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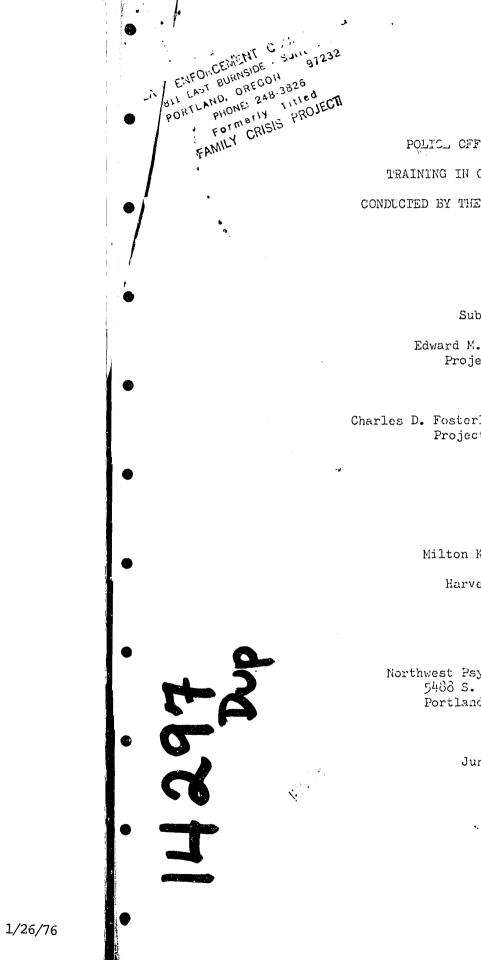
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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION NATIONAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE REFERENCE SERVICE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20531



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POLIC\_ OFFICER REACTION TO

TRAINING IN CONFLICT MANAGEMENT

CONDUCTED BY THE FAMILY CRISIS PROJECT

Submitted to

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June 1, 1972

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### INTRODUCTION

This is the final report of an evaluation study, phase II, designed to measure the impact of a training program conducted by the Family Crisis Project. The first report was titled "<u>Evaluation of Police Training in Conflict Management Conducted</u> <u>by the Family Crisis Project</u>" and was submitted to the Project Director and Project Coordinator on February 18, 1972. That report summarized the findings from 150 interviews with Multnomah County citizens who had recent occasion to utilize services of Multnomah County Sherrif's Division. Because this phase I report was antecedent to the current report, a brief summary of it has been included below.

### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS ON THE PHASE I STUDY

The initial study was based upon a structured interview and a completion of a standard questionnaire with 150 Multnomah County Citizens who had recently had direct contact with a Multnomah County Deputy Sheriff. Citizen contacts were primarily of a Family Crisis nature, which had occurred within the past three weeks, and the interviews were conducted in the citizen's home. The primary goal was to determine if the behavior of those Deputy Sheriffs who had received the FCP Training was different from those who had not been trained. The number of completed interviews was: trained officers, 62; non-trained officers, 63; and those called with a/social worker present, 25. For present purposes, those called with a/social worker present can be ignored.

This initial evaluation was limited to the Multnomah County Sheriff's Department. It was also limited to those uniformed officers who were under 35 years of age and had a college degree. These limitations were imposed to minimize influences other than the training course experience.

Briefly, the results were as follows:

1. There was no difference between the behavior of the trained and the

2. Citizens had a very favorable and positive attitude towards members of the Multnomah County Sheriff's Department. Thus, that initial study did not contribute to answering the question of the impact and value of the FCP Training course. Therefore, a second evaluation was conducted. This second study was based upon reactions obtained from police officers who had participated in the course in Conflict Management.

It was decided that this current evaluation would be based upon a patterned interview with a sample of 100 trained officers. After consultation with the Project Director and Project Coordinator, a questionnaire format was developed. A copy of this questionnaire has been placed in Appendix A. This questionnaire was designed to elicit a number of different reactions from trainces. Both objective, structured questions and questions which provided an opportunity for open-ended responses were used.

## SOURCE OF TRAINEE SAMPLE

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Although members from seven different law enforcement agencies have been included in the on-going training programs, the current sample included only six of these. In addition, no attempt was made to contact representatives of agencies other than those engaged in direct law enforcement. Members of the law enforcement agencies included in the sample were: Multnomah County Deputy Sheriff's Division; Portland State University Security Force; Hillsboro Police Department; Washington County Police Department; City of Vancouver Police Department; and the Portland Police Department. An attempt was made to include an approximate representation of trainer interviews according to the number of people who had received this training by departmental designation.

non-trained group as perceived by citizen contact.

## STUDY DESIGN AND PROCEDURES

At the time the interviews were conducted, there had been approximately 165 people who had participated in the basic course in Conflict Management. There were a number of people who had taken the basic course and who had also received additional training. One law enforcement agency was not included in the sample. However, this was not serious because there had been a total of only two members sent to the training course. At the present time, there have been approximately 180 people trained in this course. The present report represents a pattern of responses from slightly more than 50 per cent of all law enforcement officers trained.

Interviews with trainees were conducted from February 29 to March 9, 1972. The formal training sessions began in December, 1970 and had continued until February 18, 1972. Since gathering data for this report, additional training courses have been offered.

### CHARACTERISTICS OF TRAINEE SAMPLE

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Table 1 presents data regarding the selected characteristics of age, education, and current assignment of police officer trainees. Examination of this table would indicate that 61 per cent of the trainee group were between 26 and 35 years of age. In terms of education, 11 per cent were high school graduates, 44 per cent had from one to three years of college, 26 per cent were college graduates, and 17 per cent had received post-college training.

In terms of current assignment, 46 per cent were classified as street or road officers. Those on special detail or in special administrative assignments totaled 22 per cent. Those classified as primarily line officers or basic supervisory personnel from the rank of sergeant and up totaled 32 per cent. The type of current assignment appeared to have a somewhat important degree of relationship to trainee reaction. This has been discussed in more detail later in the report.

<u>E</u> :			
	21-25	7%	
	26-30	3.5%	
	31-35	26%	
	36-40	10%	
	41-45	9%	
	46-50	10%	
	51-53	3%	
UCATION:			
	8-11 Years	2%	
	High School Graduate	11%	
	Some College	24%	
	Two Years College	20%	
	College Graduate	26%	
	Post-Graduate	17%	
			~ ~ ~ _ ~
RRENT ASSI	GNMENTS :		
Street/Road			46%
Special Det	tail (Detectives, Narcotics,	Vice, Juveniles,	
D. A. In	Fatality Investigators, Arson vestigators, Robbery/Burglary	, Special Investi-	
	Warrants, Women's Protective		17%
ecial Assi	gnment-Administrative		5%
	ve Supervisors, Line Officer a rvisory Personnel	Supervisors,	25%
	OfficersLieutenants, Captia ffs, Chiefs	ns, Deputy Chiefs,	7%

### Age, and Assount of Education

The relationship between the current age and amount of education in this police officer sample was investigated.

The comparison between two age groups of police officers and their corresponding amount of education revealed that, generally speaking, younger officers had received more formal education. Of course, this is consistent with current practices.

An attempt was made to divide both age distribution and the education distribution at their respective medians. The distribution of each variable, age and education, were relatively equally distributed around the median. The results of this dichotomous proportioning has been reported below:

8-14

15-20

8-14

15-20

Age	21-32	Education
Age	21-32	Education
Age	33-53	Education
Age	33-53	Education

N 17% 32% 37% <u>14%</u> 100%

A Chi-Square analysis was made on the above data. This analysis indicated that there was a non-random relationship between age and education significant at the .001 level. In otherwords, there is a definite tendency for younger officers to have a greater degree of exposure to formal education than older officers.

This is an expected result. It reflects the tendency for law enforcement agencies to upgrade educational background as a requirement for employment.

### Age and Years of Police Experience

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A comparison was made between the current age of each police officer and the number of years of police experience. Unfortunately, a Pearsonian Correlation Coefficient between these two variables was not made. However, observation of the scatter-diagram indicates a strong (.70-- 80) relationship between these two variables. In terms of entrance requirements and retirement policies, such

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a relationship is to be expected. This point is mentioned primarily to provide greater insight into relationships with current assignment and education.

### Age and Current Assignment

The relationship between age and current assignment was investigated. This was done, in part, because current assignment was probably also related to years of police service and education. Because age has been demonstrated to be related to both education and years of experience, this single factor appeared to have a very meaningful relationship to evaluating police officer responses to the training program.

The relationship between age and current assignment has been established for this trainee sample. Reference to Table I for current assignment might help interpret the abbreviated designations listed below:

### Age and Current Assignment

Street/Road Officers Special Detail Special Assignment---Administr Administrative Supervisors (S Lieutentants and above

The above information, without checking it for statistical significance, appears to indicate that the first four categories do not differ significantly in age. Those line officers classified as lieutentants or above do appear to be significantly older than the other four categories. These data should be considered when one reviews later information on the effectiveness of the training program. While it is not possible to establish a definite cause and effect relationship among police officer characteristics and their reactions to the training program, some suggestive interpretations can be only too easily formulated.

### Average Age

	31.0
	35.2
rative	33.4
Sergeants)	34.6
4	45.4

### OBTAINING REACTIONS TO TRAINING PROGRAM

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Trainee reactions to this particular training experience were obtained in two different approaches. The first approach was to ask questions that required a definitive response. Such questions included the yes and no portions of 1(a), 1(b), 1(c), question 3, question 4, question 7, question 8, question 9, and the initial portion of question 10. (See Appendix A) In otherwords, these questions could be answered by a yes or no response or by indicating their reaction on a five point scale.

The remaining questions were of a different nature. These included the following: question 2, question 5, question 6, comments under question 9, and comments under question 10. The latter response sets provided for a much more open, unsystematic, individualistic, and wider range of responses. Such questions have the advantage of providing richness and detail and opportunity for expression of feelings but lack other desirable characteriestics. The most serious limitation is that each person is not confronted with the same dichotomous or structured response pattern. Therefore, responses obtained from these open-ended questions are more difficult to interpret than those from the more highly strucutred questions. They can, however, provide insights which would be unobtainable from the purely structured questions.

The interview and questionnaire format was designed to elicit both types of responses. This was done quite successfully. Interpretation and comparison among responses becomes somewhat more complicated if open-ended questions are used.

In the results section, tabulations of the objective questions has been presented. In addition, tables are provided which indicate the most commonly mentioned themes or ideas from open-ended questions. To conserve space and avoid giving undue attention to idiosyncratic concepts, those tables presented in the body of this report have been limited to thematic statements which occur at least among five per cent of the sample.

Questionnaire results have been presented in this section. Only major trends have been reported. Additional detailed responses may be found in the appropriate appendix for each category. Questionnaire results have been divided into four major sub-headings. These sub-headings are: 1. Application of course learning to official duties with citizens, relationships with other police officers, and application in your own personal life. 2. Suggestions for improvement. General evaluation and comments about the training course. Identification of officer characteristics related to course applications for official duties.

### APPLICATION OF COURSE LEARNING

The first question asked was "Have you been able to apply what you have learned from this course:". This stem question was followed by three separate alternatives. These alternatives were:

- (a) in your official duties with citizens?
- (c) in your own personal life?

Each alternative was answered separately by a yes or no response. The officer was then promoted to explain further, on each alternative, by being asked "How specificially?" Responses to this question have been summarized below.

### In Your Official Duties with Citizens

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Seventy-one per cent of the officers responded yes to this question and 29 per cent responded no. Thematic interpretation of their responses has been placed in Table II. The most common responses were: better understanding of people--more insight into people (16%); interviewing techniques (15%); understanding mentally ill people, able to relate better to the mentally ill, or recognizing symptoms of the mentally ill (11%).

7

### RESULTS

(b) in your relationships with other police officers?

8.

### TABLE II

### HAVE YOU BEEN ABLE TO APPLY WHAT YOU LEARNED FROM THIS COURSE: (a) IN YOUR OFFICIAL DUTIES WITH CITIZENS?

THOSE RESPONDING YES N = 71

	Basic Response	Percent
11.	Better understanding of peoplemore insight into people	16%
12.	Interviewing techniques	15%
16.	Understanding mentally ill people; able to relate better to the mentally ill; or recognizing symptoms of the mentally ill	11%
24.	Beneficial in communications with citizens	9%
33.	Paraphrasing 👻	9%
14.	Making perception checks	8%
13.	Dealing with people or how we handle people	7%
22,	More considerate of other people	5%
		·
	THOSE RESPONDING NO N = 29	

Basic ResponsePercent50. No response17%55. My job does not call for citizen contact8%

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These results indicate that the majority of officers learned general and specific techniques which helped them interact with citizens. Among officers who answered no to this question, the most identifiable reason was that their job did not call for citizen contact.

### In Your Relationship with Other Police Officers

Seventy per cent of the officer sample responded yes to this question, and 29 per cent responded no. Table III provides a breakdown of the reasons provided for each officer. The major themes were that, as a result of this training course, they achieved a better understanding of each other, acquired more awareness or understanding of both their own feelings and feelings of fellow officers, and improved communications. These responses were indicated by less than 50 per cent of the total sample.

### In Your Cwn Personal Life

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A total of 65 per cent of the trained officers responded yes to this question and 35 per cent responded no. Table IV indicates the major themes mentioned by officers. The general themes mentioned were better understanding and more openminded communications with my wife, increased communications and problem solving with my family and general understanding with my family. Because there were overlapping comments from the respondents, these themes amount to somewhat less than 30 per cent of the sample.

### Interaction Among Applicants

The above data indicates that approximately two-thirds of police officers received information from this training course which they could apply to the three areas of their relationships with citizens, relationships with other police officers, or in their own personal life. Because these figures are all relatively equal, it could be of some interest to note how many police officers gained in skills that

ب د					, · · ·	
о "	Ð		TABLE III		•	
	۲		HAVE YOU BEEN ABLE TO APPLY WHAT YOU LEARNED FROM THIS COPASE: (b) IN YOUR RELATIONSHIPS WITH OTHER POLICE OFFICER	<u>15?</u>	•	TABI HAVE YOU BEEN ABLE TO FROM THIS COURSE: (c) I
			THOSE RESPONDING <u>YES</u> $N = 70$			THOSE RESPONDING YES N = 65
	٢		Basic Response	Percent	•	Basic Rest
	9		Better understanding of each othergreater insight	16%	• 20	. Better understanding and more ope
_ ۵			More awareness or understanding of my own feelings and their feelings	16%		. Increased communications (problem
9	6		Better communications or we can talk things over Nothing specific	13%	28. ●	. General understanding with family
6 6		_		5%		
"" > 0	0				•	THOSE RESPONDING <u>NO</u> N = 35
2 	0		THOSE RESPONDING NO N = 30 $\cdot$			Basic Resp
0			Basic Response	Percent		. No comment
° 0, 11	0	50.	Blank	29%	•	
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# ABLE IV

# TO APPLY WHAT YOU LEARNED ) IN YOUR OWN PERSONAL LIFE?

### sponse

# Percent

-

e open minded to my wife (communications)	12%
oblem solving) with my family	11%
amily	8%

esponse

Percent

31%

could be applied to more than one area. Some indication of these gains have been presented below:

Three yes responses	47%
Two yes responses	27%
Three no responses	14%
Two no responses	6%

There were only 14 per cent of the entire trainee sample who indicated that they had not received from this training course information that they could apply to three important areas of their lives. This should indicate that all but a small miniority of traince participants gained from their experience in this particular course.

### IMFROVEMENTS RECOMMENDED

Table V presents a summary of the most common recommendations provided by trainces. This table indicated that a significant concept is to expand the contact with the mentally ill. The SLEE Lab provides both positive and negative responses, there is an indication that about 20 per cent of the trainees would like more structure and control in the course. The other suggestions represent a small minority and it is difficult to interpret any group consensus.

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### Basic Rest

- 19. Expand contact with mentally ill 23. More SLEE lab--more varied situat
- 18. Should be structured more, partic
- 21. Small group sessions should be be
- 50. Expand or extend course

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- 40. Star power was a poor exercise
- 35. Use other people in the Black Pro
- 15. More practical approach to solvin much theory
- 20. Eliminate the SLEE lab
- 30. Question time spent at mental hea lecture would do
- 46. More time for Black Minority Prob
- 53. No improvements needed

### TABLE V

### ARE THERE ANY IMPROVEMENTS YOU WOULD RECOMMEND TO THE COURSE?

monse	Percent
(both interviewing and observing)	26%
ations presented	17%
cularly the first two days	12%
etter controlled and structured	11%
	10%
	5%
oblems session	8%
ng problems, "how to", not so	Ê%
	6%
alth facilities maybe half-hour	5%
blems	5%
•	5%

### GENERAL EVALUATION AND COMMENTS

This section provides information on responses to a number of questions that reflect general evaluation statements for this training program. Although various questions were asked, the overall response pattern was quite similar. Responses to the various questions has been summarized in the following sub-section.

### Benefits Received

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Responses to the following question have been placed in Table VI. "The following are possible benefits that people may have received from the FCU Training Project -- "Understanding People Seminar". We are interested in your degree of agreement regarding each of the following items:" Each respondent could answer on a five point scale from strongly disagree to strongly agree.

The percentage of police officers who responded with a statement of agree or strongly agree to the following benefits received from attending this course has been listed below: "

Better understanding of people	89%
More knowledge about interviewing techniques	87%
Better self-understanding	84%
Better communication with citizens	83%
More self-confidence	71%
Better communication with fellow officers	67%

Better understanding of people and more knowledge about interviewing techniques were the greatest benefits reported on this training program. Better communication with fellow officers and more self-confidence was somewhat lower.

### Reactions to Training Activities

Trainee reactions to nine relatively standard elements of the training program have been summarized in Table VII. Because modifications were made in certain aspects of the training program, not all activities listed in Table VII were presented to all trainees. Therefore, a modification in the analysis approach was made which considered the total pattern of responses and eliminated those trainee responses

I received the following benefits from attending this course: Str Dis (a) Better understanding of people (b) Increased self-understanding (c) More self-confidence (d) More knowledge about interviewing techniques (e) Better communication with fellow officers

(f) Better communication with citizens

15

### TABLE VI

THE FOLLOWING ARE POSSIBLE BENEFITS THAT PEOPLE MAY HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE FCU TRAINING PROJECT - "UNLERSTANDING FEOPLE SEMINAR". WE ARE INTERESTED IN YOUR DEGREE OF AGREEMENT REGARDING EACH OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:

rongly sagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
	2%	<i>9%</i>	51%	38%
1%	4%	11%	55%	29%
1%	8%	20%	51%	20%
1%	2%	10%	49%	38%
1%	5%	27%	47%	20%
1%	3%	13%	55%	28%

16.

which were listed as not applicable. Results of these second analysis has been

placed in Table VIII.

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Examination of Table VIII reveals the following totals for responses of

favorable or very favorable:

Crisis Unit 89% County Mental Health Clinic 88% Small Group Discussions 83% Follow-up Sessions 77% 76% Lectures 71% SLEE Lab Value of Films 63% 54% Black Problems Sessions Star Power 47%

Thus, the Crisis Unit, County Mental Health Clinic and Small Group Discussions wore viewed as favorable or very favorable by 83 per cent of trainees. On the other hand, Black Problems Sessions and the Star Power exercise were viewed as favorable or very favorable by 54 per cent or less of trainees. The remaining items were intermediate between these limits.

### Comments on Course from Fellow Officers

The next question was: "Have you heard any comments from your fellow officers about this course, its effectiveness and application to real situations?" The course trainees indicated that 66 per cent had heard comments and 34 per cent had not heard any comments.

Examination of Table IX would indicate that approximately 30 per cent of those police officers who had heard comments reported a positive response. About 10 per cent of the total sample reported negative comments. This group indicated that most people say the course content does not apply to their job situation. Part of this response indicates lack of course effectiveness and part of these responses reflect the fact that many police officers are not in direct contact with the public.

			TABLE VII				
			IVITIES THAT		א נופסט זא	WADTONS	
	TRAINING SESSIO		NTERESTED IN				CH OF:
	I feel this way	y about:					
		Very <u>Unfavorable</u>	Somewhat Unfavorable	Neutral	Favorable	Very Favorable	Not Applicat
(a)	SLEE Lab.	10%	10%	7%	23%	42%	8%
(b)	Small group discussions	1%	10%	6%	37%	46%	
(c)	Crisis Unit	1%	5%	5%	23%	64%	2%
(a)	Follow-up Sessions 👻	2%	1%	17%	39%	29%	12%
(e)	Value of films	1%	5%	22%	35%	1.2%	25%
(f)	Loctures	1%	6%	17%	51%	25%	
(g)	County Mental Health Clinic	1%	6%	5%	28%	58%	2%
(h)	Star Power	7%	12%	10%	11%	15%	45%
(i)	Black Problems Session	9%	13%	12%	28%	13%	25%

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### TABLE VIII

THE FOLLOWING ARE ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE BEEN USED IN VARIOUS TRAINING SESSIONS. WE ARE INTERESTED IN KNOWING YOUR REACTIONS TO EACH OF: (Percentages computed by eliminating those responding not applicable)

I feel this way about:

	Very Unfavorable	Somewhat Unfavorable	<u>Neutral</u>	Favorabl.e	Very Favorable	Number	
(a) SLEE Lab.	11%	11%	8%	25%	46%	92	
(b) Small group discussions	1%	10%	6%	37%	46%	100	
(c) Crisis Unit	1%	5%	5%	24%	65%	98	
(d) Follow-up Sessions	2%	1%	19%	414%	33%	88	
(e) Value of films	5 1%	7%	29%	47%	16%	75	
(f) Lectures	1%	6%	17%	51%	25%	100	
(g) County Mental Health Clinic	1%	5%	5%	28%	60%	98	
(h) Star Power	13%	22%	18%	20%	27%	55	
(i) Black Problem Session	s 12%	1.7%	16%	37%	17%	75	

### Redundancy of Course Content

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This item was explored with the following question: "Was any information offered in the course redundant, that is, you already knew about it through prior education or experience?" To provide clarification, the interviewer added the following statement, "What we mean by that statement was the course so redundant that it was boring"?

Because a yes or no response was not provided on the questionnaire, it is possible to only summarize the comments made. Examination of Table X indicates that there were 98 comments of a positive nature and 22 comments of a negative nature.

The most important total for positive comments was "No, not boring or redundant". (63%) There were about 15 per cent of comments which indicated that it served as cither a refresher course or a new slant on material already known. Five per cent of respondents indicated that material was all new or completely different. For those who made negative comments, the only item that showed some consistency

who indicated this negative feeling.

### Additional Follow-up Training

The trainees were asked the following question: "Should there be additional follow-up training courses offered in this subject matter?" There were 93 per cent of trainees who answered yes and only seven per cent who answered no. This response in itself should indicate that the training provided is useful and appropriate for police officers. Because over 90 per cent would like additional training, it indicates that they are very satisified with the current product.

An attempt was made to find some consensus of opinion regrading how often such follow-up training should be provided and how many hours should be used for this training. There was great variability in response pattern to this question

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related to the Star Power exercise. There were eight per cent of the total sample

### LARTE IX

### HAVE YOU HEARD ANY COMMENTS FROM YOUR FELLOW OFFICERS ABOUT THIS COURSE, ITS EFFECTIVENESS AND APPLICATION TO REAL SITUATIONS?

### YES, I heard comments N=66

	Positive or Neutral Comments	Percent
18.	Majority was favorably impressed and it helped them in handling situations	18%
20.	Mostly good comments, nothing specific	11%
26.	I have heard both extremesvery positive and very negative	5%
	Negative Comments	Percent
14.	Most people say the course content doesn't apply	9%

50. NO, I have not heard any comments N=34

8

### TABLE X

### WAS ANY INFORMATION IN THE COURSE REDUNDANT, THAT IS, YOU ALREADY KNEW ABOUT IT TUROUGH PRIOR EDUCATION OR EXPERIENCE?

	Positive Comments N=98	Percent
11.	No, not boring or redundant	63%
15.	It was a good refresher course	<b>%</b>
12.	It was a new slant on concepts I already knew about	5%
18.	It was all new and completely different	5%
	Negative Comments N=22	Percent
19.	Star power was boring/redundant	8%

but two time periods were agreed upon by a majority. Twenty-six per cent of trainees indicated that refresher course should be given every six months, while 55 per cent indicated that a yearly repeat would be adequate. There were three time periods which received the majority of votes. These

were as follows:

1.	Eight hours	24
2	Sixteen hours	22
3.	Forty hours	18

For those who expressed a desire for refresher training every six months, the preferred length of training time was as follows: nine people indicated a preference for eight hours; five indicated a preference for sixteen hours; and five indicated a preference for 40 hours. Among those who chose a yearly review, the following length of course preference was as follows: four people mentioned four hours; 14 people indicated eight hours; 15 people indicated 16 hours; four people indicated 24 hours; and nine people indicated 40 hours training.

### Overall Evaluation of This Course

The trainees were asked a rather global question designed to measure their total reaction to the course. This specific question was: "What is your overall evaluation of this course?" The following responses were found:

Very favorable Favorable Neutral Unfavorable Very unfavorable

Thus, 93 per cent of the participants responded on an overall basis as being favorable or very favorable toward the course. This item again indicates a high level of general satisfaction.

Table XI presents the summary of additional comments made. Generally speaking, there was little pattern or consistency in response. Many people said that they had already answered this question on another part to the questionnaire.

21 .

4% 2% 8%

> 52% 41% 2% 4% 1%

### Should This Course Be Mandatory

The last question was designed to determine the extent to which the police officer sample felt that the course should be a mandatory one. The wording of the questions was: "One final question, would you recommend that this course be mandatory for all members of your department?" They were to answer yes or no, and were given an opportunity to indicate any expections to the general rule. Twenty-one comments were made about exceptions. These have been placed in Appendix L. In all but one case, only one person mentioned a specific idea. So that the ideas expressed do not form any real pattern. The one expection was that three people mentioned that training should be offered on a voluntary basis as mandatory attendance won't work. Overall 86 per cent said yes and 14 per cent said no.

Finally, each person was asked why so that he could provide an explanation to his response. Those responses which formed consistent patterns have been placed in Table XII. About 40 per cent of the comments were related to dealing with people, gaining insight and understanding into other people, and gaining self-understanding. The other statement was mentioned by 18 per cent of the sample and indicated a generalized notion that the course was a valuable learning situation and that everyone had something to gain by being exposed to this kind of training.

### Identification of Officer Characteristics

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A special analysis was conducted to determine if there were certain groups of officers who benefited more than other officers as a result of having taken this course. If this finding were true, it could be used to concentrate the training where it would accomplish the most good. If this situation were not true, then it would appear that all police officers regardless of special circumstances should benefit from course attendance.

It was decided to use the first item on the questionnaire as a basis for answering the above question. This item was worded as follows: "Have you been

	WHAT IS YOUR OVERALL EVAL
	Comments
11.	Quite beneficialgenerally value
10.	No comments
<del></del>	<u> </u>
	TABL
	WOULD YOUR REC BE MANDATORY FOR ALL ME
	Positive or Neut
10.	We're in people to people contact to everyone. We're dealing with insights and the skills
31.	It is a very valuable learning st by every individual exposed to the
24.	Whatever an officer's assignment deals with people, and this cours with discussions, investigations
32.	It offers insight and understand
19.	Understanding yourself and other necessary in order to do a good stand himself and other people be
39.	Most beneficial for younger and
	Negative Con
13.	It should be voluntary, if they on nothing out of it

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23

### TABLE XI

### JUATION OF THIS COURSE -- COMMENTS?

<u>2</u>	Percent
uable	12%
	8%

### E XII

### COMMEND THAT THIS COURSE IMPERS OF YOUR DEPARTMENT--WHY?

tral Comments	Percent
ct, therefore it would be beneficial h people, therefore, we need the	18%
situation. Something to be gained this type of training.	18%
t is (special detail, etc.) he still rse would benefit them in dealing s or whatever	9%
ling into other people	8%
r pcople and their problems is jobit would help a person under- better	5%
"newer" officers	5%
omments	Percent
don't want to go, they'll get	6%

able to apply what you have learned from this course in your official duties with citizena?" This item was chosen because it is a very important factor in determining course effectiveness. Second, there was enough spread of responses to provide a meaningful basis for comparison.

Three Chi-Square analyses were conducted. Each item was broken into categories and compared with the response to the question. On age, for example, the breakdown was as follows:

	la Yes	la No
AGE 21-30	32	10
31-40	27	9
41-50	12	10

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It was necessary to group officers in the various categories in order to provide an adequate number of cases in each cell. There are technical requirements in computing Chi-Square that require a minimum number for each cell. Education was broken down into these categories: high school education or less; any length of time in college including graduation; and post-college training. Current assignment was divided into the following three categories: Street/Road Officers; Special Detail and Special Assignment--Administrative; Administrative Supervisors, Sergeants, Lieutenants, and other line supervisors.

The number of years of police experience was not used because of the high relationship of age. Police experience was also somewhat related to current assignment.

None of the three Chi-Square analyses indicated a statistically significant relationship. These results suggest that there were no systematic differences in terms of the benefits received from the course as a function of age, amount of education, or current assignment. All groups gained about equally.

There was a slight trend for those with the least education to receive the least value from the course. Also, some tendency for those with the highest rank to benefit less. However, neither trend was at all pronounced and as indicated

above was not statistically significant. On the basis of the above analysis, it can be concluded that there are no systematic differences among officer groups in terms of benefits received from this training course. Differences of age, amount of education, current assignment do not result in unequal benefit from the training. Benefits received from this training course appear to be primarily a function of the individual's characteristics or personality.

The primary reason for this study was to evaluate the effectiveness of the "Training in Conflict Management" course conducted by the Family Crisis Project. A related goal was to provide information for the Project staff that might be helpful in course improvement.

The major findings from this study have been briefly summarized and listed below:

learning in both areas. in either area. ing techniques.

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- citizens.

25.

### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

1. Over 70 per cent of the trainees said that they could apply what they had learned either in their official duties with citizens or in their relationships with other police officers.

a. Fifty-nine per cent indicated that they were able to apply course

b. Only 17 per cent indicated that they could make no applications

2. Almost 90 per cent indicated that they had benefited in the two areas of better understanding of people and more knowledge about interview-

a. Slightly over 80 per cent indicated that they had benefited by increased self-understanding and better communication with

b. About 70 per cent indicated that they had benefited in terms of

26.

more self-confidence and better communication with fellow officers.

- 3. The majority expressed favorable opinions to many topics and activities in the training course.
- 4. Ninty-three per cent responded with very favorable or favorable in response to "What is your overall evaluation of this course?"
- 5. Ninty-three per cent said that additional follow-up training is needed in this subject matter.
- 6. Eighty-six per cent were willing to recommend that the course be mandatory for all members of their department.
- 7. Sixty-five per cent indicated that the course had been helpful to them in their own personal life. Improved communications and understanding between the officer and other fellow members were mentioned a number of times.

These results are certainly very favorable. They indicate that in addition to being an interesting and worthwhile activity there is definite carry-over to the job. As many police officers mentioned, they are in the "people business". That is, they are constantly in contact and interaction with members of the public and fellow officers. They found the course helpful and of value in the majority of cases.

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Less than 20 per cent indicate that they could not apply course content and material learned either to their job or to their relations with fellow officers. There are some negative aspects to the generally highly favorable response pattern. Some of actual course exercises and activities have received low ratings. In many cases, this could reflect conditions which have been subsequently improved. Also, a small minority indicated that they had received few benefits from attending the course. People differ in their needs and interests so that, almost by definition, if you comething which provides a gain for some people, you will almost certainly alienate others.

Because of the predominately positive to this particular training course, it should certainly be continued. The benefits of the program appear to greatly outweigh any negative considerations.

### COMPARISON WITH PHASE I STUDY

It might be well to make a brief comparison between the results obtained from the current study and those obtained from the Phase I study. One might wonder why the results here are so predominately positive while the other study did not indicate significant differences between trained and non-trained officers. Part of the explanation might be due to the following differences in the two studies: 1. Phase I police officers were more homogeneous. All were college graduates, between 21 and 35 years of age, and members of the same police department. 2. The Phase I study was based upon citizen's responses and this study is based on trainee responses. 3. The Phase I group of officers represented only one department while six different departments are represented in the current study. 4. The Phase I study is based upon observations of global behavior while this study concentrates on many more subtle and sophisticated items. Of course, these differences between Phase I and the current study do not necessarily explain the difference in results. Probably the major reason that no differences between trained and non-trained officers were found in Phase I is that the performance of both groups was rated very high. When you have groups that receive uniformly high ratings there is little opportunity for differentiation among them. In otherwords, in order to measure differences, you must find differences present. In the Phase I study, the lack of enough cases of poor officer behavior was an important factor in not differentiating between the two groups. A similar situation exists in the current study. For example, if one wanted

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to determine if there were differences among the departments in terms of departmental traince's overall evaluation of the course, it would be very difficult to

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do so. That is because there were only seven negative responses. The same example holds true for attempting to determine departmental differences on the desirability for additional follow-up training. Again, this was the reason for choosing the first item on the questionnaire for the comparison of officer characteristics and application of learning. The fact that there were 30 per cent negative responses made the analysis possible.

# RECOMMENDATION

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Based upon the results obtained from this analysis, it is strongly recommended that the Family Crisis Project Training course be continued. The positive and favorable attributes of this course appear to greatly outweigh any deficiencies.

	NORTHWEST PS	CHOLOGICAL SERV	VICES	
	FAMILY CRISIS	TRAINING EVAI	UATION	,
Date	:			
Inte	rviewer:			
Case	Number:			
Prese	ent Duty Assignment:			Age:
Years	s of Police Experience:			
Date	Completed Course:	Years of Forma	l Education:	
1.	Have you been able to apply what yo official duties with citizens? Ye			n you:
	***		,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	
	(b) In your relationships with ot How specifically?	ner police offic	ers? Yes No	•
-				
	(c) In your own personal life? Y		. How specifically?	)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2.	Are there any improvements you wou	ld recommend to	the course? (Explai	.n)
2.	Are there any improvements you wou	d recommend to	the course? (Explai	.n)
2.	Are there any improvements you wou		the course? (Explai	.n)
2.	Are there any improvements you wou		the course? (Explai	.n)
2.	Are there any improvements you wou		the course? (Explai	.n)

APPENDIX	A
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•	The following are possible	benefits that	people may ha	ave received from the FCU	
	Training Project - "UNDERS	TANDING PEOFLE	SEMINAR". W	e are interested in your	
	degree of agreement regard	ing each of the	e following is	tems:	

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		Strongly		Noutrol	Acros	Strongly	Not Applicable			
	ed the following benef ending this course:	its	Nyree	Neutral	Agree	Ngree	ADDITCADIE			
(a) Bet peo	ter understanding of ple		****						6.	Was any information offered in the about it through prior education or
(b) Inc	reased self-assurance	4						•		
c) Mor	e self-confidence									
	e knowledge about erviewing techniques								_	
	ter communication with low officers							•	7.	Should there be additional follow-u Yes No If yes, how man
	ter communication with izens									·
her:								•	8.	When should these courses be offere
										other time period
		<u></u>	<del></del>						9.	What is your overall evaluation of
										Very Favorable
We a		ng your re ry S	actions Somewhat	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not	•		Favorable Neutral Unfavorable Very Unfavorable
We a feel th	are interested in knowi Ve	ng your re ry S	actions Somewhat	to each	of: Favor-	Very			Comm	Favorable
We a feel th (a)	are interested in knowi Ve nis way about: Unfav	ng your re ry S	actions Somewhat	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not		Comm	Favorable Neutral Unfavorable Very Unfavorable
We a eel th (a)	are interested in knowi Ve nis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab. Small group	ng your re ry S	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not		Comm	Favorable Neutral Unfavorable Very Unfavorable
We a eel th (a) (b)	are interested in knowi Ve nis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab. Small group discussions Crisis Unit	ng your re ry S	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not			Favorable
We a eel th (a) (b) (c)	are interested in knowi Ve nis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab. Small group discussions Crisis Unit	ng your re ry S orable Unf	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not			Favorable
We a Geel th (a) (b) (c) (d)	Are interested in knowi Ve nis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab. Small group discussions Crisis Unit Follow-up sessions	ng your re ry S orable Unf	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not			Favorable
We a feel th (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Venis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab Small group discussions Crisis Unit Follow-up sessions Value of films	ng your re ry S orable Unf	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not			Favorable
We a feel th (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f)	Are interested in knowi Venis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab Small group discussions Crisis Unit Follow-up sessions Value of films Lectures County Mental	ng your re ry S orable Unf	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not			Favorable
We a feel th (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g)	Are interested in knowi Venis way about: Unfav SLEE Lab. Small group discussions Crisis Unit Follow-up sessions Value of films Lectures County Mental Health Clinic	ng your re ry S orable Unf	eactions Comewhat Eavorable	to each	of: Favor-	Very	Not			Favorable

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	Have you heard any comments from your fellow officers about this course, its feffectiveness and application to real situations?
	, -
•	Was any information offered in the course redundant, that is, you already knew about it through prior education or experience?
	tiveness and application to real situations?
	Should there be additional follow-up training offered in this subject matter?
	Yes No . If yes, how many hours should be used for this training?
•	When should these courses be offered: Every 6 months Every year
	other time period
,	What is your overall evaluation of this course?
	Very Favorable
	Favorable
	Unfavorable
	Very Unfavorable
nm	ents:
•	One final question, would you recommend that this course be mandatory for all members of your Department? Yes No
	With these exceptions:
	With these exceptions:
	With these exceptions:
	With these exceptions:

### APPENDIX B

### HAVE YOU BEEN ABLE TO APPLY WHAT YOU LEARNED FROM THIS COURSE: (a) IN YOUR OFFICIAL DUTIES WITH CITIZENS?

THOSE RESPONDING YES 71

(Figures reported are number of responses)

		N=].]	N=7	N=6	N_3		
	Potter				N=l	N=22	N=100
	Deller	understanding	g of peopler	nore insight i	into people		
9	)	3	1			3	16
12.	Intervi	ewing technic	lues				
4	ł	5	1	3		2	15
16. 1	Underst or reco	anding mental gnizing sympt	lly ill people coms of the me	e; able to rel entally ill.	late vetter to	o the mentally	/ ill;
6	5	l		2		2	11
24.	Benefic	ial in commur	ications with	, citizens			
5	5	2	1	l			9
33• 1 3	Paraphr 5	asing l	ו	2		2	9
14. 1	Making	perception ch	lecks				
3	\$	1		3		l	8

13. Dealing with people or how we handle people 

22. More considerate of other people 27. Help in controlling a crisis situation 15. Made me stop and think when dealing with people 17. Methods of questioning citizens--what to look for and what to ask 21. Better understanding of myself 34. Altered my attitude toward people involved in stress situations 26. Attempt to get on other people's level and break barriers down 18. Separate people who are fighting when they are unable to rationally communicate. 19. Cannot think of anything specific 

- Ŀ
- 25. A review of my sociology major
- person

l 20. Altered my attitude toward people involved in stress situations 28. A little more aware of how I say something, that is, its impact on another 

29. Understanding defensive anger and also body language 1

30. Reinforced what I knew in dealing with and understanding people 1

l

31. In a psychological way, personal relationships 1

32. More flexible with people

THOSE RESPONDING NO 29

8

•

(Figures reported are number of responses)

Department	Department	Department	Department 4	Department	Department 6	Total
N=53	N=11	N=7	N=6	N=l	N=22	N=100
EQ No mos						
50. No res 9	l	l			6	17
55. My job 3	) does not cal l	l for citizen	contact		4	8
59. Nothir 2	ng specific					2
51. Useles 1	ss in dealing	with irration	al people			l
52. Attend	led so recentl	y that I have		ance to use i	t	1

3

18. Understanding their reactions or 3 31. Advising other officers of how t 2 1 32. Interviewing techniques 1 1

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1

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- 33. Realization of individual differ 1 2
- 15. The way we deal with people 2
- 19. Listening techniques 1 1
- 21. In cooperative projects 1
- 22. Comparisons of how we've handled 1
- 23. Listening to people--what they re 1
- 24. Reinforced what I already knew al 1
- 25. Use of praise on the men 1
- 26. Questioning of other officers 1

r thoughts about given situations.	3
to go into a crisis situation	3
l	3
rences among officers	3
	2
	2
	1
d different situations	1
really have to say	1
about handling people	1
	1

l

2 ·

- 27. Discussions of course to decide which portions had merit l
- 28. Caused me to think about what impressions we are offering people 1
- 29. Realization that other officers have problems with dealing with people 1
- 30. Got to know other officers better 1

# THOSE RESPONDING NO 30

..

(Figures reported are number of responses)

Department	Department	Department	Department 4	Department	Department	Total
N=53	N=11	N=7	N=6	N=l	N=11	N=100
50. Blank						
15	3	l	2		8	29
55. No oppo	ortunity for m	uch personal	contact			
2	1		•			3

3

			A.
			OU BEEN AB S COURSE:
THOS	SE RESPON	DING YES 65	5
	(Figure	s reported a	re number o
Depa		Department 2	Departmen 3
1	1=53	N=11	N=7
20.	Better 4	understandin l	g and more
24.	Increas 6	ed communica 3	tions with
28.	General 5	understandi l	ng with fan l
12.	Dealing 2	with people l	
15.	Assessm 3	ent of my ro	le and wife
21.	Better l	understandin l	g of my dau l
33.	Intervi l	ewing techni l	ques

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APPENDIX D

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BLE TO APPLY WHAT YOU LEARNED (c) IN YOUR OWN PERSONAL LIFE?

of responses)

ent	Department	Department	Department 6	Total
	N=6	N=l	N=22	N=100
	minded to m			
e oper	3	ny wife (comm l	3	12
ı my f	Tamily			
			2	11
mily			l	8
				3
'e's r	role			3
ughte	er/son			
				3
			l	3

			· ·	ι.	
34.	Better communications with my children				
	1 1 1	3	23.	Not to make s	nap decisions and
16.	Improved relationship with my wife and children	2		l	1
	2		:		
		2	27.	More confident	t in my own abil:
25.	More awareness of their feelings		2	T	
	1	1 2	29.	Better listen:	ing to my family
26.	More careful of selection of words and tone of voice used				
	2	2	30.	Questioning o	f my wife and mor
30	Augus of my increasing on the	-	•	1	<b>j</b>
• ۲۰	Aware of my image to my family 2				
		2	35.	Try to argue w	with my wife more
38.	Better self-understanding				L
	1 1	2	36.	Learned how to	o manipulate peop
13.	Dealing with my family in a more rational way		· .		
	1	1	37.	Problem solvi	ትድ
34	Don't get as well and a set of the set of th	-	•	1	•6
1.4.	Don!t get as emotionally involved (angry)				
		1	39.	Reinforced what	at I already knew
17.	Better communications during stress periods			1	
	1	l			
18.	Helped wife and I in relating how we feel about everything in ge				> ₹
	1	l	. THO	SE RESPONDING NO	
14		±		(Figures repor	rted are number o
	Able to view myself more objectively		Dep	artment Depart	
		1		<u> </u>	
	Able to discuss things more openly with my family		•	N=53 N=1	11 N=7
		1			
			50.	No comment	
	ν.			12 2	2
			•		

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nd to listen to people

1 lities 1 1 1 ore willing to listen to her l ·e l ple l 1 1

ew about dcaling with and understanding people 1

# of responses)

ent	Department	Department	Department 6	Total
	N=6	N=1	N=22	N=100

3

31 12

.

3

1

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Depart	ment 1	Department 2	Department	Department 4	Department	Department
N=5	3	· N=11	N=7	N=6	N=l	N=22
			Positive	Comments		
19. E 12	xpand co	ontact with 4	mentally ill 4	(both interv	iewing and ob l	serving) 6
23. M 8	ore SLEI	I labmore 1	varied situa 3	tions presente 3	ed	2
18. s 5	hould be	e structure 2	d more, partio 2	cularly the finance finance finance finance for a construction of the construction of the finance for a construction of the construction of th	irst two days	1 -
21. S 5	mall gro	oup session 3	s should be be l	etter control:	led and struc	tured 2
40. S l	tar powe	er was a po l	or exercise l	l		5
35. U	se other	people in 2	the Black Pro	oblems Session	n	3
15. M 5	ore prac	tical appr	oach to solvir	ng problems, ' l	"how to", not	so much the
20. E	liminate	the SLEE	lab			4
	uestion ould do	time spent	at mental hea	alth facilitie	esmaybe half	-hour lectu
2						3
46. M	ore time	for Black 2	Miniority Pro	oblems		3
48. M	ix polic	e, social l	workers, proba	ation officers l	s, mental heal	th, etc. 2
10. No 2	o commen	it l				
28. Sr		un session.	- didn't hours	enough time		

# 51. Nothing specific 3

61. I'm single

1

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APPENDIX E

ARE THERE ANY IMPROVEMENTS YOU WOULD RECOMMEND TO THE COURSE?

· ·		. e	•	
Better physical setting(Retreat house, etc.) (Disturbance among gr 2 l	oups) 3		36.	Maybe use moderatorpanel discussion
More time alloted for Star Power	2		37.	Method of teaching not related enou
Should have more understanding of one's self	2		38.	Let people know what to look for in
More time spent on interviewing techniques	2	•	41.	More lecture time
Some women should be in every group session l l	2		42.	"Mix" of groupmental health and l
The "hard" chairs are not conducive to good learning 2	2	•	43.	Less time for group sessions l
Eliminate Black Problems session 2	2		44.	More theory about human understandi
Nothing specifically l	l	•	49.	Use transactional analysis and gest
Use a (recidivism) juvenile and court counselor in a session 11	l			Negative Co
Use voluntary officers in SLEE lab, rather than actors	l	•	50.	Expand or extend course 4 2 l
Better "mix" of experienced and inexperienced officers	l		53.	No improvements needed 4
Have people come in who have had particular problems L	1	•	55.	Use the SLEE lab only for inexperie 2
Content or timing of films should be improved	1		51.	Expand exercise in behavior descrip
More personal interviews, less lectures	1	•	52.	Breakdown barriers initially at com 2
Follow-up sessions (in the future) should be on a voluntary basis as i creates scheduling problems	t	•	57.	Need better orientation regarding
- Tried to do too much at one time	1		54.	More instruction for officers on h agencies
More centered towards police problems themselves	1		56.	l Bring in juveniles or other young
Class size too large	1	•	58.	l Bring together command police
	1			1
	2   1     Nore time alloted for Star Power   1     1   1     Should have more uncerstanding of one's self   1     Should have more uncerstanding of one's self   1     Nore time spent on interviewing techniques   1     Nore time spent on interviewing techniques   1     Some women should be in every group session   1     The "hard" chairs are not conducive to good learning   2     Eliminate Black Problems session   2     Nothing specifically   2     Use a (recidivism) juvenile and court counselor in a session   2     Nothing specifically   1     Use voluntary officers in SLEE lab, rather than actors   2     Better "mix" of experienced and inexperienced officers   1     Have people come in who have had particular problems   1     Content or timing of films should be improved   1     More personal interviews, less lectures   1     Follow-up sensions (in the future) should be on a voluntary basis as i creates scheduling problems   1     Tried to do too much at one time   1     More centered towards police problems themselves   1	More time alloted for Star Fower 1 2 Should have more understanding of one's self 2 Nore time spent on interviewing techniques 1 1 2 Some women should be in every group session 1 2 Some women should be in every group session 1 2 The "hard" chairs are not conducive to good learning 2 Eliminate Black Problems session 2 Nothing specifically 1 Use a (recidivism) juvenile and court counselor in a session 1 Use voluntary officers in SLEE lab, rather than actors 1 Better "mix" of experienced and inexperienced officers 1 Have people come in who have had particular problems 1 Content or timing of films should be improved 1 Noré porsonal interviews, less lectures 1 Follow-up sensions (in the future) should be on a voluntary basis as it creates scheduling problems 1 Nore centered towards police problems themselves 1 Class size too large	2 1 3   Nore time alloted for Star Power 1 2   1 1 2   Should have more understanding of one's self 2   Nore time spent on interviewing techniques 1 2   Nore time spent on interviewing techniques 1 2   Some women should be in every group session 1 2   The "hard" chairs are not conducive to good learning 2 2   Eliminate Black Problems session 2 2   Nothing specifically 1 1   Use a (recidivism) juvenile and court counsolor in a session 1   U 1 1   Use voluntary, officers in SLEE lab, rather than actors 1   L 1 1   Exet people cone in who have had particular problems 1   L 1 1   Mare personal interviews, less lectures 1   L 1 1   Pollow-up sensions (in the future) should be on a voluntary basis as it creates scheduling problems 1   Tried to do too much at one time 1   More centered towards police problems themselves 1   Class size too large 1	2 1 3   More time alloted for Star Power 1 2 37.   Should have more understanding of one's self 2 38.   Should have more understanding of one's self 2 38.   Nore time spont on interviewing techniques 1 2 41.   1 2 41. 41.   Some women should be in every group session 1 2 42.   The "hard" chairs are not conducive to good learning 2 2 43.   Eliminate Black Froblems session 2 2 44.   Nothing specifically 1 49. 49.   Use a (recidivism) juvenile and court counselor in a session 1 50.   11 1 1 50.   12 1 49. 49.   Use a (recidivism) juvenile and court counselor in a session 1 50.   11 1 1 50. 51.   12 1 1 52. 53.   13 1 53. 53. 53.   14 1 1 53. 53.   15 1 53. 53. 53.   16 1 53. 53. 53.   17 1

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sion method 1 ough to officer's duties 1 in the course 1 1 law enforcement is good l 1 ding 1 1 estalt methods for better personal understanding 1 Comments 10 3 5 l rienced officers 1 3 ription and other communications content 2 . course beginning 2 what to expect from the course 2 1 how to get people to use available social 1 g people 1 1

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### APPENDIX F

THE FOLLOWING ARE POSSIBLE BENEFITS THAT PEOPLE MAY HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE FCU TRAINING PROJECT - "UNDERSTANDING PEOPLE SEMINAR". WE ARE INTERESTED IN YOUR DEGREE OF AGREEMENT REGARDING EACH OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:

(Figures reported are number of responses)

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	Dept	Dept 2	Dept	Dept 4	Dept	Dept 6	Total
T	N=53	N=11	N=7	N=6	N=1	N≖22	N=100
I received the following benefits from attending this course:							
(a) Better understanding of people							
Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	17 32 4	5 5 1	4 3	2 3 1	l	10 7 4 1	38 51 9 2
(b) Increased self-understanding							
Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagreë	20 24 5 4	5 6	2 3 2	6	l	2 15 4 1	29 55 11 4 1
(c) More self-confidence							
Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	13 25 11 4	2 8 1	4 3	1 4 1	l	4 10 4 3 1	20 51 20 8 1
(d) Morc knowledge about interviewgin techniques							
Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	21 28 4	6 4 1	6 1	3 2 1	1	7 9 5 1	38 149 10 2 1
(e) Better communication with fellow officers							
Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree	13 25 11 4	1 4 5 1	1 5 1	1 3 2	l	4 9 8 1	20 47 27 5 1

1

 (f) Better communication with citizens

> Strongly Agree Agree Neutral Disagree Strongly Disagree

A

11 31. 10	4	4	2 4	l	6 11 3 1	28 55
10	0	)	т		3	13
1	l				1	3

### APPENDIX G

THE FOLLOWING ARE ACTIVITIES THAT HAVE BEEN USED IN VARIOUS ' TRAINING SESSIONS. WE ARE INTERESTED IN KNOWING YOUR REACTIONS TO EACH OF:

(Figures reported are number of responses)

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	Dept 1 N=53	Dept  N=11	Dept <u>3</u> N=7	Dept <u>4</u> N=6	Dept 5 N=1	Dept 6 N=22	<u>Total</u> N=100	
I feel this way about:								
(a) SLEE Lab.			·					
Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable	27 14 3 3 3 3	4 3 1 1 2	4 1 1	4 2	l	3 5 3 4 7	42 23 7 10 10 8	
(b) Small Group Discussions								
Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable	26 19 3 5	6 3 2	3 3 1	5 1	1	6 11 3 1 1	46 37 6 10 1	
(c) Crisis Unit								
Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable	36 11 2 3 1	8 3	5 2 8	5	l	9 7 3 1 1	64 23 5 5 1 2	
(d) Follow-up Sessions								
Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable	14 17 9 1 1	3 6 1 1	4 1 2	3 3	1	4 12 5 1	29 39 17 1 2 12	

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(e). Value of films
Very Favorable
Favorable
Neutral
Somewhat Unfavorable
Very Unfavorable
Not Applicable

(f) Lectures

Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable

(g) County Mental Health Clinic

Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable

(h) Star Power

Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable

(i) Black Problems Session

Very Favorable Favorable Neutral Somewhat Unfavorable Very Unfavorable Not Applicable

9 19 3 1 13	1 6 3 1	1 2 2 <b>2</b>	1 1 2 2	1	, 6 1 8	12 35 22 5 1 25
14 28 9 2	4 4 2 1	3 2 2	2 3 1	1	4 13 3 1 1	25 51 17 6 1
29 19 1 3	10 1	4 2 1	4 2	1	10 4 3 1 1	58 28 5 6 1 2
5 2 3 5 1 37	3 1 1 1 3	1 2 2 2	1 1 2 2	1	6 1 4 3 2	15 11 10 12 7 45
6 12 5 8 1 21	3 4 2 1 1	1 3 1 1 1	1 3 1 1	l	2 6 5 3 5 1	13 28 12 13 9 25

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### APPENDIX H

### HAVE YOU REARD ANY COMMENTS FROM YOUR FELLOW OFFICERS ABOUT THIS COURSE, ITS EFFECTIVENESS AND APPLICATION TO REAL SITUATIONS?

(Figures reported are number of responses)

epartment l	Department	Department <u> </u>	Department 4	Department	Department 6	Total
N=53	N=11	N=7	N=6	N=1.	N=22	N=100
		Positive	Responses			
8. Majorit 14	y was favoral l	oly impressed	and it helpe 2	d them in han	dling situati l	ions 18
0. Mostly 5	good comments 2	s, nothing spe	ecific 2		2	11
6. I have 3	heard both e:	xtremesvery	positive and 2	very negativ	e	5
9. Not too 3	much comment	t either way	(positively o	r negatively)		3
l. Intervi l	ewing technic. 2	ques could be	used immedia	tely		3
3. Better l	understanding	g of people's	actions l		l	3
3. Gave in 2	nsight into th	nemselves				2
•		new officers	-	artment. The	y seem to tak	e more
time a. l	nd understand	l people betto	er <sub>.</sub>		l	2
7. Gave th 2	ne officers m	ore self-conf	idence			2
.2. General l	lly older off:	icers could a	pply what the	y learned		1
	ntive comment n our department	sllave heard ent	favorable co	mments about	the social wo	orker's l
	gree the cont	act with the	-	was helpful		1
23. Particu 1	ularly effect	ive in dealin		ential suicide	e armed with a	a gun 1

1

2/2. They've been able to communicate

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- 28. Older officers were more constru
- 30. Gained insight into fellow office 1
- 32. Small group sessions were a wast
- 34. Most of the older officers felt

### Negativ

- 50. No, Have heard either no comment 6 5 7
- 14. Most people say the course conte 7 1
- 25. SLEE lab actors weren't too real 4
- 15. Newer officers found the course l
- 29. Course does not seem to apply in 2

e better with mentally ill p l	people	l
ructive in the course		l
cers		l
ste of time		1
t it was of little value	1	l
ve Comments		
ts or nothing specific	16	34
ent doesn't apply	l	9
listic, they carried it too	far	4
e content about family beefs	just didn't l	apply 2
n a "hot situation"		2

### APPENDIX I

WAS ANY INFORMATION OFFERED IN THE COURSE REDUNDANT, THAT IS, YOU ALREADY KNEW ABOUT IT THROUGH FRICE EDUCATION OR EXPERIENCE?

(Figures reported are number of responses) Department Department Department Department Department Department 1 2 - 3 4 5 6 N=53 N=11 N=7 N=6 N=1 N=11 Positive Comments 11. No, not boring or redundant 34 9 5 1 14 15. It was a good refresher course 4 1 12. It was a new slant to concepts I already knew about psychological theories-redundant, but not boring 5 18. It was all new and completely different 2 ] 1 ٦ 17. Served as a stimulus to things you knew or had learned earlier 2 l 1 14. Lectures were redundant and didn't add to our Psy. and Soc. formal education 3 16. Method of delivery was very favorable, therefore, was not boring 3 21. Course was useful 2 1 25. More benefit to a newer officer compared with an experienced one 1 ٦ 24. Much was repetitive but still worthwhile 1 1

### Negative Comments

19. Star power was boring (redundant) 3 1 8 4 13. A lot of it was just common knowledge. Some of the group discussions just

rambled 2 1 3

1.

- 22. Outpatient and crisis unit were ر، ۲
- 20. Lack of participation and organ 1
- 23. SLEE lab was boring 1

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Total

N=100

63

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- 26. Interviewing techniques were bo ٦
- 27. Black Sessions was of limited v 1
- 28. Films not very valuable 1
- 50. Yes, whole course boring and a

e an old rehash of a similar stor	2 2	3
nization by teachers had a negativ	ve effect l	5
	l	2
oring		1
value		1
		1
waste of time	l	l

### APPENDIX K

WHAT IS YOUR OVERALL EVALUATION OF THIS COURSE -- COMMENTS:

(Figures reported are number of responses) Department Department Department Department Department Department 1 2 4 5 6 3 Total N=53 N=11 N=7 N=6 N=1N=22 N=100 Positive Comments 11. Quite beneficial--generally valuable 12 3 7 25 10. No comments 9 ٦ 3 17 31. Similar or additional training should be offered 3 1 2 1 7 22. Understanding mentally ill is useful for everyone 2 1 6 1 26. Contact and understanding people is what our job is all about 2 ٦ 4 1 23. The course gave me a better understanding of myself 7, 1 36. Better understanding of Police--Citizen relations 1 12. Instructors were very competent 1 16. Knowledge gained, interview techniques and different methods of approach to people have greatly facilitated my work ٦ 3 30. A course more suited for newer officers 2 1 3 33. This course is "really needed" 1 3 34. Communication techniques were valuable 1 1 2 37. Greatest benefit from contact with fellow police officers 2 2

- problems (a reality therapy type) ٦
- but the results were positive 2
- 41. No opportunity to use course concepts 2
- 39. SLEE lab was valuable ٦
- at human nature 2
- 29. I brought back very valuable techniques from this course 1
- 32. Hand-outs and literature should be available for further study.
- 35. Star Power is valuable exercise
- 38. Increased self-confidence
- 19. Course was quite satisfactory, expect for the SLEE lab ſ
- solution 1.
- "The Intimate Enemy" 1
- 27. I was made aware of the various social services available ٦
- 13. More impressed with group discussions than with SIEE lab 1
- 40. Served as an excellent refresher course 1

2

1

25. Should have a "referral" service available for officers with their own personal 2 ٦ 20. It was a good experience--initially had doubts about older officers response 2 2 2 24. Nature of police work makes it imperative that officers take a positive look 2 1 ٦ ٦ ] 7 21. Social Work Counselors could be used more, but they're not always available ٦ 18. You now look more at the course of a problem rather than at the immediate 1 15. Got a lot out of the SLEE lab, mental health facilities, and the book 1 1 ٦

Negative Comments

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-	Megative	oo.maerres		
53.	Course requires some restructuring- planning of the course			
	3 1	1	2	7
28.	It should be geared to a more pract 4	ical level		4
50.	Course was a complete waste of time	for me	2	2
52.	Officers knew more about handling p	eople than the instructors	1	2
51.	Redundant in dealing with the menta	lly ill	l	1
54.	Group could use "sensitivity traini	ng" 1		l
14.	Most of the time was spent re-hashing	ng things everybody knows		l
	• <b>y</b> *		•	
	•			
	3			

2 -

	WOULD YOU RECOMMEND THAT THIS COURSE BE MANDATORY FOR ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR DEPARTMENT? WITH THESE EXCEPTIONS:									
	(Figures reported are	number of r	esponses)							
Depa	rtment Department 1	Department <u>3</u>	Department 4	Department	Department 6	Total				
N	=53 N=11	N=7	N=6	N=1	N=22	N=100				
17.	Should be offered on a	a voluntary	basis, as man l	datory attend	lance won't wo 2	ork 3				
10.	After three years expo l	erience				l				
11.	Brief orientation cour officers voluntarily a l	•	o explain the	course conte	ent, then let	the l				
12.	One-half of the depar experience l	tment, and d	on't distingu	ish between a	assignments, a	age, or l				
13.	Administrative office:	rs l				l				
14.	Officers with six or a	nore years e l	xperience wou	ld not be as	receptive	<u>1</u>				
15.	Those who already have	e knowledge l	of the course	content		1				
16.	Send uniform officers personnel	, jail offic	ers, do not s	end detective	es or command					
		l				1				
18.	Offer an additional to experience	wo weeks for	only recruit	s, after one	year's street	;				
	-				1	1				
19.	Send all new trainees	from now on			l	l				
20.	If time and manpower	allows, send	everyone		l	l				
21.	No exception, but with mind to understand th	•	-	t the men in	a proper fram	ne of				
					l	1				

APPENDIX L

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RECOMMEND THAT THIS COURSE

22 <b>.</b>	Within the scope of priorities	l	l	•
23.	Send all line and special detail officers, only administrative volunteer	officers th	at	I
		1	1	•
°24 <b>.</b>	Sergeant and commnaders should have a specialized program	l	l	
25.	This course should be a standard part of in-service training	1	l	•
26.	Exclude administrative and staff officers		l	
27.	Mandatory for all new officers, reservations for officers with years experience	ten or more		
	1		1.	0
28.	Careful consideration to the individual's scheduling situations assignments, school attendance, etc.	s, such as s	hift	
	1		1	
				•
				•
				•
				са <sup>н</sup> 
				d.
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				•
	2			

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WOULD YOU RECOMMEND THAT THIS COURSE BE MANDATORY FOR ALL MEMBERS OF YOUR DEPARTMENT? WHY? (Figures reported are number of responses) Department Department Department l 2 3 N=53 N=11 N=7 Positiv 10. We're in people to people conta We're dealing with people, ther 9 3 2 31. It is a very valuable learning individual exposed to this type 9 1 24. Whatever an officer's assignmen people and this course would be investigations or whatever 4 1 3 32. It offers insight and understan 2 1 2 19. Understanding yourself and other order to do a good job--it would people better 4 39, Most beneficial for younger and 1 1 27. Restructure so that the course and why he acts a certain way 2 29. Command people are removed from relate by their prior contact e: opportunity to better understand citizens 3 1 22. These theories of communication communications -- a common problem 3 23. Because of the self awareness ga 3

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### APPENDIX M

t	Department	Department 5	Department	<u>Total</u>
	N=6	N=1	N=22	N=100
ve	Comments			
act ref	, therefore i ore, we need	t would be be the insights	eneficial to e and the skill 4	everyone Ls 18
	tuationsome of training 2	thing to be g	gained by even 6	гу 18
nt ene	is (special d fit them in d	etail, etc.) ealing with d	he still deal	
			1	9
ndi	ng into olher l		2	8
er Ld	prople and th help a person	eir problems understand h	is necessary imself and ot	in her
			l	5
1 11	newer" office	rs	3	5
oſ	fers more empl	hasis on the	individual of	ficer
			2	- 4
axe	resent contac erience. This current proble	s course would	d give them t	he
				4
n sl m :	kills are app internally	licable to int	ter-departmen	
•	J			3
an	ned			3

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33.	Better understanding and communication with the mentally ill	1 3		-52. Only those	e officers in direct
16.	Some officers are set in their ways and older officers would be changing their attitueds. This course helps prepare a new man in him into the "Seamer" side of life 2		•		
37.	Command personnel would most definitely benefit and gain a greate standing of subordinates				
	2	2	5.		
38.	Course leads to more uniformity of applications of this type of Everyone should be applying it the same 1 l	information. 2	<b>O</b>		
05.	No comment	2			
		2	•		
11.	Command officers should see the material used and the way we're a problems				
		1			
12.	Lots of officers don't have Psychology or Social Science backgrou course would help. 1	und and this l	•		
17.	Person without this training would be at a disadvantage	l	20		. <b></b>
28.	For their interpersonal dealings, include the civilian employees 1	also l	•		
34.	It increases the officers confidence in many situations	1 1			
35.	Seminar directly hits at one of the common police problemsour g outlook, etc. We are our own biggest problem	present mental l	•		
		_			
25.	Even if a person doesn't learn anything, at least he's made aware problems he will run into l	e of the l	0		
		Ţ			
	Negative Comments				
13.	It should be voluntary, if they don't want to go they'll get noth	ning out of it 3 6			
51.	It would not be that beneficial 2 l	3			
14.	It doesn't have any value. (Condense the course to 1-2 days)	1			
		-	•		

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citizen contact could benefit from the course 1 1

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