

DRUG TREATMENT

Table 40. One-Day Census of Clients in Treatment, by Facility Service Orientation, 1980–98

	Free standing substance abuse treatment ¹	Mental health services ²	Physical health services ³	Other community services and settings ⁴	Correctional settings and services ⁵	Total
1980	250,378	106,157	57,365	62,860	12,143	488,903
1982	216,123	107,653	60,197	69,456	9,983	463,412
1984	346,980	139,411	107,167	63,426	13,303	670,279
1987	368,775	99,184	79,889	56,841	9,434	614,123
1989	455,970	120,063	81,063	73,663	14,196	734,955
1990	449,212	137,690	73,362	81,493	26,082	767,829
1991	493,967	140,895	71,004	66,683	39,270	811,819
1992	594,269	161,949	103,591	54,413	30,658	944,880
1993	565,293	150,519	94,368	95,682	37,368	944,208
1995	459,525	255,282	170,989	31,675	91,656	1,009,127
1996	514,265	189,853	120,015	38,382	77,626	940,14
1997	479,184	225,777	125,061	39,467	59,597	929,086
1998*	581,119	262,536	145,901	39,316	109,130	1,138,002

* Preliminary data

¹ Free-standing substance abuse treatment includes facilities that provide no medical or mental health services other than substance abuse treatment.

² Mental health settings and services include psychiatric hospitals and community mental health centers or other mental health facilities that provide a range of mental health services in addition to substance abuse treatment.

³ Physical health settings and services include hospitals and community health centers that provide medical services in addition to substance abuse treatment. These facilities may also provide mental health services.

⁴ Community settings and services are community or religious agencies or organizations that provide social services in addition to substance abuse treatment. Schools are included in this category.

⁵ Criminal justice system includes jails, prisons, juvenile detention facilities, TASC pretrial diversion, court referral, probation, parole, community corrections, and drug courts.

Note: Changes in data collection methods include: 1) Prior to 1992, no attempt was made to adjust for survey non-response. Beginning in 1992, survey non-respondents were contacted to obtain a minimum data set. This is reflected in larger and more consistent numbers of clients. 2) The number of possible responses to the 'Facility service orientation' question increased from 7 in 1980 to 16 in 1998. Beginning in 1995, facilities were permitted to select more than setting. While this table summarizes facility service orientation in broad categories, some misclassification is possible. 3) Prior to 1995, facilities providing programs for DUI/DWI offenders could not be distinguished. In 1995 and 1996, these facilities were identified and classified in the above table as 'Correctional settings'. 2) In 1997 only, facilities providing programs for DUI/DWI offenders did not complete the full survey, and did not provide client counts.

Source: Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Office of Applied Studies. *National Drug and Alcoholism Treatment Unit Survey (NDATUS) 1980-1993*; Uniform Facility Data Set Survey (UFDS), 1995-98.