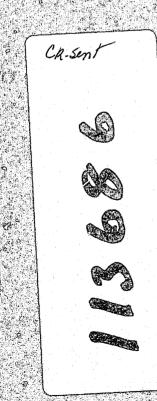
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July 1988

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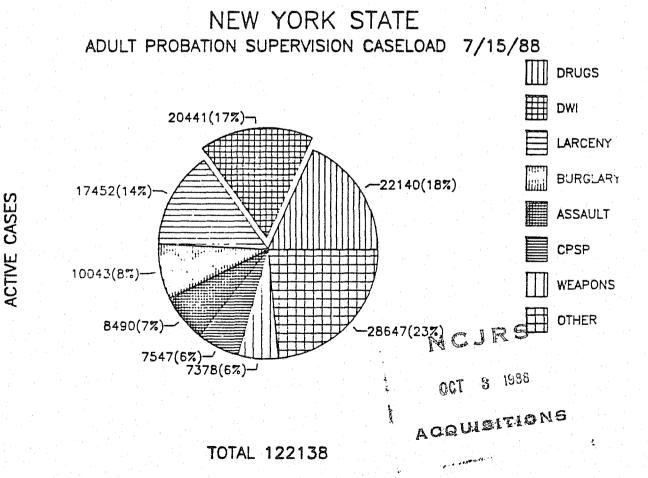
New York State Division of Probation and Correctional Alternatives

Alcohol and Substance Abuse Unit Six Month Update

The first six months of 1988 have brought about several changes:

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- o For our Unit, a name change which reflects our focus on polyabuse. The Alcohol and Substance Abuse Unit.
- o For the first time, statewide, the adult drug caseload has outnumbered the adult alcohol caseload - Drugs 22,140 (18%); Alcohol 20, 441 (17%).



On November 1, 1988 Chapter 47 of the Laws of 1988 will reflect action taken by the Governor on April 13, 1988 - the recodification of the Vehicle and Traffic Law (V&T) pertaining to alcohol and drug related offenses - Article 31, sections 1192 to 1197. [The OLD Article 31 - Reckless Driving and Driving While in an Intoxicated Condition. The NEW Article 31 - Alcohol and Drug Related Offenses and Procedures Applicable Thereto.] The recodification places, in one article, all the various sections that previously were spread throughout the V&T Law.

### Training

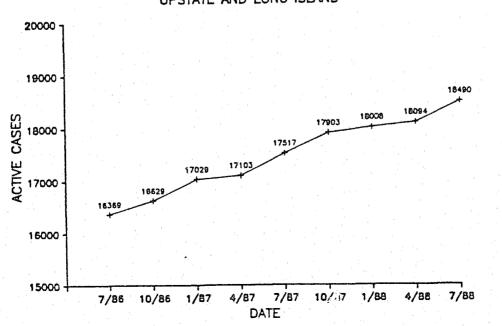
The first six months of 1988 has seen the completion of our training efforts with the Division of Substance Abuse Services (DSAS) via Narcotic and Drug Research Inc. (NDRI). As noted in our last report (January 1988) the "Overview of Substance Abuse" course was presented statewide. The four-day training was well received and the 275 participants (Probation and Alternative Field Staff) found it to be informative and beneficial.

The coordinated training efforts between the Division of Probation and Correctional Alternatives (DPCA) and the Division of Alcoholism and Alcohol Abuse (DAAA) will be terminating in September of this year. Approximately 1,700 probation officers have been part of this three-year educational program (Modules I, II, and III). We wish to thank DAAA for their efforts in providing this valuable training to probation, statewide.

A further product of this cooperative effort is the Alcoholism Resource Manual for Probation Officers to be distributed later this year.

### Trend Continues

Since our last report in January, the DWI caseload has shown its steady growth in Upstate and Long Island. Another 482 cases have been added to the caseload; up 3%.



DWI PROBATION CASELOAD INCREASES UPSTATE AND LONG ISLAND

### Statistical Update

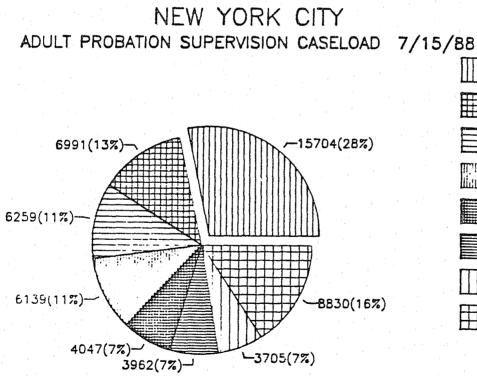
ų,

There were 122,138 cases on probation supervision on 7/15/88 according to our Probation Registrant System (PRS). Of that number 20,441 (17%) were on probation for DWI. The felony cases for DWI represent 41%; while the misdemeanor cases represent 59%.

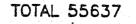
Upstate and Long Island DWI make up 28% of the adult caseload (N=18,490). The Long Island Counties constitute 34% of that number.

### New York City Profile

Drugs continue to be the number one crime category in New York City. Since January, the number has increased by 4,000 cases  $(1/15/88 \ 11,704 \ - \ 7/15/88 \ 15,705)$ , an increase of 25%. DWI cases in New York City remains at 4% of the total caseload.







### Alcohol Abuse Survey

The Alcohol Abuse Survey has been completed. The report is now in draft form. We anticipate its distribution shortly. We believe the information contained will be beneficial to departments and/or agencies in evaluating and developing their program plans in the area of DWI and alcohol related offenses.

The Unit also has completed its report on 1987 DWI Rearrest Data. A copy of the report is attached to this update.

### Conferences

The Unit staff attended two conferences during this period. The first was sponsored by the Department of Motor Vehicles - The Second Annual Traffic Safety Conference. It was held in Bolton Landing at the Sagamore Hotel in April.

The conference covered a number of issues relating to highway safety such as drugged driving; pedestrian safety, enforcement (alcohol related, i.e., the 21 drinking age, 55 MPH limit and interlock) and legislature initiatives.

Ms. Marita Re from Hamilton County, Ohio, participated on the enforcement panel and discussed the ignition interlock as a deterrent to DWI cases on probation. Ms. Re's program is relatively new (a little over a year old). She indicated that the concept of the interlock program has been helpful but they are still working out the bugs. The program is to produce an evaluation component upon completion. Ms. Re is optimistic. We will keep you updated.

The second conference in June was held in Rochester, New York, and put on by the Division of Substance Abuse Services. The program issues related to AIDS; certification of counselors; new Rules and Regulations as well as other topical areas of interest regarding drugs.

### NYSID Numbers and DWI

The Unit has compiled a brief report that shows the status of DWI cases, those printed (NYSID number) and those that are not compared to other cases. What we have discovered is that of the 25,593 cases sentenced to probation from 1/88 to 6/88, 4% had no NYSID number (N=896). The new DWI cases numbered 4,444; of that number 111 (2.5%) had no NYSID number reported.

The MIS Unit of DPCA continues to alert counties, statewide, about those cases that do not have a NYSID #. The low percentages reflect their effort, as well as the local counties efforts, in maintaining an accurate database.

## Ignition Interlock Bill

Mr. Edmund B. Wutzer, State Director of Probation and Correctional Alternatives, testified on February 10, 1988 at a public hearing before the Joint Assembly Standing Committee on Transportation, Assembly Standing Committee on Codes, and Assembly Standing Committee on Alcohol and Drug Abuse. The testimony was in support of Ignition Interlock Devices.

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The Assembly has passed its amended Bill (Bill #8701) to sponsor a pilot program to test and evaluate ignition interlock devices. [The Bill passed the Assembly in August 1988]. The Senate must now take action it when it returns in the Fall.

We in the Unit are excited by the progress of the Bill and look forward to its becoming law. We see it as another tool for the line probation officer to be utilized in supervising the DWI offender.

### Felony DWI Convictions

As noted earlier in this report, an examination of the DWI cases on probation show 41% to be felony convictions and 59% to be misdemeanor convictions.

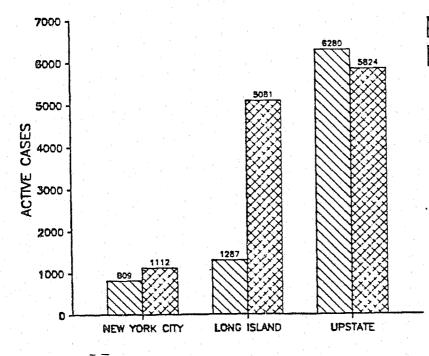
Examined by region, the results are as follows:

	% Felony	% Misdemeanor
New York City	42	58
Long Island	20	80
Upstate	52	48

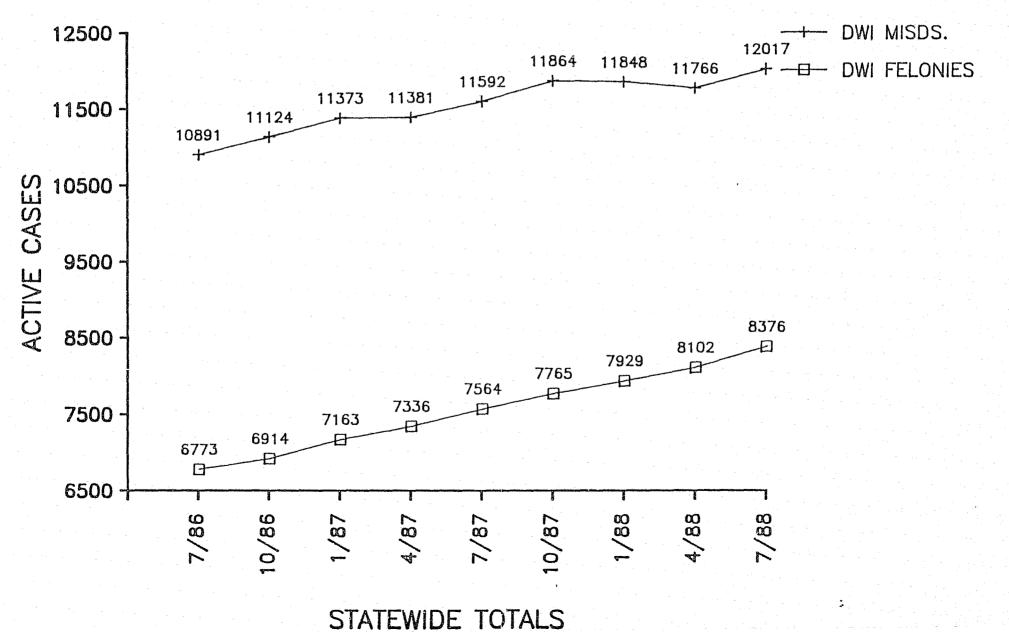
## PROBATION DWI FELONY / MISD. COMPARISON AS OF JULY 15, 1988

FELONY

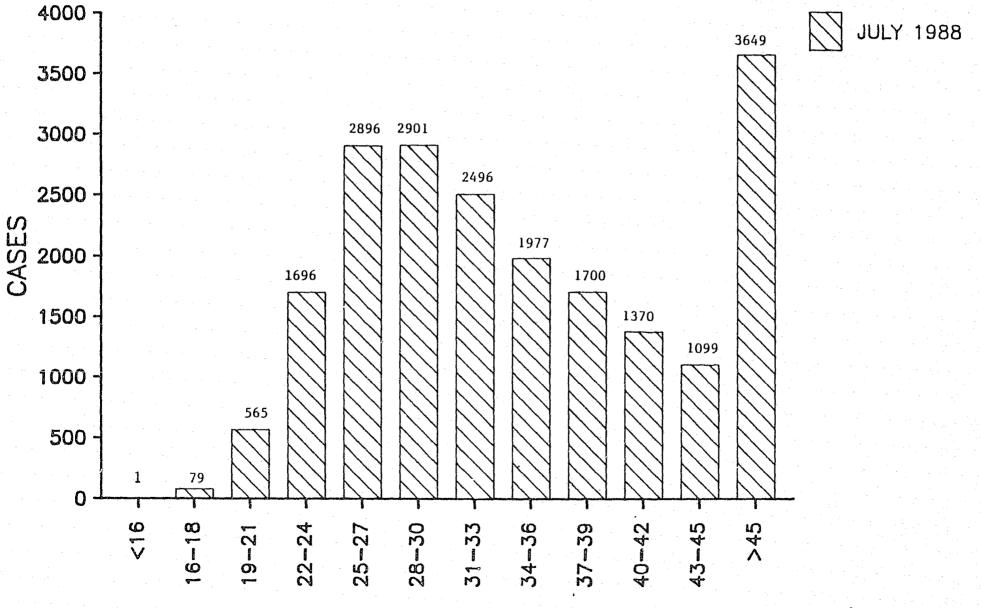
MISDEMEANOR



# DWI PROBATION SUPERVISION CASELOAD FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR COMPARISON



# DWI Probation Supervision Caseload by Age AS OF JULY 1988



AGE

# LEADING PROBATION CRIME CATEGORIES

## CENTRAL REGION

		<u>1st</u>		<u>2nd</u>		<u>3rd</u>		4th	
Broone		DwI	312	Larceny	240	Burglary	194	Drugs	106
Cherrung		DWI	223	Larceny	165	Burglary	143	Assault	76
Chenango	:	Larceny	59	DWI	<b>5</b> 8	Sex	20	Burglary	15
Cortland		Dk/I	64	Larceny	46	Sex	28	Burglary	24
Delaware		Larceny	33	Assault	21	Burglary	20	DWI	19
Herkimer		Dw'I	67	Larceny	29	Sex	27	Burglary	25
Jefferson		D⊬I	132	Burglary	88	Larceny	82	Theft	54
Lewis		Dk'I	41	Sex	18	Larceny	17	Drugs	11
Madison		D₩I	138	Larceny	50	Burglary	46	Sex	30
Oneida		Dh'I	357	Burglary	213	Larceny	183	Assault	<u>99</u>
Onondaga	1	Dw'I	897	Larceny	373	Burglary	342	Drugs	222
Oswego		Dh'I	181	Larceny	131	Burglary	78	Sex	<u>33</u>
Otsego		Larceny	48	DWI	41	Drugs	25	Burglary	23
Schuyler		Dw'I	28	Burglary	16	Larceny	15	Sex	8
Tioga	, ,	DWI	82	Larceny	35	Burglary	26	Sex	_25
Tampkins		Dw'I	89	Larceny	<b>6</b> 8	Burglary	<b>6</b> 6	Theft	40

## NORTH/EASTERN REGION

	<u>1st</u>		<u>2nd</u>		<u>3rd</u>		4th	
Albany	DvI	437	Assault	427	Larceny	418	Drugs	<b>3</b> 35
Clinton	Dwi	173	Larceny	117	Burglary	57	Assault	45
Columbia	Larceny	60	DWI	46	Assault	31	Crim. Mis	. 30
Dutchess	DwI	529	Larceny	314	Burglary	199	Drugs	133
Essex	Burglary	29	Larceny	27	DWI	21	Theft	14
Franklin	Dw1	51	Burglary	48	Larceny	31	Drugs	28
Fulton	Larceny	93	Burglary	63	DWI	51	Drugs	39
Greene	Dwi	41	Larceny	37	Burglary	24	Theft	19
Hamilton	Burglary	8	DWI	3	Larceny	3	Sex	2
Montgamery	Dw'I	88	Burglary	42	Drugs	32	Larceny	28

7/15/88

# LEADING PROBATION CRIME CATEGORIES

# NORTH/EASTERN REGION (continued)

	<u>1</u>	<u>st</u>	<u>2nd</u>		<u>3rd</u>		<u>4th</u>	
Orange	DWI	546	Larceny	<b>2</b> 51	Drugs	242	Burglary	209
Putnam	DWI	249	Drugs	75	Larceny	<b>4</b> 5	Burglary	33
Rensselaer	DwI	259	Larceny	166	Burglary	145	Assault	101
Rockland	DWI	396	Larceny	173	Urugs	172	Burglary	130
St. Lawrence	DWI	110	Burglary	83	Larceny	74	Theft	<b>3</b> 8
Saratoga	Dw1	159	Larceny	<b>6</b> 8	Burglary	<b>5</b> 5	Drugs	50
Schenectady	DWI	177	Larceny	148	Burglary	115	Drugs	81
Schoharie	DWI	37	Larceny	24	Burglary	19	Theft	15
Sullivan	DWI	277	Larceny	131	Burglary	105	Theft	57
ปรter	DWI	276	Larceny	120	Burglary	107	Drugs	72
Warren	DWI	61	Larceny	<b>4</b> 7	Burglary	24	Assault	23
Mashington	DWI	81	Larceny	31	Sex	28	Assault	22

# WESTERN REGION

	<u>1</u>	st	<u>2nd</u>		<u>3rd</u>		<u>4th</u>
Allegany	Dwi	<b>4</b> 9	Larceny	43	Burglary	23	Crim. Mis. 21
Cattaraugus	DWI	131	Larceny	<b>6</b> 0	Burglary	48	<b>Sex 2</b> 5
Cayuga	Dv'I	87	Burglary	36	Larceny	35	Sex 28
Chautauqua	DWI	<b>9</b> 6	Larceny	95	Burglary	88	Theft 49
Erie	DWI	<b>9</b> 78	Larceny	581	Drugs	<b>4</b> 04	Theft 308
Genesee	DWI	165	Larceny	72	Burglary	43	Assault 28
Livingston	Dw'I	169	Larceny	80	Burglary	55	Crim. Mis. 24
Monroe	DWI	1,480	Larceny :	1,146	Assault	412	Drugs 388
Niagara	DWI	288	Larceny	213	Drugs	104	Burglary 90
Ontario	DWI	211	Burglary	<b>6</b> 6	Larceny	56	Sex 35
Orleans	DwI	97	Larceny	57	Burglary	41	Assault 35
Seneca	DWI	63	Burglary	23	Larceny	16	Sex 10
Steuben	Dw'I	137	Burglary	76	Larceny	72	Crim. Mis. 26

7/15/88

### LEADING PROBATION CRIME CATEGORIES

7/15/88

## WESTERN' REGION (continued)

<u>1st</u>	<u>2nc</u>	<u>j</u>	3rd		4th
DWI 19	8 Burglary	/ 81	Larceny	62	Sex 34
DWI 6	57 Burglary	/ 27	Larceny	25	Crim. Mis. 16
Dw'I 4	0 Larceny	31	Burglary	26	Sex 14
	METH	OPOLITAN REGIO	ON		
<u>1st</u>	<u>2nc</u>	<u>1</u>	3rd		4th
Dw1 2,75	3 Larceny	1,450	Drugs	1,136	Assault 55
DWI 3,61	7 Larceny	1,286	Drugs	820	Burglary 72
Drugs 1,29	0 Larceny	1,099	DWI	1,067	Burglary 54
Drugs 15,70	A Larceny	6,991	Robbery	6,259	Weapons 6,13
	DWI 19   DWI 6   DWI 4   DWI 2,75   DWI 2,75   DWI 3,61   Drugs 1,25	DWI196BurglaryDWI67BurglaryDWI40LarcenyMETHMETH1st2ncDWI2,753LarcenyDWI3,617LarcenyDrugs1,290Larceny	DWI 196 Burglary 81   DWI 67 Burglary 27   DWI 40 Larcenv 31   METROPOLITAN REGI 1 2nd   DWI 2,753 Larcenv 1,450   DWI 2,753 Larceny 1,450   DWI 3,617 Larceny 1,286   Drugs 1,290 Larceny 1,099	DWI196Burglary81LarcenyDWI67Burglary27LarcenyDWI40Larcenv31BurglaryDWI40Larcenv31BurglaryMETROPOLITAN REGION31Burglary1st2nd3rdDWI2,753Larcenv1,450DWI3,617Larceny1,286DrugsDrugs1,290Larceny1,099DWI	Dwl 196 Burglary 81 Larceny 62   Dwl 67 Burglary 27 Larceny 25   Dwl 40 Larceny 31 Burglary 26   Dwl 40 Larceny 31 Burglary 26   Dwl 40 Larceny 31 Burglary 26   METROPOLITAN REGION Ist 2nd 3rd 3rd   Dwl 2,753 Larceny 1,450 Drugs 1,136   Dwl 2,753 Larceny 1,286 Drugs 820   Drugs 1,290 Larceny 1,099 Dwl 1,067

### Interesting Information

There are 62 counties statewide; DWI is the first crime category in 49 of the counties; the second crime category in 2 of the counties; the third crime category in 3 counties and the fourth crime category in 1 of the counties. Thus, of the 62 counties, DWI strongly impacts 89% of the counties. Drug cases are the first crime category in 6 counties; the second crime category in 1 county; the third crime category in 8 counties; and the fourth in eleven counties. Thus, of the 62 counties, drugs impact on 42% of the counties.