes of planning, developing, coordinating, and evaluating criminal justice improvement programs within the regional geographical boundaries. (Map of regions, below.)

CRIMINAL JUSTICE PLANNING REGIONS



REGION	COUNTIES
A	Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Mendocino
B	Lassen, Modoc, Tehama, Trinity, Shasta, Siskiyou
C	Butte, Colusa, Glenn, Plumas
D	El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sierra, Sutter, Yolo, Yuba
E	Napa, Marin, Solano, Sonoma
F	San Francisco
G	Contra Costa
H	San Mateo
I	Alameda
J	Santa Clara
K	Mariposa, Merced, San Joaquin, Stanislaus
L	Calaveras, Alpine, Amador, Tuolumne
M	Monterey, San Benito, Santa Cruz
N	Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Tulare
O	Inyo, Mono
P	San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara
Q	Ventura
R	Los Angeles
S	Imperial, Riverside, San Bernardino
T	Orange
U	San Diego

The boards are made up of representatives of local units of government, criminal justice agencies, and citizens within the geographical areas which comprise the regions. Activities are augmented by appropriate regional task forces and committees. Each board is responsible for compiling an annual regional criminal justice plan for all cities and counties within its boundaries. Regional boards also consider inclusion of projects which emanate from local units of government or private organizations within their boundaries and make recommendations about those projects to the Council. The boards are funded by Council planning grants which are allocated among the various regions by the CCCJ.

REGIONAL PLAN CERTIFICATION

Plan Review Committees which are assigned the task of reviewing regional plans during the first quarter of the year will be composed of Council members and state task force members. The Plan Review Committees will have the basic responsibility of making recommendations to the Council regarding certification of regional plans. Also, the Plan Review Committees will stipulate action on individual projects within regional plans. This can range from "fund" (subject only to staff development of a final contract) to "do not fund"; or the project may be approved in principle subject to further task force or Council review.

With the exception of projects currently in progress and to be funded for a second or third year, the Council will only fund projects included in certified regional plans. This is a major departure from the current procedure of the Council, whose funding decisions on projects are not now based on their relation to regional plans. This new policy officially recognizes and further implements the regional systems approach to planning.

TARGET ALLOCATIONS OF ACTION FUNDS

Early in the year, the California Council on Criminal Justice approved a new formula for the local distribution of \$23,564,250 in 1971 regional target allocations under the Omnibus Crime Control Act. This amount represents 75 percent of California's 1971 block grant of \$32,999,000 for the year. The other 25 percent is allocated to state agencies, non-profit private agencies, and school districts.

The Council's formula provides that 10 percent of the 1971 regional target allocations be set aside to attack problems of critical concern to the overall criminal justice system. Of this 10 percent, five percent of the local funds will be allocated to specific crimes, such as burglary, auto theft, or narcotics. The other five percent was set aside for regions whose plans justify expenditure of more funds than are contained in their basic target allocations (called "Planning Incentive Funds" in the table.)

The Council's previous formula for regional allocations was based on population, crime rate, and other linear factors. (See CCCJ 1971 Regional Target Allocations, below.)

CCCJ 1971 REGIONAL TARGET ALLOCATIONS

All Regions.....	\$21,210,123
REGION A	195,412
REGION B	136,891
REGION C	120,414
REGION D	903,132
REGION E	572,073
REGION F	931,442
REGION G	606,297
REGION H	438,773
REGION I	1,412,672
REGION J	984,874
REGION K	624,272
REGION L	67,500
REGION M	439,196
REGION N	1,290,267
REGION O	67,500
REGION P	311,601
REGION Q	349,414
REGION R	7,840,868
REGION S	1,368,308
REGION T	1,309,147
REGION U	1,240,070
Planning Incentive Funds.....	1,177,063
Crime-Specific Funds.....	1,177,064

Planning Supplements

A total of \$545,302 in action grants was awarded to seven of the Council's regional planning boards to supplement their 1971 planning allocations. To qualify for the funds, the regions submitted grant applications specifying elements in their planning activities which required additional funding beyond that provided by their basic planning allocations.

The supplementary funds, designed to strengthen the planning capability at the regional level, were allocated as follows: Region M, \$7,835; Region Q, \$24,735; Region T, \$79,592; Region F, \$28,100; Region R, \$278,900; Region S, \$56,384; and Region N, \$69,756.

CRIME-SPECIFIC PROGRAM

The "prevention of crime" is one of the most difficult and basic tasks faced by the criminal justice system. There are several possible strategies and lines of attack on crime, ranging from efforts to lessen the desire or need to commit crime in the potential criminal at an early age, to making the commission of a particular crime difficult to accomplish. Obviously, each method has limitations in terms of available technology, cost, and effectiveness. Some crimes, such as homicide and aggravated

assault, are very difficult if not impossible to prevent because of the relative infrequency with which such incidents occur and the degree to which such behavior relates to unpredictable circumstances. Other crimes, such as sexual molestation, in addition to occurring infrequently, may be committed by model citizens following years of exemplary behavior.

The President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice's *Task Force Report on Crime and Its Impact* shows that survey data on the economic impact of crime are sparse and studies in this field have been conducted only sporadically in various sections of the United States. There has been meager information developed on the economic impact of crime generally and of specific crimes in California.

The California Council on Criminal Justice, recognizing a need to implement a method of crime reduction which would have immediate impact as well as long-term results, decided to allocate \$1,477,064 of its 1971 money to a program it has entitled crime-specific. This program, which is unique in the nation, involves the careful selection of a specific major crime target, an analysis of known strategies for controlling and reducing that crime, and the funding of selected projects designed to significantly affect it.

The crime of burglary, which constitutes over one-half of the major offenses committed in California (with a rate in 1970 of 1,743/100,000 population), has been selected as the initial target of the Council's Crime-Specific Program. There was approximately one burglary for every 57 persons in California in 1970 (348,575 burglaries vs. a population of 19,953,134).

Burglaries, in addition to increasing by almost 150 percent since 1960, have almost doubled in rate from 881 per 100,000 in 1960 to 1,743 per 100,000 in 1970.

Sixty-one percent of all burglaries in California are committed in non-residences and 39 percent in residences. Forced entry is present in only 72 percent of all burglaries, indicating that many burglaries are also "crimes of opportunity". A significant portion of these burglaries could be prevented through development of anti-burglary devices and public information programs designed to inform the public of practices that protect establishments from burglary.

To achieve real impact on the crime of burglary in California a cooperative, coordinated attack is

proposed using the allocated 1971 funds. The California Council on Criminal Justice, the Attorney General of California, the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department, the Los Angeles Police Department, the Oakland Police Department, the Orange County Sheriff's Department, the San Diego Police Department, and the San Francisco Police Department have joined together to jointly plan, implement, and evaluate a program to prevent and control the crime of burglary.

The objective of this program, which is expected to become operational in the spring of 1972, is to significantly reduce the occurrence or lower the rate increase of the crime of burglary within geographic areas within the one year time frame of the project, through the selective utilization of community and law enforcement resources, and to provide an evaluative description of the various techniques for statewide applications. Of the initial allocation, \$200,000 will be used for an objective evaluation of the burglary prevention and control program, and for a handbook to be used by jurisdictions everywhere.

LOOKING AHEAD: 1972

The California Council on Criminal Justice has made substantial gains since its inception several years ago. However, it is constantly seeking new means to better fulfill its mission.

The year of 1972 promises to be one of the most important for the Council and for California in terms of improved operations and resultant impact on crime. The Council will continue its effort to build a strong foundation of information and policy from which to launch a sound future-oriented program of prevention and system improvement. In 1972, the Council will develop a stronger fiscal audit program to ensure proper use of funds. One hundred million dollars will have been invested in projects in California and the Council is determined to require sound fiscal controls to maximize the effects of these dollars.

Evaluation and monitoring of projects and program progress will be given substantially more attention. There will be more and better projects designed to improve and integrate the major elements of the system. Finally, it is anticipated the Crime-Specific Program of the Council will be expanded with the selection of new crime targets and implementation of projects to attack these crimes.



CHAPTER TWO / CCCJ STAFF STRUCTURE

"Two major objectives of the Council staff are to enable units of local government to develop and implement crime reduction programs, and to foster comprehensive long-range planning in the criminal justice system."

Robert H. Lawson
Executive Director, CCCJ

The staff of the Council is responsible for carrying out the policies and directives of the Council in executing its statutory and administrative responsibilities. Under the leadership of an executive director, it performs comprehensive criminal justice planning; administers comprehensive crime study programs and research activities; stimulates, coordinates, and evaluates proposals in the criminal justice field; provides for research and development of new methods for the prevention and reduction of crime including the treatment of offenders and delinquent persons; assists local units of government in the development of improved criminal justice planning capability; disseminates information on criminal justice research and development projects; and performs the necessary activities for implementing Federal programs in the fields of criminal justice and delinquency prevention and control. The authority for permanent staff appears in Section 13804 of the California Penal Code.

The Council staff was reorganized during the latter part of 1971 to improve the quality of its services to local agencies, regional planning boards, statewide task forces, and the criminal justice system as a whole. For the first time since its inception, the Council is fully staffed to its budgeted strength as the result of recently approved personnel recommendations. The reorganization, which became effective Nov. 1, revamped the assignments of many key Council staff, and expanded several functions. A new team leadership concept was introduced through the expansion of the Council's Program Services Division. Team leaders were assigned to the specific areas of law enforcement, corrections, courts, and systemwide programs. The staff reorganization reflects the major program areas of the statewide task forces which were also restructured in 1971 to conform to the 10 functional categories of the nationwide program of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration.

A new program of regional plan review and certification (described in Chapter One) has produced new staff functions to ensure the proper implementation of approved plans. In addition to providing technical assistance in the area of proposal development, the staff is heavily involved in the review and evaluation of regional plans in conjunction with preparation of the statewide Comprehensive Plan.

During 1971, the Council staff has emphasized the need for improved planning capability at both the state and regional levels. Efforts in the areas of planning, research, and development have been aimed toward programs producing short-term measurable results (such as control of specific major crimes), as well as long-term system improvements (such as establishment of regional criminal justice training centers). Additionally, the staff has sought a greater degree of coordination with other state and Federal agencies involved in criminal justice programs.

Staffing of technical assistance to local agencies and the support of task force functions has been increased due to the heavier emphasis on program monitoring of grant projects. Also, this year's increase in the number of regions, from 16 to 21, resulted in the need for more assistance to the regions in the areas of comprehensive planning and program development. Expansion of the budget review, monitoring, and audit functions reflects the acceleration of the Council's action program, and the need to maintain tight fiscal controls. Additional staffing has been required to handle the increased work load of the fiscal and accounting sections.

The staff effort is directed toward reduction of crime and improvement of the criminal justice system by bringing to fruition the regional plans encompassing local units of government and criminal justice groups throughout the state. The program is intended to implement criminal justice plans in an organized and coordinated fashion resulting in improved performance of the various disciplines of the criminal justice system. Additionally, the program contributes to improvement of the continuous planning cycle through the monitoring and evaluation of existing programs, thus providing the data on current performance needed to plan for future activities.

The Council staff, headed by the executive director, has three major operational divisions. They are the Planning Division, Program Services Division, and Administration and Finance Division. The executive office includes a director; a deputy director; assistant director for research, development, and evaluation; criminal justice system liaison unit; and a training officer. (See staff organization chart, page 11.)

Executive Director—The executive director, with the assistance of the deputy director, represents the Council in meetings with public agencies, local governing bodies, and various organizations concerned with the problems of crime and delinquency. He informs the Council and its staff of the need for modification of tasks or courses of action and, through his many public contacts, keeps abreast of public attitudes. The executive director, through the efforts of the division chiefs, coordinates activities of the staff to promote efficiency and maximum utilization of funds and manpower.

The executive director functions as the intermediary between the Council and the staff in development of policy. It is his responsibility to participate in and evaluate the desires and instructions of the Council and interpret them in the form of defined tasks to the staff. Additionally, he functions as liaison between the Council, the regions, all related Federal agencies, the state agencies, and criminal justice planning agencies from other states.

Deputy Director—The deputy director assists the executive director in formulating, implementing, and administering departmental policies and programs, and directs and coordinates the day-to-day activities of the Council staff. He represents the Council before various agencies and organizations. He directs special projects and studies and acts for the executive director in his absence.

The executive office includes the following sections:

Assistant Director, Research, Development, and Evaluation—The primary responsibilities of the assistant director are research, development, and evaluation. Further, he develops and recommends long-range plans and strategies for effective crime control in California. In particular, the objective is to identify and characterize the current status of crime and the administration of justice; impediments to improvement of that status; and to identify and recommend organizational, legal, and policy context from which long-range action plans can be launched.

Criminal Justice System Liaison Unit—This unit is responsible for designing, establishing, maintaining, and evaluating Council communications to and liaison with components of the criminal justice system and the environment in which that system operates. Major elements of the program include publications, state level liaison, mass communication, media liaison, internal affairs, and personal contacts.

Training Officer—A training officer has recently been appointed to identify the training needs of the Council apparatus at both the state and regional levels, and then to develop appropriate training programs to meet these needs. The programs will be geared toward providing needed technical and specialized training at all levels, and improving work performance generally.

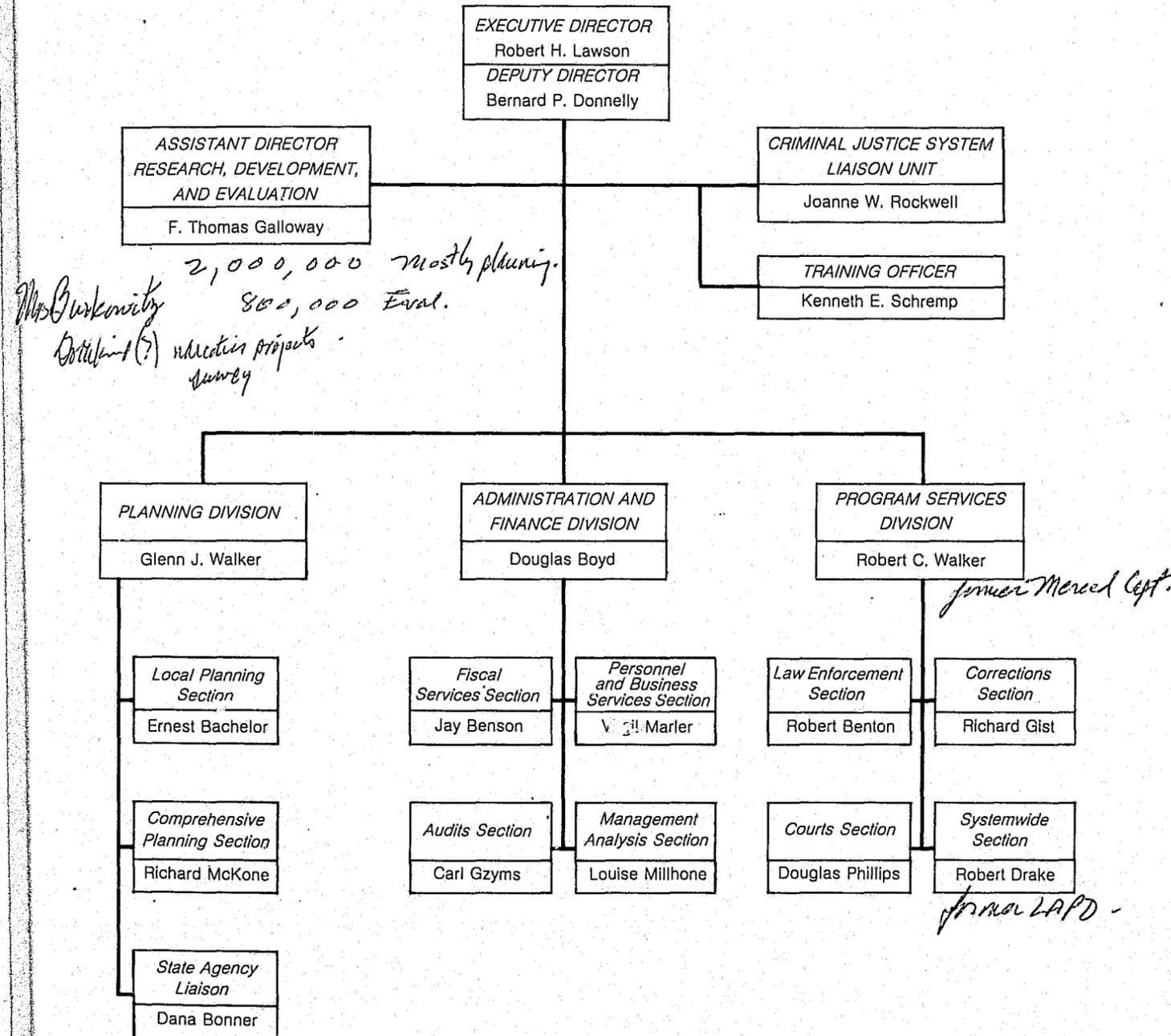
Other divisions of the Council staff are:

Program Services Division—This division is engaged in grant and project development, review, monitoring, and evaluation. It also provides staff support and guidance to the 10 statewide Council task forces in setting criminal justice program priorities and advises the executive director's office on the appropriateness of project funding.

Planning Division—The Planning Division develops comprehensive statewide plans and assists in the development of local plans for the administration of criminal justice. The division provides direction to criminal justice agencies throughout the state by developing planning criteria and coordinating Federal requirements with local needs.

Administration and Finance Division—This division monitors the expenditures of grant funds to ensure that monies are expended for approved purposes and to report to the Federal Government on such expenditures. In addition, the division reviews the fiscal aspects of grant applications submitted to the Council by other organizations. The division also is responsible for coordinating, developing, and evaluating the management analysis, fiscal, personnel, and business services for Council staff.

CALIFORNIA COUNCIL ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE Staff Organization





Chapter Three / **SELECTED 1971 PROJECTS**

Projects funded this year under the program of the California Council on Criminal Justice span the entire criminal justice system, including police, courts, and corrections. They reflect the needs of state and local government, large and small cities, rural and suburban areas. The regional configuration of the project summaries in Chapter IV of this volume reflects the stronger role which the Council has begun to delegate to regional planning boards in the analysis of their own problems and development of their own priorities. It is hoped by the Council that local jurisdictions increasingly will demonstrate their abilities to plan together for the prevention and control of crime, and for the overall improvement of the criminal justice system. This chapter highlights just a few of the many significant projects funded by the Council in 1971.

NARCOTIC AND DRUG ABUSE PROGRAM

One of the major concerns of the Council, and of the state's criminal justice system as a whole, is the problem of narcotics and dangerous drugs. Although there is no known method of determining the actual number of drug users, the California Bureau of Criminal Statistics predicts a trend toward use of hard narcotics by the present user population of marijuana and dangerous drugs over the next several years. President Nixon has warned the nation that significant numbers of veterans returning from Vietnam are addicted to heroin. Available data would indicate an influx of 7,500 veterans to California during 1971 and 1972 with habits costing approximately \$40 per day to support.

A project which is typical of the Council's efforts to combat drug abuse is located in the community of Venice in Los Angeles County. The area, which encompasses a broad range of ethnic groups and economic levels, has a high incidence of drug abuse, as does much of the surrounding area. Until quite recently, drug treatment or rehabilitation facilities have been severely lacking in the community. In May, 1971, the Council approved a \$393,979 grant for a project directed to this urban area problem. The project is a unique effort toward drug abuse treatment, research, and rehabilitation with participation and cooperation between a number of social agencies and citizens' groups operating in Venice and on the nearby campus of the University of California at Los Angeles. Representing UCLA are the Departments of Psychiatry and Urban Affairs and the Neuropsychiatric Institute of the State Department of Mental Hygiene.



California Atty. Gen. Evelle J. Younger (center), who is also Chairman of the CCCJ, visits Tuum Est Halfway House in the community of Venice. Greeting the General and Dr. J. Thomas Ungerleider (right) of UCLA, principal investigator of the UCLA/Venice project, is Jesse Pratt (left), House Director of Tuum Est.

The project, which is a community-based multi-modal attack on heroin addiction, includes a halfway house for therapeutic drug rehabilitation; a detoxification center; prevention-referral-counseling program featuring a community crisis pad and a street doctor; a methadone maintenance program; and a methadone halfway house.

CALIFORNIA CIVIL DISTURBANCE OPERATIONS SCHOOL

Since the 1965 Watts riots, the State of California has experienced an increasing incidence of violent civil disorders. There is, unfortunately, no indication that the numbers or intensity of these disturbances will diminish in the foreseeable future. These disorders take varying shapes and are constantly changing in motivation and form. Local resources are often overwhelmed. The complexities of dealing with violence demand knowledges and skills which are often not available locally.

There has been no school in California devoted to instruction and training in civil disturbances for law enforcement agencies or other officials responsible for crisis decisions. The course given by the U.S. Army at Ft. Gordon, Ga., has been found useful, but its limited

student capacity gave rise to consideration of a school located in California and tailored to specific needs of the state. As a result, the California Council on Criminal Justice provided funding of \$430,367 to help develop and implement the California Civil Disturbance Operations School, recently established and operated by the California Military Department with extensive participation and coordination with other agencies in California.

The school, located in San Luis Obispo, provides needed training for California law enforcement personnel, government officials, school administrators, fire services, public utilities, and the military. At completion of the three-year project, an estimated 3,400 participants will possess the knowledge to advise their respective agencies in planning and control techniques for civil disturbances and other special operations. In addition, they will be cognizant of the related roles, capabilities, and limitations of other agencies.

REGIONAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING CENTER

The regional criminal justice training center in Modesto, Calif., represents a unique approach to criminal justice training needs of California. The center opened in February, 1971, after the Council approved a \$235,675 first-year grant award to finance the initial phase of the program. It is temporarily housed in former facilities of the Modesto State Hospital, and is operated in conjunction with Modesto Junior College West. The multidisciplinary program is designed to serve police, court, and correctional personnel from an eight-county area.

California's central counties contain numerous small jurisdictions which have lacked centralized training facilities capable of handling the pre-service and in-service needs of criminal justice agencies. Establishment of the Modesto Center, the first of several regional training facilities proposed for California, was accomplished with the help of an advisory board representing criminal justice agencies throughout the counties of Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Tuolumne, Mariposa, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, and Merced. Previously, the area had no centralized system of criminal justice education and training. Four separate community colleges operated their own fragmented and overlapping training programs. A 1970 survey showed that less than half of the 937 police and sheriff's deputies serving in Merced, Stanislaus, San Joaquin, and Mariposa counties had taken college level courses, and only 18 held bachelor's degrees.

The regional training center is expected to improve the overall efficiency of criminal justice agencies by bringing personnel from throughout the system together in a spirit of mutual understanding and cooperation, and by providing a central repository for training and educational materials.

Graduation ceremonies were held Nov. 19, 1971, at the center for the first class of 29 police and sheriff department recruits, with each receiving 10 units of college credit. An enrollment of 60 is expected for the spring, 1972, class of the basic recruit school.

A drunk driving prosecution institute on March 31 was attended by 60 police, sheriff's deputies, and state highway patrol officers. A one-day training session was held on May 14 for 14 fish and game officers. A total of 43 law enforcement officers from the central counties area attended a Police Officers Standards and Training (P.O.S.T.) advanced officer course which was conducted in weekly sessions from March through May. A two-week P.O.S.T. middle management course was given during June for 17 police administrators from throughout the state.

In other activities, a two-day narcotics and drug abuse institute was held Aug. 12-13 for 96 law enforcement and correctional officers. A total of 23 enrolled for a similar four-day session held Oct. 26-29. A training institute took place Dec. 1-2 for 75 state parole agents. More than 65 law enforcement officers, correctional personnel, and lawyers have enrolled for a one-semester course in the Criminal Rehabilitative Process to be given in the spring of 1972. A course on the problem of child abuse and neglect, offered in cooperation with the Stanislaus County Welfare Department, will have an enrollment next spring of 34 law enforcement, correctional, and welfare personnel from five counties.

All college level courses at the center apply toward the degree of Associate in Arts in police science, correctional administration, conservation law enforcement, or criminology.

A unique feature of the curriculum is the "Outreach Program" which will provide training and education courses to criminal justice agencies in isolated communities. The Outreach Program will be operated from a mobile van equipped with audio-visual aids, a film library, and other training materials.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION CONTROL

In 1970, the City of San Jose and Santa Clara County were selected by LEAA's National Institute of Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice to become a joint "pilot project" to test and demonstrate new methods of reducing crime in the cities. The pilot program is concerned with systemwide improvements in criminal justice operations through identification of criminal justice problems and discovering, testing, evaluating, and disseminating solutions.

Complementing the national emphasis on the pilot program, the CCCJ is also investing money in this area which contains the fourth largest city in California. An

example of this is the Santa Clara County Criminal Justice Information Control (CJIC) project, which was funded by the Council in 1971 for the second year. First and second-year Federal funds for this project total in excess of \$693,000.

The intergovernmental, computer-based information system is being developed by and for all the criminal justice agencies within Santa Clara County. CJIC will be able to trace any subject through the entire criminal justice process. It will provide extensive information regarding prior criminal histories. It also will be building a data base to help participating public agencies improve and support their management processes, daily criminal justice operations, and comprehensive planning. As a prototypical system designed to be used by other large or medium-sized counties, CJIC is placing strong emphasis on interagency coordination and transferability. Finally, it is expected to be of substantial value in assessing the impact of the pilot project demonstration programs.

REGIONAL COORDINATED COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM

A pilot project to provide a municipal command and control system for public safety operations in the City of San Diego was awarded a \$971,820 grant by the Council on April 29, 1971. The project will provide a computerized system for the dispatching of police, fire, public works, and utility forces. The command and control system will reduce response time of law enforcement units, and provide for the rapid retrieval of crime data from comprehensive files.

The system will be implemented by the city over a three-year period at a cost of approximately \$5,000,000. Basic data processing equipment was obtained through a LEAA discretionary grant in the amount of \$150,000. The project will ultimately be integrated into a regional criminal justice system which will provide for coordinated records and communications for the county, cities, and agencies throughout the region.

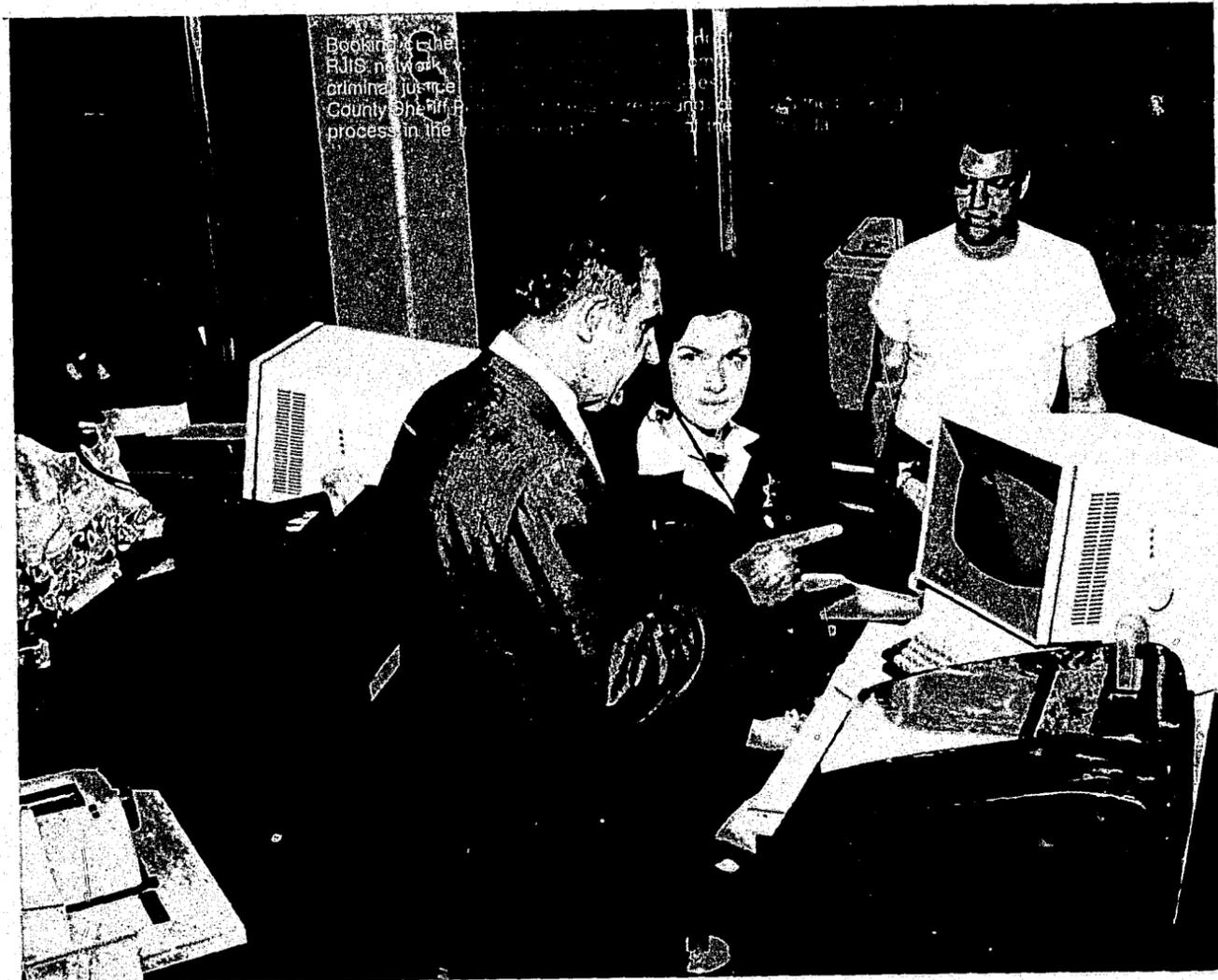
Key officials in the San Diego region meet in the San Diego Command and Control Center to discuss the extensive area to be affected by the proposed Coordinated Records and Communication System.



AUTOMATED INDEX

A massive \$1.2 million project in Los Angeles County consolidates the files of two of the largest law enforcement agencies in the nation and will permit other justice agencies to access the consolidated files. This project, known as the Automated Index, is an integral part of the Los Angeles Regional Justice Information System (RJIS), an earlier recipient of California's grant funds.

RJIS was conceived as a solution to problems confronting all justice agencies in Los Angeles County. This high capacity, flexible, and rapid computer-based information system serves the Los Angeles sheriff, police department, marshal, courts, county clerk, probation department, public defender, and the district attorney. It is believed that RJIS, by providing the right information at the right time, will greatly improve the administration of justice in Los Angeles County. An underlying theory is that by timely determination of the true dimension of a problem, action can be taken to prevent or reduce the adverse effect of a crime on society.



RJIS, which eventually will carry 40 percent of all criminal cases in California, will be coordinated with the state-level California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS) and California Criminal Justice Information System (CJIS).

CRIMINALISTICS LABORATORY SYSTEM

Criminalistics, a branch of science which provides laboratory services to law enforcement agencies, is considered by leading authorities to be inadequate throughout California, particularly in sparsely populated areas. Outlying jurisdictions whose criminal justice operations are spread over vast areas are not receiving the level of criminalistics services required for the successful detection and control of crime, and the prosecution of court cases. Criminalistics laboratories in major metropolitan departments lack sufficient scientific personnel to render requested service to non-urban areas.

The problem is magnified by the inaccessibility, to most areas of the state, of the criminalistics laboratory of the Department of Justice in Sacramento. The state criminalistics facility has had as many as 100 cases backlogged in recent months. This has resulted in delays in investigation, evidence processing, and court proceedings.

With the aid of a \$201,865 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971, the State Department of Justice is initiating a statewide system of criminalistics laboratories which eventually will consist of two core laboratories, eight regional laboratories, and a number of smaller satellite laboratories. Administrative control and training will be provided by a combination regional laboratory and administrative facility in Sacramento. Other regional laboratories will be located in Fresno, Redding, Riverside, Santa Barbara, Salinas, Santa Rosa, and Modesto. The core laboratories, with more complete facilities, are planned for the Los Angeles and San Francisco areas to handle complex cases which exceed the capabilities of the regional laboratories. The satellite laboratories will help alleviate the overall work load, mainly in the field of alcohol and drug analysis. The regional criminalistics laboratory system is expected to contribute greatly to the service needs of rural and suburban areas.

Under the first-year grant, the Department of Justice will establish a training program for criminalistics personnel while concurrently acquiring sites for initial regional laboratories in Fresno and Redding. The long-range costs of the statewide criminalistics laboratory system are estimated at \$5,225,000. At the outset, the Department of Justice will undertake a nationwide recruitment program for technical personnel. A portion of the existing laboratory in Sacramento will be converted into a criminalistics training facility. As technical personnel complete their training, some will help initiate training programs in the areas of the regional laboratories. In later phases of the program, training will be provided for local law enforcement agencies to improve methods for collection, preservation, and submission of evidence. Although the regional laboratory sites will be selected by the Department of Justice, the facilities will be constructed under the auspices of the counties in which they are located.

ALAMEDA COUNTY DETENTION IMPROVEMENTS

Upon threat of Federal closure of the Greystone maximum security jail at Santa Rita Rehabilitation Center, Alameda County began working with the California Council on Criminal Justice not only to improve its facilities but its detention program as well. A \$700,000 grant award for the project was approved by the Council on June 24, 1971.



Peeling paint on the sign at the Greystone maximum security prison at Santa Rita in Alameda County forewarns the visitor of conditions within.

Among the programs to be instituted will be a county-wide misdemeanor citation program to reduce the number of persons in detention who are awaiting trial. In addition, there will be a pretrial release program to be operated by the probation department.

The county also does not have sufficient sentencing alternatives for persons convicted of crimes. At the present time, judges in Alameda County must sentence such persons to straight detention, straight probation, or weekend sentence. A portion of the grant is being used to implement a work furlough program. Among services contemplated to be offered to participating inmates will be counseling, vocational assistance, and job retraining. The facility to be used in this program will be located in the center of the "blue collar" job market in the county.

INCREASED PAROLE EFFECTIVENESS PROJECT

The California Department of the Youth Authority deals with a youth population under 21 years of age. Over 68 percent of the nation's most serious crimes are committed by this age group. Youth Authority parolees, therefore, represent potentially the most serious risks among offenders in California communities.

Since 1965, Youth Authority commitments have been decreasing as California's probation subsidy program has enabled counties to select the less serious offenders and offer them community treatment as opposed to state care. The result is that wards committed to the Youth Authority increasingly are the more difficult cases, with extensive delinquent histories that involve more serious types of offenses prior to commitment.

This situation requires more of a parole agent's time for a smaller proportion of his caseload. The effect is a

substantially reduced level of protection to the public and of effective service to clients.

To alleviate these conditions by increasing the effectiveness of its services operation, the Youth Authority has been awarded grant funds through the California Council on Criminal Justice for a million-dollar project to reduce the number and severity of crimes committed by Youth Authority wards and to reduce parole returns sufficiently to enable the agency to close a minimum of 400 beds within two years. The program also promises to be financially self-sufficient within two years.

The Youth Authority's program of increased parole effectiveness provides enriched services to selected parolees. The decision-making processes regarding use of community alternatives for parolees is being systematically improved. Also, parole agents and supervisors are being trained to help in developing new community alternatives to institutionalization. Emphasis is being placed on the development of new procedures for counseling and case review by parole agents. The most effective programs for controlling and changing unacceptable behavior by wards are being evaluated and identified. This project also has an independent evaluation component.

INTEGRATED COURT INFORMATION SYSTEM DESIGN

In recent years an increasing number of California courts have begun utilizing electronic data processing equipment to perform selected court functions. A survey conducted in 1969 by the Administrative Office of the Courts disclosed that 48 of the state's 75 municipal courts and 19 of the 58 superior courts had one or more functions performed by electronic data processing equipment and that even more widespread usage was anticipated in future years. However, the number of court functions now automated represent a relatively small proportion of the potential electronic data processing applications.

To assist in the orderly development of automation in the courts, an integrated court information system is needed along with an assessment of current electronic data processing usages in the judicial process. To help find new methods for maximizing the use of electronic data processing in the courts, the California Council on Criminal Justice, on March 25, 1971, awarded a \$198,860 grant to the Judicial Council of California.

With the aid of consulting firms, the Judicial Council is preparing a set of comprehensive automation guidelines for California's municipal and superior courts. These will provide the bases for evaluating, selecting, designing, and implementing the processing procedures for the various courts. The long-range goal of the project is an Integrated Court Information System which will be adaptable to small, medium, or large courts.

Automated techniques are seen as a solution to the tremendous volume of routine cases confronting the courts. Data processing will help insure the full utilization of judicial and clerical manpower. Court functions which can be processed by automation relate to parking and traffic citations, Failure to Appear notices, minor misdemeanors, felony preliminaries, and jury selection. Other activities of the courts which lend themselves to automation are calendaring, receipt accounting, resource allocation, and statistical compilations.

PROJECT OZ

Growing community concern over the problem of children who became involved with the criminal justice system because, for one reason or another, they were beyond the control of their parents, led to the establishment of Project Oz in San Diego.

Oz, a short-term, 24-hour treatment center, supplies residential care, youth and parental counseling, and treatment to boys and girls in need of immediate placement because of "beyond control" or "runaway" behavior.



Project Oz Director Val Hoy (top left) discusses a new idea for the family counseling program with counselors Douglas Waite and Liz Goldsmith in the Oz recreation room.

Two homes are used by Oz, with referrals to the program from probation, youth service bureaus, school counselors, and self-referrals. The program, which recently received a \$112,830 grant from the Council, has already achieved a number of its objectives, including diversion of young people from entry into the juvenile justice system. Of the more than 40 Oz residents over the past year, none have since been arrested or returned by authorities to Juvenile Hall. Seventy-five percent of Oz residents have participated in ongoing counseling after leaving Oz. Of the 80 percent of the runaways involved with drugs, 25 percent stopped using drugs and another 50 percent significantly curtailed their use of drugs. Also, there have been favorable changes among Oz participants in family situations and school.

POLICE SERVICE MASTER PLAN

The Sacramento Police Department is being restructured with the aid of a \$1,327,000 grant award—one of the largest grants awarded by the Council.

The ultimate aim of the project is to upgrade the quality of police service throughout the state capital community through the establishment of a master plan. The police department's operations will benefit from new and more effective management techniques and personnel coordination. Also, the critical lack of floor space will be alleviated through the construction of new facilities and the renovation of existing structures. Major goals of the project are (1) stronger managerial control, (2) better channel of communications between administrators and other personnel, (3) improved utilization of resources, and (4) elimination of duplication of services. The department will be reorganized into four bureaus, each headed by deputy chiefs, including field operations, investigation, technical services, and administration.

Under the reorganization plan, a new juvenile control division, emphasizing counseling, will be initiated. Personnel of the division will receive special training in counseling and new data collection techniques. Efforts will be made to establish new relationships with the community. Investigation of juvenile-caused crimes will be handled by the detective division. This will eliminate instances where investigators in the juvenile division and the detective division find that they are both investigating the same crime.

A new narcotic drug abuse program will place increased emphasis on public information. The effort will be conducted as a joint venture with the Sacramento Sheriff's Office. Also, closer cooperation will be sought with the state and county narcotic enforcement agencies.

Restructuring of the police department provides for equipment to facilitate investigation, training, and information storage. Experts will be consulted to develop

new programs, strengthen old ones, and evaluate the entire operation. The overall project, designed to serve as a demonstration model, will be evaluated in terms of community response, and its effect on other criminal justice agencies. In keeping with the Council's continuing concern for maximizing the effects of its dollars, this project carries a component requiring an independent evaluation of its effectiveness and accomplishments.

NEIGHBORHOOD ALTERNATIVES PROGRAM

Awarded second-year funding of \$222,660 by the Council, the Neighborhood Alternatives Program has established community resource centers in three San Francisco areas to provide neighborhood alternatives to arrest, detention, and imprisonment of juveniles. It also has provided financial and other assistance to two existing centers in San Francisco. The five neighborhoods served by the program in its first year contained only 31 percent of the city's population; however, they provided 55 percent of local delinquency referrals to the probation department.

Each of the centers is utilizing paid and volunteer workers who have ethnic and cultural backgrounds appropriate to the neighborhoods to work with children in trouble. In each center, attorneys and neighborhood citizens provide legal services, group and individual counseling, supervision, recreation, training, and a wide variety of care, including foster homes and group homes.

The project is striving to reduce the rate and number of arrests, detentions, petitions filed on, and imprisonment of juveniles from the neighborhoods in which the three new centers are located. Another goal is to make it possible for the residents of the two Black neighborhoods to accept major responsibility for the control and care of their pre-delinquent, delinquent, and dependent young people by providing alternatives to the various processes of the criminal justice system.

Chapter Four / **PROJECTS AND PROGRESS SUMMARIES**

REGION A

Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Mendocino

Mendocino County (Calif. No. 0459)

A project with a mutual self-aftercare approach to treating former narcotic addicts is being financed with a \$38,363 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. Porcupine Family, Inc., comprised of ex-addicts from Mendocino State Hospital, sponsors the project which offers transitional type rehabilitation, education, and training for former addicts returning to society.

Lake County (Calif. No. 0509)

A project to train and equip reserve deputies of the Lake County Sheriff's Office is being assisted with a \$21,715 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The project provides the reserve organization with uniforms, equipment, training in firearm use, and other assistance.

Humboldt County (Calif. No. 0527)

An extensive review and analysis of the administration, operations, and services of the Humboldt County Sheriff's Department is being completed with the help of a \$6,702 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. Purpose of the project is to examine the role of the sheriff's department in relation to other functions of government.

City of Ukiah (Calif. No. 0537)

With the help of a \$2,556 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971, the Ukiah Police Department is eliminating a communications gap in its operations with the purchase of several five-watt, hand-talkie radios. The radios are being used during special community events such as auto races, parades, and fairs.

Humboldt County (Calif. No. 0700)

A community relations and crime prevention program is being established in the Humboldt County Sheriff's Office under a \$38,775 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The purpose is to improve communications, understanding, and teamwork between police and community.

County of Mendocino (Calif. No. 0833)

A deputy reserve force is being organized by the Mendocino County Sheriff's Department under a \$39,683 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Volunteers attend a basic law enforcement class

at Santa Rosa Junior College and receive in-service training with the department.

Lake County (Calif. No. 0834)

A Public Service Division is being established by the Lake County Sheriff's Department with the assistance of a \$68,442 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The new division, staffed by non-sworn personnel, handles routine chores to relieve regular deputies for more urgent crime-related duties.

City of Fort Bragg (Calif. No. 0835)

The Fort Bragg Jail is being renovated and remodeled with the help of an \$11,830 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project provides improved security, prisoner control, and separate detention facilities for women inmates and juveniles.

Del Norte County (Calif. No. 0874)

A community center for the rehabilitation of female juvenile offenders is being established by the Del Norte County Probation Department with the aid of a \$28,342 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The day-care treatment facility serves 15 girls, aged 12 to 18, who have been adjudicated either as 601's or 602's under the Welfare and Institutions Code.

REGION B

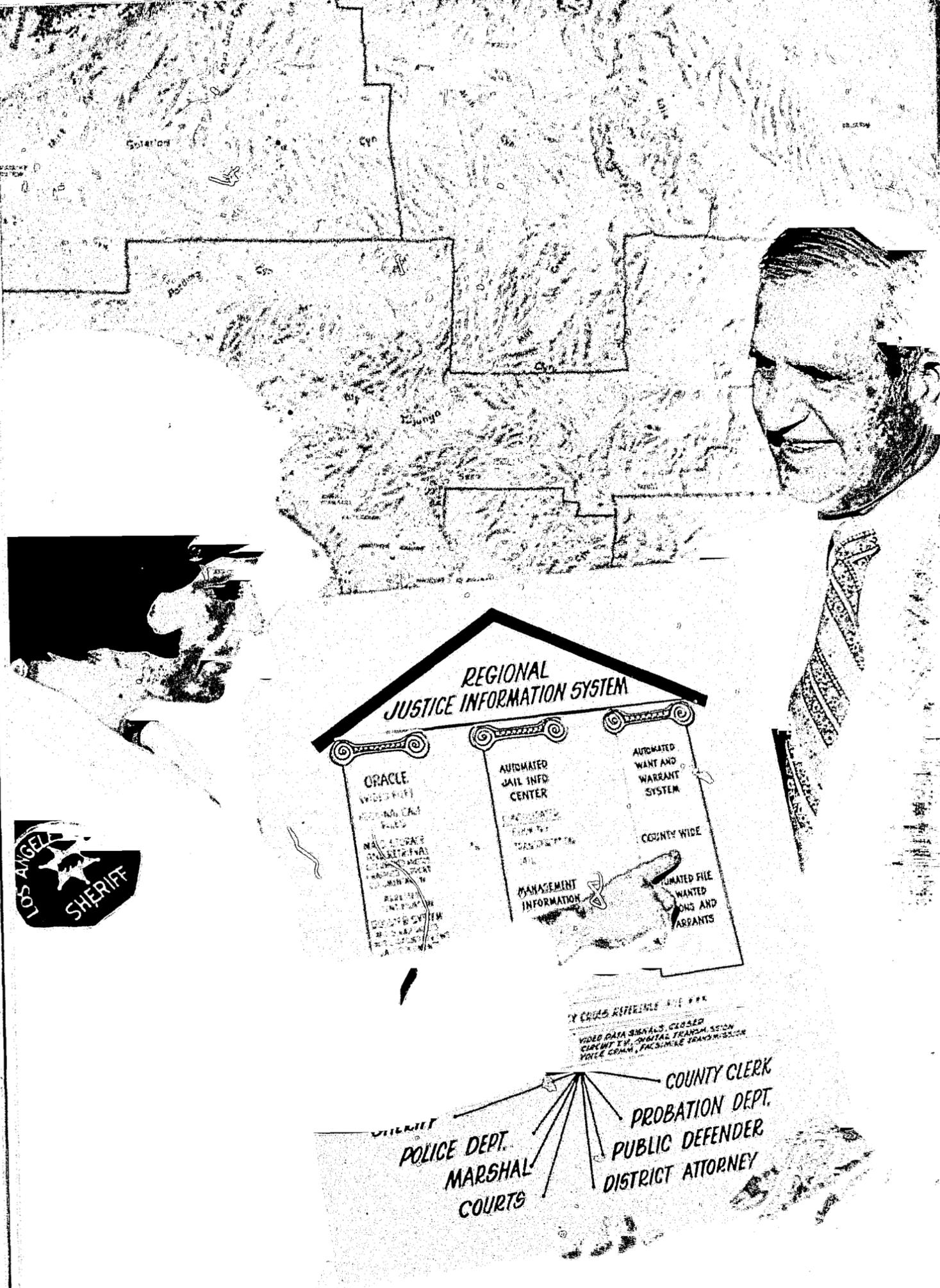
Lassen, Modoc, Shasta, Siskiyou, Tehama, Trinity

Shasta County (Calif. No. 0487)

A \$123,322 grant award to the Shasta County Sheriff's Office for a project known as STOP (Student Training and Orientation Program) was approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Seeking to develop a more positive attitude among youth toward law enforcement, STOP features a series of classroom presentations by specially-trained officers. The presentations have reached approximately 22,000 youngsters. Other project activities include a student cadet program and narcotic and drug abuse seminars.

Modoc County (Calif. No. 0542)

A \$2,000 grant award, approved by the Council on April 29, 1971, is helping finance construction of a visiting facility at the Modoc County Jail. The structure, also serving as an attorney-client conference room and as a holding cell for Modoc County Superior Court, is designed to allow inmates more frequent contact with their families.



Siskiyou County (Calif. No. 0550)

Purchase of video-tape equipment for an in-service training program of the Siskiyou County Sheriff's Office is being funded with a \$5,762 grant approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The training program is being made available to other law enforcement agencies within the county.

City of Yreka (Calif. No. 0658)

A pool of reserve law enforcement officers is being recruited and trained by the Yreka Police Department with the help of a \$12,341 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

REGION C**Butte, Colusa, Glenn, Plumas****Butte County** (Calif. No. 0306)

A recreational program sponsored by Butte County for youths 12 through 18 years of age received a second-year \$7,791 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Known as Paradise for Youths, the project assists youths who are on the verge of serious conflicts with school and the law by offering programs in crafts, table games, athletics, field trips, and job placement. Fund-raising projects have enabled 15 teenagers to finance a Disneyland trip. Over 40 youths have been placed in numerous yard jobs under the program.

Plumas County (Calif. No. 0506)

"Cops Care", a project of the Plumas County Sheriff's Office, received a \$2,715 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Under the plan, sheriff's deputies visit the county's seven elementary schools twice a year to promote better awareness of the role of law enforcement.

Butte County (Calif. No. 0513)

The Butte County District Attorney's Office was awarded a \$7,550 grant to establish a Regional Polygraph Center as a result of action by the Council on May 27, 1971. The centrally-located facility serves the entire Northern California area and enables investigators to exchange information and develop more effective use of the polygraph as an investigative tool.

Butte County (Calif. No. 0657)

Operation by the Butte County Health Department of the Butte County Drug Control Resource Center is being funded by a \$63,913 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. In-service training for school and law enforcement officials is provided under the program.

City of Oroville (Calif. No. 0682)

A community resource officer is being hired by the Oroville Police Department to assist with community and school relations under a \$13,609 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

Colusa County (Calif. No. 0850)

A countywide juvenile delinquency prevention program is being implemented with the help of a \$15,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project, sponsored by the Colusa County Delinquency Prevention Commission, is called the Plan Involved with Youth in Productive Interaction. Project activities include adult education seminars on drug abuse, alcoholism, and related contemporary youth problems; youth counseling; and a drug abuse treatment program.

REGION D**El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sierra, Sutter, Yolo, Yuba****Sutter County** (Calif. No. 0143)

Bi-County Awareness House, an anti-drug abuse project sponsored by Sutter County, has received a \$40,094 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Services of the project include individual and family counseling, speakers' bureau, and crisis phone. During the first year, 195 persons participated in the group sessions, while 63 received individual counseling. Fourteen speaking engagements were made during the same period.

City of Davis (Calif. No. 0158)

The "3 R's Project" (Regulation, Responsibility, and Rapport) of the Davis Police Department was approved for a \$30,984 second-year grant award by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The project, designed to encourage respect for law enforcement, has uniformed officers visiting schools and appearing before community groups to discuss all phases of crime prevention and law enforcement.

El Dorado County (Calif. No. 0208)

The El Dorado County Sheriff's Department training program is being improved with the purchase of a television recorder and monitoring equipment financed through a \$5,148 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The video equipment is also being used to aid department investigations through the filming of crime scenes and the recording of statements of witnesses and suspects.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0283)

A program of the Sacramento County Probation Department, to provide short-term family crisis therapy in the handling of juvenile cases, received a second-year

\$120,715 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The purpose of the project is to divert juvenile offenders from the court system. During the first six months of the project, 594 cases were handled. Detention in court processing was necessary in only three percent of the cases as opposed to 30.4 percent in the three months prior to the project period.

Yolo County (Calif. No. 0291)

A countywide drug abuse prevention and rehabilitation program of the Yolo County Mental Health Service received a second-year \$83,022 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The program includes family counseling and a drop-in center known as Diogenes House. During a six-month period of the project, 326 persons used its services, including 74 families and 78 youths.

Sutter County (Calif. No. 0321)

A Yuba-Sutter counties project for planned integration of delinquency prevention and control has received second-year funding of \$126,213 as a result of Council action on May 27, 1971. Goal of the project is to expand and strengthen delinquency prevention and control programs by developing a comprehensive plan to assure that all future delinquency prevention and control programs and facilities in the Yuba-Sutter counties communities will be mutually compatible. In a three-month period, over 900 young persons in the area were direct recipients of delinquency prevention services.

Yolo County (Calif. No. 0375)

Use of two Mexican-American probation aides to improve probation services for Mexican-American clients is continuing in Yolo County with the aid of a second-year grant award of \$18,066, approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Under the project, greater rapport has been achieved because of the common language and ethnic identity the aides provide. A total of 42 juveniles and 10 adult cases have been assigned to the probation aides since the project began.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0377)

A communitywide drug prevention program, sponsored by Sacramento County, received a \$192,617 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The project, known as The Aquarian Effort, includes a community education program and 24-hour crisis telephone service. With the hiring of seven Black counselors, the project has initiated a program to respond to the drug problem in the Black community.

During the first nine months of the project, the staff participated in a total of 1,158 speaking engagements with adult groups; 1,108 with youth groups. Total telephone calls including crisis line and counseling for the first nine months was 46,350. Over the same period,

901 persons utilized free medical services and 102 sought free legal advice.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0391)

Dismas Homes of California, a project offering lodging and subsistence in a family environment for parolees and persons on furlough from prison, has received a \$46,602 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Sponsored by the Sacramento County Board of Supervisors, the project facility houses up to 22 men at one time and up to 200 each year.

Yolo County (Calif. No. 0507)

A Yolo County group home for delinquent youths is being established with the assistance of a \$21,967 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Goal of the project is to resocialize selected delinquents and children in trouble.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0508)

Development of a planning and research bureau within the Sacramento County Sheriff's Office is being assisted with a \$76,108 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The bureau guides administrative decisions by utilizing organization management, automation, communications, systems analysis, and other techniques. It has completed 17 projects and is in the process of developing 16 others. Activities include preventive and rehabilitative programs, such as work furlough.

Yuba City (Calif. No. 0539)

Facilities and working conditions at the Yuba City Police Department are being improved with a \$16,677 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. The project is adding 1,018 sq. ft. of floor space to the department for a self-service crime laboratory, radio-communications vault, and central juvenile index.

South Lake Tahoe (Calif. No. 0564)

An organized crime Intelligence Unit is being established in the South Lake Tahoe Police Department to serve the Lake Tahoe Basin under a \$90,873 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The unit will assimilate, coordinate, and selectively distribute confidential information about members and associates of organized crime and related activities in the area. Such information is not usually obtainable through regular channels.

Yolo County (Calif. No. 0570)

A grant award of \$32,383 to expand the program of the Yolo County Youth Service Bureau was approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The bureau offers counseling, tutorial and vocational guidance, and other services for potentially delinquent youth who might otherwise become wards of the Juvenile Court.

Yolo County (Calif. No. 0572)

A joint methadone maintenance and research project of the Yolo County Mental Health Services and the University of California at Davis is being financed with a \$75,515 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The project includes an experimental detoxification program for treating newer addicts.

City of Sacramento (Calif. No. 0608)

The Sacramento Police Department is being restructured with the aid of a \$1,327,000 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The ultimate aim of the project is to upgrade the quality of police service throughout the state capital community. Details of this massive project are found in Chapter III.

City of Woodland (Calif. No. 0609)

The Woodland Police Department is improving its response time through a new command and control system being installed with the aid of an \$8,205 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The communications center includes television monitoring of prisoner intake and parking areas.

City of Sacramento (Calif. No. 0638)

A walk-in center sponsored by the City of Sacramento to provide 24-hour intensive crisis and treatment services to juveniles and their families received an \$89,151 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project uses early intervention, professional counselors, and treatment teams of para-professionals.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0643)

A countywide methadone maintenance program sponsored by Sacramento County is being expanded from 50 to 200 addicts with the help of a \$109,089 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The effects of methadone maintenance on automobile driving are being studied.

Placer County (Calif. No. 0797)

A tri-county drug abuse program is being implemented in Placer, Nevada, and El Dorado counties under a \$51,065 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project is analyzing community needs and resources and establishing procedures to help combat drug abuse.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0856)

A project dealing with the truant, runaway, or so-called "incorrigible" young offender is being conducted by the Sacramento County Probation Department with the aid of a \$52,187 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

The aim of the project is to determine whether intensive family crisis counseling at the point of probation intake can provide an effective alternative to juvenile court.

Sacramento County (Calif. No. 0861)

Establishment of an organized crime unit within the Sacramento County Sheriff's Department is being assisted with an \$82,548 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Purpose of the new unit is to collect and process tactical and strategic organized crime information, and distribute it to allied agencies.

Activities of the unit will be coordinated with criminal justice agencies throughout Sacramento, Sutter, Yuba, Sierra, Nevada, Placer, and El Dorado counties. Communications links will be maintained with the Department of Justice Organized Crime Unit, the Tahoe Central Sierra Intelligence Unit, and the Central Valley Intelligence Unit. Functions of the organized crime unit include field operations, analysis and evaluation of data, and the assignment of intelligence duties and related responsibilities to other operational units of the Sheriff's Department.

REGION E**Marin, Napa, Solano, Sonoma****Marin County** (Calif. No. 0096)

A police-community relations project, sponsored by the Marin County Board of Supervisors, was awarded a \$130,307 second-year grant by the Council on April 29, 1971. Project activities have included a youth relations training program which has been attended by some 95 police officers from 11 law enforcement agencies. Ten young men from eight different cities in the county have participated in the project's police cadet program, with five of them qualifying to be hired as regular officers. The project has also sponsored 35 public school seminars with a total of 2,800 youths participating.

Sonoma County (Calif. No. 0255)

A communitywide program of the Sonoma County Drug Abuse Advisory Council received a second-year \$83,470 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. During its first year, the project was responsible for seven rehabilitation programs, 166 group counseling sessions, and 114 speaking engagements. A total of 1,931 persons participated in individual counseling services. Over 20,000 pieces of literature were distributed, including eight brochures and a book.

Solano County (Calif. No. 0450)

The Solano County Public Defender has established a program of legal advice and assistance for prison inmates at three facilities with the aid of a \$25,246 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. In a three-month period, the California Medical Facility at Vacaville had 249 cases under the program, while the Solano County Jail at Fairfield and the Solano Branch County Jail at Vallejo had a combined total of 94 cases.

City of Santa Rosa (Calif. No. 0457)

A Community Relations Division has been established in the Santa Rosa Police Department with the assistance of a \$34,824 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. Goal of the division is twofold—to reduce the incidence of crimes against property and to reduce the involvement of young people in criminal activities.

City of Vallejo (Calif. No. 0649)

The Records and Communications Division of the Vallejo Police Department is being upgraded with the aid of a \$34,757 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project provides the department with computer time, a microfilm filing system, tape recorders, a key punch, and other equipment on a lease/purchase basis.

Sonoma County (Calif. No. 0655)

The Sonoma County Sheriff's Department emergency helicopter service, which has used a rented helicopter since 1965, was awarded a \$104,989 grant by the Council on May 27, 1971, to purchase a helicopter. Available to incorporated cities in the county and other county agencies, the helicopter service is being used for search and rescue, surveillance, pursuit, transportation of injured persons, and as an airborne command post during emergencies.

City of Vallejo (Calif. No. 0684)

Crisis intervention teams are being organized by the Vallejo Police Department and Solano County Mental Health Service under a \$56,000 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Non-police matters, such as family problems, are handled by a mental health specialist and a mental health associate, thus relieving patrolmen for crime-related activities.

City of Cloverdale (Calif. No. 0695)

A community relations officer is being employed by the City of Cloverdale under a \$20,300 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Citizens will be encouraged to participate in a police-community anti-crime program.

Solano County (Calif. No. 0701)

A countywide volunteer bureau is being established by the Solano County Juvenile Delinquency Prevention Commission under a \$15,325 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project, known as VOICE (Volunteers in Community Effort), utilizes a coordinator in recruiting and training volunteer workers for various agencies which lend themselves to helping youth.

Solano County (Calif. No. 0749)

The countywide program of the Solano County Drug Abuse Bureau is being aided by a \$120,360 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The bureau assists local law enforcement officers in the field of narcotics enforcement and provides training and information on the narcotics problem.

REGION F**San Francisco County****City and County of San Francisco** (Calif. No. 0079)

A San Francisco police information system, known as CABLE (Computer Assisted Bay Area Law Enforcement), was awarded a second-year \$225,217 grant approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. A portion of this project has also been aided with a LEAA discretionary grant. The system, linked to federal, state, and regional criminal justice networks, provides for more rapid response to inquiries from officers in the field. A final system performance specification and a three-year master development plan have been completed.

As the project progresses, there is continuing contact with other similar system projects, including those in Santa Clara County, St. Louis, Los Angeles, Phoenix, Dallas, Cincinnati, Kansas City, and Tulsa. Cincinnati's automated law enforcement system (Project CLEAR) has, for example, yielded valuable information applicable to San Francisco's CABLE project.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0292)

The San Francisco Police Department is conducting a Police-Youth Program with the help of an \$84,315 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The program utilizes 125 off-duty policemen with at least a year of service for counseling in community relations. Ninety elementary schools have been visited by the officers. The program also has a Youth Guidance Center operated by six workers.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0347)

A program of neighborhood alternatives to the arrest, detention, and imprisonment of juveniles has received second-year funding of \$222,660 as a result of Council action on May 27, 1971. Known as the Neighborhood Alternatives Program (NAP), the project of the Delinquency Prevention Commission of San Francisco offers employment counseling, care for dependent children,

foster home placements, individual and family counseling, and legal services. See Chapter III for more information.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0444)

A residential treatment program for drug users, known as Walden House, received a \$62,766 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. This San Francisco Health Department project provides residential care and rehabilitation for victims of drug abuse.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0586)

A demonstration project to reduce delay in the disposition of both criminal and civil cases in San Francisco Superior Court is being financed with a \$38,500 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Aim of the project is to determine more effective methods of calendar management and control.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0632)

The San Francisco Police Department's "Project Skywatch" has received a \$181,934 grant award to purchase two helicopters as a result of Council action on May 27, 1971. Comprehensive day and night flying schedules are being coordinated with police ground activities, while at the same time contributing to overall police patrol operations.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0696)

A Chinatown-North Beach Youth Services and Coordinating Center is being established by the San Francisco Juvenile Delinquency Prevention Commission with the aid of a \$125,267 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The program is designed to divert problem children and selected delinquent youths from the criminal justice system.

City and County of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0731)

Expansion of the ongoing San Francisco Own Recognition project, initiated two years ago by the San Francisco Institute for Criminal Justice, received Council approval on July 28, 1971, with the award of a \$159,684 grant. The program, originally funded by the Office of Economic Opportunity, makes it possible for the release of felons and misdemeanants in criminal cases prior to their trials. During the month of April, 1971, alone, a total of 211 felony defendants and 43 misdemeanants participated in the project.

REGION G

Contra Costa County

City of Walnut Creek (Calif. No. 0150)

A project to create a multi-local, multi-media information system to improve the recording, storage, and retrieval of information in police files and activity records is under way in Walnut Creek, Concord, Martinez, and Pleasant Hill. The project received a second-year grant award of \$111,990, approved by the Council on April 29, 1971.

The system is referred to as multi-local, rather than regional, to emphasize that the computer and video equipment operate for each department as if they were the personal property of that department. The equipment, costs, and records are shared by the cities, but the system appears to operate independently for each department.

Purpose of the system is to improve the performance of police response to service requests and to reduce operating costs among the cooperating agencies. By improving the availability of information, police personnel will have more data for quicker decision-making and more time to devote to field and investigative work with somewhat less time to be spent in paperwork.

City of Richmond (Calif. No. 0160)

A project known as New Police Career Lines to improve community relations in the City of Richmond received a \$79,677 second-year grant approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Under the project, 14 young men—mostly Blacks or other minority members—were hired and trained as Community Service Officers within the Richmond Police Department. Three of them have become sworn officers.

City of Antioch (Calif. No. 0217)

Second-year funding of \$87,993 for the City of Antioch's Project REACH to combat drug abuse was approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. REACH (Rehabilitation, Education, and Awareness for Community Humanitarianism) employs rehabilitated drug users from Napa State Hospital, who have helped develop an "Adopt a Cop" program, a high school youth council, workshops, and counseling services.

Contra Costa County (Calif. No. 0313)

A "Probation Intervention" project is being aided by a \$117,242 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Sponsored by the Contra Costa County Probation Department, the project endeavors to prevent delinquent behavior without resort to Juvenile Court proceedings or incarceration.

City of Pittsburg (Calif. No. 0410)

The United Pittsburg Drug Therapy Center, supported by the Pittsburg Police Department, received a second-year \$66,321 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. A total of 119 youths and 54 parents benefited from the center's 24-hour crisis intervention service during the initial nine-month operating period.

City of Pleasant Hill (Calif. No. 0493)

A multi-service Youth Services Bureau has been established in the City of Pleasant Hill under a \$54,856 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. The bureau is developing programs in cooperation with county agencies and schools for youngsters from kindergarten through junior college. An anti-drug abuse center, speakers' bureau, counseling, police-youth discussions, and school liaison programs are among services being offered. The bureau also acts as a referral agency to absorb the juvenile problems of the community and to direct young people away from the formal criminal justice system.

City of Brentwood (Calif. No. 0562)

The City of Brentwood in Contra Costa County was awarded a \$553 grant by the Council on May 27, 1971, to enable the city's police department to join the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS). The communications system provides a teletype network linking all state, county, and most city law enforcement agencies.

City of Pittsburg (Calif. No. 0568)

A community relations and training unit is being established within the Pittsburg Police Department with the aid of a \$45,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Staff of the new unit include six police cadets, six professional workers, and three juvenile officers.

Contra Costa County (Calif. No. 0580)

Contra Costa County's Drug Prevention and Treatment Program received a \$68,196 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project includes a methadone clinic for 100 heroin addicts.

City of Richmond (Calif. No. 0612)

A psychiatric aide specializing in community relations, personnel selection, and behavioral training has been employed by the Richmond Police Department with the assistance of a \$10,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The aide assists with an education program for teenaged parents, a Community Service Officers training program, and an agency referral service.

Contra Costa County (Calif. No. 0685)

A youth service program jointly sponsored by the Contra Costa County Probation Department and Richmond Model Cities received a \$99,955 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The project, offering intensive counseling and casework services, diverts approximately 900 to 1,200 youths annually from channeling through probation and the courts.

City of Concord (Calif. No. 0702)

A project to provide a drop-in center offering drug abuse prevention and rehabilitation programs is being aided with a \$67,915 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. The City of Concord is sponsoring the project.

Contra Costa County (Calif. No. 0780)

An in-depth study is being made of the Contra Costa County police services system with the aid of an \$81,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project, unique to California, represents the culmination of more than a year's effort to organize support from the county and 14 city governments to jointly sponsor a study to determine whether an improved level of service can be provided to the public through the consolidation or decentralization of police service functions.

Objectives of the study are (1) to improve management and organizational approaches, (2) to increase involvement of local communities in efforts to upgrade police services, (3) to find alternate methods of financing police services, and (4) to evaluate state and local legislation and policies relating to police services. A Police Study Steering Committee composed of city, county, and police officials has been organized to work with a team of consultants on the project.

REGION H

San Mateo County

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0248)

A crisis intervention service of the Community Youth Responsibility program of San Mateo County received a 10-month grant award of \$67,613 approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project utilizes volunteer community workers to help divert delinquent youths from juvenile court. Four of the 12 members of the program's board of directors are required to be under 20 years of age. Out of 37 cases handled at the end of the third quarter of this project, only two youths became involved in further delinquent acts.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0424)

A San Mateo County Sheriff's Office project to collect and analyze debris created by detonation of homemade bombs is being aided by a \$20,550 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. Finding new methods for the apprehension of persons who commit this type of crime is the aim of the project, which has an explosive expert as a consultant. A supplement to existing physical evidence manuals in the areas of bomb investigation and bomb debris recovery has already developed out of this project.

City of Daly City (Calif. No. 0488)

A police community relations program and speakers bureau are being sponsored by the Daly City Police Department under a \$25,802 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. Aim of the program is to overcome an increasing incidence of lawlessness and disrespect for law, especially among children.

City of San Bruno (Calif. No. 0514)

The San Bruno Police Department project employing six Community Service Officers is being aided with a \$24,226 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. The officers serve to broaden the police department's recruitment base and to relieve regular officers of routine duties.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0516)

A countywide Organized Crime Unit is being established by the San Mateo County Sheriff's Office under a \$265,034 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. Major task of the unit is to collect confidential information on organized crime which is not available through regular police channels. The information is analyzed, evaluated, and disseminated for use by law enforcement agencies in San Mateo County, other intelligence units in the San Francisco Bay area, state agencies, and the Federal Government. The project is designed to assist officers in the field in obtaining information on organized crime, and making maximum use of the information collected.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0560)

Activities of the Pacifica Youth Service Bureau, sponsored by the San Mateo County Delinquency Prevention Commission, are being continued with the help of a \$64,226 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. Purpose of the Bureau is to divert youths from the Juvenile Court system and to coordinate community resources to combat delinquency. Bureau services include crisis counseling intervention, delinquency prevention programs, tutoring, family education, and rap sessions.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0588)

San Mateo County received a \$1,024 grant award

approved by the Council on May 27, 1971, to help pay costs of sending selected sheriff's department personnel to a four-day Intelligence Officers Training Seminar in San Francisco.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0600)

The San Mateo County Probation Department has hired a full-time director of volunteers with the aid of a \$25,623 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The new director supervises recruitment, screening, and selection of volunteers. He is also expanding the county's court-work program in which juvenile wards are required to complete work assignments in charitable or public agencies as a condition of probation.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0692)

A training session on the technical aspects of analyzing bomb debris and bomb construction was scheduled by the San Mateo County Sheriff's Office with the help of a \$720 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971.

San Mateo County (Calif. No. 0734)

A community rehabilitation house to provide an alternative to jail for adult inmates is being operated by San Mateo County with the help of a \$112,445 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. When fully operational, the facility will serve approximately 80 offenders per year with an average stay of 90 days.

REGION I

Alameda County

City of Oakland (Calif. No. 0394)

A project to develop, implement, test, and evaluate a Semi-Automatic Car Locator System in the Oakland Police Department is being aided with a \$254,069 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The system utilizes digital communications to report geographic location, information, and status of police vehicles. The location information provided to the dispatcher enables him to assign cars with increased efficiency, thus reducing the response time of dispatched patrol units.

In addition, officers who are faced with the threat of personal injury from a hostile person or who are approaching a potentially dangerous situation, will receive faster assistance because the locations of available units are displayed through the system to the dispatcher.

The system is also geared to reduce radio channel congestion by digitizing status codes and vehicle license checks. Since the system records the type of call and length of time expended in providing police service,

an analysis of consumed time will also be measured from this project.

City of Hayward (Calif. No. 0439)

Record keeping and information retrieval at the Hayward Police Department is being improved by selectively automating information functions as the result of a \$47,000 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971.

City of Berkeley (Calif. No. 0492)

An 11-week Police-Teacher Summer Delinquency Control Program, sponsored by the Berkeley Police Department, was approved for an \$11,202 grant by the Council on April 29, 1971. Involving a new concept of summer counseling and neighborhood supervision of juveniles, the project employs six school teachers who assist the police department in the interviewing and processing of juveniles who are in custody.

Bay Area Urban League, Inc. (Calif. No. 0500)

A model community juvenile delinquency prevention and control project, prepared by the Bay Area Urban League, Inc., received approval by the Council on May 27, 1971, for a grant award of \$308,551. Ex-offenders will be used as counselors and streetworkers in the project. The community-based program will provide alternatives to institutionalization and programs for re-integrating offenders into society. This program has not yet been implemented due to lack of a local agency under which it may operate.

City of Fremont (Calif. No. 0504)

A project to test the effectiveness of investigative mapping techniques for small and medium size law enforcement agencies is being conducted by the Fremont Police Department. A \$107,179 grant award for the project was approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. The project entails development and evaluation of an investigative mapping technique adapted from the highly successful CPM/PERT (Critical Path Method/Program Evaluation and Review Technique) network display methodology employed in aerospace program management control. From the findings, a methodology handbook will be designed to maximize the utilization of investigative skills and resources.

Six law enforcement agencies are participating in the project which seeks to improve the investigative function for solving residential and nonresidential burglaries. Agencies in the project include the police departments of Fremont, Berkeley, Hayward, Union City, Newark, and the Alameda County Sheriff's Department.

Alameda County (Calif. No. 0525)

Community volunteers are being used in the supervision of misdemeanor probationers in Alameda County

with the help of a \$27,621 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Project goals are to achieve a one-to-one relationship between probationers and volunteers, to increase community involvement in the probation process, and to modify the behavior of probationers so that they will become law-abiding citizens.

City of Fremont (Calif. No. 0531)

A cost analysis and manpower utilization study is being conducted by the Fremont Police Department with the help of a \$109,854 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

Alameda County (Calif. No. 0574)

An experimental juvenile delinquency rehabilitation project is being sponsored by the Alameda County Probation Department with the aid of a \$35,641 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The project involves intensive casework with juveniles and their families.

City of Fremont (Calif. No. 0597)

A public education program pertaining to citizen involvement in preventing crime and anti-social behavior within the community is being sponsored by the Fremont Police Department with the aid of a \$52,759 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project's various education programs in business and home security methods, auto theft and protective procedures, traffic and bicycle safety, and narcotics aim at making the community realize that crime is a total community responsibility and not solely that of law enforcement.

City of Berkeley (Calif. No. 0690)

The Berkeley Recreation and Parks Department's "workrecreation" project to reduce youth vandalism and theft through coordinated youth employment at public recreational facilities has received a \$42,498 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. College and high school students are hired to serve with mobile "workrecreation" teams to assist in determining priorities and methods of maintaining recreational facilities as well as designing and coordinating programs for youth at the city's parks and school playgrounds.

City of Newark (Calif. No. 0713)

A team approach to crime prevention and law enforcement is being initiated by the Newark Police Department under a \$95,761 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The effort is known as Project STOP (Strategic, Tandem Offensive Program). The project involves a planning and research division which isolates problem areas and devises plans for their solution, while two team police units implement most of such plans. One of the police teams is concerned with prevention and enforcement, the other basically with pre-

vention in the juvenile crime involvement area. The project also offers educational and citizen involvement programs.

Alameda County (Calif. No. 0719)

Improvements in the detention program and facilities of Alameda County are being aided by a \$700,000 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The four-part improvement program includes: (1) a pre-trial release program; (2) a misdemeanor citation program; (3) establishment of a work furlough program in the metropolitan Oakland area; and (4) upgrading of the operations and physical plant at the Santa Rita County Jail. Details are found in Chapter III.

REGION J

Santa Clara County**Santa Clara County** (Calif. No. 0151)

Second-year funding of \$518,232 was approved by the Council on June 24, 1971, for development of an information system to improve daily criminal justice operations and planning in Santa Clara County. Under the project, an overall system structure has been established to provide information necessary to monitor and control progress of cases through the criminal justice process. More information can be found in Chapter III.

Santa Clara County (Calif. No. 0222)

An Alcoholic Information Center sponsored by the Santa Clara County Mental Health Association received a \$65,172 second-year grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. In its first year of operation, the center organized a 93-man volunteer force. Information programs were presented at 26 schools and service clubs. During a six-month period, 1,159 problem drinkers contacted the center which operates a 24-hour phone service for alcoholics and/or their families.

Santa Clara County (Calif. No. 0524)

A drug abuse coordination program for Santa Clara County is being established with a \$49,861 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. Approximately 95 public and private agencies with drug abuse programs are involved in the project.

Santa Clara County (Calif. No. 0563)

A juvenile probation day care program sponsored by Santa Clara County was awarded a \$165,453 grant approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The program, designed for two dozen boys and girls who are

probation wards, provides a full-time academic program, crisis intervention, family and group counseling, and individual casework.

Santa Clara County (Calif. No. 0611)

A \$108,531 grant award to continue the Santa Clara County Youth Service Bureau was approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The bureau offers referral services, counseling, and tutoring. In a three-month period, the bureau serviced 82 cases. Approximately 35 youths were referred to summer camp programs, while 50 others seeking summer jobs were referred to existing youth opportunity programs.

City of Morgan Hill (Calif. No. 0647)

Equipment linking the Morgan Hill Police Department with the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS) is being financed with the help of a \$553 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Although representing a small amount of money, this project is part of a Council-initiated program to enable 85 law enforcement agencies not on CLETS to join the network and thereby facilitate law enforcement communications.

Santa Clara County (Calif. No. 0667)

A demonstration study of the Santa Clara Adult Probation Department, to determine why the highest rate of recidivism occurs within the first few months after a parolee's release, is being supported by a \$12,919 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. A group of 33 inmates has been selected for the program, known as "Two-Track Demonstration and Training Project to Reduce Probation Recidivism".

City of Morgan Hill (Calif. No. 0669)

The Morgan Hill Community Youth program to divert young people prone to trouble and first offenders from the criminal justice system received a \$2,000 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project utilizes a youth panel to assist in counseling delinquents.

City of Sunnyvale (Calif. No. 0675)

A mobile community center is being operated by the Sunnyvale Department of Public Safety with the help of a \$64,397 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Information is being distributed throughout the community on drug abuse, burglary prevention, and other law enforcement topics.

REGION K

Mariposa, Merced, San Joaquin, Stanislaus**City of Tracy** (Calif. No. 0214)

The Rising Sun community-wide program to reduce narcotics, drug, and alcohol abuse in the City of Tracy is being aided with a \$60,981 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Earlier grants for the project were approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971, for \$3,000 and on July 28, 1971, for \$6,000. At the end of a nine-month period, 2,426 individuals had participated in the program. A total of 123 young people who admitted to drug use have regularly attended group or individual counseling sessions.

San Joaquin County (Calif. No. 0426)

An early intervention project in Stockton, Calif., was approved for a \$56,812 grant award by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project, sponsored by the Catholic Social Service, provides referral and follow-up intervention services to disturbed children to prevent their problems from worsening or leading to delinquency. Nine elementary schools have participated in this project.

San Joaquin County (Calif. No. 0451)

A project to computerize all necessary law enforcement information systems of the San Joaquin County Sheriff-Coroner's Office is being initiated with the aid of a \$140,700 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971.

Mariposa County (Calif. No. 0522)

High powered mobile and portable radio communication units are being provided to the Mariposa County Sheriff's Office through a \$26,874 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The new units will improve the department's capability for countywide law enforcement and coordination with other law enforcement agencies involved in mutual aid.

City of Lodi (Calif. No. 0545)

A planning and research unit is being developed by the Lodi Police Department with the assistance of a \$34,625 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

Merced County (Calif. No. 0549)

Development of a "legal advisor" program by the Merced County District Attorney is being assisted by an \$18,382 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The legal advisor will instruct county law enforcement personnel in current law, issue training bulletins, improve the personnel selection process, and be available for major crime scene investigations.

Merced County (Calif. No. 0575)

A year-round youth encampment program, which benefits approximately 600 disadvantaged boys annually in Merced County, is being assisted with a \$24,231 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. The project is sponsored by the San Joaquin Valley Youth Services, Inc. It provides an educational and recreational setting to stimulate and motivate interests of the boys, ranging in age from 14 through 17.

City of Modesto (Calif. No. 0656)

A non-profit community drug abuse center known as Headrest, Inc., is being developed by the City of Modesto with the support of a \$54,055 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The project provides anti-drug education, crisis intervention, and group counseling.

San Joaquin County (Calif. No. 0705)

A Day Care Treatment Center Program to rehabilitate and house juveniles who have become wards of the court is being organized by the San Joaquin County Probation Department under an \$83,848 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. The center provides wards with concentrated, short-term care in areas related specifically to individualized needs.

City of Modesto (Calif. No. 0789)

A neighborhood youth advisor program for the City of Modesto is being supported by a \$42,124 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Under the project, a police officer is assigned as a youth advisor on a full-time basis to one of the city's four junior high schools. Part of his duties are to provide information, to coordinate youth resources, and to counsel students who seek this help.

Stanislaus County (Calif. No. 0801)

A program to administer methadone to heroin addicts in Stanislaus County is being assisted with a \$113,600 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. Under the program, addicts are given daily doses of methadone to relieve their physical craving for heroin and to block the effects of their use of heroin. Psychiatric, vocational, and other supportive services are also offered.

City of Modesto (Calif. No. 0825)

A project to study and develop alternative methods for administering law enforcement in the metropolitan Modesto area is being conducted with the aid of a \$15,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Examples of the alternatives are a methadone maintenance program and a neighborhood youth advisor program. The area of study comprises both city and county jurisdictions, with a total population of approximately 110,000.

REGION L

Alpine, Amador, Calaveras, Tuolumne

Tuolumne County (Calif. No. 0188)

"In-Site House", a program to control drug abuse throughout Tuolumne County, received a second-year grant award of \$19,140, approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. Services of the project, which is sponsored by the Tuolumne County District Attorney, include an activity center, 24-hour crisis telephone, individual and group counseling, a speakers' bureau, and referral service.

REGION M

Monterey, San Benito, Santa Cruz

City of Seaside (Calif. No. 0393)

A project of the Young Adults for Action (YAFA) to serve work furlough participants and parolees has received a \$61,938 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project includes counseling, family assistance, education, employment, and lodging for persons on furlough and parolees in the tri-county area of Monterey, Santa Cruz, and San Benito. During a six-month period ending September, 1971, some 80 cases came to the attention of the YAFA.

San Benito County (Calif. No. 0433)

A project to complete construction of the San Benito Sheriff's Training Center and Pistol Range is being aided with a \$12,833 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971.

City of Seaside (Calif. No. 0443)

A community relations program of the Seaside Police Department is being supported with a \$30,101 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. Over 6,000 students and 200 teachers have participated in the project which provides law enforcement and citizenship instruction.

City of Seaside (Calif. No. 0486)

A juvenile delinquency reduction project of the Reality House, a halfway facility for delinquent girls in Seaside, Calif., received a \$44,100 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971.

City of Monterey (Calif. No. 0529)

In an effort to mobilize community resources to divert youths away from the criminal justice system, the City of

Monterey developed Project Aquarius which received a \$166,943 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971.

By the end of June, 1971, a total of 3,189 individuals had used the project's facilities. Services include crisis intervention, individual and group counseling, community education, and community field work. The project serves eight communities in the Monterey Peninsula area.

City of Salinas (Calif. No. 0610)

A drug abuse reduction effort of the Sunrise House of Salinas received a \$30,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The facility operates a 24-hour drop-in counseling service and telephone crisis lines. Between 20 and 30 drug abuse programs are presented by Sunrise House each month throughout the Salinas area.

Monterey County (Calif. No. 0683)

A project to study and develop a plan to reduce school failures among juveniles is being aided by a \$4,762 grant awarded to the Monterey County Probation Department by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971.

Monterey County (Calif. No. 0694)

A countywide coordinated communications system is being established by Monterey County with the help of a \$70,311 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project provides the county with a rapid and efficient emergency communications system involving all public safety agencies, and will include the 911 telephone system.

Santa Cruz County (Calif. No. 0854)

Do It Now Foundation of Santa Cruz County is providing anti-drug abuse services with the aid of a \$91,563 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project offers drug prevention education and training, in/out-patient treatment, and counseling.

REGION N

Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Tulare

City of Tulare (Calif. No. 0058)

The City of Tulare's School Resource Program received a second-year grant award of \$21,900 approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. A full-time policeman has been assigned as a "resource officer" at each of Tulare's two junior high schools. In addition to handling all police and juvenile matters at the campuses, the officers help promote a better understanding of law en-

forcement among students, parents, and school personnel. Selected for their effectiveness in working with youth, the resource officers present special programs at the two schools and before neighborhood groups on bicycle safety and crime-related topics. They also assist school counselors and guidance personnel wherever possible.

Tulare County (Calif. No. 0257)

A project designed to coordinate existing community volunteer programs and services for juvenile and adult offenders is being continued by the Tulare County Probation Department with the support of a \$15,516 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project has attracted some 94 volunteers to operate various services offered at the county's Correctional Center, Juvenile Hall, and Boys Camp.

Fresno County (Calif. No. 0281)

A program of the Big Brothers of Fresno to divert youths from juvenile court has received second-year funding of \$47,100, approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The caseload has been increased from 100 to 200 boys with the use of volunteer counselors.

Fresno County (Calif. No. 0342)

The Weldon House, a residential and nonresidential treatment facility for youthful drug abusers in Fresno County, is being aided with a \$34,815 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. At the end of May, 1971, there were 27 residents at the house. The project provides tutoring at the high school level.

City of Fresno (Calif. No. 0437)

The City of Fresno is equipping its police vehicles with radio voice scramblers with the aid of a \$16,788 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The scramblers render radio broadcasts completely unintelligible to eavesdroppers while providing a strong clear audio transmission via the scrambler-equipped units. The project provides for installation of radio scramblers in 73 police vehicles.

City of Fresno (Calif. No. 0438)

College students from the Fresno Model City neighborhood are benefiting from a Law Enforcement Training Project being aided with a \$58,409 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. Purpose of the project is to bridge the gap between minority groups and law enforcement agencies and to provide a potential source of recruitment of criminal justice personnel. Under the project, 30 student trainees work with local criminal justice agencies for 15 hours per week at a wage of \$4.00 per hour.

Fresno County (Calif. No. 0458)

Data on organized crime activities are being gathered by the Fresno County Sheriff's Office with the help of a \$61,432 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The project, which is the first locally-funded organized crime program in California, is known as the Fresno County Coordinating Intelligence Unit. It is providing strategic information needed to combat organized crime in Fresno, Madera, Merced, and Kings counties. It enjoys the cooperation of law enforcement and district attorneys' offices throughout the multi-county area.

Kern County (Calif. No. 0536)

A helicopter patrol to increase the effectiveness of law enforcement agencies in Kern County is being aided by a \$98,286 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Operating as a selective enforcement unit of the Kern County Sheriff's Department, the helicopter patrol is known as Project CO-OP (Crime-Oriented Optimum Patrol).

City of Coalinga (Calif. No. 0590)

A police science program of the Westhill Junior College District is being expanded to meet the needs of students in the west portion of the San Joaquin Valley with the help of a \$12,598 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. A full-time police science coordinator was added to the program.

City of Visalia (Calif. No. 0627)

A youth relations program is being instituted at the junior high school level by the Visalia Police Department with the help of a \$30,427 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Two full-time resource officers are assigned to the schools. Activities include student counseling and classroom presentations relating to law enforcement.

Tulare County (Calif. No. 0661)

A countywide organized crime prevention program of the Tulare County Sheriff's Office received a \$26,619 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The newly-established Organized Crime Unit will collect and disseminate confidential information on organized crime in cooperation with law enforcement agencies throughout the area.

Tulare County (Calif. No. 0662)

Establishment of "value clarification" in a drug abuse control project in Kings and Tulare counties is being made with the aid of a \$51,461 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. The project focuses on whether the life values of individual students in the fifth through 10th grades affect the incidence of drug abuse and related crimes.

Kings County (Calif. No. 0670)

The Kings outreach group facility for care and treatment of delinquent youths in the Kings County area received a \$62,364 grant award approved by the Council on September 29, 1971. The project houses up to 18 boys and girls who are charged under Sections 601 or 602 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

Fresno County (Calif. No. 0730)

A Student Optimum Success (SOS) project to provide help to delinquent dropouts in the Fresno County area was awarded a \$134,836 grant approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Basic goal of the project is to provide individualized help to students consistent with their learning abilities and efforts.

City of Mendota (Calif. No. 0792)

A police cadet program for 25 youths from all segments of the community is being developed by the Mendota Police Department with the support of a \$3,242 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Youths between the ages of 13 and 21 are being recruited and given the opportunity to participate in the operations of a law enforcement agency.

City of Tulare (Calif. No. 0798)

Operation Helping Hand, an anti-drug abuse program of education, prevention, and treatment, is being conducted in the City of Tulare with the support of a \$17,507 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

City of Hanford (Calif. No. 0822)

An operational and space utilization study for the Hanford Police Department is being aided with a \$3,750 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Current and projected needs, with emphasis on operational and facility requirements, are being analyzed.

Kern County (Calif. No. 0823)

A correctional volunteers program is being established by the Kern County Probation Department with the aid of a \$31,209 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project places volunteers with first-time offenders in an effort to prevent further delinquent behavior and to ease the high caseload and inadequate supervision of such offenders. A correctional volunteer coordinator was hired to recruit, screen, train, and place volunteers.

City of Madera (Calif. No. 0824)

A project to purchase equipment and sufficient film to reduce all of Madera's Police Department records to microfilm is being aided with an \$8,610 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

City of Fresno (Calif. No. 0827)

The Fresno Police Department is supplying personal, portable two-way radios for its patrol officers with the assistance of a \$71,925 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The personal radio communications system enables each officer to carry his radio with him wherever he is required to go on call, thus giving him instant contact with police headquarters or other units.

Tulare County (Calif. No. 0828)

An alcoholic detoxification and rehabilitation program is being established by Tulare County with the aid of a \$45,800 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project provides a residence for 30 alcoholics in central Visalia.

Kings County (Calif. No. 0830)

An effort to provide services to adult and juvenile offenders through the use of volunteers is being made by the Kings County Probation Department with the assistance of an \$11,849 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. A volunteer coordinator is provided.

City of Visalia (Calif. No. 0840)

A project to modernize its record system by using microfilm is being implemented by the Visalia Police Department with the aid of a \$5,328 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. By microfilming all records, the department will conserve needed floor space and be able to rapidly assemble criminal records and information.

Kern County (Calif. No. 0843)

A \$6,060 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971, is being used to help send a helicopter project director to the Public Safety Aviation Institute at Huntsville, Ala. The Institute offers a six-week course which qualifies the student as a helicopter pilot. Instruction is also given in the planning, directing, and utilizing of a helicopter patrol.

City of California City (Calif. No. 0855)

An electronic police report writing system is being provided to officers of the California City Police Department with the aid of a \$2,596 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Establishment of such a system decreases the amount of time spent in police report writing and allows more time for regular duties in the field.

City of Lindsay (Calif. No. 0871)

The Lindsay Police Department is equipping its patrol officers with portable handy-talkie radios with the assistance of a \$3,628 grant award approved by the Council

on Nov. 23, 1971. The radios give officers instant contact with police headquarters and other units.

REGION O**Inyo, Mono****Inyo County** (Calif. No. 0553)

Organization of a roving narcotics squad in the Inyo County Sheriff's Office is being supported with a \$19,485 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Major aim of the project is to decrease the flow and sale of narcotics and dangerous drugs in Inyo and adjacent counties. Inyo County, through which Interstate Highway 395 traverses, is believed to be a major route for narcotics entering the United States from Mexico.

Mono County (Calif. No. 0634)

A television training program is being initiated by the Mono County District Attorney for criminal justice personnel throughout Mono County under a \$7,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project is linked to the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Television Education and Training Program.

Mono County (Calif. No. 0693)

Summer employment and counseling is being provided to 15 male probationers, 16 to 18 years of age, under an \$8,521 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Mono County Probation Department receives the cooperation of the U.S. Forest Service in operating the program known as the East Sierra Summer Delinquency Control project. Activities include on-the-job training in forestry skills.

REGION P**San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara****San Luis Obispo County** (Calif. No. 0403)

The Atascadero Unified School District Drug Abuse program received second-year funding of \$14,939 approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project includes curriculum development, in-service training for teachers, and rap sessions for youths. During the project's first year, 2,997 persons used its drop-in center. Included were 532 drug cases, 49 probation cases, 34 pregnancy cases, and 24 venereal disease cases.

City of Santa Barbara (Calif. No. 0404)

A planning and research bureau is being continued by the Santa Barbara Police Department with the support of an \$18,141 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project provides

a professional planner to direct efforts in task accomplishment and in researching and analyzing most effective operating techniques and procedures.

City of Santa Barbara (Calif. No. 0409)

A feasibility study and design of a police information system for the City of Santa Barbara is being assisted by a \$41,600 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The proposed Command and Communications Module is an integral part of a master plan to improve the effectiveness of countywide law enforcement.

Santa Barbara County (Calif. No. 0412)

In 1969 and 1970, a series of civil disorders occurred in the Santa Barbara community of Isla Vista, where the majority of the residents are students at the University of California at Santa Barbara. Rioting resulted in injuries to 120 police officers, and more than \$500,000 in damages to private property, including the burning of the Isla Vista Branch of the Bank of America.

In response to the Isla Vista situation, and in an effort to seek methods for preventing similar occurrences, the Santa Barbara Sheriff's Department initiated the Isla Vista Foot Patrol, a riots and disorder prevention unit. The program is being aided by a \$55,190 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Eight Community Service Officers from the University of California at Santa Barbara campus are being added to the patrol, which also has six sheriff's deputies and six university patrolmen.

The foot patrol attempts to gain a better insight into the community, quell minor incidents of violence, and combat rumors and misinformation before they reach a dangerous level. In addition to operating in the business district of Isla Vista, the foot patrol is expanding its services to include residential areas.

City of Lompoc (Calif. No. 0483)

The Lompoc Police Department is conducting a Youth Services Program with the aid of an \$18,407 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. Aim of the program is to eliminate student misunderstandings concerning law enforcement by providing them with a first-hand look at the operation of the police department. The project has developed three visual aid programs directed at first through third grade levels. A law enforcement Explorer Post has been organized.

Santa Barbara County (Calif. No. 0583)

A full-time volunteer coordinator is being hired by the Santa Barbara County Probation Department with the help of a \$14,507 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The coordinator has responsibility for recruiting, training, and supervising volunteers to assist with juvenile and adult probation activities.

San Luis Obispo County (Calif. No. 0616)

The drug abuse and rehabilitation program of the Lucia Mar Unified School District received a \$27,478 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Prevention programs are provided from kindergarten through high school.

Santa Barbara County (Calif. No. 0674)

A countywide comprehensive drug and alcohol prevention and treatment program of the Santa Barbara County Mental Health Services received a \$50,000 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The program includes a methadone clinic for 200 heroin addicts.

Santa Barbara County (Calif. No. 0744)

Centralized and modern management procedures for the administration of all non-judicial functions of the Santa Barbara Superior Courts are being initiated with the aid of a \$23,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project includes hiring of a court administrator.

San Luis Obispo County (Calif. No. 0753)

A full-time police legal advisor is being hired by San Luis Obispo County with the aid of a \$15,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Ranked as a Deputy District Attorney II, the advisor acts as an attorney for police officers.

City of Arroyo Grande (Calif. No. 0757)

A study to identify opportunities for improving the effectiveness and efficiency of police services in a five-city area is being conducted by the City of Arroyo Grande with the help of a \$21,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The communities of Arroyo Grande, Pismo Beach, Grover City, Shell Beach, and Oceano as well as unincorporated areas in the southern portion of San Luis Obispo County are included in the study.

City of Lompoc (Calif. No. 0773)

Two drop-in centers to help augment the City of Lompoc's drug abuse program are being financed under an \$18,997 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project coordinates efforts of the Lompoc Hotline, the Dawn Kick Clinic, the Drug Seminar Series, and the Parent Drug Information Series.

City of Santa Barbara (Calif. No. 0778)

An initial study and planning phase for the development of a video tape training program by the Santa Barbara Police Department is being aided by a \$10,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project serves the counties of Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo.

San Luis Obispo County (Calif. No. 0794)

A regional law enforcement telecommunications study is being conducted by San Luis Obispo County with the help of a \$22,500 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Aim of the project is to assist 13 law enforcement agencies within the region to develop a model communications system.

REGION Q**Ventura County****Ventura County** (Calif. No. 0075)

A comprehensive program of law enforcement education in the Ventura County school system is being continued with a second-year \$75,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project features classroom visits by law enforcement officers. Some 14,000 students each received five hours of instruction on law enforcement during the first year of the program.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0097)

Second-year funding of \$145,393 for a multi-agency tactical narcotics squad in Ventura County was approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. Each of six municipalities in the county sends a representative of its police department to serve with the tactical narcotics squad, and the Ventura County Sheriff assigns at least one man on a full-time basis to the unit. During its first nine months of operation, the narcotics squad seized narcotics and dangerous drugs with a "street value" of more than \$806,500. During the same period, the seven-man unit made 333 arrests of narcotics suspects.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0397)

Preliminary planning for construction of a model Criminal Justice Center for Ventura County is being supported with an \$84,280 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The county is seeking the maximum amount of pre-planning in the design of the project which ultimately will result in an expenditure of \$20 million for the center.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0464)

Under a \$1,990 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971, the Ventura County Sheriff's Office is sending selected personnel each semester to the University of Southern California for an eight-day intensive training course in correctional programming and administration.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0482)

A drug abuse prevention project involving four Ventura County communities is being sponsored by the county's Council on Drug Abuse with the help of a \$55,

170 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Utilizing counseling and educational and community organization approaches, the project is being operated in Simi Valley, Moorpark, Newbury Park, and Thousand Oaks.

City of Santa Paula (Calif. No. 0548)

A family-style group home for delinquent and delinquency-prone youths received a \$34,512 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project, sponsored by Welcome Home of Santa Paula, Inc., accommodates eight boys, 10 to 16 years of age, who are involved in guided group interaction and individual counseling with the cooperation of parents and schools.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0587)

An analysis of the resources allocated to Ventura County's laboratory project for improving the criminal justice system is being aided by a \$37,800 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0650)

The Ventura County Sheriff's Department has initiated a helicopter patrol with the help of a \$96,766 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The patrol helps to reduce major crimes and shorten the department's response time to search and rescue operations and law enforcement situations.

Ventura County (Calif. No. 0821)

The Ojai Youth Project is being developed by Ventura County to divert youths from the criminal justice system by increasing the capacity of the community to absorb and cope with juvenile offenders. The project is being supported with a \$47,040 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

REGION R**Los Angeles County****City of Los Angeles** (Calif. No. 0003)

The Los Angeles Police Department is developing a computerized system for the correlation and retrieval of tactical information with support from a \$633,698 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The system, known as Pattern Recognition and Information Correlation (PATRIC), assists in crime investigation, patrol deployment, crime prevention, recovery of stolen property, managerial decision-making, and other departmental functions.

Data drawn from police reports are stored for rapid retrieval, and are automatically correlated with new information. The project will provide timely data process-

ing, on-line access to crime and related information, automatic correlation of crime reports, support for deployment of police patrols, and reports for use in management and personnel training.

The project is an outgrowth of a three-year systems analysis and design study for automated information processing which was completed in December, 1965. Initial developmental activities were supported by a discretionary grant from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration in 1967. At that time, it was determined that the implementation effort should be re-directed to a modular development approach. During 1968 and 1969 some of the design concepts were tested with selected data from the LAPD crime files which led to recommendations for the further design and development of the system.

City of Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0024)

The Los Angeles Police Department is expanding its Automated Field Interview System to include pedestrian information with the help of a \$74,085 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The initial system research and analysis phase of this project is completed. The pedestrian field interview cards have been included in the existing system which interfaces with the Pattern Recognition and Information Correlation System (PATRIC).

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0031)

A six-month study and survey of the Los Angeles Mutual Aid, Region I, to determine the availability of riot control equipment, is being supported by a \$45,000 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971.

City of Compton (Calif. No. 0067)

A special services center, sponsored by the Compton Police Department, to create a referral service to ensure that citizens in need of governmental assistance are directed to appropriate agencies in the City of Compton, received a third-year \$179,649 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. New types of services to the public are being developed, including police officer counselors.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0068)

Development of the Los Angeles Regional Justice Information System (RJIS) is continuing with the second-year support of a \$1,641,427 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. A general description of RJIS is found in Chapter III.

During the first year of this project, justice agencies in Los Angeles County have been addressing the problems internal and external to the criminal justice system. They have designed a comprehensive person and case-following system that facilitates improvement, substantiates legislative recommendations, builds a basis

for research, and accommodates the inevitable changes in the law and organizational modification. Major aim of the project is to perform a systems analysis and develop an implementation plan for the application of computer technology to the criminal justice system in the county.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0090)

The Manhattan Project in Los Angeles, which consists of four residential facilities for rehabilitating young drug abusers, received a second-year \$19,752 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. Over 3,000 requests have been received for placement in the project. The four facilities have a total bed capacity of 57. Resident and non-resident members of the facilities have participated in approximately 125 speaking engagements, workshops, and consultations in various cities.

City of Glendora (Calif. No. 0113)

A Glendora Police Department project of crime prevention through community involvement received a third-year \$40,904 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Expanded programs including counseling services for juvenile offenders, business protection, check protection, residential burglary prevention, traffic and bicycle safety, and a speakers' bureau have been developed in the project. Over 600 young people have received counseling services. The project sponsors an Explorer Scout Post in which approximately 50 boys and girls between the ages of 14 and 19 have attended a police academy and performed over 7,000 hours of community service. An auto theft pamphlet has also been designed.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0124)

An experimental effort by the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department to reduce the number of "revolving door" misdemeanor offenders is benefiting from a \$45,735 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The project is developing methods for classifying misdemeanor prisoners to provide the most effective means of rehabilitation and to increase the usefulness of community resources and facilities in the treatment process.

City of Monrovia (Calif. No. 0185)

Monrovia's Reach Out Program of narcotic and drug prevention counseling received a second-year \$53,227 grant approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project includes a drop-in center, crisis intervention, and a 24-hour telephone "hotline". Individual, group, and family counseling sessions were provided to 410 persons during the year ending June 30, 1971.

City of Long Beach (Calif. No. 0201)

A learning center for teenagers suspended from school for narcotic arrest or conviction is being sponsored by the Long Beach Police Department with the aid of a second-year \$28,394 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. Under the program, teenagers continue their studies while receiving narcotics counseling.

During the first year of the program, 77 of 102 enrollees returned to public school. A total of 160 youngsters have been served by the program. The center offers a wide range of 18 courses to restore high school credit lost during suspension.

City of Compton (Calif. No. 0205)

An apprentice police project to improve police services and to provide a reservoir of trained manpower for police recruitment in the City of Compton is being aided with a \$100,770 second-year grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. The Compton Police Department has recruited 25 youths 17 to 21 years of age to serve as uniformed Community Service Officers. The youths attend high school or college at least 12 hours per week while working part-time with the department.

The Community Service Officers carry no weapons, but perform non-hazardous duties with the department's field services and administrative division. Their on-the-job training includes observing and reporting obscured signs and signals, assisting juvenile officers, neighborhood patrol, and assisting field officers with public, home, or occupational accidents.

City of Hawthorne (Calif. No. 0207)

A narcotics education resource center serving the Hawthorne High School District received a \$50,967 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project includes classroom instruction on drug abuse and expansion of in-service training for school personnel. Over 7,000 youths have been contacted through the center's speaking engagements, counseling, and various other services.

City of Inglewood (Calif. No. 0226)

The Inglewood Police Department will continue its Police Service Officer Program to train young men in law enforcement under an \$80,341 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. The program is one of the first of its kind funded by the Council. The trainees, 32 to date, working within schools and surrounding areas, have helped to avert disturbances at several schools through personal contacts. They have also been able to dispel rumors causing neighborhood tensions. The trainees handle abandoned vehicles reports, vacation house checks, and other routine tasks to relieve regular officers for more urgent duties.

City of La Mirada (Calif. No. 0238)

The Norwalk-La Mirada Unified School District's program to involve students in drug abuse control received a second-year \$35,458 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Under the program, student speakers on drug abuse have visited 15 schools, and a drug brochure was prepared by former teenage drug users.

City of Whittier (Calif. No. 0252)

The East Whittier School District is continuing a drug abuse program from kindergarten through the eighth grade with the aid of a second-year \$42,461 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. A teacher in-service education program has been completed, and a program manual is being developed for use by other districts.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0272)

A Family Crisis Intervention Center providing short-term counseling for juveniles and adults is being established by the Los Angeles County Probation Department with the help of a \$135,824 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. An additional \$35,277 grant award was approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project is staffed by probation personnel and social welfare graduate students.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0274)

A concentrated weekend program of the Los Angeles County Probation Department for handling delinquency cases received a second-year \$57,460 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The program provides treatment for youths 14 to 17 years of age in an outlying camp setting. A total of 48 minors have participated in the maximum 12-week program.

City of Glendale (Calif. No. 0285)

The Glendale outreach program, a community-based delinquency prevention effort, received a second-year \$147,922 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project, initiated by the Glendale-Crescenta/Canada YMCA, operates a drop-in center and a 24-hour crisis telephone service. A total of 257 clients used the drop-in center in a three-month period. A youth and family commission and a drug abuse council were developed by the program.

City of Monrovia (Calif. No. 0325)

Project Open Future, which aims at delinquency prevention, is being continued by the City of Monrovia with the support of a \$96,169 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project,

operating through the auspices of the Job Resources and Educational Center, handles some 60 youths annually. Services concentrate on job counseling and placement, group counseling, and training for citizen involvement.

City of Long Beach (Calif. No. 0371)

Installation of new and improved law enforcement communications for the Long Beach Police Department is being provided with the help of a \$212,728 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The new system speeds up departmental transmissions and provides for increased volume.

City of Culver City (Calif. No. 0388)

Project Culver, a research study of drug use among children from the fourth through ninth grades in the Culver City schools, received a second-year \$92,009 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The program is being expanded to provide direct social services, including family counseling and crisis intervention.

City of Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0429)

A project of the Los Angeles City Demonstration Agency to develop an evaluation process for the Los Angeles Model Cities program received a \$132,337 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. Goal of the project is to develop a program of evaluation for all Model Cities activities in the criminal justice area, to design data procedures and forms to accomplish the evaluation, and to train Model Cities personnel in the evaluation technology.

City of Beverly Hills (Calif. No. 0432)

An Operations Research Program is being conducted by the Beverly Hills Police Department with the aid of a \$64,700 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. Three study teams are involved in the project which will collect and analyze data regarding the department's operational effectiveness.

City of Long Beach (Calif. No. 0441)

Improvements in the Long Beach Police Department Intelligence Unit are being made with the assistance of a \$15,419 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. Under the project, an in-depth study is being made of the existing intelligence unit composed of 10 sworn and two non-sworn personnel. Included is an analysis of the functions, equipment, resources, and limitations of the unit.

City of Long Beach (Calif. No. 0453)

The Long Beach Police Department is being equipped with a high speed microfilm system for filing and retrieving crime data as the result of a \$44,866 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0471)

Long-range planning capabilities of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department are being developed and demonstrated with the help of a \$225,080 grant award approved by the Council on April 29, 1971. The project is identifying planning needs within the department as they relate to institutionalizing the planning process.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0484)

A Criminal Justice Employees Work-Related Degree Training Program is being developed in the Los Angeles County Probation and Personnel Departments with the aid of a \$62,699 grant award approved by the Council on Mar. 25, 1971. Under the plan, a training model and curriculum are being designed for community workers, group supervisors, institution staff members, and others.

City of Pasadena (Calif. No. 0526)

A "stage-spanning" drug abuse treatment program and withdrawal center, sponsored by the Pasadena Community Planning Council, was approved for a \$152,541 grant award by the Council on June 24, 1971. Under the project, drug users receive planned treatment through various stages of drug addiction, withdrawal, and restoration.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0533)

An intensive probation supervision team working with pre-delinquent youngsters in the San Gabriel Valley received a \$111,309 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project assists delinquency-prone youngsters who have been referred to the Los Angeles County Probation Department.

City of Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0543)

Los Angeles Police Department's computerized Law Enforcement Manpower Resource Allocations System (LEMNAS) is being expanded under a \$329,610 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The system, which acts as a dynamic planning tool for police administrators to optimize the deployment of patrol resources, is geared to accurately forecast anticipated volume of calls-for-service work load and the number of patrol units required to respond during various time frames.

Initially established in the Van Nuys Division, LEMNAS is being expanded to all 17 police divisions. Each will be provided with periodic computerized management information reports which forecast work load and patrol unit deployment by geographic area, by specific time frames, by days and weeks, by groups of calls-for-services, and by priority of these groups.

When fully operational, the system will thus optimize the utilization of police field forces so that the most effective job can be done with the patrol manpower resources available and without raising costs. It will permit patrol deployment specialization between called-for-services and patrol (preventive) functions.

City of Inglewood (Calif. No. 0546)

A planning and research unit is being developed by the Inglewood Police Department with the aid of a \$29,428 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0551)

The Los Angeles County Probation Department is establishing an intensive family treatment unit as adjunct to an existing delinquent boys' camp program with the assistance of a \$145,224 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project provides family-oriented treatment at the time of a boy's commitment to camp. Boys in the program are 13 to 15 years old.

City of Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0558)

A computerized system for the storage and retrieval of forged documents and related information is being developed by the Los Angeles Police Department with the help of a \$313,977 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. Computers in the city's Data Service Bureau will be utilized starting October, 1972, for the batch processing of data collected in forgery cases. This will eliminate the hand-searching of 110,000 index cards by the LAPD's Bunco-Forgery Division in the investigation of more than 45,000 worthless documents each year.

The system, known as the Automated Worthless Document Index, is expected to increase the arrest and clearance rate in worthless documents cases by at least 25 percent. The automated index will list all names used in connection with worthless documents and also pertinent information such as check numbers, dates, account numbers, drivers license numbers, and booking identification.

City of Camarillo (Calif. No. 0566)

A resocialization program for drug victims under treatment in Camarillo State Hospital is being aided by

a \$133,749 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Approximately 500 drug users each year are being treated through the program which is designed to improve their life styles.

Although the City of Camarillo is located in Ventura County (Region Q), the first phase of this program is being supported primarily by Los Angeles County. It is anticipated that Ventura County will receive additional funding in 1972 in support of the project.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0578)

A \$1,205,213 grant award to the County of Los Angeles was approved by the Council on April 29, 1971, to help finance an Automated Index which will provide computerized access to criminal records stored in sub-systems of the Los Angeles Regional Justice Information System (RJIS), described in detail in Chapter III. User agencies throughout the county, ranging from police departments to courts, will benefit from the Automated Index which will contain a complete arrest identification history file of all persons in Los Angeles County with a police record.

RJIS eventually will carry 40 percent of all criminal cases in California and will be coordinated with the total state system, including the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System and the California Justice Information System. The Automated Index, which will act as an interface for the users and all other systems within the RJIS concept, will provide an effective consolidation of the files of two of the nation's largest law enforcement agencies, the Los Angeles Sheriff's Department and the Los Angeles Police Department.

City of Manhattan Beach (Calif. No. 0585)

An evaluation of therapeutic techniques in drug abuse reduction is being conducted by the City of Manhattan Beach with the assistance of a \$39,057 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project will compare crisis intervention techniques, such as rap sessions utilizing paraprofessionals, with the more traditional group psychotherapy conducted by professionals. Also, a study will be made of the relationship between referral sources and the subsequent treatment of drug victims.

City of Inglewood (Calif. No. 0593)

A Police Agent program providing new avenues of communications between the Inglewood Police Department and the community has received a \$101,043 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The agents are assigned to each of the city's patrol areas to provide information to citizens as well as bringing feedback to individual patrolmen on the beat and the police department.

City of Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0607)

A new multi-media approach to law enforcement training is being adopted by the Los Angeles Police Department with a \$1,010,341 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The department is implementing the system, known as Multi-Media Instruction for Law Enforcement (MILE), to emphasize self-pacing and individualized learning. Professional consultants were employed to analyze training requirements and design the new instructional technology.

The approach is based on the principle that a variety of audio-visual materials may be used to motivate interest, communicate facts, and clear up misconceptions in the training process. When completed, the project will provide a core of instructional packages that can be used by any agency for basic training of police officers. As the training materials are developed, they are being adapted to regional needs in cooperation with the Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training (P.O.S.T.).

City of Lakewood (Calif. No. 0617)

The Helpline Youth Counseling Center in the City of Lakewood is being aided with a \$73,864 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. An additional \$15,360 grant award was approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project provides a walk-in service for youths with drug-related problems and a 24-hour referral telephone service.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0621)

An existing regular juvenile supervision unit in the Los Angeles County Probation Department is being strengthened to provide special services with the help of a \$90,701 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Services include special family and group counseling, vocational guidance, and recreational activities.

City of Glendale (Calif. No. 0686)

A Real-Time Data Capture system is being developed by the Glendale Police Department under a \$68,500 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The computerized system will aid the department's decision-making processes.

Los Angeles County (Calif. No. 0689)

A project of Los Angeles County to evaluate the impact of the mentally ill on law enforcement agencies, the courts, and the jails is being funded with the aid of a \$119,440 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

City of Palmdale (Calif. No. 0814)

A Narcotic Education and Rehabilitation (NEAR) project is being sponsored by the City of Palmdale with the aid of a \$132,899 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

REGION S

**Imperial, Riverside,
San Bernardino**

City of Colton (Calif. No. 0041)

Police interns will continue to work with the Colton Police Department in high crime areas of the city as a result of a \$12,274 second-year grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. Under the program, two youths between 17 and 21 years of age are recruited annually to assist officers with their work and to help improve communications between the police department and minority neighborhoods.

City of Montclair (Calif. No. 0182)

A project to implement and test an automatic vehicle location and status reporting system (LOCATES) is being continued by the Montclair Police Department with the support of a \$104,234 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. A feasibility study of vehicle location systems, which includes the identification of equipment involved and systems availability and costs, was completed during the project's first year. Also accomplished was the installation, testing, and demonstration under normal operating conditions of prototype vehicle location equipment.

San Bernardino County (Calif. No. 0199)

A project to reduce the number of juvenile court cases and to test methods of out-of-custody treatment of juveniles processed by the San Bernardino County Probation Department is being financed with a second-year \$39,913 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The activity is known as Project NEAT (New Early Action Treatment). A total of 77 cases were handled during the first nine months of the project's operation.

City of San Bernardino (Calif. No. 0213)

San Bernardino's project PLEASE (Parolees and Law Enforcement Assist Student Education) received a second-year \$48,705 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project uses former addicts as classroom lecturers on drug abuse. The lectures were presented to over 4,000 students during a three-month

period, while approximately 30 other speaking engagements were held throughout the community.

City of Palm Springs (Calif. No. 0405)

A Values Instruction School Resource Officer program is being continued by the City of Palm Springs under a \$68,358 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The values instruction system is being conducted at the fourth through eighth grade levels. It teaches students to perceive a greater risk in socially undesirable behavior and a greater amount of personal gain from socially desirable behavior. The School Resource Officer speaks to classes and participates in other campus and community activities.

City of Montclair (Calif. No. 0428)

The Montclair Police Department received a \$12,986 grant award, approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971, to conduct an experiment in the use of automatic typewriters in the preparation of police reports. The project will determine which types of reports can be prepared by automatic techniques to improve overall police operations.

Riverside County (Calif. No. 0476)

A community treatment facility for the differential handling of prisoners is being established by the Riverside County Sheriff's Department with the help of a \$541,474 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. The project, known as Perceive, Adapt, Counsel, and Evaluate (PACE), is providing such services as work furloughs, counseling, and family therapy for sentenced offenders.

Project PACE will accommodate a caseload of approximately 200 to 250 offenders, including regular inmates, state and county work furlough prisoners, and halfway parolees. Twenty beds will be made available for parolees from local, state, and Federal institutions. Educational and vocational training opportunities will be provided through the local school district and Riverside City College.

City of Montclair (Calif. No. 0559)

Counseling programs to improve student understanding of law enforcement are being conducted in the Montclair City schools under a \$29,628 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The program, which provides research on group counseling techniques, is known as REAL (Responsibilities to Enforcement Attitudes Concerning Laws).

San Bernardino County (Calif. No. 0623)

San Bernardino County Sheriff's Office, which patrols

the largest county in the nation (over 20,000 square miles), received a \$179,511 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971, to purchase two helicopters. The aircraft are being used for crime prevention and criminal apprehension, for search and rescue operations, and for emergency transportation of injured persons from outlying areas to hospitals.

Riverside County (Calif. No. 0718)

An investigator of the Riverside County Sheriff's Department attended a four-day Intelligence Officer Training Seminar in San Francisco under a \$339 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971.

City of Ontario (Calif. No. 0725)

Analysis of manpower and equipment resources of the Ontario Police Department is being financed with a \$23,773 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Purpose of the study is to determine whether some departmental chores could be handled by civilian police personnel or other social service agencies.

San Bernardino County (Calif. No. 0751)

An intelligence officer of the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Office attended a training seminar under a \$339 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

City of Chino (Calif. No. 0754)

An evaluation of the effectiveness of automated status reporting techniques for use with law enforcement radio communications systems is being made by the Chino Police Department with the aid of a \$58,338 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Called VITAL (Vital Information Transmission and Display), the project focuses on the use of a city-wide, full-scale system for sending emergency and routine status messages from field unit personnel to the police communications center and from the center to mobile field units.

City of Corona (Calif. No. 0764)

Installation of a new radio system to expedite response time of the Corona Police Department is being financed with a \$27,240 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project increases the air time available to safety officers and citizens in emergency situations.

City of Corona (Calif. No. 0765)

A community relations bureau is being created by the Corona Police Department with the help of a \$60,035 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

A community service officer and police cadets are used as counselor aides at the junior and senior high school levels.

City of San Bernardino (Calif. No. 0783)

A project utilizing computer simulation techniques to test San Bernardino Municipal Court case scheduling approaches was approved for a \$61,000 grant award by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971.

San Bernardino County (Calif. No. 0803)

A traffic citation and want/warrant system is being developed by San Bernardino County under a \$62,479 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The system will ultimately be linked with criminal justice agencies throughout the region.

REGION T

Orange County

Orange County (Calif. No. 0605)

An intra-county intelligence coordination project for Orange County, sponsored by the Orange County District Attorney, is being financed with a \$117,780 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Immediate goals of the project are to increase the amount of intelligence information collected and to develop programs upgrading the effectiveness of intelligence operations. The Orange County Intelligence Unit is the first such county organization in the state to have extensive operations, making it a prototype for intra- and inter-county intelligence units.

Orange County (Calif. No. 0606)

Two investigators of the Orange County District Attorney's Office attended a four-day Intelligence Officer Training Seminar in San Francisco under a \$678 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971.

City of Huntington Beach (Calif. No. 0646)

A newly-organized Intelligence Unit of the Huntington Beach Police Department received an \$18,745 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The project provides a full-time intelligence officer to develop and coordinate intelligence information, including movements of militants and persons associated with organized crime.

City of Huntington Beach (Calif. No. 0648)

A police communications and command and control system is being developed by the City of Huntington

Beach Police Department with the support of a \$94,000 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Goal of the project is to have a full-scale command and control system ready for operational use on a routine basis by the time the police department moves into its new facilities within the next two years. Communication links will be improved by developing digital communications and status reporting between the department's communication center and field units.

Orange County (Calif. No. 0665)

A coordinated law enforcement radio system serving 25 cities in Orange County is being implemented with a \$720,000 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The system will integrate communications among all law enforcement agencies in the county.

Orange County (Calif. No. 0782)

An automated information storage and retrieval system to speed up the identification of latent fingerprint data is being established by the Orange County Sheriff's Department with the aid of a \$45,923 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The system, known as the 10-1 Microfilm System, provides a more rapid and complete search of the known offender fingerprint files, which include more than 10,000 records presently on file in Orange County.

Orange County (Calif. No. 0806)

Volunteers Influencing Student Achievement (VISA) is a delinquency prevention project being conducted by the Orange County Probation Department under a \$59,866 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971. The project offers services aimed at interrupting the development of the delinquency cycle among students and increasing the students' potential for socially acceptable, productive behavior.

Orange County (Calif. No. 0807)

A behavior assessment and treatment center for delinquency prevention is being established by the Orange County Probation Department with the aid of a \$119,744 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The project offers services for juveniles and families who indicate some degree of emotional disturbance or behavioral maladjustment.

City of Seal Beach (Calif. No. 0849)

A crime prevention program involving the installation, control, and evaluation of burglar alarm devices in private residences is being developed by the Seal Beach Police Department with the support of a \$33,378 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971.

REGION U

San Diego County

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0110)

"Impact of 'Significant Others' on Reduction of Recidivism", a research study of the Department of Honor Camps, San Diego County, was awarded a \$22,367 second-year grant by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project is designed to test the results of using "significant others" in the treatment of Honor Camp inmates. Instead of returning offenders to their homes for rehabilitation visits, the Honor Camp authorities bring other significant persons—usually members of the inmate's immediate family—into the intensive treatment program at the camps. Three cycles of treatment have been completed in the study. Final data analysis and report of findings in the study will be completed in July and August, 1972.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0215)

A drug education rehabilitation program for juvenile offenders and their parents in San Diego County is being developed under a second-year \$99,563 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. More than 60 youths are processed each month under the San Diego County Probation Department program designed to divert drug victims from the juvenile court process. During the first year of the project, 391 juveniles enrolled in a six-week treatment program.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0259)

A "quarterway house" project to rehabilitate youngsters who are beyond control of their parents has received a second-year grant award of \$112,830, approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The facility, known as "Project Oz", serves a five-city target area. More information about Project Oz is provided in Chapter III.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0265)

Project SAMBS (Simplified Analytical Methods of Behavioral Systemization) has received a second-year \$81,105 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Under the program, the San Diego Probation Department provides lectures and small group therapy for juvenile delinquents and their parents. Participation of parents has increased from 173 to 500 annually.

City of San Diego (Calif. No. 0270)

A pilot project to provide a Municipal Command and Control System for public safety operations in the City of San Diego was awarded a \$971,820 grant by the

Council on April 29, 1971. Details of the project can be found in Chapter III.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0389)

A San Diego County project known as Crime Prevention Through Community Resource and Self-Help (CRASH) was approved by the Council on May 27, 1971, for an \$87,660 grant award. The project operates two residential homes for high-risk delinquents and conducts outreach programs that focus on delinquency prevention.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0411)

Publication of a monthly bulletin by the Community Welfare Council of San Diego is being supported by a \$12,800 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. The project is designed to improve communication among criminal justice agencies in the county.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0414)

Project DANE (Drug and Narcotics Education) will continue to provide San Diego Schools with drug abuse instruction under a second-year \$128,746 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The program uses teacher-counselors to coordinate and supervise drug and narcotic education at 12 regular senior high schools, three continuation schools, 18 junior high schools, and 69 elementary schools.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0532)

The ongoing program of DEFY (Drug Education For Youths), sponsored by the San Diego County Department of Health, received a \$75,157 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project includes group therapy and a 24-hour emergency telephone service.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0589)

A regional helicopter patrol, operated by the San Diego County Sheriff's Office, is being funded with the aid of a \$300,000 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Helicopters are being used to increase the patrol capability of the sheriff's office in reducing crime and to increase the level of emergency services including search and rescue.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0628)

Continuation and expansion of the San Diego Youth Service Bureau of the San Diego County Probation Department is underway with a \$142,860 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Goal of the project is to divert youths from the criminal justice system through individual and group counseling, psychiatric evaluation, informal rap sessions, drug information,

night school courses, and other activities. At the end of three months, the project case load totaled 163.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0677)

The Coalition of Ex-offenders Program is being supported by a \$200,018 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971, to provide assistance to released inmates returning to the San Diego area. The program includes crisis counseling, employment referral, food, housing, clothing, and transportation.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0708)

A national study of existing research literature and programs in the field of probation is being conducted by the San Diego County Probation Department with the aid of a \$32,426 grant award approved by the Council on Oct. 27, 1971.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0712)

A tactical organized crime intelligence unit, composed of special investigators and lawyers, is being developed by the San Diego County District Attorney's Office under a \$167,000 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971.

Several San Diego area police agencies which gather data on organized crime lack adequate manpower for pursuing investigations and developing related criminal court actions. To help alleviate this problem, these agencies may call on the new unit for aid in the prosecution of organized crime cases. In addition to providing legal expertise, the organized crime unit will maintain liaison with federal and state government organized crime units, and also will establish working relationships with Mexican law enforcement agencies.

San Diego County (Calif. No. 0848)

MET (Metropolitan Enforcement Team) is a specialized division of narcotic law enforcement in San Diego County being supported by an \$88,519 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Since its formation in late January, 1971, MET has apprehended key suspects in five major narcotics operations in the county.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Regents of the University of California (Calif. No. 0168)

A statewide program to improve student understanding of law and the legal processes of government was approved for a \$400,000 second-year grant award by the Council on July 28, 1971. Known as "Law in a Free Society", the program was initiated by the State Bar of California to provide students from kindergarten through

high school with special courses of study relating to law and the judicial system. The program is administered by a committee of the State Bar in cooperation with the University of California Extension Division and Law Schools. It emphasizes the importance of school curriculum in the development of attitudes toward constitutional government.

Training sessions were held this year for approximately 1,000 teachers in the cities of Los Angeles, San Francisco, Oakland, San Jose, Sacramento, San Diego, Fresno, and Orange County. As a result, more than 250,000 students will receive instruction under the program during 1972. Instructional materials are being developed for use by school administrators, teachers, students, and law enforcement personnel.

California Department of Justice (Calif. No. 0174)

The Organized Crime Unit in the State Department of Justice was awarded a \$599,604 second-year grant by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. A major feature of the project is an 80-hour course on new methods of organized crime control which is being offered to more than 250 local intelligence officers. Training priorities are given to major cities and counties where the most serious organized crime problems are usually found.

The Organized Crime Unit also develops specialized techniques in the fields of finance and accounting for use in investigating organized crime. In addition, it provides a pool of manpower and special investigative equipment to local jurisdictions throughout the state which need help in this area.

UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute (Calif. No. 0180)

Project DARE (Drug Abuse Research and Education) of the UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute received third-year funding of \$53,930 approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. Approximately 30 teenage volunteers participate in the anti-drug campaign.

Under the program, students have been utilized for the first time in the evaluation of over 700 drug education publications and films. Staff of DARE participate on 32 drug abuse task forces, councils, and planning groups. An exhibit called "DARE Happenings" has been presented to 21 organizations and institutions. The project also publishes a bi-monthly newsletter.

Regents of the University of California (Calif. No. 0189)

The California College of Trial Judges at the University of California at Berkeley is being supported with a \$42,421 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971, and a \$62,081 third-year grant approved on Nov. 23, 1971.

The college holds annual two-week sessions to provide new and experienced judges with an opportunity for in-depth study of major problems in court procedures and the administration of justice. Approximately 70 judges participated in the fifth session held July 11-23 at the Berkeley campus.

As an innovation this year, one-day orientation programs were held in Los Angeles and San Francisco for 54 newly-appointed judges. Nearly one-half of the judges of California's trial courts have participated in the College of Trial Judges either as students, faculty, or administrators.

Human Relations Agency (Calif. No. 0204)

Continued operation of the State Office of Narcotics and Drug Abuse Coordination is being aided with a \$73,723 third-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. During the project's two years of operation, a format was developed for countywide coordinated drug abuse control plans in 37 counties. An inventory of all drug programs supported or operated by the state was completed.

State Department of Justice (Calif. No. 0366)

A statewide study to analyze the extent, scope, degree, and cause of distrust between the police and certain segments of the community is being conducted by the California Attorney General's Commission on Police-Community Relations with the aid of a \$49,546 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971.

The commission is gathering and will furnish information to the California Legislature as to the state of police-community affairs and will propose legislation to provide statewide standards for police-community relations programs. The study is being conducted to implement the 1969 California Assembly Resolution No. 153, which requested the Attorney General to perform such a study.

California Youth Authority (Calif. No. 0381)

A drug abuse program for treatment of juvenile wards at the Preston School of Industry has received a second-year \$173,272 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. More than 40 wards are receiving treatment under the program which is designed to help them avoid drug use after they are paroled.

California Youth Authority (Calif. No. 0416)

Key characteristics of newly-committed wards of the California Youth Authority from 1962 through 1969 are being studied with the help of a \$6,440 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. This study is helping to determine correctional programs to be used and the resources needed to carry out institution functions.

California Department of Corrections (Calif. No. 0427)

A project to match inmates of the California Department of Corrections with job openings in the community is being supported with an \$80,856 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The computerized program is known as Project Resource (Job Match).

Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training (Calif. No. 0449)

The Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training (P.O.S.T.) is expanding its counseling service to improve the management and operation of local law enforcement agencies, with the assistance of a \$100,000 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971.

Judicial Council of California (Calif. No. 0461)

A demonstration project to improve Superior Court calendaring is being assisted with a \$34,500 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. Goal of the project, sponsored by the Judicial Council of California, is to develop transferable new methods for achieving reductions in court delays.

The project has produced a report describing the organization, policies, and procedures of the Sacramento County Superior Court after five months of observing and analyzing all phases of calendaring civil and criminal cases.

Judicial Council of California (Calif. No. 0468)

Methods for maximizing the use of electronic data processing in California courts are being developed by the Judicial Council of California with the aid of a \$198,860 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. Goal of the project is to develop, for the state's Municipal and Superior Courts, a set of comprehensive automation guidelines which will provide the basis for evaluating, selecting, designing, and implementing court processing procedures. Details of the project are found in Chapter III.

California Youth Authority (Calif. No. 0474)

The California Youth Authority is undertaking a two-year project to increase the effectiveness of parole operations with the help of the \$942,833 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The project is described in detail in Chapter III.

California Military Department (Calif. No. 0475)

Law enforcement personnel and others concerned with riot control are attending week-long sessions at the Specialized Training Institute at Camp San Luis Obispo.

The California Military Department was awarded a Council-approved grant of \$430,367 for the project on Feb. 25, 1971. The training school emphasizes both the prevention and control of civil disturbances. Classes began in September, and 315 persons have already been trained. More information about the project can be found in Chapter III.

California Board of Corrections (Calif. No. 0485)

A seminar series for members of various California parole boards is being assisted by a \$4,000 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The seminars are designed to familiarize individual board members, many of whom are newly assigned to their jobs, with their role in the criminal justice system.

California Department of Justice (Calif. No. 0495)

California's Bureau of Criminal Statistics was awarded an \$85,951 grant by the Council on May 27, 1971, to implement a new data-gathering system for the state's law enforcement agencies and to replace the present outmoded system. The new system utilizes a single report to give an accounting for each arrested individual in terms of his name and other identifiers. It ultimately will permit individuals to be followed through the system, vastly refining crime and criminal justice system statistics.

UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute (Calif. No. 0541)

A comprehensive program of community drug abuse treatment, research, and rehabilitation in Venice, Calif., was awarded a \$393,979 grant by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project details are discussed in Chapter III.

University of California at Berkeley (Calif. No. 0555)

The Hastings College of Law at the University of California at Berkeley is operating a clinic to train public defender interns with the aid of a \$46,384 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971.

Judicial Council of California (Calif. No. 0556)

The Judicial Council of California was awarded a \$25,000 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971, to provide a statewide seminar on narcotics and drug abuse for 100 judges, probation officers, and law enforcement and correctional treatment personnel.

Department of Corrections (Calif. No. 0594)

A joint project of California's Departments of Correc-

tions and the Youth Authority to develop a management information display center received a \$51,930 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. Purpose of the project, known as Management Information Display and Seminar (MIDAS), is to integrate the center as a management tool in the decision-making processes of the two departments, and to assess its effectiveness and cost.

The display center concept has been under development by the staff of the Correctional Decisions Information Project, but the effort has lacked full-time staff support. The grant award will make possible implementation of the program and will encourage use of management information display centers by other criminal justice agencies.

Department of Justice (Calif. No. 0595)

The California Justice Information System (CJIS), under development by the Department of Justice, received a \$1,000,169 grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. An additional \$835,203 grant award for this project was approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. CJIS is a real-time information system designed to serve the needs of all criminal justice agencies within the state. The automated system operates around the clock with two medium-scale computers and direct access storage devices with the capability of storing a billion characters of information on-line.

CJIS uses as its communication network the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS). When fully operational, CJIS will contain over nine million records consisting of four million criminal history records, four million firearm records, 700,000 miscellaneous property records, 200,000 wanted persons records, and additional records in the area of statistical analysis, modus operandi, and narcotic prescriptions. To meet the demands of over 1,000 criminal justice agencies throughout the state, the software system must be designed to handle in excess of 200 messages a minute after three years of operation.

An automated Record Control System (ARC) is being developed which will serve as the data base for CJIS and will interface with CLETS. Primary goal of the present proposal is to implement the CJIS project which was initiated in 1965 through an appropriation from the State Legislature and a grant from the Federal Office of Law Enforcement Assistance. CJIS links the services of criminal justice agencies at the national, state, and local levels. Tied into the network are the National Crime Information Center, Department of Motor Vehicles, California Highway Patrol, California Youth Authority, Corrections agencies, Department of Justice, sheriffs' departments, and city police.

Regents of the University of California (Calif. No. 0629)

The University of California at Los Angeles Law School is being assisted by the State Department of Corrections in developing a corrections-oriented curriculum under a \$53,971 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project is entitled "Innovative Clinical Research Program in Correctional Law".

Judicial Council of California (Calif. No. 0635)

A Los Angeles Superior Court Bench Book is being produced and distributed to all California Superior Court judges with the aid of a \$20,136 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The publication is a comprehensive manual on practical application of criminal law and procedure, designed for use during trials.

State Department of Justice (Calif. No. 0687)

A two-channel television system to provide training for approximately 100 criminal justice agencies throughout the Los Angeles area is being designed by the Office of the California Attorney General under a \$7,148 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The system meets the demand for additional law enforcement and legal training for criminal justice personnel.

Judicial Council of California (Calif. No. 0720)

The Judicial Council of California received a \$38,480 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971, to conduct an in-depth study of the feasibility of a unified trial court system in the state.

State Department of Corrections (Calif. No. 0742)

The work unit parole program of the State Department of Corrections is being extended with support of a \$410,000 grant award approved by the Council on Aug. 26, 1971. The project provides intensive supervision of 2,000 additional felony offenders, bringing the total number under the program to 7,200.

State Board of Pharmacy (Calif. No. 0756)

A Restricted Dangerous Drugs Control System is being developed by the California State Board of Pharmacy with the assistance of a \$119,588 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. The data processing system monitors the movement of legally-produced restricted dangerous drugs from the point of manufacture to the ultimate dispenser. The project is designed to implement California Assembly Bill 219, which provides for the monitoring of restricted dangerous drugs by an electronic data processing system.

State Department of Consumer Affairs (Calif. No. 0769)

A Consumer Fraud Task Force is being organized by the State Department of Consumer Affairs under a \$24,070 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The task force will conduct a statewide study of enforcement problems and advise the State Legislature on new measures needed to combat fraud.

Department of Justice (Calif. No. 0865)

Regional facilities to handle general criminalistics in eight areas throughout California are being established by the Department of Justice with the aid of a \$201,865 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. This is the first step in implementing a statewide master plan for crime labs. More information about this project is contained in Chapter III.

OTHER AGENCIES

Yuba College (Calif. No. 0172)

Yuba College Criminal Justice Audio-Visual Training Project is continuing with the aid of a \$12,905 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Designed to upgrade the quality and quantity of in-service training for the counties of Yuba, Sutter, and Colusa, the project has conducted classes on "Special Problems in Criminal Justice" and "Advanced Narcotics and Drugs" for over 140 officers. Video tapes and other audio-visual training aids and equipment are made available by this project.

Transitions to Freedom, Inc., San Francisco (Calif. No. 0212)

A project of the non-profit Transitions to Freedom, Inc. to provide employment for ex-convicts was approved for a second-year \$23,340 grant award by the Council on July 28, 1971. During the first year of the project, 692 former inmates received job counseling. A building maintenance company was established employing 20 ex-offenders. The project's active labor pool, organized with the help of the business community, provides approximately 50 man-hours of temporary work each week, leading to both permanent and semi-permanent jobs.

Special Service For Groups, Inc., Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0220)

A delinquency prevention program for the predominantly Mexican-American area of South El Monte was approved for a second-year grant award of \$93,325 by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project, known as

ARRIBA, is sponsored by Special Services For Groups, Inc., in Los Angeles and provides individual and group services to delinquency-prone youths from six schools. During the summer of 1971, 80 boys between the ages of 8 and 13 participated in the project's cultural programs, creative arts, team sport activities, and field trips.

Sun Street Center, Salinas (Calif. No. 0221)

The Council awarded an \$82,765 second-year grant to the Sun Street Alcoholic Rehabilitation Center in Salinas on May 27, 1971. Project services, aimed at reducing the number of arrests for drunkenness in the Salinas Valley, include a drop-in center for alcoholic victims, vocational and psychological testing, and classrooms for convicted drunk drivers and other court referrals. At the end of the first year of operation, the center had a daily average of 40.3 residents, while the re-arrest rate of center residents dropped an average 50.4 percent from 615 to 305.

San Francisco YMCA (Calif. No. 0240)

Second-year funding of the San Francisco YMCA's project BEAM (Behavioral Evolvement through Achievement Management) was authorized through a \$160,527 grant approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The project provides academic tutoring to more than 100 troubled youths per month.

San Mateo County Board of Education (Calif. No. 0253)

A project to help kindergarten pupils with potential chronic learning problems was approved for a second-year \$140,600 grant award by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project, sponsored by the San Mateo County Board of Education, identifies the roots of potential learning problems at the kindergarten level and reduces the chances for future failure, especially in the basic academic skills. Individualized instructional techniques are used.

The Big Brothers Joint Council of Greater Los Angeles, Inc. (Calif. No. 0264)

A delinquency prevention project offering recreational, cultural, and educational programs to fatherless boys is being continued by The Big Brothers Joint Council of Greater Los Angeles, Inc., with the aid of an \$85,000 second-year grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. Family counseling is also offered.

During the first year, approximately 60 boys were matched with Big Brothers in the project. Purpose is to provide male role models and activities designed to enhance the fatherless boys' self images and to modify or change attitudes at home, at school, and in the community.

Pacoima Memorial Lutheran Hospital (Calif. No. 0293)

A "multi-service approach" to delinquency prevention, sponsored by the Pacoima Memorial Lutheran Hospital, was awarded a second-year grant of \$91,706 by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project uses crisis intervention techniques to reach the juvenile offender and his family when he is taken into custody by police and to implement an immediate program of therapy. Referrals can be made on a 24-hour daily basis. During the first year, 112 cases were referred to the project from the Foothill Division of the Los Angeles Police Department.

Simi Valley Unified School District (Calif. No. 0327)

A project known as "Help Enhance Learning to Prevent the Escalation of Delinquency" (HELPEP) was awarded a second-year grant of \$98,191 by the Council on May 27, 1971. Sponsored by the Simi Valley Unified School District, the project has offered special guidance and counseling to approximately 72 children identified as potential dropouts or pre-delinquents. Fully equipped "learning centers" are utilized.

Elizabeth Fry Center, Inc. (Calif. No. 0373)

The Elizabeth Fry Center, a halfway house for female ex-offenders in the Los Angeles area, received a second-year \$106,000 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. In a seven-month period, 88 women were housed in the facility. The California Institution for Women and the California Rehabilitation Center use the center for 72-hour releases. The Los Angeles County Probation Department also uses the center as a placement facility for women who would otherwise be recommended for incarceration.

Youth for Service (Calif. No. 0399)

A project of the Youth for Service Organization of San Francisco to provide a community-based alternative to probation received a \$74,881 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. Primary goal of the project is to prevent 30 boys from the area south of Market Street in San Francisco from engaging in behavior that would result in either commitment or recommitment to the California Youth Authority. A program of education, on-the-job training, and full-time employment is offered.

Intra-Mediales Corporation, Sacramento (Calif. No. 0418)

A Post-Release Environmental Plan (Project PREP) is testing the applicability of non-custodial halfway houses

in the parole re-integration process with the help of a \$20,677 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The project uses women ex-offenders to determine the impact of peer influence as an agent of change in the re-integration process and to study whether such an operation can be effectively administered by ex-offenders.

Oakland Unified School District (Calif. No. 0421)

Group counseling sessions for 500 ninth grade and high school students are provided by four schools on a weekly basis through a "Verbal Exchange Program" in four anti-poverty target areas of Oakland. The project was awarded a \$75,119 grant by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The project provides summer jobs for students and outside referral for special problems.

American Justice Institute, Sacramento (Calif. No. 0431)

The American Justice Institute in Sacramento was awarded a \$65,672 grant by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971, to develop a sequential classification system. Known as Project SEQUIL, the system classifies juvenile offenders of the California Youth Authority into inter-personal maturity level sub-types.

Tri-City Community Drug Council, Fremont (Calif. No. 0445)

A youth crisis center for drug abuse prevention is being established in Fremont, Calif., with the support of a \$40,569 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The center provides an opportunity for youths, parents, police, educators, clergy, businessmen, and other members of the community to engage in group discussion on drug abuse.

Long Beach State College Foundation (Calif. No. 0447)

A middle management and supervisory training program is being offered to correctional personnel throughout Southern California as a result of a \$37,232 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project, sponsored by the Institute for Police Studies at California State College, Long Beach, provides for a series of five 100-hour programs with 17 subject areas.

Yosemite Junior College District (Calif. No. 0448)

The Regional Criminal Justice Training Center in Modesto is being supported with a \$235,675 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971. The center offers in-service and pre-service curricula and programs to meet criminal justice education and training

needs in an eight-county area. Details of the project are found in Chapter III.

COMEX Research Project, USC School of Public Administration (Calif. No. 0454)

Simulated case exercises to teach decision-making to police, juvenile officers, and probationary and correctional personnel are being scheduled at the University of Southern California School of Public Administration under a \$32,635 grant award approved by the Council on Jan. 27, 1971.

Seventh Step Foundation, Inc., Ventura County (Calif. No. 0465)

A program of the Seventh Step Foundation of Ventura County to provide a halfway house and post-release services for ex-convicts is being supported by a \$56,463 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. In a three-month period, 345 ex-convicts received services such as employment assistance, counseling, and referral to self-help programs.

West Hollywood Crisis House (Calif. No. 0466)

The drug abuse prevention and treatment program of the West Hollywood Crisis House, Inc., received a \$36,789 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The program provides a residential treatment unit, speakers' bureau, counseling, and employment placement. A major tool used in conjunction with the speakers' bureau is a locally-produced film on Crisis House.

San Mateo Union High School District (Calif. No. 0467)

A drug abuse education and counseling program for the San Mateo Union High School District received a \$116,618 supplementary grant award approved by the Council on June 24, 1971. An initial grant of \$32,207 was approved for the project by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971.

Seventh Step Foundation of San Francisco (Calif. No. 0469)

Project Return, assisting parolees arriving in the San Francisco Bay Area from correctional facilities, was awarded a \$43,551 grant by the Council on May 27, 1971. Sponsored by the Seventh Step Foundation of San Francisco, the project helps returning parolees find employment, housing, food, and clothing. Half of the approximately 200 parolees arriving in the Bay Area each month are individually assisted by Seventh Step.

Individuals Now, San Francisco (Calif. No. 0480)

More than 150 children in trouble receive help from a project of Individuals Now, San Francisco, which was

awarded a \$35,595 grant by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project is designed to reduce deviant behavior and delinquency through a one-to-one relationship between trained volunteers and children selected for the program.

X-Squared Foundation, Santa Clara County (Calif. No. 0481)

The X-Squared Foundation in Santa Clara County is providing pre-release and post-release services to inmates with the assistance of a \$72,031 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. Services include housing, counseling, recreation, and group therapy meetings.

Humboldt Halfway House, Inc. (Calif. No. 0491)

Services of the Redwoods Manor, sponsored by Humboldt Halfway House, Inc., are being increased with the assistance of a \$17,709 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. The facility offers parolees a program of counseling, employment assistance, recreation, and social activities.

San Mateo County Bar Association (Calif. No. 0493)

San Mateo County Bar Association's internship program to prepare law students for criminal law practice is being aided with a \$21,550 grant award approved by the Council on March 25, 1971. Aims of the program are to define specific areas in which law students can most effectively specialize and to augment the Association's Private Defender Program.

Richmond Unified School District (Calif. No. 0499)

A program of education and counseling, primarily for young parents, is underway at the Gompers Continuation High School in the City of Richmond with the aid of a \$145,850 grant award approved by the Council on Feb. 25, 1971. The project includes a parent education center with drop-in counseling and classroom instruction, a program for pregnant girls, and a parent cooperative nursery.

Sacramento State College Foundation (Calif. No. 0503)

Differences in the characteristics of violent and nonviolent prison inmates are being studied by the Sacramento State College Foundation under a \$13,683 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project involves the sampling of responses from 600 men at the Reception Guidance Center, California Medical Facility, Vacaville, to develop a violence expectancy scale. Such a scale can be used in selecting the type of custody the inmate can best use as well as determin-

ing some of the behavioral problems with which the custody and treatment staff must deal.

Los Angeles Psychiatric Service, Benjamin Rush Centers (Calif. No. 0505)

Probationers with drinking problems are receiving crisis counseling at the Benjamin Rush Center, 8770 Whitworth Drive, Los Angeles, under a \$21,000 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971.

USC School of Public Administration (Calif. No. 0544)

An intensive one-year graduate program in judicial administration at the University of Southern California School of Public Administration is beginning in Spring, 1972, with the help of a \$112,973 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The program, designed to fill the need for court administrators skilled in management techniques, is offering public administration and law courses in nine specific areas.

San Diego State College Foundation (Calif. No. 0569)

A four-year curriculum in criminal justice administration offered at San Diego State College is being expanded with the aid of a \$27,260 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. Additional courses are being offered, and a law enforcement officer is being added to the teaching staff.

During the fall and spring semester of 1970-71, a total of 432 students were enrolled in the 10 classes given under the criminal justice administration program. Classes have included Law Enforcement Administration, Administration of Juvenile Justice, Administration of Criminal Law, and Seminar in the Administration of Criminal Justice.

North Bay Human Development Corporation, Santa Rosa (Calif. No. 0571)

A \$4,200 grant award was approved by the Council on July 28, 1971, to augment the inmate employment program of the North Bay Human Development Corporation. The San Francisco Foundation, a non-profit community trust serving the Bay Area, earlier granted \$3,000 to the project which provides private counseling and job referral service to ex-offenders.

Pico-Union Neighborhood Council, Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0591)

A proposal to recruit gang members and other delinquents to help build parks in three neighborhood target areas in Los Angeles has received a \$131,589 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The project is sponsored by the Pico-Union Neighborhood Council. The project seeks to improve the behavior and attitude of gang members and delinquents and to pro-

vide youths recruited into the program with job training under skilled professional workers.

Special Service For Groups, Inc., Los Angeles (Calif. No. 0601)

The two-year-old program of the Bassett Youth Service Bureau, located in the Bassett Unified School District near Los Angeles, is being expanded under a \$61,774 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. Available services of the bureau include employment referrals, school counseling and tutoring, and treatment for drug users.

California Public Defenders Association (Calif. No. 0615)

An orientation program for the approximately 100 attorneys who become deputy public defenders each year throughout the state was scheduled by the California Public Defenders Association with the aid of a \$19,462 grant award approved by the Council on May 27, 1971. The week-long program emphasized the role of other elements in the criminal justice system—law enforcement, courts, prosecution, and corrections. The orientation also included training in the practical aspects of the public defender system.

District Attorney and County Counsel Assoc. (Calif. No. 0630)

The California District Attorney and County Counsel Association received a \$20,000 grant award, approved by the Council on May 27, 1971, to send 20 California district attorneys or deputy district attorneys to the 1971 Career Prosecutor's Course at the National College of District Attorneys in Houston, Texas. This course emphasizes almost every aspect of a prosecutor's function and responsibility including administration and office management, constitutional law developments, trends in court decisions and legislation, budgeting, and effective use of electronic data processing systems.

Youth Conservation Project, San Fernando (Calif. No. 0666)

The Youth Service Bureau of San Fernando was awarded a grant of \$49,126 by action of the Council on May 27, 1971. Bureau services, including case diagnosis and counseling, academic tutoring, job preparation, legal assistance, and recreational activities, are available to youths 11 through 23 years of age. Approximately 75 percent of the clients are from families earning under \$4,000 annually or receiving welfare.

Judges, Marshals, and Constables Association (Calif. No. 0729)

Under a \$4,730 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971, six California Justice Court judges received scholarships to attend the American Academy

of Judicial Education to study certain aspects of judicial procedure, practice, and solutions to current judicial problems.

Judges, Marshals, and Constables Association (Calif. No. 0733)

A series of workshops are being held for Justice Court judges under a \$14,605 grant award approved by the Council on July 28, 1971. The workshops consist of panel discussions and presentations on criminal law and procedure prior to trial; search and seizure; trial, uniform sentencing, and probation; and recent court decisions and legislative changes.

Defense Investigators Association, Inc. (Calif. No. 0813)

A training program for 100 public defender investigators throughout the state is being conducted by the Defense Investigators Assn., Inc., under a \$20,450 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. Purpose of the project is to standardize training procedures for investigators and to engender skills in investigative methods and preparing cases for trial.

All Tribes Halfway House, Inc. (Calif. No. 0818)

The All Tribes Halfway House, which provides services to approximately 40 Indian ex-offenders per year in the San Francisco-Oakland area, received a \$32,283 grant award approved by the Council on Sept. 29, 1971. The project offers a wide variety of vocational training opportunities and counseling. The residence house has a capacity of 10 beds.

Bay Area Rapid Transit District (Calif. No. 0877)

Bay Area Rapid Transit District (BART) is implementing a Security Program Development project with the aid of a \$146,900 grant award approved by the Council on Nov. 23, 1971. This project is designed to materially assist in the establishment of both the interim and the long-range BART security operation plans during 1972, the year in which BART begins rail transit passenger service, and to work with the 14 jurisdictions within the BART system to define mutually acceptable divisions of responsibility.

APPENDICES

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Appendix A / REGIONAL DISTRIBUTION OF PROJECTS

The following table shows the regional distribution and amount of grant awards approved by the Council from Jan. 1 through Dec. 31, 1971. (See map of CCCJ planning regions, in Chapter I.)

City of Sacramento	0638	89,151	24
Sacramento County	0643	109,089	24
Placer County	0797	51,065	24
Sacramento County	0856	52,187	24
Sacramento County	0861	82,548	24
		\$2,696,229	

REGION A

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Mendocino County	0459	\$38,363	21
Lake County	0509	21,715	21
Humboldt County	0527	6,702	21
City of Ukiah	0537	2,556	21
Humboldt County	0700	38,775	21
County of Mendocino	0833	39,683	21
Lake County	0834	68,442	21
City of Fort Bragg	0835	11,830	21
Del Norte County	0874	28,342	21
		\$256,408	

REGION B

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Shasta County	0487	\$123,322	21
Modoc County	0542	2,000	21
Siskiyou County	0550	5,762	22
City of Yreka	0658	12,341	22
		\$143,425	

REGION C

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Butte County	0306	\$7,791	22
Plumas County	0506	2,715	22
Butte County	0513	7,550	22
Butte County	0657	63,913	22
City of Oroville	0682	13,609	22
Colusa County	0850	15,000	22
		\$110,578	

REGION D

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Sutter County	0143	\$40,094	22
City of Davis	0158	30,984	22
El Dorado County	0208	5,148	22
Sacramento County	0283	120,715	22
Yolo County	0291	83,022	23
Sutter County	0321	126,213	23
Yolo County	0375	18,066	23
Sacramento County	0377	192,617	23
Sacramento County	0391	46,602	23
Yolo County	0507	21,967	23
Sacramento County	0508	76,108	23
Yuba City	0539	16,677	23
South Lake Tahoe	0564	90,873	23
Yolo County	0570	32,383	23
Yolo County	0572	75,515	24
City of Sacramento	0608	1,327,000	24
City of Woodland	0609	8,205	24

REGION E

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Marin County	0096	\$130,307	24
Sonoma County	0255	83,470	24
Solano County	0450	25,246	24
City of Santa Rosa	0457	34,824	25
City of Vallejo	0649	34,757	25
Sonoma County	0655	104,989	25
City of Vallejo	0684	56,000	25
City of Cloverdale	0695	20,300	25
Solano County	0701	15,325	25
Solano County	0749	120,360	25
		\$625,578	

REGION F

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City and County of San Francisco	0079	\$225,217	25
City and County of San Francisco	0292	84,315	25
City and County of San Francisco	0347	222,660	25
City and County of San Francisco	0444	62,766	26
City and County of San Francisco	0586	38,500	26
City and County of San Francisco	0632	181,934	26
City and County of San Francisco	0696	125,267	26
City and County of San Francisco	0731	159,684	26
		\$1,100,343	

REGION G

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Walnut Creek	0150	\$111,990	26
City of Richmond	0160	79,677	26
City of Antioch	0217	87,993	26
Contra Costa County	0313	117,242	26
City of Pittsburg	0410	66,321	27
City of Pleasant Hill	0493	54,856	27
City of Brentwood	0562	553	27
City of Pittsburg	0568	45,000	27
Contra Costa County	0580	68,196	27
City of Richmond	0612	10,000	27
Contra Costa County	0685	99,955	27
City of Concord	0702	67,915	27
Contra Costa County	0780	81,000	27
		\$890,698	

REGION H

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
San Mateo County	0248	\$67,613	27
San Mateo County	0424	20,550	28
City of Daly City	0488	25,802	28

City of San Bruno	0514	24,226	28
San Mateo County	0516	265,034	28
San Mateo County	0560	64,226	28
San Mateo County	0588	1,024	28
San Mateo County	0600	25,623	28
San Mateo County	0692	720	28
San Mateo County	0734	112,445	28
		\$607,263	

REGION I			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Oakland	0394	\$254,069	28
City of Hayward	0439	47,000	29
City of Berkeley	0492	11,202	29
Bay Area Urban League, Inc.	0500	308,551	29
City of Fremont	0504	107,179	29
Alameda County	0525	27,621	29
City of Fremont	0531	109,854	29
Alameda County	0574	35,641	29
City of Fremont	0597	52,759	29
City of Berkeley	0690	42,498	29
City of Newark	0713	95,761	29
Alameda County	0719	700,000	30
		\$1,792,135	

REGION J			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Santa Clara County	0151	\$518,232	30
Santa Clara County	0222	65,172	30
Santa Clara County	0524	49,861	30
Santa Clara County	0563	165,453	30
Santa Clara County	0611	108,531	30
City of Morgan Hill	0647	553	30
Santa Clara County	0667	12,919	30
City of Morgan Hill	0669	2,000	30
City of Sunnyvale	0675	64,397	30
		\$987,118	

REGION K			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Tracy	0214	\$69,981	31
San Joaquin County	0426	56,812	31
San Joaquin County	0451	140,700	31
Mariposa County	0522	26,874	31
City of Lodi	0545	34,625	31
Merced County	0549	18,382	31
Merced County	0575	24,231	31
City of Modesto	0656	54,055	31
San Joaquin County	0705	83,848	31
City of Modesto	0789	42,124	31
Stanislaus County	0801	113,600	31
City of Modesto	0825	15,000	31
		\$680,232	

REGION L			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Tuolumne County	0188	\$19,140	32

REGION M			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Seaside	0393	\$61,938	32
San Benito County	0433	12,833	32
City of Seaside	0443	30,101	32
City of Seaside	0486	44,100	32
City of Monterey	0529	166,943	32
City of Salinas	0610	30,000	32
Monterey County	0683	4,762	32
Monterey County	0694	70,311	32
Santa Cruz County	0854	91,563	32
		\$512,551	

REGION N			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Tulare	0058	\$21,900	32
Tulare County	0257	15,516	33
Fresno County	0281	47,100	33
Fresno County	0342	34,815	33
City of Fresno	0437	16,788	33
City of Fresno	0438	58,409	33
Fresno County	0458	61,432	33
Kern County	0536	98,286	33
City of Coalinga	0590	12,598	33
City of Visalia	0627	30,427	33
Tulare County	0661	26,619	33
Tulare County	0662	51,461	33
Kings County	0670	62,364	34
Fresno County	0730	134,836	34
City of Mendota	0792	3,242	34
City of Hanford	0798	17,507	34
Kern County	0822	3,750	34
City of Madera	0823	31,209	34
City of Fresno	0824	8,610	34
Tulare County	0827	71,925	34
Kings County	0828	45,800	34
City of Visalia	0830	11,849	34
Kern County	0840	5,328	34
City of California City	0843	6,060	34
City of Lindsay	0855	2,596	34
	0871	3,628	34
		\$884,055	

REGION O			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Inyo County	0553	\$19,485	35
Mono County	0634	7,000	35
Mono County	0693	8,521	35
		\$35,006	

REGION P			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
San Luis Obispo County	0403	\$14,939	35
City of Santa Barbara	0404	18,141	35
City of Santa Barbara	0409	41,600	35
Santa Barbara County	0412	55,190	35
City of Lompoc	0483	18,407	35
Santa Barbara County	0583	14,507	35
San Luis Obispo County	0616	27,478	36
Santa Barbara County	0674	50,000	36

Santa Barbara County	0744	23,000	36
San Luis Obispo County	0753	15,000	36
City of Arroyo Grande	0757	21,000	36
City of Lompoc	0773	18,997	36
City of Santa Barbara	0778	10,000	36
San Luis Obispo County	0794	22,500	36
		\$350,759	

REGION Q			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Ventura County	0075	\$75,000	36
Ventura County	0097	145,393	36
Ventura County	0397	84,280	36
Ventura County	0464	1,990	36
Ventura County	0482	55,170	36
City of Santa Paula	0548	34,512	37
Ventura County	0587	37,800	37
Ventura County	0650	96,766	37
Ventura County	0821	47,040	37
		\$577,951	

REGION R			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Los Angeles	0003	\$633,698	37
City of Los Angeles	0024	74,085	37
Los Angeles County	0031	45,000	37
City of Compton	0067	179,649	37
Los Angeles County	0068	1,641,427	37
Los Angeles County	0090	19,752	38
City of Glendora	0113	40,904	38
Los Angeles County	0124	45,735	38
City of Monrovia	0185	53,227	38
City of Long Beach	0201	28,394	38
City of Compton	0205	100,770	38
City of Hawthorne	0207	50,967	38
City of Inglewood	0226	80,341	38
City of La Mirada	0238	35,458	39
City of Whittier	0252	42,461	39
Los Angeles County	0272	171,101	39
Los Angeles County	0274	57,460	39
City of Glendale	0285	147,922	39
City of Monrovia	0325	96,169	39
City of Long Beach	0371	212,728	39
City of Culver City	0388	92,009	39
City of Los Angeles	0429	132,337	39
City of Beverly Hills	0432	64,700	39
City of Long Beach	0441	15,419	39
City of Long Beach	0453	44,866	40
Los Angeles County	0471	225,080	40
Los Angeles County	0484	62,699	40
City of Pasadena	0526	152,541	40
Los Angeles County	0533	111,309	40
City of Los Angeles	0543	329,610	40
City of Inglewood	0546	29,428	40
Los Angeles County	0551	145,224	40
City of Los Angeles	0558	313,977	40
City of Camarillo	0566	133,749	40
Los Angeles County	0578	1,205,213	41
City of Manhattan Beach	0585	39,057	41
City of Inglewood	0593	101,043	41
City of Los Angeles	0607	1,010,341	41
City of Lakewood	0617	89,224	41

Los Angeles County	0621	90,701	41
City of Glendale	0686	68,500	41
Los Angeles County	0689	119,440	41
City of Palmdale	0814	132,899	42
		\$8,466,614	

REGION S			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
City of Colton	0041	\$12,274	42
City of Montclair	0182	104,234	42
San Bernardino County	0199	39,913	42
City of San Bernardino	0213	48,705	42
City of Palm Springs	0405	68,358	42
City of Montclair	0428	12,986	42
Riverside County	0476	541,474	42
City of Montclair	0559	29,628	42
San Bernardino County	0623	179,511	42
Riverside County	0718	339	43
City of Ontario	0725	23,773	43
San Bernardino County	0751	339	43
City of Chino	0754	58,338	43
City of Corona	0764	27,240	43
City of Corona	0765	60,035	43
City of San Bernardino	0783	61,000	43
San Bernardino County	0803	62,479	43
		\$1,330,626	

REGION T			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Orange County	0605	\$117,780	43
Orange County	0606	678	43
City of Huntington Beach	0646	18,745	43
City of Huntington Beach	0648	94,000	43
Orange County	0665	720,000	44
Orange County	0782	45,923	44
Orange County	0806	59,866	44
Orange County	0807	119,744	44
City of Seal Beach	0849	33,378	44
		\$1,210,114	

REGION U			
Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
San Diego County	0110	\$22,367	44
San Diego County	0215	99,563	44
San Diego County	0259	112,830	44
San Diego County	0265	81,105	44
City of San Diego	0270	971,820	44
San Diego County	0389	87,660	45
San Diego County	0411	12,800	45
San Diego County	0414	128,746	45
San Diego County	0532	75,157	45
San Diego County	0589	300,000	45
San Diego County	0628	142,860	45
San Diego County	0677	200,018	45
San Diego County	0708	32,426	45
San Diego County	0712	167,000	45
San Diego County	0848	88,519	45
		\$2,522,871	

Appendix B / FUNDING BY LEAA FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES

Jan. 1 thru Dec. 31, 1971

STATE OF CALIFORNIA Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Regents of the University of California	0168	\$400,000	45
California Department of Justice	0174	599,604	46
UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute	0180	53,930	46
Regents of the University of California	0189	104,502	46
Human Relations Agency	0204	73,723	46
State Department of Justice	0366	49,546	46
California Youth Authority	0381	173,272	46
California Youth Authority	0416	6,440	46
California Department of Corrections	0427	80,856	47
Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training	0449	100,000	47
Judicial Council of California	0461	34,500	47
Judicial Council of California	0468	198,860	47
California Youth Authority	0474	942,833	47
California Military Department	0475	430,367	47
California Board of Corrections	0485	4,000	47
California Department of Justice	0495	85,951	47
UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute	0541	393,979	47
University of California at Berkeley	0555	46,384	47
Judicial Council of California	0556	25,000	47
Department of Corrections	0594	51,930	47
Department of Justice	0595	1,835,372	48
Regents of the University of California	0629	53,971	48
Judicial Council of California	0635	20,136	48
State Department of Justice	0687	7,148	48
Judicial Council of California	0720	38,480	48
State Department of Corrections	0742	410,000	48
State Board of Pharmacy	0756	119,588	48
State Department of Consumer Affairs	0769	24,070	49
Department of Justice	0865	201,865	49
		\$6,566,307	

OTHER AGENCIES

Grantee	Project Number	Total 1971 Grant	Page
Yuba College	0172	\$12,905	49
Transitions to Freedom, Inc., San Francisco	0212	23,340	49
Special Service for Groups, Inc., Los Angeles	0220	93,325	49
Sun Street Center, Salinas	0221	82,765	49
San Francisco YMCA	0240	160,527	49
San Mateo County Board of Education	0253	140,600	49
The Big Brothers Joint Council of Greater Los Angeles, Inc.	0264	85,000	49

Pacoima Memorial Lutheran Hospital	0293	91,706	50
Simi Valley Unified School District	0327	98,191	50
Elizabeth Fry Center, Inc.	0373	106,000	50
Youth For Service	0399	74,881	50
Intra-Mediales Corporation, Sacramento	0418	20,677	50
Oakland Unified School District	0421	75,119	50
American Justice Institute, Sacramento	0431	65,672	50
Tri-City Community Drug Council, Fremont	0445	40,569	50
Long Beach State College Foundation	0447	37,232	50
Yosemite Junior College District	0448	235,675	50
COMEX Research Project, USC School of Public Administration	0454	32,635	51
Seventh Step Foundation, Inc., Ventura County	0465	56,463	51
West Hollywood Crisis House	0466	36,789	51
San Mateo Union High School District	0467	148,825	51
Seventh Step Foundation of San Francisco	0469	43,551	51
Individuals Now, San Francisco	0480	35,595	51
X-Squared Foundation, Santa Clara County	0481	72,031	51
Humboldt Halfway House, Inc.	0491	17,709	51
San Mateo County Bar Association	0496	21,550	51
Richmond Unified School District	0499	145,850	51
Sacramento State College Foundation	0503	13,683	51
Los Angeles Psychiatric Service, Benjamin Rush Centers	0505	21,000	52
USC School of Public Administration	0544	112,973	52
San Diego State College Foundation	0569	27,260	52
North Bay Human Development Corporation, Santa Rosa	0571	4,200	52
Pico-Union Neighborhood Council, Los Angeles	0591	131,589	52
Special Service for Groups, Inc., Los Angeles	0601	61,774	52
California Public Defenders Association	0615	19,462	52
District Attorney and County Counsel Association	0630	20,000	52
Youth Conservation Project, San Fernando	0666	49,126	52
Judges, Marshals, and Constables Association	0729	4,730	52
Judges, Marshals, and Constables Association	0733	14,605	53
Defense Investigators Association, Inc.	0813	20,450	53
All Tribes Halfway House, Inc.	0818	32,283	53
Bay Area Rapid Transit District	0877	146,900	53

\$2,735,217

TOTAL 1971 PROJECT GRANTS **\$35,101,218**

A. UPGRADE LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL

		<i>Total of Grants</i>
1. Interdisciplinary Training Project Numbers: 0172, 0448, 0454, 0569, 0687		\$315,623
2. Training for Police Services Personnel Project Numbers: 0208, 0433, 0449, 0549, 0550, 0590, 0607, 0753, 0778, 0833, 0843		\$1,235,807
3. Training for Correctional Personnel Project Numbers: 0447, 0464, 0484, 0485		\$105,921
4. Training for Judicial System Personnel Project Numbers: 0189, 0496, 0544, 0555, 0556, 0615, 0630, 0634, 0729, 0733, 0813		\$396,656
5. Aid Criminal Justice Agencies in Recruiting and Retaining Qualified Personnel Project Numbers: 0041, 0160, 0205, 0226, 0438, 0514, 0834		\$424,139
		\$2,478,146

B. PREVENTION OF CRIME (INCLUDING PUBLIC EDUCATION)

		<i>Total of Grants</i>
1. Crime-Specific Prevention Project Numbers: 0097, 0204, 0482, 0553, 0585, 0713, 0756, 0769, 0814, 0848, 0849		\$827,043
2. Improve Law Enforcement Resources for Prevention of Crime Project Numbers: 0412, 0543, 0608, 0612, 0684, 0700, 0749		\$1,936,935
3. Increase Community Resources for Crime Prevention Project Number: 0675		\$64,397
4. Alcoholism Treatment Outside of the Police-Custodial System Project Numbers: 0221, 0222, 0505, 0828		\$214,737
		\$3,043,112

C. PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY

		<i>Total of Grants</i>
1. Develop and Improve Delinquency Prevention in the Community Project Numbers: 0168, 0215, 0220, 0240, 0248, 0253, 0264, 0274, 0281, 0285, 0293, 0306, 0321, 0325, 0327, 0347, 0388, 0403, 0421, 0426, 0480, 0486, 0492, 0493, 0499, 0500, 0533, 0548, 0560, 0570, 0575, 0591, 0601, 0611, 0617, 0628, 0666, 0669, 0670, 0683, 0690, 0696, 0701, 0730, 0773, 0807, 0821, 0850, 0856, 0874		\$4,299,000

2. Prevention of Drug Abuse Via Education and Treatment of Causes Project Numbers: 0143, 0185, 0188, 0201, 0207, 0213, 0238, 0252, 0255, 0291, 0414, 0444, 0445, 0459, 0466, 0467, 0524, 0529, 0532, 0580, 0616, 0656, 0657, 0662, 0702, 0797	\$1,617,040
3. Improve Law Enforcement Capacity to Prevent and Control Juvenile Delinquency Project Numbers: 0058, 0158, 0217, 0292, 0443, 0483, 0487, 0627, 0685, 0806, 0823	\$618,479
\$6,534,519	

D. IMPROVEMENT OF DETECTION AND APPREHENSION OF CRIMINALS

		<i>Total of Grants</i>
1. Improve Police Communications Project Numbers: 0270, 0371, 0394, 0437, 0522, 0537, 0562, 0609, 0647, 0648, 0665, 0694, 0754, 0764, 0794		\$2,486,535
2. Criminal Justice Information System Project Numbers: 0003, 0024, 0068, 0079, 0150, 0151, 0439, 0451, 0453, 0495, 0558, 0595, 0686, 0782, 0803		\$5,849,417
3. Crime Laboratory Improvement Project Numbers: 0424, 0513, 0658, 0692, 0865		\$243,026
4. Coordinate Law Enforcement Operations Among Jurisdictions Project Number: 0877		\$146,900
5. Upgrade Law Enforcement Equipment, Facilities, and Related Staff Project Numbers: 0182, 0404, 0428, 0509, 0536, 0539, 0589, 0623, 0632, 0649, 0650, 0655, 0725, 0757, 0780, 0792, 0822, 0824, 0827, 0840, 0855, 0871		\$1,394,848
		\$10,120,726

E. IMPROVE PROSECUTION, COURTS, AND LAW REFORM

		<i>Total of Grants</i>
1. Reduce Trial Court Delays Project Numbers: 0461, 0586, 0783		\$134,000
2. Upgrade and Standardize Judicial Practice Project Numbers: 0450, 0635, 0720, 0744		\$106,862
3. Improve Judicial Information Systems Project Number: 0468		\$198,860
4. Reduce Jail Time Awaiting Trial Project Number: 0731		\$159,684
5. Law Reform Project Numbers: none		-0-
		\$599,406

F. INCREASE EFFECTIVENESS OF CORRECTION AND REHABILITATION (INCLUDING PROBATION AND PAROLE)

Total of Grants

- 1. Provide Correctional Treatment in the Community Project Numbers: 0090, 0212, 0214, 0259, 0265, 0283, 0342, 0373, 0377, 0389, 0393, 0399, 0410, 0418, 0465, 0469, 0481, 0491, 0507, 0526, 0551, 0566, 0571, 0572, 0610, 0621, 0638, 0643, 0674, 0674, 0677, 0689, 0734, 0798, 0801, 0818, 0854\$2,851,379
 - 2. Improve and Expand Treatment Programs in Correctional Institutions Project Numbers: 0110, 0381, 0476, 0542, 0719, 0835\$1,450,943
 - 3. Increased Probation and Parole Effectiveness Project Numbers: 0199, 0257, 0272, 0313, 0375, 0391, 0427, 0474, 0525, 0563, 0574, 0583, 0600, 0667, 0693, 0705, 0742, 0830\$2,228,111
 - 4. Improved Correctional Information Systems Project Numbers: 0411, 0594 \$64,730
- \$6,595,163.

G. REDUCED ORGANIZED CRIME

Total of Grants

- 1. Improve Capacity to Contain and Reduce Organized Crime Activities Project Numbers: 0174, 0441, 0458, 0516, 0564, 0588, 0605, 0606, 0646, 0661, 0712, 0718, 0751\$1,364,886
 - 2. Improve Information Systems for Identifying and Combating Organized Crime Project Number: 0861 \$82,548
- \$1,447,434

H. PREVENT AND CONTROL RIOTS AND DISORDERS

Total of Grants

- 1. Information and Intelligence Systems to Prevent and Forecast Riots and Disorders Project Numbers: none -0-

- 2. Training and Deployment of Personnel to Prevent and Control Riots and Disorders Project Number: 0475 \$430,367
 - 3. Acquisition and Deployment of Riot Control Equipment Project Number: 0031 \$45,000
- \$475,367

I. IMPROVE COMMUNITY RELATIONS

Total of Grants

- 1. Development and Support of Community Education and Information in Criminal Justice Operations Project Numbers: 0075, 0096, 0405, 0457, 0488, 0506, 0559, 0568, 0682, 0695, 0765, 0789 \$547,702
 - 2. Increase Citizen Involvement in Criminal Justice Activities Project Numbers: 0067, 0113, 0366, 0593, 0597 \$423,901
- \$971,603

J. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT (INCLUDING EVALUATION)

Total of Grants

- 1. Criminal Justice Planning Project Numbers: 0397, 0471, 0508, 0545, 0546 \$449,521
 - 2. Evaluation of Program Effectiveness Project Numbers: 0416, 0429 \$138,777
 - 3. Develop Understanding of Crime Causes as a Means to Predict Crime and Treat Offenders Project Numbers: 0431, 0541 \$459,651
 - 4. Research to Improve the Operations of the Criminal Justice System Project Numbers: 0432, 0504, 0527, 0531, 0587, 0825 \$341,235
 - 5. Develop Improved Correctional / Rehabilitative Methods Project Numbers: 0124, 0180, 0503, 0629, 0708 \$199,745
 - 6. Research and Plan Criminal Justice Information Systems Project Numbers: 0409, 0578 \$1,246,813
- \$2,835,742

Appendix C / LISTING OF PROJECT DIRECTORS

REGION A

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0459	Waldo S. Cook Mendocino Mental Health Services Courthouse Ukiah, CA 95842
0509	E. L. Anderson, sheriff Lake County Sheriff's Office 375 3rd Street Lakeport, CA 95453
0527	Gene Cox, sheriff Humboldt County Sheriff's Department Humboldt County Courthouse Eureka, CA 95501
0537	Donn Saulsbury, chief of police Ukiah Police Department 280 E. Standley Ukiah, CA 95482
0700	Gene Cox, sheriff Humboldt County Sheriff's Department Humboldt County Courthouse Eureka, CA 95501
0833	Reno H. Barolomie, sheriff/coroner Mendocino County Sheriff's Department P.O. Box 745 Ukiah, CA 95482
0834	E. L. Anderson, sheriff Lake County Sheriff's Office 375 Third Street Lakeport, CA 95453
0835	Thomas W. Jondahl, chief of police Fort Bragg Police Department 416 Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437
0874	John Gurly, chief probation officer Del Norte County Probation Department Courthouse Crescent City, CA 95531

REGION B

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0487	Roy E. Toten, Jr., sergeant Shasta County Sheriff's Office P.O. Box 1600 Redding, CA 96001
0542	Jerry K. Grove Department of Public Works P.O. Box 1076 Alturas, CA 96101
0550	A. B. Cottar, sheriff/coroner Siskiyou County Sheriff's Office Yreka, CA 96097
0658	Terry E. Jones 412 W. Miner Street Yreka, CA 96097

REGION C

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0306	Terry W. Ashe, district director Paradise Recreation and Park District 6626 Skyway Paradise, CA 95969
0506	W. C. Abernethy, Jr., sheriff Plumas County Sheriff's Office P.O. Box 1106 Quincy, CA 95961
0513	Kenneth H. Leach, district attorney Butte County District Attorney's Office Courthouse Oroville, CA 95965
0657	Antonio Calarco, public health education director Butte County Health Department 2430 Bird Street Oroville, CA 95965
0682	Wesley R. Barrett, chief of police Oroville Police Department 1887 Arlin Rhine Drive Oroville, CA 95965
0850	Harold Wilsey, Jr., attorney 547 Market Colusa, CA 95932

REGION D

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0143	George Souza Sutter County Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Commission Sutter County Courthouse Yuba City, CA 95991
0158	Ronald Whitehead, director of youth services Davis Police Department 708 Third Street Davis, CA 95616
0208	Ernest Carlson, sheriff/coroner El Dorado County Sheriff's Office 495 Main Street Placerville, CA 95667
0283	Warren Thornton, probation officer Sacramento County Probation Department 720 Ninth Street Sacramento, CA 95814
0291	Herbert Bauer Yolo County Health Department 10 Cottonwood Street Woodland, CA 95695
0321	Harold M. Barnett Yuba-Sutter Youth Service Bureau P.O. Box 563 Yuba City, CA 95991
0375	Leroy Ford, probation officer Yolo County Probation Department P.O. Box 239 Woodland, CA 95695

0377 James H. Estabrook
The Aquarian Effort, Inc.
1239 Q Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

0391 Joseph Martin
4508 Parker Avenue
Sacramento, CA 95820

0507 Leroy Ford, probation officer
Yolo County Probation Department
318 W. Beamer Street
Woodland, CA 95695

0508 James P. Nance, lieutenant
Sacramento County Sheriff's Department
800 Seventh Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

0539 George B. Garcia, chief of police
Yuba City Police Department
816 Clark Avenue
Yuba City, CA 95991

0564 John T. Crow, lieutenant
South Lake Tahoe Police Department
P.O. Box 1210
South Lake Tahoe, CA 95705

0570 Ted L. Hoesman
Yolo County Youth Service Bureau
110 Sixth Street
Broderick, CA 95605

0572 Captane P. Thomson, M.D.
Mental Health Services
P.O. Box 1217
Woodland, CA 95695

0608 Thomas Stark, lieutenant
Sacramento Police Department
813 Sixth Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

0609 Ray Andreozzi, chief of police
Woodland Police Department
300 First Street
Woodland, CA 95695

0638 Sema Levinson
Family Service Agency
709 21st Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

0643 Thomas T. Barter, M.D.
Mental Health Services
2315 Stockton Blvd.
Sacramento, CA 95817

0797 County of Placer
Administrative Center
Auburn, CA 95603

0856 Warren Thornton, probation officer
Sacramento County Probation Department
720 Ninth Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

0861 Brian F. Collins, lieutenant
Sacramento County Sheriff's Department
800 Seventh Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

REGION E

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0096	Bella Aaron Police Community Relations Department Marin County Civic Center, Room 423 San Rafael, CA 94903
0255	Richard Hankins 218 E Street Santa Rosa, CA 95404
0450	Paul Ligda, public defender Solano County Public Defender's Office Hall of Justice 600 Union Street Fairfield, CA 94533
0457	Melvin F. Flohr, chief of police Santa Rosa Police Department P.O. Box 1678 Santa Rosa, CA 95403
0649	Clare R. Sallade, sergeant Vallejo Police Department P.O. Box 1031 Vallejo, CA 94590
0655	E. F. Wilkinson, inspector Sonoma County Sheriff's Department 2555 Mendocino Avenue Santa Rosa, CA 95401
0684	Ira Polonsky Solano County Mental Health Services 2417 Springs Road Vallejo, CA 94590
0695	Richard A. Baratta, chief of police Cloverdale Police Department 124 N. Cloverdale Blvd. Cloverdale, CA 95425
0701	Jerry Collins P.O. Box 969 Fairfield, CA 94533
0749	J. LaVerne Coppock, chief of police Fairfield Police Department 744 Empire Street, Room 210 Fairfield, CA 94533

REGION F

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0079	Donald M. Scott, chief of police San Francisco Police Department 850 Bryant Street San Francisco, CA 94103
0292	William J. Keays, captain San Francisco Police Department 850 Bryant Street San Francisco, CA 94103
0347	Leon Kaplan Youth Law Center 759 Turk Street San Francisco, CA 94102
0444	Walter Littrell Walden House, Inc. 101 Buena Vista East San Francisco, CA 94117

0586 William H. Nanry, court management analyst
Administrative Office of the Courts
455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 4200
San Francisco, CA 94102

0632 Donald M. Scott, chief of police
San Francisco Police Department
850 Bryant Street
San Francisco, CA 94103

0696 L. Ling-chi Wang
250 Columbus Avenue
San Francisco, CA 94133

0731 Kenneth C. L. Babb
Hall of Justice, Room 304
850 Bryant Street
San Francisco, CA 94103

REGION G

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0150	Stanley J. Swihart Walnut Creek Police Department 1649 N. Broadway Walnut Creek, CA 94596
0160	Loren Pheleps, chief of police Richmond Police Department Hall of Justice Richmond, CA 94804
0217	A. Leon LeRoy, sergeant Antioch Police Department P.O. Box 273 Antioch, CA 94509
0313	John A. Davis, probation officer County of Contra Costa County Administration Building, 10th Floor 651 Pine Street Martinez, CA 94553
0410	Paul S. Namkung United Pittsburg Drug Therapy Center 336 Black Diamond Street Pittsburg, CA 94565
0493	Thomas J. Cain 1900 Pleasant Hill Road Pleasant Hill, CA 94523
0562	Joseph J. Sheehan, chief of police Brentwood Police Department 708 Third Street Brentwood, CA 94513
0568	C. F. Flynn, chief of police Pittsburg Police Department 55 Civic Avenue Pittsburg, CA 94565
0580	William A. O'Malley, district attorney Courthouse P.O. Box 670 Martinez, CA 94553
0612	Loren Pheleps, chief of police Richmond Police Department Hall of Justice Richmond, CA 94804
0685	John A. Davis, probation officer County of Contra Costa County Administration Building, 10th Floor 651 Pine Street Martinez, CA 94553

0702 Robert Redfern, lieutenant
Concord Police Department
Willow Pass Road and Parkside Drive
Concord, CA 94520

0780 W. F. Young, sheriff/coroner
County of Contra Costa
County Administration Building, 10th Floor
651 Pine Street
Martinez, CA 94553

REGION H

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0248	Robert B. Evans 2220 University Avenue East Palo Alto, CA 94303
0424	Paul M. Dougherty, criminalist San Mateo County Sheriff's Office Hall of Justice and Records Redwood City, CA 94063
0488	Roland A. Petrocchi, chief of police Daly City Police Department 90th Street and Sullivan Avenue Daly City, CA 94015
0511	William M. Cann, captain San Bruno Police Department Civic Center San Bruno, CA 94066
0516	Earl B. Whitmore, sheriff San Mateo County Sheriff's Department Hall of Justice and Records Redwood City, CA 94063
0560	Ralph R. Rutley Youth Service Bureau 80 Eureka Square, Suite 219 Pacifica, CA 94044
0588	M. D. Tarshes, county manager County of San Mateo Hall of Justice and Records Redwood City, CA 94063
0600	Loren A. Beckley, chief probation officer San Mateo County Probation Department 21 Tower Road Belmont, CA 94002
0692	Earl B. Whitmore, sheriff San Mateo County Sheriff's Department Hall of Justice and Records Redwood City, CA 94063
0734	H. Richard Lamb, M.D. 220 W. 20th Avenue San Mateo, CA 94403

REGION I

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0394	Raymond Brown, deputy chief of police Oakland Police Department 455 Seventh Street Oakland, CA 94607
0439	Keith Bennett, assistant chief Hayward Police Department 22738 Mission Blvd. Hayward, CA 94541

0492 Joseph F. Hill, captain
Berkeley Police Department
Hall of Justice
Berkeley, CA 94703

0500 William R. Hudson
2713 San Pablo Avenue
Oakland, CA 94608

0504 John V. Fabbri, chief of police
Fremont Police Department
39710 Civic Center Drive
Fremont, CA 94538

0525 Robert Shaner, assistant chief probation officer
Alameda County Probation Department
400 Broadway
Oakland, CA 94607

0531 John V. Fabbri, chief of police
Fremont Police Department
39710 Civic Center Drive
Fremont, CA 94538

0574 Van E. Reimer, director of probation services
Alameda County Probation Department
2200 Plaza Drive
San Leandro, CA 94578

0597 John V. Fabbri, chief of police
Fremont Police Department
39710 Civic Center Drive
Fremont, CA 94538

0690 Walter Toney
Berkeley Recreation and Parks
1835 Allston Way
Berkeley, CA 94704

0713 William S. Morrison, chief of police
Newark Police Department
37101 Newark Blvd.
Newark, CA 94560

0719 Frank I. Madigan, sheriff
Alameda County Sheriff's Department
Courthouse
Oakland, CA 94612

REGION J

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0151	Howard W. Campen, county executive County of Santa Clara 70 W. Hedding Street, Room 614 San Jose, CA 95110
0222	Robert E. Quigley Alcoholism Information Center for Santa Clara 1500 Los Padres Blvd., Suite D Santa Clara, CA 95050
0524	J. Kennedy Barthelet, executive assistant Santa Clara County Executive Office 70 W. Hedding Street, Room 614 San Jose, CA 95110
0563	Robert E. Nino, chief probation officer Juvenile Probation Department 840 Guadalupe Parkway San Jose, CA 95110

811 Robert E. Nino, chief probation officer
Juvenile Probation Department
840 Guadalupe Parkway
San Jose, CA 95110

0647 John R. Moreno, chief of police
Morgan Hill Police Department
17599 Monterey Highway
Morgan Hill, CA 95037

0667 Walter D. Morse, adult probation officer
Santa Clara Adult Probation Department
110 E. Gish Road
San Jose, CA 95112

0669 John R. Moreno, chief of police
Morgan Hill Police Department
17599 Monterey Highway
Morgan Hill, CA 95037

0675 Charles T. Crabtree, captain
Sunnyvale Department of Public Safety
650 W. Olive Avenue
Sunnyvale, CA 94088

REGION K

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0214	James R. French, district superintendent Tracy Joint Union High School District 315 E. 11th Street Tracy, CA 95376
0426	William F. Guttieri 1205 N. San Joaquin Street Stockton, CA 95202
0451	Frank Harty, division chief San Joaquin County Sheriff's Department County Courthouse Stockton, CA 95202
0522	Norman W. Garrett, sheriff Mariposa County Sheriff's Office P.O. Box 276 Mariposa, CA 95338
0545	Marc Yates, chief of police Lodi Police Department 230 W. Elm Street Lodi, CA 95240
0549	Pat Hallford, district attorney Merced County District Attorney P.O. Box 2205 Merced, CA 95340
0575	William Lee, mayor City of Atwater Atwater City Hall Atwater, CA 95301
0656	Gary A. Morse Box 1231 Modesto, CA 95353
0705	William L. Jones, chief probation officer County of San Joaquin Courthouse, Room 501 Stockton, CA 95202

0789 Lamar Bartholomew
P.O. Box 642
Modesto, CA 95353

0801 Hewitt F. Ryan
Stanislaus County Mental Health Services
1024 J Street
Modesto, CA 95354

0825 John C. Keefe, city manager
City of Modesto
P.O. Box 642
Modesto, CA 95353

REGION L

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0188	Verna M. Nosker P.O. Box 531 Sonora, CA 95370

REGION M

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0393	Lee Toler 1189 Broadway Avenue Seaside, CA 93955
0433	Harry A. Hill San Benito County Sheriff's Office P.O. Box 700 Hollister, CA 95023
0443	Terry Mangan Seaside Police Department 440 Harcourt Avenue Seaside, CA 93955
0486	Gene England 969 Pacific Street Monterey, CA 93940
0529	Larry A. Burghardt Project Aquarius, Inc. 425 Jackson Street Monterey, CA 93940
0610	Elgie Bellizio 310 Capitol Street Salinas, CA 93901
0683	Jimmy Roy Young Adults for Action, Inc. 1189 Broadway Avenue Seaside, CA 93955
0694	Art McDole, director of communications County of Monterey P.O. Box 1883 Salinas, CA 93901
0854	Richard H. Svihus, M.D., county health officer County of Santa Cruz P.O. Box 962 Santa Cruz, CA 95060

REGION N

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0058	C. E. McGowen Tulare Police Department 415 E. Kern Street Tulare, CA 93274

0257 Merlin D. Winter, probation officer
County of Tulare
Civic Center, Room 206
Visalia, CA 93277

0281 Robert V. Allen
760 W. Nielsen
Fresno, CA 93706

0342 Benjamin Jones
1914 Fulton Street
Fresno, CA 93721

0437 H. R. Morton, chief of police
Fresno Police Department
2323 Mariposa Street
Fresno, CA 93721

0438 James E. Aldredge
Fresno Model Cities Program
25555 S. Elm Avenue
Fresno, CA 93706

0458 Melvin A. Willmirth, sheriff/coroner
Fresno County Sheriff's Department
P.O. Box 1788
Fresno, CA 93717

0536 Loren G. Fote, chief criminology deputy
Kern County Sheriff's Department
P.O. Box 2208
Bakersfield, CA 93303

0590 Kenneth M. Savage, Jr., dean of instruction
West Hills College
300 Cherry Lane
Coalinga, CA 93210

0627 Patrick Buie, detective sergeant
Juvenile Section
Visalia Police Department
Visalia, CA 93277

0661 Max Foster, chief criminal deputy
Tulare County Sheriff's Office
P.O. Box 510
Visalia, CA 93277

0662 Jay Clark, supervisor of instructional materials
Kings County Superintendent of Schools
Courthouse
Hanford, CA 93230

0670 David Tolladay
1925 Stratford Way
Hanford, CA 93230

0730 Wayne N. Jordan, director of secondary education
Fresno County Department of Education
2314 Mariposa Street
Fresno, CA 93721

0792 Silverio Sanchez, chief of police
Mendota Police Department
1675 Sixth Street
Mendota, CA 93640

0798 Richard Eckard
1626 E. Kern
Tulare, CA 93274

0822 Curtis L. Henderson, chief of police
Hanford Police Department
120 Court Street
Hanford, CA 93230

0823 Clifton Morris, probation officer
Kern County Probation Department
2005 Ridge Road
Bakersfield, CA 93305

0824 W. Horace Dowell, chief of police
Madera Police Department
205 W. Fourth Street
Madera, CA 93637

0827 H. R. Morton, chief of police
Fresno Police Department
2323 Mariposa Street
Fresno, CA 93721

0828 Margaret Fuad, chairman
Committee on Alcoholism
2610 Princeton Drive
Visalia, CA 93277

0830 Robert A. Kennedy, chief probation officer
Kings County Probation Department
Courthouse, Box C
Hanford, CA 93230

0840 Richard A. Bargeon, lieutenant
Visalia Police Department
Visalia, CA 93277

0843 Loren G. Fote, chief criminology deputy
Kern County Sheriff's Department
P.O. Box 2208
Bakersfield, CA 93303

0855 Leslie R. Howard, chief of police
California City Police Department
P.O. Box 2428
California City, CA 93505

0871 John W. Beene, chief of police
Lindsay Police Department
P.O. Box 369
Lindsay, CA 93247

REGION O

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0553	Floyd O. Barton, sheriff Inyo County Sheriff's Office 101 E. Market Independence, CA 93526
0634	Edward Denton, district attorney Mono County District Attorney's Office Courthouse Bridgeport, CA 93517
0693	Kenneth C. Scholl, probation officer Mono County Probation Department Courthouse Bridgeport, CA 93517

REGION P

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0403	Clinton W. Jones, Jr. 6475 Olmeda Avenue Atascadero, CA 93422
0404	C. G. Petrie, city administrator Santa Barbara City Hall Santa Barbara, CA 93101
0409	A. W. Trembly, chief of police Santa Barbara Police Department P.O. Box 539 Santa Barbara, CA 93102

0412 Peter J. Zanella, inspector
Santa Barbara Sheriff's Department
1105 Santa Barbara Street
Santa Barbara, CA 93102

0483 J. D. Smith, chief of police
Lompoc Police Department
117 South D Street
Lompoc, CA 93436

0583 Clifford C. Romer, chief probation officer
Santa Barbara County Probation Department
123 E. Anapamu Street
Santa Barbara, CA 93104

0616 Dr. R. G. Heckelman, coordinator of pupil personnel services
Lucia Mar Unified School District
538 Orchard Street
Arroyo Grande, CA 93420

0674 C. H. Hardin Branch, deputy director
Santa Barbara County Mental Health Service
4440 Calle Real
Santa Barbara, CA 93105

0744 Floyd C. Dodson, presiding judge
Superior Court
Courthouse
Santa Barbara, CA 93104

0753 Robert N. Tait, district attorney
County of San Luis Obispo
Courthouse Annex, Room 302
San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

0757 John R. Richardson, chief of police
Arroyo Grande Police Department
P.O. Box 550
Arroyo Grande, CA 93420

0773 Robert G. Thompson, director of curriculum
Lompoc Unified School District
P.O. Box H
Lompoc, CA 93436

0778 A. W. Trembly, chief of police
Santa Barbara Police Department
P.O. Box 539
Santa Barbara, CA 93102

0794 L. R. Mansfield, sheriff/coroner
San Luis Obispo Sheriff's Department
Courthouse, Room 400
San Luis Obispo, CA 93401

REGION Q

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0075	Loren Enoch, county executive Ventura County Courthouse 501 Poli Street Ventura, CA 93001
0097	Loren Enoch, county executive Ventura County Courthouse 501 Poli Street Ventura, CA 93001
0397	Loren Enoch, county executive Ventura County Courthouse 501 Poli Street Ventura, CA 93001

0464 John M. Chamberlain, chief of corrections
Ventura County Courthouse
501 Poli Street
Ventura, CA 93001

0482 Dr. Thomas Maxwell
3268 Luther Drive
Thousand Oaks, CA 91360

0548 Gordon G. Dahlberg, delinquency prevention officer
Ventura County Probation Department
Courthouse
501 Poli Street
Ventura, CA 93001

0587 Loren Enoch, county executive
Ventura County Courthouse
501 Poli Street
Ventura, CA 93001

0650 Loren Enoch, county executive
Ventura County Courthouse
501 Poli Street
Ventura, CA 93001

0821 Bruce D. Wheaton
4569 Grand Avenue
Ojai, CA 93023

REGION R

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0003	Robert B. Gaunt, deputy chief Los Angeles Police Department 150 N. Los Angeles Street, Room 602 Los Angeles, CA 90012
0024	J. DeCoup-Crank, sergeant Los Angeles Police Department 150 N. Los Angeles Street Los Angeles, CA 90012
0031	Peter J. Pitchess, sheriff Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department 211 W. Temple Street Los Angeles, CA 90012
0067	J. W. Start, acting chief of police Compton Police Department 100 W. Almond Street Compton, CA 90224
0068	Gordon F. Milliman 713 Hall of Administration 500 W. Temple Street Los Angeles, CA 90012
0090	Edward C. Boyle 627 S. Windsor Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90005
0113	O. B. Posey, chief of police Glendora Police Department 150 S. Glendora Avenue Glendora, CA 91740
0124	Peter J. Pitchess, sheriff Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department 211 W. Temple Street Los Angeles, CA 90012
0185	Howard M. DeYoung 315 S. Ivy Monrovia, CA 91016

0201 Miriam Smith
Youth Development Project, Inc.
2785 Pacific Avenue
Long Beach, CA 90806

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Compton Police Department
100 W. Almond Street
Compton, CA 90224

0207 Irwin H. Fields
Centinela Valley Union High School District
12227 S. Hawthorne Way
Hawthorne, CA 90250

0226 Jay R. Stroh, chief of police
Inglewood Police Department
105 E. Queen Street
Inglewood, CA 90301

0238 Johnna Moore
12820 S. Pioneer Blvd.
Norwalk, CA 90650

0252 Russell Vincent, assistant superintendent
East Whittier City School District
14535 E. Whittier Blvd.
Whittier, CA 90605

0272 Donald Loughery, division chief
Western Field Services
1725 Main Street
Santa Monica, CA 90404

0274 Kenneth E. Kirkpatrick, chief probation officer
Los Angeles County Probation Department
320 W. Temple Street, Room 540
Los Angeles, CA 90012

0285 Loyd White
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0325 Clarence M. Markham
213 E. Huntington Drive
Monrovia, CA 91016

0371 Richard L. Wolfe, captain
Long Beach Police Department
400 W. Broadway
Long Beach, CA 90802

0388 Jan Mennig, chief of police
Culver City Police Department
4040 Duquesne Avenue
Culver City, CA 90230

0429 Laurence Whitehead
316 W. Second Street, Room 404
Los Angeles, CA 90012

0432 Steven M. Neel, administrative assistant
Beverly Hills Police Department
450 N. Crescent Drive
Beverly Hills, CA 90210

0441 Raymond L. Henry, lieutenant
Long Beach Police Department
P.O. Box 20100
Long Beach, CA 90801

0453 Richard Wolfe, captain
Long Beach Police Department
P.O. Box 20100
Long Beach, CA 90801

0471 Peter J. Pitchess, sheriff
Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department
211 W. Temple Street
Los Angeles, CA 90012

0484 Herbert Kaplan
Department of Personnel
222 N. Grand Avenue
Los Angeles, CA 90012

0526 Marjorie Schnellinger
118 S. Oak Knoll Avenue
Pasadena, CA 91101

0533 Kenneth E. Kirkpatrick, chief probation officer
Los Angeles County Probation Department
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Los Angeles, CA 90012

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Los Angeles, CA 90012

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Inglewood, CA 90301

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Los Angeles, CA 90012

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Camarillo State Hospital
Camarillo, CA 93010

0578 Gordon F. Milliman
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714 W. Olympic Blvd., Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90015

0585 Alan J. Miller
507 Verano Place
Irvine, CA 92664

0593 Jay R. Stroh, chief of police
Inglewood Police Department
105 E. Queen Street
Inglewood, CA 90301

0607 Dale H. Speck, deputy chief
Los Angeles Police Department
150 N. Los Angeles Street
Los Angeles, CA 90012

0617 Dr. Joseph Cole
Department of Psychology
Cerritos College
11110 E. Alondra Blvd.
Norwalk, CA 90650

0621 Donald Loughery, division chief
Western Field Services
1725 Main Street
Santa Monica, CA 90401

0686 Duane R. Baker, chief of police
Glendale Police Department
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Glendale, CA 91206

0689 Arthur Will, chief administrative officer
Hall of Administration
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Los Angeles, CA 90012

0814 Lawrence W. Chimbole, mayor
City of Palmdale
827 East Avenue, Q-9
Palmdale, CA 93550

REGION S

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0041	Wayne C. Gamble, chief of police Colton Police Department 650 N. La Cadena Drive Colton, CA 92324
0182	Raymond L. McLean, chief of police Montclair Police Department P.O. Box 2308 Montclair, CA 91763
0199	Stewart C. Smith, chief probation officer San Bernardino County Probation Department 157 W. Fifth Street San Bernardino, CA 92401
0213	Billy Miller, sergeant Hall of Justice 453 N. Arrowhead Avenue San Bernardino, CA 92401
0405	Dr. Ralph E. Kellogg, assistant superintendent of education Palm Springs Unified School District 333 S. Farrell Drive Palm Springs, CA 92262
0428	Raymond L. McLean, chief of police Montclair Police Department P.O. Box 2308 Montclair, CA 91763
0476	John J. McCoy, chief deputy Riverside Sheriff's Department P.O. Box 512 Riverside, CA 92502
0559	Fred Drury Montclair Police Department P.O. Box 2308 Montclair, CA 91763
0623	Komer W. Dyal, chief inspector San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department P.O. Box 569 San Bernardino, CA 92403
0718	Robert B. Presley, undersheriff Riverside County Sheriff's Office 10th and Main Streets Riverside, CA 92502
0725	Stanley L. Maleski 200 N. Cherry Avenue Ontario, CA 91764
0751	Frank Bland, sheriff San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department P.O. Box 569 San Bernardino, CA 92403

0754 Frank V. Meehan, chief of police
Chino Police Department
P.O. Box 548
Chino, CA 91710

0764 William C. Heckert, police captain
Corona Police Department
813 W. Sixth Street
Corona, CA 91720

0765 Joseph W. Greer, chief of police
Corona Police Department
813 W. Sixth Street
Corona, CA 91720

0783 James M. Cramer, chief deputy district attorney
1050 W. Sixth Street
Ontario, CA 91762

0803 Robert D. Clinton, senior systems analyst
157 W. Fifth Street, 2nd Floor
San Bernardino, CA 92401

REGION T

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0605	Cecil Hicks, district attorney Orange County District Attorney's Office 700 Civic Center Drive West Santa Ana, CA 92701
0606	Cecil Hicks, district attorney Orange County District Attorney's Office 700 Civic Center Drive West Santa Ana, CA 92701
0646	Earle W. Robitaille, chief of police Huntington Beach Police Department P.O. Box 70 Huntington Beach, CA 92648
0648	Earle W. Robitaille, chief of police Huntington Beach Police Department P.O. Box 70 Huntington Beach, CA 92648
0665	R. I. Morris Department of Transportation and Communication 445 Civic Center Drive West Santa Ana, CA 92701
0782	R. W. Luxembourger, captain Orange County Sheriff's Department 550 N. Flower Street Santa Ana, CA 92703
0806	Betty Delaney, community coordinator Orange County Probation Department 301 S. Manchester Avenue Orange, CA 92668
0807	Margaret C. Grier, chief probation officer Orange County Probation Department 301 S. Manchester Avenue Orange, CA 92668
0849	Lee S. Case, chief of police Seal Beach Police Department 717 Central Avenue Seal Beach, CA 90740

REGION U

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0110	Frank C. Woodson Department of Honor Camps Bldg. 6, 5555 Overland Avenue San Diego, CA 92123
0215	Thomas F. Murphy, supervising probation officer San Diego County Probation Department 2901 Meadow Lark Drive San Diego, CA 92123
0259	Val Hoy 1196 Broadway San Diego, CA 92101
0265	Kenneth F. Fare, chief probation officer San Diego County Probation Department 2901 Meadow Lark Drive San Diego, CA 92123
0270	William M. Simons, director of data processing City Administration Building Community Concourse San Diego, CA 92101
0389	Kenneth R. Cilch P.O. Box 8097 San Diego, CA 92102
0411	Edgar N. Brown Community Welfare Council 520 E Street San Diego, CA 92101
0414	C. Russell Henzie Health Services Department 2716 Marcy Street San Diego, CA 92113
0532	Marian T. Bryant, assistant director of public health San Diego County Department of Health 3067 Fifth Avenue San Diego, CA 92103
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0712	Wayne A. Burgess, chief investigator Office of District Attorney 220 W. Broadway San Diego, CA 92101
0848	Charles McLaughlin State Bureau of Narcotics Enforcement 1350 Front Street San Diego, CA 92101

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0168	Charles N. Quigley, program specialist Committee on Civic Education University of California, Los Angeles 405 Hilgard Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90024
0174	Charles E. Casey Organized Crime Unit California Department of Justice P.O. Box 608 Sacramento, CA 95803
0180	J. Thomas Ungerleider, M.D. UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute 760 Westwood Plaza Los Angeles, CA 90024
0189	William H. Levit, Superior Court Judge Courthouse Los Angeles, CA 90012
0204	William B. Skelton State Office of Narcotics and Drug Abuse Coordi- nation 915 Capitol Mall, Room 200 Sacramento, CA 95814
0366	June Sherwood Office of Crime Prevention and Community Rela- tions 600 State Building 277 W. First Street Los Angeles, CA 90012
0381	Jack Robberson, correctional case work training supervisor Preston School of Industry Ione, CA 95640
0416	George Davis California Youth Authority 714 P Street Sacramento, CA 95814
0427	Lawrence A. Bennett, chief of research California Department of Corrections 714 P Street, Room 740 Sacramento, CA 95814
0449	Gene S. Muehleisen, executive officer Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training 714 P Street, Room 1508 Sacramento, CA 95814
0461	William Nanry, Jr., court management analyst Administrative Office of the Courts 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 4200 San Francisco, CA 94102
0468	I. J. Shain, research director Administrative Office of the Courts 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 4200 San Francisco, CA 94102
0474	Harry R. Wilson Rehabilitation Services California Youth Authority 714 P Street Sacramento, CA 95814
0475	Col. Robert E. Johnson, Sr., chief officer of Emergency Plans and Operations California Military Department P.O. Box 8143 Sacramento, CA 95818

0485	James M. Hall Board of Corrections State Office Building No. 1, Room 200 915 Capitol Mall Sacramento, CA 95814
0495	W. H. Hutchins, assistant chief Bureau of Criminal Statistics 3301 C Street Sacramento, CA 95816
0541	J. Thomas Ungerleider, M.D. UCLA Neuropsychiatric Institute 760 Westwood Plaza Los Angeles, CA 90024
0555	Guy O. Kornblum, assistant dean and professor of law Hastings College of Law 198 McAllister Street San Francisco, CA 94102
0556	I. J. Shain, research director Administrative Office of the Courts 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 4200 San Francisco, CA 94102
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0635	I. J. Shain, research director Administrative Office of the Courts 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 4200 San Francisco, CA 94102
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0742	E. Reimer, chief of Parole and Community Services Division California Department of Corrections 714 P Street, Room 692 Sacramento, CA 95814
0756	Fred A. Willyerd, assistant executive secretary California State Board of Pharmacy 1020 N Street, Room 400 Sacramento, CA 95814
0769	Jay Davis Catherine Hightower 1020 N Street, Room 520 Sacramento, CA 95814
0865	Fred H. Wynbrandt, supervising criminalist Department of Justice P.O. Box 1859 Sacramento, CA 95809

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PROJECT NUMBER	PROJECT DIRECTOR
0172	Ronald J. Trethric, coordinator of police science Yuba College Beale Road and Linda Avenue Marysville, CA 95901
0212	Mark G. Dowie 2160 Lake Street San Francisco, CA 94121
0220	Tony DeLaTorre 2325 S. Seaman Avenue South El Monte, CA 91733
0221	Martin H. Dodd 8 Sun Street Salinas, CA 93901
0240	LeRoy V. Jones YMCA of San Francisco 1530 Buchanan Street San Francisco, CA 94115
0253	Douglas W. Beauchamp 555 Veterans Blvd., Room 107 Redwood City, CA 94063
0264	Milton L. Goldberg 590 N. Vermont Los Angeles, CA 90004
0293	Arthur Cohen 11611 Eldridge Avenue Lake View Terrace, CA 91342
0327	Shayle Uroff Simi Valley Unified School District 875 E. Cochran Simi, CA 93065
0373	Thomas W. Nelson Elizabeth Fry Center, Inc. P.O. Box 19666 Los Angeles, CA 90019
0399	Percy Pinkney 66 Third Street San Francisco, CA 94103
0418	Marcia McMaster 792 State Office Building No. 8 Seventh and P Streets Sacramento, CA 95814
0421	Leroy Scott Oakland Unified School District 1025 Second Avenue, Room 309 Oakland, CA 94606
0431	Carl F. Jesness Northern California Reception Clinic 3001 Ramona Avenue Sacramento, CA 95826
0445	John Baker Tri-City Community Drug Council P.O. Box 1727 Fremont, CA 94538
0447	Dr. George T. Felkenes, chairman Department of Criminology California State College 6101 E. Seventh Street Long Beach, CA 90801
0448	Jack McArthur, chairman Police Science Department Modesto Junior College Modesto, CA 95350
0454	Richard T. McGinty COMEX Research Project University of Southern California Los Angeles, CA 90007
0465	Arlene Kaufman 401 W. Campbell Way Oxnard, CA 93030
0466	Kenneth D. Morton 7267 Franklin Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90046
0467	Dr. E. T. Walsh San Mateo Union High School District 650 N. Delaware Street San Mateo, CA 94401
0469	Edward F. Snell The Seventh Step Foundation 618 Market Street, Suite 730 San Francisco, CA 94105
0480	Alan Strachan 218 E Street Santa Rosa, CA 95404
0481	Jerry Rooney X-Squared Foundation of Santa Clara County 155 S. 11th Street San Jose, CA 95113
0491	James L. Worthen Humboldt Halfway House, Inc. 3631 F Street Eureka, CA 95501
0496	John J. Cleary San Mateo County Bar Association P.O. Box 1278 Redwood City, CA 94064
0499	Marcelline Mansir Susan Johnson Gompers High School 157 Ninth Street Richmond, CA 94801
0503	Dorothy Zietz, professor School of Social Work Sacramento State College 6000 J Street Sacramento, CA 95819
0505	Martin Strickley Los Angeles Psychiatric Services 8770 Whitworth Drive Los Angeles, CA 90035
0544	David Mars, director School of Public Administration University of Southern California 3601 S. Flower Street Los Angeles, CA 90007
0569	Robert F. Wilcox School of Public Administration and Urban Studies San Diego State College San Diego, CA 92115
0571	George L. Ortiz 2462 Mendocino Avenue Santa Rosa, CA 95401
0591	Daniel Montoya, park director Pico-Union Neighborhood Council 935 W. Venice Blvd. Los Angeles, CA 90015

0601	Howard Jackson Bassett Youth Service Bureau 915 N. Orange Avenue La Puente, CA 91745	0733	Richard Eldred, Judge P.O. Box JC Pacific Grove, CA 93950
0615	Wilbur Littlefield Defenders' Association 402 Hall of Justice Los Angeles, CA 90012	0813	Neil Oudejans Defense Investigators Association 350 W. Mission Blvd., Room 108 Pomona, CA 91766
0630	John M. Price, district attorney Courthouse, Room 301 Sacramento, CA 95814	0818	William Montgomery 331 19th Avenue San Francisco, CA 94121
0666	Gerardo Martinez 111 Hagar Street San Fernando, CA 91340	0877	R. M. Lindsey, security officer Bay Area Rapid Transit District 814 Mission Street San Francisco, CA 94103
0729	Richard Eldred, judge P.O. Box JC Pacific Grove, CA 93950		

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... to be a catalyst in the reduction of crime in California by assisting all criminal justice agencies in planning for the future, by acting as a clearinghouse and creator of projects for improved methods of preventing crime and returning offenders safely to society, and by marshaling resources to make Californians safe from crime in their streets, neighborhoods, and countryside.



CALIFORNIA COUNCIL ON CRIMINAL JUSTICE

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City of Fullerton

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California Youth Authority

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Raymond K. Procnier
Director
Department of Corrections

Alan Sieroty
California State Assemblyman

Raymond C. Simon
Councilman
City of Modesto

Harold W. Sullivan
Commissioner
California Highway Patrol

Charles Warren
California State Assemblyman

END