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# PRISONERS IN STATE AND FEDERAL INSTITUTIONS on December 31, 1971, 1972, and 1973

**NPS** 

National Prisoner Statistics
BULLETIN

No. SD-NPS-PSF-1

May 1975

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

National Criminal Justice

Information and Statistics Service

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

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#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

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#### **PREFACE**

This report presents information on sentenced prisoners confined in Federal and State correctional institutions at the end of each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973. It examines the size and distribution of the prison population at the national level and, in the case of the State prison population, at regional and State levels as well. Special attention is paid to year-to-year change in the size of the prison population in terms both of the absolute number of prisoners and of the number of prisoners per 100,000 persons in the general civilian population. The extent to which these changes differ as between the Federal and the State systems is indicated. The proportion of males and females in the prison population is discussed. Limited information in the form of tables also has been provided with respect to the types and volume of certain admission and departure transactions which occurred during calendar years 1972 and 1973, although no analysis of these data was feasible.

Certain changes in concept and format differentiate this from earlier issues of <u>Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions</u>,\* which is one of several serial reports published in support of the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. Previously the population dealt with in this series consisted of all adult felons serving a sentence in a Federal or State correctional institution. Beginning on December 31, 1971, however, all jurisdictions were asked to disregard the difference between felons and misdemeanants and to construe as their prison population all those inmates who had been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length was a year and a day or longer. For most jurisdictions this change in definition did not radically alter the basic makeup of the reportable prison population, but the cumulative data adjustments from the total network of Federal and State institutions were deemed sufficiently significant to question the comparability of data in this report with those of previous years. Consequently, data prior to

<sup>\*</sup>Formerly entitled <u>Prisoners in State and Federal Institutions for Adult Felons.</u>

December 31, 1971 have been omitted from this report, and no attempt to provide trend analysis involving earlier years has been made.

In the course of the collation of 1972 and 1973 data, a systematic inquiry was made into the extent to which reporting jurisdictions varied in their interpretations of the individual categories of prisoner admission and departure transactions. Because considerable variation was found, no attempt has been made in this report to provide comprehensive tables of these transactions. Table displaying those categories that appeared to be uniformly understood by all reporting jurisdictions have been compiled and are included in Appendix I, but no textual analysis of them was deemed feasible. It is anticipated that continuing efforts to assure consistency of reported data will warrant a more detailed brokdown of categories of prisoner movement transactions in subsequent issuances of this series. A list of definitions and a summary of the exceptions to these definitions is available upon written request from the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA), Statistics Division, Washington, D.C. 20531.

The NPS program was instituted to collect and interpret data on inmates of State and Federal correctional institutions, using a voluntary reporting system. It was initiated by the Bureau of the Census in 1926 and was transferred to the Bureau of Prisons in 1950 and to LEAA in 1971. Since 1972, the Bureau of the Census, acting as collecting agent for LEAA, has had responsibility for compiling the statistical data required for the program.

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## **GENERAL FINDINGS**

On December 31, 1973, State and Federal correctional institutions held 204,349 inmates who had been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length was a year and a day or longer. Of the total, 89 percent were held in State institutions and the remainder were confined in Federal prisons.

The prisoner count at yearend 1973 represented a 4.2 percent increase over the 196,183 enumerated on the last day of 1972. In marked contrast, between December 31, 1971, and December 31, 1972, the number of inmates in State and Federal correctional institutions had declined by 0.9 percent. The overall increase for the 24-month period was 3.2 percent. Accompanying these changes in the size of the Nation's prison population were fluctuations in the number of inmates per 100,000 persons of the civilian population. At yearend 1971, that figure was 96.4 per 100,000; it dropped to 94.7 at yearend 1972, and then rose sharply to 97.8 as of December 31, 1973.

Federal prisons held 22,815 inmates at the end of 1973, compared with 21,713 at the end of 1972 and 20,948 at the end of 1971. Between yearend 1971 and yearend 1973, the Federal prison population increased by 8.9 percent, and the number of inmates per 100,000 civilian population rose from 10.2 to 10.9.

The number of prisoners confined in State correctional institutions fell by 1.5 percent, or from 177,113 to 174,470, between December 31, 1971, and December 31, 1972, the decrease more than offsetting the concurrent increase in the number of immates in Federal prisons. In the succeeding 12-month period, the State prison population increased by 4.0 percent, rising to 181,534 and accounting for the preponderant portion of total prison population growth between yearend 1972 and yearend 1973. When compared with the end-of-year count for 1971, that for 1973 showed there had been a 2.5 percent increase in the size of the State prison population, and that the number of inmates per 100,000 civilian population had risen from 86.2 to 86.9.

As they have historically, males continued to predominate overwhelmingly in the prison population of the United States, and the overall proportions of males and females in that population remained basically unchanged. On December 31 of each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, females accounted for about 3 of every 100 prisoners. Between yearend 1971 and yearend 1973, however, the number of female prisoners grew at a more rapid rate than the number of male prisoners; this more rapid growth was particularly apparent when data for December 31, 1972, were compared with those for December 31, 1973. In that 12-month period, the number of male prisoners rose by 4.0 percent in State institutions and by 4.6 percent in Federal prisons, whereas the corresponding proportions for the female prison population were 5.0 percent and 17.4 percent, respectively. Given the relatively small base that characterizes the female prisoner count, only limited and tentative significance can be imputed to these data. Nevertheless, they tend to reinforce other information indicating gradually increasing female participation in crimes punishable by prison sentences.

Changes in size of the total State prison population from December 31, 1971, to December 31, 1973, did not prevail uniformly among the different regions and States. Thus, the overall decrease in the total State prison population between yearend 1971 and yearend 1972 was attributable almost entirely to a decrease of 9.7 percent, or about 4,000 immates, in the prison population of the North Central Region. Elsewhere, the West recorded a 2.4 percent decline in its prison population, whereas there were slight increases in the number of immates in the Northeast and the South. Compared with figures for December 31, 1972, those for December 31, 1973, showed that increases in the prison population were registered in the West (10.9 percent), the Northeast (5.9 percent), and the South (4.8 percent), but that the North Central Region once again recorded a

decline, amounting to 3.9 percent. For each of the four regions, Table A shows the extent of change in the size of the prison population between yearend 1971 and yearend 1973.

Table A. Percent change in State prison population and in number of prisoners per 100,000 civilian population by region,
December 31, 1971 - December 31, 1973

Region	Percent change in prison population	Percent change in number of prisoners per 100,000 civilian population
Northeast	5.8	7.1
North Central	-13.3	-13.7
South	7.2	3.6
West	8,2	4.6

The South's share of the total State prison population on December 31, 1973, was 47 percent, a proportion markedly larger than that region's share of the national civilian population (Table B). Proportions for the total State prison population and the national civilian population were equal in the West. In both the Northeast and the North Central Region, the share of the total State prison population was substantially below those regions' share of the national civilian population. At yearend 1971 and 1972, the State prison population and the national civilian population were distributed among the four regions in proportions almost identical to those at yearend 1973.

Table B. Percent distribution of State prison population and national civilian population, by region, December 31, 1973

Region	Percent of to prison popula		Percent of national civilian population
Northeast	16		24
North Central	20		27
South	47		32
West	17	er Die State	17

Regional analysis in this report is based on the four standard regions used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census: Northeast, North Central Region, South, and West. For States included in each region, see map on p. 9 and table on p. 12.

Between December 31, 1971, and December 31, 1972, when the number of inmates in State correctional facilities declined, 32 States registered decreases in the size of their prison populations and 18 States recorded increases.2 States reporting reductions of 500 or more prisoners were Michigan (1,076), Ohio (787), Louisiana (738), Indiana (511), and California (504); gains of 500 or more prisoners were reported in Georgia (1,448), Pennsylvania (930), Florida (729), and Maryland (628). During the next 12-month period, when the size of the State prison population increased, it was shown that 31 States had more prisoners on December 31, 1973, than on December 31, 1972; 19 had fewer. Increases of 500 or more inmates were reported for California (2,824), Texas (1,529), North Carolina (1,309), New York (1,252), and Louisiana (612); decreases of 500 or more prisoners were registered in Michigan (597) and Ohio (559). Michigan had altogether 1,673 fewer prisoners at yearend 1973 than it had on December 31, 1971; Ohio had 1,346. At the other extreme, California had 2.320 more inmates in its correctional institutions on December 31. 1973 than at yearend 1971; North Carolina had 1,777 more; Georgia, 1,533; Texas, 1,249; Maryland, 1,063; and New York, 1,017.

Listings of the 10 States holding the largest number of prisoners at the end of each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973 changed little from year to year. As of December 31, 1973, the 10 States were: California (19,794), Texas (17,238), New York (12,945), Florida (10,376), North Carolina (9,572), Georgia (8,310), Michigan (7,874), Ohio (7,717), Pennsylvania (6,515), and Maryland (6,013). Lists for 1971 and 1972 differed from that for 1973 in that Illinois was included in place of Maryland.

Except for some shifting in rank, little change also took place from year to year in the listings of the 10 States with the largest number of prisoners per 100,000 persons in the general civilian population.

At the end of each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, 9 of the 10 States so ranked were in the South, Nevada being the only exception. As of December 31, 1973, North Carolina, with 183 immates per 100,000 population, ranked at the top, followed by Georgia (173), Maryland (149), Texas (146), Nevada (135), Florida (133), South Carolina (130), Oklahoma (120), and Louisiana and Virginia (both 108). States with the fewest number of prisoners per capita are characterized for the most part by relatively small populations. North Dakota had fewer prisoners per capita than any other State at the end of each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973. As of December 31, 1973, it had 28 inmates per 100,000 population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Findings at the State level exclude the District of Columbia, which, as a wholly metropolitan area, is not comparable with the 50 States. Overall national and regional findings are based on all data, including those for the District of Columbia.

## METHODOLOGY ·

The data on which this report is based were derived from two complete censuses of prisons in the United States, one covering calendar year 1972, and the other calendar year 1973. For each year, the data were collected through the use of a standard questionnaire (NPS-1) issued by the Bureau of the Census, acting as collecting agent for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. A sample of the questionnaire used for 1973 is attached to this report as Appendix II.

In approximately two-thirds of the States, the census questionnaires were filled out by centralized reporting agencies that accounted for all institutions in their respective correctional systems. This pattern also was followed by the U.S. Bureau of Prisons in supplying data on Federal institutions. With respect to the remaining jurisdictions, the questionnaires were completed by individual correctional institutions, and the data were then aggregated by State.

Inasmuch as the collection operation was a census rather than a survey, the data do not contain errors due to sampling. Response errors were held to a minimum because doubtful data that appeared in returned questionnaires were largely eliminated by means of telephone followups. During these telephone conversations, it became apparent that certain data categories were not being consistently interpreted by each respondent. Therefore, a list of precise definitions was drawn up. Subsequently, a letter was mailed to each respondent with a copy of the questionnaires, the standard definitions, and a list of relevant exceptions, as determined during the telephone followup. Each respondent was asked to examine the 1972 and 1973 submissions with the view of eliminating discrepancies in reporting. Changes so reported were incorporated into final tabulations. Because some respondents did not have information available in the form necessary to make the requisite adjustments, the present report does not include certain types of prisoner movement data customarily treated in this series; some other types of data have been aggregated into composite tabulations.

### **CHARTS**

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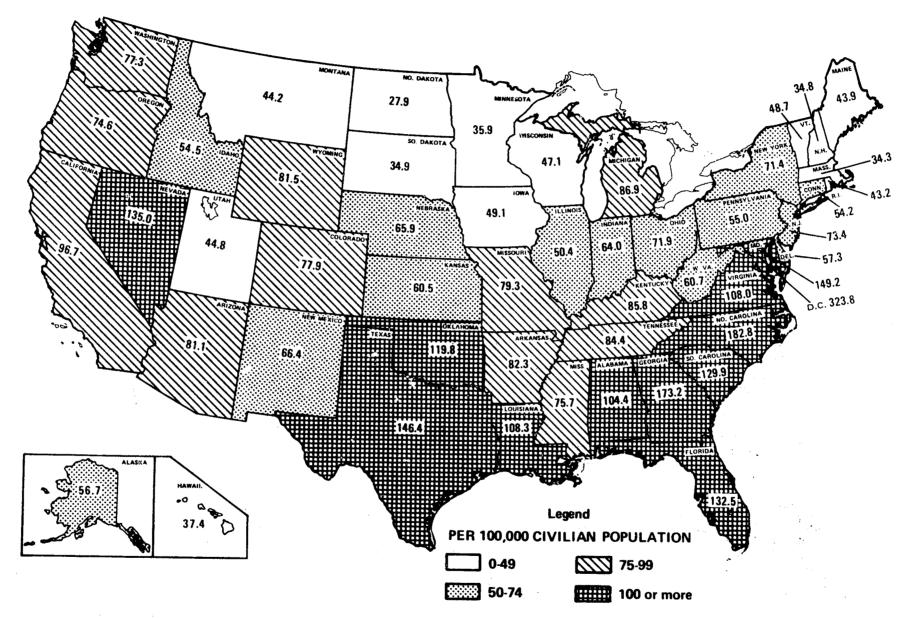
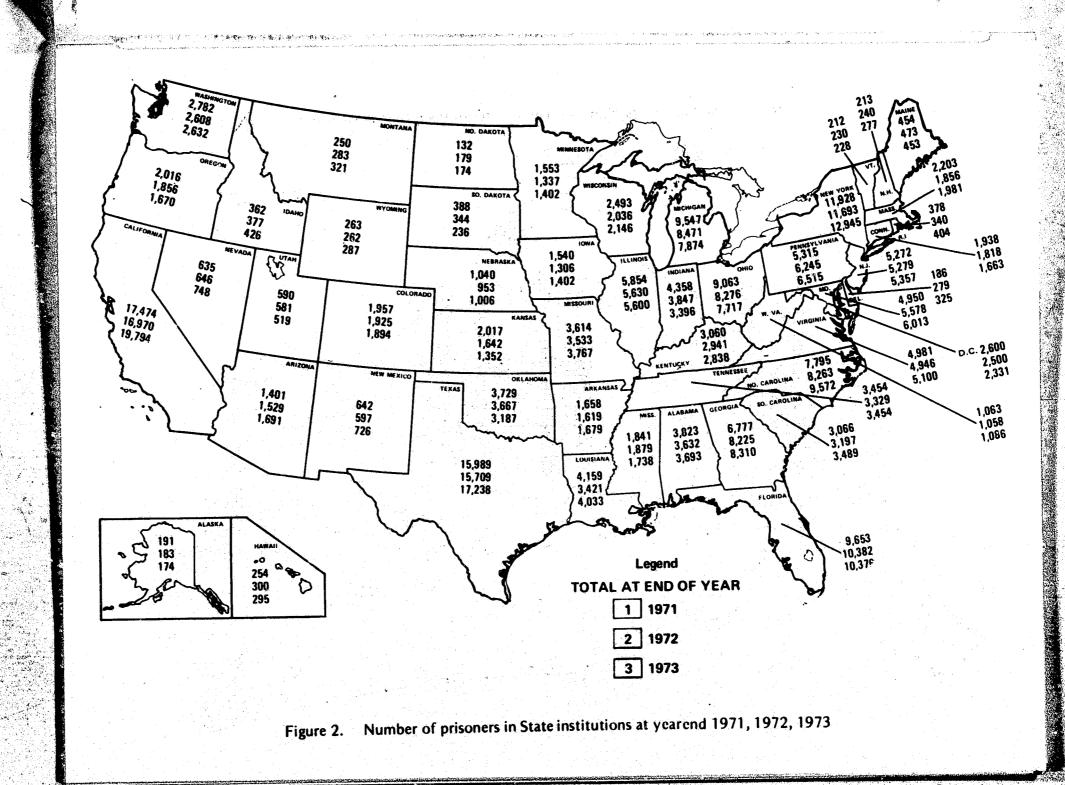


Figure 1. Prisoners in State institutions: number per 100,000 civilian po, Ilation at yearend 1973



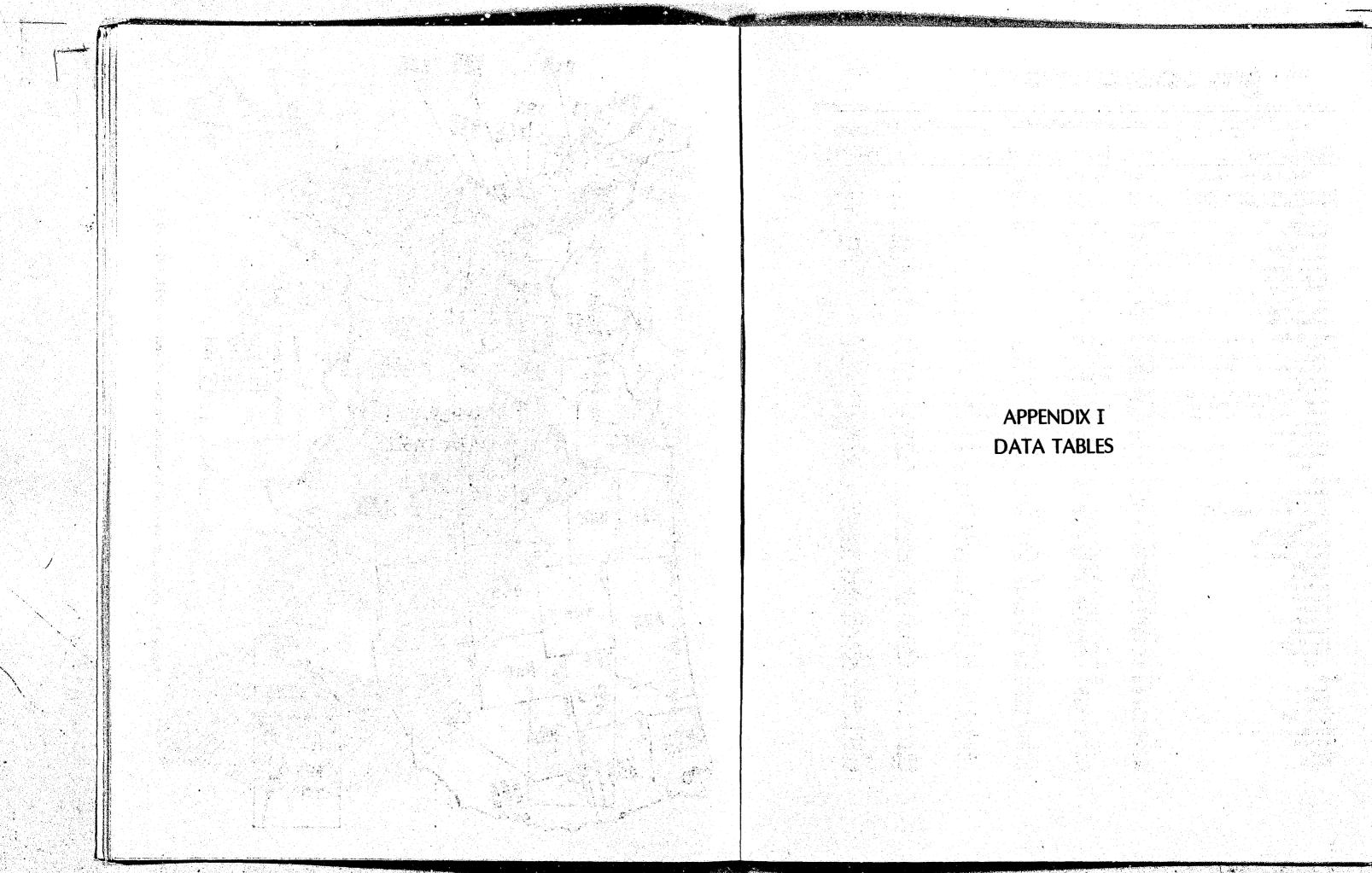


Table 1. Population of Federal and State institutions at end of year, 1971, 1972, and 1973 and percent change, by region and State

	Total prisoners in custody			Percent change 12-31-71 12-31-72 12-31-7		
egion and State	12-31-71	12-31-72	12-31-73	to 12-31-72	to 12-31-73	to 12-31-7
United States, Total	198,061	196,183	204,349	-0.9	4.2	3•
ederal institutions, Total <sup>a</sup> tate institutions, Total	20,948 177,113	21,713 174,470	22,815 181,534	3.7 -1.5	5.1 4.0	8. 2.
ortheast	27,913	28,174	29,823	0.9		. 6.
Maine	454	473	453	4.2	-4.2	-0.
New Hampshire	c213	c240	277	12.7	15.4	30.
Vermont <sup>b</sup> d Massachusetts	212 2,203	230 1,856	228 1,981	8.5 -15.8	-0.9 6.7	-17.
Rhode Island	378	340	- P 101	-10.1	18.9	-10. 6.
Connecticut	1,938	1,818	1,663	-6.2	-8.5	-14.
New York	11,928	11,693	12,945	-2.0		8.
New Jersey <sup>b</sup>	5,272		5,357	0.1	1.5	1.
Pennsylvania	5,315	6,245	6,515	17.5		1, 1
orth Central	41,599	37,554	36,072	-9.7	-3.9	-13.
Ohio h	9,063	8,276	7,717	-8.7	-6.8	-14.
Indianab	4,358	3,847	3,396	-11.7	-11.7	-22.
Πlinois	5,854	5,630	5,600	-3.8	-0.5	-4.
Michigan	9,547	8,471	7,874	-11.3	-7.0	-17.
Wisconsin	2,493	2,036	2,146	-18.3	5.4.	
Minnesota Iowa	1,553	1,337	1,402	-13.9	4.9	
Missouri <sup>b, f</sup>	1,540 3,614	1,306 3,533	1,402 3,767	-15.2 -2.2	7.4	
North Dakota	132	179	174	35.6	6.6 -2.8	4. 31.
South Dakota	388	344		-11.3		-39
Nebraska	1,040	953	1,006	-8.4	5.6	-3.
Kansas	2,017	1,642	1,352	-18.6	-17.7	-33.
outh	78,784	80,625	84,462	2.3	4.8	7.
Delawared	g <sub>186</sub>	8279	325	50.0	16.5	74.
MATVIANO	4,950	5,578	6,013	12.7	7.8	
District of Columbia a, b	2,600	2,500	e <sup>2,331</sup> e <sub>5,100</sub>	-3.8	-6.8	-10.
Virginia	4,981	4,946	5,100	-0.7	3.1	2.
West Virginia North Carolina	1,063 _7,795	1,058	1,086	-0.5	2.6	2.
South Carolina	g3,066	g8,263 g3,197	9,572 3,489	6.0	15.8	22.
Georgia	6,777	8,225	8,310	4.3 21.4	9.1 1.0	13. 22.
Florida	9,653	10,382	10,376	7.6	-0.1	7.
Kentucky	3,060	2,941	2,838	-3.9	-3.5	<b>-7</b> .
Tennessee	3,454	3,329	3,454	-3.6	3.8	
Alabama	3,823	3,632	3,693	-5.0	1.7	<b>-</b> 3.
Mississippi	1,841	1,879	1,738	2.1	-7.5	<b>-</b> 5.
Arkansas	,1,658	1,619	1,679	-2.4	3.7	1.
Louisiana	8 <sub>4,159</sub>	83,421	4,033	-17.7	17.9	-3.
Oklahoma <sup>D</sup> Texas	3,729 15,989	3,667 15,709	3,187 17,238	-1.7 -1.8	-13.1	-14.
		The state of the s			9.7	7•
est Montana	28,817 250	28,117 283	31,177 321	-2.4 13.2	10.9 13.4	8. 28.
Idaho	362	377	426	4.1	13.0	28. 17.
Wyoming	263	262	287	-0.4	9.5	9.
Colorado	1,957	1,925	1,894	-1.6	-1.6	-3.
New Mexico	642	597	726	<b>7.0</b>	21.6	13.
Arizona	1,401	1,529	1,691	9.1	10.6	20.
Utah Nevada	590 635	581 646	519 748	-1.5	-10.7	-12.

Table 1. Population of Federal and State institutions at end of year, 1971, 1972, and 1973 and percent change, by region and State – continued

	Total n	risoners in	custody	Pe	ercent chan	ge
Region and State	12-31-71	12-31-72	12-31-73	12-31-71 to 12-31-72	12-31-72 to 12-31-73	12-31-71 to 12-31-73
Washington Oregond California Alaska <sup>D</sup> Hawaii	2,782 2,016 17,474 191 254	2,608 1,856 16,970 183 300	2,632 1,670 19,794 174 295	-6.3 -7.9 -2.9 -4.2 18.1	0.9 -10.0 16.6 -4.9 -1.7	-5.4 -17.2 13.3 -8.9 16.1

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program.

For each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, the Federal prisoner totals included an estimated 35 female prisoners transferred from the District of Columbia to a Federal institution. These female prisoners were not included in the prisoner totals submitted by the District of Columbia.

brigures on the number of prisoners for 1971, 1972, and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

For the years 1971 and 1972, the prisoner totals for Vermont included a sizable proportion of immates with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day; however, an estimate of the numbers involved could not be provided.

dFor the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, the prisoner totals submitted by the following States included a small proportion of inmates whose maximum sentence length was less than a year and a day: Colorado (est. 5%), Maryland (est. 6%), Massachusetts (est. 5%), Oregon (est. 2%).

Figures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

frigures on the number of prisoners are for end of fiscal years 1972, 1973, and 1974.

Spigures for 1971 and 1972 were submitted as estimates.

Table 2. Male population of Federal and State institutions at end of year, 1971, 1972, and 1973 and percent change, by region and State

	Total p	risoners in	custody	Percent change		
				12-31-71	12-31-72	12-31-71
Region and State	12-31-71	12-91-72	12-31-73	to	to 12-31-73	to 12-31-73
	<del></del>	<del></del>				
United States, Total	191,732	189,911		-0.9	4.1	and Asia Park
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	20,180 171,552	20,919 168,992	21,883 175,782	3.7 -1.5	4.6 4.0	8.4 2.5
Northeast	27,004	27, 270	29,025	1.0	6.4	7.5
Maine	442	458	439	3.6	-4.1	-0.7
New Hampshire		237	277	12.9	16.9	31.9
Vermenta	b <sup>210</sup> 205	ь <sup>237</sup>	218	8.8	-2.2	6.3
Massachusetts	2,072	1,772	1 <sub>d</sub> 957	-14.5	10.4	-5.6
Rhode Island	372	334	<sup>a</sup> 397	-10.2	18.9	6.7
Connecticut	1,858	1,731	1,580	-6.8	-8.7	-15.0
New York	11,613	11,346	12,601	-2.3	11.1	8.5
New Jersey <sup>a</sup>	5,054	5,091			2.2	2.9
Pennsylvania	5,178	6,078	6,354	17.4	4.5	22.7
North Central	40,383	36,503		<b>-9.6</b>	-4.0	-13.2
Ohio	8,789	8,014	7,449	-8.8	-7.1	-15.2
Indiana	4,220	3,770	3,306	-10.7	-12.3	-21.7
Illinois	5,742	5,514		<b>-4.</b> 0		-4.5
Michigan	9,291	8,259		-11.1	-7.0	-17.3
Wisconsin	2,384	1,962	2,071	-17.7	5.6	-13.1
Minnesota	1,493	1,287	1,345	-13.8	4.5	-9.9
Iowa	1,496	1,258		-15.9	7.3	-9.8
Missouri <sup>e</sup>	3,515	3,447	3,682	-1.9	6.8	4.8
North Dakota	132	179	174	35.6	-2.8	31.8
South Dakota	380	335		-11.8	-30.4	-38.7
Nebraska	991	892	951	-10.0	6.6	-4.0
Kansas	1,950	1,586	1,308	-18.7	-17.5	-32.9
South	76,261	78,030	81,597	2.3	4.6	7.0
Delaware	180	273	319	51.7	16.8	77.2
Maryland <sup>c</sup>	4 <b>,8</b> 61	5,433	5,859	11.8	7.8	20.5
District of Columbia	2,600	2,500	d <sup>2,331</sup>	<del>-</del> 3.8	-6.8	-10.3
Virginia	4,820	4,784	4,930	-0.7	3.1	2.3
West Virginia North Carolina <sup>a</sup>	1,030	1,025	1,045	-0.5	2.0	1.5
	£7,539	7,986	9,242	5.9	15.7	22.6
South Carolina	2,931	3,049	3,344	4.0	9.7	14.1
Georgia	6,564	7,975	8,061	21.5	1.1	22.8
Florida	9,292	9,971	9,946	7•3	-0.3	7.0
Kentucky	2,969	2,852	2,748	<b>-3.</b> 9	-3.6	-7.4
Tennessee	3,340	3,231	3,322	<b>-3.</b> 3	2.8	-0.5
Alabama	3,706	3,519	3,543	-5.0	0.7	-4.4
Mississippi	1,786	1,822	1,673	2.0	-8.2	<b>-6.</b> 3
Arkansas	1,616	1,572	1,621	-2.7	3.1	0.3
Louisiana	£4,035	£3,345	3,909	-17.1	16.9	-3.1
Oklahoma <sup>a</sup> Texas	3,606 15,386	3,547 15,146	3,083 16,621	-1.6 -1.6	-13.1	-14.5
lest .	27,904	27,189			9.7	6.0
Montana	248	27,109	30,125	<del>-</del> 2.6	10.8	8.0
Idaho	361	377	316	12.1	13.7	27.4
Wynming	257		418	4.4	10.9	15.8
Colorado	1,877	253	278	-1.6	9.9	8.2
New Mexico		1,856	1,827	<b>-1.1</b>	-1.6	-2.7
Arizona	632	575	702	<del>-</del> 9.0	22.1	11.1
11c = 2/1/2	1,359	1,482	1,637	9.1	10.5	20.5
Utah	574	566	506	-1.4	-10.6	-11.8

Table 2. Male population of Federal and State institutions at end of year, 1971, 1972, and 1973 and percent change, by region and State — continued

	Total prisoners in custody			Percent change		
Region and State	12-31-71	12-31-72	12-31-73	12-31-71 to 12-31-72	12-31-72 to 12-31-73	12-31-71 to 12-31-73
Washington Oregon	2,663 1,937	2,460 1,782	2,484 1,616	-7.6 -8.0 -2.8	1.0 -9.3 16.4	-6.7 -16.6
California Alaska <sup>a</sup> Hawaii	16,952 189 251	16,470 180 294	19,167 167 293	-4.8 17.1	-7.2 -0.3	13.1 -11.6 16.7

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program.

Figures on the number of prisoners for 1971, 1972, and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

For the years 1971 and 1972, the prisoner totals for Vermont included a sizable proportion of immates with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day; however, an estimate of the numbers involved could not be provided.

CFor the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, the prisoner totals submitted by the following States included a small proportion of inmates whose maximum sentence length was less than a year and a day: Colorado (est. 5%), Maryland (est. 6%), Massachusetts (est. 5%), Oregon (est. 2%).

dFigures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

Figures on the number of prisoners are for end of fiscal years 1972, 1973, and 1974.

frigures for 1971 and 1972 were submitted as estimates.

Table 3. Female population of Federal and State institutions at end of year, 1971, 1972, and 1973 and percent change, by region and State

	Total pr	isoners in	custody		Parcent cl	nange
			F-100	12-31-71 to	12-31-72 to	12-31-71 to
Region and State	12-31-71	12-31-72	12-31-73	12-31-72	12-31-73	12-31-73
United States, Total	6,329	6,272	6,684	-0.9	6.6	5.6
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	768 5,561	794 5.4 <b>78</b>	932 5,752	3.4 -1.5	17.4 5.0	21.4 3.4
Northeast Maine	909	904	798	-0.6 25.0	-11.7 -6.7	-12.2 16.7
New Hampshire	12	.15		0.0	-100.0	-100.0
Vermont	c3.	رچ 7	10	0.0	42.9	42.9
Massachusetts <sup>Q</sup>	131	84	84	-35.9	-71.4	-81.7
Rhode Island	. 6	.6		0.0	16.7	16.7
Connecticut	80	87		8.8	-4.6	3.8
New York	315 218	347° 188	344	10.2 -13.8	-0.9 -17.6	9.2 -28.9
New Jersey Pennsylvania	137	167	155 161	21.9	-3.6	17.5
North Central	1,216	1,051	1,037	-13.6	-1.3	-14.7
Ohio Indiana	274	262	268 90	-4-4	2.3	-2.2
Illinois	138 112	77 116	117	-44.2 3.6	16.9	-34.8 4.5
Michigan	256	212	191	-17.2	-9.9	-25.4
Wisconsin	109	74		-32.1	1.4	-31.2
Minnesota	60	50	57	_16.7	14.0	-5.0
Tourn	44	48	52	9.1	8.3	
Misscuri <sup>b</sup> , f	99	86	85	-13.1	-1.2	-14.1
North Dakota	0	0	0	NA .	NA	NA .
South Dakota		. 9	_3	12.5	-66.7	-62.5
Nebraska Kansas	49 67	61 56	55 44	24.5 -16.4	-9.8 -21.4	12.2 -34.3
South	2,523 86	2,595 86	2,865	2,9		13.6
Delaware Maryland			6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	89	145	154	62.9	6.2 Na	73.0
District of Columbia Virginia	161	a 162	e a	NA 0.6	4.9	NA 5.6
West Virginia	33	33	41	0.0	24.2	24.2
North Carolina	256	_277	330	8.2	19.1	28.9
South Carolina	8 <sub>135</sub>	8148	145	9.6	-2.0	7.4
Georgia <sup>b</sup>	213	250	249	17.4	-0.4	16.9
Florida	361	411	430	13.9	4.6	19.1
Kentucky	91	89	90	-2.2	1.1	-1.1
Tennessee	114	98	132	-14.0	34.7	15.8
Alabama	117	113	150	-3.4	32.7	28.2
Mississippi	55 42	57	65	3.6	14.0	18.2
Arkansas Louisiana	8 <sub>124</sub>	876	58 124	11.9 -38.7	23.4 63.2	38.1 0.0
Oklahomab	123	120	104	-2.4	-13.3	-15.4
Texas	603	563	617	-6.6	9.6	2.3
West	913	928	1,052			
Montana	715	720		1.6 150.0	13.4	15.2
Idaho	ĩ	5 0	5 8	-100.0	O.O.	150.0 700.0
	1	9	9	50.0	0.0	50.0
Wyoming Colorado	80	69	67	-13.8	-2.9	-16.2
New Mexico	10	22	24	120.0	9.1	140.0
Arizona	42	47	54	11.9	14.9	28.6
	42 16 31	47 15 30	54 13 34	11.9 -6.2 -3.2		28.6 -18.8 9.7

Table 3. Female population of Federal and State institutions at end of year, 1971, 1972, and 1973 and percent change, by region and State — continued

and the second second	Total p	Percent change				
Region and State	12-31-71	12-31-72	12-31-73	12-31-71 to 12-31-72	12-31-72 to 12-31-73	12-31-71 to 12-31-73
Washington	119	148	148	24.4	0.0	24.4 -31.6
Oregond	79	74	54	-6.3	-27.0	
California	522	500	627	-4.2	25.4	20.1
Alaska <sup>D</sup>	2	3	7	50.0	133.3	250.0
Hawaii	3	6	2	100.0	-66.7	-33.3

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer.

Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program.

#### NA Not applicable.

<sup>a</sup>For each of the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, the Federal prisoner totals included an estimated 35 female prisoners transferred from the District of Columbia to a Federal institution. These female prisoners were not included in the prisoner totals submitted by the District of Columbia.

bFigures on the number of prisoners for 1971, 1972, and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

<sup>C</sup>For the years 1971 and 1972, the prisoner totals for Vermont included a sizable proportion of inmates with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day; however, an estimate of the numbers involved could not be provided.

dFor the years 1971, 1972, and 1973, the prisoner totals submitted by the following States included a small proportion of inmates whose maximum contence length was less than a year and a day: Colorado (est. 5%), Maryland (est. 6%), Massachusetts (est. 5%), Oregon (est. 2%).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Figures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

frigures on the number of prisoners are for end of fiscal years 1972, 1973, and 1974.

Effigures for 1971 and 1972 were submitted as estimates.

Table 4. Prisoners in Federal and State institutions: I number per 100,000 civilian population, by region and State, 1971, 1972, and 1973

Region and State	and the second of the second o	Number per 12-31-71	100,000 civilian 12-31-72	population 12-31-73
United States, Total		96.4	94.7	97.8
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total		10.2 86.2	10.5 84.2	10.9 86.9
Northeast		56.4	56.9	60.4
Maine		45.1	46.3	43.9
New Hampshire		28.0	30.8	34.8
Vermont	1 10 10	46.5 38.3	49.7 32.1	48•7 34•3
Massachusetts Rhode Island		40.5	36.1	43.2
Connecticut		63.3	59•3	54.2
New York	100	65.0	64.0	71.4
New Jersey	25 2	72.5	72.4	73-4
Pennsylvania		44.7	52.6	55.0
North Central	•	72.9	65.6	62.9
Ohio	4	84.7	77.2	71.9
Indiana		82.9 52.4	72.7 50.4	64.0 50.4
Illinois Michigan		106.4	93.9	86.9
Michigan Wisconsin		55.4	44.9	47.1
Minnesota		40.2	34.5	35.9
Iowa		53.6	45.5	49.1
Missouri		76.8	74.7	79.3
North Dakota		21.3	28.8	27.9
South Dakota		57.8	51.0	34.9
Nebraska	(4.)	69.1	62.8	65.9
Kansas	100	90.5	73.5	60.5
South	( f :	123.9	124.5	128.4
Delaware		33.2 124.9	49•3 139•3	57•3 149•2
Maryland District of Columbia		349.5	340.6	323.8
Virginia		108.9	106.3	108.0
West Virginia		59.6	59.1	60.7
North Carolina		153.0	159.9	182.8
South Carolina		118.5	121.2	129.9
Georgia		146.1	174.3	173.2
Florida		135.8	139.3	132.5
Kentucky		94.0	89.6	85.8
Tennessee Alabama		86.1 110.0	81.9 103.5	84.4
Alaoama Mississippi		82.7	83.1	104.4 75.7
Arkansas		83.9	80.5	82.3
Louisiana		113.0	92.2	108.3
Oklahoma		144.2	139.7	119.8
Тежая		140.9	136.0	146.4
iest Montana		81.9	78.6	85.7
Montana Idaho		35•4 48•9	39•5 49•6	44.2 54.5
Wyoming		77.4	75.7	81.5
Colorado		85.9	81.3	77.9
New Mexico		61.3	55.7	66.4
Arizona		74.3	76.9	81.1
Utah		53.3	51.2	44.8
Nevada		124.0	121.2	135.0
Washington		8 <b>2.</b> 4	77.1	77-3
Oregon California		93.5	84.4	74.6
Alaska		87.4 65.6	83.9 61.0	96.7 56.7
Hawaii		33.7	38 <b>.</b> 8	37•4

NOTE: Figures are based on data in Table 1 and on U.S. Bureau of the Census estimates of the civilian population. Limitations ascribed to data in Table 1 should be taken into account in evaluating the figures presented in this table.

Table 5. Selected admissions of sentenced prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

	Commitments from court, parole are conditional-release violators returned, and escapees returned under old sentence				
Region and State	1972	1973			
United States, Total	119,316	127,686			
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	16,104 103,212	17,170 110,516			
Northeast	19,681	20,304			
New England	•				
Maine	663	590			
New Hampshire	232	<b>266</b>			
Vermont <sup>a</sup>	NA.	202			
Massachusetts <sup>b</sup>	1,540	1,665			
Rhode Island	295	NA			
Connecticut	1,415	1,361			
Middle Atlantic	,,,,				
New York	7,181	7,782			
New Jersey <sup>a</sup>	4,508	4,243			
Pennsylvania	3,847	4,195			
North Central	20,687	21,750			
East North Central	32,722,1				
Ohio	5,032	5,220			
Indiana <sup>a</sup>	NA NA	1,201			
Illinois	2,902	2,961			
Michigan	5,608	5,138			
Wisconsin	1,221	1,267			
West North Central	<b>-y</b>	2,25,			
Minnesota <sup>8</sup>	1,060	` 969			
Iowa	864	807			
Missouri <sup>a, c</sup>	1,769	1,966			
North Dakota	214	222			
South Dakota	270	222			
Nebraska	674	750			
Kansas	1,073	1,027			
the state of the s	46,687				
South Atlantic	40,007	51,832			
Delaware,	d <sub>185</sub>	248			
Maryland <sup>b</sup>	4,868	5,026			
District of Columbia	NA	e <sub>2,391</sub>			
Virginia	2,707	2,718			
West Virginia	576	553			
North Carolina <sup>a</sup>	1.151	4,707			
South Carolina	d2,362	2,680			
Georgia <sup>8</sup>	5,991	6,112			
Florida	5,930	5,586			
East South Central	)	7,700			
Kentucky	2,052	2,164			
Tennessee	1,797	1,861			
Alabama	2,161	2,356			
Mississippi	970	1,101			
West South Central	<i>,</i> 10	1,101			
Arkansas	.1,287	1,363			
Louisiana	d <sub>1,829</sub>	2,562			
Oklahoma <sup>a</sup>	2,101	2,902 2,059			
Texas	7,420	8,345			

Table 5. Selected admissions of sentenced prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 — continued

and the second s		***	
Region and State		conditional-	from court, parole or release violators returned, returned under old sentence 1973
West		16,157	16,630
Mountain		, , ,	and the control of th
Montana	• •	349	330
Idaho		400	478
Wyoming ,		157	155
Colorado		1,472	1,449
New Mexico	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	584	633
Arizona		804	862
Utah		246	238
Nevada		327	370
Pacific	11		
Washington		1,776	1,735
Oregon		1,218	1,176
California		8,409	8,837
Alaska <sup>a</sup>		246	241
Hawaii		169	126

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Eureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. In recognition of the fact that some immates were involved in more than one prisoner movement transaction, all figures represent the number of admission transactions and not the actual number of individual prisoners who were involved in such movement transactions.

NA Not available. Totals are for known data only.

because the yearend prison population counts submitted to NPS program authorities by Colorado, Maryland, and Massachusetts included some prisoners with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day, it should be assumed that a proportion of such prisoners is included in the present table.

<sup>c</sup>Figures are for fiscal years 1973 and 1974.

Table 6. Selected admissions of sentenced male prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

<ul> <li>State of the second of the seco</li></ul>		court, parole or se violators returned, med under old sentence
Region and State	1972	1973
United States, Total	NA.	121,511
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	NA 98,367	16,162 105,3 <u>4</u> 9
Northeast	18,806	19,364
New England		
Maine	642	572
New Hampshire	229	261
Vermont	NA NA	189
Massachusetts	1,414	1,558
Rhode Island	292 1 200	NA 1 OLF
Connecticut	1,308	1,245
Middle Atlantic	6,922	7,536
New Jersey <sup>a</sup>	4,297	4,012
Pennsylvania	3,702	3,991
North Central	19,665	20,642
East North Central	The state of the s	and the second s
Ohio	4,793	4,954
Indiana <sup>8</sup>	NA NA	1,118
Illinois	2,796	2,845
Michigan	5,357	4,879
Wisconsin	1,147	1,183
West North Central	and a kind of the first of the	
Minnesota	1.,000 (1.500)	1915
Iowa	19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (19 (	
Missouri	1,703	1,903
North Dakota	214 250	222 220
South Dakota Nebraska	259 614	700
Kansas	1,004	974
South	ala kang propinsi Propinsi Asaba Kang	e na sana e e ja <b>je jej j</b> ana
South Atlantic	44,632	49,634
Delaware.	<sup>0</sup> 182	240
Maryland	4,656	4,873
District of Columbia	A CONTRACT NA CONTRACTOR	2,391
Virginia	2,586	2,590
West Virginia	562	532
North Carolina	d <sup>4</sup> , 253	4,501
South Carolina	<sup>4</sup> 2,201	2,567
Georgia	5,822	5 <b>, 829</b> 5 <b>, 293</b>
Florida East South Central	5,618	5,493
Kentucky	1,943	2,053
Tennessee	1,717	1,783
Alabama	2,083	2,248
Mississippi	933	1,063
West South Central		_,
Arkansas	d1,239	1,300
er transport to the state of th	Q1 770	2,457
Louisiana	T 9 / / (V	~1421
Lou <b>isi</b> ana Oklahoma <sup>a</sup>	"1,770 1,992	1,949

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Figures for 1972 and 1973 were submitted : estimates.

dFigures for 1972 were submitted as estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Figures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

Table 6. Selected admissions of sentenced male prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 – continued

		Commitments from court, parole or conditional—release violators returned and escapees returned under old senten				
Region and State	and the second second	1972	1973			
West		15,254	15,709			
Mountain		,	그렇게 그 본 아픈 하는 사람이다.			
Montana		335	322			
Idaho	1,47	384	459.			
Wyoming h	4.8	146	149			
Colorado		1,418	1,391			
New Mexico		555	610			
Arizona		766	827			
Utah		237	230			
Nevada		309	353			
Pacific			그 사람이 있는 것이다.			
Washington		1,652	1,612			
Oregon		1,163	1,102			
California		7,892	8,308			
Alaska <sup>a</sup>		242	222			
Hawaii		165	124			

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. In recognition of the fact that some immates were involved in more than one prisoner movement transaction, all figures represent the number of admission transactions and not the actual number of individual prisoners who were involved in such movement transactions.

NA Not available. Totals are for known data only.

because the yearend prison population counts submitted to NPS program authorities by Colorado, Maryland, and Massachusetts included some prisoners with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day, it should be assumed that a proportion of such prisoners is included in the present table.

<sup>c</sup>Figures are for fiscal years 1973 and 1974.

Table 7. Selected admissions of sentenced female prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

Region and State		ourt, parole or e violators returned, ned under old sentence 1973
United States, Total	NA	6,175
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	NA 4,845	1,008 5,167
Northeast	875	940
New England		1. 1. 1. 1.
Maine	21	18
New Hampshire	_3	5
Vermont <sup>a</sup> b	NA 106	13
Massachusetts	126	107
Rhode Island	3	NA
Connecticut Middle Atlantic	107	116
New York	259	246
New Jersey <sup>a</sup>	211	231
Pennsylvania	145	204
North Central	1,022	1,108
East North Central	1,022	1,100
Ohio	<b> 239</b>	ad 1995 and 1995 <b>266</b>
Indiana <sup>8</sup>	NA.	
Illinois	106	<b>116</b>
Michigan	251	<b>259</b>
Wisconsin	74	84
West North Central	and the second of the second o	graduate and a second
Minnesota		54
Towa	11 p 86 a 2 a 60 a a	e 436. πενδα του
Missouri <sup>a</sup> ; North Dakota	66 0	63
South Dakota	11	2
Nebraska	60	50
Kansas	69	53
South	2,055	2,198
South Atlantic		
Delaware		
Maryland <sup>b</sup>	212	7: 15 - 153 (14)
District of Columbia	NA NA	NA NA
Virginia	121	128
West Virginia	14	21 206
North Carolina <sup>a</sup>	d <sup>198</sup>	206
South Carolina	<sup>a</sup> 161	113
Georgia <sup>8</sup>	169	283
Florida	312	293
East South Central	100	111
Kentucky Tennessee	109 80	78
Alabama	78	108
Mississippi	37	38
West South Central		
Arkansas	.48	63
	and the second s	
Louisiana	**59	105
Iouisiana Oklahoma	59 109 345	105 110

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Figures for 1972 and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

dFigures for 1972 were submitted as estimates.

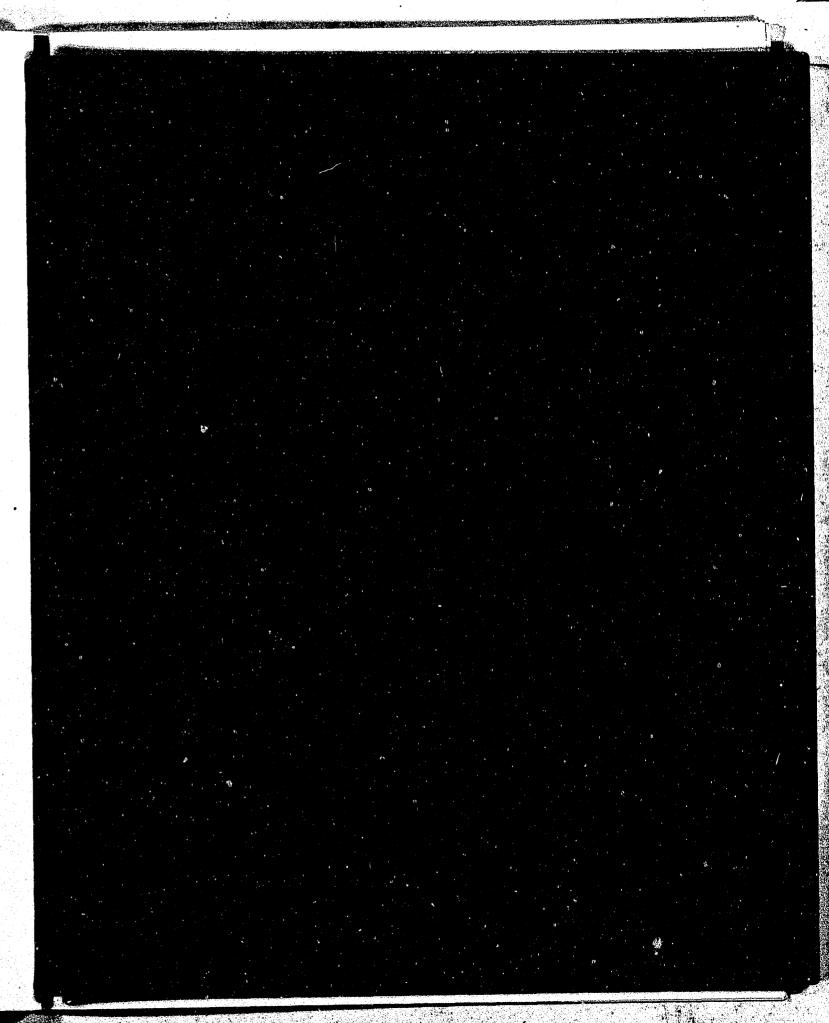
eFigures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

Table 7. Selected admissions of sentenced female prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 - continued

Region and State		Commitments from court, percle or conditional-release violators returned, and escapees returned under old sentence 1972 1973				
West		893	921			
Mountain						
Montana		14	8			
Idaho		16	19			
Wyoming b		11	6			
Colorado		54	28 July 1 & 1 & 58			
New Mexico		29	<b>23</b>			
Arizona	• •	38	35			
Utah		9	8			
Nevada		18	17			
Pacific						
Washington		124	123			
Oregon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	55	74			
California		517	529			
Alaska <sup>a</sup>		4	4 1 maria 4 gra 1 <b>19</b>			
Ha <b>wa</b> ii		4	2			

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. In recognition of the fact that some immates were involved in more than one prisoner movement transaction, all figures represent the number of admission transactions and not the actual number of individual prisoners who were involved in such movement transactions.

NA Not available. Totals are for known data only.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Figures for 1972 and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Because the yearend prison population counts submitted to NPS program authorities by Colorado, Maryland, and Massachusetts included some prisoners with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day, it should be assumed that a proportion of such prisoners is included in the present table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Figures are for fiscal years 1973 and 1974.

dFigures for 1972 were submitted as estimates.

Table 8. Selected departures of sentenced prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

The second secon	Unconditions			Conditional releases		Death except execution		
Region and State	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
United States, Total	28,465	26,782	79,049	78, 262	657	644	7,024	8,083
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	5,397 23,068	5,306 21,476	7,397 71,652	6,974 71,288	65 592	55 589	665 6,359	737 7,346
Northeast New England	2,634	1,615	14,902	15,356	75	77	487	788
Maine New Hampshire Vermont <sup>a</sup> Massachusetts Rhode Island	117 0 NA 203 162	107 9 2 102 NA	435 208 NA 1,364 142	449 202 128 989 NA	1 0 NA 6	0 1 0 13 NA	38 4 NA 57 26	15 3 31 271
Connecticut Middle Atlantic	266	. 253	885	1,181	4	NA 2	19	NA 21
New York New Jersey <sup>a,d</sup> Pennsylvania	<sup>c</sup> 1,175 373 338	<sup>c</sup> 691 231 220	5,885 3,869 2,114	5,645 3,601 3,161	34 8 19	30 16 15	23 130 190	164 159 124
North Central East North Central	2,772	2,426	19,232	18,429	107	111	1,070	1,261
Ohio Indiana <sup>a</sup> Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	●75 NA 401 600 101	948 393 240 362 84	e 5,741 NA 2,660 4,825 1,472	65,529 1,109 2,838 4,070 1,005	29 NA 17 21	40 6 13 13 4	152 NA 23 418 112	126 144 13 646 80
West North Central Minnesota Iowa Missouri <sup>a,d</sup> ,f	49 270 978	81 199 728	1,085 663 827	808 389 784	6 3 17	6 2 10	55 153 29	NA 102 52
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas	50 137 110	88 135 67	86 137 604 1,132	129 153 574 1,041	0 0 3	1 1 7	21 15 48 44	10 8 33 47

Table 8. Selected departures of sentenced prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

Approximately the second secon	Unconditions	l releases	Conditiona	l releases	Death except		Esc	caped
Region and State	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
United States, Total	28,465	26,782	79,049	78,262	657	644	7,024	8,083
Federal institutions, Total State institutions, Total	5,397 23,068	5,306 21,476	7,397 71,652	6,974 71,288	65 592	55 589	665 6,359	737 7,346
Northeast New England	2,634	1,615	14,902	15,356	75	77	487	788
Maine New Hampshire	117 0	107 9	435 208 NA	449 202	1 0	0	38 .4	15 3
Vermont <sup>a</sup> Massachusetts <sup>b</sup> Rhode Island	NA 203 162	102 NA	1,364 142	128 989 Na	NA 6 3	13 NA	NA 57 26	31 271 NA
Connecticut Middle Atlantic	266	. 253	885	1,181	4	2	19	21
New York New Jersey <sup>a,d</sup> Pennsylvania	<sup>c</sup> 1,175 373 338	<sup>6</sup> 691 231 220	5,885 3,869 2,114	5,645 3,601 3,161	34 8 19	30 16 15	23 130 190	164 159 124
North Central East North Central	2,772	2,426	19,232	18,429	107	111	1,070	1,261
Ohio Indiana <sup>8</sup>	675 NA	е48 393	e 5,741 NA	65,529 1,109	29 NA	40	152 NA	126 144
Illinois Michigan Wisconsin	401 600 101	240 362 84	2,660 4,825 1,472	2,838 4,070 1,005	17 21	13 13	23 418 112	13 646 80
West North Central		<b>81</b>	1,085	808	4	<b>7</b>	55	NA
Minnesota" Iowa Missouri <sup>a, d</sup> . f	49 270 978	199 728	663 827	389 784	3 17	2 10	153 29	102 52
North Dakota South Dakota	50 137	88 135	86 137	129 153	ō o	1	21 15	10
Nebraska Kansas	110	. 67 1	604 1,132	574 1,041	3 8		48 44	33 47

Table 8. Selected departures of sentenced prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 - continued

Region and State	Unconditional releases		Conditional releases		Death except execution		Escaped	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
Pacific				-				
Washington	70	64	1,682	بلبلبار 1	15	14	230	233
Oregon	597	415	632	749	9	4	156	233 174
California	209	222	7,752	5 <b>,373</b>	99	77	615	272
Alaska <sup>a</sup>	141	165	113	85	0	0	0	0
Hawaii	1:	0	98	117	0	3	23	14

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. In recognition of the fact that some immates were involved in more than one prisoner movement transaction, all figures represent the number of departure transactions and not the actual number of individual prisoners who were involved in such movement transactions.

NA Not available. Totals are for known data only.

<sup>a</sup>Figures for 1972 and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

because the yearend prison population counts submitted to NPS program authorities by Colorado, Maryland, and Massachusetts included some prisoners with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day, it should be assumed that a proportion of such prisoners is included in the present table.

For both of the years 1972 and 1973, the totals submitted by New York on the number of unconditional releases included a small proportion of departure transactions which represented prisoners who were released from the State correctional system for the purpose of appealing their cases. The outcomes of these appeals ultimately determined whether these prisoners should or should not have been included in the unconditional release category, although an estimate of the number of immates who were not released unconditionally could not be provided.

dFigures on releases are subject to edjustment pending outcome of discussion with State authorities on the interpretation of details of the standard NPS definitions.

<sup>6</sup>For both of the years 1972 and 1973, the figures submitted by Ohio on the number of conditional releases included a small proportion of unconditional releases, although an estimate of the numbers involved could not be provided.

frigures are for fiscal years 1973 and 1974.

SFigures for 1972 were submitted as estimates.

hFigures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

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Table 9. Selected departures of sentenced male prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

Region and State	Uncondition	nal releases	Conditions	l releases	Deeth owent			
	1972	1973	1972	1973	Death except 1972	execution 1973	1972	aped
United States, Total	27,303	25,696	ar our				19/2	1973
Federal institutions, Total	5,240		75,375	74,507	645	636	NA	7,623
State institutions, Total	22,063	5,148 20,548	7,038	6,651	64	55	NA	
Northeast	2,474		68, 337	67,856	581	581	5,973	703 6,920
New England	~1414	1,536	14,273	14,572	74	. 77	398	674
Maine New Hampshire	117	107	419	100		• • • •	5,0	0/4
Vermonta	. 0	9	205	433 199	1	0	38	14
Massachusetts <sup>b</sup>	NA	2	NA	126	O NA	1	4	3 23
Rhode Island	143 162	76	1,280	891	NA 6	0 13	NA	23
Connecticut	252	NA	139	NA :	3	NA	34 26	245
Middle Atlantic		237	798	1,083	3	2	<b>2</b> 0	NA 7
New York New Jersey'a, d	<sup>c</sup> 1,141	c <sub>676</sub>	5,700	E 100	*	5 J.E.	,	,
Pennsylvania	368	227	3,676	5,422 3,380	34	30	21	154
Forth Central	291	202	2,056	3,038	8 19	16	103	134
East North Central	2,654	2,322	18,423		9.5	15	165	94
Ohio	•		10,44	17,598	103	108	942	1,100
Indiana <sup>8</sup>	<del>9</del> 71	<sup>6</sup> 47	e5,491	e5,283	28	20		
Illinois	NA 381	384	NA	1,052	NA NA	38 6	149	120
Michigan	584	216 351	2,602	2,768	17 18	13	NA 23	140
Wisconsin West North Central	91	77	4,666 1,371	3,912		13	353	13 532
Minnesota <sup>a</sup>		• •	717.17	934	3	4	110	80
Town	47	75	1,033	767				
Missouri <sup>d, f</sup>	256 934	189	631	351	ğ	0	42	NA
North Dakota	50	704 88	799 86	751	17	10.	118 22	77 44
South Dakota Nebraska	136	131	128	129	0	1	21	. 10
Kansas	103	60	566	149 5 <b>29</b>	0	1	15	. 10
	1	0	1,050	973	3	6	45	30 46
				110		8	44	46

Table 9. Selected departures of sentenced male prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 - continued

	Uncondition		Conditions	l releases	Death except	t execution		aped
Region and State	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
South	15,089	15,270	23,099	25,484	257	276	3,411	4,273
South Atlantic	•	•				•	• –	,.
Delaware	<b>8</b> 14	71	875	110	80	0	<b>8</b> 3	23
Maryland <sup>0</sup>	1,218	881	2,274	3,168	11	. 14	475	363
District of Columbia	NA NA	h705	NA	3,168 h <sub>1,265</sub>	NA	h <sub>10</sub>	NA.	h <sub>484</sub> 539 74
Virginia	835	735	1,423	1,502	12	10	282	539
West Virginia	135	149	376	301	5	5	80	74
North Carolina	609	706	2,243	1,567	41 89	40	913	932
South Carolina	B <sub>1,292</sub>	1,199	8772	1,092	89	- 3	8105	100
Georgia	1,175	2,219	2,629	2,616	16	31	426	496
Florida	1,196	830	2,838	3,726	25	25	430	517
East South Central				***		,		
Kentucky	682	475	1,197	1,341	13	15	84	81
Tennessee	550	509	1,004	940	20	12	227	249
Alabama <sup>C</sup>	829	680	1,291	940 1,363	28	16	166	164
Mississippi	396	487	377	675	9	~6	42	48
West South Central	•		•				1	
Arkansas	237	194	1,008	1,009	6	6	29	22 98 64
Louisiana	81,324	633	g <sub>1</sub> ,040	809	820	25	895	98
Oklahoma <sup>8</sup>	1,216	1,549	747	761	16	14	46	64
Texas	3,381	3,248	3,805	3,239	26	44	8	19
West Mountain	1,846	1,420	12,542	10, 202	147	120	1,222	873
Montana	37	41	259	235	- 2	. 3	7	- 8
Idaho	30	19	324	373	ì	ó	12	18
Wyoming b	132	111	. 9	7.9	<u>,</u>	Ŏ	5	- 6
Colorado	196	93	1,042	1,077	9	7	184	169
New Mexicol	161	24	452	413	1		17	23
Arizona	215	235	347	.436	7	5	25	2
Utah	19	14	188	229	1	1	22	32
Nevada	74	66	214	163	o o	5	~ ~ ~	7~

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Table 9. Selected departures of sentenced male prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 - continued

Region and State	Unconditional	Unconditional releases Conditional release		releases	Death except	Escaped		
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
Pacific								
Washington	65	53	1,611	1,355	15	14	200	200
Oregon	577	410	59 <b>9</b>	700	9	4	152	155
California	200	198	7,288	5,022	98	77	573	245
Alaska <sup>a</sup>	139	156	112	79	0	Ö	Ō	<b>`</b> 0
Hewaii	1	0	97	111	0	3	23	14

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. In recognition of the fact that some immates were involved in more than one prisoner movement transaction, all figures represent the number of departure transactions and not the actual number of individual prisoners who were involved in such movement transactions.

NA Not available. Totals are for known data only.

<sup>8</sup>Figures for 1972 and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

<sup>b</sup>Because the yearend prison population counts submitted to NPS program authorities by Colorado, Maryland, and Massachusetts included some prisoners with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day, it should be assumed that a proportion of such prisoners is included in the present table.

For both of the years 1972 and 1973, the totals submitted by New York on the number of unconditional releases included a small proportion of departure transactions which represented prisoners who were released from the State correctional system for the purpose of appealing their cases. The cutcomes of these appeals ultimately determined whether these prisoners should or should not have been included in the unconditional release category, although an estimate of the number of immates who were not released unconditionally could not be provided.

dFigures on releases are subject to adjustment pending outcome of discussion with State authorities on the interpretation of details of the standard NPS definitions.

<sup>6</sup>For both of the years 1972 and 1973, the figures submitted by Ohio on the number of conditional releases included a small proportion of unconditional releases, although an estimate of the numbers involved could not be provided.

Figures are for fiscal years 1973 and 1974.

Spigures for 1972 were submitted as estimates.

hFigures for 1973 were submitted as estimates.

Table 10. Selected departures of sentenced female prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973

	Unconditions	l releases	Conditional releases		Death except execution		Escaped	
Region and State	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
United States, Total	1,162	1,086	3,674	3,755	12	8	NA	460
Pederal institutions, Total	157 1,005	158 928	359 3,315	323 3,432	1 11	0	NA 386	34 426
ortheast New England	160	79	629	784	1	0	89	114
Maine	0	. 0	16	16	0	0	Ó.	1
New Hampshire	0	Ō	. 3	3	0	0	,0	0
Vermonta	NA NA	0	NA	2	NA	0	NA	8
Massachusetts	60	26	84	98	0	0	23	26
Rhode Island	0	NA	3	NA NA	0	NA	0	NA
Connecticut Middle Atlantic	<b>14</b> .	16	87	98	1	0	12	14
New York	c34	c <sub>15</sub>	185	223	0	0	2	10
New Jersey <sup>a, d</sup>	- 3	Ĺ	193	221	0	0	27	25
Pennsylvania	47	18	58	123	0	0	25	25 30
North Central  East North Cent.al	118	104	809	831	4	3	128	161
Ohio	•4	•1	e <sub>250</sub>	e246	1	2	3	6
Indiana <sup>a</sup>	NA	9	NA	57	NA NA	õ	NA	Ĭ
Illinois	20	24	58	70	0	0	0	ŏ
Michigan	16	11	159	158	3	0	65	114
Wisconsin	10	7	101	71	Ŏ	0	2	Ŏ
West North Central	그는 말했다면서 계약하다.							
Minnesota8	2	6	52	41	.0	0	13	NA
Iowa	14	10	32	38	0	0	35	25
Missouria,d,f	44	24	28	33	0	0	7	8
North Dakota	Ö	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0
South Dakota	1	4	9	4	0	. 0	0	0
Nebraska		7	38	45	0	1	3	3
Kensas	0	1	82	68	0	0	0	1

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Table 10. Selected departures of sentenced female prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 - continued

	Unconditional releases		Conditional	releases	Death except	Escaped		
Region and State	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
South	653	677	1,163	1,194	. 4	4	86	71
South Atlantic								
Delaware	€0	1	83	7	<b>80</b>	. 0	80	0
Maryland	3	22	96	117	0	1	19	5
District of Columbia	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Virginia	62	43	50	78	1	0	2	6
West Virginia North Carolina	2	2	12	· 11	.0	.0	0	0
North Carolina	_26	43	139	100	_0	. 0	_12	10
South Carolina	887	60	836	44	g <sub>O</sub>	0	g <sub>10</sub>	10
Georgia <sup>a</sup>	46 62	43 60 123	836 82 166	44 150 201	0	0	2	6
Florida"	62	54	166	201	1	0	5	11
East South Central								
Kentucky	19 39	12	70	91	. 0	0	20	6
Tennessee	39	21	57	43 45	0	Ō	7	7
Alabama <sup>d</sup>	24	23	65	45	0.	. 0	. 3	3
Mississippi	14	5	17	21	0	0	0	0
West South Central								
Arkansas	_ 2	. 6	42	45	1	1	0	0
Louisiana	849	24	850	31	81	•	86	5
Oklahoma <sup>a</sup>	50	73	62	53	0	0	0	0
Texas	168	165	216	157	· 0	2	0	2
West	74	68	714	623	. 2	1	83	80
Mountain			1		_	-	-,	-
Montana	C	0	Q	8	Ö	. 0	2	0
Idaho	Ŏ	Ó	Ŕ	22	· ŏ	Ô	õ	Ô
Wyoming b	7	Ĭ,	1	2	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Õ
Colorado	,	ő	73	37	Ŏ	. 0	1	1
New Mexico	7	2	9	17	Ď	ň	2	Ď
Arisons	12	2	18	21		Ô	2	
Utah	1	6	11	71	•	0	ñ	0
Nevada	<b>.</b>	ž	15	<b>6</b>	0	. 1	0	ŏ
140 Aarry	<b>,</b>	, ,	12	•	, ,	1	U	U

Table 10. Selected departures of sentenced female prisoners in Federal and State institutions, 1972 and 1973 - continued

	Unconditional releases		Conditional releases		Death except execution		Escaped	
Region and State	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
Pacific								
Washington	5	11	71	89	0	0	30	33
Oregon	20	5	33	49	0	0	4	19
California	· <b>9</b> .	24	464	351	1	0	42	27
Alaska <sup>8</sup>	2	9	1	6	0	0	0	0
Hawaii	<b>0</b> °	0	1	6	0	0	0	0

NOTE: The prison population consists of all prisoners who have been sentenced as adults or youthful offenders and whose maximum sentence length is a year and a day or longer. Beginning in 1972, this definition was adopted by the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Bureau of the Census for use in compiling statistics for the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program. In recognition of the fact that some immates were involved in more than one prisoner movement transaction, all figures represent the number of departure transactions and not the actual number of individual prisoners who were involved in such movement transactions.

NA Not available. Totals are for known data only.

<sup>a</sup>Figures for 1972 and 1973 were submitted as estimates.

Because the yearend prison population counts submitted to NPS program authorities by Colorado, Maryland, and Massachusetts included some prisoners with a maximum sentence length of less than a year and a day, it should be assumed that a proportion of such prisoners is included in the present table.

<sup>C</sup>For both of the years 1972 and 1973, the totals submitted by New York on the number of unconditional releases included a small proportion of departure transactions which represented prisoners who were released from the State correctional system for the purpose of appealing their cases. The outcomes of these appeals ultimately determined whether these prisoners should or should not have been included in the unconditional release category, although an estimate of the number of immates who were not released unconditionally could not be provided.

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<sup>6</sup>For both of the years 1972 and 1973, the figures submitted by Ohio on the number of conditional releases included a small proportion of unconditional releases, although an estimate of the numbers involved could not be provided.

frigures are for fiscal years 1973 and 1974.

Figures for 1972 were submitted as estimates.

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## APPENDIX ${f I}$

REPORT PERI	OD COVERED:	January 1, 1973 throu						s Decembe			
FORM NP5-1 (12-5-72)		MOTICE — All information which would permit identification of the individual will be held strictly confidential, will be used only by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey and will not be disclosed or released to others for any other purpose.									
SOCIAL AND	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMIN.				<del>نبيت</del>	<del></del>					
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTING AS COLLECTING AGENT FOR THE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMIN. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE											
		k.									
-	SUMMARY (	). DF									
SENTENCE	D POPULATI	ON MOVEMENT			•						
HATION	IAL PRISONER	STATISTICS	•				: -				
RETURN COMPLETED FORM TO:											
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS			• • • • •								
	Demographic Sington, D.C. 20		(Please correc	t any erro	r in name 4	nd address	Includia	ZIP code	<b>.</b>		
				NUMBER OF PRISONERS WITH A YEAR AND A DAY OF SENTENCE							
				MALE			FEMALE				
1. Sentenced pr	isoners in custod	ly on January 1, 1973						· · · · · ·			
2. Prisoner	a. Commitments from courts										
admissions during 1973	b. Parole or con	ditional-release viola	tors returned	ļ							
(Enter number of	c. Escapees reti	urned under old sente	nce								
		Returns from authorized temporary absences and/or other admissions									
odmitted for lines	e. Transferred fi	rom other institutions	outside State system	utside State system							
a through e)	1. TOTAL ADM	ISSIONS (Sum of lin	es a through e)	<u></u>							
3. Total prison	ers in custody du	ring 1973 (Sum of	lines 1 and 2f)		· .						
4. Prisoner departures	Enter number of first releases and violator discharges for lines a – h			First release (1)	Violators discharge (2)	TOTAL (1) + (2) (3)	First release (1)	Violators discharge (2)	TOTAL (1) + (2) (3)		
during 1973 (Enter	Unconditional release	a. Expiration of ser	itence								
number of male and/or famale		b. Commutation of sentence									
prisoners released		c. Full pardon									
for lines a through k)	Conditional release	d. Parole							-		
		e. Conditional pardon									
		f. Other conditional discharge					نب يحد جو				
		g. Death - Except	execution								
	h. Execution										
	I. Escaped	Escaped									
	J. Out on authorized temporary absence or other discharges										
	k. Transferred to other institutions outside State system										
	I. TOTAL DEP			·····							
5. TOTAL PRISONERS IN CUSTODY ON DECEMBER 31, 1973 (Line 3 minus 44)											
6. SUM OF LINES 44 AND 5 SHOULD EQUAL LINE 3 ABOVE-								<del>- 1</del>			
7. Report Name and title submitted					Vea code N	Telephone	Extension	Date com	pleted		
by				ľ							

USCOME-D