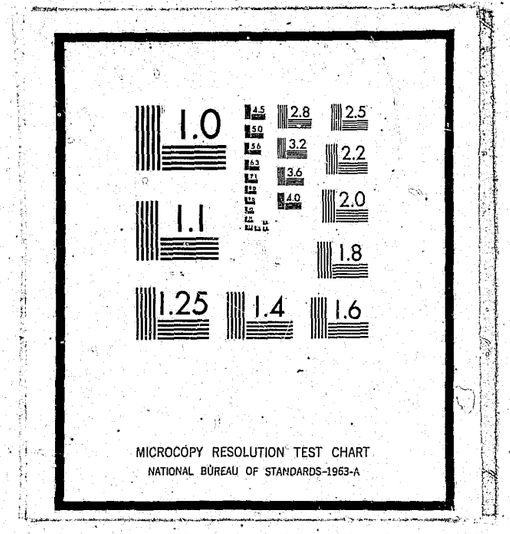

STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA PAROLE AND PROBATION COMMISSION

A REPORT OF FLORIDA PAROLE AND PROBATION COMMISSION CLIENT PARTICIPATION IN ALCOHOL PROGRAMS — Report

DIVISION OF PLANNING AND EVALUATION
SUNIL B. NATH, DIRECTOR

JUNE 1975

A REPORT OF FLORIDA PAROLE AND PROBATION COMMISSION

CLIENT PARTICIPATION IN

ALCOHOL PROGRAMS

(In Partial Fulfillment of LEAA Grant 73-08-10)

Planning and Evaluation

Sunil B. Nath, Director

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INTRODUCTION

The major purpose of the Florida Parole and Probation Commission is the resocialization of offenders. In order to help achieve this goal clients must report periodically for consultation to Parole and Probation Officers. While it is known that this consultation provides assistance and guidance in the resocialization process, it is also recognized that other forms of treatment, found in the local communities, are often necessary. The Commission finds these Community Services helpful in the resocialization process, although they are considered supplemental forms of treatment.

During the month of November, 1974, the Florida Parole and Probation Commission conducted a statewide survey to determine the number of parolees and probationers in rehabilitative programs or treatment modalities concurrent with their reporting required by the Commission. The treatment modalities were categorized into five major groups: Alcohol Programs, Drug Programs, Education Programs, Psychological/Psychiatric Programs, and Other Programs.

The survey forms were mailed in late October and were to be completed by every officer with a caseload, based on the November caseload.

The report: STATEWIDE SURVEY: COMMUNITY TREATMENT

MODALITIES presents the findings of the survey for each of the Commission's ten Areas. (Copies of the Statewide Survey may be obtained from the Florida Parole and Probation Commission, Division of Planning and Evaluation.)

The present report consolidates the data for the Alcohol Programs.

Two points must be remembered when reading this report: First, the survey data presented is representative of the November, 1974 caseload only. Secondly, it should be realized that clients participate in Community Treatment Programs usually within their first year of supervision; therefore, it is plausible that a higher percentage of the overall caseload have, at one time, been involved in this program.

ALCOHOL PROGRAMS

A breakdown of the Florida Parole and Probation Commission probation misdemeanant (P. Misdemeanants) caseload by offense showed that the Driving While Intoxicated (DWI) offense constituted 44.52% (10,002) of the P. Misdemeanants under supervision. (The total probation misdemeanor clients under supervision was 22,456; these figures are from the September 30, 1974 caseload). Based on the misdemeanant intakes for the months of July, August, and September, 1974, 1508 of the 3028 clients (49.8%) were under supervision for DWI.*

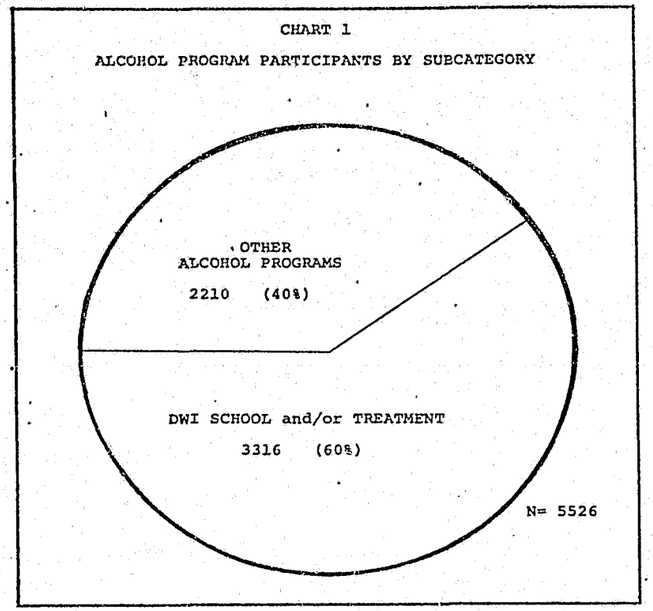
Driving While Intoxicated is a misdemeanor offense and; therefore, all individuals convicted of same would be sentenced as probation misdemeanants. However, an individual who is already under felony supervision and is convicted of DWI would be running two concurrent sentences, both felony and misdemeanor, and would be listed under the more serious offense, eg. felony, on the Florida Parole and Probation Commission records. At the present time the number of felons or parolees running two concurrent sentences, with a DWI conviction, is not available.

An individual, once under the supervision of the Florida Parole and Probation Commission, may participate in any number of Community Treatment Programs. Participation is usually voluntary; however, at the discretion of the courts, participation in a particular program may be a stipulation of the sentence, eg. DWI School. In the study:

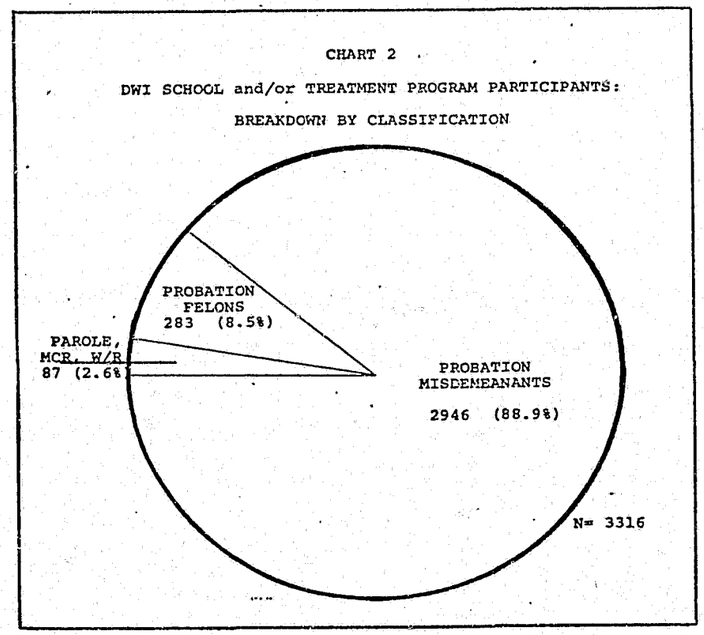
Statewide Survey:
Community Treatment Modalities
March, 1975

by the Division of Planning and Evaluation, Florida Parole and Probation Commission, the frequency of participation in various

*Florida Parole and Probation Commission figures



The DWI School and/or Treatment participants were 88.9% (2946) P. Misdemeanants; 8.5% (283) P. Felons; and 2.6% (87) Parole, MCR and W/R. Conceivably, the bulk of these clients were sent to these programs by the courts as a provision of their sentences.



Community Treatment Program categories by those under the supervision of the Commission was measured.* As would be expected, based on the high percentage of alcohol related offenders (DWI) in the caseload (19%) the greatest participation was found to be in the Alcohol Program category - 36.5% (5526 clients). Probation Misdemeanants made up 80.3% (4438) of the Alcohol program participants; with Probation Felons at 15.2% (837); and Parole, MCR, and W/R at 4.5% (251). This preponderance of misdemeanants is to be expected since, as stated earlier, the alcohol offense categories are primarily misdemeanor offenses. This report will look further at the participants of the Alcohol programs.**

On the survey form the Alcohol program participants were divided into two subcategories: DWI School and/or Treatment; and Other Alcohol Programs. The participants were then separated into their appropriate classifications, i.e. Probation Misdemeanants (P. Misdemeanants); Probation Felons (P. Felons); and the Parole, Mandatory Conditional Release (MCR), and Work Release (W/R) grouping.

Alcohol Program participants constituted 36.5% (5526) of the total clients participating in Community Treatment Programs. Of the 5526 Alcohol Program Category participants, 3316 (60%) were in the subcategory DWI School and/or Treatment with the remainder 2210 (40%) participating in Other Alcohol Programs.

* Information concerning the survey form and the method of data collection may be found in the Statewide Survey: Community Treatment Modalities.

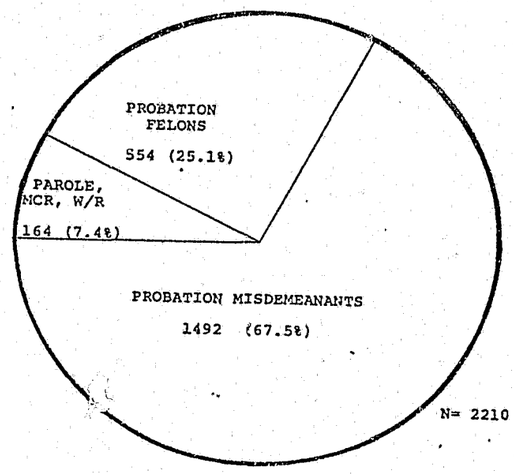
**Note: The data for the Survey, and therefore, this report, was collected on the November caseload.

The Other Alcohol Programs participants were 67.5% (1492) P. Misdemeanants; 25.1% (554) P. Felons; and 7.4% (164) Parole, MCR, and W/R. The clients in these programs were, presumably, voluntary participants; participating in accordance with their Structured Treatment Program (STP) or rehabilitative plan as set up by the client and his Parole/Probation Officer.

CHART 3

OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS:

BREAKDOWN BY CLASSIFICTION

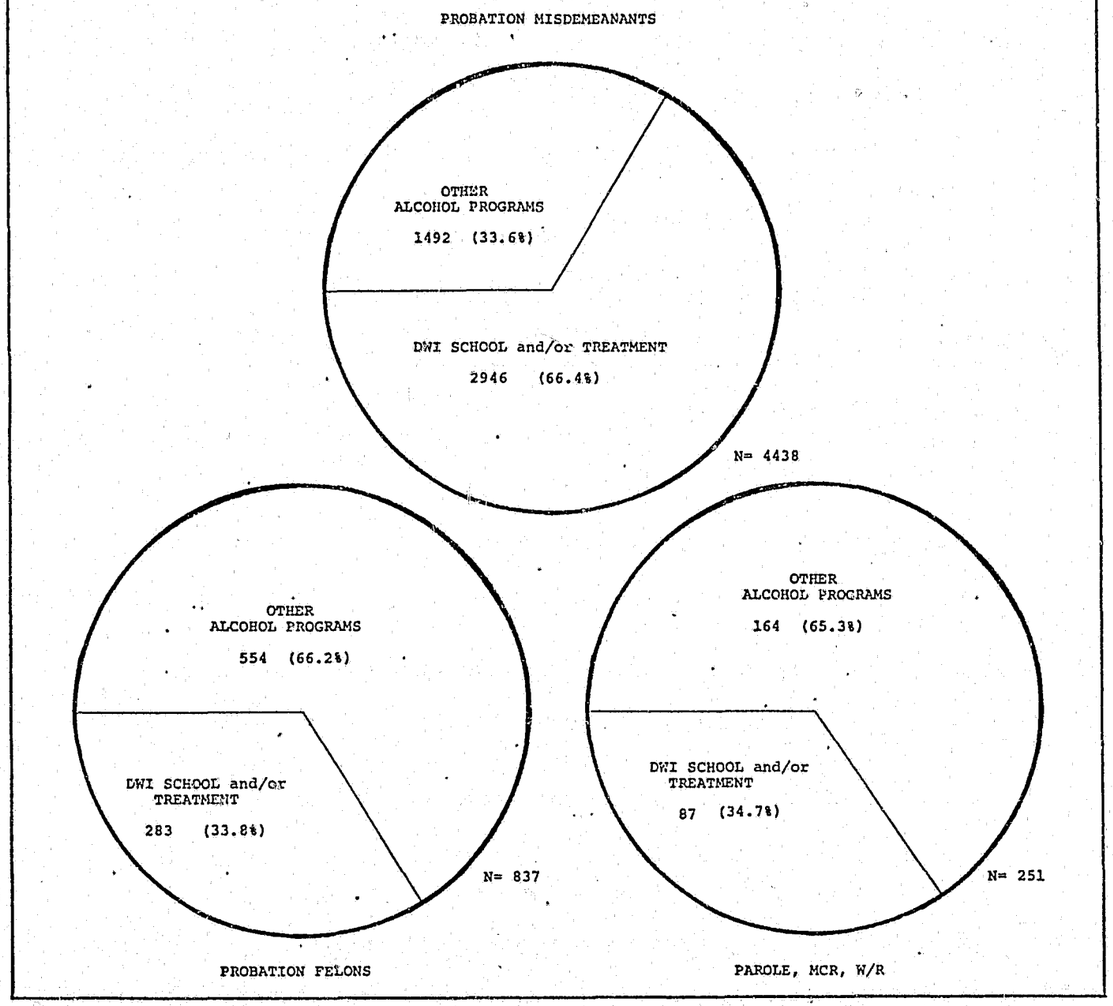


Over sixty-six percent 66.4%; (2946) of the P. Misdemeanants were in the DWI subcategory with the rest, 33.6% (1492) in Other Alcohol Programs while P. Felon participation was the reverse: 33.8% (283) in DWI School and/or Treatment and 66.2% (554) in Other Alcohol Programs. The Parole, MCR, and W/R grouping followed the trend of the P. Felons; 34.7% (87) - DWI School and/or Treatment; 65.3% (164) - Other Alcohol Programs.

CHART 4

ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS:

CLASSIFICATION BREAKDOWN BY SUBCATEGORY



Again, this reversal of program participant concentration between P. Misdemeanants and both P. Felons, and Parole, MCR, and W/R grouping is to be expected since DWI School is related to the sentencing of a misdemeanor offense.

The Florida Parole and Probation Commission has divided the State into ten Areas. These ten Areas are further divided into 48 districts. The district data may be found in Appendix B . Combining both subcategories and collapsing across all three classifications, the Areas can be ranked on the general Alcohol Program participation.

TABLE 1

AREAS RANKED BY ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPATION

Areas		Ranks	Participating Clients	
			Frequency	Percent
Pensacola	I	4	573	10.4%
Jacksonville	II	5	530	9.6
Tampa	III	1	1467	26.6
Bartow	IV	3	685	12.4
Miami	V	9	162	2.9
St. Petersburg	VI	2	728	13.2
Orlando	VII	8	334	6.0
W. Palm Beach	VIII	6	520	9.4
Ft. Lauderdale	IX	10	151	2.7
Tallahassee	X	7	376	6.8
			5526	100.0%

Area III, Tampa - Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, has the greatest Alcohol Program participation, having better than twice as many participants as the second ranked Area. A brief note of explanation can be given: the city of Tampa has a federally funded program, Alcohol Safety Administration Program (ASAP), which deals specifically with the drinking driver. ASAP utilizes members of the local police forces (members have

been specifically assigned to this program); this has increased the arrest rate of DWI cases. The Judiciary system has also been cooperative in sentencing these individuals to the ASAP program. This sentencing is in the form of probation with the stipulation of attendance at the DWI School and counseling available at ASAP. Therefore, the Tampa Area's high participant figures.

The Ft. Lauderdale and Miami Area's, on the other hand, have very few participants in comparision to the other areas. Both Broward (Ft. Lauderdale Area) and Dade County (Miami Area) have set up their own Alcohol programs. The Broward County Commission on Alcoholism handles many of the DWI cases for that County; while the Dade County courts utilize the DWI Counter Attack School without probation and the Dade County Alcoholic Rehabilitation Program.

Table 2 ranks the area participation within each of the subcategories: DWI and Other. (See Table 2, page 8)

The effects of the Tampa ASAP program are especially noticeable here when a comparison of the two subcategories is made: DWI - 1074 cases; Other Alcohol Programs - 393 clients. And, as expected, the Ft. Lauderdale - Miami Areas are lower in DWI participation compared to the Other Alcohol Program participation.

TABLE 2

AREA PARTICIPATION RANKED WITHIN EACH OF THE ALCOHOL PROGRAM SUBCATEGORIES

AREA	ALCOHOL PROGRAM SUBCATEGORIES					
	DWI SCHOOL AND/OR TREATMENT			OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS		
	Rank	Client Participation		Rank	Client Participation	
		Freq.*	Percent		Freq.*	Percent
I	3	403	12.2%	6	170	7.7%
II	5.5	295	8.9	4	235	10.6
III	1	1074	32.4	1	393	17.8
IV	5.5	295	8.9	2	390	17.7
V	10	46	1.4	9	116	5.3
VI	2	409	12.3	3	319	14.4
VII	7	181	5.4	7	153	6.9
VIII	4	382	11.5	8	138	6.2
IX	9	69	2.1	10	82	3.7
X	8	162	4.9	5	214	9.7
Totals		3316	100.0%		2210	100.0%

*Freq.=Frequency

For the overall Alcohol Program Category the largest number of participants were the Probation Misdemeanants with Probation Felons second and Parole, MCR, W/R third. (See Table 3) This was the rule for every area with the exceptions of Area V and Area IX, Miami and Ft. Lauderdale, respectively.

TABLE 3

ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS:

BREAKDOWN BY CLASSIFICATION AND AREA

AREA	CLASSIFICATION						TOTAL	
	PROBATION MISDEMEANANT		PROBATION FELON		PAROLE MCR, W/R			
	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.	Percent
I	468	81.7%	74	12.9%	31	5.4%	573	100%
II	426	80.4	90	16.9	14	2.7	530	"
III	1361	92.8	81	5.5	25	1.7	1467	"
IV	564	82.3	88	12.9	33	4.8	685	"
V	75	46.3	76	46.9	11	6.8	162	"
VI	596	81.9	119	16.3	13	1.8	728	"
VII	220	65.9	67	20.0	47	14.1	334	"
VIII	389	74.8	100	19.2	31	6.0	520	"
IX	60	39.7	76	50.3	15	10.0	151	"
X	279	74.2	66	17.6	31	8.2	376	"
TOTALS	4438		837		251		5526	

*Freq. - Frequency

Looking at the classification breakout within each of the two subcategories, Probation Misdemeanants are the greatest participants in 9 of the 10 Areas for DWI (Area IX being the only exception) and are the greatest participants in 8 of the 10 Areas for Other Alcohol Programs (again Areas V and IX being exceptions). See Table 4, page 11.

A comparison by Area across subcategories and within a classification shows that 1) Probation Misdemeanants: Areas IV, V and X had a larger misdemeanant participation in the Other Alcohol programs while for the remaining Areas DWI Programs were predominant. This reflects the relationship between this category and the offense - DWI. 2) Probation Felons: The largest participation for felons was Other Alcohol programs. This was true for all Areas except Area III - Tampa. This typifies the type of program needed by felons - a voluntary program such as AA. 3) Parole, MCR, W/R: The largest participation for this grouping of clients was also Other Alcohol Programs for all Areas except Area I - Pensacola. (See Table 4, page 11)

Chart 5 presents a graphic representation of the data in Table 4. This Chart (Chart 5) illustrates the within Area proportions of the participants from each of the three classifications for both of the subcategories. Comparisons can then be made across Areas. The proportions are based on the total participants for an Area subcategory. (Chart 5, page 12).

The data may also be looked at relative to the total Alcohol program participants. Chart 6 illustrates this information. The data for each Area was divided by the total participants (5526), this gives proportions relative to the state (all percentages summed equals 100%). The Areas can then be compared. (Chart 6, page 13).

TABLE 4

ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPATION:

BREAKOUT BY SUBCATEGORY, CLASSIFICATION, AND AREA

DWI SCHOOL AND/OR TREATMENT

AREAS	CLASSIFICATIONS: PROBATION MISDEMEANANTS		PROBATION FELON		PAROLE, MCR, W/R		TOTAL	
	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent
I	373	92.6%	13	3.2%	17	4.2%	403	100%
II	257	87.1	32	10.9	6	2.0	295	100
III	1018	94.8	47	4.4	9	0.8	1074	100
IV	260	88.1	24	8.2	11	3.7	295	100
V	30	65.2	14	30.4	2	4.4	46	100
VI	368	90.0	40	9.8	1	0.2	409	100
VII	145	80.1	19	10.5	17	9.4	181	100
VIII	328	85.9	41	10.7	13	3.4	382	100
IX	33	47.8	34	49.3	2	2.9	69	100
X	134	82.7	19	11.7	9	5.6	162	100
TOTAL	2946	88.8%	283	8.5%	87	2.7%	3316	100%

OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS

AREAS	CLASSIFICATIONS: PROBATION MISDEMEANANTS		PROBATION FELON		PAROLE, MCR, W/R		TOTAL	
	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent	Freq.*	Percent
I	95	55.9%	61	35.9%	14	8.2%	170	100%
II	169	71.9	58	24.7	8	3.4	235	100
III	343	87.3	34	8.7	16	4.0	393	100
IV	304	78.0	64	16.4	22	5.6	390	100
V	45	38.8	62	53.4	9	7.8	116	100
VI	228	71.5	79	24.8	12	3.7	319	100
VII	75	49.0	48	31.4	30	19.6	153	100
VIII	61	44.2	59	42.8	18	13.0	138	100
IX	27	32.9	42	51.2	13	15.9	82	100
X	145	67.7	47	22.0	22	10.3	214	100
TOTAL	1492	67.5%	554	25.1%	164	7.4%	2210	100%

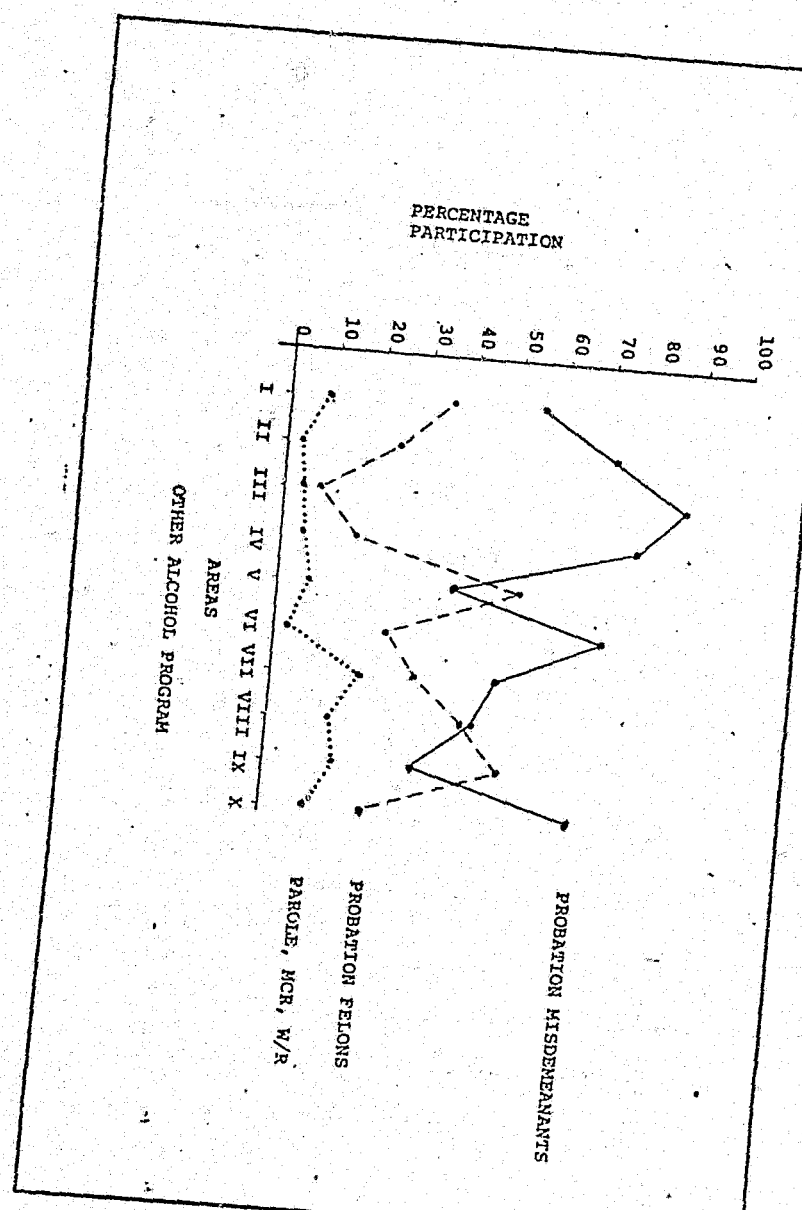
*Freq. - Frequency

CHART 5

ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS:

GRAPHIC BREAKDOWN BY SUBCATEGORY,

CLASSIFICATION, AND AREA



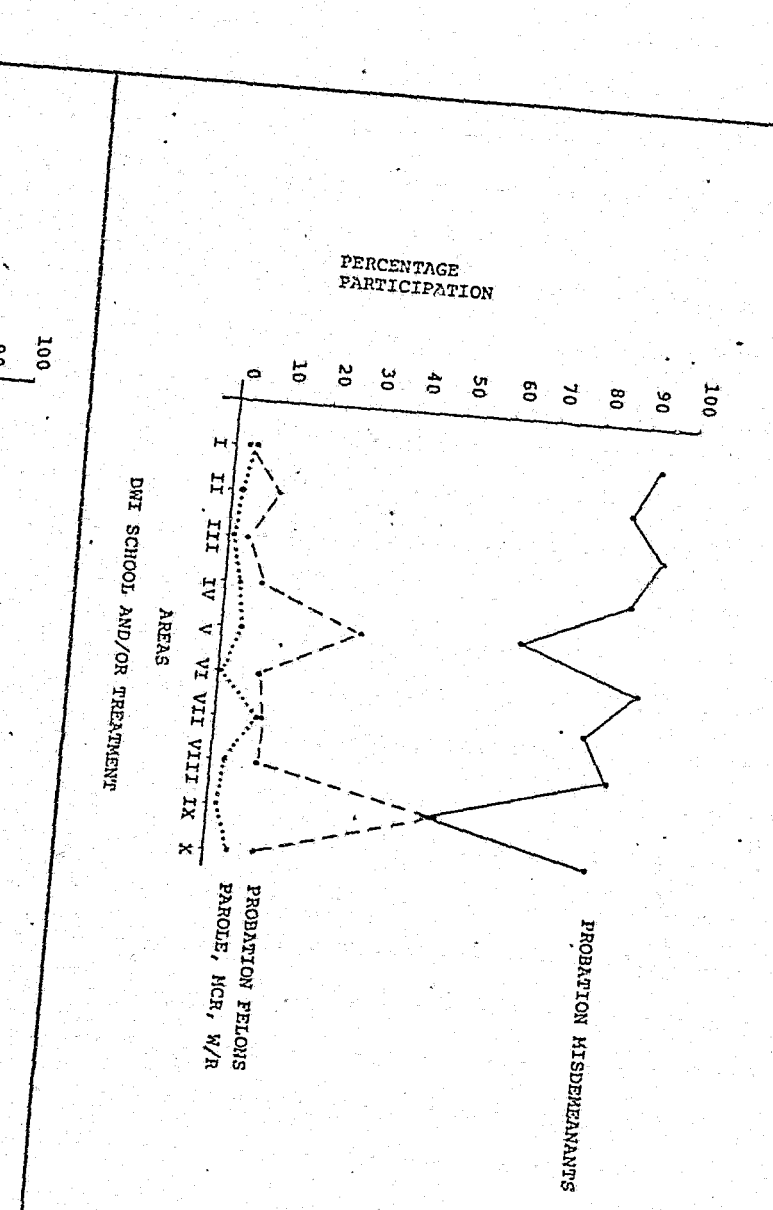
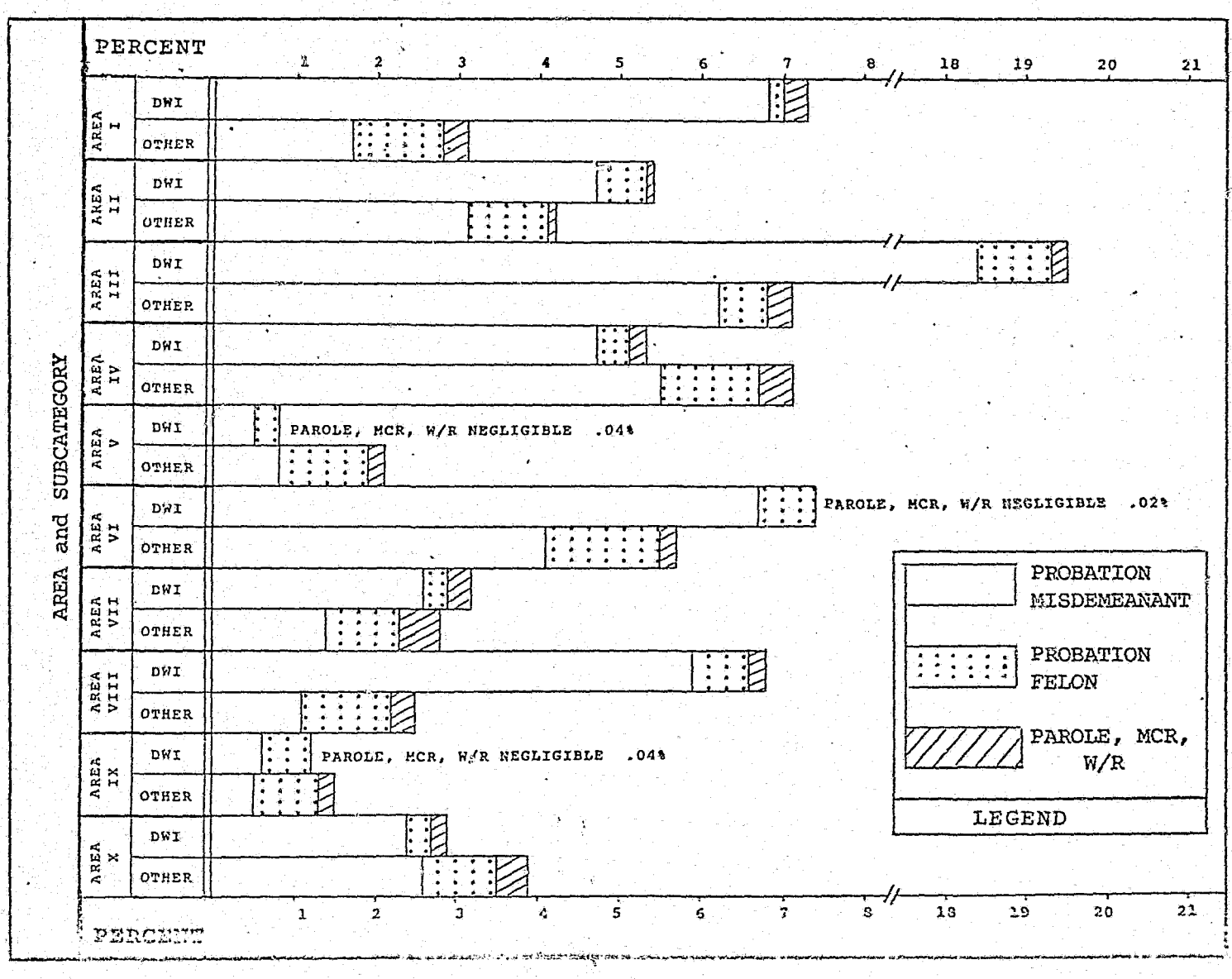


CHART 6

ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS: PERCENTAGE PARTICIPATION BY CLASSIFICATION, SUBCATEGORY, AND AREA, RELATIVE TO THE TOTAL ALCOHOL PROGRAM PARTICIPATION



EVALUATION CONTROL CHARTS

The following charts illustrate the Area data in the form of Evaluation Control Charts. Evaluation Control Charts (ECC) are graphic representations of numeric values. The average or mean of those values is indicated along with the ranges or control limits about the mean on each ECC. The control limits are related to the amount of dispersion of the data involved, and are usually determined statistically. Any data points falling between the control limits depicts an acceptable variation from the mean. However, whenever a data point falls outside these control limits, a unique situation or problem exists which may require further investigation and/or explanation.

The data for the Areas is presented as the Level of Participation in a particular program within a Classification (Probation Misdemeanant; Probation Felon; and the Parole, Mandatory Conditional Release (MCR), and Work Release (W/R) grouping). These data are presented as a percentage of participation.

The mean or State Average Line is indicated along with two control limits. The first control limit extends from -1s to +1s (s = standard deviation). This range is described by the Zone Descriptors as Below Average Participation Zone and Above Average Participation Zone.

The second set of control limits extends from -2s to +2s. In Zone Descriptor terms this would include Low Level, Below Average, Above Average and High Level Participation Zones.

Any Area points which fall in the Minimal Level or the Very High Level Participation Zones would be considered an unusual level of participation for that program and classification. The study for which these data were collected asked only for descriptive information on client participation; therefore, why an Area has an unusual level of participation is presently not known, further study will be necessary.

CHART 7

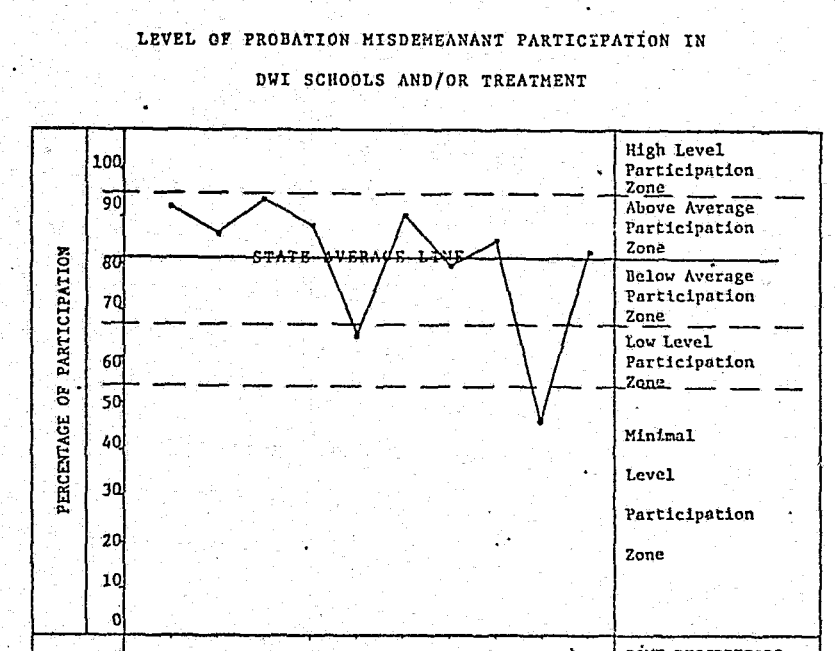
EVALUATION CONTROL CHARTS
STATE AVERAGE LINE and STANDARD DEVIATIONS

	CLASSIFICATION	LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION						
		MINIMAL LEVEL	LOW LEVEL	BELOW AVERAGE	STATE AVERAGE LINE	ABOVE AVERAGE	HIGH LEVEL	VERY HIGH LEVEL
		← -2s	← -1s	←	$\bar{X}$	→	+1s →	+2s →
DWI SCHOOLS/TREATMENT	PROBATION MISDEMEANANTS	IX**	54.07%	67.75%	81.43%	95.11%	------	
	PROBATION FELONS		------	1.45%	14.89%	28.33%	41.77%	IX*
	PAROLE, MCR, W/R		------	1.18%	3.65%	6.12%	8.59%	VII*
OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS	PROBATION MISDEMEANANTS		25.24%	42.48%	59.72%	76.96%	94.20%	
	PROBATION FELONS		3.25%	17.19%	31.13%	45.07%	59.01%	
	PAROLE, MCR, W/R		------	3.94%	9.17%	14.40%	19.63%	

*This Area showed an unusually high level of participation.
**This Area showed an unusually low level of participation.

CHART 8

LEVEL OF PROBATION MISDEMEANANT PARTICIPATION IN DWI SCHOOLS AND/OR TREATMENT



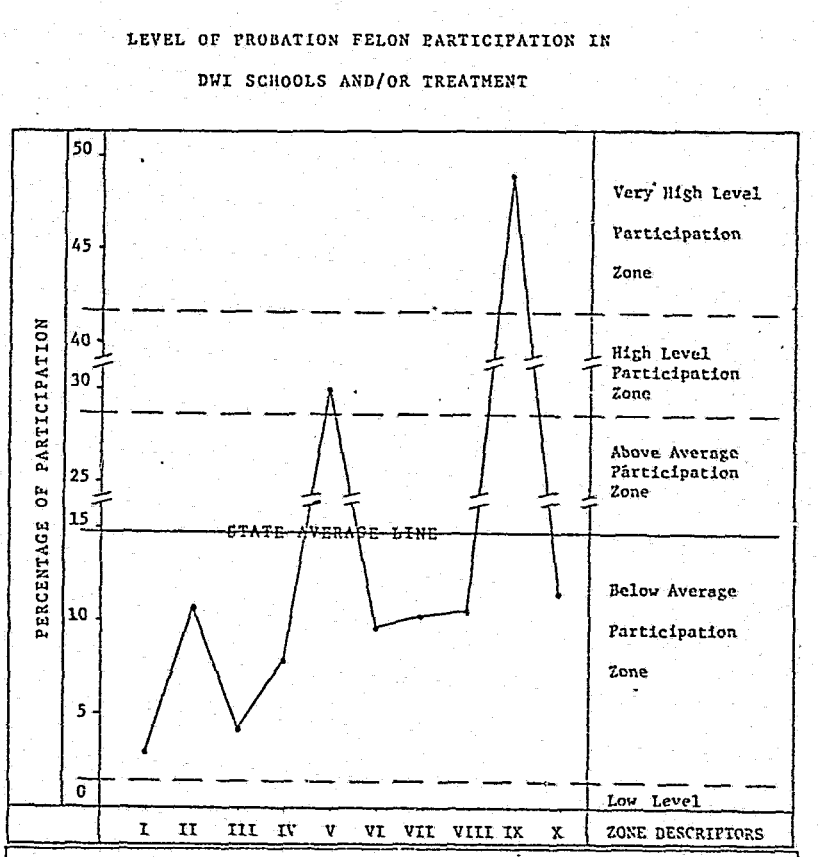
LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION - RANGES				
Very High Level	——		——	$> \bar{X} + 2S$
High Level	95.12%	-	100.00%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
Above Average	81.44%	-	95.11%	$\bar{X} + S$
STATE AVERAGE	81.43%			$\bar{X}$
Below Average	67.76%	-	81.42%	$\bar{X} - S$
Low Level	54.08%	-	67.75%	$\bar{X} - 2S$
Minimal Level		<	54.07%	$< \bar{X} - 2S$

Mean $(\bar{X})$ = 81.43

Standard Deviation (S) = 13.68

CHART 9

LEVEL OF PROBATION FELON PARTICIPATION IN DWI SCHOOLS AND/OR TREATMENT



LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION - RANGES				
Very High Level	41.78% +			$> \bar{X} + 2S$
High Level	28.34%	-	41.77%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
Above Average	14.90%	-	28.33%	$\bar{X} + S$
STATE AVERAGE	14.89%			$\bar{X}$
Below Average	1.46%	-	14.88%	$\bar{X} - S$
Low Level	0.00%	-	1.45%	$\bar{X} - 2S$
Minimal Level	——		——	$< \bar{X} - 2S$

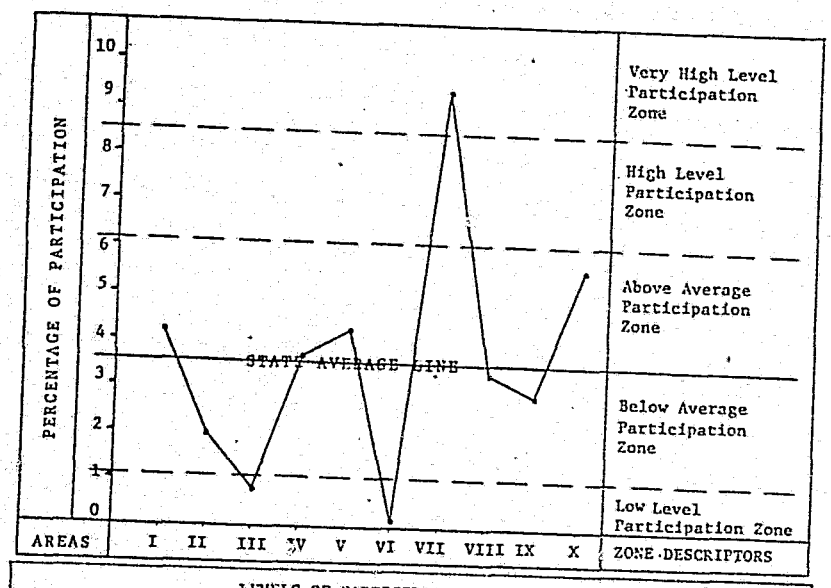
Mean $(\bar{X})$ = 14.89

Standard Deviation (S) = 13.44

CHART 10

LEVEL OF PAROLE, MCR, W/R PARTICIPATION IN

DWI SCHOOLS AND/OR TREATMENT



LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION – RANGES				
Very High Level	8.60% +			$\bar{X} + 2S$
High Level	6.13%	–	8.59%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
Above Average	3.66%	–	6.12%	$\bar{X} + S$
STATE AVERAGE	3.65%			$\bar{X}$
Below Average	1.19%	–	3.64%	$\bar{X} - S$
Low Level	0.00%	–	1.18%	$\bar{X} - 2S$
Minimal Level	——		——	$< \bar{X} - 2S$

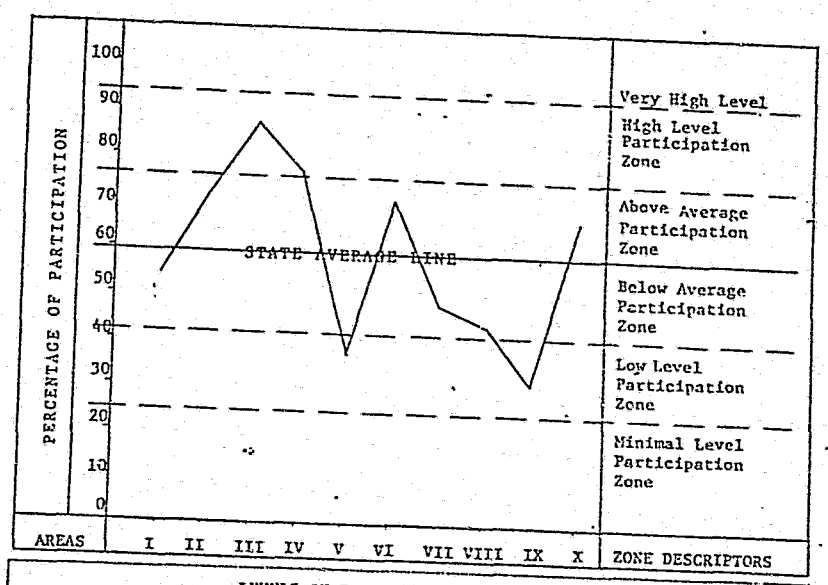
Mean $(\bar{X})$ = 3.65

Standard Deviation (S) = 2.47

CHART 11

LEVEL OF PROBATION MISDEMEANANT PARTICIPATION IN

OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS



LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION – RANGES				
Very High Level	94.21%	–	100.00%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
High Level	76.97%	–	94.20%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
Above Average	59.73%	–	76.96%	$\bar{X} + S$
STATE AVERAGE	59.72%			$\bar{X}$
Below Average	42.49%	–	59.71%	$\bar{X} - S$
Low Level	25.25%	–	42.48%	$\bar{X} - 2S$
Minimal Level		<	25.24%	$< \bar{X} - 2S$

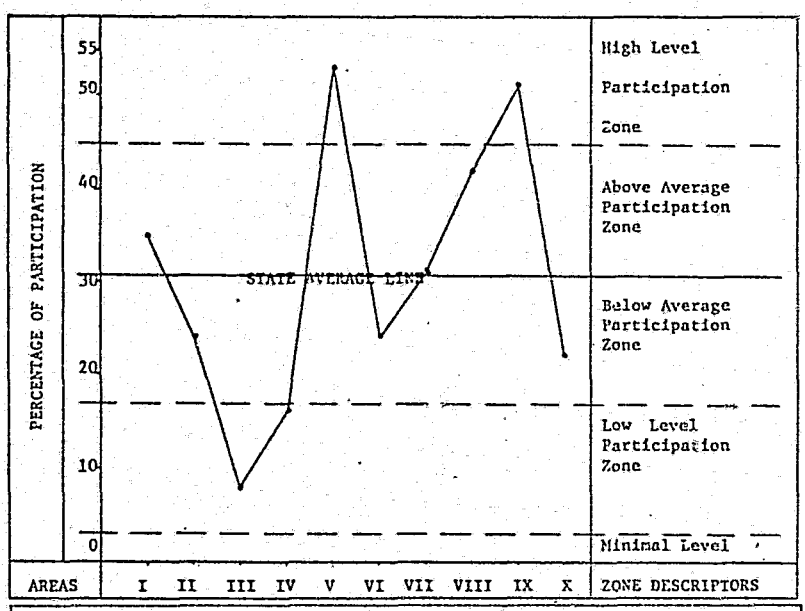
Mean $(\bar{X})$ = 59.72

Standard Deviation (S) = 17.24

CHART 12

LEVEL OF PROBATION FELON PARTICIPATION IN

OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS



LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION – RANGES				
Very High Level	59.02% +			$\bar{X} + 2S$
High Level	45.08%	–	59.01%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
Above Average	31.14%	–	45.07%	$\bar{X} + S$
STATE AVERAGE	31.13%			$\bar{X}$
Below Average	17.20%	–	31.12%	$\bar{X} - S$
Low Level	3.26%	–	17.19%	$\bar{X} - 2S$
Minimal Level	0.00%	–	3.25%	$< \bar{X} - 2S$

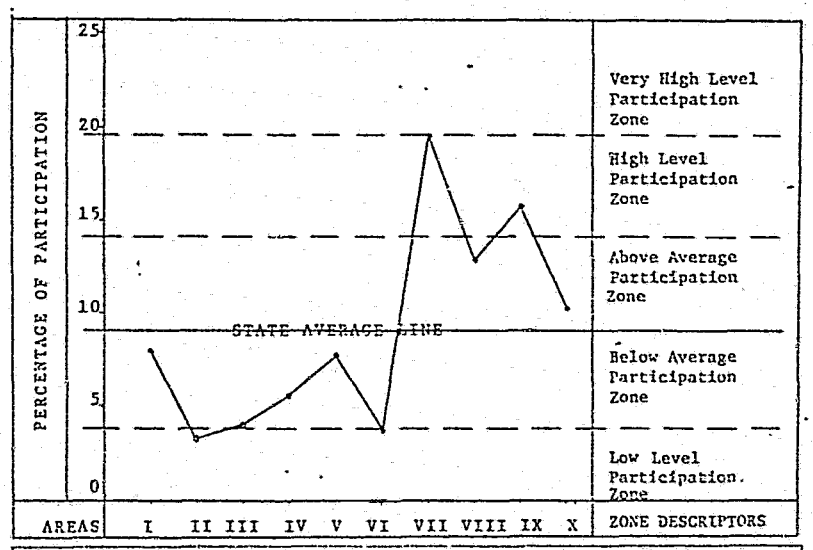
Mean $(\bar{X})$ = 31.13

Standard Deviation (S) = 13.94

CHART 13

LEVEL OF PAROLE, MCR, W/R PARTICIPATION

OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS



LEVELS OF PARTICIPATION – RANGES				
Very High Level	19.64% +			$\bar{X} + 2S$
High Level	14.41%	–	19.63%	$\bar{X} + 2S$
Above Average	9.18%	–	14.40%	$\bar{X} + S$
STATE AVERAGE	9.17%			$\bar{X}$
Below Average	3.95%	–	9.16%	$\bar{X} - S$
Low Level	0.00%	–	3.94%	$\bar{X} - 2S$
Minimal Level	——		——	$< \bar{X} - 2S$

Mean $(\bar{X})$ = 9.17

Standard Deviation (S) = 5.23

APPENDIX A

RAW DATA - AREAS

AREAS	DWI SCHOOL AND/OR TREATMENT			OTHER ALCOHOL PROGRAMS		
	Misdemeanant	Felon	Parole, MCR, W/R	Misdemeanant	Felon	Parole,MCR, W/R
I -Pensacola	373	13	17	95	61	14
II -Jacksonville	257	32	6	169	58	8
III -Tampa	1018	47	9	343	34	16
IV -Bartow	260	24	11	304	64	22
V -Miami	30	14	2	45	62	9
VI -St. Petersburg	368	40	1	228	79	12
VII -Orlando	145	19	17	75	48	30
VIII -W. Palm Beach	328	41	13	61	59	18
IX -Ft. Lauderdale	33	34	2	27	42	13
X -Tallahassee	134	19	9	145	47	22

APPENDIX B

Raw Data - Districts

DISTRICTS	DWI			OTHER		
	PROBATION MISD*	FELON	PAROLE, MCR, W/R	PROBATION MISD*	FELON	PAROLE, MCR, W/R
AREA I						
01 - Pensacola	280	6	15	56	41	3
14 - Mariana	54	5	1	32	13	8
19 - Crestview	12	1	0	2	5	0.
25 - Panama City	11	1	0	2	1	3
30 - Milton	16	0	1	3	2	0
AREA II						
04 - Jacksonville	253	32	6	169	58	7
48 - Green Cove Springs	4	0	0	0	0	1
AREA III						
08 - Tampa	1014-	42	5	343	34	16
31 - Dade City	4	5	4	0	0	0
AREA IV						
06 - Bartow	92	15	2	258	51	15
17 - Ocala	22	2	2	19	5	3
22 - Tavares	43	0	2	14	4	3
32 - Sebring	4	5	4	0	0	0
33 - Arcadia	16	2	1	3	0	0
34 - Bushness	3	0	0	3	0	0
42 - Inverness	13	0	0	0	0	0
43 - Brooksville	8	0	0	1	0	0
45 - Wauchula	59	0	0	6	4	1
AREA V						
07 - Miami	25	14	2	45	62	8
26 - Key West	5	0	0	0	0	1
AREA VI						
03 - Clearwater	254	37	1	200	73	12
13 - Bradenton	45	0	0	24	1	0
27 - Sarasota	69	3	0	4	5	0
AREA VII						
05 - Orlando	66	7	0	41	20	6
15 - Deland	10	2	0	4	5	1
20 - Titusville	11	5	17	4	9	13
21 - St. Augustine	4	0	0	1	7	8
28 - Sanford	20	0	0	19	3	1
29 - Palatka	15	5	0	2	1	0
39 - Kissimmee	19	0	0	4	3	1

APPENDIX B

Raw Data - Districts

DISTRICTS	DWI			OTHER		
	PROBATION		PAROLE,	PROBATION		PAROLE
	MISD*	FELON	MCR, W/R	MISD*	FELON	MCR, W/R
AREA III						
12 - Vero Beach	3	0	0	9	1	0
16 - West Palm Beach	19	12	2	6	23	8
23 - Ft. Myers	222	2	1	4	5	0
35 - Labelle	9	0	0	9	13	3
38 - Ft. Pierce	45	26	10	16	12	5
44 - Okeechobee	5	0	0	6	0	2
46 - Punta Gorda	17	1	0	7	3	0
47 - Stuart	8	0	0	4	2	0
AREA IX						
18 - Ft. Lauderdale	23	33	1	20	42	10
36 - Naples	10	1	1	7	0	3
AREA X						
02 - Live Oak	0	0	0	6	1	0
09 - Lake City	40	1	1	3	2	1
10 - Gainesville	23	5	3	24	12	13
11 - Tallahassee	54	11	4	57	17	4
24 - Perry	0	0	0	31	9	0
37 - Madison	6	1	1	12	1	1
40 - Quincy	7	1	0	9	3	1
41 - Starke	4	0	0	3	2	2

END