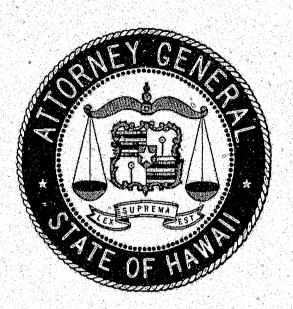


STATE OF HAWAII Department of the Attorney General .



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CRIME IN HAWAII

1993

CRIME PREVENTION DIVISION

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CRIME IN HAWAII

1993

NCJRS

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ACQUISITIONS



A REVIEW OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

151194

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JULY 1994

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Since 1990, the Crime Prevention Division of the Hawaii State Department of the Attorney General has been providing the community with opportunities to learn more about crime in Hawaii and effective measures to prevent its occurrence. Collaborative efforts with the community and state agencies have been essential in attaining this goal. Through efforts by each of the three branches within the Division, the Department of the Attorney General hopes to continue its on-going efforts to create a safer Hawaii.

The Research & Statistics Services branch collects and publishes reports on issues related to crime in Hawaii. The branch coordinates efforts to gather crime statistics for the state which are reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and published annually in *Crime in Hawaii*. Current efforts also include a study on Crime and Justice in Hawaii which takes a look at crime victimization and perceptions of the effectiveness of the Hawaii criminal justice system as well as a quarterly report, *Crime Trend Series*, that focuses on specific topics such as drug arrests, murder victims and offenders and juvenile arrests. A statewide crime prevention clearinghouse is currently being developed through this branch. The clearinghouse will provide information on crime statistics and state and national publications on crime and crime prevention for the community.

The Multi-Media Resource Services branch provides information to the general public through the use of multi-media with particular emphasis on television and print media. *Prevention Communiqué* is a quarterly newsletter which highlights current events and information pertaining to crime prevention. The branch also produces numerous informational and educational video programs some of which are aired on prime time television. These include full-length documentaries, short informational features and public service announcements dealing with crime and crime prevention issues. Recent efforts include, "Youth Gangs - Hawaii's Homeboyz," "A Community in Conflict - Has Hate Come to Town?" "Lover, Batterer - A Look at Domestic Violence in Hawaii," and "Bridging the Gap," a quarterly program dedicated to understanding teen issues including at-risk behavior that leads to crime and drug use.

The Education and Training Services branch provides the community with statewide conferences and community events focusing on empowering individuals, families and the community in order to effectively prevent crime. Ongoing educational trainings include statewide seminars in partnership with state, federal, and private non-profit agencies. The branch conducts one-day seminars for service providers, and two-day seminars which promote collaborative community prevention efforts on a statewide level. This branch is also responsible for the statewide McGruff campaign which includes school curriculum for elementary schools, McGruff school presentations, the McGruff Truck program and McGruff appearances at community events where crime prevention is a focus.



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Foreword

Crime in Hawaii 1993 is a comprehensive report concerning the nature and extent of crime in our state. This report is based upon the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program's monthly offense and arrest reports which are voluntarily submitted by the four county police departments to the Crime Prevention Division of the Department of the Attorney General. We then forward the reports to the FBI. As a strictly voluntary program, the compilation of these data would not be possible without the cooperation and support of Chief Calvin Fujita of the Kauai Police Department, Chief Michael Nakamura of the Honolulu Police Department, Chief Howard Tagomori of the Maui Police Department, Chief Victor Vierra of the Hawaii Police Department, and their respective staffs. Special thanks go to the UCR data collection and records personnel in each of the counties. Much of what we know about crime in Hawaii is due to the efforts of the county law enforcement agencies.

As the data in this report indicate, the overall crime rate in Hawaii increased more than two percent from 1992 to 1993, the second annual increase in as many years. While the crime rate in Hawaii remains below the rates of fifteen years ago and compares favorably with those of other states, especially in the area of violent crime, it is important to continue what we do well and increase our efforts to target specific offenses that are problematic.

Crime and the way in which it impacts our lives is an important concern of the citizens of Hawaii. An accurate view of the nature and extent of crime is vital to understanding both the problems associated with crime and developing solutions to those problems. As resources at the federal, state, and local levels become more scarce, reliable information plays a critical role in the decision making process about how we address the problems of crime in our communities.

In an effort to better serve those who utilize UCR data, last year's edition contained a user survey to elicit suggestions on content and style. This edition of *Crime in Hawaii* reflects many of those suggestions, including state rankings by Index Offense, 15-year arrest trends for the counties, 15-year clearance rate trends, and information on law enforcement personnel.

Robert A. Marks Attorney General

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Hawaii is different in many respects from the other 49 states. An island chain stretching 1,523 miles, Hawaii consists of 8 major islands and 129 minor islands with a total area of 6,425 miles and 750 miles of coastline. The state is located 2,557 miles from Los Angeles, California and 3,847 miles from Tokyo, Japan.

In 1993, 6.1 million people visited Hawaii. People are attracted to Hawaii's exotic, tropical environment and rich cultural heritage. Hawaii has one of the most racially and ethnically diverse populations in the United States, and the interaction between residents and visitors from every part of the world adds to that diversity.

The nature and extent of crime in Hawaii is also much different from many parts of the country. Nationally, 87 percent of the Index Crimes in 1992 (the last year for which national data are available) were property crimes; 13 percent were violent crimes. In Hawaii, 96 percent of the Index Crimes in 1992 were property crimes and only 4 percent were violent crimes; these percentages are virtually the same for 1993.

Preliminary findings from the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program indicate that the number of reported Crime Index offenses decreased 3 percent from 1992 to 1993, while in Hawaii the number of Crime Index offenses increased 3.8 percent. Nationally, violent crimes decreased 1 percent and property crimes decreased 3 percent; in Hawaii, the number of violent crimes increased 2 percent and property crimes increased nearly 4 percent.

In 1992, Hawaii was ranked 40th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia on the basis of resident population, 12th for total crime, 44th for violent crime, and 5th for property crime. Washington, D.C., ranked 48th in population, was 1st in total, violent, and property crime.

In addition to those mentioned above, major findings of this report include:

- During the 15-year period of 1979-1993, the resident population of Hawaii increased 22.9 percent while the total number of reported Index Offenses increased 11.1 percent.
- In 1992, Hawaii ranked 41st in the number of reported murders, 29th in forcible rapes, 37th in robberies, and 46th in aggravated assaults among the 50 states and District of Columbia. For property crimes, Hawaii ranked 18th in burglaries, 3rd in larceny-thefts, and 29th in motor vehicle thefts.
- Statewide, the number of reported Index Crimes increased for 7 of the 8 offense categories from 1992 to 1993; the only offense for which there were fewer reported crimes in 1993 than in 1992 was forcible rape.
- From 1992 to 1993 in the City and County of Honolulu, the total number of reported Crime Index offenses increased 5.3 percent. Increases were reported for 6 of the 8 Index Crimes.
- In Hawaii County, the total number of reported Index Offenses decreased 0.2 percent from 1992 to 1993. In the South Hilo District, the total number of reported offenses declined 1.8 percent, while in the balance of the County, the number of reported offenses increased 0.8 percent.

- The total number of reported Index Offenses in Maui County decreased 0.2 percent from 1992 to 1993. During the year, the number of rapes, robberies, and aggravated assaults declined.
- Of the 4 counties, Kauai County experienced the largest decrease in the number of reported Index Offenses from 1992 to 1993: 6.0 percent. While all 4 violent crimes showed increases, 3 of 4 property crimes showed a decrease.
- The total number of arrests statewide fell 1.9 percent from 1992 to 1993. During that year, the number of adult arrests declined 3.5 percent and the number of juvenile arrests increased 2.1 percent.
- In 1993, adults accounted for 69.8 percent of all arrests statewide, 62.3 percent for Index Crimes, 77.9 percent for violent Index Crimes, and 60.6 percent for property Index Crimes.
- From 1992 to 1993, the number of drug-related arrests declined 11.2 percent statewide. Among adults, the number of arrests fell 14.1 percent while arrests of juveniles increased 10.9 percent.
- Arrests for Driving Under the Influence (DUI) decreased 6.9 percent statewide from 1992 to 1993. The number of adults arrested for DUI declined 6.9 percent while the number of juveniles arrested fell 5.3 percent.

STATE OF HAWAII

The total crime rate in the State of Hawaii is higher than the national crime rate, but lower than in the Pacific States of Alaska, California, Oregon, Washington, and Hawaii (by 5.9 percent in 1992). The 1993 total crime rate in Hawaii exceeded the State's 15-year average by 1.9 percent. The overall percentage of Index Crimes cleared declined from 18.7 percent in 1992 to 15.3 percent in 1993.

The number of murders increased from 42 in 1992 to 45 in 1993. The greatest number of victims were killed by firearms (17, including 13 handgun- and 4 rifle-related deaths), followed by knife or cutting instrument (13), strongarm (9), other dangerous weapons (5), and unknown (1). Of the 45 murder victims, 64.4 percent were male, 35.6 percent female. Nine of the murder victims were related to their killer, 7 were friends, 15 acquaintances, 9 strangers, and in 5 cases the relationship was unknown.

After reaching its highest level during the past 15 years in 1992, the forcible rape rate declined 11.8 percent in 1993. The percentage of forcible rapes cleared fell from 63.0 percent in 1992 to 43.7 percent in 1993.

The property crime rate increased 2.4 percent from 1992 to 1993. While 9.8 percent lower than the property crime rate 15 years ago, increases the past 2 years have inched the rate to a level that is 1.9 percent higher than the 15-year average.

Over \$63 million in property was reported stolen in the State during 1993, of which \$10.7 million, or 16.9 percent, was recovered. Over one-half of the value of property stolen occurred during larceny-thefts, the greatest portion of which involved thefts from motor vehicles (\$10.2 million).

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

Nearly 3 of every 4 residents of Hawaii live in the City and County of Honolulu. In 1993, 76.7 percent of the State's total Index Crimes, 81.7 percent of the violent crimes, and 76.5 percent of the property crimes were reported in Honolulu.

While Honolulu's total Index Crime rate increased 4.2 percent from 1992 to 1993, the crime rate is relatively low compared to cities of comparable population. In 1992, the total crime rate in cities with a population of 500,000 to 999,999 was 50.2 percent higher than in Honolulu. In 1993, Honolulu cleared 13.4 percent of its Index Crimes, down from 16.5 percent in 1992.

The violent crime rate increased for the second year in a row, up 14.3 percent from 1991 to 1992 and 3.9 percent from 1992 to 1993. While the murder rate remained the same and the rape rate declined, the robbery and aggravated assault rates increased from 1992 to 1993: 6.0 percent and 7.5 percent, respectively.

The 1993 property crime rate increased 4.2 percent from the rate in 1992. The burglary rate increased 1.0 percent, but remains 18.1 percent below the 15-year average. The larceny-theft rate, which accounts for 71.2 percent of Honolulu's total Index Offenses, increased 3.0 percent from 1992, while the motor vehicle theft rate increased 25.9 percent.

In 1993, \$48.9 million in property was reported stolen, of which \$6.5 million (13.3 percent) was recovered. Over 53 percent of the amount stolen was taken during larcenythefts.

HAWAII COUNTY

Unlike other counties in the State, Hawaii County has 2 UCR reporting areas: the City of Hilo (South Hilo District) and the balance of the County. Since 1979, 90 percent of the County's population growth has taken place in the areas outside the City of Hilo.

With 11.4 percent of the State's population, Hawaii County accounted for 9.4 percent of the statewide total of reported Index Offenses, 8.2 percent of the violent crimes, and 9.4 percent of the property crimes. The total Index Crime rate has declined in each of the past 3 years, 2.7 percent from 1992 to 1993. In 1993, 27.8 percent of Index Crimes were cleared, down from 30.5 percent in 1992.

The violent crime rate in Hawaii County fell 8.3 percent from 1992 to 1993 to a level 2.2 percent below the average during the past 15 years. In the City of Hilo, there was 1 more murder in 1993 than in 1992 (2 versus 1, respectively), while the number of reported rapes, robberies, and aggravated assaults declined. In the balance of the County, the number of murders decreased by 1 (4 in 1993, 5 in 1992), while there were slight increases in the number of rapes, robberies, and aggravated assaults.

The overall property crime rate in Hawaii County also declined for the third consecutive year: 15.6 percent from 1990 to 1993. From 1992 to 1993, the number of burglaries increased in both reporting areas, the number of larceny-thefts and arsons showed declines, and the total number of motor vehicle thefts was unchanged.

Just under \$4 million of property was reported stolen in Hawaii County in 1993, of which 17.8 percent was recovered. Half of the value all property stolen occurred during larceny-thefts, with thefts from buildings accounting for the largest share.

MAUI COUNTY

Of the 4 counties, Maui County has experienced the greatest population growth during the past 15 years: 58.5 percent. From 1992 to 1993, the number of reported Index Crimes decreased 0.2 percent, following a year in which the number of offenses increased 11.5 percent.

The violent crime rate fell 49.4 percent from 1987 to 1993, 28.2 percent in the last year. There were fewer reported rapes, robberies, and aggravated assaults in 1993 than in 1992, and 1 more murder (5).

After 2 years of increase, the property crime rate dropped 1.5 percent from 1992 to 1993. There were actually more burglaries, larceny-thefts, and motor vehicle thefts in the County in 1993 than in 1992, but the rate per 100,000 residents declined.

The amount of property reported stolen in 1993 was valued at over \$8 million. Of that amount, \$2.7 million was recovered, 33.6 percent. Of the 4 counties, Maui had the highest percent of recovered stolen property.

KAUAI COUNTY

The 1993 total Index Crime rate decreased 7.8 percent from 1992 to a 15-year low. The crime rate in Kauai is by far the lowest in the State. In 1993, 20.6 percent of all Index Crimes were cleared, down slightly from 21.4 percent in 1992.

The violent crime in Kauai increased 45.8 percent from 1992 to 1993. During the past year, the number of reported murders, forcible rapes, robberies, and aggravated assaults increased.

The increase in the violent crime rate was offset by the decrease in the property crime rate: 9.3 percent from 1992 to 1993 (property crimes accounted for 95.6 percent of the Index Offenses in 1993). From 1992 to 1993, the number of burglaries, larceny-thefts, and motor vehicle thefts declined, while the number of reported arsons increased from 5 to 9.

The value of property reported stolen in 1993 totalled \$2.2 million, of which 32.7 percent was recovered. The amount taken in larceny-thefts (41.3 percent of the total) slightly exceeded the value of motor vehicle thefts (39.8 percent of the total).

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INTRODUCTION

FEDERAL UCR PROGRAM

Background

The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program was initiated in 1930 by the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP) to meet a recognized need for a nationwide system to collect crime statistics. The national UCR program is administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). The FBI provides report forms, tally sheets, and training to city, county, and state law enforcement agencies. Crime data are collected by over 16,000 local enforcement agencies and reported to the FBI. The FBI assembles, publishes, and distributes a comprehensive annual publication entitled *Crime in the United States*, as well as periodic special reports.

In an effort to streamline procedures and provide consistency and comparability of data, the FBI promoted the development of state UCR Programs. The purpose of the state-level UCR Program is to collect data from local law enforcement agencies and assure compliance with standards developed jointly by the FBI and IACP. Conditions were established under which a state program is developed and by which it must operate:

- 1. The state program must conform to the national Uniform Crime Reports' standards, definitions, and information required. These requirements do not prohibit the state from gathering other statistical data beyond the national collection.
- 2. The state criminal justice agency must have a proven, effective, statewide program and have instituted acceptable quality control procedures.
- 3. Coverage within the state by a state agency must be at least equal to that attained by Uniform Crime Reports.
- 4. The state agency must have adequate field staff assigned to conduct audits and to assist local contributing agencies in record practices and crime reporting procedures.
- The state agency must furnish to the FBI all of the detailed data regularly collected by the FBI in the form of duplicate returns, computer printouts, and/or magnetic tapes.
- 6. The state agency must have the proven capability (tested over a period of time) to supply all the statistical data required in time to meet national Uniform Crime Reports' publication deadlines.

The FBI also has responsibilities to the states for the UCR Program:

- 1. The FBI will continue its internal procedures of verifying and reviewing individual agency reports for both completeness and quality;
- 2. The FBI will continue to have direct contact with individual reporting units within the state where necessary in connection with crime reporting matters, but will coordinate such contacts with the state agency;
- 3. Upon request, the FBI will continue its training programs within the state with respect to police records and crime reporting procedures. For mutual benefit these will be coordinated with the state agency; and
- 4. The FBI will reinstitute a direct collection of Uniform Crime Reports from police units within the state should circumstances develop whereby the state agency cannot provide the data required by the national program.

Crime Statistics

Consistent with the UCR objectives of providing the best representation of total crime and providing the most meaningful data to police departments, the UCR Program collects data on reported offenses and arrests. While it is widely understood that offenses known to police are an underrepresentation of the total number of crimes committed, a truly reliable measure of unreported crimes is difficult to obtain. In addition, police departments can only act on crimes of which they are aware. Moreover, the use of reported offenses as official statistics can be verified, compared between jurisdictions, and compared over time.

Because of their seriousness and frequency of occurrence, 7 offenses were initially chosen by the IACP to comprise a Crime Index and serve as indicators of our nation's crime experience: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter; forcible rape; robbery; aggravated assault; burglary; larceny-theft; and motor vehicle theft. In 1979, a congressional mandate added arson as the eighth Crime Index Offense.

The 8 Crime Index offenses plus the crime of negligent manslaughter are referred to as Part I offenses. Information reported for Part I offenses includes: the number of crimes committed; the number of offenses cleared by arrest or by exceptional means¹; and the number of persons arrested. Part II offenses include all other offenses not included in Part I. Only arrest data are collected and reported for Part II offenses.²

Since there are numerous differences in criminal codes throughout the United States, the UCR program uses a standard set of definitions for each offense. Law enforcement agencies submit data in accordance to these definitions rather than local statutes. This standardization allows for interjurisdictional comparisons and internal validity of national totals. Specific definitions of offenses, as well as reporting criteria, are contained in the FBI's publication *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook*.

Developments

In 1982, the United States Department of Justice, in conjunction with the FBI, authorized a study of the national UCR program. The study, conducted by Abt Associates, Inc., contained nearly 30 recommendations for improving the quality of the data collected and reported to the FBI. The major recommendation, however, was to change the current summary-based reporting system to an incident-based, or unit-record, reporting system. There are important differences between these 2 methods of reporting.

In the summary reporting system, local law enforcement agencies report counts of offenses, clearances, and arrests, and totals of the value of property stolen and recovered in various categories. In a incident-based reporting system, individual records relating to each distinct crime incident and its associated arrest are captured by local law enforcement agencies. The motivation to implement incident-based reporting stems from the increasing need for law enforcement and other criminal justice practitioners to better identify the extent and dimensions of crime.

In 1989, Alabama became the first state to submit magnetic tapes to the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS). By mid-1991, 13 states and The Department of the Interior had submitted full or partial data to NIBRS; 8 additional states were expected to

¹ An offense cleared by exceptional means is one in which the offender is known to the law enforcement agency but, for reasons beyond the control of the agency, the offender cannot be arrested. See Appendix A for definition and examples.

² See Appendix B for definitions of Part II Offenses.

submit test tapes during 1992. The end goal is to replace the 60 year old UCR system with an incident-based system which is more reflective of the needs and capabilities of data collection and analysis.

The other major development in the UCR program results from the implementation of the Hate Crimes Statistics Act of 1990. The Act provides for a 5 year period of data collection of crimes motivated by race, religion, ethnicity, or sexual orientation.

HAWAII UCR PROGRAM

During fiscal year 1992, the UCR program was transferred from the Hawaii Criminal Justice Data Center to the Research and Statistics Branch of the Crime Prevention Division. Both the Crime Prevention Division, which prior to 1990 was named the Hawaii Criminal Justice Commission, and the Criminal Justice Data Center are part of the Department of the Attorney General.

The Crime Prevention Division serves as a UCR clearinghouse for the FBI. The Division collects, reviews, edits, and records the UCR reports received from the 4 county police departments (2 reports from Hawaii County: Hilo and rural districts) before sending the reports to the FBI. The Division is also responsible for providing technical assistance and training to the contributing agencies as well as serving as the FBI's single point of contact in the state for distributing program information and reconciling reporting problems.

The current UCR program in Hawaii is summary based: that is, it does not collect data on incidents, victim characteristics (except for murder), or differentiate between military, visitor, or resident victims or offenders. Moreover, local law enforcement agencies do not currently collect data on hate crimes.

The Seventeenth Legislature passed a bill, signed into law as Act 293, SLH 1992, by the Governor, which provided funds to determine whether the current UCR Program is adequate, effective, and efficient and to recommend an appropriate course of action as needed for system improvements to satisfy the crime statistics and information needs of the State of Hawaii and its contributing law enforcement agencies. The proposed alternatives needed to be compatible with the requirements of National Incident-Based Reporting System and be capable of capturing data regarding hate crimes.

The contract to conduct the comprehensive study of the UCR Program was awarded to SEARCH, The National Consortium for Justice Information and Statistics in July 1993. The final report, which included a recommendation for a three-phase implementation of an incident-based reporting system, was presented to the Seventeenth Legislature in December 1993.

Based on the study and its recommendations, House Bill No. 2890 was introduced to enhance the criminal reporting technologies used by the Department of the Attorney General. The bill was approved by the House Committee on Judiciary, but was held by the House Finance Committee. As a result, there are currently no plans to implement an incident-based reporting system or report hate crime data.

Crime in Hawaii 1993

Crime in Hawaii 1993 presents UCR statistics for the calendar year 1993. Some important issues about statistical reporting in general, and about statistical reporting in Hawaii in specific, should precede the charts, graphs, tables, and narratives contained herein.

The UCR program is generally considered to be an effective national program of data collection of crime statistics. The program, however, is not without shortcomings. In addition

to the deficits mentioned above, the UCR falls prey to the same threats to validity that any data collection program suffers. Obtaining data from over 16,000 agencies nationwide involves inconsistencies in data collection and reporting procedures; that is to be expected. The FBI, in conjunction with state-level UCR programs, has made efforts to train local law enforcement personnel to assure the most accurate reporting possible.

Some crimes are inherently difficult to classify. The definition of aggravated assault, for example, is subject to interpretation and may result in large variations between agencies or between years. Some crimes are consistently underreported. Some crimes may not be counted. The UCR system uses the "Hierarchy Rule" in counting offenses in a summary-based program: only the most serious offense is recorded. Therefore, if someone is killed during a robbery, only murder is recorded, not the crime of robbery.

Hawaii has collected arson data since 1980. Nationally, a number of jurisdictions do not report arson data to the FBI. As a result, the FBI does not include arson data in calculating and reporting Total Index Crime rates or Property Crime rates. In order to remain consistent with federal reporting, Hawaii also does not include arson data in Total Index Crime and Property Crime rates.

Arrest figures do not necessarily correspond to offense figures for any given year. Arrest figures may include arrests for offenses committed in previous years.

Caution should be taken when interpreting the Crime Clock. The Crime Clock is the most aggregate representation of UCR data, showing the average frequency of occurrence of the Crime Index offenses. The Crime Clock should not be interpreted to imply a regularity in the commission of offenses.

Very few of these concerns are unique to UCR data. All shortcomings aside, the UCR program presents a useful view of the most serious crimes as reported to police and cleared by arrest or exceptional means.

Several considerations should be kept in mind when reviewing *Crime in Hawaii 1993*. Most important is the distinction between resident and de facto population. Crime rates are based on the number of crimes per 100,000 residents. De facto population includes the number of persons physically present in the state: residents, tourists, non-resident military personnel. Crime rates based on de facto population can be significantly different than rates based on resident population. The UCR program uses resident population to calculate crime rates for all states. However, because of Hawaii's relatively small resident population and large visitor population, crime rates based on resident population are much higher when compared to rates based on the actual number of people in the state.

Another important consideration in reviewing Hawaii crime statistics is the overwhelming contribution of property crimes to the total crime rate. Property crimes account for approximately 96% of the total crime rate in Hawaii. Hawaii's ranking as the state with the twelfth highest total crime rate in 1992 was the result of a fifth place finish in property crime. The violent crime rate ranking for the State in 1992 was forty-fourth out of the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

An idiosyncrasy in the federal reporting of UCR data also appears in *Crime in Hawaii* 1993. In both the federal and state reports, a distinction is made between "violent" and "property" crimes. As noted in Appendix A, these terms as used are not mutually exclusive: robbery is a violent crime (because of the force or threat of force element) which also has all the attributes of a property crime. A more accurate distinction would be between violent and nonviolent crimes, or between crimes against person and property. However, to maintain consistency with the federal report, *Crime in Hawaii* 1993 will use the same convention of reporting "violent" and "property" crimes.

Crime in Hawaii 1993 will again include the relative contributions of the 2 reporting jurisdictions in Hawaii County to that County's Index Offense crime rate during the past 15 years. Graphs for the Total Index Crime Rate, Violent Crime Rate, Property Crime Rate, and 8 Index Offense Crime Rates include 3 lines: the County total, the City of Hilo (South Hilo

District), and the balance of the County (rural districts).

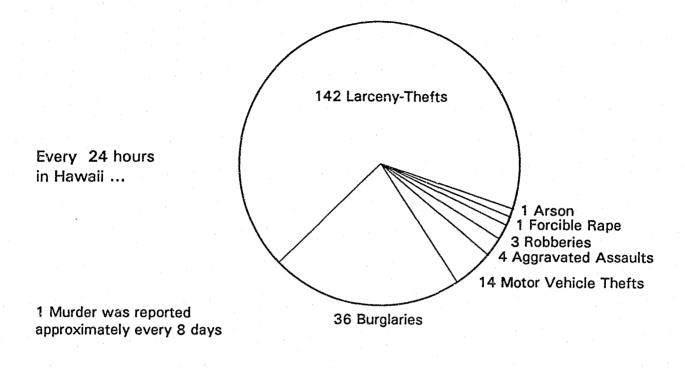
Definitions of terms used in this report appear in Appendices A and B. More detailed descriptions of the UCR program can be obtained from the *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook* published by the FBI of the United States Department of Justice.

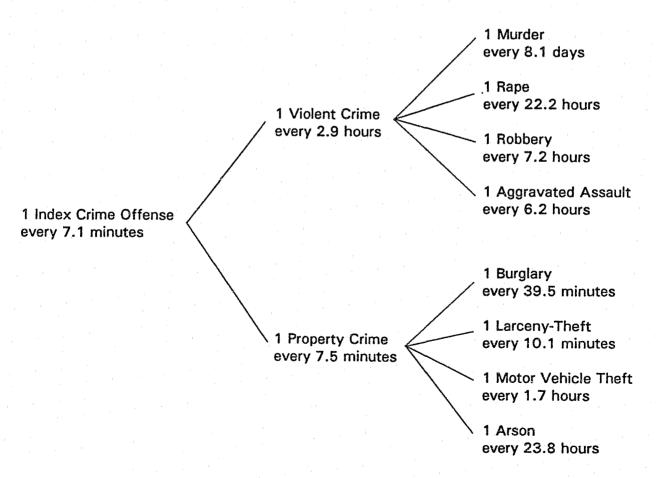
Since the Uniform Crime Reporting Program began in Hawaii, information on law enforcement officers killed and assaulted has been collected and reported to the FBI. The FBI publishes an annual report on these figures. Locally, however, this information was rarely used in reporting crime trends. This is the second edition of *Crime in Hawaii* in which this information appears (see Appendix C).

Population estimates used to calculate crime rates for *Crime in Hawaii 1993* are contained in Appendix D. An explanation of how the population estimates were derived is also contained in Appendix D. Revised population estimates for 1992 were used to calculate crime rates for *Crime in Hawaii 1993*. As a result, some of the rates differ from those published in *Crime in Hawaii 1992*; however, most changes differ by less than one-half of 1 percent from previously reported rates.

Readers will also note a number of other changes in *Crime in Hawaii 1993*. Most of these changes are the result of responses to a user survey which was distributed with last year's publication. In an effort to provide the kinds of information users of *Crime in Hawaii* need, the 1993 edition includes 1992 state rankings by each Index Offense, information concerning weapon type for robbery and aggravated assault, 15 years of clearance data for each Index Offense for the state and counties, 15-year arrest trends for each of the 4 counties, juvenile dispositions by county, and a breakdown of the number of sworn and civilian law enforcement employees. In addition, *Crime in Hawaii 1993* is available upon request in ASCII format, on either 51/4" or 31/2" diskettes.

Crime Clock State of Hawaii, 1993





State Ranking by Crime Rates 1992

			Total Crin	<u>ne Index</u>	Violent	<u>Crime</u>	Property	Crime
State	Population	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank
ALABAMA	4,136,000	22	5,268.1	24	871.7	10	4,396.4	27
ALASKA	587,000	49	5,569.5	21	660.5	20	4,909.0	18
ARIZONA	3,832,000	23	7,028.6	4	670.8	19	6,357.8	3
ARKANSAS	2,399,000	33	4,761.7	31	576.5	25	4,185.2	34
CALIFORNIA	30,867,000	. 1	6,679.5	5	1,119.7	4	5,559.8	9
COLORADO	3,470,000	26	5,958.8	13	578.8	24	5,379.9	12
CONNECTICIJT	3,281,000	27	5,052.9	28	495.3	32	4,557.6	24
DELAWARE	689,000	46	4,848.5	30	621.2	23	4,227.3	32
D.C.	589,000	48	11,407.0	1	2,832.8	1	8,574.2	1
FLORIDA	13,488,000	4	8,358.2	2	1,207.2	2	7,151.0	2
GEORGIA	6,751,000	11	6,405.4	8	733.2	16	5,672.3	6
HAWAII	1,155,726	40	6,134.6	12	259.4	44	5,875.2	5
IDAHO	1,067,000	42	3,996.2	42	281.4	41	3,714.7	42
ILLINOIS	11,631,000	6	5,765.3	18	977.3	7	4,788.1	22
INDIANA	5,662,000	14	4,686.9	32	508.5	31	4,178.5	36
AWOI	2,812,000	30	3,957.1	43	278.0	42	3,679.2	43
KANSAS	2,523,000	32	5,319.9	23	510.8	29	4,809.1	20
KENTUCKY	3,755,000	24	3,323.5	47	535.5	26	2,788.1	50
LOUISIANA	4,287,000	21	6,546.5	6	984.6	6	5,561.9	. 8
MAINE	1,235,000	39	3,523.6	44	130.9	48	3,392.7	44
MARYLAND	4,908,000	19	6,224.6	9	1001.1	5	5,224.5	15
MASSACHUSETTS	5,998,000	13	5,002.9	29	779.0	12	4,223.8	33
MICHIGAN	9,437,000	8	5,610.6	20	770.1	13	4,840.5	19
MINNESOTA	4,480,000	20	4,590.7	35	338.0	38	4,252.7	31
MISSISSIPPI	2,614,000	31	4,282.5	41	411.7	34	3,870.7	41
MISSOURI	5,193,000	15	5,097.1	26	740.4	15	4,356.7	29

State Ranking by Crime Rates 1992

			Total Crin	ne Index	Violent (<u> Crime</u>	Property	<u>Crime</u>
State	Population	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank
MONTANA	824,000	44	4,596.1	34	169.9	47	4,426.2	26
NEBRASKA	1,606,000	36	4,324.0	38	348.6	37	3,975.5	39
NEVADA	1,327,000	38	6,203.8	10	696.8	17	5,506.9	10
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,111,000	41	3,080.6	48	125.7	49	2,954.8	47
NEW JERSEY	7,789,000	9	5,064.4	27	625.8	21	4,438.5	25
NEW MEXICO	1,581,000	37	6,434.1	. 7	934.9	9	5,499.2	. 11-
NEW YORK	18,119,000	2	5,858.4	15	1,122.1	3	4,736.3	23
NORTH CAROLINA	6,843,000	10	5,802.2	17	681.0	18	5,121.2	16
NORTH DAKOTA	636,000	47	2,903.3	50	83.3	51	2,820.0	48
OHIO	11,016,000	7	4,665.5	33	525.9	28	4,139.6	37
OKLAHOMA	3,212,000	28	5,431.6	22	622.8	22	4,808.8	21
OREGON	2,977,000	29	5,820.9	16	510.2	30	5,310.7	14
PENNSYLVANIA	12,009,000	5	3,392.7	46	427.0	33	2,965.7	46
RHODE ISLAND	1,005,000	43	4,578.0	36	394.5	35	4,183.5	35
SOUTH CAROLINA	3,603,000	25	5,893.1	14	944.5	8	4,948.6	17
SOUTH DAKOTA	711,000	45	2,998.9	49	194.5	46	2,804.4	49
TENNESSEE	5,024,000	17	5,135.8	25	746.2	14	4,389.6	28
TEXAS	17,656,000	3	7,057.9	3	806.3	. 11	6,251.6	. 4
UTAH	1,813,000	34	5,658.5	. 19	290.5	40	5,368.0	13
VERMONT	570,000	50	3,410.0	45	109.5	50	3,300.5	45
VIRGINIA	6,377,000	12	4,298.5	40	374.9	36	3,923.6	40
WASHINGTON	5,136,000	16	6,172.8	11	534.5	27	5,638.3	7
WEST VIRGINIA	1,812,000	35	2,609.7	51	211.5	45	2,398.2	51
WISCONSIN	5,007,000	18	4,319.0	39	275.7	43	4,043.3	38
WYOMING	466,000	51	4,575.1	37	319.5	39	4,255.6	30

Note: Rates are per 100,000 resident population.

State Ranking by Violent Index Crime Rates 1992

	Mur	<u>der</u>	Forcible	e Rape	Rob	bery	Aggravate	d Assault
State	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank
ALABAMA	11.0	10	41.2	26	164.9	21	654.6	5
ALASKA	7.5	23	98.6	, 1	109.0	36	445.3	18
ARIZONA	8.1	22	43.0	20	153.1	22	466.6	14
ARKANSAS	10.8	12	41.3	25	125.2	30	399.0	23
CALIFORNIA	12.7	5	41.3	24	424.1	4	641.6	7
COLORADO	6.2	28	47.3	15	120.5	33	404.9	22
CONNECTICUT	5.1	32	26.9	44	210.9	15	252.5	35
DELAWARE	4.6	35	85.8	2	151.2	24	379.5	24
D.C.	75.2	1	36.5	32	1,266.4	1	1,454.7	· 1
FLORIDA	9.0	18	54.2	8	366.9	6	777.2	2
GEORGIA	11.0	9	45.3	18	249.8	11	427.1	20
HAWAII	3.6	41	38.1	29	99.6	37	118.1	46
IDAHO	3.5	42	31.8	37	21.5	47	224.7	37
ILLINOIS	11.4	8	37.1	30	412.5	5	516.4	9
INDIANA	8.2	21	42.4	21	122.2	32	335.7	25
IOWA	1.6	50	18.8	51	39.6	43	218.0	38
KANSAS	6.0	29	41.3	23	129.9	29	333.7	26
KENTUCKY	5.8	30	32.2	36	87.2	39	410.4	21
LOUISANA	17.4	2	42.3	22	271.6	9	653.4	6
MAINE	1.7	48	23.8	48	23.3	46	82.0	48
MARYLAND	12.1	7	46.4	16	429.0	3	512.6	10
MASSACHUSETTS	3.6	40	36.1	33	184.4	18	555.0	8
MICHIGAN	9.9	17	80.0	3	221.5	13	458.6	16
MINNESOTA	3.3	, 43	41.1	27	109,5	35	184.1	42
MISSISSIPPI	12.2	6	44.6	19	124.5	31	230.4	36
MISSOURI	10.5	14	36.5	31	226.9	12	466.5	15

State Ranking by Violent Index Crime Rates 1992

	Mur	der	Forcibl	e Rape	Rob	bery	Aggravated Assault		
State	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	
MONTANA	2.9	45	25.5	46	26.9	45	114.6	47	
NEBRASKA	4.2	37	31.4	39	56.7	40	256.2	34	
NEVADA	10.9	11	62.8	5	331.3	7	291.8	30	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1.6	49	38.2	28	33.0	44	52.9	50	
NEW JERSEY	5.1	31	30.7	41	285.2	8	304.8	28	
NEW MEXICO	8.9	19 .	62.6	6	139.3	26	724.1	3	
NEW YORK	13.2	3	28.4	42	596.9	2	483.5	12	
NORTH CAROLINA	10.6	13	35.9	34	186.8	17	447.7	17	
NORTH DAKOTA	1.9	47	23.3	49	7.9	51	50.3	51	
ОНЮ	6.6	24	52.1	11	199.0	16	268.2	31	
OKLAHOMA	6.5	25	48.4	13	136.2	28	431.6	19	
OREGON	4.7	34	53.1	10	151.4	23	301.1	29	
PENNSYLVANIA	6.2	27	27.7	43	180.7	19	212.4	39	
RHODE ISLAND	3.6	39	30.9	40	94.5	38	265.5	32	
SOUTH CAROLINA	10.4	16	57.5	7	170.6	20	706.0	4	
SOUTH DAKOTA	0.6	51	51.8	12	16.9	49	125.3	44	
TENNESSEE	10.4	15	47.3	14	218.2	14	470.3	13	
TEXAS	12.7	4	53.4	9	252.5	10	487.7	11	
UTAH	3.0	44	45.4	17	55.9	41	186.2	41	
VERMONT	2.1	46	24.9	47	8.9	50	73.5	49	
VIRGINIA	8.8	20	31.5	38	137.8	27	196.8	40	
WASHINGTON	5.0	33	72.0	4	139.8	25	317.8	27	
WEST VIRGINIA	6.3	26	21.7	50	43.5	42	140.0	43	
WISCONSIN	4.4	36	26.3	45	119.8	34	125.3	45	
WYOMING	3.6	38	35.0	35	18.0	48	262.9	33	

Note: Rates are per 100,000 resident population.

State Ranking by Property Index Crime Rates 1992

	lary	Larcer	ny-Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft		
State	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank
ALABAMA	1,186.0	16	2,848.2	30	362.3	30
ALASKA	880.7	36	3,531.2	14	497.1	22
ARIZONA	1,411.7	7	4,124.6	5	821.5	6
ARKANSAS	1,092.7	23	2,763.2	34	329.3	34
CALIFORNIA	1,384.9	8	3,137.8	22	1,037.1	2
COLORADO	1,090.9	24	3,780.1	8	509.0	20
CONNECTICUT	1,108.6	20	2,726.7	37	722.3	11
DELAWARE	957.6	31	2,963.6	26	306.1	36
D.C.	1,820.2	2	5,205.9	, 1	1,548.0	1
FLORIDA	1,888.8	1	4,434.3	2	828.0	4
GEORGIA	1,442,8	6	3,653.1	10	576.4	16
HAWAII	1,125.4	18	4,373.4	3	376.5	29
IDAHO	743,6	40	2,813.8	31	157.4	46
ILLINOIS	1,077.3	25	3,091.9	23	618.8	15
INDIANA	952.1	32	2,776.1	32	450.3	26
IOWA	753.8	39	2,766.3	33	159.1	45
KANSAS	1,293.7	12	3,191.7	19	323.8	35
KENTUCKY	729.1	41	1,842.5	50	216.5	41
LOUISANA	1,366.3	10	3,567.5	12	628.1	13
MAINE	822.3	38	2,426.4	41	144.0	49
MARYLAND	1,131.2	17	3,366.8	17	726.4	10
MASSACHUSETTS	1,072.3	26	2,361.0.1	44	790.5	8
MICHIGAN	1,041.2	29	3,173.5	21	625.8	14
MINNESOTA	889.7	34	3,007.8	25	355.2	31
MISSISSIPPI	1,282.8	14	2,251.4	46	336.5	33
MISSOURI	1,100.1	22	2,759.3	35	497.4	21

State Ranking by Property Index Crime Rates 1992

	Burg	iary	<u>Larceny-Theft</u>			Motor Vehicle TI		
State	Rate	Rank	Rate	Rank		Rate	Rank	
MONTANA	643.9	46	3,548.9	13		233.4	40	
NEBRASKA	714.6	42	3,060.0	24		200.8	42	
NEVADA	1,289.2	13	3,520.3	15		697.4	12	
NEW HAMPSHIRE	621.9	49	2,138.1	48		194.9	43	
NEW JERSEY	969.4	30	2,653.6	39		815.6	7	
NEW MEXICO	1,511.4	5	3,609.9	11		377.9	28	
NEW YORK	1,068.2	27	2,735.8	36		932.3	3	
NORTH CAROLINA	1,653.0	3	3,181.6	20		286.6	38	
NORTH DAKOTA	391.0	51	2,279.6	45		149.4	48	
OHIO	947.3	33	2,721.3	38		471.0	24	
OKLAHOMA	1,359.8	- 11	2,932.1	27		516.8	19	
OREGON	1,106.7	21	3,670.6	9		533,5	18	
PENNSYLVANIA	631.5	47	1,866.5	49		467.7	25	
RHODE ISLAND	1,047.7	28	2,393.2	42		467.7	25	
SOUTH CAROLINA	1,378.5	9	3,224.7	18		345.4	32	
SOUTH DAKOTA	541.4	50	2,161.9	47		101.1	51	
TENNESSEE	1,267.2	15	2,546.5	40		575.9	17	
TEXAS	1,523.2	4	3,906.8	7		821.7	5	
UTAH	885.0	35	4,245.1	4		237.9	39	
VERMONT	825.6	37	2,369.6	43		105.3	50	
VIRGINIA	709.1	43	2,909.0	29		305.6	37	
WASHINGTON	1,121.7	19	4,045.1	6		471.5	23	
WEST VIRGINIA	622.9	48	1,611.5	51		163.8	44	
WISCONSIN	691.9	44	2,919.9	28		431.5	27	
WYOMING	671.0	45	3,434.1	16		150.4	47	

Notes: Rates are per 100,000 resident population. Arson data are not available by state.

STATE OF HAWAII

HIGHLIGHTS

The nature of crime in Hawaii is different from the United States in general. Nationally, violent crimes accounted for 13 percent of the Crime Index in 1992 (the last year for which figures are available), while in Hawaii in 1992 only 4 percent of the Crime Index was comprised of violent crimes.

The number of total reported offenses increased 3.8 percent from 1992 to 1993 in Hawaii to the second largest annual total in the past 15 years. During the past year, reported violent offenses increased 2.1 percent and reported property offenses increased 3.8 percent. Overall, the number of reported offenses in Hawaii increased for 7 of the 8 Index Crimes from 1992 to 1993.

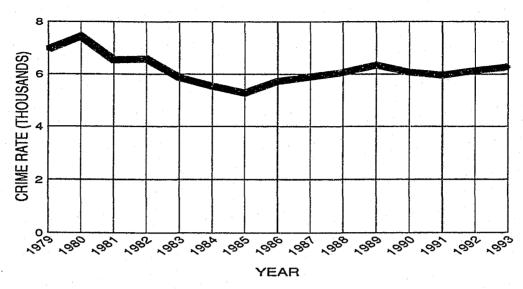
The table below lists the actual numbers of reported Index Crimes in the State of Hawaii during the past 15 years, except arson, for which data have been collected since 1980. Three offense categories show higher offense totals than in 1979, while the number of reported offenses is actually lower in 5 categories: murder, robbery, burglary, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

Reported Offenses State of Hawaii, 1979-1993

:	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	ARSON
1993	73,566	3,061	70,505	45	394	1,214	1,408	13,310	51,912	5,283	368
1992	70,899	2,998	67,901	42	440	1,151	1,365	13,006	50,544	4,351	359
1991	67,764	2,744	65,020	45	375	986	1,338	14,011	47,195	3,814	351
1990	67,676	3,113	64,563	44	360	1,013	1,696	13,611	46,735	4,217	445
1989	69,500	2,872	66,628	53	353	919	1,547	14,908	47,354	4,366	391
1988	65,461	2,811	62,650	45	355	919	1,492	13,726	44,946	3,978	413
1987	63,007	2,850	60,157	51	393	1,061	1,345	12,515	43,678	3,964	520
1986	60,230	2,604	57,626	51	329	1,129	1,095	14,218	39,922	3,486	486
1985	54,814	2,313	52,501	43	310	1,048	912	12,164	37,357	2,980	558
1984	56,913	2,408	54,505	34	315	1,202	857	12,588	38,292	3,625	511
1983	59,432	2,579	56,853	57	301	1,330	891	13,636	38,920	4,297	488
1982	65,448	2,542	62,906	31	342	1,560	609	16,477	42,248	4,181	438
1981	64,060	2,424	61,636	47	340	1,453	584	16,726	40,699	4,211	546
1980	72,102	2,887	69,215	84	334	1,835	634	17,811	45,501	5,903	572
1979	66,245	2,647	63,598	66	296	1,688	597	16,522	40,534	6,542	

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals exclude arson offenses.

TOTAL INDEX CRIME RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Y</u> (<u>ear</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	6,949.0	20.2	19	984	5,536.8	17.0		1989	6,349.4	13.9
1980	7,444.7	20.4	19	985	5,272.1	18.4		1990	6,075.6	18.4
1981	6,548.8	19.5	19	986	5,726.4	17.5		1991	5,962.0	21.0
1982	6,585.6	20.6	19	987	5,900.1	18.9		1992	6,134.6	18.7
1983	5,868.7	20.8	19	988	6,062.3	16.2		1993	6,279.1	15.3

The total crime rate in the State of Hawaii increased 2.4 percent from 1992 to 1993, the second annual increase in as many years. The 1993 total crime rate surpassed the State's 15-year average of 6,164.9 Index Offenses per 100,000 residents by 1.9 percent. The 1993 total crime rate stands 9.6 percent below the crime rate 15 years ago, in 1979.

The total crime rate in Hawaii is higher than the national crime rate. The national rate, after increasing 7 consecutive years, fell 4.0 percent from 1991 to 1992, to 5,660.2 offenses per 100,000 residents (1992 is the last year for which national and regional figures are available). The total crime rate in the Pacific States¹ was 6,520.8 per 100,000, 6.3 percent higher than the 1992 rate in Hawaii.

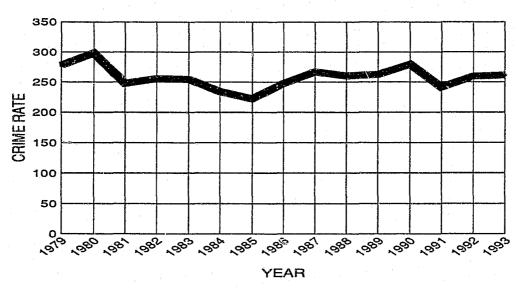
CLEARANCES OF TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	73,566	11,234	15.3
U.S.	(1992)	13,644,294	2,919,879	21.4
Pacific	(1992)	2,616,830	557,385	21.3

There were 3.8 percent more reported offenses in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than in 1992 and 15.1 percent fewer clearances. The percentage of offenses cleared is 3.4 percentage points lower than in 1992.

¹ Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington

VIOLENT CRIME RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			Crime	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>
1979	277.7	38.2		1984	234.3	43.2	1989	262.4	32.2
1980	298.1	42.3		1985	222.5	46.2	1990	279.5	43.7
1981	247.8	46.6		1986	247.6	40.5	1991	241.4	47.7
1982	255.8	45.4		1987	266.9	42.5	1992	259.4	43.1
1983	254.7	44.9		1988	260.3	43.2	1993	261.3	35.8

Violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) account for 4.2 percent of Hawaii's total Crime Index. The violent crime rate in the State of Hawaii saw its second consecutive annual increase in 1993, up 7.5 percent from 1991 to 1992 and 0.7 percent from 1992 to 1993. The violent crime rate for 1993 is 1.4 percent higher than the 15-year average of 257.8 violent crimes per 100,000 residents. The 1993 violent crime rate is 5.9 percent below the 1979 rate.

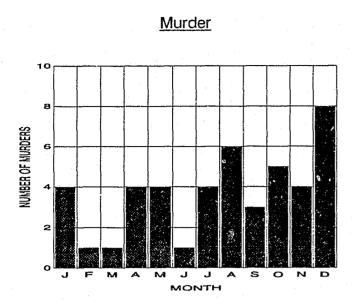
The 1992 violent crime rate in Hawaii was 65.8 percent below the 1992 national rate of 757.5 per 100,000 residents and 73.3 percent below the Pacific States' rate of 970.2 per 100,000 residents.

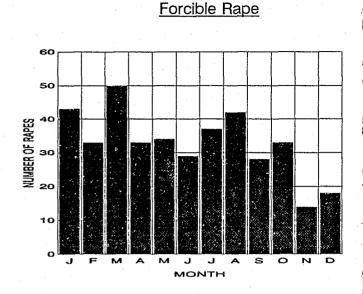
CLEARANCES OF VIOLENT OFFENSES

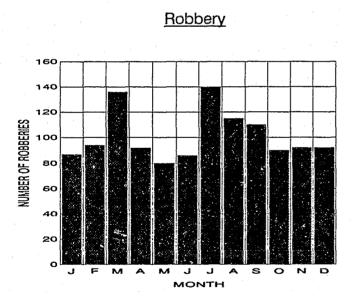
		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	3,061	1,095	35.8
U.S.	(1992)	1,854,630	827,165	44.6
Pacific	(1992)	391,860	178,296	45.5

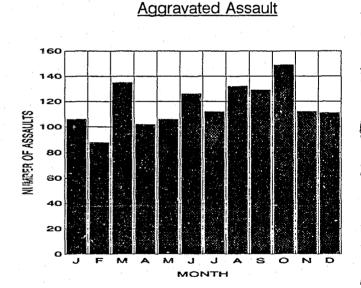
There were 63 more reported violent offenses in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than in 1992, an increase of 2.1 percent. During that same period, the number of clearances decreased 15.3 percent. The percentage of offenses cleared in 1993 is 7.3 percentage points below the percentage cleared in 1992.

Violent Crimes Reported by Month State of Hawaii, 1993



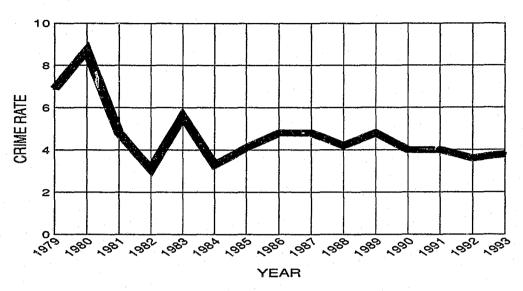






The highest monthly total for reported violent crimes occurred in March (322), followed by August (295). During March, there was the highest monthly total for forcible rapes (50), the second highest monthly total for robberies (136), and the second highest monthly total for aggravated assaults (136). The greatest number of murders occurred in December (8), the greatest number of robberies occurred in July (140), and the greatest number of aggravated assaults occurred in October (149).

MURDER RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>
1979	6.9	72.7	1984	4 3.3	73.5	1989	4.8	50.9
1980	8.7	73.8	198	5 4.1	55.8	1990	4.0	72.7
1981	4.8	102.1	1986	3 4.8	35.3	1991	4.0	80.0
1982	3.1	80.6	1987	7 4.8	66.7	1992	3.6	78.6
1983	5.6	70.2	1988	3 4.2	64.4	1993	3.8	73.3

Murder represents the smallest portion of the State's total Crime Index. The 45 murders in 1993 account for only 0.06 percent of the total Index and only 1.5 percent of violent crimes. From 1992 to 1993, the murder rate increased 5.6 percent, representing an increase of 3 murders, to a level that is 19.1 percent below the 15-year average of 4.7 per 100,000 residents. The 1993 murder rate is 44.9 percent below the 1979 murder rate.

In 1992, the national murder rate of 9.3 per 100,000 was over 2-1/2 times the rate in Hawaii. The murder rate in the Pacific States was even higher: 10.8 per 100,000 residents in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF MURDERS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	45	33	73.3
U.S.	(1992)	22,692	14,659	64.6
Pacific	(1992)	4,362	2,534	58.1

There were 3 more murders in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than in 1992 and the same number of clearances, resulting in a lower percentage of murders cleared than in 1992. Of all the Index offenses, murder has the highest percentage of reported offenses which are cleared.

MURDER VICTIM AND OFFENDER CHARACTERISTICS

Weapons Used in Murder State of Hawaii, 1993

WEAPON TYPE	NUMBER	PERCENT
Handgun	13	28.9
Rifle	4	8.9
Knife/Cutting Instrument	13	28.9
Strongarm	9	20.0
Other	5	11.1
Unknown	1	2.2
TOTAL	45	100.0

Race and Ethnicity of Murder Victims and Known Offenders State of Hawaii, 1993

	VIC	TIMS	OFFE	NDERS	DEDOEME OF	
RACE/ETHNICITY	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	PERCENT OF POPULATION ¹	
White	14	31.1	20	41.7	33.4	
Black	1	2.2	1	2.1	2.5	
American Indian	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.5	
Chinese	0	0.0	0	0.0	6.2	
Japanese	2	4.4	1	2.1	22.3	
Filipino	4	8.9	2	4.2	15.2	
Hawaiian	10	22.2	13	27.1	12.5	
Korean	3	6.7	1	2.1	2.2	
Samoan	1	2.2	7	14.6	1.4	
Other	10	22.2	3	6.3	3.9	
TOTAL ²	45	100.0	48	100.0	100.0	

Sex of Murder Victims and Known Offenders State of Hawaii, 1993

	VICT	IMS	OFFENDERS			
SEX	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT		
Male	29	64.4	45	93.8		
Female	16	35.6	3	6.3		
TOTAL ²	45	100.0	48	100.0		

¹ The State of Hawaii Data Book, 1992; resident population, 1990.

² Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding.

Relationship of Victim to Offender State of Hawaii, 1993

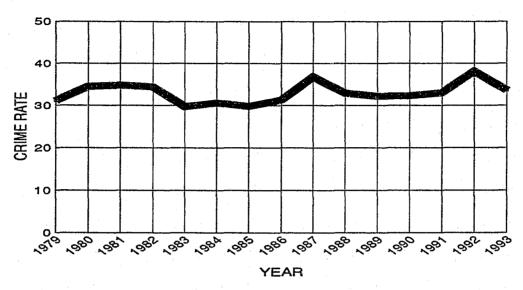
	NUMBER	PERCENT
Spouse	3	6.7
Immediate Family	4	8.9
Relative	1	2.2
In-Law	1	2.2
Friend	6	13.3
Acquaintance	15	33.3
Stranger	9	20.0
Other	1	2.2
Unknown	5	11.1
TOTAL ³	45	100.0

Age of Murder Victims and Offenders State of Hawaii, 1993

·	VIC	TIMS	OFFE	NDERS	
AGE	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	
Under 18	3	6.7	1	1.9	
18-19	0	0.0	1	1.9	
20-24	6	13.3	12	22.6	
25-29	6	13.3	11	20.8	
30-34	5	11.1	7	13.2	
35-39	6	13.3	5	9.4	
40-44	4	8.9	3	5.7	
45-49	3	6.7	4	7.5	
50-54	5	11.1	1	1.9	
55-59	1	2.2	1	1.9	
60 and over	5	11.1	2	3.8	
Unknown	1	2.2	5	9.4	
TOTAL ³	45	100.0	53	100.0	

³ Percentages may not add to 100.0 due to rounding.

FORCIBLE RAPE RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Year	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	31.1	43.6	1984	30.6	48.6		1989	32.2	47.0
1980	34.5	52.7	1985	29.8	54.5		1990	32.3	61.7
1981	34.8	56.5	1986	31.3	59.9		1991	33.0	77.3
1982	34.4	59.4	1987	36.8	53.2		1992	38.1	63.0
1983	29.7	53.5	1988	32.9	42.3		1993	33.6	43.7

Forcible rapes account for 0.5 percent of Hawaii's Crime Index and 12.9 percent of the violent crimes. From 1992 to 1993, the forcible rape rate declined 11.8 percent. The 1993 rate is 1.8 percent above the 15-year average of 33.0 offenses per 100,000 residents and 8.0 percent higher than the 1979 forcible rape rate.

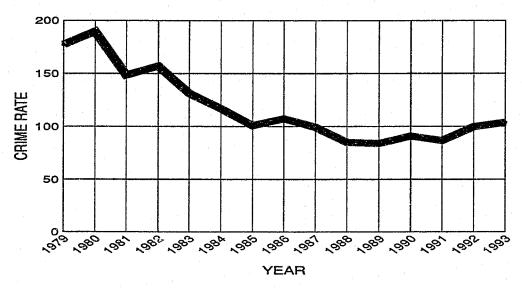
The 1992 forcible rape rate was 11.0 percent below the national rate of 42.8 per 100,000 and 18.6 percent below the 1992 Pacific States' rate of 46.8 per 100,000.

CLEARANCES OF FORCIBLE RAPES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	394	172	43.7
U.S.	(1992)	97,761	50,347	51.5
Pacific	(1992)	18,312	9,321	50.9

From 1992 to 1993, there were 46 fewer forcible rapes reported in the State of Hawaii. During that same period, there were 105 fewer clearances, resulting in a lower percentage of offenses cleared than in 1992 (by 19.3 percentage points).

ROBBERY RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>	Year -	Rate	Cleared		Year	Rate	Cleared
1979	177.1	30.7	1984	116.9	28.1		1989	84.0	17.5
1980	189.5	33.3	1985	100.8	30.4		1990	90.9	23.8
1981	148.5	36.3	1986	107.3	23.7		1991	86.7	29.2
1982	157.0	34.9	1987	99.4	29.3		1992	99.6	26.1
1983	131.3	35.6	1988	85.1	27.9		1993	103.6	23.1

Robberies comprise 1.7 percent of the state's total Crime Index and 39.7 percent of the violent Index Offenses. After generally declining since 1980, the robbery rate in the State of Hawaii increased 14.9 percent from 1991 to 1992 and 4.0 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 robbery rate is 11.3 percent below the 15-year average of 116.8 robberies per 100,000 residents and is 41.5 percent below the 1979 robbery rate.

In 1993, 10.8 percent of the robberies involved a firearm, 7.7 percent a knife or cutting instrument, 2.1 percent other dangerous weapons, and 79.5 percent strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

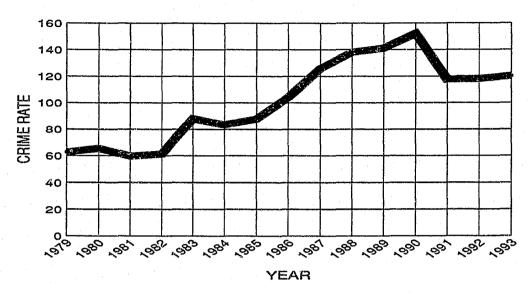
In 1992, the national robbery rate was 263.6 offenses per 100,000 residents, 164.7 percent higher than the 1992 rate in the State of Hawaii. The 1992 robbery rate in the Pacific States was 354.5 per 100,000, 255.9 percent higher than the robbery rate in Hawaii in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF ROBBERIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	1,214	281	23.1
U.S.	(1992)	657,014	157,683	24.0
Pacific	(1992)	143,778	34,507	24.0

There were 63 more reported robberies in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than in 1992 and 19 fewer clearances, resulting in a lower percentage of offenses cleared (by 3.0 percentage points).

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	62.6	52.6		1984	83.4	61.1		1989	141.3	36.9
1980	65.5	58.7		1985	87.7	61.0	•	1990	152.3	51.0
1981	59.7	61.8		1986	104.1	52.1		1991	117.7	51.9
1982	61.3	62.7		1987	125.9	48.9		1992	118.1	50.0
1983	88.0	54.3		1988	138.2	52.1		1993	120.2	43.3

Aggravated assaults represent 1.9 percent of the State of Hawaii's Crime Index and 46.0 percent of the violent offenses. Following 6 years of steady increase, the aggravated asault rate in Hawaii fell 22.7 percent from 1990 to 1991. Since 1991, the rate inched upward 0.3 percent in 1992, and 1.8 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 aggravated assault rate is 11.6 percent higher than the 15-year average of 103.3 aggravated assaults per 100,000 residents and 92.0 percent higher than the 1979 rate.

In 1993, 12.4 percent of the 1,408 reported aggravated assaults involved a firearm, 10.2 percent a knife or cutting instrument, 21.3 percent other dangerous weapons, and 56.0 percent strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

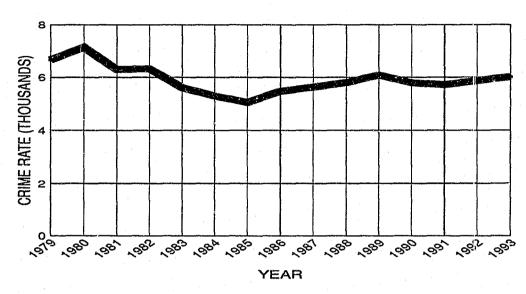
Nationally, the aggravated assault rate in 1992 was 441.8 per 100,000, 274.1 percent above the 1992 rate in Hawaii. The 1992 Pacific States' rate, 558.1 per 100,000, was 372.6 percent higher than Hawaii's rate for the same year.

CLEARANCES OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	1,408	609	43.3
U.S.	(1992)	1,077,163	605,366	56.2
Pacific	(1992)	225,408	132,089	58.6

The number of reported aggravated assaults increased by 43 from 1992 to 1993, 3.2 percent. During that same period, the number of clearances decreased by 74 and the percentage of assaults cleared declined by 6.7 percentage points.

PROPERTY CRIME RATE 1979-1993



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Yea;	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	6,671.4	19.5	1984	5,302.6	15.9	1989	6,087.0	13.1
1980	7,146.6	19.5	1985	5,049.6	17.1	1990	5,796.1	17.2
1981	6,301.0	18.4	1986	5,478.8	16.4	1991	5,720.6	19.8
1982	6,329.8	19.6	1987	5,633.2	17.8	1992	5,875.2	17.6
1983	5,614.0	19.7	1988	5,802.0	15.0	1993	6,017.9	14.4

In 1993, property offenses (burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft) account for 95.8 percent of Hawaii's Crime Index. The property crime rate in the State of Hawaii increased 2.4 percent from 1992 to 1993 to a level that is 1.9 percent higher than the 15-year average of 5,907.1 per 100,000. The 1993 property crime rate is 9.8 percent lower than the property crime rate in 1979.

In 1992, the property crime rate in the United States was 4,902.7 per 100,000, 16.6 percent lower than the 1992 property crime rate in Hawaii. During that same year, the property crime rate in the Pacific States was 5,550.6 per 100,000, 5.5 percent lower than in Hawaii.

CLEARANCES OF PROPERTY OFFENSES

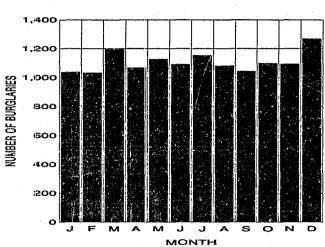
		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	70,505	10,139	14.4
U.S.	(1992)	11,789,664	2,086,771	17.7
Pacific	(1992)	2,224,970	378,245	17.0

There were 2,604 more property crimes reported in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than in 1992, an increase of 3.8 percent. From 1992 to 1993, the number of clearances declined by 1,798, or 15.1 percent, while the percentage of crimes cleared declined by 3.2 percentage points.

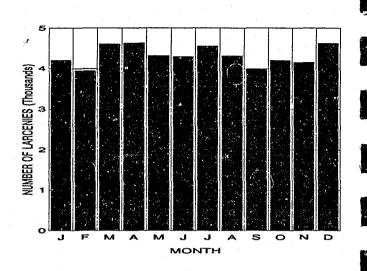
PROPERTY CRIMES REPORTED BY MONTH

State of Hawaii, 1993

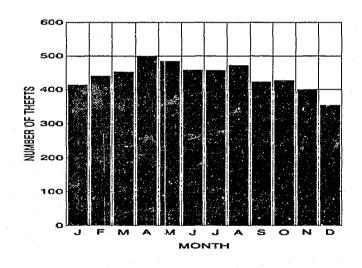




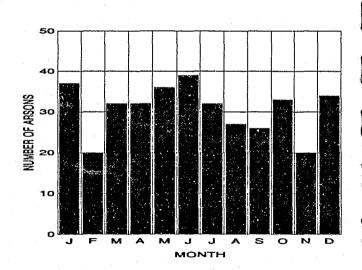
Larceny-Theft



Motor Vehicle Theft

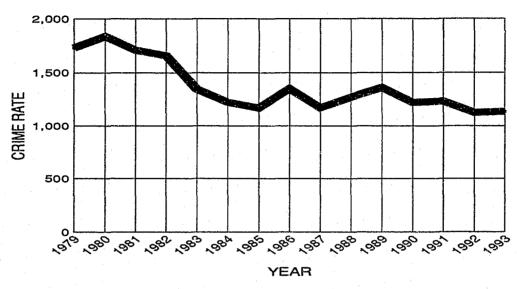


Arson



The highest monthly total for reported property crimes occurred in March (6,297), closely followed by December (6,289). The greatest numbers of burglaries took place in December (1,270) and March (1,202); larceny-thefts in April (4,638) and December (4,631); motor vehicle thefts in April (499) and May (485); and arsons in June (39) and January (37).

BURGLARY RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	1,733.1	19.9	1984	1,224.6	10.7	1989	1,362.0	7.5
1980	1,839.0	20.2	1985	1,170.0	11.5	1990	1,221.9	12.7
1981	1,709.9	15.1	1986	1,351.8	10.7	1991	1,232.7	16.0
1982	1,658.0	11.5	1987	1,171.9	10.7	1992	1,125.4	13.1
1983	1,346.5	12.3	1988	1,271.2	9.9	1993	1,136.1	8.1

Burglary accounted for 18.1 percent of all Index Offenses and 18.9 percent of all property crimes in the State of Hawaii in 1993. From 1992 to 1993, the burglary rate increased 1.0 percent. The 1993 rate is 16.3 percent below the 15-year average of 1,357.9 burglaries per 100,000 and 34.4 percent below the rate in 1979.

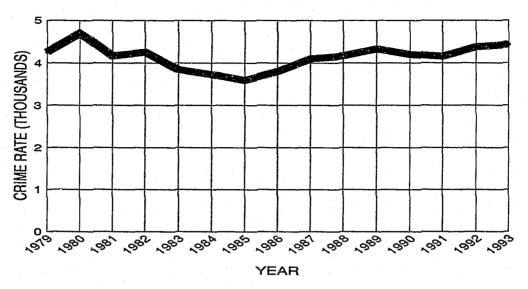
The national burglary rate in 1992 was 1,168.2, 3.8 percent higher than the 1992 burglary rate in Hawaii. The 1992 burglary rate in the Pacific States was 1,316.7, 17.0 percent higher than Hawaii's 1992 burglary rate.

CLEARANCES OF BURGLARIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	13,310	1,079	8.1
U.S.	(1992)	2,799,638	375,151	13.4
Pacific	(1992)	528,145	68,131	12.9

In 1993, there were 304 more reported burglaries in Hawaii than in 1992 and the same number of clearances (1,079), resulting in a percentage of burglaries cleared that is 5.0 percentage points lower in 1993 than in 1992.

LARCENY-THEFT RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Yea</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	4,252.0	20.3	1984	3,725.3	17.7	198	9 4,326.1	15.1
1980	4,698.1	19.9	1985	3,593.1	18.9	199	4,195.6	18.5
1981	4,160.6	19.8	1986	3,795.6	18.6	199	1 4,152.3	21.0
1982	4,251.2	23.2	1987	4,090.1	19.9	199	2 4,373.4	18.7
1983	3,843.2	23.0	1988	4,162.4	16.3	199	3 4,430.9	16.0

Larceny-theft accounts for the greatest portion of Hawaii's Crime Index and property crimes: 70.6 percent and 73.6 percent, respectively. The statewide larceny-theft rate increased 5.3 percent from 1991 to 1992 and 1.3 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 larceny-theft rate is 7.1 percent higher than the 15-year average of 4,137.8 per 100,000 and 4.2 percent higher than the 1979 rate.

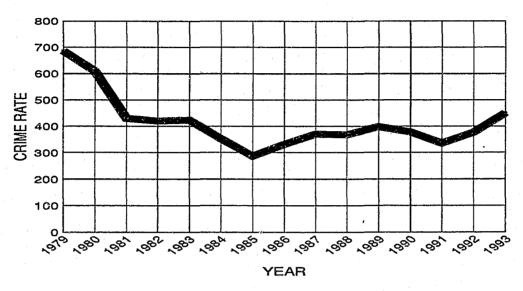
The 1992 larceny rate in Hawaii was 40.9 percent higher than the national rate of 3,103.0 and was 31.3 percent higher than the 1992 rate in the Pacific States: 3,331.6 per 100,000.

CLEARANCES OF LARCENIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	51,912	8,291	16.0
U.S.	(1992)	7,436,957	1,502,265	20.2
Pacific	(1992)	1,332,642	269,194	20.2

There were 1,368 more larcenies reported in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than in 1992, representing a 2.7 percent increase. From 1992 to 1993, there were 12.3 percent fewer clearances, resulting in a 1993 percentage of thefts cleared that is 2.7 percentage points lower than in 1992.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE 1979-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>
1979	686.2	13.2	1984	352.7	14.6		1989	398.9	11.0
1980	609.5	14.0	1985	286.6	18.6		1990	378.6	17.1
1981	430.5	18.4	1986	331.4	15.5		1991	335.6	19.7
1982	420.7	15.1	1987	371.2	17.1		1992	376.5	17.9
1983	424.3	12.5	1988	368.4	17.9		1993	450.9	14.6

In 1993, 7.2 percent of all Index Offenses and 7.5 percent of all property crimes were motor vehicle thefts. The motor vehicle theft rate increased 19.8 percent from 1992 to 1993, to stand at a level which is 9.6 percent above the 15-year average of 411.3 per 100,000 population. The motor vehicle theft rate in 1993 is 34.3 percent lower than in 1979.

The motor vehicle theft rate for the United States in 1992 was 631.5 per 100,000 population, 67.7 percent higher than in Hawaii. The theft rate for the Pacific States in 1992 was 902.3 per 100,000 population, 139.7 percent higher than Hawaii's rate for the same year.

CLEARANCES OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	5,283	769	14.6
U.S.	(1992)	1,553,069	214,324	13.8
Pacific	(1992)	364,183	41,517	11.4

In 1993, there were 932 more motor vehicles reported stolen in Hawaii than in 1992, an increase of 21.4 percent. From 1992 to 1993, the number of clearances declined 1.3 percent and the percentage of thefts cleared fell by 3.3 percentage points.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OF OFFENSE State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE	# OF OFFENSES	PROPERTY VALUE	% OF TOTAL
MURDER	45	15,000	0.0
RAPE	394	550	0.0
ROBBERY			
Highway	456	176,920	0.3
Commerc∮al House	151_	95,330	0.2
Service Station	13	2,000	0.0
Convenience Store	128	33,830	0.1
Residence	118	158,490	0.3
Bank	50	149,720	0.2
Miscellaneous	298	227,260	0.4
ROBBERY SUBTOTAL	1,214	843,550	1.3
BURGLARY			
Residence - Night	2,318	3,774,820	6.0
Residence - Day	4,933`	8,350,800	13.2
Residence - Unknown	871	1,124,450	1.8
Non-Residence - Night	2,063	1,818,680	2.9
Non-Residence - Day	2,441	2,857,520	4.5
Non-Residence - Unknown	684	660,780	1.0
BURGLARY SUBTOTAL	13,310	18,587,060	29.4
LARCENY-THEFT			
Pocket Picking	443	282,330	0.4
Purse Snatching	367	285,560	0.5
Shoplifting	7,432	1,128,240	1.8
From Motor Vehicles	14,771	10,173,830	16.1
Motor Vehicle Parts	7,090	2,438,450	3.9
Bicycles	3,018	1,290,460	2.0
From Buildings	8,031	8,764,330	13.9
Coin Machines	854	115,490	0.2
All Others	9,906	8,637,860	13.7
LARCENY-THEFT SUBTOTAL	51,912	33,116,550	52.5
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	5,283	10,565,470	16.7
TOTAL	72,158	63,128,190	100.0

Values may not add to subtotals and totals due to rounding.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

State of Hawaii, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	STOLEN	RECOVERED	% RECOVERED
MONEY - NOTES	5,107,640	183,960	3.6
JEWELS	11,148,720	423,390	3.8
CLOTHING - FURS	8,113,460	227,320	2.8
MOTOR VEHICLES	10,604,570	7,703,600	72.6
OFFICE EQUIPMENT	1,814,260	94,060	5.2
TV - RADIO	4,961,940	169,090	3.4
FIREARMS	142,300	12,910	9.1
HOUSEHOLD GOODS	793,980	26,940	3.4
CONSUMABLE GOODS	682,570	47,640	7.0
LIVESTOCK	108,990	14,600	13.4
MISCELLANEOUS	19,649,760	1,757,940	8.9
TOTAL	63,128,190	10,661,450	16.9

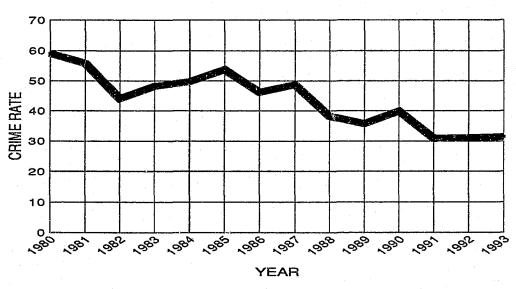
Values may not add to totals due to rounding.

The number of offenses in the categories in which property was reported stolen increased 3.8 percent from 1992 to 1993 in the State of Hawaii. Moreover, the amount of property reported stolen increased 8.9 percent while the amount of property recovered increased 10.9 percent from 1992 to 1993.

Larceny-theft offenses accounted for 52.5 percent of the value of property stolen in the State of Hawaii in 1992. Thefts from buildings and thefts from motor vehicles together accounted for 30.0 percent of the total value of stolen property. Within the category of burglary thefts, the sub-category which encompassed the greatest amount of stolen property was daytime residential burglary.

By type of property stolen, the greatest value loss in the State of Hawaii in 1992 was in the form of jewels, 17.7 percent of the total value reported taken, closely followed by motor vehicle thefts, 16.8 percent of the total value reported taken. However, while 72.6 percent of the value of stolen motor vehicles was recovered, only 3.8 percent of the value of jewels was recovered. Overall, 16.9 percent of the value of property stolen in the State of Hawaii in 1993 was recovered, up from 16.6 percent in 1992.

ARSON RATE 1980-1993 STATE OF HAWAII



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1980

	Crime	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>				<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared			<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1980	59.1	13.3		1985	53.7	8.8			1990	39.9	6.5
1981	55.8	8.1		1986	46.2	14.4			1991	30.9	14.0
1982	44.1	7.8		1987	48.7	11.2			1992	31.1	10.9
1983	48.2	11.5		1988	38.2	10.7			1993	31.4	10.3
1984	49.7	10.6		1989	35.7	10.7					

Arson offenses have been reported to the UCR Program since 1980. The arson rate has remained relatively stable the past 3 years, increasing 0.6 percent from 1991 to 1992 and 1.0 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 arson rate is 27.5 percent lower than the 14-year average of 43.3 offenses per 100,000 residents and 46.9 percent lower than in 1980.

For those jurisdictions reporting arson data to the UCR Program in 1992, the rate totaled 48.2 per 100,000, 55.0 percent higher than the rate in Hawaii for that year. For those jurisdictions in the Western States¹ reporting arson data, the 1992 rate was 60 per 100,000, 92.9 percent higher than in Hawaii in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF ARSONS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii	(1993)	368	38	10.3
U.S.	(1992)	101,156	14,971	14.8
Pacific	(1992)	26,208	3,145	12.0

There were 9 more reported arson offenses in 1993 than in 1992 with 1 less clearance. The 1993 percentage of arsons cleared is 0.6 percentage points lower than in 1992.

¹ Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington, Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming.

VALUE OF PROPERTY DESTROYED BY ARSON State of Hawaii, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	# OF OFFENSES (% OF TOTAL)	PROPERTY VALUE (% OF TOTAL)
STRUCTURE		
Single Occupancy Residential	39 10.1	\$1,796,545 49.8
Other Residential	31 8.4	\$36,290 1.0
Storage	5 1.3	\$14,180 0.4
Industrial/Manufacturing	2 0.5	\$70,100 1.9
Other Commercial	33 8.9	\$129,513 3.6
Community/Public	39 10.6	\$214,850 5.9
All Other Structures	17 4.6	\$365,305 10.1
STRUCTURE SUBTOTAL	166 45.0	\$2,626,783 72.8
MOBILE		
Motor Vehicles	90 24.4	\$288,485 8.0
Other Mobile Property	0 0.0	0 0.0
MOBILE SUBTOTAL	90 24.4	\$288,485 8.0
OTHER	113 30.6	\$691,423 19.2
TOTAL	369 100.0	\$3,606,691 100.0

Percents may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Arson of structures accounted for 45.0 percent of the number of arsons in the State of Hawaii in 1993 and 72.8 percent of the value lost as a result of arson. Single occupancy residences were involved in only 10.1 percent of arson offenses but accounted for almost half of the value of property destroyed by arson. The sub-category with the greatest number of arsons was motor vehicles.

The highest average property loss occurred in single occupancy (family) residential structures (\$46,065), followed by industrial/manufacturing structures (\$35,050). The lowest average value of property destroyed by arson involved other residential structures, \$1,171 per offense.

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

HIGHLIGHTS

The character of crime in the State of Hawaii is clearly reflected in offense statistics for the City and County of Honolulu. In 1993, 74.4 percent of the State's population resided in the City and County of Honolulu. During 1993, 76.7 percent of the State's total Index Crimes, 81.7 percent of the violent crimes, and 76.5 percent of the property crimes were reported in the City and County of Honolulu.

From 1992 to 1993, number of reported offenses for 6 of the 8 Index Crimes increased in the City and County of Honolulu. The total number of reported Index Crimes increased 5.3 percent, the number of reported violent crimes increased 5.0 percent, and the number of reported property crimes increased 5.3 percent. The greatest increase from 1992 to 1993 occured in the number of reported motor vehicle thefts, 27.2 percent. The number of reported rapes decreased 12.3 percent from 1991 to 1992, and the number of murders remained unchanged.

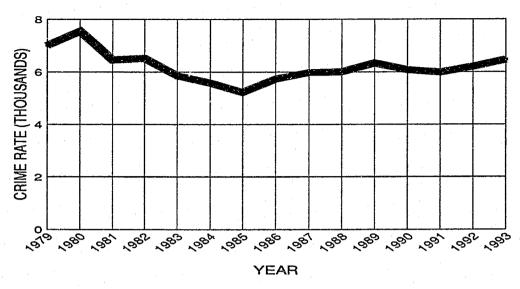
The table below lists the actual number of reported Index Crimes in the City and County of Honolulu during the past 15 years, except arson, for which data have been collected since 1980. In 1993, there were fewer murders, robberies, burglaries, and motor vehicle thefts than in 1979, and fewer arsons than in 1980.

Reported Offenses
City and County of Honolulu, 1979-1993

	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	ARSON
1993	56,405	2,501	53,904	31	286	1,085	1,099	9,296	40,148	4,460	276
1992	53,558	2,382	51,176	31	326	1,013	1,012	9,106	38,563	3,507	268
1991	51,032	2,058	48,974	29	275	860	894	9,905	36,019	3,050	262
1990	51,028	2,412	48,616	34	278	889	1,211	9,785	35,514	3,317	314
1989	52,682	2,165	50,517	43	269	809	1,044	10,654	36,305	3,558	321
1988	49,469	2,186	47,283	28	283	833	1,042	9,811	34,227	3,245	329
1987	48,949	2,258	46,691	36	322	985	915	9,136	34,239	3,316	422
1986	46,455	2,076	44,379	46	241	1,052	737	10,675	30,846	2,858	387
1985	42,048	1,801	40,247	36	248	965	552	8,989	28,837	2,421	427
1984	44,560	1,950	42,610	25	255	1,117	553	9,320	30,191	3,099	444
1983	46,228	2,136	44,092	45	249	1,243	599	10,044	30,195	3,853	413
1982	50,600	2,151	48,449	25	269	1,457	400	12,381	32,416	3,652	371
1981	49,548	1,965	47,583	40	265	1,320	340	12,576	31,362	3,645	434
1980	57,718	2,456	55,262	65	264	1,729	398	13,848	36,189	5,225	390
1979	52,926	2,196	50,730	48	223	1,568	357	12,803	32,166	5,761	

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals exclude arson offenses.

TOTAL INDEX CRIME RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
Year	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	7,000.8	19.5	1984	5,585.4	15.3	1989	6,337.3	12.3
1980	7,548.8	20.6	1985	5,227.9	16. 9	1990	6,079.1	17.4
1981	6,454.9	19.6	1986	5,732.4	15.7	1991	5,989.7	20.6
1982	6,519.8	20.1	1987	5,981.1	18.4	1992	6,205.2	16.5
1983	5,858.3	20.2	1988	6,002.8	15.1	1993	6,467.7	13.4

The total crime rate in the City and County of Honolulu increased 4.2 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 total crime rate now exceeds the 15-year-average of 6,190.4 Index Offenses per 100,000 residents by 4.5 percent. While the total crime rate remains below the rates set in 1979 and the early 1980s, the rate has generally increased since 1985.

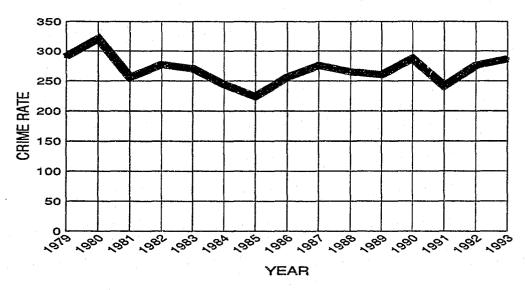
The total crime rate in Honolulu is much lower than the total rate in cities with populations between 500,000 and 999,999. The population of Honolulu in 1992 was 863,117. The average rate in these cities was 9,321.9 per 100,000 residents, 50.2 percent higher than the Honolulu rate for 1992. The total crime rate in cities with populations of 250,000 or more was even higher: 9,524.3 per 100,000 residents, 53.5 percent higher than Honolulu in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	56,405	7,556	13.4
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	1,137,146	204,686	18.0
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	4,388,956	825,124	18.8

The percentage of total Index Offenses cleared in Honolulu was 3.1 percentage points lower in 1993 than in 1992. The total number of reported offenses increased by 2,847 and the number of clearances decreased by 1,268 from 1992 to 1993.

VIOLENT CRIME RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Year	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>
1979	290.5	35.8	1984	244.4	37.5	1989	260.4	24.8
1980	321.2	38.9	1985	223.9	40.6	1990	287.3	38.5
1981	256.0	43.6	1986	256.2	34.9	1991	241.5	43.8
1982	277.2	42.4	1987	275.9	39.4	1992	276.0	38.0
1983	270.7	40.5	1988	265.3	39.8	1993	286.8	31.9

The violent crime rate in the City and County of Honolulu increased 3.9 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 violent crime rate was 6.7 percent above the 15-year average of 268.7 offenses per 100,000 residents and 1.3 percent below the violent crime rate in 1979.

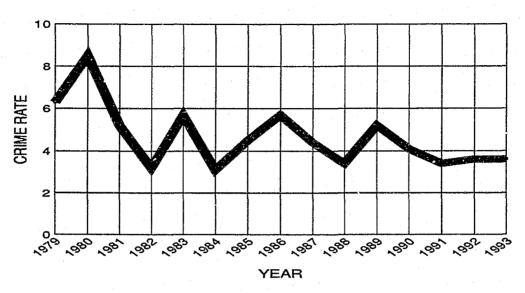
The 1992 violent crime rate in Honolulu was approximately one-fifth that of cities of comparable size. The 1992 violent crime rate in cities with populations of 250,000 or more was 1,802.1 per 100,000; in cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999, the rate was 1,397.2 violent crimes per 100,000.

CLEARANCES OF VIOLENT OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	2,501	799	31.9
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	170,438	65,619	38.5
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	828,803	319,089	38.5

One hundred nineteen more violent offenses were reported in 1993 than in 1992, a 5.0 percent increase, while the number of clearances decreased by 106, 11.7 percent. The percentage of violent crimes cleared in 1993 was 6.1 percentage points lower than in 1992.

MURDER RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Y	ear	Rate	Cleared
1979	6.3	79.2	1984	3.1	72.0	49	989	5.2	53.5
1980	8.5	69.2	1985	4.5	52.8	1:	990	4.1	67. 6
1981	5.2	100.0	1986	5.7	26.1	1!	991	3.4	89.7
1982	3.2	84.0	1987	7 4.4	66.7	1	992	3.6	67.7°
1983	5.7	66.7	1988	3 3.4	46.4	1:	993	3.6	64.5

The murder rate in the City and County of Honolulu was unchanged from 1992 to 1993 at a level 42.9 percent below the murder rate in 1979. The 1992 murder rate was 21.7 percent below the 15-year average of 4.6 murders per 100,000 residents.

Eleven of Honolulu's 1993 murders, or 35.5 percent of the total, were committed with handguns, while 10 (32.3 percent) of the murders were committed with knives or other cutting instruments. A rifle was used in 1 additional (3.2 percent of the total) murder, and physical force caused the death of 5 victims (16.1 percent). The remaining 4 victims (12.9 percent) died of asphyxiation, beating, and strangulation with other weapons.

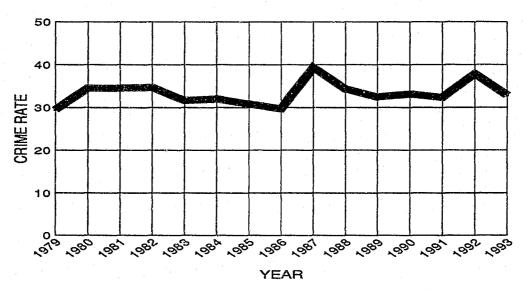
The 1992 murder rate in Honolulu was approximately one-sixth that of cities of comparable size. The 1992 murder rate for cities with populations of 250,000 or more was 24.8 per 100,000 residents; for cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999, the murder rate was 22.0 per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF MURDERS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	31	20	64.5
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	2,684	1,594	59.4
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	11,408	6,799	59.6

There were the same number of murders and one less clearance in 1993 than in 1992, resulting in a percentage of murders cleared that is 3.2 percentage points below the 1992 rate.

FORCIBLE RAPE RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent				<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared			Year	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	29.5	39.0			1984	32.0	46.7		1989	32.4	45.4
1980	34.5	51.1			1985	30.8	53.6		1990	33.1	66.2
1981	34.5	57.7			1986	29.7	62.2		1991	32.3	84.4
1982	34.7	61.0			1987	39.3	52.8		1992	37.8	66.6
1983	31.6	48.6			1988	34.3	42.0		1993	32.8	45.5

The forcible rape rate in the City and County of Honolulu decreased 13.2 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 rape rate was 1.5 percent below the 15-year average of 33.3 offenses per 100,000 residents and was 11.2 percent higher than at the beginning of the 15-year trend in 1979.

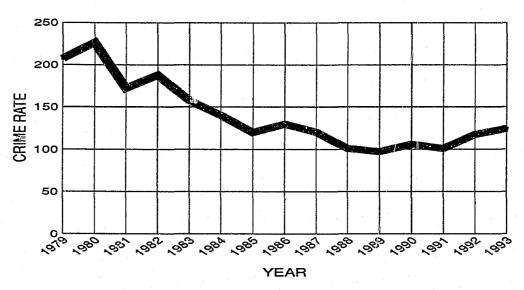
The 1992 rape rate in Honolulu was just over half the rate for cities of comparable size. Cities with populations of 250,000 or more had a rate equal to 67.8 rapes per 100,000 residents in 1992, while cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 had a rate of 73.9 rapes per 100,000 residents in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF FORCIBLE RAPES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	286	130	45.5
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	9,018	5,077	56.3
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	29,784	15,905	53.4

The percentage of forcible rapes cleared in 1993 fell 21.1 percentage points from 1992. In 1992, there were 14.0 percent more rapes (326) and 66.9 percent more clearances (217) than in 1993.

ROBBERY RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		Year	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	207.4	30.5	1984	140.0	26.6		1989	97.3	14.7
1980	226.1	32.8	1985	120.0	28.6		1990	105.9	21.4
1981	172.0	35.5	1986	129.8	22./8		1991	100.9	27.8
1982	187.7	34.2	1987	120.4	28.3		1992	117.4	24.9
1983	157.5	34.1	1988	101.1	26.4		1993	124.4	20.9

While the robbery rate in the City and County of Honolulu has largely declined during the past 15 years, the 1993 rate was 6.0 percent higher than in the previous year. The 1993 robbery rate was 10.6 percent less than the 15-year average of 139.1 robberies per 100,000 residents and 40.0 percent less than the robbery rate in 1979.

Robberies committed with firearms accounted for 10.0 percent of all robberies in the City and County in 1993. Knives were used in an additional 7.8 percent of Honolulu's robberies, while strong-arm methods accounted 81.2 percent and other weapons were used in 0.9 percent of the robberies.

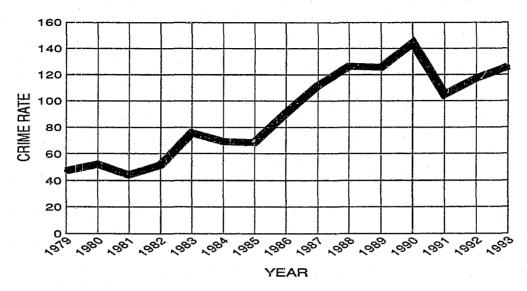
Robbery rates in cities of comparable size were 5-1/2 to more than 7 times greater than in Honolulu in 1992. Cities with populations of 250,000 or more had a robbery rate of 839.5 per 100,000 in 1992; cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 had a robbery rate of 645.4 per 100,000 in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF ROBBERIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	1,085	227	20.9
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	78,733	16,928	21.5
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	386,336	82,676	21.4

There were 72 more reported robberies in 1993 than in 1992 and 25 fewer clearances. The percentage of clearances for robbery in 1993 is 4.0 percentage points below the percentage in 1992.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>
1979	47.2	51.3		1984	69.3	53.7		1939	125.6	26.2
1980	52.1	52.3		1985	68.6	55.1		1990	144.3	43.9
1981	44.3	57.1		1986	90.9	43.7		1991	104.9	45.2
1982	51.5	57.0		1987	111.8	45.6		1992	117.2	41.0
1983	75.9	48.4		1988	126.4	49.6		1993	126.0	38.4

The aggravated assault rate in the City and County of Honolulu rose sharply from 1981 to 1990. From 1990 to 1991, the assault rate decreased 27.3 percent, only to rise 20.1 percent from 1991 to 1993. The assault rate in 1993 is at a level 37.4 percent above the 15-year average of 91.7 offenses per 100,000 residents and 166.9 percent above the assault rate in 1979.

Firearms were the type of weapon used in 14.6 percent of Honolulu's aggravated assaults in 1993. Knives were used in an additional 7.7 percent of the assaults, while physical force accounted for 61.9 percent and other weapons were used for 15.8 percent of the aggravated assaults.

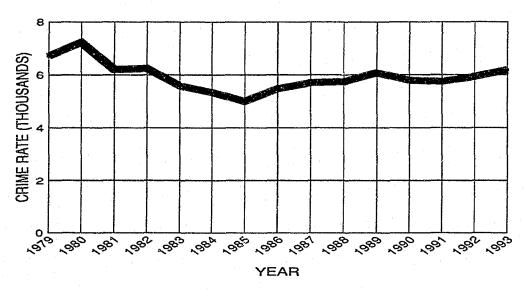
The aggravated assault rate in Honolulu is far below the average rate for cities of comparable size. Cities with populations of 250,000 or more had a rate in 1992 of 870.0 assaults per 100,000 residents. Cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 had a 1992 rate of 655.8 assaults per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

	•	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	1,099	422	38.4
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	80,003	42,082	52.6
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	401,275	213,478	53.2

The 8.6 percent increase in the number of aggravated assaults from 1992 to 1993, combined with a 1.7 percent increase in the number of clearances, resulted in a percentage of assaults cleared in 1993 that is 2.6 percentage points below the 1992 percentage.

PROPERTY CRIME RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Year	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	6,710.3	18.8	1984	5,340.9	14.3	1989	6,076.9	11.8
1980	7,227.6	19.8	1985	5,004.0	15.9	1990	5,791.8	16.3
1981	6,198.9	18.6	1986	5,476.2	14.8	1991	5,748.1	19.7
1982	6,242.6	19.2	1987	5,705.2	17.4	1992	5,929.2	15.5
1983	5,587.6	19.2	1988	5,737.5	14.0	1993	6,181.0	12.5

The 1993 property crime rate in the City and County of Honolulu increased 4.2 percent from the rate in 1992. The property crime rate in Honolulu in 1993 was 4.4 percent above the 15-year average of 5,921.7 offenses per 100,000 residents but 7.9 percent below the property crime rate in 1979.

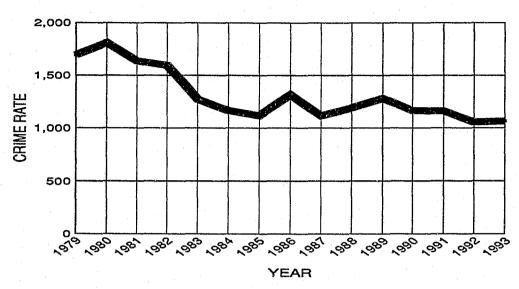
Cities of comparable size have property crime rates approximately 34 percent higher than Honolulu. In 1992, cities with populations of 250,000 or more had a rate of 7,722.2 offenses per 100,000 residents, while cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 had a rate of 7,924.7 offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF PROPERTY OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses		Number of Clearance	es	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	53,904		6,757		12.5
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	966,708		138,239		14.3
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	3,560,153	i	509,102		14.3

Honolulu's percentage of property crimes cleared in 1993 was 3.0 percentage points less than in 1992. In 1993, there were 2,728 more property crimes and 1,162 fewer clearances than in 1992.

BURGLARY RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	1,693.5	18.4	1984	1,168.2	7.4	1989	1,281.6	5.0
1980	1,811.1	20.3	1985	1,117.6	8.8	1990	1,165.7	11.6
1981	1,638.4	14.6	1986	1,317.3	7.5	1991	1,162.6	17.1
1982	1,595.3	10.4	1987	1,116.3	9.7	1992	1,055.0	11.7
1983	1,272.8	11.3	1988	1,190.5	7.8	1993	1,065.9	6.0

The 15-year trend for burglary in the City and County of Honolulu reveals a 37.1 percent decrease in the rate per 100,000 residents. While the 1993 burglary rate was 1.0 percent higher than the 1992 burglary rate, the 1993 rate was 18.1 percent lower than the 15-year average of 1,301.3 offenses per 100,000 residents.

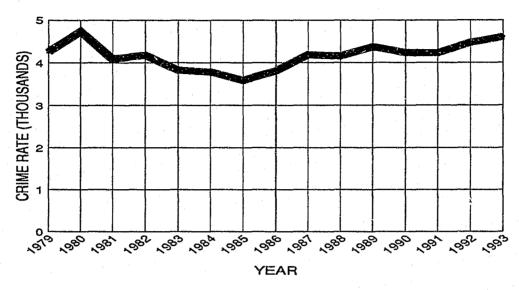
The burglary rate in cities of comparable size is about 70 percent higher than in Honolulu. Cities with populations of 250,000 or more had a 1992 rate of 1,795.8 burglaries per 100,000 residents. The 1992 burglary rate in cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 was 1,799.6 offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF BURGLARIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	9,296	556	6.0
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	219,529	25,904	11.8
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	826,668	93,413	11.3

The percentage of burglaries cleared in the City and County of Honolulu declined 5.7 percentage points in 1993 from 1992. In 1993, there were 190 more burglaries and 511 fewer clearances than in 1992.

LARCENY-THEFT RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	4,254.8	20.4		1984	3,784.3	16.6	1989	4,367.3	14.2
1980	4,733.1	20.6		1985	3,585.4	18.1	1990	4,230.9	17.8
1981	4,085.7	20.5		1986	3,806.3	17.6	199 [.]	4,227.6	20.5
1982	4,176.8	23.2		1987	4,183.7	19.8	1992	4,467.9	16.4
1983	3,826.5	22.9		1988	4,153.3	15.6	1990	4,603.6	14.1

Larceny-theft offenses comprised 71.2 percent of all reported Index Crimes and 74.5 percent of the property crimes in the City and County of Honolulu in 1993. The larceny-theft rate increased 3.0 percent from 1992 to stand 10.4 percent above the 15-year average of 4,168.7 offenses per 100,000 residents and 8.2 percent above the 1979 larceny-theft rate.

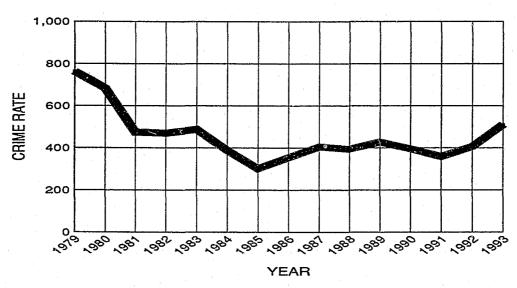
Honolulu's larceny-theft rate in 1992 was roughly equal to the rates in cities of comparable size. The rate in Honolulu was 3.1 percent higher than the 1992 rate of 4,335.0 in cities with populations of 250,000 or more but 5.5 percent lower than in cities of 500,000 to 999,999 population, where the rate was 4,729.4 per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF LARCENIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	40,148	5,666	14.1
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	576,918	92,884	16.1
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	2.000.438	338.074	16.9

in 1993, the number of larceny-theft offenses reported in the City and County of Honolulu increased by 1,585 (4.1 percent) from 1992. There were 644 (10.2 percent) fewer clearances of thefts in 1993 than in 1992, resulting in a percentage of thefts cleared that is 2.3 percentage points lower.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE 1979-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent			Crime	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	762.0	10.7	1984	388.4	12.1		1989	428.0	7.4
1980	683.4	12.6	1985	301.0	15.2		1990	395.2	14.4
1981	474.9	16.5	1986	352.7	12.3		1991	358.0	17.8
1982	470.6	13.4	1987	405.2	14.8		1992	406.3	15.5
1983	488.3	10.5	1988	393.8	15.2		1993	511.4	12.0

The 1993 rate for motor vehicle theft in the City and County of Honolulu shot up 25.9 percent from the rate set in 1992. Among the rates set in the past 15 years, the 1993 rate is third highest, eclipsed only by the much higher rates of 1979 and 1980. The 1993 rate exceeds the 15-year average of 451.8 thefts per 100,000 residents by 13.2 percent.

Cities of comparable size had motor vehicle theft rates about 3-1/2 times greater than Honolulu in 1992. The 1992 offense rate in cities with populations of 250,000 or more was 1,591.5 motor vehicle thefts per 100,000 residents, while the rate in cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 was 1,395.7 offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	4,460	535	12.0
18 cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	170,261	20,091	11.8
63 cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	733,047	75,504	10.3

The number of motor vehicle thefts in the City and County increased by 953 (27.2 percent), while the number of clearances decreased by 7 (1.3 percent) from 1992 to 1993. The percentage of motor vehicle thefts cleared decreased 3.5 percentage points from 1992 to 1993.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OF OFFENSE City and County of Honolulu, 1993

OFFENSE	# OF OFFENSES	PROPERTY VALUE	% OF TOTAL
MURDER	31	0	0.0
RAPE	286	0	0.0
ROBBERY			
Highway	406	150,070	0.3
Commercial House	147	90,430	0.2
Service Station	11	1,800	0.0
Convenience Store	112	29,050	0.1
Residence	104	148,940	0.3
Bank	48	147,290	0.3
Miscellaneous	257	219,220	0.4
ROBBERY SUBTOTAL	1,085	786,810	1.6
BURGLARY			
Residence - Night	1,831	3,476,500	7.1
Residence - Day	3,899	7,192,410	14.7
Residence - Unknown	231	523,940	1.1
Non-Residence - Night	1,412	1,385,640	2.8
Non-Residence - Day	1,826	2,208,610	4.5
Non-Residence - Unknown	97	298,780	0.6
BURGLARY SUBTOTAL	9,296	15,085,880	30.9
LARCENY-THEFT			
Pocket Picking	430	280,340	0.6
Purse Snatching	333	276,780	0.6
Shoplifting	5,209	1,022,190	2.1
From Motor Vehicles	11,619	8,047,450	16.5
Motor Vehicle Parts	5,596	2,051,180	4.2
Bicycles	2,567	1,098,040	2.2
From Buildings	5,922	6,344,500	13.0
Coin Machines	785	83,570	0.2
All Others	7,687	6,869,710	14.1
LARCENY-THEFT SUBTOTAL	40,148	26,073,760	53.4
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	4,460	6,910,070	14.1
TOTAL	55,306	48,856,510	100.0

Values may not add to subtotals and totals due to rounding.

Value of Property Stolen and Recovered City and County of Honolulu, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	STOLEN	RECOVERED	% RECOVERED
MONEY - NOTES	3,535,300	87,630	2.5
JEWELS	8,873,840	299,280	3.4
CLOTHING - FURS	7,711,880	177,200	2.3
MOTOR VEHICLES	6,910,070	4,847,710	70.2
OFFICE EQUIPMENT	1,568,040	88,260	5.6
TV - RADIO	3,588,550	104,770	2.9
FIREARMS	72,630	4,620	6.4
HOUSEHOLD GOODS	478,480	19,820	4.1
CONSUMABLE GOODS	556,430	14,390	2.6
LIVESTOCK	18,920	670	3.6
MISCELLANEOUS	15,542,360	874,730	5.6
TOTAL	48,856,510	6,519,100	13.3

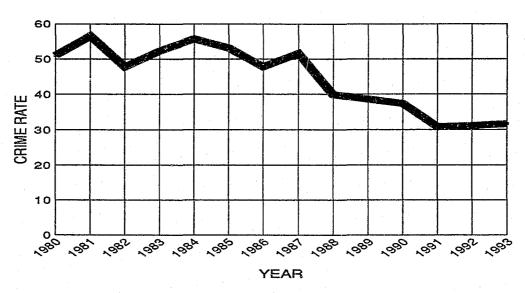
Values may not add to totals due to rounding.

The number of offenses in the categories in which property was reported stolen increased 5.3 percent in the City and County of Honolulu from 1992 to 1993. Moreover, the total value of the stolen property increased 15.2 percent; the amount of property recovered increased 47.4 percent from 1992 to 1993.

Larceny-theft offenses accounted for 53.4 percent of the value of property stolen in the City and County of Honolulu in 1993. Thefts from buildings and thefts from motor vehicles contributed the greatest amounts to the larceny-theft subtotal. Residential burglaries which took place during the day resulted in the greatest value of stolen property during burglaries.

By type of property stolen, jewels accounted for the greatest value loss: 18.2 percent of the total. The recovery rate of the value of stolen jewels was only 3.4 percent. Motor vehicle theft had the highest rate of value recovered (70.2 percent). The proportion of the total value of property stolen which was recovered in the City and County of Honolulu in 1993 was 13.3 percent, up from 10.4 percent in 1992, but lowest among the four counties.

ARSON RATE 1980-1993 CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1980

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1980	51.0	7.4	1985	53.1	5.9		1990	37.4	3.2
1981	56.5	5.5	1986	47.8	12.1		1991	30.8	10.7
1982	47.8	6.7	1987	51.6	10.9		1992	31.1	8.6
1983	52.3	7.7	1988	39.9	9.7		1993	31.6	8.3
1984	55.7	8.1	1989	38.6	10.9				

The arson rate in the City and County of Honolulu declined steadily from 1987 to 1991, reaching the lowest rate since arson data have been collected, before increasing 2.6 percent in 1992 and 1993. The 1993 arson rate was 28.7 percent below the 14-year average of 44.3 arson offenses per 100,000 residents and 38.0 percent below the 1980 rate, when these data were first collected.

Fewer jurisdictions report offense data for arson than for the other Index Crimes. In cities with populations of 250,000 or more which reported arson data, the 1992 arson rate was 91.1 offenses per 100,000 residents, nearly 3 times the Honolulu rate in 1992. In cities with populations of 500,000 to 999,999 which reported arson data in 1992, the rate was 71.5 offenses per 100,000 residents, about 2.3 times the arson rate in Honolulu in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF ARSONS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Honolulu	(1993)	276	23	8.3
U.S. cities, 500,000 to 999,999	(1992)	7,583	978	12.9
U.S. cities, 250,000 and over	(1992)	38,768	3,567	9.2

The percentage of arsons cleared in the City and County decreased 0.3 percentage points from 1992 to 1993. The number of arson offenses increased by 8, while the number of clearances was unchanged from 1992 to 1993.

VALUE OF PROPERTY DESTROYED BY ARSON

City and County of Honolulu, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	# OF OFFENSES (% OF TOTAL)	PROPERTY VALUE (% OF TOTAL)
STRUCTURE		
Single Occupancy Residential	27 9.8	\$1,747,560 63.8
Other Residential	27 9.8	\$36,290 1.3
Storage	1 0.4	\$180 0.0
Industrial/Manufacturing	0 0.0	0 0.0
Other Commercial	27 9.8	\$118,220 4.3
Community/Public	34 12.3	\$212,800 7.8
All Other Structures	12 4.3	\$347,280 12.7
STRUCTURE SUBTOTAL	128 46.4	\$2,462,330 89.9
MOBILE	**************************************	
Motor Vehicles	71 25.7	\$255,160 9.3
Other Mobile Property	0 0.0	0 0.0
MOBILE SUBTOTAL	71 25.7	\$255,160 9.3
OTHER	77 27.9	\$20,760 0.8
TOTAL	276 100.0	\$2,738,250 100.0

Percents may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Arson of structures accounted for 46.4 percent of the number of arsons in the City and County of Honolulu in 1993 and 89.9 percent of the value lost as a result of arson. Single occupancy residential structures were involved in only 9.8 percent of all arsons but accounted for 63.8 percent of the property value destroyed by arson. The category with the greatest number of arsons was motor vehicles: 71.

There were no arsons involving industrial/manufacturing structures or other mobile property in 1993. The highest average loss due to arson occurred in single occupancy residential structures: \$64,724 per offense. The lowest average value of property destroyed by arson involved the storage structures: \$180 per offense.

HAWAII COUNTY

HIGHLIGHTS

In 1993, 11.4 percent of the State's population resided in Hawaii County. During 1993, 9.4 percent of the State's Index Crimes, 8.2 percent of the violent crimes, and 9.4 percent of the property crimes were reported in Hawaii County. From 1992 to 1993, the numbers of reported Index Crimes and violent crimes decreased in the County: 0.2 and 6.0 percent, respectively. There was one more property crime in 1993 than in 1992, an increase of less than one-tenth of 1 percent. The numbers of reported offenses in 4 Index Crime categories decreased from 1992 to 1993: rape, 2.3 percent; aggravated assault, 9.4 percent; larcenytheft, 3.5 percent. During the same period, the number of reported offenses increased for the crimes of robbery, 2.2 percent, and burglary, 10.4 percent; while the number of murders and motor vehicle thefts remained the same.

Unlike other counties in the State of Hawaii, Hawaii County has 2 Uniform Crime Reporting areas: the City of Hilo (South Hilo District) and the balance of the County. In 1993, 34 percent of the County resided in Hilo, 66 percent in other parts of the County. During the past 15 years, the area outside the City of Hilo has experienced greater population growth. In 1979, 53 percent of the County's population resided in areas outside Hilo; by 1993, that proportion of the County population had increased to 66 percent.

Comparisons of the 2 reporting areas reveal interesting differences. With 34 percent of the County's population, Hilo accounted for 39.4 percent of the reported Index Crimes, 39.6 percent of the property crimes, and 33.9 percent of the violent crimes in 1993. From 1992 to 1993 in Hilo, the number of reported crimes decreased in 6 of 8 Index Offense categories. During the same time period, the number of reported crimes also decreased in 3 of 8 Index Offense categories in the balance of the County.

The tables on the following page list the actual numbers of reported Index Crimes in the 2 reporting areas of Hawaii County. From 1979 to 1993, the number of reported Index Crimes in the City of Hilo increased 17.9 percent while the population increased 10.3 percent. More dramatic are the changes which have taken place in the balance of the County: from 1979 to 1993, the number of reported Index Crimes increased 79.6 percent while the population increased 83.8 percent.

A discrepancy regarding the reporting of a murder-suicide in the area outside Hilo in December, 1987 has been clarified in this report. This incident, initially reported as a double murder, was reclassified as a murder-suicide in August, 1988. The FBI, in *Crime in the United States*, reported the incident as a double murder in its total of 14 murders for the entire County of Hawaii in 1987 and subtracted one murder as a correction when it reported 12 homicides in 1988. For the State of Hawaii, 52 murders were reported in 1987 and 44 in 1988. However, the totals in *Crime in Hawaii 1988* reflect the decision to retroactively reduce the counts for 1987, instead of reducing 1988's counts per UCR rules. In *Crime in Hawaii 1991* and *Crime in Hawaii 1992*, an attempt was made to correct the state's report to agree with the FBI, but did not make all of the changes needed to accomplish this goal in either report. This report has reverted to the (accurate) figures published in *Crime in Hawaii 1988*; 13 murders in each of 1987 and 1988 in Hawaii County, and 51 murders in 1987 and 45 in 1988 for the State.

Reported Offenses Hawaii County - City of Hilo (South Hilo District), 1979-1993

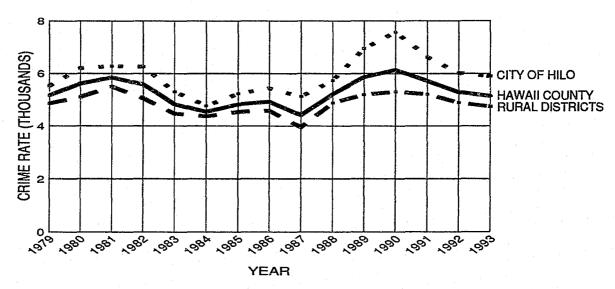
	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	ARSON
1993	2,708	85	2,623	2	16	18	49	639	1,890	94	13
1992	2,757	109	2,648	1	18	23	67	569	1,960	119	18
1991	3,014	114	2,900	- 1	16	29	68	692	2,068	140	22
1990	3,392	155	3,237	4	26	39	86	668	2,392	177	20
1989	3,061	114	2,947	2	19	27	66	653	2,184	110	. 11
1988	2,517	80	2,437	6	11	14	49	446	1,889	102	11
1987	2,269	74	2,195	5	15	17	37	477	1,625	93	6
1986	2,388	82	2,306	1	18	. 17	46	543	1,665	98	17
1985	2,296	63	2,233	1	10	15	37	467	1,677	89	15
1984	2,089	60	2,029	2	10	12	36	453	1,466	110	16
1983	2,310	61	2,249	0	12	13	36	484	1,683	82	14
1982	2,726	58	2,668	0	6	19	33	645	1,935	88	23
1981	2,711	85	2,626	1	20	33	31	807	1,729	90	17
1980	2,651	81	2,570	2	10	22	47	761	1,710	99	25
1979	2,296	77	2,219	8	14	19	38	614	1,504	101	

Reported Offenses Hawaii County - Rural (Balance of County), 1979-1993

	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	ARSON
1993	4,172	166	4,006	4	27	29	106	1,128	2,658	220	25
1992	4,138	158	3,980	5	26	23	104	1,632	2,753	195	27
1991	4,212	238	3,974	6	35	23	174	1,123	2,648	203	30
1990	4,068	171	3,897	3	20	32	116	1,043	2,580	274	37
1989	3,770	151	3,619	5	14	20	112	960	2,429	230	18
1988	3,393	123	3,270	7	12	19	85	945	2,168	157	17
1987	2,664	108	2,556	8	12	11	77	721	1,735	100	16
1986	2,951	102	2,849	1	22	20	59	865	1,856	128	14
1985	2,815	101	2,714	3	16	16	66	756	1,841	117	21
1984	2,608	90	2,518	1	13	16	60	710	1,680	128	24
1983	2,559	84	2,475	5	15	17	47	698	1,691	86	35
1982	2,790	95	2,695	2	17	28	48	871	1,731	93	17
1981	2,912	94	2,818	2	12	25	55	956	1,732	130	34
1980	2,556	92	2,464	11	10	26	45	765	1,599	100	74
1979	2,323	94	2,229	3	19	22	50	724	1,407	98	

Note. Total Index and Property Crime totals exclude arson offenses.

TOTAL INDEX CRIME RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	5,166.7	31.7	1984	4,538.2	27.9	1989	5,858.5	23.9
1980	5,605.0	26.7	1985	4,826.3	29.8	1990	6,139.9	26.1
1981	5,851.2	22.1	1986	4,925.3	34.9	1991	5,716.8	29.1
1982	5,583.0	29.6	1987	4,416.3	28.6	1992	5,288.2	30.5
1983	4,830.4	29.3	1988	5,211.6	24.7	1993	5,144.0	27.8

In 1993, the total Index Crime rate in Hawaii County declined for the third consecutive year. From 1992 to 1993, the total rate fell 2.7 percent to a level 2.6 percent below the 15-year average of 5,281.3 per 100,000 residents. The 1993 rate is also 0.4 percent below the total Index Crime rate from 1979.

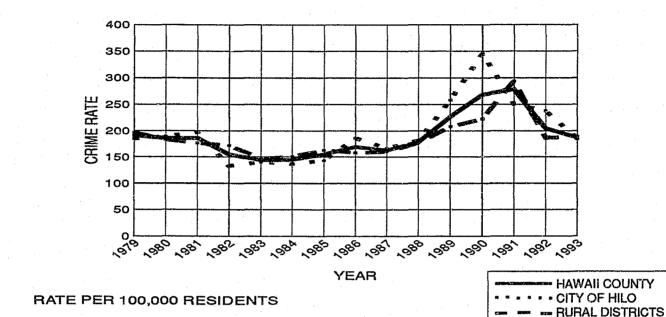
For Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) purposes, Hawaii County is divided into 2 areas, the City of Hilo (South Hilo District), with an estimated 1993 resident population of 45,898, 34.3 percent of the islandwide total, and the balance of the County, which is classified as a rural area, with a 1993 estimated population of 87,849. The total crime rate in Hilo in 1992, 6,021.8 offenses per 100,000 residents, was 3.6 percent higher than the total crime rate in U.S. cities of 25,000 to 49,999 population, 5,814.5 offenses per 100,000 residents. The total crime rate in the balance of the County, 4,891.3 offenses per 100,000 residents, was 127.1 percent higher than the national rate in rural areas, 2,153.8 per 100,000 in 1992, the last year for which national figures are available.

CLEARANCES OF TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	6,880	1,911	27.8
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	1,354,617	321,044	23.7
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	545,952	125,569	23.0

There were 15 fewer reported offenses in Hawaii County in 1993 than in 1992, and 192 fewer clearances. As a result, the overall percentage of offenses cleared declined by 2.7 percentage points.

VIOLENT CRIME RATE 1979-1993



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent
Year	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	191.3	55.6	1984	144.9	75.3	1989	227.3	62.3
1980	186.2	75.1	1985	154.9	82.9	1990	268.3	64.7
1981	186.3	69.3	1986	169.7	70.7	1991	278.5	63.9
1982	154.9	69.9	1987	162.9	64.8	1992	204.8	70.0
1983	143.8	74.5	1988	179.0	60.1	1993	187.7	57.0

The violent crime rate in Hawaii County fell 8.3 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 violent crime rate dropped 2.2 percent below the 15-year average of 191.9 offenses per 100,000 residents and 1.9 percent below the violent crime rate in 1979.

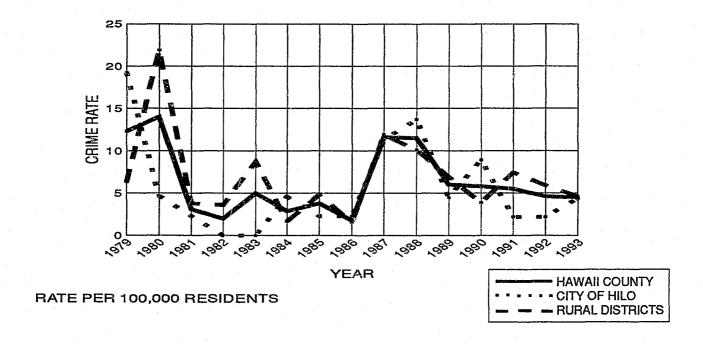
The violent crime rate in cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 was 599.0 offenses per 100,000 in 1992, 151.6 percent higher than the 1992 rate in Hilo, 238.1 per 100,000. The rate in rural counties, 226.2 violent offenses per 100,000 residents, was 21.1 percent higher than the 1992 violent crime rate in rural Hawaii County, 186.8 offenses per 100.000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF VIOLENT OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	251	143	57.0
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	140,005	67,622	48.3
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	59,085	35,865	60.7

From 1992 to 1993, the number of violent offenses in Hawaii County declined by 16, the number of clearances declined by 44, and the percentage cleared fell by 13.0 percentage points.

MURDER RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Yea</u> ı	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	Year	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	12.3	54.5	198	4 2.9	66.7	1989	6.0	28.6
1980	14.0	84.6	198	5 3.8	100.0	1990	5.8	85.7
1981	3.1	166.7	198	3 1.8	100.0	1991	5.5	42.9
1982	2.0	50.0	198	7 11.6	76.9	1992	4.6	116.7
1983	5.0	100.0	198	3 11.5	100.0	1993	4.5	66.7

There were the same number of murders in Hawaii County in 1993 as there were in 1992; however, as a result of the slight increase in population, the murder rate declined 2.2 percent. The 1993 murder rate is 27.4 percent below the 15-year average of 6.2 murders per 100,000 residents and 63.4 percent lower than the rate in 1979.

Of the 6 murder victims in Hawaii County in 1993, 33.3 percent were killed with a firearm, 16.7 percent with a knife or cutting instrument, 33.3 percent by strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.), and 16.7 percent by other means.

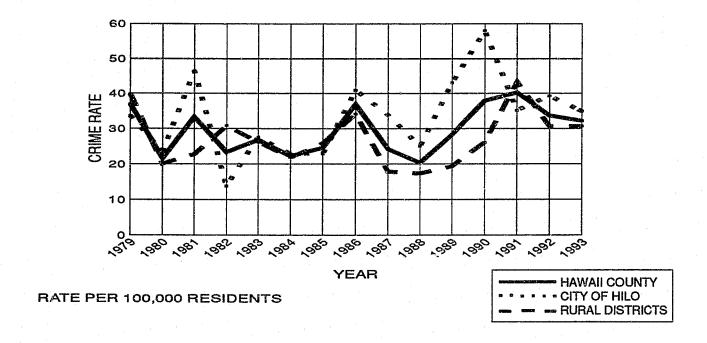
The 1992 murder rate in cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999, 5.2 offenses per 100,000, was 136.4 percent higher than the 1992 rate in Hilo, 2.2 offenses per 100,000 residents. The 1992 murder rate in rural counties nationally, 5.3 offenses per 100,000, was 10.2 percent below the corresponding rate in rural Hawaii County, 5.9 per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF MURDERS

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	6	4	66.7
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	1,196	829	69.3
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	1,328	989	74.5

There were 6 murders reported in both 1992 and 1993, with 7 clearances in 1992 (1 clearance was of a previous year's offense) and 4 clearances in 1993. As a result, the percentage of murders cleared dropped 50 percentage points from 1992 to 1993.

FORCIBLE RAPE RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	36.9	48.5		1984	22.2	52.2		1989	28.3	69.7
1980	21.5	95.0	1	1985	24.6	84.6		1990	37.9	39.1
1981	33.3	43.8	1	1986	36.9	65.0		1991	40.3	62.7
1982	23.3	65.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1987	24.2	66.7		1992	33.7	63.6
1983	26.8	70.4	1	1988	20.3	56.5		1993	32.2	41.9

The forcible rape rate in Hawaii County decreased 16.4 percent from 1991 to 1992 and another 4.5 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 rate is 8.1 percent higher than the 15-year average of 29.8 offenses per 100,000 residents and 12.7 percent lower than the 1979 rate.

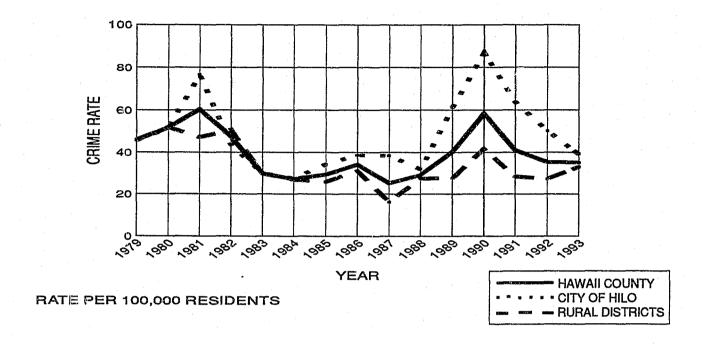
In 1992, cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 had a forcible rape rate of 39.5 offenses per 100,000 residents, slightly higher than the 1992 rate in Hilo of 39.3 per 100,000. Rural counties nationwide had a 1992 rape rate of 27.3 per 100,000, 11.1 percent lower than the 1992 rate in rural Hawaii County of 30.7 per 100,000.

CLEARANCES OF FORCIBLE RAPES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County	(1993)	43	18	41.9
678 cities, 25,000 to 4	19,999 (1992)	8,548	4,265	49.9
2,632 rural police age	ncies (1992)	6,565	3,479	53.0

In 1993, there was 1 less reported forcible rape than in the previous year and 10 fewer clearances. The percentage of forcible rapes cleared in 1993 is 21.7 percentage points lower than in 1992.

ROBBERY RATE 1979-1993



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	Y	<u>ear</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	45.9	34.1	1:	984	27.1	67.9		1989	40.3	59.6
1980	51.7	43.8	1!	985	29.3	74.2		1990	58.4	50.7
1981	60.4	53.4	1!	986	34.1	48.6		1991	41.1	55.8
1982	47.6	40.4	1!	987	25.1	57.1		1992	35.3	26.1
1983	29.8	66.7	1!	988	29.1	42.4		1993	35.1	63.8

The robbery rate in Hawaii County has decreased 39.9 percent since 1990, and 0.6 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 robbery rate is 10.0 percent below the 15-year average of 39.0 offenses per 100,000 residents and 23.5 percent below the robbery rate in 1979.

Of the 47 robberies reported in Hawaii County in 1993, 10.6 percent involved a firearm, 4.3 percent a knife or cutting instrument, 4.3 percent other dangerous weapons, and 80.9 percent strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

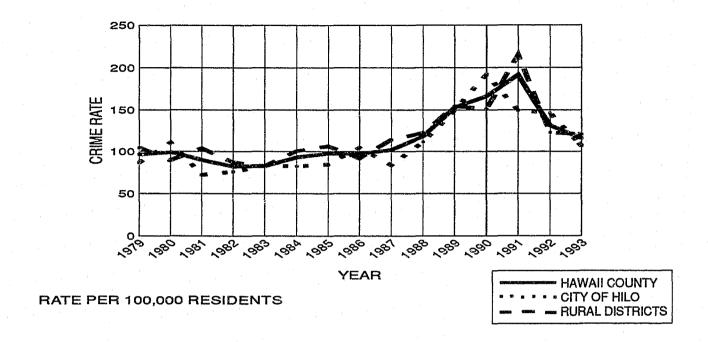
Nationally, cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 had a robbery rate of 162.5 offenses per 100,000, more than 3 times the rate of 50.2 per 100,000 in Hilo in 1992. Rural counties nationwide had a 37.5 percent lower rate of reported robberies per 100,000 residents than rural Hawaii County in 1992: 17.0 vs. 27.2 respectively.

CLEARANCES OF ROBBERIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County	(1993)	47	30	63.8
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999	(1992)	37,982	10,787	28.4
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	4,305	1,640	38.1

Hawaii County experienced 1 more robbery in 1993 than in 1992 and 18 more clearances, resulting in a percentage of offenses cleared in 1993 that is 37.7 percentage points higher than in 1992.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Ye</u>	ar	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>'</u>	<u>rear</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>
19	79	96.2	68.6	•	1984	92.8	83.3	1989	152.7	62.9
19	980	99.0	85.9		1985	97.3	84.5	1990	166.3	74.8
19	81	89.5	86.0	-	1986	96.9	80.0	1991	191.5	66.5
19	82	82.0	88.9		1987	102.1	64.9	1992	131.2	81.9
19	83	82.3	77.1		1988	118.2	61.2	1993	115.9	58.7

The aggravated assault rate in Hawaii County peaked in 1991 before falling 31.5 percent in 1992 and another 11.7 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 aggravated assault rate is now just under 1 percent below the 15-year average of 116.9 offenses per 100,000 residents and 20.5 percent above the aggravated assault rate in 1979.

Of the 155 reported aggravated assaults in 1993, 3.2 percent involved a firearm, 23.2 percent a knife or cutting instrument, 37.4 percent other dangerous weapons, and 36.1 percent strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

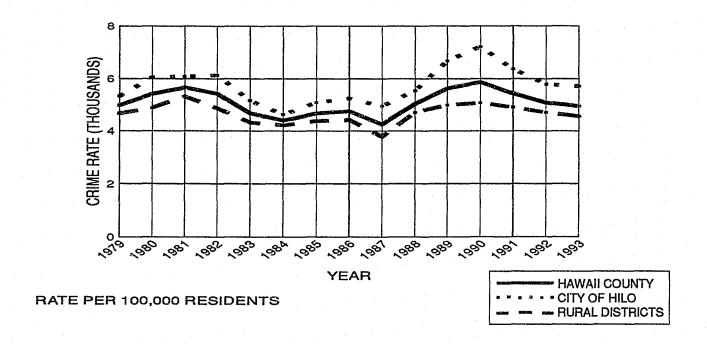
The aggravated assault rate in cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 was 391.8 offenses per 100,000 residents in 1992, 167.8 percent higher than the rate in Hilo in 1992 of 146.3 per 100,000. The 1992 aggravated assault rate was 176.7 offenses per 100,000 in rural counties nationwide, 43.8 percent above rural Hawaii County's 1992 rate of 122.9 assaults per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	155	91	58.7
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	92,279	51,676	56.0
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	46,887	29,726	63.4

The 16 fewer aggravated assaults in 1993 than in 1992, combined with the 49 fewer clearances, resulted in a percentage of assaults cleared in 1993 that is 23.2 percentage points lower than in 1992.

PROPERTY CRIME RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	4,975.4	30.8	1984	4,393.2	26.3	1989	5,631.2	22.3
1980	5,418.7	25.0	1985	4,671.4	28.0	1990	5,871.6	24.3
1981	5,664.9	20.5	1986	4,755.5	33.6	1991	5,438.3	27.3
1982	5,428.1	28.4	1987	4,253.4	27.2	1992	5,083.4	28.9
1983	4,686.5	28.0	1988	5,032.6	23.4	1993	4,956.4	26.7

The property crime rate in Hawaii County has declined in each of the past 3 years, a total of 15.6 percent and 2.5 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 property crime rate is now 2.6 percent below the 15-year average of 5,089.4 offenses per 100,000 and 0.4 percent below the 1979 property crime rate.

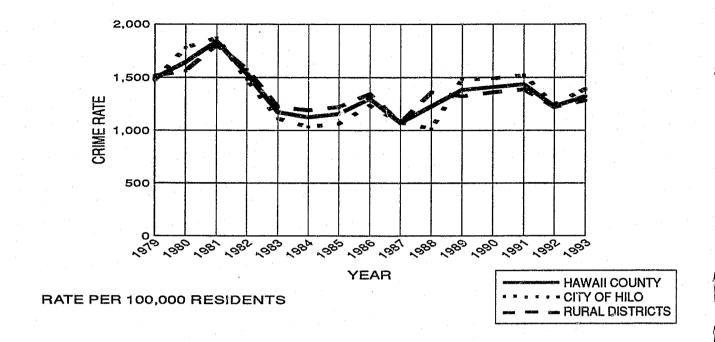
The 1992 property crime rate in cities of 25,000 to 49,999 population was 5,215.4 offenses per 100,000 residents, 9.8 percent below the 1992 rate in Hilo of 5,783.7 offenses per 100,000 residents. The 1992 rate in U.S. rural counties was 1,927.6 per 100,000, 59.0 percent below the 1992 rate in rural Hawaii County of 4,704.5 property offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF PROPERTY OFFENSES

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	6.629	1,768	26.7
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	1,214,612	252,639	20.8
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	486.867	89.584	18.4

There was only 1 more property offense reported in Hawaii County in 1993 than in 1992, an increase of 0.02 percent. From 1992 to 1993, there were 148 fewer clearances, resulting in a percentage of crimes cleared in 1993 that is 2.2 percentage points lower than in 1992.

BURGLARY RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Yea</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	1,496.6	36.5	198	4 1,123.7	20.9	1989	1,383.4	16.7
1980	1,642.6	27.0	198	5 1,154.9	27.7	1990	1,408.2	20.6
1981	1,834.5	18.8	198	6 1,298.9	28.6	1991	1,435.9	16.6
1982	1,534.4	19.0	198	7 1,072.5	17.8	1992	1,227.9	21.0
1983	1,172.6	19.6	198	3 1,226.6	19.8	1993	1,321.2	15.2

While the burglary rate in Hawaii County increased 7.6 percent from 1992 to 1993, the 1993 rate is still 1.9 percent below the 15-year average of 1,346.7 burglaries per 100,000 residents. The 1993 burglary rate is 11.7 percent below the 1979 rate.

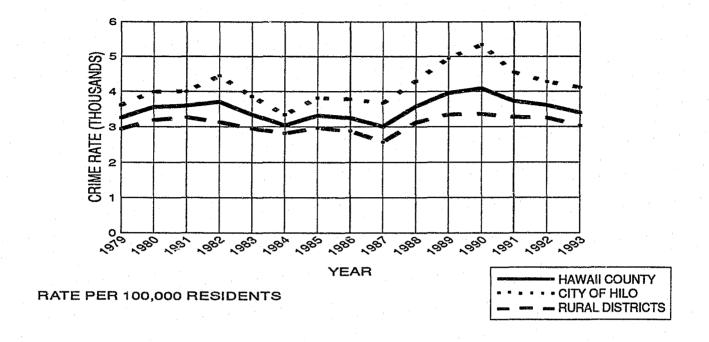
The burglary rate in cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 was 1,130.1 offenses per 100,000 residents in 1992, 9.1 percent below the 1992 rate in Hilo of 1,242.8 offenses per 100,000. The burglary rate in rural counties nationwide, 701.4 per 100,000, was 42.5 percent below the 1992 rate of 1,219.9 per 100,000 in rural Hawaii County.

CLEARANCES OF BURGLARIES

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	1,767	268	15.2
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	262,175	37,229	14.2
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	178,479	29,271	16.4

The number of burglaries in Hawaii County increased by 166 from 1992 to 1993. During that same period, the number of clearances declined by 68. The percentage of burglaries cleared in 1993 is 5.8 percentage points lower than in 1992.

LARCENY-THEFT RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	3,256.2	27.2		1984	3,039.6	27.8	1989	3,956.3	23.7
1980	3,561.9	23.6		1985	3,322.0	27.8	1990	4,092.2	25.6
1981	3,601.5	20.9		1986	3,248.2	35.4	1991	3,731.0	31.0
1982	3,710.5	32.2		1987	3,008.1	30.2	1992	3,614.7	31.7
1983	3,347.2	30.6		1988	3,577.6	24.5	1993	3,400.5	31.0

In 1993, the larceny-theft rate in Hawaii County accounted for 66.1 percent of the total Index Offense rate and 68.6 percent of the property offense rate. The larceny-theft rate declined in each of the past 3 years, 5.9 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 theft rate is 3.1 percent below the 15-year average of 3,509.2 offenses per 100,000 residents and 4.4 percent greater than the 1979 rate.

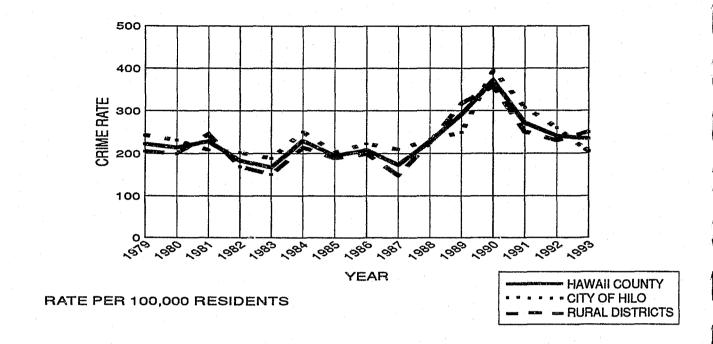
Larceny-theft rates in cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 equaled 3,597.6 offenses per 100,000 in 1992, 16.0 percent less than the 1992 rate in Hilo of 4,281.0. U.S. rural counties had a larceny-theft rate in 1992 which was 65.9 percent lower than the 1992 rate in rural Hawaii County: 1,109.6 and 3,254.1 offenses per 100,000 residents, respectively.

CLEARANCES OF LARCENIES

	Number of Offenses	Number of Ciearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	4,548	1,412	31.0
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	838,605	197,072	23.5
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	279,106	51,076	18.3

The percentage of thefts cleared declined 0.7 percentage points from 1992 to 1993. There were 165 fewer reported thefts in 1993 than in 1992, and 84 fewer clearances.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE 1979-1993 HAWAII COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	222.6	44.7	1984	230.0	33.6	1989	291.6	29.7
1980	214.2	32.7	1985	194.5	33.0	1990	371.2	24.6
1981	228.9	27.3	1986	208.5	37.6	1991	271.4	33.8
1982	183.2	31.5	1987	172.8	32.1	1992	240.8	26.8
1983	166.7	32.7	1988	228.4	25.1	1993	234.8	28.0

After 3 years of sharp increases, the motor vehicle theft rate in Hawaii County fell 26.9 percent from 1990 to 1991, 11.3 percent from 1991 to 1992, and 2.5 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 theft rate is now only 0.6 percent higher than the 15-year average of 233.4 thefts per 100,000 residents, and 5.5 percent higher than the 1979 rate.

The 1992 motor vehicle theft rate in cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999, 487.7 per 100,000 residents, was 87.6 percent higher than the 1992 rate in Hilo, 259.9 offenses per 100,000 residents. The motor vehicle theft rate in rural counties nationwide in 1992, 116.6 offenses per 100,000 residents, was 49.4 percent lower than the 1992 rate in rural Hawaii County, 230.5 offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (1993)	314	88	28.0
678 cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (1992)	113,832	18,441	16.2
2,632 rural police agencies (1992)	29,282	9,487	32.4

The number of motor vehicle thefts was unchanged from 1992 to 1993. During that time, the number of clearances increased by 4, resulting in an increase in the percentage cleared of 1.2 percentage points.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OF OFFENSE Hawaii County, 1993

OFFENSE	# OF OFFENSES	PROPERTY VALUE	% OF TOTAL
MURDER	6	0	0.0
RAPE	43	550	0.0
ROBBERY			
Highway	28	8,080	0,2
Commercial House	2	2,800	0.1
Service Station	2	200	0.0
Convenience Store	2	1,000	0.0
Residence	3	410	0.0
Bank	. 1	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	9	750	0.0
ROBBERY SUBTOTAL	47	13,230	0.3
BURGLARY			
Residence - Night	120	63,410	1.6
Residence - Day	37'0	392,600	9.9
Residence - Unknown	566	488,130	12.3
Non-Residence - Night	1/29	84,370	2.1
Non-Residence - Day	55	13,730	0.3
Non-Residence - Unknown	527	308,460	7.8
BURGLARY SUBTOTAL	1,767	1,350,700	34.1
LARCENY-THEFT			
Pocket Picking	3	980	0.0
Purse Snatching	4	1,180	0.0
Shoplifting	1,252	55,950	1.4
From Motor Vehicles	817	426,800	10.8
Motor Vehicle Parts	501	108,280	2.7
Bicycles	99	27,960	0.7
From Buildings	823	600,040	15.1
Coin Machines	24	2,860	0.1
All Others	1,025	785,180	19.8
LARCENY-THEFT SUBTOTAL	4,548	2,009,240	50.7
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	314	592,920	14.9
TOTAL	6,725	3,966,640	100.0

Values may not add to subtotals and totals due to rounding.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

Hawaii County, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	STOLEN	RECOVERED	% RECOVERED
MONEY - NOTES	479,780	25,590	5.3
JEWELS	673,800	39,190	5.8
CLOTHING - FURS	149,730	14,780	10.5
MOTOR VEHICLES	632,020	503,760	79.7
OFFICE EQUIPMENT	46,490	1,000	2.2
TV - RADIO	551,160	24,890	4.5
FIREARMS	28,690	2,410	8.4
HOUSEHOLD GOODS	196,460	2,410	1.2
CONSUMABLE GOODS	63,070	8,220	13.0
LIVESTOCK	47,490	1,670	3.5
MISCELLANEOUS	1,106,940	80,230	7.2
TOTAL	3,966,640	704,170	17.8

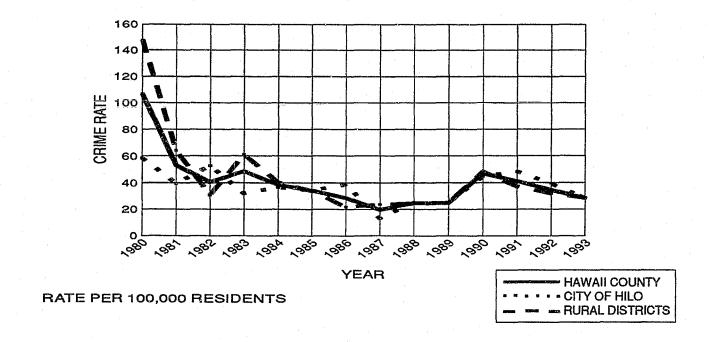
Values may not add to totals due to rounding.

The number of offenses in categories in which property was reported stolen increased by only 1 offense from 1992 to 1993 in Hawaii County. During the same period, the value of property stolen decreased 11.1 percent and the amount of stolen property recovered decreased 30.7 percent.

By type of offense, larceny-thefts accounted for the largest portion of the value of property stolen in Hawaii County in 1993. Larceny-theft offenses accounted for a slightly smaller portion of the total value loss than similar offenses statewide and in the City and County of Honolulu, about the same portion as in Maui County, but more than in Kauai County. The subcategory which accounted for the greatest percent of the total value of stolen property was thefts from buildings.

The value of stolen jewels comprised 17.0 percent of the value of property stolen in Hawaii County. Of that amount, 5.8 percent was recovered. Stolen motor vehicles had the highest percentage of value recovered: 79.7 percent. Overall, 17.8 percent of the value of property stolen in Hawaii County in 1993 was recovered, down from 22.8 percent in 1992.

ARSON RATE 1980-1993



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1980

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		Year	Rate	Cleared
1980	106.6	36.4	1985	34.0	36.1		1990	46.9	21.1
1981	53.1	17.6	1986	28.6	29.0		1991	41.1	30.8
1982	40.5	12.5	1987	19.7	22.7		1992	34.5	15.6
1983	48.6	38.8	1988	24.7	10.7	•	1993	28.4	13.2
1984	38.6	22.5	1989	24.9	10.3				

The 14-year trend of arson rates in Hawaii County reveals a significant decline in the number of reported offenses per 100,000 residents. The arson rate in 1993 is 17.7 percent lower than the rate in 1992, 28.1 percent below the 14-year average of 39.5 offenses per 100,000 residents, and 73.4 percent below the rate in 1980.

Fewer jurisdictions report offense data for arson than for the other Index Crimes. For those cities with populations of 25,000 to 49,999 reporting arson data, the 1992 rate was 7.1 percent lower than the 1992 rate in Hilo: 36.5 and 39.3 arsons per 100,000 residents, respectively. For those rural counties reporting arson offenses, the 1992 rate was 20.1 offenses per 100,000 residents, 37.0 percent lower than the 1992 rate of 31.9 offenses per 100,000 in rural Hawaii County.

CLEARANCES OF ARSONS

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Hawaii County (199	93) 38	5	13.2
U.S. cities, 25,000 to 49,999 (199	92) 7,907	1,376	17.4
U.S. rural police agencies (199	92) 4,725	1,030	21.8

In 1993, there were 7 fewer reported arsons and 2 fewer clearances than in 1992. The percentage of arsons cleared in 1993 is 2.4 percentage points lower than in 1992.

VALUE OF PROPERTY DESTROYED BY ARSON

Hawaii County, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	# OF OFFENSES (% OF TOTAL)	PROPERTY VALUE (% OF TOTAL)
STRUCTURE		
Single Occupancy Residential	6 15.8	\$45,825 13.9
Other Residential	4 10.5	0 0.0
Storage	2 5.3	\$4,000 1.2
Industrial/Manufacturing	1 2.6	\$70,000 21.3
Other Commercial	4 10.5	\$1,040 0.3
Community/Public	2 5.3	\$250 0.1
All Other Structures	3 7.9	\$5,025 1.5
STRUCTURE SUBTOTAL	22 57.9	\$126,140 38.4
MOBILE		
Motor Vehicles	7 18.4	\$1,650 0.5
Other Mobile Property	0 0.0	0 0.0
MOBILE SUBTOTAL	7 18.4	\$1,650 0.5
OTHER	9 23.7	\$201,083 61.1
TOTAL	38 100.0	\$328,873 100.0

Percents may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Arson of structures accounted for 57.9 percent of the number of arsons in Hawaii County in 1993 and only 38.4 percent of total value loss as a result of arson. The single arson offense involving an industrial/manufacturing structure accounted for 21.3 percent of the total property loss and resulted in the highest average loss per offense of \$70,000.

Four arson offenses were committed against "other residential" structures with no reported loss. The arson offense category which produced the highest total loss involved "other" arsons, accounting for over 61 percent of the total property damage.

Maui County

HIGHLIGHTS

In 1993, 9.4 percent of the State's population resided in Maui County. During 1993, 10.8 percent of the State's total Index Crimes, 6.7 percent of the violent crimes, and 11.0 percent of the property crimes were reported in Maui County.

From 1992 to 1993, the total number of reported Index Crimes and violent crimes decreased in Maui County: 0.2 percent and 26.5 percent, respectively. Murder was the only violent crime to increase from 1992 to 1993; while the number of rapes, robberies and aggravated assaults decreased 12.0 percent, 20.9 percent, and 36.7 percent, respectively. The number of reported offenses in all four property crime categories increased from 1992 to 1993 in Maui County: burglary (2.2 percent), larceny-theft (0.2 percent), motor vehicle theft (3.9 percent), and arson (9.8 percent).

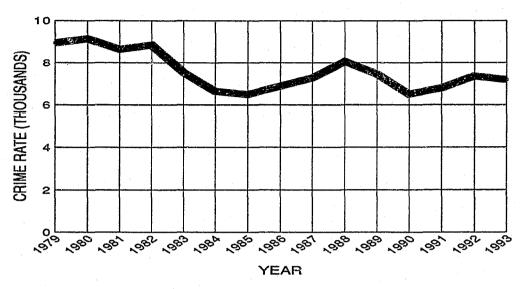
The table below lists the actual numbers of reported Index Crimes in Maui County from 1979 to 1993, except arson, for which data have been collected since 1980. During the past 15 years, the population of Maui County increased 58.5 percent while the number of reported Index Crimes increased 27.4 percent.

Reported Offenses Maui County, 1979-1993

	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	ARSON
1993	7,935	205	7,730	5	44	68	88	1,702	5,654	374	45
1992	7,949	279	7,670	4	50	86	139	1,666	5,644	360	41
1991	7,130	239	6,891	6	32	54	147	1,736	4,828	327	28
1990	6,592	262	6,330	3	23	41	195	1,518	4,483	329	65
1989	7,213	345	6,868	2	29	51	263	1,965	4,570	333	34
1988	7,558	335	7,223	1	32	37	265	1,883	4,988	352	32
1987	6,582	332	6,250	2	29	36	265	1,536	4,391	323	64
1986	6,018	243	5,775	2	29	30	182	1,544	3,945	286	58
1985	5,522	265	5,257	1	25	43	196	1,370	3,605	282	84
1984	5,511	201	5,310	5	22	48	126	1,559	3,539	212	15
1983	6,032	204	5,828	4	22	47	131	1,837	3,782	209	19
1982	6,817	181	6,636	4	35	42	100	1,895	4,478	263	22
1981	6,384	187	6,197	2	33	46	106	1,720	4,216	261	54
1980	6,540	163	6,377	5	29	43	86	1,707	4,331	339	71
1979	6,228	179	6,049	5	27	62	85	1,714	3,863	472	

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals exclude arson offenses.

TOTAL INDEX CRIME RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	8,935.4	19.5		1984	6,639.8	18.6	1989	7,451.4	13.5
1980	9,134.1	15.7		1985	6,488.8	17.9	1990	6,501.0	14.9
1981	8,627.0	16.7		1986	6.885.6	14.2	1991	6,790.5	14.3
1982	8,841.8	18.1		1987	7,272.9	13.8	1992	7,360.4	22.3
1983	7,530.6	17.1		1988	8,057.6	15.3	1993	7,181.0	16.2

The total crime rate in Maui County decreased 2.4 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 total crime rate is 4.1 percent below the 15-year average of 7,491.5 offenses per 100,000 residents and 19.6 percent below the rate in 1979.

Crime statistics for Maui County are reported to the UCR Program in the population category which includes rural counties with a population of 25,000 or more. While Maui County differs from most rural counties on the mainland, especially in terms of population density, the rural population category assignation best fits the UCR criteria.

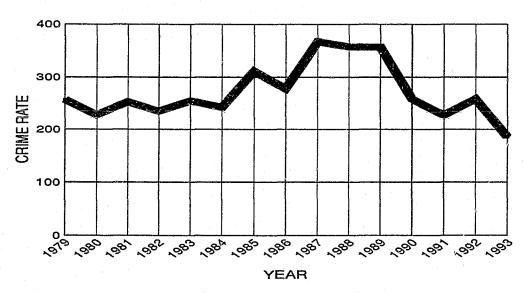
The total crime rate in Maui County is much higher than the total rate in rural counties in the United States. The 1992 rate in rural counties nationally was 2,153.8 per 100,000 residents, less than one-third the 1992 rate in Maui County.

CLEARANCES OF TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	7,935	1,283	16.2
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	545,952	125,569	23.0

In 1993, there were 14 fewer reported Index Offenses in Maui County than in the previous year and 486 fewer clearances. The percentage of crimes cleared in 1993 is 6.1 percentage points lower than in 1992.

VIOLENT CRIME RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	256.8	43.6	1984	242.2	58.7	1989	356.4	49.0
1980	227.7	54.6	1985	311.4	54.3	1990	258.4	56.5
1981	252.7	50.8	1986	278.0	55.1	1991	227.6	54.0
1982	234.8	54.7	1987	366.9	44.0	1992	258.3	57.3
1983	254.7	56.9	1988	357.1	48.7	1993	185.5	49.3

After peaking in 1987, the violent crime rate in Maui County declined 49.4 percent through 1993. From 1992 to 1993, the violent crime rate fell 28.2 percent to a level that is now 31.6 percent below the 15-year average of 271.2 violent offenses per 100,000 residents and 27.8 percent below the 1979 violent crime rate.

The recent increases and decreases in the violent crime rate may be due in part to one or more changes in the Maui Police Department's definition of aggravated assault. In late 1990, the Department unfounded (reclassified) many aggravated assaults reported in the previous few months, indicating that the definition which had been in use was not appropriately restrictive, that is offenses which should have remained in the simple assault category had been incorrectly designated as aggravated assaults. The Department was not able to unfound aggravated assaults which may have been incorrectly classified prior to mid-1990.

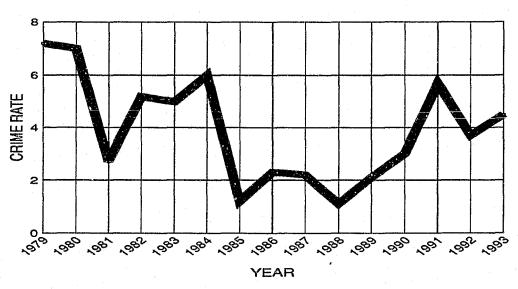
The 1992 violent crime rate in Maui County was 14.2 percent higher than the 1992 national rate for rural counties: 258.3 violent offenses per 100,000 residents versus 226.2, respectively.

CLEARANCES OF VIOLENT OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	205	101	49.3
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	59,085	35,865	60.7

The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 8.0 percentage points lower in 1993 than in 1992, the result of 74 fewer reported offenses and 59 fewer clearances.

MURDER RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		Year	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	7.2	60.0		1984	6.0	80.0		1989	2.1	100.0
1980	7.0	80.0		1985	1.2	100.0		1990	3.0	100.0
1981	2.7	150.0		1986	2.3	50.0		1991	5.7	100.0
1982	5.2	75.0		1987	2.2	0.0		1992	3.7	100.0
1983	5.0	50.0		1988	1.1	200.0		1993	4.5	120.0

The murder rate in Maui County increased 21.6 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 murder rate is 18.4 percent higher than the 15-year average of 3.8 murders per 100,000 residents and 37.5 percent lower than the murder rate in 1979.

Of the 5, 1993 murders, 2 were committed with rifles, 1 with a knife, 1 with strong-arm methods (hands, fists, feet, etc.), and 1 with a weapon of unknown type.

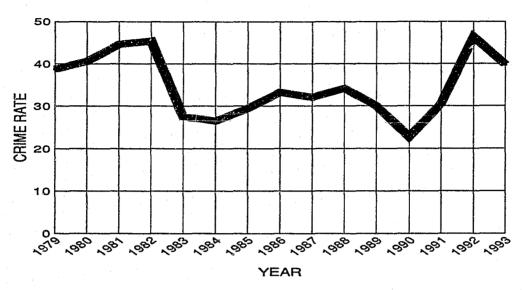
The murder rate for U.S. rural counties in 1992 was 5.3 offenses per 100,000 residents, 43.2 percent higher than the murder rate in Maui County in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF MURDERS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	5	6	120.0
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	1,328	989	74.5

There was 1 more murder in Maui County in 1993 than in 1992. In 1992, all 4 murders were cleared, resulting in a clearance rate of 100.0 percent. In 1993, there were 6 clearances (which include 1 murder committed in a previous year), for a clearance rate of 120.0 percent.

FORCIBLE RAPE RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent			Crime	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Bate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	38.7	59.3	1984	26.5	63.6		1989	30.0	41.4
1980	40.5	51.7	1985	29.4	40.0		1990	22.7	43.5
1981	44.6	63.6	1986	33.2	34.5		1991	30.5	62.5
1982	45.4	48.6	1987	32.0	44.8		1992	46.3	48.0
1983	27.5	77.3	1988	34.1	40.6		1993	39.8	38.6

After a 104.0 percent increase in the forcible rape rate from 1990 to 1992, the rate fell 14.0 percent in 1993. The 1993 forcible rape rate stands 15.4 percent above the 15-year average of 34.5 offenses per 100,000 residents and 2.8 percent above the 1979 rate.

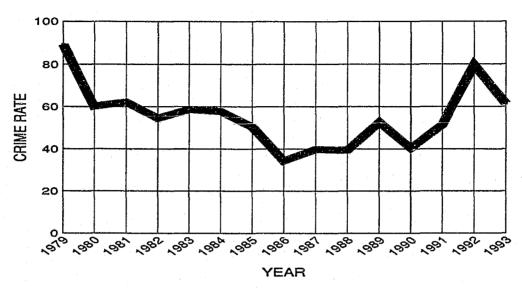
The 1992 national rate for forcible rape in rural counties, 27.3 per 100,000 residents, was 41.0 percent below the 1992 rate in Maui County.

CLEARANCES OF FORCIBLE RAPES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	44	17	38.6
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	6,565	3,479	53.0

From 1992 to 1993, the number of forcible rapes declined by 6, the number of clearances by 7, and the percentage of rapes cleared by 9.4 percentage points.

ROBBERY RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	89.0	38.7	1984	57.8	39.6	1989	52.7	21.6
1980	60.1	39.5	1985	50.5	37.2	1990	40.4	31.7
1981	62.2	43.5	1986	34.3	30.0	1991	51.4	24.1
1982	54.5	45.2	1987	39.8	30.6	1992	79.6	36.0
1983	58.7	55.3	1988	39.4	29.7	1993	61.5	30.9

The robbery rate in Maui County increased 97.0 percent from 1990 to 1992 then fell 22.7 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 robbery rate is 11.8 percent above the 15-year average robbery rate of 55.0 offenses per 100,000 residents and 30.9 percent below the 1979 rate.

Of the 68 robberies committed in Maui County in 1993, 23.5 percent involved a firearm, 4.4 percent a knife or cutting instrument, 17.6 percent other dangerous weapons, and 54.4 percent strong-arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

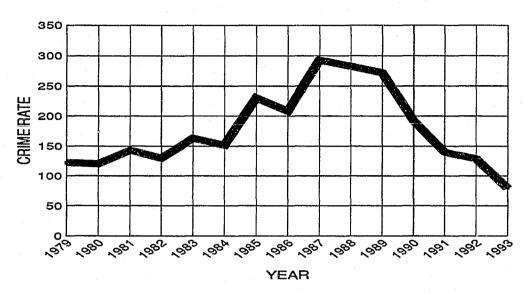
Nationally, the robbery rate for rural counties in 1992 was 17.0 offenses per 100,000 residents, 78.6 percent below the 1992 robbery rate in Maul County.

CLEARANCES OF ROBBERIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	68	21	30.9
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	4,305	1,640	38.1

There were 18 fewer reported robberies in Maui County in 1993 than in 1992 and 10 fewer clearances. As a result, the percentage of robberies cleared in 1993 is 5.1 percentage points lower than in 1992.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE 1979-1993



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	122.0	41.2	1984	151.8	64.3	1989	271.7	54.8
1980	120.1	61.6	1985	230.3	59.7	1990	192.3	62.6
1981	143.2	48.1	1986	208.2	62.6	1991	140.0	61.2
1982	129.7	60.0	1987	292.8	46.0	1992	128.7	72.7
1983	163.5	54.2	1988	282.5	51.7	1993	79.6	64.8

During the past 15 years, Maui County has had two trends for aggravated assault: from 1979 to 1987, when the aggravated assault rate increased 140.0 percent; and from 1987 to 1993, when the rate decreased 72.8 percent. Some of the magnitude of the increases and decreases may be due to one or more changes in the Maui Police Department's definition of aggravated assault. From 1992 to 1993, the aggravated assault rate declined 38.2 percent to a level that is 55.2 percent below the 15-year average of 177.8 offenses per 100,000 residents and 34.8 percent below the 1979 rate.

Of the 88 reported aggravated assaults in Maui County in 1993, 5.7 percent involved a firearm, 17.0 percent a knife or cutting instrument, 30.7 percent other dangerous weapons, and 46.6 percent strong-arm (hands, firsts, feet, etc.).

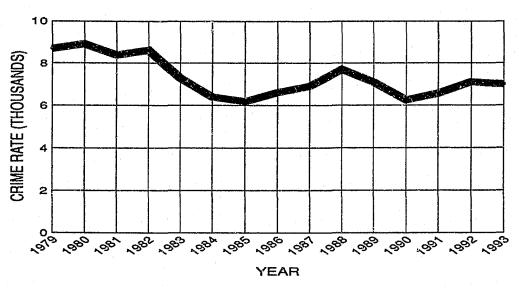
The 1992 aggravated assault rate in Maui County was 27.2 percent below the 1992 national rate in rural counties of 176.7 aggravated assaults per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	88	57	64.8
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	46,887	29.726	63.4

The number of reported aggravated assaults declined by 51 from 1992 to 1993. During that same period, the number of clearances for aggravated assault declined by 44, and the percentage of assaults cleared decreased by 7.9 percentage points.

PROPERTY CRIME RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	8,678.6	18.7	1984	6,397.6	17.1	1989	7,095.0	11.7
1980	8,906.4	14.7	1985	6,177.4	16.1	1990	6,242.6	13.2
1981	8,374.3	15.7	1986	6,607.6	12.5	1991	6,562.9	12.9
1982	8,607.0	17.1	1987	6,906.1	12.2	1992	7,102.0	21.0
1983	7,275.9	15.7	1988	7,700.4	13.8	1993	6,995.5	15.3

After increasing in 1991 and 1992, the property crime rate in Maui County declined 1.5 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 15-year average for property crimes, 7,220.3 offenses per 100,000 residents, is 3.2 percent higher than the 1993 property crime rate. The 1993 rate is 19.4 percent lower than the 1979 property crime rate.

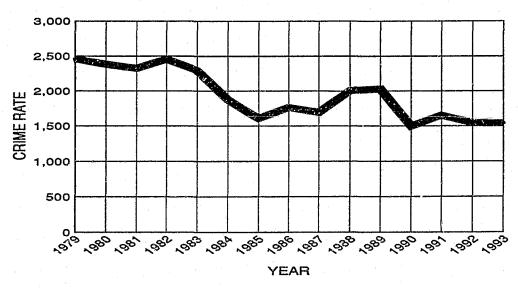
The 1992 property crime rate for Maul County is more than 3-1/2 times the national rate for rural counties. The property crime rate in rural counties nationwide in 1992 was 1,927.6 offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF PROPERTY OFFENSES

entropy of the second second second second		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	7,730	1,182	15.3
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	486,867	89,584	18.4

There were 60 more reported property crimes in Maui County in 1993 than 1992, with 427 fewer clearances. The overall percentage of Index property crimes cleared decreased 5.7 percentage points from 1992 to 1993.

BURGLARY RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>
<u> Bate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>		Year	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>
2,459.1	20.7	1984	1,878.3	22.8		1989	2,030.0	12.0
2,384.1	16.1	1985	1,609.9	13.6		1990	1,497.0	9.3
2,324.3	15.9	1986	1,766.6	13.2		1991	1,653.3	8.0
2,457.8	14.5	1987	1,697.2	10.2		1992	1,542.6	12.8
2,293.4	14.6	1988	2,007.5	10.8		1993	1,540.3	12.0
	Rate 2,459.1 2,384.1 2,324.3 2,457.8	Rate Cleared 2,459.1 20.7 2,384.1 16.1 2,324.3 15.9 2,457.8 14.5	Rate Cleared Year 2,459.1 20.7 1984 2,384.1 16.1 1985 2,324.3 15.9 1986 2,457.8 14.5 1987	Rate Cleared Year Rate 2,459.1 20.7 1984 1,878.3 2,384.1 16.1 1985 1,609.9 2,324.3 15.9 1986 1,766.6 2,457.8 14.5 1987 1,697.2	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared 2,459.1 20.7 1984 1,878.3 22.8 2,384.1 16.1 1985 1,609.9 13.6 2,324.3 15.9 1986 1,766.6 13.2 2,457.8 14.5 1987 1,697.2 10.2	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared 2,459.1 20.7 1984 1,878.3 22.8 2,384.1 16.1 1985 1,609.9 13.6 2,324.3 15.9 1986 1,766.6 13.2 2,457.8 14.5 1987 1,697.2 10.2	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared Year 2,459.1 20.7 1984 1,878.3 22.8 1989 2,384.1 16.1 1985 1,609.9 13.6 1990 2,324.3 15.9 1986 1,766.6 13.2 1991 2,457.8 14.5 1987 1,697.2 10.2 1992	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared Year Rate 2,459.1 20.7 1984 1,878.3 22.8 1989 2,030.0 2,384.1 16.1 1985 1,609.9 13.6 1990 1,497.0 2,324.3 15.9 1986 1,766.6 13.2 1991 1,653.3 2,457.8 14.5 1987 1,697.2 10.2 1992 1,542.6

The burglary rate in Maui County decreased 0.1 percent from 1992 to 1993 to the second lowest level in the past 15 years. The 1993 burglary rate is 18.9 percent below the 15-year average of 1,899.0 offenses per 100,000 residents and 37.4 percent below the burglary rate in 1979.

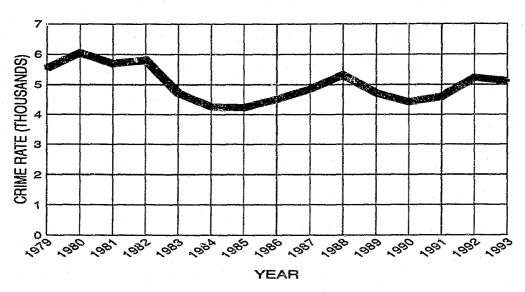
The burglary rate in Maui County, while generally declining during the past 15 years, was still 119.9 percent greater than the national rate for burglary in rural counties of 701.4 offenses per 100,000 residents in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF BURGLARIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	1,702	204	12.0
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	178,479	29,271	16.4

From 1992 to 1993, there were 36 more reported burglaries, 10 fewer clearances, and a 0.8 percentage point reduction in the percent of burglaries cleared.

LARCENY-THEFT RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	5,542.3	17.2	1984	4,263.9	14.2	1989	4,721.1	10.7
1980	6,048.9	13.8	1985	4,236.2	15.8	1990	4,421.1	13.7
1981	5,697.3	14.6	1986	4,513.7	11.2	1991	4,598.1	14.4
1982	5,808.0	17.8	1987	4,851.9	12.2	1992	5,226.1	22.9
1983	4,721.6	15.7	1988	5,317.7	13.6	1993	5,116.7	15.8

In 1993, larceny-theft offenses comprised 71.3 percent of all Index Crimes and 73.1 percent of all properly crimes in Maui County. After increasing from 1990 to 1992, the larceny-theft rate decreased 2.1 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 larceny-theft rate is 3.0 percent higher than the 15-year average of 4,637.6 offenses per 100,000 residents and 7.7 percent lower than the 1979 rate.

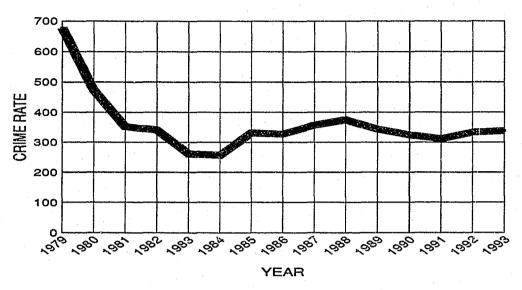
The 1992 larceny-theft rate in rural counties in the United States was 1,109.6 offenses per 100,000 resident population, 78.8 percent lower than the 1992 rate in Maui County.

CLEARANCES OF LARCENIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	5,654	893	15.8
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	279,106	51,076	18.3

From 1992 to 1993, the number of larcenies reported increased by 10, while the number of clearances decreased by 397. As a result, the percentage of thefts cleared decreased by 7.1 percentage points.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE 1979-1993 MAUI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Year	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	677.2	24.6		1984	255.4	24.1	1989	344.0	24.9
1980	473.5	20.4		1985	331.4	31.6	1990	324.5	25.2
1981	352.7	31.4		1986	327.2	25.2	1991	311.4	17.1
1982	341.1	24.3		1987	356.9	22.0	1992	333.3	29.2
1983	260.9	25.4		1988	375.3	32.1	1993	338.5	22.7

The motor vehicle theft rate in Maui County increased 1.6 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 rate is 4.3 percent below the 15-year average of 353.7 thefts per 100,000 residents and 50.0 percent below the 1979 rate.

In rural counties in the United States, the 1992 motor vehicle theft rate was 116.6 offenses per 100,000, 65.0 percent lower than the theft rate in Maui County the same year.

CLEARANCES OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County	(1993)	374	85	22.7
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	29,282	9,487	32.4

The number of reported stolen motor vehicles increased by 14 from 1992 to 1993, while the number of clearances decreased by 20. As a result, the percentage of thefts cleared in 1993 is 6.5 percentage points lower than in 1992.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OF OFFENSE Maui County, 1993

OFFENSE	# OF OFFENSES	PROPERTY VALUE	% OF TOTAL
MURDER	5	0	0.0
RAPE	44	0	0.0
ROBBERY			
Highway	17	17,880	0.2
Commercial House	0	0	0.0
Service Station	0	0	0.0
Convenience Store	12	3,230	0.0
Residence	9	8,980	0.1
Bank	1	2,430	0.0
Miscellaneous	29	7,060	0.1
ROBBERY SUBTOTAL	68	39,590	0.5
BURGLARY			
Residence - Night	275	162,520	2.0
Residence - Day	546	666,670	8.2
Residence - Unknown	54	91,520	1.1
Non-Residence - Night	365	260,450	3.2
Non-Residence - Day	447	561,560	6.9
Non-Residence - Unknown	15	8,020	0.1
BURGLARY SUBTOTAL	1,702	1,750,740	21.6
LARCENY-THEFT			
Pocket Picking	8	870	0.0
Purse Snatching	13	3,730	0.0
Shoplifting	714	37,600	0.5
From Motor Vehicles	2,005	1,503,240	18.6
Motor Vehicle Parts	787	208,130	2.6
Bicycles	294	141,950	1.8
From Buildings	1,037	1,615,640	20.0
Coin Machines	41	27,010	0.3
All Others	755	581,420	7.2
LARCENY-THEFT SUBTOTAL	5,654	4,119,600	50.9
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	374	2,182,860	27.0
TOTAL	7,847	8,092,780	100.0

Values may not add to subtotals and totals due to rounding.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED Maui County, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	STOLEN	RECOVERED	% RECOVERED
MONEY - NOTES	871,520	57,620	6.6
JEWELS	1,418,060	81,310	5.7
CLOTHING - FURS	227,180	31,640	13.9
MOTOR VEHICLES	2,182,860	1,728,300	79.2
OFFICE EQUIPMENT	180,430	4,200	2.3
TV - RADIO	634,110	28,990	4.6
FIREARMS	28,540	4,280	15.0
HOUSEHOLD GOODS	86,250	3,690	4.3
CONSUMABLE GOODS	33,780	6,790	20.1
LIVESTOCK	27,320	10,800	39.5
MISCELLANEOUS	2,402,720	757,820	31.5
TOTAL	8,092,780	2,715,440	33.6

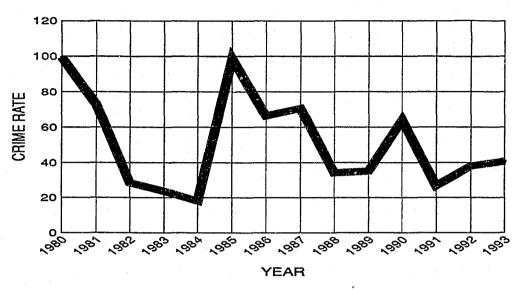
Values may not add to totals due to rounding.

The number of offenses in categories in which property was reported stolen increased only 0.5 percent from 1992 to 1993 in Maui County. The total value of property reported stolen increased 0.6 percent while the value of property recovered decreased 12.4 percent from 1992 to 1993.

Larceny-theft offenses accounted for 50.9 percent of the value of property stolen in Maui County in 1993. In 1993, the 3 subcategories which comprise residence burglary accounted for only 11.4 percent of the total value taken in Index Crimes. From 1992 to 1993, the number of robberies declined by over 20 percent. The value of property reported stolen in robberies declined over 79 percent. Over half of the larceny-thefts involved property taken from motor vehicles and buildings.

By type of property taken, the value of motor vehicles stolen equaled 27.0 percent of the value of property stolen in Maui County in 1993. Of the value of motor vehicles taken, 79.2 percent was recovered. Stolen office equipment was least likely to be recovered. Overall, Maui County had the highest percentage of the value of stolen property recovered in the State: 33.6 percent (down from 38.5 percent in 1992).

ARSON RATE 1980-1993



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1980

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Year	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1980	99.2	14.1	198	98.7	10.7	1990	64.1	9.2
1981	73.0	18.5	1986	66.4	22.4	1991	26.7	10.7
1982	28.5	13.6	1987	70.7	7.8	1992	38.0	22.0
1933	23.7	26.3	1988	34.1	15.6	1993	40.7	20.0
1984	181	26.7	1080	351	11.8			

From 1992 to 1993, the arson rate in Maui County increased 7.1 percent. The 14-year average arson rate, 49.9 offenses per 100,000 residents, is 22.6 percent higher than the 1993 rate. The 1993 arson rate is also 59.0 percent lower than the arson rate in 1980.

Fewer jurisdictions report offense data for arson than for the other Index Crimes. In those rural counties reporting arson offenses, the 1992 rate was 20.1 arsons per 100,000 residents, 47.1 percent below the 1992 rate in Maui County.

CLEARANCES OF ARSONS

	Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Maui County (1993)	45	9	20.0
U.S. rural police agencies (1992)	4,725	1,030	21.8

There were 4 more arson offenses reported in Maul County in 1993 than in 1992 and the same number of clearances. The percentage of arsons cleared declined 2.0 percentage points from 1992 to 1993.

VALUE OF PROPERTY DESTROYED BY ARSON Maui County, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	# OF OFFENSES (% OF TOTAL)	PROPERTY VALUE (% OF TOTAL)
STRUCTURE		
Single Occupancy Residential	6 13.3	\$3,160 1.9
Other Residential	0 0.0	0 0.0
Storage	2 4.4	\$10,000 6.0
Industrial/Manufacturing	1 2.2	\$100 0.1
Other Commercial	1 2.2	\$9,753 5.8
Community/Public	1 2.2	\$700 0.4
All Other Structures	1 2.2	\$10,000 6.0
STRUCTURE SUBTOTAL	12 26.7	\$33,713 20.1
MOBILE		
Motor Vehicles	10 22.2	\$26,675 15.9
Other Mobile Property	0 0.0	0 0.0
MOBILE SUBTOTAL	10 22.2	\$26,675 15.9
OTHER	23 51.1	\$107,080 63.9
TOTAL	45 100.0	\$167,468 100.0

Percents may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

The category with the greatest number of offenses was "other" arsons accounting for 51.1 percent of the total number and 63.9 percent of the value of property destroyed. Arson of structures accounted for 26.7 percent of the number of arsons in Maui County in 1993 and 20.1 percent of the value of property destroyed by arson. The arson of "all other structures" accounted for 6.0 percent of total value of property destroyed and produced the highest average loss: \$10,000.

There were no arsons of "other residential" or "other mobile property" in 1993, and 1 arson each of industrial/manufacturing, other commercial, community/public, and all other structures.

Kauai County

HIGHLIGHTS

In 1993, 4.7 percent of the State's population resided in Kauai County. During 1993, 3.2 percent of State's Index Crimes, 3.4 percent of the violent crimes, and 3.2 percent of the property crimes were reported in Kauai County.

From 1992 to 1993, the total number of reported Index Crimes and property crimes decreased, 6.0 percent and 7.6 percent, respectively, while the number of reported violent crimes increased 48.6 percent in Kauai County. All 4 categories of violent crime had more reported offenses in 1993 than in 1992. Among reported property crimes, the number of reported burglaries decreased 13.9 percent, larceny-thefts decreased 3.8 percent, motor vehicle theft decreased 20.6 percent and arson increased 80.0 percent from 1992 to 1993.

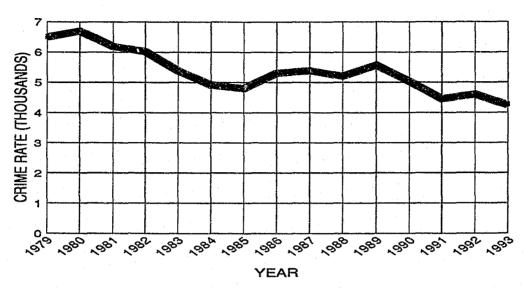
The table below lists the actual numbers of reported Index Crimes in Kauai County from 1979 to 1993, except arson, for which data have been collected since 1980. During the past 15 years, the population of Kauai County increased 45.0 percent. During the same period, the number of reported Index Crimes decreased 5.1 percent.

Reported Offenses Kauai County, 1979-1993

	TOTAL INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER	RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY- THEFT	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	ARSON
1993	2,346	104	2,242	3	21	14	66	545	1,562	135	9
1992	2,497	70	2,427	1	20	6	43	633	1,624	170	5
1991	2,376	95	2,281	. 3	17	20	55	555	1,632	94	9
1990	2,596	113	2,483	0	13	12	88	597	1,766	120	9
1989	2,774	97	2,677	1	22	12	62	676	1,866	135	7
1988	2,524	87	2,437	3	17	16	51	641	1,674	122	24
1987	2,543	78	2,465	0	15	12	51	645	1,688	132	. 12
1986	2,418	101	2,317	1	19	10	71	591	1,610	116	10
1985	2,133	83	2,050	2	11	9	61	582	1,397	71	11
1984	2,145	107	2,038	1	15	9	82	546	1,416	76	12
1983	2,303	94	2,209	3	3	10	78	573	1,569	67	7
1982	2,515	57	2,458	0	15	14	28	685	1,688	85	5
1981	2,505	93	2,412	2	10	29	52	667	1,660	85	7
1980	2,637	95	2,542	1	21	15	58	730	1,672	140	12
1979	2,472	101	2,371	2	13	17	69	667	1,594	110	

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals exclude arson offenses.

TOTAL INDEX CRIME RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	6,488.2	16.9	1984	4,919.7	25.4	1989	5,570.3	20.6
1980	6,692.9	15.3	1985	4,804.1	20.3	1990	5,031.0	25.0
1981	6,185.2	17.4	1986	5,302.6	20.6	1991	4,457.8	22.7
1982	6,016.7	17.5	1987	5,387.7	22.2	1992	4,604.6	21.4
1983	5,380.8	23.4	1988	5,204.1	20.8	1993	4,246.4	20.6

The 1993 total crime rate in Kauai County fell 7.8 percent from 1992 to reach a 15-year low, the second such minimum in the past 3 years. The total crime rate in 1993 is 19.5 percent below the 15-year average of 5,276.4 Index Offenses per 100,000 residents and 34.6 percent below the total crime rate in 1979. Kauai County had, by far, the lowest crime rate in the State of Hawaii in 1993.

Crime statistics for Kauai County are reported by the UCR Program in the population category which is comprised of rural counties with populations of 25,000 or more. While Kauai County differs from most rural counties on the mainland, especially in terms of population density, the rural population category assignation best fits the UCR criteria.

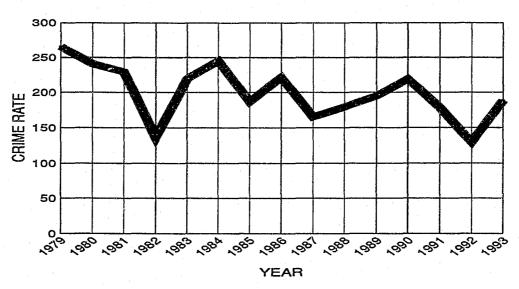
Although Kauai County's total crime rate has generally fallen recently, it still widely exceeded the total rate in rural counties across the nation in 1992. The average rate in rural counties was 2,153.8 offenses per 100,000 residents, 53.2 percent lower than in Kauai County in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	2,346	484	20.6
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	545,952	125,569	23.0

The overall percentage of crimes cleared in Kauai County decreased 0.8 percentage point from 1992 to 1993. Although the total number of Index Offenses decreased by 151, the total number of clearances also decreased by 50.

VIOLENT CRIME RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crirne</u>	Percent			Crime	<u>Percent</u>
Year	Rate	Cloared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>ear</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	265.1	50.5	1984	245.4	72.9	1	989	194.8	54.6
1980	241.1	49.5	1985	186.9	67.5	1	990	219.0	63.7
1981	229.6	58.1	1986	221.5	65.3	1	991	178.2	56.8
1982	136.4	66.7	1987	165.3	74.4	1	992	129.1	58.6
1983	219.6	73.4	1988	179.4	67.8	1	993	188.2	50.0

The violent crime rate in Kauai County decreased 41.1 percent from 1990 to 1992 to reach a record low for the last 15 years, then surged up 45.8 percent from 1992 to 1993. It may be tempting to assume that some of the fluctuation in the rate of violent crimes since 1991 is due to the disruptions caused by Hurricane Iniki, which passed over the Island of Kauai on September 11, 1992. However, monthly data show that the trend to a lower rate in 1992 was fully established prior to the storm. Actually, in 1992, more violent offenses were reported in each of the 3 months following the storm than in any earlier month except 1. In 1993, peak reporting of violent offenses occurred in January, followed by 3 months of below average reporting, then less variation for the balance of the year. The 1993 violent crime rate is 4.6 percent below the 15-year average of 197.2 violent offenses per 100,000 residents and 29.0 percent below the rate set in 1979. The 1993 violent crime rate in Kauai County barely exceeds the comparable rate in Hawaii County, by 0.3 percent, and the comparable rate in Maui County, by 1.5 percent.

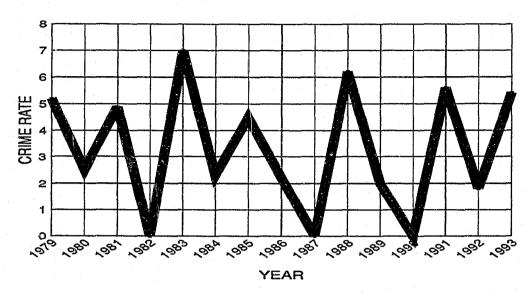
The national violent crime rate in rural counties was 226.2 offenses per 100,000 residents in 1991, 75.2 percent higher than the 1992 rate in Kauai County.

CLEARANCES OF VIOLENT OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	104	52	50.0
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	59,085	35,865	60.7

While the number of violent offenses increased by 34 from 1992 to 1993, the number of clearances increased by 11. As a result, the percentage of violent offenses cleared in Kauai County decreased 8.6 percentage points.

MURDER RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent
Year	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	5.2	50.0		1984	2.3	100.0	1989	2.0	0.0
1980	2.5	200.0		1985	4.5	0.0	1990	0	100.0
1981	4.9	0.0		1986	2.2	300.0	1991	5.6	33.3
1982	0	100.0		1987	0	100.0	1992	1.8	100.0
1983	7.0	100.0		1988	6.2	33.3	1993	5.4	100.0

The wild fulctuations in the murder rate in Kauai County result from the small numbers of murders that occur. Since 1979, there have been 3 years in which no murders were reported in Kauai County. During the same 15-year period, the greatest number of murders to occur in any year was 3 in 1983, 1988, 1991, and, 1993. The 1993 murder rate in Kauai County is 200.0 percent above the 1992 rate, 63.6 percent above the 15-year average of 3.3 murders per 100,000 residents, and 3.8 percent above the murder rate in 1979.

Of the 3 murders reported in Kauai County in 1993, 1 was committed with a handgun, 1 with a knife, and 1 with strong-arm methods (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

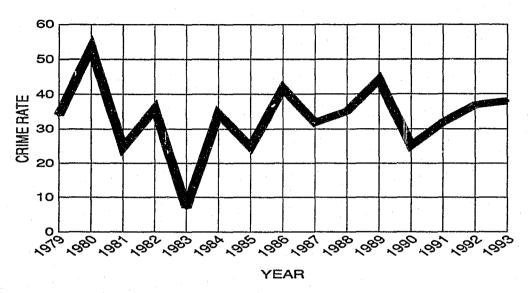
Nationally, the 1992 murder rate in rural counties was 5.3 offenses per 100,000 residents, 194.4 percent higher than the murder rate for that year in Kauai County.

CLEARANCES OF MURDERS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	3	3	100.0
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	1,328	989	74.5

In 1993, there were 3 murders and 3 clearances in Kauai County. The 100.0 percent clearance rate for murder is unchanged from the clearance rate in 1992, when 1 murder was reported and cleared.

FORCIBLE RAPE RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	34.1	76.9	1984	34.4	53.3	1989	44.2	40.9
1980	53.3	33.3	1985	24.8	36.4	1990	25.2	76.9
1981	24.7	40.0	1986	41.7	57.9	1991	31.9	35,3
1982	35.9	46.7	1987	31.8	53.3	1992	36.9	40.0
1983	7.0	133.3	1988	35.1	29.4	1993	38.0	33.3

The forcible rape rate in Kauai County moved up 46.4 percent from 1990 to 1992, before slowing its increase to 3.0 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 1993 rape rate in Kauai County is 14.1 percent above the 15-year average of 33.3 reported rapes per 100,000 resident population and 11.4 percent above the rate in 1979.

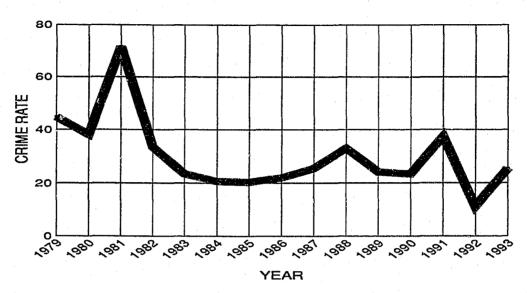
The reported rape rate in U.S. rural counties in 1992 was 27.3 offenses per 100,000 residents, 26.0 percent less than the 1992 Kauai rate.

CLEARANCES OF FORCIBLE RAPES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	21	7	33.3
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	6,565	3,479	53.0

The number of rapes reported in Kauai County in 1993 increased by 1 from the number reported in 1992, while clearances decreased by 1. These changes caused the percentage of offenses cleared to decline by 6.7 percentage points from 1992 to 1993.

ROBBERY RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			Crime	Percent
Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		Year	Rate	Cleared
44.6	17.6	1984	20.6	33.3		1989	24.1	25.0
38.1	40.0	1985	20.3	44.4		1990	23.3	16.7
71.6	27.6	1986	21.9	10.0		1991	37.5	35.0
33.5	64.3	1987	25.4	41.7		1992	11.1	83.3
23.4	30.0	1988	33.0	68.8		1993	25.3	21.4
	Rate 44.6 38.1 71.6 33.5	Rate Cleared 44.6 17.6 38.1 40.0 71.6 27.6 33.5 64.3	Rate Cleared Year 44.6 17.6 1984 38.1 40.0 1985 71.6 27.6 1986 33.5 64.3 1987	Rate Cleared Year Rate 44.6 17.6 1984 20.6 38.1 40.0 1985 20.3 71.6 27.6 1986 21.9 33.5 64.3 1987 25.4	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared 44.6 17.6 1984 20.6 33.3 38.1 40.0 1985 20.3 44.4 71.6 27.6 1986 21.9 10.0 33.5 64.3 1987 25.4 41.7	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared 44.6 17.6 1984 20.6 33.3 38.1 40.0 1985 20.3 44.4 71.6 27.6 1986 21.9 10.0 33.5 64.3 1987 25.4 41.7	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared Year 44.6 17.6 1984 20.6 33.3 1989 38.1 40.0 1985 20.3 44.4 1990 71.6 27.6 1986 21.9 10.0 1991 33.5 64.3 1987 25.4 41.7 1992	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared Year Rate 44.6 17.6 1984 20.6 33.3 1989 24.1 38.1 40.0 1985 20.3 44.4 1990 23.3 71.6 27.6 1986 21.9 10.0 1991 37.5 33.5 64.3 1987 25.4 41.7 1992 11.1

The robbery rate in Kauai County has also fluctuated a great deal over the past 15 years. The 1993 robbery rate jumped 127.9 percent from the 15-year low set in 1992, but remains 13.9 percent below the 15-year average of 29.4 robberies per 100,000 residents and 43.3 percent below the rate set in 1979.

One of Kauai County's 14, 1993 robberies (7.1 percent) was committed with a firearm, 3 (21.4 percent) with a knife or cutting instrument, 1 with another dangerous weapon, and 9 (64.3 percent) with strong-arm methods (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

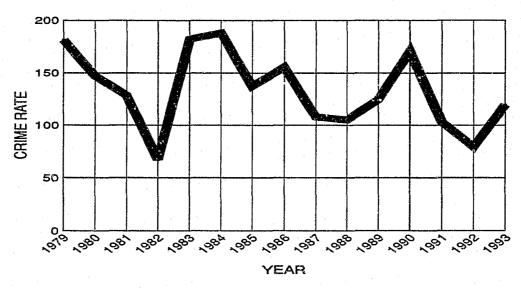
The robbery rate for U.S. rural counties in 1992, 17.0 per 100,000, was 53.2 percent above the 1992 robbery rate in Kauai County.

CLEARANCES OF ROBBERIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	14	3	21.4
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	4,305	1,640	38.1

There were 8 more robberies and 2 fewer clearances in Kauai County in 1993 than in 1992. The resulting percentage of robberies cleared fell 61.9 percentage points from 1992 to 1993.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent			Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Year	Rate	Cleared
1979	181.1	53.6		1984	188.1	80.5	1989	124.5	66.1
1980	147.2	55.2		1985	137.4	78.7	1990	170.5	68.2
1981	128.4	80.8		1986	155.7	71.8	1991	103.2	72.7
1982	67.0	78.6		1987	108.1	88.2	1992	79.3	62.8
1983	182.2	75.6		1988	105.2	82.4	1993	119.5	59.1

The aggravated assault rate in Kauai County moved down 53.5 percent from 1990 to 1992, before increasing 50.7 percent from 1992 to 1993. The 15-year trend of aggravated assaults in Kauai County is one of generally decreasing rates. The 1993 assault rate is 34.0 percent lower than in 1979 and 8.9 percent lower than the 15-year average of 131.2 offenses per 100,000 residents.

Firearms were used in 7.6 percent of the 66 aggravated assaults which were reported in Kauai County in 1993. Knives or cutting instruments were used in 12.1 percent, another dangerous weapon in 62.1 percent, and strong arm methods (hands, fists, feet, etc.) in the remaining 18.2 percent.

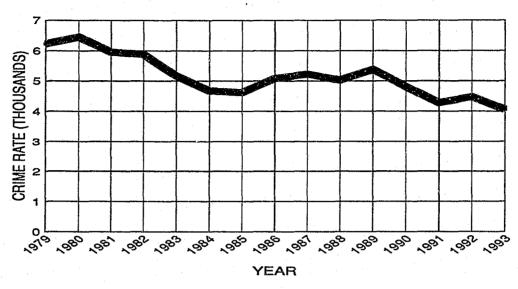
The 1992 aggravated assault rate in Kauai County was 55.1 percent lower than the rate in rural counties nationwide, which equalled 176.7 offenses per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	66	39	59.1
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	46,887	29,726	63.4

The number of aggravated assaults increased by 23 from 1992 to 1993, while the number of clearances increased by 12. The result is a 1993 percentage of assaults cleared which is 3.7 percentage points lower than the clearance rate in 1992.

PROPERTY CRIME RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

<u>Crime</u>	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
Rate	Cleared		Year	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
6,223.1	15.5		1984	4,674.3	22.9	1989	5,375.5	19.4
6,451.8	14.0		1985	4,617.1	18.3	1990	4,812.0	23.2
5,955.6	15.8		1986	5,081.1	18.7	1991	4,279.5	21.3
5,880.4	16.3		1987	5,222.5	20.6	1992	4,475.5	20.3
5,161.2	21.3		1988	5,024.7	19.1	1993	4,058.1	19.3
	Rate 6,223.1	Rate Cleared 6,223.1 15.5 6,451.8 14.0 5,955.6 15.8 5,880.4 16.3	Rate Cleared 6,223.1 15.5 6,451.8 14.0 5,955.6 15.8 5,880.4 16.3	Rate Cleared Year 6,223.1 15.5 1984 6,451.8 14.0 1985 5,955.6 15.8 1986 5,880.4 16.3 1987	Rate Cleared Year Rate 6,223.1 15.5 1984 4,674.3 6,451.8 14.0 1985 4,617.1 5,955.6 15.8 1986 5,081.1 5,880.4 16.3 1987 5,222.5	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared 6,223.1 15.5 1984 4,674.3 22.9 6,451.8 14.0 1985 4,617.1 18.3 5,955.6 15.8 1986 5,081.1 18.7 5,880.4 16.3 1987 5,222.5 20.6	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared Year 6,223.1 15.5 1984 4,674.3 22.9 1989 6,451.8 14.0 1985 4,617.1 18.3 1990 5,955.6 15.8 1986 5,081.1 18.7 1991 5,880.4 16.3 1987 5,222.5 20.6 1992	Rate Cleared Year Rate Cleared Year Rate 6,223.1 15.5 1984 4,674.3 22.9 1989 5,375.5 6,451.8 14.0 1985 4,617.1 18.3 1990 4,812.0 5,955.6 15.8 1986 5,081.1 18.7 1991 4,279.5 5,880.4 16.3 1987 5,222.5 20.6 1992 4,475.5

During the past 15 years, the property crime rate in Kauai County declined 34.8 percent, including 9.3 percent from 1992 to 1993, to now stand at a 15-year low, the second such record low in the past 3 years. The 1993 rate is 20.1 percent below the 15-year average of 5,079.1 reported Index property crimes per 100,000 residents.

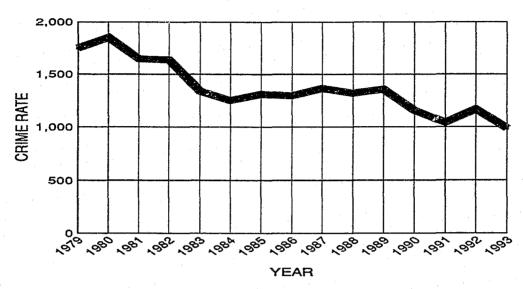
Property crime rates in rural counties nationwide were lower than in Kauai County in 1992. The property crime rate in rural counties in 1992 was 1,927.6 offenses per 100,000 residents, 56.9 percent less than in Kauai County in 1992.

CLEARANCES OF PROPERTY OFFENSES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	2,242	432	19.3
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	486,867	89,584	18.4

The number of property crimes reported in 1993 decreased by 185 from the number reported in 1992, while the number of clearances decreased by 61. As a result, the percentage of property crimes cleared in Kauai County in 1993 decreased 1.0 percentage point from 1992.

BURGLARY RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	<u>Percent</u>		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	Year	Rate	Cleared
1979	1,750.7	14.1	1984	1,252.3	11.2	1989	1,357.4	10.8
1980	1,852.8	14.5	1985	1,310.8	13.2	1990	1,157.0	16.2
1981	1,646.9	12.6	1986	1,296.1	19.3	1991	1,041.3	18.9
1982	1,638.8	8.3	1987	1,366.5	13.3	1992	1,167.3	14.5
1983	1,338.8	7.3	1988	1,321.6	17.9	1993	986.5	9.4

The 15-year trend of burglary rates in Kauai County has shown a sharp decline in the number of burglaries per 100,000 residents to reach a record low in 1993. The 1993 burgiary rate is down 15.5 percent from 1992 and 43.7 percent from 1979, and is 26.3 percent below the 15-year average of 1,338.7 offenses per 100,000 residents. Despite a possible appearance to the contrary, Hurricane Iniki did not contribute to 1992's interruption in the trend of otherwise steadily decreasing burglary rates since 1989. In 1992, much lower numbers of offenses were recorded in the 3 months after the storm, and in 1993, burglary reports were generally more numerous after April.

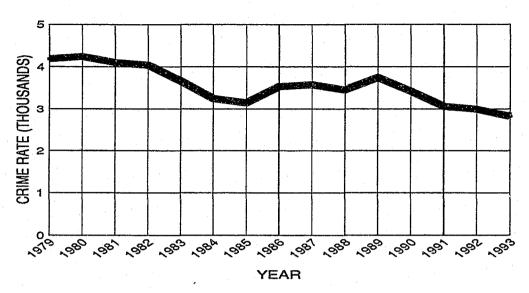
Rural counties experienced a burglary rate in 1992 of 701.4 offenses per 100,000 residents, 39.9 percent lower than the 1992 rate in Kauai County.

CLEARANCES OF BURGLARIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	545	51	9.4
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	178,479	29,271	16.4

From 1992 to 1993, reported burglaries occreased by 88, and the number of clearances fell by 41. The resulting percentage of burglaries cleared declined 5.1 percentage points.

LARCENY-THEFT RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	<u>Crime</u>	Percent		Crime	Percent			<u>Crime</u>	Percent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Cleared</u>		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1979	4,183.7	14.5	1984	3,247.7	26.8		1989	3,747.0	22.1
1980	4,243.7	13.0	1985	3,146.4	19.3		1990	3,422.5	24.3
1981	4,098.8	16.1	1986	3,530.7	17.8		1991	3,061.9	21.1
1982	4,038.3	19.0	1987	3,576.3	21.7		1992	2,994.8	21.7
1983	3,665.9	25.9	1988	3,451.5	18.5		1993	2,827.3	20.5

In 1993, larceny-theft offenses accounted for 66.6 percent of the Crime Index and 69.7 percent of the property offenses reported in Kauai County. Four consecutive years of decreasing larceny-theft rates resulted in a 1993 rate for Kauai County that is 24.5 percent below the 1989 rate, with 5.6 percent of the decline occurring in 1993. Hurricane Iniki apparently caused some reduction in larcenies during the month of the storm and the following five months, through February, 1993. The smallest numbers of larcenies for 1992 were reported in September through November, while the fifth lowest monthly count occurred in December. The lowest numbers for 1993 were recorded in January and February. The 1993 larceny rate is 19.3 percent below the 15-year average of 3,502.6 offenses per 100,000 residents and down 32.4 percent from 1979.

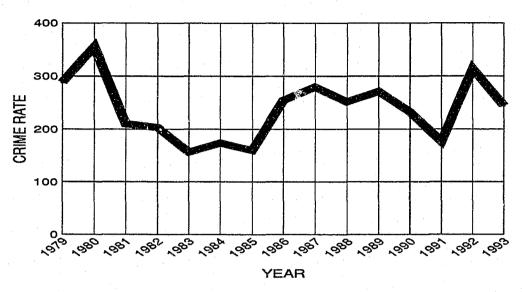
The larceny-theft rate in rural counties in the United States in 1992, 1,109.6 offenses per 100,000 residents, was 62.9 percent below the 1992 rate in Kauai County.

CLEARANCES OF LARCENIES

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	1,562	320	20.5
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	279,106	51,076	18.3

In 1993, there were 62 fewer reported offenses, a 3.8 percent decrease, while the number of clearances decreased by 33, a 9.3 percent decrease from 1992. The percentage of thefts cleared slipped 1.2 percentage points over the year.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE 1979-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1979

	Crime	Percent		Crime	Percent		<u>Crime</u>	Percent
Year	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared	<u>Year</u>	Rate	Cleared
1979	288.7	38.2	1984	174.3	32.9	1989	271.1	24.4
1980	355.3	22.9	1985	159.9	40.8	1990	232.6	40.8
1981	209.9	36.5	1986	254.4	28.4	1991	176.4	39.4
1982	203.3	28.2	1987	279.7	40.9	1992	313.5	28.2
1983	156.5	34.3	1988	251.5	33.6	1993	244.4	45.2

The rate of motor vehicle thefts in Kauai County, clearly affected by Hurricane Iniki in 1992, when 54.5 percent of the total automobile thefts were reported in the month of October, turned towards a normal figure in 1993. The 1993 rate is just 5.1 percent greater than the 1990 rate, which occurred in the midst of a 2-year decline, from 1989 to 1991. The 1993 rate fell 22.0 percent from 1992, whose rate was second only to that set in 1980 during the past 15 years. The 1993 rate exceeds the 15-year average of 237.8 thefts per 100,000 residents by 2.8 percent but is 15.3 percent below the rate in 1979.

Rural counties nationwide had a 62.8 percent lower motor vehicle theft rate than Kauai County in 1992, with 116.6 thefts per 100,000 residents.

CLEARANCES OF MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	135	61	45.2
2,632 rural police agencies	(1992)	29,282	9,487	32.4

While the number of motor vehicle thefts declined by 35 from 1992 to 1993, the number of clearances increased by 13, resulting in a percentage of thefts cleared in 1993 that is 17.0 percentage points higher than the percentage cleared in 1992.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY TYPE OF OFFENSE Kauai County, 1993

OFFENSE	# OF OFFENSES	PROPERTY VALUE	% OF TOTAL
MURDER	3	15,000	0.7
RAPE	21	0	0.0
ROBBERY			
Highway	5	900	0.0
Commercial House	2	2,090	0.1
Service Station	0	0	0.0
Convenience Store	2	540	0.0
Residence	2	150	0.0
Bank	0	0	0.0
Miscellaneous	3	230	0.0
ROBBERY SUBTOTAL	14	3,920	0.2
BURGLARY	:		
Residence - Night	92	72,400	3.3
Residence - Day	118	99,120	4.5
Residence - Unknown	20	20,870	0.9
Non-Residence - Night	157	88,220	4.0
Non-Residence - Day	113	73,620	3.3
Non-Residence - Unknown	45	45,520	2.1
BURGLARY SUBTOTAL	545	399,740	18.1
LARCENY-THEFT			
Pocket Picking	2	130	0.0
Purse Snatching	17	3,870	0.2
Shoplifting	257	12,500	0.6
From Motor Vehicles	330	196,340	8.9
Motor Vehicle Parts	206	70,860	3.2
Bicycles	58	22,510	1.0
From Buildings	249	204,150	9.2
Coin Machines	4	2,040	0.1
All Others	439	401,550	18.2
LARCENY-THEFT SUBTOTAL	1,562	913,960	41.3
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	135	879,630	39.8
TOTAL	2,280	2,212,250	100.0

Values may not add to subtotals and totals due to rounding.

VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

Kauai County, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	STOLEN	RECOVERED	% RECOVERED
MONEY - NOTES	221,040	13,110	5.9
JEWELS	183,010	3,610	2.0
CLOTHING - FURS	33,670	3,700	11.0
MOTOR VEHICLES	879,630	623,830	70.9
OFFICE EQUIPMENT	19,290	600	3.1
TV - RADIO	188,110	10,430	5.5
FIREARMS	12,430	1,600	12.9
HOUSEHOLD GOODS	32,790	1,010	3.1
CONSUMABLE GOODS	29,280	18,230	62.3
LIVESTOCK	15,260	1,450	9.5
MISCELLANEOUS	597,730	45,160	7.6
TOTAL	2,212,250	722,740	32.7

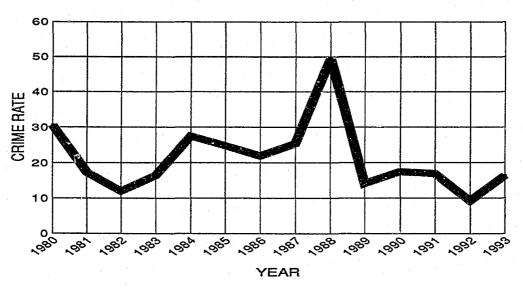
Values may not add to totals due to rounding.

The number of offenses in categories in which property was reported stolen decreased 7.1 percent from 1992 to 1993 in Kauai County. The total value of reported stolen property decreased 27.7 percent while the amount recovered decreased 33.0 percent from 1992 to 1993.

The largest portion of the value of property stolen in Kauai County in 1993 was taken in larceny-theft offenses: 41.3 percent of the total. Nearly 40 percent of the value of property stolen resulted from motor vehicle thefts. Robberies accounted for a smaller portion of total offenses and of stolen property value than in any other county. From 1992 to 1993, the portion of stolen property value accounted for by daytime residential burglaries decreased 8.2 percentage points, from 12.7 percent to 4.5 percent.

In the analysis by type of property stolen, motor vehicles accounted for the greatest value loss: 39.8 percent of the total. However, 70.9 percent of the value of stolen motor vehicles was recovered. Only 2 percent of the value of jewels reported stolen in Kauai County in 1993 was recovered. Overall, Kauai County had the second highest rate of recovery of stolen property among the counties of the State, 32.7 percent, down from 35.2 percent recovered in 1992.

ARSON RATE 1980-1993 KAUAI COUNTY



RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENTS

RATE PER 100,000 RESIDENT POPULATION AND PERCENT CLEARED SINCE 1980

	<u>Crime</u>	<u>Percent</u>			<u>Crime</u>	Percent			Crime	<u>Percent</u>
<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Cleared</u>		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared		<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Cleared
1980	30.5	8.3		1985	24.8	18.2		1990	17.4	11.1
1981	17.3	14.3		1986	21.9	10.0		1991	16.9	22.2
1982	12.0	20.0		1987	25.4	16.7		1992	9.2	0.0
1983	16.4	0.0		1988	49.5	16.7		1993	16.3	11.1
1984	27.5	41.7		1989	14.1	0.0				

The 1992 arson rate, the lowest in the past 15 years, may also have been affected by Hurricane Iniki. All 5 offenses reported for that year occurred prior to the storm. However, 3 of the 9 offenses reported in 1993 were reported in the first four months of the year. The 1993 rate increased 77.2 percent from 1992 to stand at a level just 0.1 offense per 100,000 above the 3-year average for 1989 to 1991 of 16.2 arsons per 100,000. Also, the number of arsons reported for 1993, 9, equals the number reported in each of 1990 and 1991. The 1993 arson rate is 22.7 percent below the 14-year average of 21.1 per 100,000 residents and 46.6 percent below the 1980 rate.

Fewer jurisdictions report offense data for arson than for the other Index Crimes. In those rural counties reporting arson offenses, the 1992 rate of 20.1 arsons per 100,000 residents was 118.5 percent higher than the 1992 rate in Kauai County.

CLEARANCES OF ARSONS

		Number of Offenses	Number of Clearances	Percent Cleared
Kauai County	(1993)	9	1	11.1
U.S. rural police agencies	(1992)	4,725	1,030	21.8

With 9 reported offenses in 1993, an increase of 4 from 1992, there was 1 clearance, compared to none in 1992. Therefore, the percentage of arsons cleared in 1993 increased 11.1 percentage points from the 0.0 percentage in 1992.

VALUE OF PROPERTY DESTROYED BY ARSON Kauai County, 1993

PROPERTY TYPE	# OF OFFENSES (% OF TOTAL)	PROPERTY VALUE (% OF TOTAL)
STRUCTURE		
Single Occupancy Residential	0 0.0	0 0.0
Other Residential	0 0.0	0 0.0
Storage	0 0.0	0 0.0
Industrial/Manufacturing	0 0.0	0 0.0
Other Commercial	1 11.1	\$500 0.1
Community/Public	2 22.2	\$1,100 0.3
All Other Structures	1 11.1	\$3,000 0.8
STRUCTURE SUBTOTAL	4 44.4	\$4,600 1.2
MOBILE		
Motor Vehicles	1 11.1	\$5,000 1.3
Other Mobile Property	0 0.0	0 0.0
MOBILE SUBTOTAL	1 11.1	\$5,000 1.3
OTHER	4 44.4	\$362,500 97.4
TOTAL	9 100.0	\$372,100 100.0

Percents may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Four of the 9 arson offenses in Kauai County in 1993 involved structures, accounting for only 1.2 percent of the total value of property lost, while the 4 other arson offenses accounted for 97.4 percent of the total value of property lost. The other arson offense category had the greatest average loss: \$90,625.

There were no arsons in 5 of the 10 categories of arson offenses in 1993.

ADULT AND JUVENILE ARREST STATISTICS

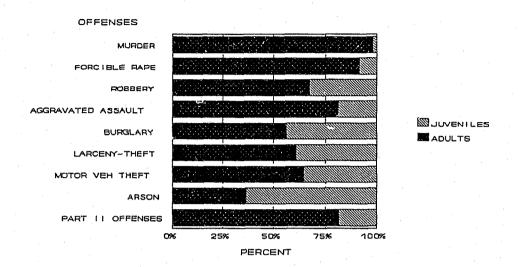
Arrest data, including the age, sex, and race/ethnicity of the offender, are reported by county law enforcement agencies for all violations except most traffic offenses. Arrests are also tallied for the charge of negligent manslaughter in traffic cases, as well as nontraffic cases of negligent manslaughter. The UCR Program requires that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. Arrest figures do not measure the number of individuals arrested since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses.

The most severe violation is recorded for each arrest. The violations are divided into two categories: Index Offenses, including murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson; and Part II Offenses, including manslaughter by negligence¹ and all other offenses. Definitions of Index Crimes and manslaughter by negligence, and Part II Offenses are listed in Appendices A and B, respectively.

Race and ethnicity data are presented using categories specific to Hawaii: White (Caucasian), Black, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Chinese, Japanese, Filipino, Hawaiian/Part-Hawaiian, Korean, Samoan, and Other Asian or Pacific Islanders. National categories are more restrictive: White (Caucasian), Black, American Indian or Alaskan Native, and Asian or Pacific Islander.

¹ The division of crime categories is often made between Part I, which includes manslaughter by negligence, and Part II, which includes all other offenses. The section on arrests will include manslaughter by negligence with the Part II Offenses for two reasons: 1) the UCR Program, and this report, emphasize Index Offenses (which exclude manslaughter by negligence) rather than Part II Offenses; and 2) the national report, <u>Crime in the United States</u>, groups arrest data by Index Offenses and all other offenses; no arrest data is reported for manslaughter by negligence.

PERCENTAGE OF ADULT AND JUVENILE ARRESTS BY INDEX OFFENSES STATE OF HAWAII, 1993



ADULT AND JUVENILE ARRESTS STATE OF HAWAII, 1993

OFFENSE	ADULTS	JUVENILES	TOTAL
Murder	51	1	52
Forcible Rape	118	11	129
Robbery	310	150	460
Aggravated Assault	482	110	592
Burglary	871	678	1,549
Larceny-Theft	4,950	3,187	8,137
Motor Vehicle Theft	1,066	587	1,653
Arson	22	38	60
Part II Offenses ²	36,715	8,289	45,004
Status Offenses		6,198	6,198
TOTAL	44,585	19,249	63,834

Adults account for 69.8 percent of all arrests, 62.3 percent of the arrests for Index Crimes, 77.9 percent of the arrests for violent crimes, and 60.6 percent of the arrests for property crimes. Juveniles accounted for a majority of the arrests for 3 Index Offenses in 1991 (burglary, motor vehicle theft, and arson), one Index Offense in 1992 (arson), and one Index Offense in 1993 (arson, 63.3 percent).

² Including manslaughter by negligence and excluding status offenses.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Index Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE	SEX	18- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55+	TOTAL	ROW %
	М	14	13	6	3	4	6	0	1	47	92.2
MURDER	F	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	4	7.8
FORCIBLE	М	35	26	28	10	7	8	3	1	118	100.0
RAPE	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	М	117	57	53	23	8	9	2	1	270	87.1
ROBBERY	F	11	9	8	8	1	2	0	1	40	12.9
AGGRAVATED	M	130	75	77	62	38	22	12	15	431	89.4
ASSAULT	F	14	10	7	9	4	1	2	4	51	10.6
	М	403	120	121	75	25	17	5	4	770	88.4
BURGLARY	F	41	14	20	7	15	2	1	1	101	11.6
LARCENY-	М	1,098	516	631	484	304	183	67	158	3,441	69.5
THEFT	F	430	277	216	178	148	94	52	114	1,509	30.5
MOTOR	М	384	200	166	71	30	20	4	4	879	82.5
VEHICLE THEFT	F	85	44	35	8	10	5	0	0	187	17.5
	М	10	0	3	1	0	3	1	0	18	81.8
ARSON	F	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	4	18.2
	М	2,191	1,007	1,085	729	416	268	94	184	5,974	75.9
TOTAL	F	582	355	287	210	178	105	55	124	1,896	24.1
COLUMN	М	79.0	73.9	79.1	77.6	70.0	71.8	63.1	59.7	75.9	
PERCENT	F	21.0	26.1	20.9	22.4	30.0	28.2	36.9	40.3	24.1	

Row and column percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Males accounted for 75.9 percent of adult arrests for Index Crimes in the State of Hawaii in 1993. For 7 of the 8 Index Offenses, males were involved in over 80 percent of the arrests. The 1 exception was larceny-theft: females accounted for almost one-third of the arrests for this offense.

Males also accounted for the majority of arrests in each adult age category. The proportion of males to females generally decreased with age, however, so by age 50 females account for over one-third of all arrests for Index Offenses.

The proportion of males to females arrested in 1993 is similar to 1992. The most notable exception was in the 55 and older age category where females increased their share of arrests from 36.0 percent to 40.3 percent.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE	SEX	18-	25-	30-	35-	40-	45-	50-	55+	TOTAL	ROW
NEGLIGENT	М	7	7	1	0	0	4	0	4	23	88.5
MANSLAUGHTER	F	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	11.5
OTHER	М	818	639	542	385	241	125	53	68	2,871	85.8
ASSAULT	F	139	94	96	80	34	17	8	7	475	14.2
FOROSDY.	М	59	34	31	16	8	2	3	2	155	52.5
FORGERY	F	42	50	25	13	3	6	0	. 1	140	47.5
	М	115	63	72	68	23	14	8	4	367	64.6
FRAUD	F	59	43	17	27	21	24	0	10	201	35.4
	М	10	3	5	4	4	4	1	1	32	43.2
EMBEZZLEMENT	F	17	9	3	5	3	3	1	1	42	56.8
POSSESSION	М	65	39	28	19	2	2	3	1	159	83.7
OF STOLEN PROPERTY	F	11	11	5	4	0	0	0	0	31	16.3
	М	256	97	104	66	34	15	4	9	585	91.5
VANDALISM	F	13	6	13	10	8	2	0	2	54	8.5
	М	192	123	107	73	30	23	21	5	574	92.9
WEAPONS	F	8	11	13	2	6	1	2	1	44	7.1
	M	29	31	28	24	15	10	4	6	147	23.6
PROSTITUTION	ڄ	212	82	80	62	24	15	0	0	475	76.4
SEX	М	63	70	83	94	45	30	22	45	452	98.7
OFFENSES	F	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	6	1.3
MANU./SALE:	М	64	86	55	38	38	16	8	5	310	75.4
OPIUM OR COCAINE	F	11	29	21	23	3	6	-7	1	101	24.6
MANU./SALE:	М	25	26	38	28	16	5	2	2	142	69.6
MARIJUANA	F	9	- 11	11	18	6	4	1	2	62	30.4
MANU./SALE:	M	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	6	100.0
SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
MANU./SALE:	М	1	7	11	1	4	0	- 0	1	25	69.4
NONNARCOTICS	F	2	2	0	7	0	0	0	0	11	30.6

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses (Cont.) State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE	SEX	18- 24	25- 29	30- 34	35- 39	40- 44	45- 49	50- 54	55+	TOTAL	ROW %
POSSESSION: OPIUM OR	М	133	196	176	164	85	30	20	6	810	75.3
COCAINE	F	72	50	55	45	26	9	8	1	266	24.7
POSSESSION:	M	220	115	119	97	61	48	9	7	676	80.9
MARIJUANA	F	32	26	50	23	16	7	3	3	160	19.1
POSSESSION:	М	6	10	3	2	3	0	1	0	25	73.5
SYNTHETIC NARCOTIC	F	3	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	9	26.5
POSSESSION:	М	46	51	62	41	13	8	0	0	221	76.2
NONNARCOTICS	F	20	21	19	2	7	0	0	0	69	23.8
GAMBLING:	М	4	2	7	5	1	17	0	5	41	97.6
BOOKMAKING	F	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2.4
GAMBLING:	М	27	30	38	57	43	36	46	60	337	90.3
OTHER	F	1	4	2	1	6	4	3	15	36	9.7
OFFENSES AGST.	М	354	343	377	280	150	99	47	57	1,707	86.9
FAMILY/ CHILDREN	F	51	53	51	54	26	12	5	6	258	13.1
	M	733	752	864	792	552	355	193	267	4,508	87.7
DUI	F	91	122	131	121	85	45	18	20	633	12.3
LIQUOR	М	344	107	100	65	49	. 38	18	12	733	87.6
LAWS	F	56	8	24	5	3	4	2	2	104	12.4
DISORDERLY	М	309	183	153	94	80	35	13	21	888	76.2
CONDUCT	F	57	62	53	53	21	14	7	10	277	23.8
ALL	М	3,609	3,048	2,971	2,127	1,282	655	266	301	14,259	81.7
OTHER OFFENSES	F	778	740	657	507	266	141	64	51	3,204	18.3
TOTAL	М	7,491	6,063	5,976	4,541	2,779	1,572	742	889	30,053	81.9
TOTAL	F	1,687	1,437	1,330	1,064	566	315	129	134	6,662	18.1
COLUMN	M	81.6	80.8	81.8	81.0	83.1	83.3	85.2	86.9	81.9	
PERCENT	F	18.4	19.2	18.2	19.0	16.9	16.7	14.8	13.1	18.1	

Row and column percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Race of Adults Arrested for Index Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE (ROW %)	WHITE	BLACK	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	FILIPINO	HAWAIIAN	KOREAN	SAMOAN	OTHER	TOTAL
MURDER	17 33.3	1 2.0	0	3 5.9	0	4 7.8	12 23.5	2 3.9	9 17.6	3 5.9	51 100.0
FORCIBLE RAPE	36 30.5	29 24.6	Ô	2 1.7	3 2.5	10 8.5	12 10.2	2 1.7	5 4.2	19 16.1	118 100.0
ROBBERY	85 27.4	18 5.8	0	5 1.6	18 5.8	16 5.2	89 28.7	1 0.3	33 10.6	45 14.5	310 100.0
AGGRVATED ASSAULT	152 31.5	39 8.1	1 0.2	5 1.0	17 3.5	67 13.9	95 19.7	10 2.1	28 5.8	68 14.1	482 100.0
BURGLARY	273 31.3	46 5.3	1 0.1	14 1.6	46 5.3	86 9.9	283 32.5	6 0.7	43 4.9	73 8.4	871 100.0
LARCENY- THEFT	2,129 43.0	260 5.3	9 0.2	132 2.7	349 7.1	416 8.4	943 19.1	78 1.6	113 2.3	521 10.5	4,950 100.0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	242 22.7	37 3.5	0	22 2.1	66 6.2	145 13.6	352 33.0	13 1.2	63 5.9	126 11.8	1,066 100.0
ARSON	13 59.1	0	0	0	2 9.1	3 13.6	0	1 4.5	0	3 13,6	22 100.0
TOTAL	2,947	430	11	183	501	747	1,786	113	294	858	7,870
COLUMN % OF TOTAL	37.4	5.5	0.1	2.3	6.4	9.5	22.7	1.4	3.7	10.9	100.0

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Among adults, more Whites were arrested for Index Offenses in the State of Hawaii in 1993 than individuals of any other race: 37.4 percent of the total. Whites comprised approximately one-third of the State's population in 1990. Blacks, who accounted for 2.5 percent of the State's population in 1990, were disproportionately represented in 5 of the 8 adult arrest categories. Native American (Indian), Chinese, and Japanese adults were arrested at a lower rate than their race's proportion of the State's population in 1990: 0.5, 6.2, and 22.3 percent, respectively.

Filipinos, who made up 15.2 percent of Hawaii's population in 1990, were underrepresented in adult arrests for all Index Offenses (9.5 percent). Hawaiians and part-Hawaiians were overrepresented in 6 of 8 categories of adult arrests. According to census figures, Hawaiians and part-Hawaiians comprised 12.5 percent of the State's population. Koreans made up 2.2 percent of Hawaii's population in 1990 and accounted for 1.4 percent of adult arrests in 1993. Samoans were arrested more often for each Index Offense except arson than one might expect based on the proportion of Samoans in the population: 1.4 percent in 1990.

Most racial/ethnic groups changed less than 1 percentage point from 1992 to 1993 in their share of arrests for Index Offenses.

Race of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE (ROW %)	WHITE	BLACK	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	FILIPINO	HAWAIIAN	KOREAN	SAMOAN	OTHER	TOTAL
NEGLIGENT	12	0	1	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	26
MANSLAUGHTER	46.2		3.8	3.8	3,8	3.8	26.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	100.0
OTHER ASSAULT	1,163	164	10	53	166	400	822	57	170	341	3,346
	34.8	4.9	0.3	1.6	5.0	12.0	24.6	1.7	5.1	10.2	100.0
FORGERY AND	110	29	0	3	14	34	60	3	6	36	295
COUNTERFEITING	37.3	9.8		1.0	4.7	11.5	20.3	1.0	2.0	12.2	100.0
FRAUD	237	43	2	21	31	65	114	4	6	45	568
	41.7	7.6	0.4	3.7	5.5	11.4	20.1	0.7	1.1	7.9	100.0
EMBEZZLEMENT	25 33.8	1 1.4	0	1 1.4	13 17.6	15 20.3	15 20.3	0	0	4 5.4	74 100.0
POSSESSION OF STOLEN PROPERTY	45 23.7	7 3.7	1 0.5	3 1.6	13 6.8	22 11.6	58 30.5	2 1.1	11 5.8	28 14.7	190 100.0
VANDALISM	213	28	2	9	35	86	149	6	46	65	639
	33.3	4.4	0.3	1.4	5.5	13.5	23.3	0.9	7.2	10.2	100.0
WEAPONS	146	24	2	12	48	129	148	14	21	74	618
	23.6	3.9	0.3	1.9	7.8	20.9	23.9	2.3	3.4	12.0	100.0
PROSTITUTION	353 56.8	57 9.2	0	10 1.6	36 5.8	29 4.7	53 8.5	17 2.7	5 0.8	62 10.0	622 100.0
SEX OFFENSES	202	40	1	13	22	61	55	4	10	50	458
	44.1	8.7	0.2	2.8	4.8	13.3	12.0	0.9	2.2	10.9	100.0
MANU./SALE: OPIUM OR COCAINE	122 29.7	38 9.2	1 0.2	5 1.2	33 8.0	31 7.5	84 20.4	6 1.5	54 13.1	37 9.0	411 100.0
MANU./SALE:	117	6	2	0	12	21	40	1	2	3	204
MARIJUANA	57.4	2.9	1.0		5.9	10.3	19.6	0.5	1.0	1.5	100.0
MANU./SALE: SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	0	0	0	0	1 16.7	2 33.3	2 33.3	1 16.7	0	0	6 100.0
MANU./SALE: NONNARCOTICS	13 36.1	0	0	1 2.8	7 19.4	1 2.8	5 13.9	0	0	9 25.0	36 100.0

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Race of Adults Arrested for Part II Offenses (Cont.) State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE (ROW %)	WHITE	BLACK	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	FILIPINO	HAWAIIAN	KOREAN	SAMOAN	OTHER	TOTAL
POSSESSION: OPIUM OR COCAINE	305 28.3	67 6.2	2 0.2	15 1.4	119 11.1	102 9.5	198 18.4	33 3.1	129 12.0	106 9.9	1,076 100.0
POSSESSION: MARIJUANA	372 44.5	27 3.2	1 0.1	13 1.6	64 7.7	78 9.3	175 20.9	12 1.4	23 2.8	71 8.5	836 100.0
POSSESSION: SYNTHETIC NARCOTICS	15 44.1	0	0	1 2.9	3 8.8	13 38.2	2 5.9	0	0	0	34 100.0
POSSESSION: NONNARCOTICS	66 22.8	3 1.0	0	12 4.1	62 21.4	38 13.1	67 23.1	7 2.4	8 2.8	27 9.3	290 100.0
GAMBLING: BOOKMAKING	2 4.8	3 7.1	0	1 2.4	6 14.3	25 59.5	0	2 4.8	0	3 7.1	42 100.0
GAMBLING: OTHER	20 5.4	0	0	12 3.2	53 14.2	220 59.0	27 7.2	13 3.5	2 0.5	26 7.0	373 100.0
OFFENSES AGST. FAMILY/ CHILDREN	528 26.9	125 6.4	0	37 1.9	114 5.8	362 18.4	426 21.7	47 2.4	87 4.4	239 12.2	1,965 100.0
DUI	2,458 47.8	130 2.5	9 0.2	99 1.9	532 10.3	430 8.4	679 13.2	141 2.7	153 3.0	510 9.9	5,141 100.0
LIQUOR LAWS	390 46.6	49 5.9	5 0.6	10 1.2	23 2.7	66 7.9	135 16.1	6 0.7	49 5.9	104 12.4	837 100.0
DISORDERLY CONDUCT	446 38.3	108 9.3	1 0.0	15 1.3	42 3.6	79 6.8	217 18.6	24 2.1	84 7.2	149 12.8	1,165 100.0
ALL OTHER OFFENSES	6,356 36.4	991 5.7	32 0.2	316 1.8	1,022 5.9	1,809 10.4	3,865 22.1	252 1.4	884 5.1	1,936 11.1	17,463 100.0
TOTAL	13,716	1,940	72	663	2,472	4,119	7,403	653	1,751	3,926	36,715
COLUMN % OF TOTAL	37.4	5.3	0.2	1.8	6.7	11.2	20.2	1.8	4.8	10.7	

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Index Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE	SEX	0-9	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	TOTAL	ROW %
	М	0	0	. 0	1	0	0	1	100.0
MURDER	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
FORCIBLE	М	0	1	0	2	3	5	11	100.0
RAPE	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
	М	2	10	55	19	22	29	137	91.3
ROBBERY	F	0	0	8	5	0	0	13	8.7
AGGRAVATED	M	7	4	24	10	36	19	100	90.9
ASSAULT	F	0	0	3	4	1	2	10	9.1
	М	11	71	158	135	114	95	584	86.1
BURGLARY	F	2	13	31	13	21	14	94	13.9
LARCENY-	М	47	360	664	355	317	288	2,031	63.7
THEFT	F	15	183	418	244	173	123	1,156	36.3
MOTOR	М	2	13	103	114	102	106	440	75.0
VEHICLE THEFT	F	1	10	53	36	23	24	147	25.0
	M	5	5	8	7	8	4	37	97.4
ARSON	F	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2.6
	М	74	464	1,012	643	602	546	3,341	70.2
TOTAL	F	18	206	514	302	218	163	1,421	29.8
COLUMN	М	80.4	69.3	66.3	68.0	73.4	77.0	70.2	
PERCENT	F	19.6	30.7	33.7	32.0	26.6	23.0	29.8	

Row and column percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Males accounted for 70.2 percent of the juvenile arrests for Index Crimes in the State of Hawaii in 1992. For 7 of the 8 offenses, males comprised at least 75 percent of the arrestees. The only exception was larceny-theft, in which females accounted for 36.3 percent of the arrests.

Males also accounted for the majority of arrests in each juvenile age category. Females comprised more than 30 percent of the arrestees in the 10 to 12, 13 to 14, and 15 year old age categories.

Overall, the number of juvenile arrests for Index Offenses decreased 5.9 percent from 1992 to 1993. Females increased their share of juvenile arrests for Index Offenses from 23.3 percent in 1991, to 25.5 percent in 1992, and to 29.8 percent in 1993.

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE	SEX	0-9	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	TOTAL	ROW %
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	М	0	0	1	0	2	0	3	100.0
	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
OTHER ASSAULT	M	13	100	297	176	234	224	1,044	70.6
	F	2	34	154	102	83	60	435	29.4
FORGERY	М	0	0	2	3	2	4	11	32.4
, ortacini	F	0	0	2	3	8	10	23	67.6
EDALID	М	0	0	4	3	44	3	14	48.3
FRAUD	F	0	3	4	2	0	6	15	51.7
	М	, 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
EMBEZZLEMENT	F	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	100.0
POSSESSION	М	0	1	6	9	8	14	38	77.6
OF STOLEN PROPERTY	F	0	0	1	0	4	6	11	22.4
	М	7	36	158	91	94	108	494	86.8
VANDALISM	F	0	7	29	24	13	2	75	13.2
	М	0	3	24	17	19	16	79	92.9
WEAPONS	F	0	0	3	1	1	1	6	7.1
	М	0	0	0	1	2	1	4	66.7
PROSTITUTION	F	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	33.3
SEX	М	1	18	46	11	18	15	109	92.4
OFFENSES	F	0	2	4	1	2	0	9	7.6
MANU./SALE:	М	0	0	0	3	4	3	10	66.7
OPIUM OR COCAINE	F	0	. 0	0	0	5	0	5	33.3
MANU./SALE:	М	0	2	3	2	12	3	9 22	68.8
MARIJUANA	F	0	0	4	1	2	- 3	10	31.2
MANU./SALE:	М	0	0	0	0	5	1	6	100.0
NONNARCOTICS	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses (Cont.) State of Hawaii, 1993

				 					
OFFENSE	SEX	0-9	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	TOTAL	ROW
POSSESSION:	М	0	0	2	4	3	7	16	69.6
OPIUM OR COCAINE	F	0	0	0	4	1	2	7	30.4
POSSESSION:	М	0	24	84	68	61	70	307	79.7
MARIJUANA	F	0	4	29	20	19	6	78	20,3
POSSESSION:	М	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	100.0
SYNTH. NARCOTICS	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
POSSESSION:	М	0	1	2	2	2	6	13	76.5
NONNARCOTICS	F	0	0	1	1	0	2	4	23.5
GAMBLING:	М	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	100.0
BOOKMAKING	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GAMBLING:	M	0	0	4	2	0	0	6	100.0
OTHER	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OFFENSES AGST.	М	1	3	16	12	20	21	73	55.7
FAMILY/CHILDREN	F	0	6	18	14	8	12	58	44.3
D. #	М	0	0	0	4	10	18	32	88.9
DUI	F	0	0	Ō	1	1	2	4	11.1
LIQUOR	М	0	0	17	35	63	69	184	77.0
LAWS	F	0	4	14	11	10	16	55	23.0
DISORDERLY	М	0	0	12	14	29	48	103	74.6
CONDUCT	F	0	1	6	11	5	12	35	25.4
OUDS THE	М	5	74	328	219	99	54	779	63.4
CURFEW	L F	1	46	212	119	39	32	449	36.6
DUNANA	М	16	148	630	404	408	274	1,880	37.8
RUNAWAY	L F	1	188	1,173	875	577	276	3,090	62.2
ALL OTHER	М	25	236	936	693	762	543	3,195	65.4
OFFENSES	F	2	143	643	425	327	150	1,690	34.6
TOTAL	М	68	646	2,572	1,773	1,861	1,504	8,424	58.1
TOTAL	F	6	438	2,297	1,617	1,106	599	6,063	41.9
COLUMN	М	91.9	59.6	52.8	52.3	62.7	71.5	58.1	
PERCENT	F	8.1	40.4	47.2	47.7	37.3	28.5	41.9	

Row and column percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Race of Juveniles Arrested for Index Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSE (ROW %)	WHITE	BLACK	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	FILIPINO	HAWAIIAN	KOREAN	SAMOAN	OTHER	TOTAL
MURDER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 100.0	0	1 100.0
FORCIBLE RAPE	3 27.3	0	0	0	0	4 36.4	4 36.4	0	0	0	11 100.0
ROBBERY	14 9.3	5 3.3	0	0	0	29 19.3	48 32.0	3 2.0	27 18.0	24 16.0	150 100.0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	12 10.9	13 11.8	0	2 1.8	4 3.6	24 21.8	30 27.3	0	12 10.9	13 11.8	110 100,0
BURGLARY	167 24.6	12 1.8	2 0,3	1 0.1	37 5.5	68 10,0	287 42.3	6 0.9	20 2.9	78 11.5	678 100.0
LARCENY- THEFT	687 21.6	58 1.8	4 0.1	64 2.0	220 6.9	484 15.2	1,017 31.9	52 1.6	163 5.1	438 13.7	3,187 100.0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	103 17.5	9 1.5	0	5 0.9	28 4.8	59 10.1	263 44.8	4 0.7	48 8.2	68 11.6	587 100.0
ARSON	9 23.7	0	0	0	1 2.6	10 26.3	5 13.2	0	0	13 34.2	38 100.0
TOTAL	995	97	6	72	290	678	1,654	65	271	634	4,762
COLUMN % OF TOTAL	20.9	2.0	0.1	1.5	6.1	14.2	34.7	1.4	5.7	13.3	100.0

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

The distribution of arrests of juveniles by race for Index Crimes in the State of Hawaii during 1993 is quite different than for adults. While Whites account for over 37 percent of the adults arrested for Index Offenses in 1993, only 21 percent of the juveniles arrested are in this category. Hawaiian and part-Hawaiian juveniles account for a much larger percentage of juvenile arrests for Index Offenses than their adult counterparts' proportion of the adult arrests: 34.7 percent versus 22.7 percent, respectively. Black juveniles comprise a much smaller percentage of juvenile arrests than black adults: 2.0 versus 5.5 percent, respectively. Filipinos account for 14.2 percent of the juvenile arrests for Index Offenses in 1993; adult Filipinos account for 9.5 percent of the adult total. The proportion of juveniles arrested for Index Offenses who were of Samoan ancestry (5.7 percent of the total) is greater than the percentage of adults arrested who were Samoan. The proportion of juvenile arrestees who were Chinese is less than the proportion of adult arrestees who were Chinese. The other racial/ethnic groups have percentages of the number of arrests of juveniles similar to those for adults. Unfortunately, census data do not include the number of juveniles in each racial and ethnic group.

The arrest pattern by race/ethnicity for juveniles in 1993 is similar to 1992; no group varied in their share of arrests by more than 2 percent.

Race of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses State of Hawaii, 1993

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OFFENSES (ROW %)	WHITE	BLACK	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	FILIPINO	HAWAIIAN	KOREAN	SAMOAN	OTHER	TOTAL
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	0	0	0	0	0	0	2 66.7	0	0	1 33.3	3 100.0
OTHER ASSAULT	197 13.3	60 4.1	0	12 0.8	40 2.7	194 13.1	568 38.4	10 0.7	184 12.4	214 14.5	1,479 100.0
FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING	8 23.5	1 2.9	0	0	0	4 11.8	17 50.0	0	1 2.9	3 8.8	34 100.0
FRAUD	11 37.9	3 10.3	0	0	1 3.4	4 13.8	7 24.1	0	0	3 10.3	29 100.0
EMBEZZLEMENT	1 50.0	0	0	0	0	1 50.0	0	0	0	0	2 100.0
POSSESSION OF STOLEN PROPERTY	5 10.2	1 2.0	0	0	2 4.1	10 20.4	24 49.0	0	2 4.1	5 10.2	49 100.0
VANDALISM	93 16,3	16 2.8	0	3 0.5	30 5.3	96 16.9	185 32.5	1 0.2	57 10.0	88 15.5	569 100.0
WEAPONS	12 14.1	1 1.2	0	2 2.4	4 4.7	20 23.5	31 36.5	0	3 14.1	12 14.1	85 100.0
PROSTITUTION	0	0	0	0	0	1 16.7	2 33.3	0	0	3 50.0	6 100.0
SEX OFFENSES	35 29.7	8 6.8	0	1 0.8	3 2.5	16 13.6	30 25.4	0	2 1.7	23 19.5	118 100.0
MANU./SALE: OPIUM OR COCAINE	3 20.0	0	0	0	2 13.3	1 6.7	2 20.0	0	2 20.0	5 33.3	15 100.0
MANU./SALE: MARIJUANA	11 34.4	0	0	0	2 6.3	5 15.6	10 31.3	0	0	4 12.5	32 100.0
MANU./SALE: NONNARCOTICS	3 50.0	0	0	0	0	1 16.7	1 16.7	0	0	1 16.7	6 100.0
POSSESSION: OPIUM OR COCAINE	5 21.7	0	0	0	0	0	3 13.0	0	4 17.4	11 47.8	23 100.0

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

Race of Juveniles Arrested for Part II Offenses (Cont.) State of Hawaii, 1993

OFFENSES (ROW %)	WHITE	BLACK	INDIAN	CHINESE	JAPANESE	FILIPINO	HAWAIIAN	KOREAN	SAMOAN	OTHER	TOTAL
POSSESSION: MARIJUANA	130 33.8	10 2.6	1 0.3	3 0.8	24 6.2	43 11.2	132 34.3	1 0.3	3 0.8	38 9.9	385 100.0
POSSESSION: SYN NARC	1 100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 100.0
POSSESSION: NONNARCOTICS	6 35.3	0	0	1 5.9	0	0	6 35.3	0	2 11.8	2 11.8	17 100.0
GAMBLING: BOOKMAKING	0	0	0	0	0	1 100.0	0	0	0	0	1 100.0
GAMBLING: OTHER	2 33.3	0	0	0	1 16.7	1 16.7	2 33.3	0	0	0	6 100.0
OFFENSES AGST. FAMILY/ CHILDREN	26 19.8	6 4.6	0	4 3.1	7 5.3	14 10.7	43 32.8	1 0.8	4 3.1	26 19.8	131 100.0
DUI	16 44.4	1 2.8	1 2.8	0	2 5.6	4 11.1	8 22.2	C	3 8.3	1 2.8	36 100.0
LIQUOR LAWS	73 30.5	2 0.8	0	1 0.4	12 5.0	33 13.8	81 33.9	1 0.4	20 8.4	16 6.7	239 100.0
DISORDERLY CONDUCT	22 15.9	19 13.8	0	0	3 2.2	14 10.1	45 32.6	1 0.7	19 13.8	15 10.9	138 100.0
CURFEW	279 22.7	21 1.7	3 0.2	8 0.7	75 6.1	245 20.0	426 34.7	10 0.8	37 3.0	124 10.1	1,228 100.0
RUNAWAY	979 19.7	126 2,5	1 0.0	45 0.9	248 5.0	647 13.0	1,886 37.9	49 1.0	176 3.5	813 16.4	4,970 100.0
ALL OTHER OFFENSES	785 16.1	98 2.0	4 0.1	55 1.1	284 5.8	965 19.8	1,610 33.0	49 1.0	295 6.0	740 15.1	4,885 100.0
TOTAL	2,703	373	10	135	740	2,320	5,121	123	814	2,148	14,487
COLUMN % OF TOTAL	18.7	2.6	0.1	0.9	5.1	16,0	35.3	0.8	5.6	14.8	100.0

Row percentages may not total 100.0 due to rounding.

City and County of Honolulu 15-Year Arrest Trends

Total Arrests for Index Offenses 1979-1993

						10-1000					
	Total Index	Violent Crime	Property Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny- Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
1993	8,875	944	7,931	37	97	391	419	929	5,620	1,334	48
1992	9,122	960	8,162	29	128	425	378	1,223	5,641	1,264	34
1991	8,801	839	7,962	34	114	360	331	1,098	5,815	1,020	29
1990	9,211	1,116	8,095	42	193	341	540	1,067	5,876	1,124	28
1989	9,051	831	8,220	55	125	251	400	1,267	5,954	984	15
1988	9,457	915	8,542	24	114	289	488	1,483	6,214	805	40
1987	9,666	986	8,680	55	105	421	405	1,332	6,582	716	50
1986	8,424	888	7,536	40	109	385	354	1,242	5,623	654	17
1985	8,265	900	7,365	36	110	423	331	1,151	5,590	598	26
1984	7,699	933	6,766	54	115	488	276	1,040	5,163	529	34
1983	9,157	972	8,185	38	85	544	305	1,182	6,329	649	25
1982	9,652	1,027	8,625	38	123	637	229	1,509	6,539	559	18
1981	8,805	974	7,831	47	120	617	190	1,161	5,976	661	33
1980	9,362	1,050	8,312	79	76	653	242	1,300	6,177	810	25
1979	8,279	913	7,366	58	85	576	194	1,177	5,249	908	32

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals include arson arrests.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested City and County of Honolulu, 1993

			T				r		· ·		т		r				ı ———	
	18	-24	25	-29	30	-34	35	-39	 	-44	45	49	50	-54	55	+	Tot	
	М	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F
Index Offenses																		
Murder	8	0	10	0	4	11	3	0	3	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	34	2
Forcible Rape	29	0	20	0	20	0	7	0	5	0	5	0	1	0	1	0	88	0
Robbery	100	10	47	6	41	8	19	8	5	1	6	1	2	0	0	1	220	35
Aggravated Assault	93	10	54	7	57	3	41	2	22	3	14	0	9	2	10	3	300	30
Burglary	262	28	61	10	80	17	48	2	11	12	11	0	3	1	2	1	478	71
Larceny-Theft	745	319	350	197	455	158	384	117	206	101	133	58	39	38	92	76	2,404	1,064
Motor Vehicle Theft	323	81	183	43	152	29	66	8	20	10	13	4	4	0	2	0	763	175
Arson	5	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	12	2
Total Index Offenses	1,565	448	725	264	812	216	568	137	272	127	191	64	59	41	107	82	4,299	1,379
Part II Offenses																		
Neg. Manslaughter	3	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	10	3
Other Assault	499	68	344	56	261	47	186	38	113	22	53	9	22	3	33	3	1,511	246
Forgery	46	30	27	39	25	14	.9	12	5	0	0	6	3	0	1	0	116	101
Fraud	81	32	41	34	50	12	52	10	9	10	10	16	8	0	2	10	253	124
Embezzlement	9	6	1	3	2	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	16	12
Stolen Property	59	11	38	11	27	4	19	4	2	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	151	30
Vandalism	187	9	64	3	70	8	56	7	22	4	7	1	- 3	0	9	1	418	33
Weapons	150	7	102	-8	82	12	58	0	23	5	15	1	18	1	4	1	452	35
Prostitution	29	212	31	82	28	80	- 24	62	14	24	10	14	4	0	6	0	146	474
Sex Offenses	54	0	58	2	72	1	77	0	34	1	24	1	21	0	36	0	376	5
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	44	8	69	22	48	18	27	15	29	2	10	4	7	7	5	1	239	77
Man./Sale:Marijuana	. 10	4	8	1	9.	3	11	8	1	. 1	1	2	'2	0	0	0	42	19
Man./Sale:Syn.Narcotics	1	o	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	1	2	7	2	11	0	1	7	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	24	11
Possess.:Opium or Cocaine	124	65	177	46	162	43	143	38	70	22	28	9	14	6	6 .	1	724	230
Possess.:Marijuana	134	15	65	17	78	38	62	16	34	9	26	. 5	6	3	0.	2	405	105
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	46	20	51	19	61	19	40	2	13	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	218	67
Gambling:Bookmaking	4	0	1	0	6	0	5	0	1	1	17	0	0	0	5	0	39	1
Gambling:Other	21	1	27	4	32	2	47	1	32	6	24	4	35	3	49	14	267	35
Family/Children	324	44	332	47	351	43	255	51	142	22	95	10	43	5	53	4	1,595	226
טטו	551	62	551	70	616	77	546	86	353	48	263	31	135	14	189	11	3,204	399
Liquor Laws	192	34	58	3	47	16	46	1	24	0	24	1	10	2	7	2	408	59
Disorderly Conduct	248	48	131	44	110	32	73	37	60	11	29	10	12	5	19	8	682	195
All Other Offenses	2,604	587	2,373	592	2,364	508	1,690	397	946	204	471	95	179	50	203	29	10,830	2,462
Total Part II Offenses	5,421	1,268	4,559	1,105	4,513	977	3,431	792	1,930	401	1,118	219	525	99	633	88	22,130	4,949
	6,986	1,716	5,284	1,369	5,325	1,193	3,999	929	2,202	528	1,309	283	584	140	740	170	26,429	6,328
Total All Arrests		702	 	553		18		28	<u> </u>	730		92	7.	24		10	32,7	

Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested City and County of Honolulu, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanėse	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											
Murder	10	1	0	3	0	3	5	2	9	3	36
Forcible Rape	19	28	0	2	2	5	7	2	5	18	88
Robbery	61	-17	O	5	16	15	64	1	33	43	255
Aggravated Assault	92	33	0	4	14	47	55	10	20	55	330
Burglary	133	36	0	13	32	50	175	6	41	63	549
Larceny-Theft	1,237	238	5	120	302	288	633	75	108	462	3,468
Motor Vehicle Theft	181	35	0	22	59	131	311	13	63	123	938
Arson	7	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	2	14
Total Index Offenses	1,740	388	5	169	427	541	1,250	110	279	769	5,678
Part II Offenses	:										
Negligent Manslaughter	7	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	13
Other Assault	515	137	1	44	89	182	370	52	149	218	1,757
Forgery	75	26	0	3	- 11	21	39	3	6	33	217
Fraud	147	34	2	19	25	46	54	4	4	42	377
Embezzlement	12	1	0	0	6	6	1	0	0	2	28
Stolen Property	40	7	0	3	13	22	56	2	11	27	181
Vandalism	118	24	0	8	31	63	99	6	45	57	451
Weapons	97	21	2	10	42	103	116	14	20	62	487
Prostitution	353	57	0	10	35	28	53	17	5	62	620
Sex Offenses	160	40	0	13	22	47	37	4	10	48	381
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	74	36	0	5	30	20	56	6	54	35	316
Man./Sale:Marijuana	33	5	0	0	4	8	6	1	2	2	61
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	4
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	12	0	0	1	7	1	5	0	0	9	35
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	237	65	0	15	110	85	177	33	129	103	954
Possession:Marijuana	171	24	. 1	13	55	52	97	11	22	64	510
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Nonnarcotics	63	3	0	12	62	37	67	7	8	26	285
Gambling:Bookmaking	2	3	0.	1	6	23	0	2	0	3	40
Gambling:Other	11	0	0	11	50	171	19	13	2	25	302
Family/Children	462	125	0	35	103	344	396	47	86	223	1,821
וטמ	1,512	119	4	92	429	307	427	137	145	431	3,603
Liquor Laws	162	45	3	10	13	29	72	6	48	79	467
Disorderly Conduct	299	103	0	15	31	58	133	23	80	135	877
All Other Offenses	4,352	925	14	297	866	1,286	2,719	239	857	1,737	13,292
Total Part II Offenses	8,914	1,800	27	618	2,042	2,939	5,003	629	1,684	3,423	27,079
Total All Arrests	10,654	2,188	32	787	2,469	3,480	6,253	739	1,963	4,192	32,757

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested City and County of Honolulu, 1993

	0-			12		14	1		1	6	1	7	To	tal
•	М	F	М	F	M	F F	м	F	м	F	м	F	M	F
	101		101		101		IVI		101		141		141	
Index Offenses								_						
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	4	0	9	0
Robbery	2	0	8	0	54	8	16	4	20	0	24	0	124	12
Aggravated Assault	6	0	4	0	19	3	7	4	29	0	15	2	80	9
Burglary	1	0	28	4	86	15	86	8	72	18	56	6	329	51
Larceny-Theft	37	13	239	121	454	290	237	157	213	118	183	90	1,363	789
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	1	5	4	71	31	81	21	77	15	72	17	307	89
Arson	3	0	5	0	7	1	7	0	7	0.	4	0	33	1
Total Index Offenses	50	14	290	129	691	348	436	194	421	151	358	115	2,246	951
Part II Offenses														
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0
Other Assault	10	1	70	28	242	116	130	80	174	64	181	44	807	333
Forgery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	9	0	17
Fraud	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	1	2	0	1	6	5	12
Embezziement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property	0	. 0	1	0	6	0	9	0	8	4	13	4	37	8
Vandalism	4	0	21	5	109	24	69	19	72	10	75	2	350	60
Weapons	0	0	0	0	15	3	. 13	1	11	0	10	1	49	5
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	1	0	4	2
Sex Offenses	1	0	15	2	35	4	10	1	18	2	15	0	94	9
Man./Sale:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	.0	4	4	3	0	10	4
Man./Sale:Marijuana	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	7	0	1	3	10	4
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	3	0
Possess.:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	4	3	1	7	1	16	6
Possess.:Marijuana	0	0	2	0	22	5	19	5	26	5	31	1	100	16
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	2	0	5	2	10	3
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Family/Children	0	. 0	3	6	1.4	15	10	12	17	6	18	11	62	50
וטם	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	7	0	12	2	22	3
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	2	10	9	18	4	30	4	33	8	91	27
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	8	3	11	6	24	2	37	7	80	18
Curfew	2	0	21	8	154	79	104	63	2	4	4	2	287	156
Runaway	15	1	121	130	489	868	307	699	329	451	194	223	1,455	2,372
All Other Offenses	18	2	203	122	807	562	563	374	638	277	421	122	2,650	1,459
Total Part II Offenses	50	4	459	306	1,916	1,692	1,277	1,275	1,380	840	1,064	448	6,146	4,565
7	100	18	749	435	2,607	2,040	1,713	1,469	1,801	991	1,422	563	8,392	5,516
Total All Arrests	1	18	1,1	184	4,6	547	3,1	182	2,7	792	1,9	985	13,	908

Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested City and County of Honolulu, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											1
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Forcible Rape	2	0	O	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	9
Robbery	5	5	0	0	0	29	48	3	25	21	136
Aggravated Assault	7	12	0	2	3	18	25	0	11	11	89
Burglary	68	7	0	1	26	24	166	6	20	62	380
Larceny-Theft	318	49	1	59	161	316	662	48	154	384	2,152
Motor Vehicle Theft	29	6	0	4	23	35	185	4	47	63	396
Arson	5	0	0	0	1	10	5	0	0	13	34
Total Index Offenses	434	79	1	66	214	436	1,094	61	258	554	3,197
Part II Offenses											
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Other Assault	94	55	0	12	30	138	431	9	180	191	1,140
Forgery	2	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	1	2	17
Fraud	5	3	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	3	17
Embezzlement	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1
Stolen Property	5	1	0	0	2	9	21	0	2	5	45
Vandalism	40	14	0	3	26	54	138	1	55	79	410
Weapons	3	1	0	2	2	12	23	0	3	8	54
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	3	6
Sex Offenses	27	8	0	1	3	14	28	0	2	20	103
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	2	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	2	5	14
Man./Sale:Marijuana	4	0,	0	0	0	2	6	0	0	2	14
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	3
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	4	11	22
Possession:Marijuana	21	6	0	3	11	9	38	1	3	24	116
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Nonnarcotics	2	0	0	1	0	0	6	0	2	2	13
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Family/Children	18	6	0	4	4	12	40	1	4	23	112
DUI	12	1	0	0	0	2	6	0	3	1	25
Liquor Laws	25	2	0	1	6	8	44	0	20	12	118
Disorderly Conduct	9	19	0	0	0	9	27	1	19	14	98
Curfew	42	15	0	2	29	70	146	7	35	97	443
Runaway	577	112	0	42	211	481	1,444	39	169	752	3,827
All Other Offenses	535	91	0	51	244	801	1,357	46	290	694	4,109
Total Part II Offenses	1,428	334	0	122	570	1,627	3,782	105	794	1,949	10,711
Total All Arrests	1,862	413	1	188	784	2,063	4,876	166	1,052	2,503	13,908

Hawaii County 15-Year Arrest Trends

Total Arrests for Index Offenses 1979-1993

	Total Index	Violent Crime	Property Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny- Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
1993	1,822	107	1,715	4	8	29	66	258	1,342	111	4
1992	1,878	126	1,752	4	16	15	91	305	1,347	85	15
1991	1,878	176	1,702	5	13	34	124	284	1,276	126	16
1990	1,716	175	1,541	3	11	44	117	225	1,171	137	8
1989	1,466	121	1,345	3	15	28	75	258	966	121	0
1988	1,180	84	1,096	- 8	8	14	54	208	803	84	1
1987	1,169	72	1,097	11	9	16	36	162	877	56	2
1986	1,388	90	1,298	2	13	26	49	276	910	105	7
1985	1,068	86	982	2	11	27	46	237	680	62	3
1984	1,024	81	943	3	11	23	44	196	668	73	6
1983	1,030	63	967	7	12	18	26	160	720	74	13
1982	1,092	82	1,010	1	10	36	35	224	719	62	5
1981	805	74	731	6	7	28	33	234	444	45	8
1980	901	86	815	15	5	22	44	217	531	62	5
1979	831	58	773	7	8	21	22	279	408	80	6

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals include arson arrests.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested Hawaii County, 1993

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:		-24	 	-29		-34		-39		-44 	 	-49 		-54	 	i + T _		tai _
	М	F	М	F	M	F	М	F	M.	F	M	F	М	F	M	F	M	F
Index Offenses		ļ	ļ				ļ	ļ				<u> </u>						
Murder	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Forcible Rape	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	7	0
Robbery	7	0	4	0	5	0	3	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	<u> </u>	0	22	1
Aggravated Assault	13	2	5	0	7	2	9	3	7	1	3	0	1_1_	0	2	0	47	8
Burglary	47	3	25	3	15	0	8	5	5	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	104	12
Larcony-Theft	181	64	79	43	82	38	55	27	40	26	26	20	14	6	41	27	518	251
Motor Vehicle Theft	25	1	5	0	6	1	2	0	2	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	44	3
Arson	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Total Index Offenses	279	70	119	46	116	41	78	35	57	28	39	22	17	6	43	27	748	275
Part II Offenses																		
Neg. Manslaughter	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	9	0
Other Ascault	131	29	135	16	118	17	82	21	50	4	30	2	11	2	13	3	570	94
Forgery	4	3	4	3	3	3	0	0	1	2.	2	0	0	0	1_	0	15	11
Fraud	2	6	6	3	2	0	4	1	2	5	1	2	0	0	1	0	18	17
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	2
Stolen Property	4	0	0	O	1	1 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1
Vandalism	28	2	10	0	13	1	2	2	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	63	6
Weapons	21	0	9	1	. 10	0	2	2	2	0	2	0	2	1	1	0	49	4
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	. 0	0	0	0	1	1
Sex Offenses	2	0	3	0	2	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	14	0
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	10	2	10	6	4	3	-11	6	7	1	6	1	1	0	0	0	49	19
Man./Sale:Marijuana	10	5	8	7	18	6	13	10	9	4	4.	2	0	1	0	2.	62	37
Man./Sale:Syn.Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0,	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Possess.:Opium or Cocaine	4	2	6	1	4	3	7	0	, 6	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	29	8
Possess.:Marijuana	23	6	13	4	12	8	13	3	11	4	11	1	1 .	0	3	1	87	27
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	.0	2	1
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	, 0	0	0	0	0
Family/Children	0	1	0	7	0	- 1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
וטם	78	6	58	17	94	19	84	19	77	14	38	6	22	1	31	7	482	89
Liquor Laws	71	6	25	4	29	6	11	2	13	3	11	1	5	0	1	0	166	22
Disorderly Conduct	28	4	22	6	19	12	10	- 6	7	5	3	2	0	1	1	0	90	36
All Other Offenses	302	51	178	37	148	29	114	33	97	14	48	16	18	1 .	21	3	926	184
Total Part II Offenses	721	123	491	107	477	109	358	105	292	59	168	35	61	7	76	17	2,644	562
	1,000	193	610	153	593	150	436	140	349	87	207	57	78	13	119	44	3,392	837
Total All Arrests	1,1	<u> </u>		63	74			76		36		64		1		53	4,2	

Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested Hawaii County, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses								:			
Murder	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	. 4
Forcible Rapè	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Robbery	11	1	0	0	0	1	9	0	0	1	23
Aggravated Assault	22	1	1	0	1	8	16	0	1	5	55
Burglary	47	8	0	0	2	10	42	0	1	6	116
Larceny-Theft	460	10	0	6	24	59	185	2	3	20	769
Motor Vehicle Theft	25	1	0	0	2	6	13	0	0	0	47
Arson	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Total Index Offenses	575	21	1	6	29	85	267	2	5	32	1,023
Part II Offenses											
Negligent Manslaughter	4	0	0	0	0	0	4	. 0	0	1	9
Other Assault	253	15	3	3	20	64	245	1	9	51	664
Forgery	13	2	0	0	0	3	- 6	0	0	2	26
Fraud	14	0	0	2	0	0	16	0	1	2	35
Embezziement	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	55
Stolen Property	4	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	6
Vandalism	38	0	0	0	1	4	23	0	0	3	69
Weapons	19	1	0	0	4	6	14	0	1	8	53
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Sex Offenses	5	0	0	0	0	3	6	Ō	0	0	14
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	39	2	0	0	2	9	14	0	0	2	68
Man./Sale:Marijuana	63	1	2	O	2	10	21	0	0	0	99
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	19	0	1	0	2	3	10	0	0	2	37
Possession:Marijuana	66	2	0	0	2	10	33	0	1	0	114
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Nonnarcotics	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family/Children	3	0	0	, 0	0	0	2	0	0	1	6
וטס	351	3	1	3	38	40	106	3	. 3	23	571
Liquor Laws	118	2	0	0	6	18	32	0	0	12	188
Disorderly Conduct	66	2	1	0	5	5	39	0	2	6	126
All Other Offenses	517	24	1	1	30	106	379	4	7	41	1,110
Total Part II Offenses	1,598	54	10	9	114	283	952	8	24	154	3,206
Total All Arrests	2,173	75	11	15	143	368	1,219	10	29	186	4,229

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested Hawaii County, 1993

	0-	9	10-	12	13-	-14	1	5	1	6	1	7	To	tal
	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	м	F
Index Offenses														
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Robbery	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	6	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	2	0	4	0	11	0
Burglary	7	0	16	2	26	9	30	2	21	2	24	3	124	18
Larceny-Theft	4	2	66	40	106	81	61	51	54	34	51	23	342	231
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	1	4	9	12	4	15	4	13	2	44	20
Arson	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Total Index Offenses	11	2	83	43	141	99	106	57	93	40	96	28	530	269
Part II Offenses														
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Assault	1	0	7	. 2	22	12	19	11	30	9	19	4	98	38
Forgery	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	3	2	0	6	5
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	3	1
Embezziement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Vandalism	0	0	4	0	10	2	14	4	13	1	16	0	57	7
Weapons	0	0	1	0	5	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	11	0
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	3	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	o	0	8	0
Man./Sale:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Man./Sale:Marijuana	0	0	0	0	. 2	3	1	1	2	2	2	0	7	6
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	. 0	0	0	3	0
Possess.:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Possess.:Marijuana	0.	0	12	2	37	17	26	11	20	12	24	4	119	46
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	0	Ö	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0
Family/Children	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
וטם	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	4	0	7	1
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	. 2	5	4	7	2	12	3	13	1	37	12
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	5	2	1,1	9
Curfew	0	. 0	4	5	18	13	11	5	10	2	6	2	49	27
Runaway	0	0	10	28	51	171	45	123	49	85	49	34	204	441
All Other Offenses	3	0	16	12	70	49	66	28	52	32	66	16	273	137
Total Part II Offenses	4	0	58	52	229	275	195	189	203	153	206	65	895	734
7-414	15	2	141	95	370	374	301	246	296	193	302	93	1,425	1,003
Total All Arrests	1	7	2	36	74	14	54	47	41	39	3:	95	2,4	28

Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested Hawaii County, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											1
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Robbery	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Aggravated Assault	3	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	1	11
Burglary	52	5	0	0	2	18	59	0	0	6	142
Larceny-Theft	201	7	1	2	30	53	233	3	5	38	573
Motor Vehicle Theft	29	2	0	0	1	0	32	0	0	0	64
Arson	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Total Index Offenses	293	14	1	2	33	74	329	3	5	45	799
Part II Offenses											
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Assault	40	0	0	0	2	20	58	0	3	13	136
Forgery	1	1	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	1	11
Fraud	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Vandalism	27	0	0	0	1	12	23	0	0	1	64
Weapons	3	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	2	11
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	4	0	. 0	0	0	0	1	0	О	3	8
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Man./Sale:Marijuana	7	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	13
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Possession:Marijuana	.78	2	0	0	7	13	55	0	0	10	165
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Nonnarcotics	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family/Children	0	0	0	0	0	0	О	.0	0	0	O
DUI	2	0	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	0	8
Liquor Laws	17	0	0	0	2	8	21	0	0	1	49
Disorderly Conduct	5	0	0	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	20
Curfew	21	2	0	2	2	5	39	0	0	5	76
Runaway	242	6	0	3	15	55	274	3	4	43	645
All Other Offenses	148	4	1	1	16	57	162	1	2	18	410
Total Part II Offenses	605	15	2	6	49	179	661	4	9	99	1,629
Total All Arrests	898	29	3	8	82	253	990	7	14	144	2,428

Maui County 15-Year Arrest Trends

Total Arrests for Index Offenses 1979-1993

	Total Index	Violent Crime	Property Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny- Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
1993	1,348	133	1,215	6	19	35	73	277	824	107	7
1992	1,195	226	969	6	23	54	143	234	643	85	7
1991	1,051	133	918	8	22	16	87	190	663	62	3
1990	931	136	795	2	7	14	113	148	535	104	8
1989	943	167	776	2	11	23	131	184	487	104	4
1988	1,179	160	1,019	3	12	17	128	217	663	136	3
1987	992	151	841	1	14	25	111	155	572	109	5
1986	913	122	791	1	8	15	98	258	451	68	14
1985	985	138	847	1	13	20	104	209	520	112	6
1984	722	100	622	4	8	21	67	156	414	49	3
1983	785	73	712	3	9	21	40	208	461	36	7
1982	958	63	895	2	13	14	34	222	609	61	3
1981	755	71	684	3	19	22	27	233	401	47	3
1980	474	69	405	6	10	17	36	153	202	50	0
1979	653	56	597	3	11	22	20	184	338	70	5

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals exclude arson arrests.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested Maui County, 1993

	18	-24	25	-29	30	-34	35	-39	40	-44	45	-49	50	-54	55	+	To	tal
	м	F	м	F	м	F	м	F	М	F	м	F	M	F	м	F	м	F
Index Offenses											l I						 	
Murder	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	2
Forcible Rape	4	0	4	0	6	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
Robbery	8	0	6	2	7	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	25	2
Aggravated Assault	19	1	11	2	5	2	8	2	6	0	3	1	0	0	3	1	55	9
Burglary	84	8	23	1	17	3	18	0	6	2	2	2	1	0	2	0	153	16
Larceny-Theft	141	30	62	32	67	17	24	27	41	18	15	13	7	8	20	7	377	152
Motor Vehicle Theft	24	2	8	0	5	3	1	0	6	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	46	5
Arson	3	0	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2
Total Index Offenses	285	42	114	37	109	25	54	29	62	20	22	16	8	8	27	11	681	188
Part II Offenses																		
Neg. Manslaughter	1	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Other Assault	134	21	116	13	120	20	83	15	55	2	31	4	10	2	15	1	564	78
Forgery	9	7	3	6	2	3	6	1	1	. 1	0	0	0	0	0	1	21	19
Fraud	19	16	11	5	12	2	9	9	8	3	2	2	0	0	1	0	62	37
Embezziement	1	8	2	4	2	2	1	4	3	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	12	20
Stolen Property	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Vandalism	32	2	12	1	13	2	4	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	6
Weapons	13	0	10	0	12	1	11	0	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	51	2
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,	0
Sex Offenses	6	0	8	0	5	1	11	0	9	0	5	0	1	0	6	0	51	1
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	8	0	6	1	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	0 :	0	0	0	, 0	18	3
Man./Sale:Marijuana	4	0	8	3	8	1	3	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	5
Man./Sale:Syn.Narcotics	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics													:					
Possess.:Opium or Cocaine	5	5	12	3	10	9	9	5	8	2	1	0	5	2	0	0	50	26
Possess.:Marijuana	49	. 10	33	4	22	4	16	3	11	3	9	1	2	0	1	0	143	25
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	6	- 3	10	1	3	1	2	2	3	. 0	0	0	1	0	0	1	25	8
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	-0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gambling:Bookmaking			,															
Gambling:Other	5	0	3	0	6	0	10	0	9	0	12	0	7	0	11	1	63	1
Family/Children	10	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	11	4
וטם	74	18	104	27	94	24	101	12	81	14	31	6	19	2	34	0	538	103
Liquor Laws	66	16	22	1	21	2	6	2	10	0	3	1	3	0	3	0	134	22
Disorderly Conduct	28	5	27	6	22	7	10	8	9	3	2	2	1	1	0	2	99	34
All Other Offenses	366	57	286	57	252	72	162	46	137	20	69	14	28	6	34	6	1,334	278
Total Part II Offenses	839	169	673	133	608	153	445	109	354	51	171	32	79	14	105	12	3,274	673
Total All A	1,124	211	787	170	717	178	499	138	416	71	193	48	87	22	132	23	3,955	861
Total All Arrests	1,3	35	95	57	89	95	6:	37	41	37	2.	1 1	10	09	15	55	4,8	16

Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested Maui County, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											
Murder	4	. 0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	6
Forcible Rape	7	0	0	0	1	4	5	0	0	1	18
Robbery	12	0	0	0	2	0	12	0	0	1	27
Aggravated Assault	19	5	0	1	2	8	18	0	5	6	64
Burglary	75	2	1	1	11	21	54	0	1	3	169
Larceny-Theft	330	11	2	5	19	45	101	1	0	15	529
Motor Vehicle Theft	18	1	0	0	4	4	23	0	0	1	51
Arson	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5
Total Index Offenses	469	19	3	7	39	82	215	1 ·	6	28	869
Part II Offenses											
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	3
Other Assault	244	9	6	4	39	117	178	4	8	33	642
Forgery	14	1	0	0	3	9	13	0	0	0	40
Fraud	50	4	0	0	1	12	31	0	1	0	99
Embezzlement	6	0	0	1	6	4	13	0	0	2	32
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2
Vandalism	32	3	2	0	1	14	17	0	0	2	71
Weapons	21	1	0	0	.1	12	16	0	0	2	53
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	29	0	1	0	0	11	11	0	0	0	52
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	9	0	1	0	1	1	9	0	0	0	21
Man./Sale:Marijuana	13	0	0	0	5	2	11	0	0	0	31
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	46	2	1	0	5	12	10	0	0	0	76
Possession:Marijuana	106	1	0	0	4	14	40	1	0	2	168
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	14	0	0	1	3	13	2	0	0	0	33
Possession:Nonnarcotics	1	0	0	0	0	, 0	0	0	0	0	1
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	9	0	0	1	3	44	7	0	0	0	64
Family/Children	5	0	0	0	1	4	4	Ö	0	1	15
DUI	387	7	3	4	51	53	100	1	2	33	641
Liquor Laws	94	2	2	Ö	3	15	30	0	1	9	156
Disorderly Conduct	66	3	0	0	1	13	43	1	2	4	133
All Other Offenses	754	30	14	9	64	206	461	7	14	53	1,612
Total Part II Offenses	1,900	63	31	20	192	559	998	14	28	142	3,947
Total All Arrests	2,369	82	34	27	231	641	1,213	15	34	170	4,816

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested Maui County, 1993

	0	-9	10	-12	13	-14	1	5	1	6	1	7	То	tal
	М	F	М	F	М	F	м	F	м	F	м	F.	М	F
Index Offenses					 									
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Robbery	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	2	0	2	0	7	1
Aggravated Assault	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	5	1	0	0	8	1
Burglary	3	1	21	4	35	3	10	2	15	1	11	2	95	13
Larceny-Theft	4	0	38	14	55	33	31	24	38	14	36	8	202	93
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	4	0	7	7	8	5	6	2	14	3	39	17
Arson	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Total Index Offenses	10	1	64	18	99	43	52	32	66	18	63	13	354	125
Part II Offenses					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ü	0	0	0	0
Other Assault	0	0	1	0	8	4	5	3	11	3	9	3	34	13
Forgery	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	5	1
Fraud	0	0	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	2
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Vandalism	0	0	4	1	11	1	5.	- 1	6	2	8	0	34	5
Weapons	0	0	1	0	1	0	3	0	3	0	4	0	12	0
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	O'	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Marijuana	0	,O	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	٥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0.	0	O	0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
Possess.:Marijuana	0	. 0	4	1	12	4	11	2	10	2	12	0	49	9
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family/Children	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	1	0	1	1	2	6
DUI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0
Liquor Laws	0	0.	O	0	1	1	7	4	16	2	18	4	42	11
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	1	1	4	3	6	8
Curfew	1	0	11	5	61	41	44	20	34	11	17	2	168	79
Runaway	1	0	7	7	37	67	25	16	14	13	17	4	101	107
All Other Offenses	0	0	9	5	40	20	56	21	60	13	40	9	205	68
Total Part II Offenses	2	0	37	19	176	145	159	72	157	47	137	28	668	311
:	12	1	101	37	275	188	211	104	223	65	200	41	1,022	436
Total All Arrests	1	3	1:	38	4	63	3	15	- 28	38	24	41	1,4	58

Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested Maui County, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Robbery	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	8
Aggravated Assault	2	1	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	9
Burglary	34	0	2	0	3	17	43	0	0	9	108
Larceny-Theft	104	1	2	3	17	74	79	0	4	11	295
Motor Vehicle Theft	26	0	0	0	0	8	17	0	1	4	56
Arson	2	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	2
Total Index Offenses	172	2	4	3	21	101	140	0	8	28	479
Part II Offenses											
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Assault	8	1	0	0	1	11	23	0	0	3	47
Forgery	5	-0	0	0	. 0	0	1	0	0	0	6
Fraud	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	6
Embezzlement	0	0	.0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Vandalism	6	2	0	0	1	13	9	0	2	6	39
Weapons	3	0	0	O	2	4	3	0	0	0	12
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Marijuana	0	° C	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 -	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Marijuana	17	1	1.	0	1	13	23	0	0	2	58
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Possession:Nonnarcotics	2	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family/Children	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	8
DUI	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Liquor Laws	25	0	0	0	3	9	13	1	0	2	53
Disorderly Conduct	5	0	0	0	2	3	3	0	0	1	14
Curfew	70	3	3	2	12	78	68	1	2	8	247
Runaway	65	6	1	0	7	44	76	3	3	3	208
All Other Offenses	65	1	3	2	17	82	73	1	3	26	273
Total Part II Offenses	283	14	8	4	46	259	297	6	10	52	979
Total All Arrests	455	16	12	7	67	360	437	6	18	80	1,458

Kauai County 15-Year Arrest Trends

Total Arrests for Index Offenses

	Total Index	Violent Crime	Property Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny- Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Arson
1993	587	49	538	5	5	5	34	85	351	101	1
1992	524	43	481	1	8	2	32	105	326	50	0
1991	530	52	478	2	6	3	41	124	312	40	2
1990	734	75	659	0	5	2	68	138	466	54	1
1989	610	55	555	0	8	3	44	101	408	43	3
1988	566	65	501	1	4	10	50	147	303	47	4
1987	710	88	622	0	15	8	65	129	424	67	2
1986	684	82	602	3	14	3	62	167	389	45	4
1985	510	59	451	0	3	9	47	111	288	44	8
1984	603	83	520	1	10	3	69	75	414	26	5
1983	562	66	496	3	4	5	54	63	412	21	0
1982	479	42	437	0	7	12	23	87	318	31	1
1981	495	56	439	0	3	9	44	137	269	31	· 2
1980	- 534	52	482	2	6	12	32	171	263	45	3
1979	395	36	359	1	11	3	21	90	223	46	0

Note: Total Index and Property Crime totals include arson arrests.

Age and Sex of Adults Arrested Kauai County, 1993

	18-24 25-29		00		0.4			40-44		45-49		50-54		55 +		Total		
						34	35											r
	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	М	F	M	F	М	F	M	F
Index Offenses																		
Murder	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	5	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	. 5	0
Robbery	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
Aggravated Assault	5	1	5	.1	8	0	4	2	3	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	29	4
Burglary	10	2	11	0	9	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	35	2
Larcyny-Theft	31	17.	25	5	27	3	21	7	17	3	9	3	7	0	5	4	142	42
Motor Vehicle Theft	12	1	4	1	3	2	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	26	4
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Total Index Offenses	62	22	49	8	48	5	29	9	25	3	16	3	10	0	7	4	246	54
Part II Offenses																		
Neg. Manslaughter	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Other Assault	54	21	44	9	43	12	34	6	23	6	11	2	10	1	7	0	226	57
Forgery	0	2	0	2	1	5	1	0	- 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	9
Fraud	13	5	5	1	8	3	3	7	4	3	1	4	0	0	0	0	34	23
Embezziement	0	3	0_	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	8
Stolen Property	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Vandalism	9	0	11	2	8	2	4	1	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	0	39	9
Weapons	8	1	2	2	3	0	2	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	22	3
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0_
Sex Offenses	1	0	1	0	4	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	11	0
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	2	1	1	0	0	0	٥	0	1	,0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	2
Man./Sale:Marijuana	1	0	2	0	3	1	1	0	3	.0	0	٥	0	0	2	0	12	1
Man./Sale:Syn.Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
Possess.:Opium or Cocaine	0	0	1	0	0	Ó	5	2	1	0	0	O	0	0	0	0	7	2
Possess.:Marijuana	14	1	4	1	7	.0	6	1	5	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	41	3
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	, 6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Gambling:Other	1	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	. 2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	7	0
Family/Children	20	5	11	5	26	· 5	23	3	7	4	3	1	4	0	4	2	98	25
סטו	30	5	39	8	60	11	61	4	41	9	23	2	17	1	13	- 2	284	42
Liquor Laws	15	0	2	0	3	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	25	1
Disorderly Conduct	5	0	3	6	2	2	1	2	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	17	12
All Other Offenses	337	83	211	54	207	48	161	31	102	28	67	16	41	7	43	13	1,169	280
Total Part II Offenses	510	127	340	92	378	91	307	58	203	55	115	29	77	9	75	17	2,005	478
	572	149	389	100	426	96	336	67	228	58	131	32	87	9	82	21	2,251	532
Total All Arrests	7:	21	4	39	5	22	44	03	2	86	1	63		96	10	03	2,7	83

Race/Ethnicity of Adults Arrested Kauai County, 1993

	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											
Murder	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	5
Forcible Rape	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
Robbery	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0.	5
Aggravated Assault	19	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	2	2	33
Burglary	18	0	0	0	1	5	12	0	0	1	37
Larceny-Theft	102	1	2	1	4	2.4	24	0	2	24	184
Motor Vehicle Theft	18	0	0	0	1	4	5	0	0	2	30
Arson	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total Index Offenses	163	2	2	1	6	39	54	0	4	29	300
Part II Offenses									Ī		
Negligent Manslaughter	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other Assault	151	3	0	2	18	37	29	0	4	39	283
Forgery	8	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	12
Fraud	26	5	0	0	5	7	13	0	0	1	57
Embezzlement	4	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	9
Stolen Property	1	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1
Vandalism	25	1	0	1	2	5	10	0	1	3	48
Weapons	9	1	0	2	1	8	2	0	0	2	25
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
Sex Offenses	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	11
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	6
Man./Sale:Marijuana	- 8	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	13
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	3	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	1	9
Possession:Marijuana	29	0	0	0	3	2	5	0	0	5	44
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Possession:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	1	7
Family/Children	58	0	0	2	10	14	24	0	1	14	123
DUI	208	1	1	0	14	30	46	0	3	23	326
Liquor Laws	16	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	4	26
Disorderly Conduct	15	0	0	0	5	3	2	0	0	4	29
All Other Offenses	733	12	3	9	62	211	306	2	6	105	1,449
Total Part II Offenses	1,304	23	4	16	124	338	450	2	15	207	2,483
Total All Arrests	1,467	25	6	17	130	377	504	2	19	236	2,783

Age and Sex of Juveniles Arrested Kauai County, 1993

	0-9 10-12 13-14 15 16 17 To													
													То	
	М	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	М	F	М	F	M	F
Index Offenses														
Murder	0	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Q	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0.	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Burglary	0	1	6	3	11	4	9	1	6	0	4	3	36	12
Larceny-Theft	2	0	17	8	49	14	26	12	12	7	18	2	124	43
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0	4	5	21	6	13	6	4	2	7	2	50	21
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	0
Total Index Offenses	3	1	27	16	81	24	49	19	22	9	29	7	211	76
Part II Offenses														
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	1	C
Other Assault	2	1	22	4	25	22	22	8	19	7	15	9	105	51
Forgery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0	0	2	0	2	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	3	0	7	1	28	2	3	0	3	0	9	0	53	3
Weapons	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	7	1
Prostitution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	٥	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	0	0	0	Ó	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
Man./Sale:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Marijuana	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0 .	0	4	0
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Opium, Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Marijuana	0	0	6	1	13	3	12	2	5	0	3	1	39	7
Possess.:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	0
Possess.:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	a	0
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	0	0	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
Family/Children	1	0	,0	0	2	0	2	0	2	2	2	0	9	2
DUI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	1	5	1	5	3	14	5
Disorderly Conduct	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	6	0
Curfew	2	1	38	28	95	79	60	31	53	22	27	26	275	187
Runaway	0	0	10	23	53	67	27	37	16	2.8	14	15	120	170
All Other Offenses	4	0	8	4	19	12	8	2	12	5	16	3	67	26
Total Part II Offenses	12	2	92	61	251	185	142	81	121	66	97	58	715	453
	15	3	119	77	332	209	191	100	143	75	126	65	926	529
Total All Arrests	1	8	1:	96	5	41	}	91		18		91		55

Race/Ethnicity of Juveniles Arrested Kauai County, 1993

:	White	Black	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	Filipino	Hawaiian	Korean	Samoan	Other	Total
Index Offenses											_
Murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Burglary	13	0	0	0	6	9	19	0	0	1	48
Larceny-Theft	64	1	0	0	12	41	43	1	0	- 5	167
Motor Vehicle Theft	19	1	0	1	4	16	29	0	0	1	71
Arson	0	0	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Index Offenses	96	2	0	1	22	67	91	1	0	7	287
Part II Offenses											
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Other Assault	55	4	0	0	7	25	56	1	1	7	156
Forgery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Embezziement	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	. 0	0	0	1
Stolen Property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	20	0	0	0	2	17	15	0	0	2	56
Weapons	3	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	8
Prostitution	0	0	0	Ο,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	4	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	7
Man./Sale:Opium or Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0Man./Sale:Marijuana	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	. 0	0	0	4
Man./Sale:Syn. Narcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Man./Sale:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Opium or Cocaine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Marijuana	14	1	0	0	5	8	16	0	0	2	46
Possession:Syn. Narcotics	0	Q	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Possession:Nonnarcotics	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Bookmaking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling:Other	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	5
Family/Children	2	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	0	2	11
DUI	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Liquor Laws	6	0	0	0	1	8	3	0	0	1	19
Disorderly Conduct	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	6
Curfew	146	1	0	2	32	92	173	2	0	14	462
Runaway	95	2	0	0	15	67	92	4	0	15	290
All Other Offenses	37	2	0	1	7	25	18	1	0	2	93
Total Part II Offenses	387	10	0	3	75	255	381	8	1	48	1,168
Total All Arrests	483	12	0	4	97	322	472	9	1	55	1,455

Police Disposition of Juveniles 1993

Disposition	State Total	City and County of Honolulu	Hawaii County	Maui County	Kauai County
Handled Within Department and Released	4,771	3,973	220	433	145
Referred to Juvenile Court of Probation Department	12,559	8,273	2,208	951	1,127
Referred to Adult Court	20	0	0	20	0
Referred to Welfare Agency	1,040	983	0	13	44
Other Police Agency	41	O	0	41	0
Dispositions Subtotal	18,431	13,229	2,428	1,458	1,316
Pending	1,724	679	0	. 0	1,045
Total Dispositions	20,155	13,908	2,428	1,458	2,361

Appendix A

DEFINITIONS

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

ARSON: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

ASSAULT: an unlawful attack by one person upon another. Includes Aggravated Assault (Part I Offense) and Other Assaults (Part II Offense).

BURGLARY: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Includes forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry where no entry occurs.

CLEARANCE: An offense is "cleared" either by arrest or exceptional means. An offense is cleared by arrest when at least one person is arrested; charged with the commission of the offense; and turned over to the court for prosecution. An offense is cleared by exceptional means when the identity of the offender is known; there is enough evidence to support an arrest, charge, and turning over to the court for prosecution; the exact location of the offender is known; and, for reasons outside the control of law enforcement, the offender cannot be arrested, charged, and prosecuted. Examples of offenses cleared by exceptional means include suicide of the offender, double murder, deathbed confession, and denied extradition. It should be noted that the number of offenses and not the number of persons arrested is used to count clearances. Several offenses may be cleared by the arrest of one person; or the arrest of several people may clear only one offense.

CRIME INDEX: The eight Part I Offenses reported in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program to represent the status of crime in the United States: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter (the latter term is not used in Hawaii), forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

CRIME RATE: The number of crimes per 100,000 population (usually the resident population):

Crime Rate = Number of Crimes x 100,000
Resident Population

More accurate crime rates (e.g. the number of Rapes per 100,000 females or the number of Motor Vehicle Thefts per 100,000 vehicles) are not reported in *Crime in the U.S.* and, therefore, are not used in *Crime in Hawaii*.

CRIMINAL HOMICIDE: The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another or the killing of another person through gross negligence. Includes Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter (the latter term is not used in Hawaii), and Manslaughter by Negligence.

DE FACTO POPULATION: The number of persons physically present in an area, regardless of military status or usual place of residence. Includes visitors present and excludes residents temporarily absent.

FORCIBLE RAPE: The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are also included. Statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are not included in this category.

JUVENILE: Person under the age of 18.

LARCENY-THEFT: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Includes pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, theft from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, etc. Does not include embezzlement, forgery, or motor vehicle theft.

MANSLAUGHTER BY NEGLIGENCE: The killing of another person through gross negligence. Manslaughter by negligence is considered a Part I Offense, but is not included in the Crime Index.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

MURDER: The willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being by another.

NONVIOLENT OFFENSES: Include the offense categories of larceny-theft, burglary, and auto theft. Often referred to as Property Offenses (excluding robbery).

PART I OFFENSES: Offenses which make up the Crime Index: murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson; plus the offense of manslaughter by negligence.

PART II OFFENSES: All criminal offenses not classified as Part I Offenses. See Appendix B for specific Part II Offense definitions.

PROPERTY OFFENSES: Include larceny-theft, burglary, auto theft, and arson. Robbery is classified as a violent crime due to the use or threat of force.

RESIDENT POPULATION: The number of persons whose usual place of residence is in an area, regardless of physical location on the estimated census date. Includes military personnel stationed or homeported in the area and excludes persons of local origin attending school or in military service outside the area.

ROBBERY: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim(s) in fear. While robbery has the attributes of a property crime, it is grouped with violent crimes due to the additional attribute of force or the threat of force.

VIOLENT OFFENSES: Include the offense categories of murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

Appendix B

DEFINITIONS: PART II OFFENSES

ASSAULT, OTHER: Assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon was used or which did not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim. Examples include simple assault; assault and battery; resisting or obstructing an officer; intimidation; coercion; and hazing.

CURFEW AND LOITERING (JUVENILES): Included are violations of local curiew or loitering ordinances.

DISORDERLY CONDUCT: Committing a breach of the peace. Includes affray; unlawful assembly; disturbing the peace; disturbing meetings; and blasphemy, profanity, and obscene language.

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE: Driving or operating any vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of intoxicants.

DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS: Include all violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of illegal drugs.

EMBEZZLEMENT: Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING: All offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering, or possession of, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of what is true.

FRAUD: Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks (except forgeries and counterfeiting), confidence games, and unauthorized withdrawal of money from an automatic teller machine.

GAMBLING: Promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling. Includes 3 subcategories: bookmaking, numbers and lottery, and "other" gambling.

LIQUOR LAWS: Include unlawful manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor; and drinking on a train or public conveyance. Do not include Drunkenness and Driving Under the Influence.

OFFENSES AGAINST THE FAMILY AND CHILDREN: Include all charges of nonsupport, and neglect or abuse of family and children. Examples include desertion, abandonment, or nonsupport of spouse or child; neglect or abuse of spouse or child; and nonpayment of alimony.

PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE: Sex offenses of a commercialized nature. Include prostitution; keeping a bawdy house, disorderly house, or house of ill fame; pandering, procuring, transporting, or detaining women for immoral purposes, etc.; and all attempts.

RUNAWAYS (PERSONS UNDER 18): Apprehension for protective custody as defined by local statute.

SEX OFFENSES: Include indecent exposure, incest, statutory rape (no force), other offenses against common decency and morals, and all attempts. Do not include forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice.

STATUS OFFENSES: Acts or conduct which are offenses only when committed or engaged in by juveniles; include curfew violation and runaways.

STOLEN PROPERTY: Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property, including attempts.

VANDALISM: The willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

WEAPONS OFFENSES: Include unlawful manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; unlawful carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; using, manufacturing, etc. silencers; furnishing deadly weapons to a minor; and all attempts to commit any of the above.

ALL OTHER OFFENSES: Include all other state and local offenses (excluding traffic violations) not included elsewhere. Examples are:

Admitting minors to improper places

Abduction and compelling to marry

Bigamy and polygamy

Blackmail and extortion

Combination in restraint of trade; trusts, monopolies

Contempt of court

Criminal anarchism

Discrimination, unfair competition

Kidnapping

Marriage within prohibited degrees

Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency, such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices

Perjury and subornation of perjury

Possession, repair, manufacture, etc. of burglar's tools

Possession of drug paraphernalia

Possession or sale of obscene literature, pictures, etc.

Public nuisances

Riot and rout

Trespass

Unlawfully bringing drugs and liquor into state prisons, hospitals, etc.; furninshing to convicts

Violations of state regulatory laws and municipal ordinances

Violation of quarantine

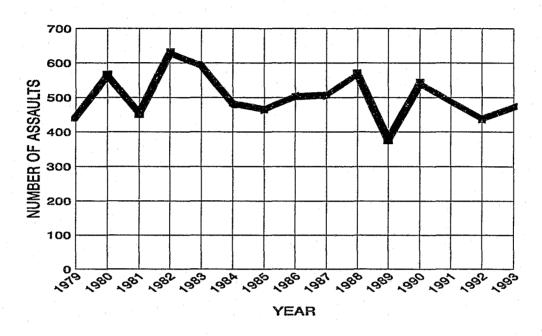
All offenses not otherwise classified

All attempts to commit any of the above

APPENDIX C

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS KILLED AND ASSAULTED (LEOKA) LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted State of Hawaii 1979-1993



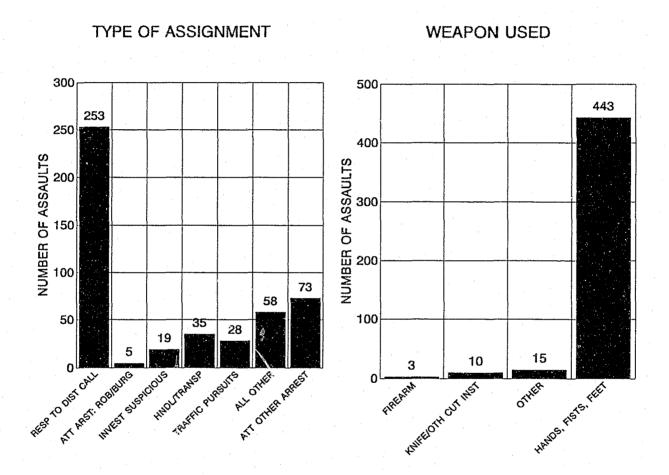
Since the Uniform Crime Reporting Program began in Hawaii, information on law enforcement officers killed and assaulted has been collected and reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. As a result, the federal government publishes an annual report on these figures. Locally, however, this information was rarely used in reporting crime trends until 1992. The graph above shows the trend for the number of law enforcement officers assaulted during the past 15 years.

From 1979 to 1993 the number of assaults on police officers increased 6.1 percent from 444 in 1979 to 471 in 1993. The 15 year trend peaked in 1982 with 628 assaults on officers and hit its lowest level in 1989 with 378 reported assaults. From 1992 to 1993 the number of police officers who were assaulted increased by 7.5 percent, from 438 in 1992 to 471 in 1993. However, the 1993 figure is still lower than the 15-year average of 501 assaults per year.

Most of the assaults on police officers during 1993 occurred when responding to disturbance calls (253, 54 percent). Second to responding to disturbance calls, police officers attempting an "other" arrest comprise the group most likely to be targeted for assaults (73, 16 percent). Twelve percent of assaulted officers were in the "all other" category, which includes civil disorder, ambush, assaults by mentally deranged persons, and other assignments. Traffic pursuits, handling/transporting prisoners, investigating suspicious persons, and attempting arrests for robberies/burglaries each accounted for less than 10 percent of the total.

Physical force was the most typical means of assault. Ninety-four percent (443) of the police officers were assaulted by hands, fists, or other bodily means. This trend is similar to that of the Pacific States¹ where most of the assaults on police officers were by "personal weapon," 78 percent. The bar graphs below show the breakdown of weapons used in assaults and the type of assignment local police officers were on when they were assaulted.

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted State of Hawaii, 1993

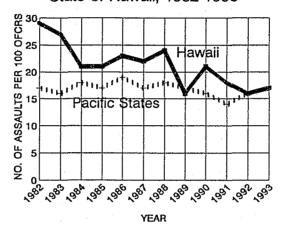


On October 31, 1993, 2,703 full-time police officers were employed by the county police departments. In 1993, there were 471 assaults on officers. The assault rate on police officers totalled 17 attacks per 100 officers statewide for 1993, a 6 percent increase from 1992. In 1992, the assault rate for the State was the same as the rate for the Pacific States which equalled 16 attacks per 100 officers.

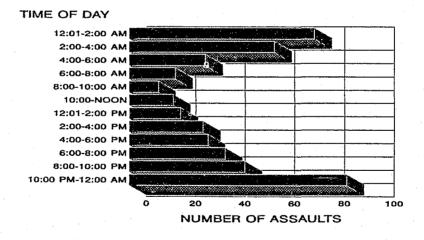
¹ Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon and Washington

During 1993 nearly 35 percent of all assaults on police officers occurred between 10:00 PM and 2:00 AM. Data on the number of police officers assaulted per 100 full-time officers², the time of assaults, and the number of law enforcement employees are shown below.

Number of Police Officers Assaulted Per 100 Full-Time Officers State of Hawaii, 1982-1993



Assaults by Time of Day State of Hawaii, 1993



² Data on the number of police employees have been collected throughout the 15 year period. However, prior to 1982 the number of employees reported to *Crime in the United States* combined both police officers and civilian employees; 1982 was the first year in which police officers and civilian employees were counted separately.

Law Enforcement Employees as of October 31 State of Hawaii, 1981-1993

		State Total		City &	County of H	onolulu		Maui County	
Year	Total Employees	Police Officers	Civilians	Total Employees	Police Officers	Civilians	Total Employees	Police Officers	Civilians
1993	3,384	2,703	681	2,370	1,921	449	390	301	89
1992	3,390	2,714	676	2,374	1,936	438	385	297	88
1991	3,281	2,638	643	2,312	1,887	425	357	278	79
1990	3,158	2,543	615	2,257	1,827	430	336	265	71
1989	3,023	2,425	598	2,185	1,761	424	301	238	63
1988	2,902	2,355	547	2,084	1,706	378	313	250	63
1987	2,858	2,323	535	2,052	1,683	369	290	227	63
1986	2,747	2,231	516	1,960	1,605	355	292	234	58
1985	2,757	2,250	507	1,983	1,639	344	278	220	58
1984	2,766	2,259	507	1,998	1,645	353	286	229	57
1983	2,685	2,180	505	1,945	1,584	361	271	223	48
1982	2,637	2,149	488	1,895	1,549	346	272	224	48
1981	2,528	2,098	430	1,852	1,537	315	234	195	39

		Kauai Count		Hawaii (County (exce	ant Hila)	South Hile	District (Ci	by of Hila)
Year	Total Employees	Police Officers	Civilians	Total Employees	Police Officers	Civilians	Total Employees	Police Officers	Civilians
1993	157	132	25	231	209	22	236	140	96
1992	161	134	27	217	199	18	253	148	105
1991	160	134	26	218	194	24	234	145	89
1990	158	134	24	210	189	21	197	128	69
1989	151	127	24	207	185	22	179	114	65
1988	147	124	23	182	161	21	176	114	62
1987	147	124	23	180	159	21	189	130	59
1986	139	117	22	176	155	21	180	120	60
1985	144	120	24	189	130	59	163	- 141	22
1984	145	120	25	170	150	20	167	115	52
1983	144	116	28	157	140	17	168	117	51
1982	146	114	32	163	147	16	161	115	46
1981	138	117	21	154	139	15	150	110	40

APPENDIX D

POPULATION ESTIMATES

The statewide resident population estimate for *Crime in Hawaii 1993* was provided by the Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism (DBED). In addition, DBED revised the state total and provided county population figures for 1992. These revised figures were used to calculate crime rates for *Crime in Hawaii 1993*. As a result, some of the previously published rates differ from those which appeared in *Crime in Hawaii 1992*; however, most changes differ less than one-half of 1 percent from previously published rates.

The 1993 state population estimate of 1,171,592 provided by DBED was apportioned to the counties by Crime Prevention Division staff. County population estimates were obtained by adding to the 1992 estimate the proportion of the counties' shares of growth in the state population from the 1990 census to the 1992 estimated populations.

The United States census of population is taken as of April 1 in each year ending in zero. Intercensal population estimates are made as of July 1 in each noncensus year. Estimates based on the just completed census are also made for July 1 of census years. While the FBI continues to use exact census populations to calculate crime rates in census years, *Crime in Hawaii 1993* used July 1 estimated populations to determine crime rates for all years. In so doing, a regular progression of estimates taken at 12-month intervals is available to more accurately reflect crime rate trends.

To calculate the crime rates for the City of Hilo (South Hilo District) and the balance of Hawaii County, 1979-1992 population estimates were developed by Crime Prevention Division staff from the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses of the District and the County, and the annual population estimates for the County. The 1993 population estimates were developed in consultation with County Research and Development Department staff.

Population Estimates, 1979-1993

YEAR	STATE OF HAWAII	CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU	HAWAII COUNTY	SOUTH HILO DISTRICT	BALANCE OF HAWAII COUNTY	MAUI COUNTY	KAUAI COUNTY
1993	1,171,592	872,098	133,747	45,898	87,849	110,500	55,247
1992	1,155,726	863,117	130,384	45,784	84,600	107,997	54,228
1991	1,136,600	852,000	126,400	45,501	80,899	105,000	53,300
1990	1,113,900	839,400	121,500	44,809	76,691	101,400	51,600
1989	1,094,600	831,300	116,600	44,085	72,515	96,800	49,800
1988	1,079,800	824,100	113,400	43,932	69,468	93,800	48,500
1987	1,067,900	818,400	111,700	44,300	67,400	90,500	47,200
1986	1,051,800	810,400	108,400	43,974	64,426	87,400	45,600
1985	1,039,700	804,300	105,900	43,904	61,996	85,100	44,400
1984	1,027,900	797,800	103,500	43,820	59,680	83,000	43,600
1983	1,012,700	789,100	100,800	43,550	57,250	80,100	42,800
1982	993,800	776,100	98,800	43,528	55,272	77,100	41,800
1981	978,200	767,600	96,100	43,146	52,954	74,000	40,500
1980	968,500	764,600	92,900	42,477	50,423	71,600	39,400
1979	953,300	756,000	89,400	41,606	47,794	69,700	38,100

County population estimates may not add to State total due to rounding.