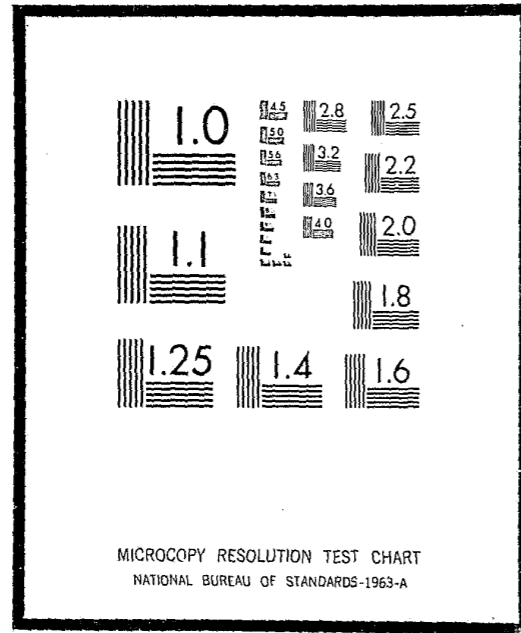


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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE REFERENCE SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20531

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ACQUISITIONS

ANNUAL
LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES
REPORT
1974

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SECTION 1

CRIME INDEX

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United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20245

IN REPLY REFER TO:
Law Enforcement Services

FOREWORD

A recent publication by the Federal Bureau of Investigation pointed out the fact that in 1974, a total of 40 officers of the Bureau of Indian Affairs had been assaulted while in the performance of their duties. In this connection, the Bureau of Indian Affairs was second to the Bureau of Prisons in the number of officers assaulted during the comparable period.

During these troubled times, with assaults on officers becoming commonplace, it is imperative that the police become more professional in their approach to serving Indian communities and even more vigilant in safeguarding themselves and their brother officers.

The data collected during 1974 illustrated what we already knew, that crime on Indian reservations is continuing to rise. This occurred in spite of the efforts of concerned citizens, as well as all levels of government attempting to provide solutions to problems. We have met with some success but it is not at the level we desire and know Indian communities deserve and require for their social and economic development.

No doubt there will be other brother officers assaulted in the communities they serve and may make the supreme sacrifice in some tragic uncalled-for incident. This is the price we must pay for being a member of the law enforcement profession.

In the meantime we must continue to upgrade our capability at all levels and provide improved professional law enforcement services to the communities we serve. Hopefully, in the not too distant future, the data reflected in this report as well as the data on assaults on Federal officers, will diminish.



Save Energy and You Serve America!

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Every officer, whether Tribal or Federal, who serves Indian communities should be extremely proud of their accomplishments in the past and I would like to personally commend every officer for his or her untiring efforts in behalf of Indian law enforcement. Keep up the good work.

My special thanks and appreciation to Mr. Russell McClure, Mr. James Fail, and Mr. Robert Lewis of the Indian Police Training and Research Center for their efforts in the publication of this report.

Sincerely,



E. F. SUAREZ, SR.
Chief, Division of Law Enforcement Services

CRIME FACTORS

Crime is a social problem and the concern of the entire community. The law enforcement effort is limited to factors within its control.

This report gives a nationwide Indian country view of crime based on reservation police statistics contributed by local tribal and Bureau law enforcement agencies. The factors which cause crime are many and vary from reservation to reservation throughout the country. The reader of this publication is cautioned against comparing statistical information solely based on a similarity in their population counts. Population is only one of many factors which must be considered in a comparative study of crime. Some of the conditions which affect the volume and type of crime that occurs from reservation to reservation are briefly outlined as follows:

- Density and size of the population and area of which it is a part.
- Composition of the population with reference particularly to age and sex.
- Economic status and mores of the population.
- Stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.
- Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.
- Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.
- Effective strength of the police force.
- Standards of appointments to the police force.
- Policies of the prosecuting officials.
- Attitudes and policies of the courts and corrections.
- Relationships and attitudes of law enforcement and the community.
- Administrative and investigative efficiency of law enforcement, including degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.
- Organization and cooperation of adjoining and overlapping police jurisdictions.

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CRIME INDEX TOTALS

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and auto theft are used to establish an Index in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, to measure the trend and distribution of crime in Indian country. These crimes are counted by Indian law enforcement agencies as they become known and are reported on an annual basis. The Crime Index offenses were selected as a measuring device because, as a group, they are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume in which they occur. The offenses of murder, forcible rape, aggravated assault, and robbery make up the violent crime category. The offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and auto theft make up the property crime category.

Indian law enforcement does not purport to know the total volume of crime because of the many criminal actions which are not reported to official sources. Estimates as to the level of unreported crime can be developed through costly victim surveys but this does not eliminate the reluctance of the victim to report all criminal actions to law enforcement agencies. In light of this situation, the best source for obtaining useable crime counts is the best logical universe which is the offense known to the police. The crimes used in the Crime Index are those considered to be most constantly reported and provide the capability to compute meaningful crime trends and crime rates.

The crime counts used in the Crime Index and set forth in this publication are based on actual offenses established by Indian police investigation. When the law enforcement agency receives a complaint of a criminal matter and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred, it is "unfounded". On a Bureau-wide average, police investigations "unfound" 13.5 percent of the complaints concerning Crime Index offenses ranging from 9.8 percent larceny classification to 44.5 percent in the murder and non-negligent manslaughter classification. These unfounded complaints are eliminated from the crime counts.

During 1974, 7,362 Crime Index offenses were reported to law enforcement agencies. This is 10.2 percent increase from 1973. The violent crime category made up 48.5 percent of the Crime Index and decreased 0.9 percent in volume from 1973. Murder decreased

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18.4 percent, forcible rape increased 34.6 percent, robbery decreased 24.7 percent and aggravated assault decreased 1.5 percent. The voluminous property crimes as a group increased 23.1 percent. Auto theft decreased 5.6 percent, larceny-theft increased 21.4 percent, and burglary was up 33.0 percent.

Since 1970, the violent crimes as a group have increased 28.6 percent and the property crimes 52.3 percent. Crime, as measured by the Crime Index offenses, has risen 39.9 percent in volume during this five-year period.

The volume of crime as measured by the Crime Index, reveals that in Indian country an increase of 10.2 percent was recorded over 1973.

The 1974 crime figures for the Indian country are set forth in the following table.

CRIME AND POPULATION

Crime rates relate the incidence of crime to population. A crime rate should be considered a victim risk rate in that it demonstrates the risk of becoming a victim of crime.

The Crime Index rate of Indian country in 1974 was 2,210.8 per 100,000 inhabitants. This was a 10.2 percent increase from the crime rate of 2,006.0 per 100,000 inhabitants in 1973. The crime rate, or the risk of being a victim of one of these crimes, has increased 23.5 percent since 1970. Many factors influence the nature and extent of crime in a particular community. A number of these factors are shown under crime factors of this publication. A crime rate takes into consideration only the numerical factor of population and does not incorporate any of the other elements which contribute to the amount of crime in a given area. The statistical tables in this publication disclose that the varying crime experiences are affected by a complex set of involved factors and are not solely related to numerical population differences.

The charts set forth on the following pages reveal the variations in crime experience by Bureau of Indian Affairs geographic region.

The accompanying charts illustrate the trend of

crime in Indian country from 1970 through 1974 by showing percent changes in volume and crime rate together with the population increase, although the property crime rate has increased 23.1 percent since 1973. The violent crime group includes murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault offenses. The property crime category is made of burglary, larceny-theft and auto theft offenses.

Section 1
GENERAL INFORMATION

INDIAN COUNTRY CRIME, RATE, AND PERCENT CHANGE

CRIME INDEX OFFENSES	CRIME 1974		PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1973		PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1970	
	NUMBER	RATE PER 100,000	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE
TOTAL	<u>7362</u>	<u>2210.8</u>	<u>+10.2</u>	<u>+10.2</u>	<u>+39.9</u>	<u>+23.5</u>
VIOLENT PROPERTY	3567 <u>3795</u>	1071.2 <u>1139.6</u>	- .9 <u>+23.1</u>	- .9 <u>+23.1</u>	+28.6 <u>+52.3</u>	+13.6 <u>+34.5</u>
MURDER	71	21.3	-18.4	-18.4	+77.5	+56.6
FORCIBLE RAPE	210	63.1	+34.6	+34.6	+81.0	+59.7
ROBBERY	55	16.5	-24.7	-24.7	+41.0	+24.1
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	3231	970.3	- 1.5	- 1.5	+25.3	+10.7
BURGLARY	1404	421.6	+33.0	+33.0	+65.2	+45.8
LARCENY-THEFT	2154	646.8	+21.4	+21.4	+52.4	+34.6
AUTO THEFT	237	71.2	- 5.6	- 5.6	+ 3.9	- 8.2

CHART 1

CRIME RATE BY AREA, 1974

(RATE PER 100,000)

CRIME INDEX OFFENSES	AB.	ALB.	BILL.	EASTERN	MINN.	NAV.	PHOE.	PORT.
TOTAL	<u>4261.2</u>	<u>1168.6</u>	<u>2846.7</u>	<u>3225.0</u>	<u>7033.3</u>	<u>1263.8</u>	<u>3156.9</u>	<u>1381.8</u>
VIOLENT	2210.2	728.6	1256.7	1700.0	3766.7	576.4	1584.3	397.0
PROPERTY	<u>2051.0</u>	<u>440.0</u>	<u>1590.0</u>	<u>1525.0</u>	<u>3266.7</u>	<u>687.4</u>	<u>1572.5</u>	<u>984.8</u>
MURDER	22.4	34.3	23.3	25.0	0.0	18.1	29.4	6.1
FORCIBLE RAPE	134.7	40.0	33.3	0.0	133.3	52.0	86.3	18.2
ROBBERY	34.7	5.7	6.7	25.0	100.0	6.3	25.5	27.3
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2018.4	648.6	1193.3	1650.0	3533.3	500.0	1443.1	345.5
BURGLARY	536.7	182.9	693.3	725.0	1200.0	282.7	696.1	272.7
LARCENY-THEFT	1220.4	242.9	856.7	750.0	1966.7	385.8	833.3	636.4
AUTO THEFT	293.9	14.3	40.0	50.0	100.0	18.9	43.1	75.8

CHART 2

CRIME RATE, 1974
Indian Country

(Rate Per 100,000 Inhabitants)

CRIME INDEX OFFENSES	INDIAN COUNTRY
Total	<u>2210.8</u>
Violent	1071.2
Property	<u>1139.6</u>
Murder	21.3
Forcible Rape	63.1
Robbery	16.5
Aggravated Assault	970.3
Burglary	421.6
Larceny-Theft	646.8
Auto Theft	71.2

CHART 3

CRIME & POPULATION
1974
PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1970

CRIME - CRIME INDEX OFFENSES
CRIME RATE - NUMBER OF OFFENSES PER 100,000 INHABITANTS

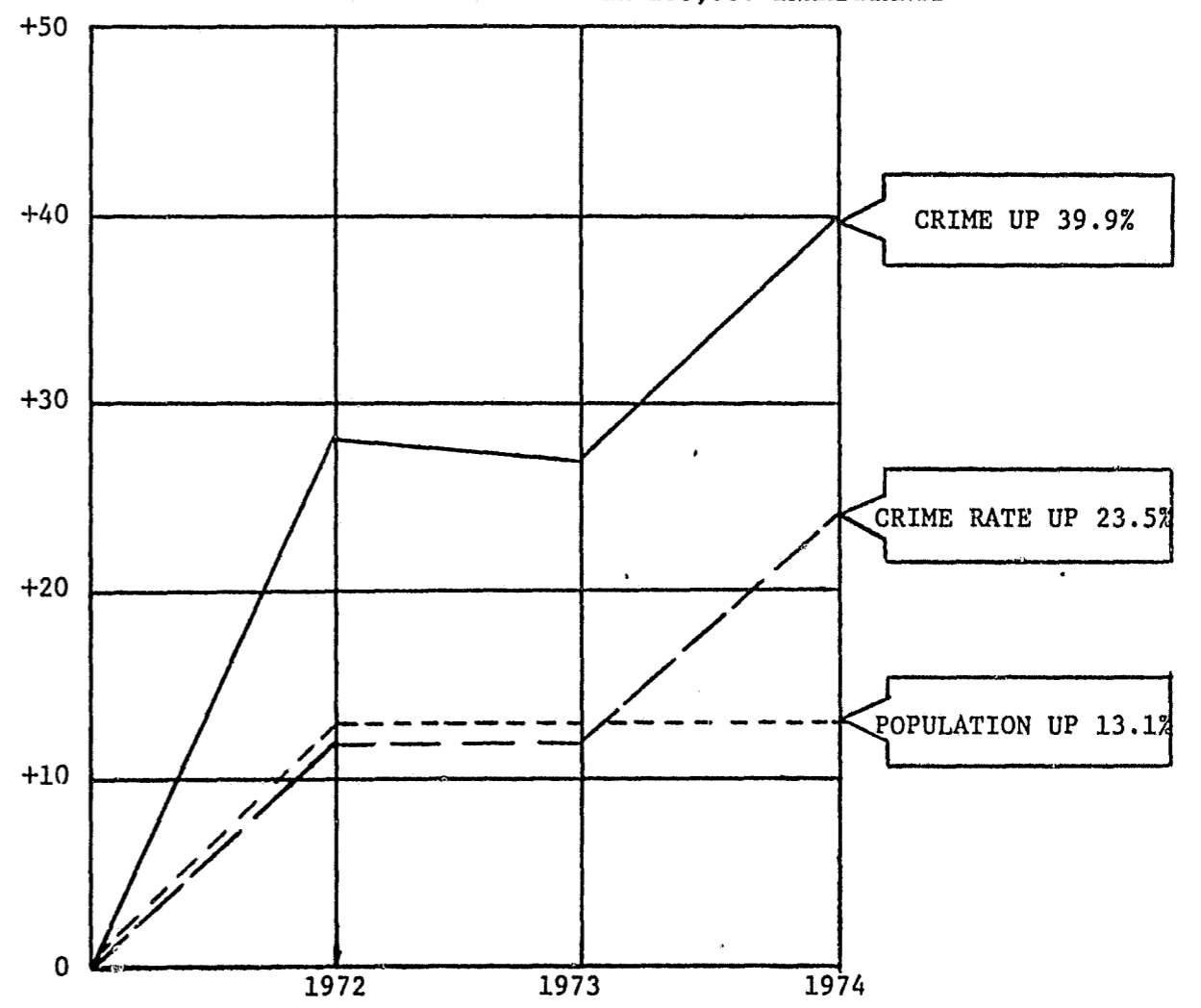


CHART 4

MURDER AND NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

This Crime Index offense is defined in uniform Crime Reporting as the willful killing of another. The classification in this offense, as in all of the other Crime Index offenses, is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury, or other judicial body.

Deaths caused by negligence, suicide, accidents, or justifiable homicide are not included in the count for this offense classification. Attempts to murder or assaults to murder are scored as aggravated assaults and not as murder.

Volume

In 1974, there were 71 murders reported committed in Indian country. This represents a numerical decrease of 16 from the 87 homicide offenses for 1973. The number of murders in 1974, is approximately 2.0 percent of the total for violent crime and less than 1.0 percent of the total of the seven Crime Index offenses.

A geographical breakdown of murder by Area showed 32.4 percent of the murders occurred in Navajo, 21.1 percent in Phoenix, 16.9 percent in Albuquerque, 15.5 percent in Aberdeen, 9.9 percent in Billings, 2.8 percent in Portland and 1.4 percent in Eastern Area and no murders occurred in Minneapolis..

Trend

The number of murders decreased 18.4 percent in 1974 from 1973. The trend in this crime classification reveals an increase from 40 in 1970 to 71 in 1974. This is an increase of 77.5 percent.

Murder Rate

In 1974, there were 21.3 victims of murder for every 100,000 inhabitants in Indian country. This was a decrease of 18.4 percent from the murder rate of 26.1 per 100,000 inhabitants recorded in 1973.

The number of murder victims in proportion to population was highest in the Albuquerque Area with 34.3 murders per 100,000 inhabitants. This is a decrease of 7.5 percent from the murder rate of that

Area in 1973. In 1974, the Phoenix Area showed a murder rate of 29.4, an increase of 15.3 percent over the rate of 1973 in that Area. Eastern had a rate of 25.0 which was an increase of 25.0 percent over 1973. Billings had a rate of 23.3 which was a decrease of 12.7 percent from 1973. Aberdeen showed a rate of 22.4 which was a decrease of 42.3 percent from 1973. Navajo had a rate of 18.1, a decrease of 8.1 percent in comparison to the 1973 rate. Portland had a rate of 6.1 which decreased 77.7 percent as compared to 1973. Minneapolis had 0.0 rate of murder per 100,000 inhabitants.

Clearances

In 1974, 78.9 percent of the homicides were solved. In 1973, 86.9 percent of all murder offenses were solved. Persons under 18 years of age were involved in 19.6 percent of the willful killings solved by the police.

Since 1970, the clearance rate, nationwide, in homicide has decreased from 85 per 100 offenses to 78.9 per 100 offenses in 1974.

Persons Arrested

Based on reports submitted by Indian law enforcement agencies, 21.3 percent of all persons arrested for murder were under 18 years of age.

Persons Charged

Indian law enforcement agencies' reports disclose that 73.6 percent of all adults charged for murder in 1974 were prosecuted during the year. Forty point three percent of adults prosecuted were found guilty as charged, and 8.3 percent were convicted on some lesser charge. The remaining 25.0 percent won release by acquittal or dismissal of the charges against them. There were 10 juveniles processed for the crime of murder and non-negligent manslaughter in 1974.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Aggravated assault is defined as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury usually accompanied by the use of the weapon or other means likely to produce death or serious bodily harm. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that an injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Volume

In 1974 there were an estimated 3,231 reported aggravated assaults in Indian country. This is a 1.5 percent decrease, or 51 less offenses from 1973. This crime against the person made up 43.9 percent of the Crime Index offenses in 1974 and comprised 90.6 percent of the crimes of violence. Regionally, Aberdeen reported 30.6 percent of the total count of these crimes followed by Phoenix with 22.8 percent, Navajo with 19.7 percent, Billings with 11.1 percent, Albuquerque with 7.0 percent, Portland with 3.5 percent, Minneapolis with 3.3 percent and Eastern with 2.0 percent.

Trend

In 1974, the volume of aggravated assault offenses decreased 1.5 percent from 1973 and 6.3 percent decrease from 1972 and 10.7 percent over 1970.

Aggravated Assault Rate

For each 100,000 persons in Indian country during 1974, there were 970.3 victims of aggravated assaults. The victim rate in Indian country for aggravated assault decreased 1.5 percent under 1973, and 6.3 percent under 1972 and 10.7 percent over 1970. Minneapolis Area was highest with a rate of 3,533.3 per 100,000 followed by Aberdeen with 2,018.4, Eastern with 1,650.0, Phoenix with 1,443.1, Billings with 1,193.3, Albuquerque with 648.6, Navajo with 500.0 and Portland with 345.5.

Clearances

Indian law enforcement agencies were successful in solving 81 of each 100 cases of aggravated assault in 1974. This clearance rate was 91 in 1973. This relatively high solution rate is consistent with high solution rates in other crimes against the person. Persons under 18 years of age were identified in 10.8 percent of these clearances.

Persons Arrested

Arrests for aggravated assault in 1974 decreased 8.9 percent from 1970. Since 1970, arrests of persons 18 years of age and over for aggravated assault have decreased 11.0 percent and arrests of persons under 18 years of age for this offense have increased 13.2 percent. As a group, persons 18 years of age and over accounted for 89.3 percent of the arrests for aggravated assault in 1974 and those under age 18 accounted for 10.7

percent. Arrests of males outnumbered females by 4 to 1.

Persons Charged

Indian law enforcement agencies have difficulty in obtaining convictions based on the original charge in the aggravated assault category. The close family or other relationship which exist between victims and assailants in this category accounts for the victims' frequent unwillingness to testify for the prosecution. Acquittals and dismissals, therefore, continue to run high, with one out of every three cases being subjected to this type of disposition. Eighty-nine point five percent of adults charged for aggravated assault in 1974 were prosecuted. Fifty-eight point seven percent of the adults prosecuted for this offense were convicted on this charge, 6.1 percent were convicted of lesser charges while 5.9 percent of all persons processed were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction.

FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape, as defined under this program, is the carnal knowledge of a female through the use of force or the threat of force. Assaults to commit forcible rape are also included; however, statutory rape (without force) is not counted in this category. Crime counts in this offense classification are broken down by actual forcible rapes and attempted forcible rapes.

Volume

During 1974, there was a total of 210 forcible rapes reported. Numerically, the volume increased by 54 offenses over 1973. Forcible rape continues, as in prior years, to comprise 2.9 percent of the Crime Index total. It makes up nearly 5.9 percent of the volume of crimes of violence. When viewed by Areas, Aberdeen and the Navajo recorded 31.4 percent of the total volume while Phoenix had 20.9 percent, Albuquerque 6.7 percent, Billings had 4.8 percent, Portland 2.9 percent, Minneapolis 1.9 percent, and Eastern Area had no forcible rapes again this year.

Trend

The volume of forcible rape offenses in 1974 increased 34.6 percent over 1973, and 81.0 percent since 1970.

Forcible Rape Risk

A crime rate, in its proper perspective, is a

victim risk rate since it equates the number of crimes per unit of population. In 1974, about 124 out of every 100,000 females in Indian country were reported rape victims. Since 1970, the forcible rape rate per 100,000 females has increased 59.8 percent. In 1974, the forcible rape rate per 100,000 females increased 34.5 percent over 1973.

Nature of Offenses

In 1974, 73.8 percent of all forcible rape offenses were actual rapes by force while the remainder were attempts or assaults to commit forcible rape. This offense is a violent crime against the person, and of all the Crime Index offenses, Indian law enforcement administrators recognize that this offense is probably one of the most under-reported crimes due primarily to fear and/or embarrassment on the part of the victims. As an average, 36.0 percent of all forcible rapes reported to Indian police were determined by investigation to be unfounded. In other words, the police established that no forcible rape offense or attempt occurred. This is caused primarily due to the question of the use or threat of force frequently complicated by a prior relationship between victim and offender. Crime counts in this publication are limited to actual offenses established by investigation.

Clearances

Of the total forcible rapes reported in 1974 to Indian law enforcement, 64.3 percent were cleared by arrest. This is a 25.7 percent decrease from the clearance rate from 1973. Of the total clearance for forcible rape, 25.2 percent were by the arrest of persons under the age of 18.

Persons Arrested

Total arrests for forcible rape increased 5.1 percent, with the arrest of persons under 18 years of age, increased 36.6 percent over 1973. All arrests for forcible rape in 1974 compared to 1970 indicate an increase of 14.8 percent. Figures for the same years indicate that arrests of persons under 18 years of age have increased 14.3 percent.

Persons Charged

Of all adults charged with the offense of rape, the

volume increased 63.6 percent over 1973. Prosecutive problems accounted for acquittals and/or dismissals in 52.8 percent of the cases. Twenty-seven point eight percent of the adults prosecuted were found guilty of the substantive offense and 19.4 percent were convicted of lesser offenses. Juvenile referrals amounted to 15.5 percent of the persons processed on forcible rape charges in 1974.

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Section 5
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FORCIBLE RAPE
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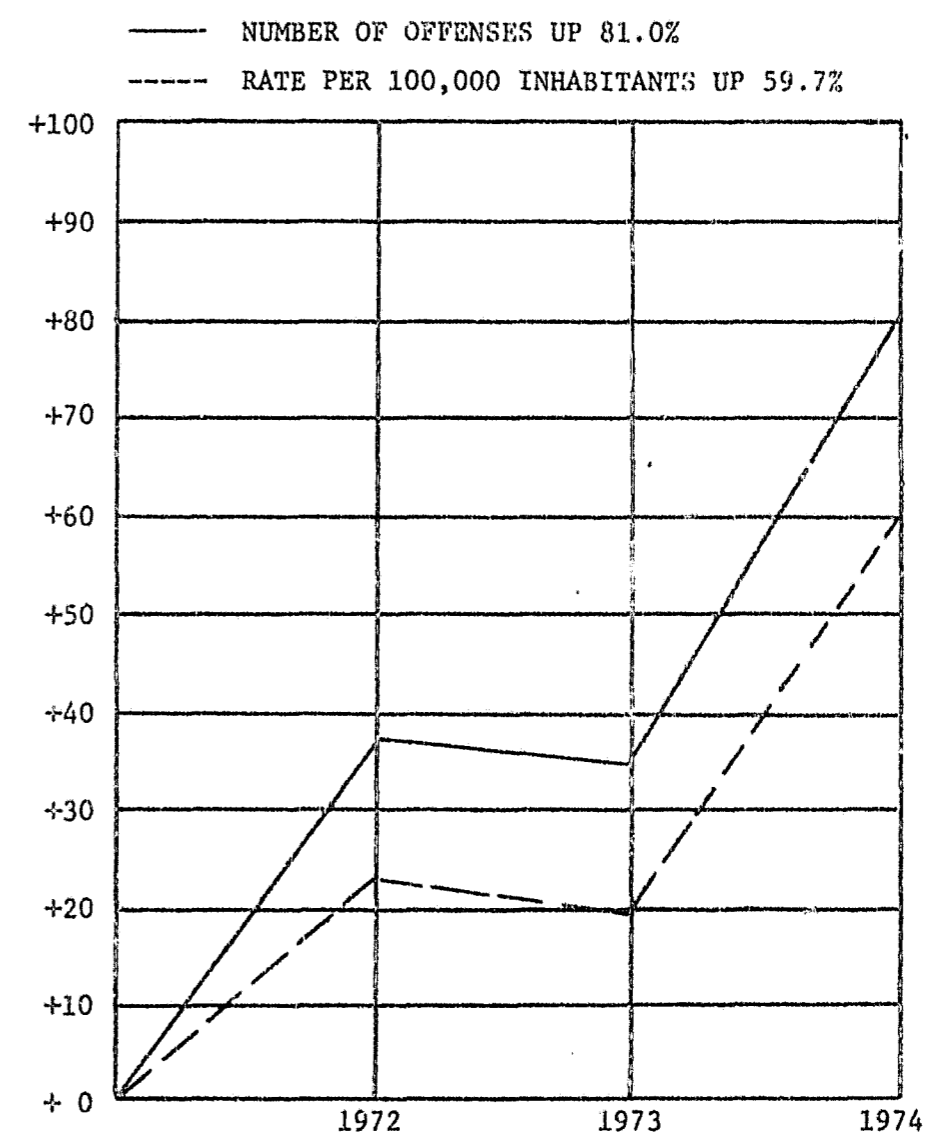


CHART 5

ROBBERY

Robbery is a vicious type of crime which takes place in the presence of the victim to obtain property or a thing of value from a person by use of force or threat of force. Assault to commit robbery and attempts are included. This is a violent crime and frequently results in injury to the victim. For crime reporting purposes, information concerning robbery is collected for armed robbery where any weapon is used, and strong-arm robbery where no weapon other than a personal weapon, is used. The latter category includes crimes such as mugging, yoking, etc.

Volume

The volume of robberies decreased in 1974 by 18 offenses from the prior year. There were 55 robbery offenses reported committed in Indian country in 1974. This offense makes up 0.7 percent of the total crime Index and comprises 1.5 percent of the crime of violence.

The heaviest volume of robbery offenses occurred in the Aberdeen Area with 30.9 percent of the total. The Phoenix Area with 23.6 percent, Portland had 16.4 percent, followed by Navajo Area with 14.5 percent, Minneapolis Area had 5.5 percent amount of robberies. Albuquerque and Billings had 3.6 percent, followed by the Eastern Area with 1.8 percent.

Trend

When the total robbery offenses occurring in 1974 is compared with the 1973 total, a 24.7 percent decrease is noted. Since 1970, robbery was increased by 41.0 percent.

Geographically, Minneapolis Area experienced a 300.0 percent increase in robbery offenses. The Phoenix Area had 160.0 percent increase. The Albuquerque and Eastern Areas had a 100.0 percent increase. The Portland Area reported 80.0 percent increase. The Aberdeen Area reported a 61.4 percent. Billings had a decrease of 60.0 percent in robbery offenses. Navajo Area had a decrease of 38.5 percent this year.

Robbery Rate

The 1974 robbery rate of 16.5 victims per 100,000 inhabitants was 24.7 percent above the 1973 rate.

Clearances

In 1974, Indian law enforcement agencies were successful in clearing 87.3 percent of the robbery offenses reported. Eight-three point three percent of the robberies which were cleared involved adults. Under 18 years of age figured in the clearance of 38.9 percent of the armed robberies.

Persons Arrested

In Indian country, arrests for robbery decreased 45.9 percent in 1974 compared to 1973.

Of all persons arrested for robbery, 18.6 percent were under the age of 18. Robbery arrests for this young age group recorded a 54.2 percent increase in 1974 from 1973.

In 1974, 1.0 of every 100 persons arrested for robbery were females. Arrests of women for this offense increased 400.0 percent in 1974 compared to 1973.

Persons Charged

In 1974, 93.8 percent of all adults arrested for robbery were prosecuted. 18.2 percent of the persons processed for this crime were juveniles whose cases were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Of the adults prosecuted in 1974, 80.0 percent were convicted of the substantive offense, 6.7 percent were convicted for lesser charges, and 13.3 percent were acquitted or their cases dismissed.

BURGLARY

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program defines burglary as the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft, even though no force was used to gain entry. The offense of burglary in this Program is broken down into three subclassifications: forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry.

Volume

A total of 1.404 burglaries occurred in Indian country during 1974. The increase in the number of offenses from 1973 to 1974 was 33.0 of the Crime Index offenses, burglary makes up 19.1 percent of the total. When viewed as a segment of property crime, burglary is found to comprise 37.0 percent of the total.

Geographically, the Navajo Area reported 25.6 percent of the total volume, the Phoenix Area with 25.3 percent, Aberdeen with 18.7 percent, Billings with 14.8 percent, the Minneapolis Area had 2.6 percent of the total volume and Eastern Area with 2.1 percent.

Trend

The four-year trend, 1970, 1972, 1973, 1974 indicates burglary offenses have risen 65.2 percent during the period. In 1974, burglary increased 33.0 percent from 1973 as compared to an increase of 16.1 percent 1972 over 1970.

Burglary

The burglary rate of 1974 was 421.6 per 100,000 inhabitants. During the period 1970-74, this rate increased 45.8 percent. The burglary rate of 1974 increased 33.0 percent when compared with 1973.

Minneapolis recorded the highest burglary rate in 1974 with 1,200.0 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants followed by Eastern with 725.0, Phoenix 696.1, Billings 693.3, Aberdeen 536.7, Navajo 282.7, Portland 272.7, and Albuquerque with 182.9.

Clearances

As suggested earlier, burglary is a crime of stealth. This characteristic tends to make the detection of the perpetrator more difficult. In 1974, Indian law enforcement was successful in clearing 59.9 percent of the total burglary offenses.

Adults were involved in 52.6 percent of all cases cleared while young persons under 18 years of age were involved in 47.4 percent.

Persons Arrested

In this program, the arrest of one person may account for the clearance of numerous offenses. Likewise, the arrest of several may clear only one offense. In the offense of burglary, it has been the experience of Indian law enforcement that the arrest of one person frequently clears several reported offenses. In 1974, total arrests of persons under the age of 18 increased by 38.1 percent while arrests of persons 18 years and over increased 52.0 percent.

In analyzing the 1970-1974 period, a 59.6 percent increase in burglary arrests is seen. Arrests of individuals under the age of 18 increased 28.6 percent, while arrests of adult burglary offenders increased 12.7 percent.

Young persons under 18 accounted for 53.7 percent of all arrests for this crime. Females were involved in 18.4 percent of every arrest for burglary during 1974.

Persons Charged

In 1974, 82.2 percent of the adults charged for burglary were prosecuted. In 1973, all adults arrested for this offense were prosecuted. Of the adults prosecuted in 1974, 51.1 percent were found guilty as charged. Conviction for lesser offenses accounted for 13.7 percent and 35.2 percent were freed through acquittal or dismissal of charges. Juveniles referred to juvenile court jurisdiction accounted for 36.6 percent of all persons processed for burglary in 1974.

LARCENY-THEFT

Larceny-theft is the unlawful taking or stealing of property or articles of value without the use of force, violence, or fraud. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, thefts of auto parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc. In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, this crime category does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and worthless checks. Auto theft, of course is excluded from this category for crime reporting purposes inasmuch as it is a separate Crime Index offense.

Total larceny-theft became a Crime Index Offense replacing larceny of \$50 or over. Crime trends reported are based on total larcenies reported in 1973 and 1974, and any comparisons made with crime counts for prior years must utilize the total larceny-theft count rather than a larceny of \$50 or over for a realistic comparison.

Volume

In 1974, there were 2,154 reported offenses of larceny-theft, which was an increase from 1,775 such crimes in 1973. This offense makes up 29.3 percent of the Crime Index total.

The 1974 total larceny figure increased 21.4 percent from 1973.

Geographically, the volume of larceny-theft was highest in Aberdeen which reported 27.8 percent of the total number followed by Navajo with 22.7 percent, Phoenix with 19.7 percent, Billings with 11.9 percent, Minneapolis with 2.7 percent and Eastern with 1.4 percent.

Trend

Larceny-theft increased 21.4 percent in 1974 when compared to the previous year. Indian-countrywide this offense has increased 52.4 percent since 1970.

Larceny-Theft Rate

During 1974, the larceny crime rate was 646.8 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants, an increase of 21.4 percent from the 1973 rate. The rate has increased 34.6 percent 1970. Viewed geographically, Minneapolis reported the highest larceny rate with 1,966.7 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants which was 35.1 percent above 1973. Aberdeen had a rate of 1,220.4 up 48.8 percent, Billings 856.7 down 43.4 percent, Phoenix 833.3 up 120.2 percent, Eastern 750.0 up 36.4 percent, Portland 636.4 down 28.3 percent, Navajo 385.8 up 98.4 percent and Albuquerque Area with 242.9 down 20.5 percent.

Clearances

The nature of larceny, a crime of opportunity sneak thievery, and petty unobserved thefts makes it an extremely difficult offense for Indian law enforcement officers to solve. A lack of witnesses and the tremendous volume of these crimes work in the offender's favor. In 1974, 56.2 percent of all larceny offenses brought to police attention were solved. Involvement of the young age group is demonstrated by the fact that 38.6 percent of these crimes which were cleared involved persons under 18 years of age.

Persons Arrested

Twenty-four point two of the total arrests for Crime Index offenses in 1974 were for larceny. Arrests for this crime decreased 18.6 percent, 1974 from 1973. Forty-three point six percent of these arrests were of persons under 18 years of age. When examined by sex of arrested persons, it was determined that females comprised 13.6 percent of all arrests for larceny-theft.

Arrests of females decreased 38.0 percent in 1974, while arrests of males decreased 14.4 percent. The total volume of arrests for larceny-theft in 1974, as compared with the 1970 figures, indicates a 43.8 percent increase. Arrests of individuals under 18 were 81.4 percent more than 1970. The number of adult arrests rose 24.0 percent over the number of arrests for this offense in 1970.

Persons Charged

In 1974, 85.5 percent of the adults charged for larceny-theft were prosecuted, 60.3 percent of the adults prosecuted for larceny-theft were found guilty of this offense, 5.5 percent were found guilty of a lesser charge, and 34.2 percent had their cases dismissed or were acquitted. Twenty-eight point two percent of persons processed in 1974 for larceny were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction.

AUTO THEFT

Auto theft is defined as the unlawful taking or stealing of a motor vehicle, including attempts. This definition excludes taking for temporary use of those persons having lawful access to the vehicle.

Volume

In 1974, 237 motor vehicles were reported stolen. This is a 5.6 percent decrease compared to 1973 when 251 motor vehicles were reported stolen.

Geographically, the volume of auto theft in 1974 was highest in Aberdeen which reported 60.8 percent of the total number followed by Portland with 10.5 percent, Navajo reported 10.1 percent, Phoenix with 9.3 percent, Billings had 5.1 percent, Albuquerque with 2.1 percent, Minneapolis with 1.3 percent, Eastern with 0.8 percent. This crime made up 3.2 percent of the total Crime Index offense volume.

Trend

The number of auto thefts in 1974 decreased 5.6 percent compared to 1973. The number of auto thefts has increased 3.9 percent since 1970.

Geographically, auto thefts in Albuquerque Area reported 400.0 percent up, Aberdeen with 92.0 percent up, Navajo up 71.4 percent, Portland down 21.9 percent,

Minneapolis down 40.0 percent, Phoenix down 51.1 percent, Billings with 81.5 percent down, and Eastern down 85.7 percent.

Auto Theft Rate

The 1974 auto theft rate of 71.2 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants is 5.6 percent lower than in 1973. Since 1970, the auto theft rate has decreased 8.2 percent.

Regionally, Aberdeen had the highest auto theft rate in 1974. This rate was 293.9 and increase of 92.1 percent followed by Minneapolis decrease of 40.0. Portland had 75.8 a decrease of 21.9 percent, Eastern with a rate of 50.0 a decrease of 85.7 percent, Phoenix had 43.1 a decrease of 51.1 percent, Billings had a rate of 40.0 a decrease of 81.5 percent, Albuquerque had a rate of 14.3 an increase of 400.0 percent.

Clearances

Indian law enforcement agencies were successful in solving 56.1 percent of the auto thefts.

In all geographic areas, the participants of the young age group population is indicated by the high proportion of these clearances which involved persons under 18 years of age. Thirty-six point eight percent of the auto thefts solved involved juveniles.

Persons Arrested

As in prior years, persons arrested for auto theft in Indian country come primarily from the young age group population. Although, in 1974, 41.6 percent of all persons arrested for this crime were under 18 years of age.

The trend in auto theft arrests in Indian country disclose a decrease of 19.4 percent in 1974 when compared to 1973. Adult arrests decreased 11.0 percent. Arrests of persons under 18 decreased 28.8 percent. During the period 1970-1974, auto theft arrests increased 25.0 percent.

Females under 18 years of age recorded a decrease of 37.5 percent in arrests for auto theft from 1973.

Persons Charged

Indian police reports disclosed that of all persons formally processed for auto theft in 1974, 33.6 percent

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were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. When the remaining adult offenders were considered as a group, 38.4 percent of those processed on charges of auto theft were found guilty as charged, 12.3 percent were convicted of lesser charges, and 49.3 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed.

AUTO THEFT
1974
PERCENT CHANGE FROM 1970

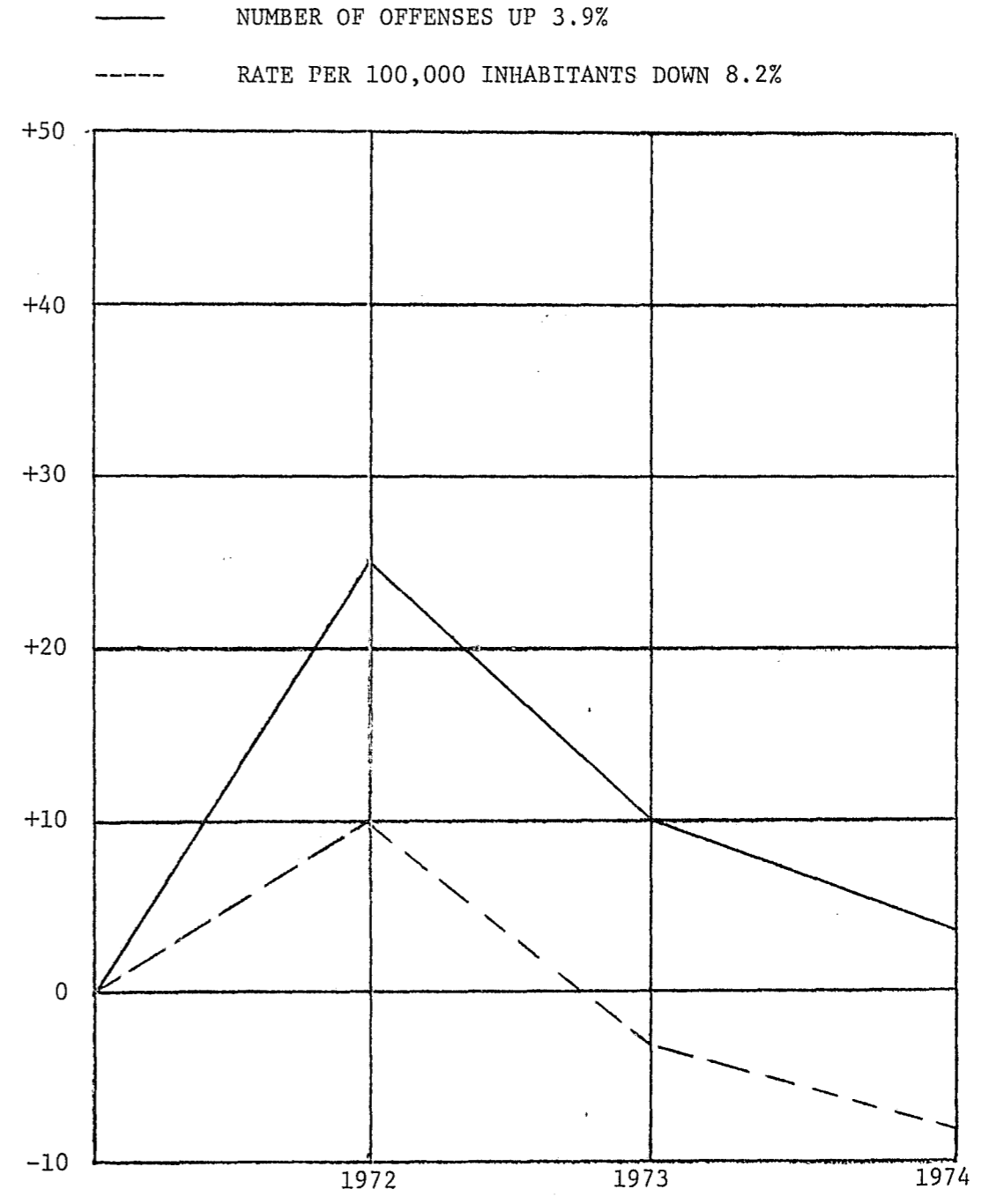


CHART 6

CRIME INDEX OFFENSES

1974

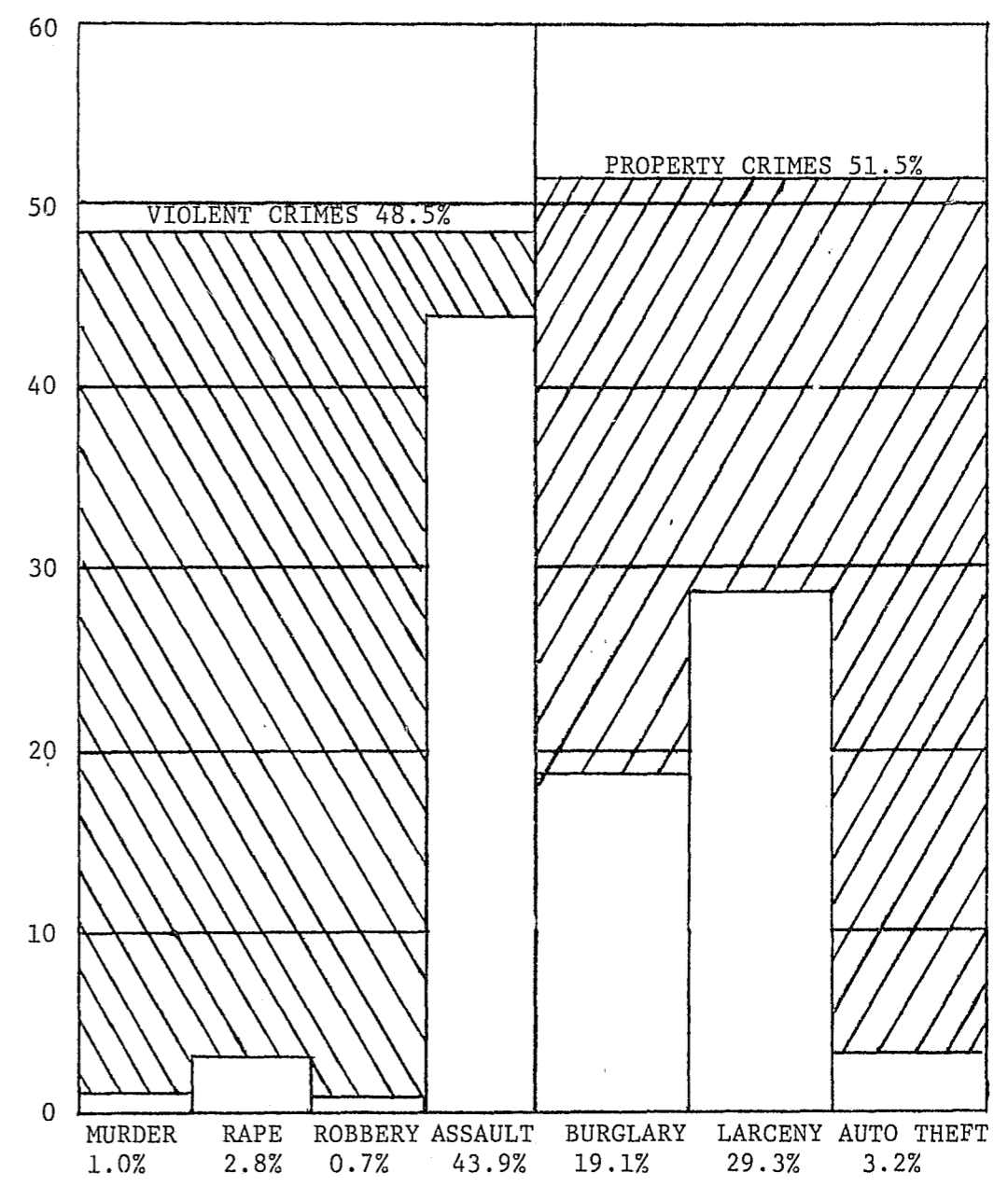


CHART 7

CLEARANCES

In this Program, police clear a crime when they have identified the offender and have sufficient evidence to charge him. Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional instances when some element beyond police control precludes the placing of formal charges against the offender, such as, the victim's refusal to prosecute after the offender is identified or local prosecution is declined. The identification of one person can clear several crimes or several persons may be identified in the process of clearing one crime.

Indian law enforcement agencies cleared 68.5 percent of the Index Crimes during 1974 compared with 78.5 percent in 1973. In 1974, Indian law enforcement agencies cleared 78.9 percent of the murder offenses down from 86.2 percent in 1973, 64.3 percent of forcible rapes compared with 86.3 percent the prior year, 81.2 percent of aggravated assaults, as compared to 90.6 percent in 1973, 87.3 percent of the robberies up from 79.5 percent the prior year. Solutions in the property crime categories showed police cleared 59.9 percent of the burglary in 1974 and 60.1 percent of burglary in 1973, 56.2 percent of the total larcenies were cleared compared with 67.9 percent the prior year, and 56.1 percent of the auto thefts down from 64.9 percent in 1973. Police are able to clear a higher percentage of the crimes against the person, not only because of the more intense investigative effort afforded these violent crimes requiring police attention, but more importantly, because witnesses are usually available who can identify the perpetrators.

The highest overall Crime Index clearance rate regionally was recorded by Phoenix with 87.6 percent, followed by Albuquerque with 81.4 percent, Minneapolis with 72.5 percent, Navajo with 68.1 percent, Eastern with 62.0 percent, Billings with 61.8 percent, Aberdeen with 57.8 percent, and Portland with 52.9 percent.

The accompanying chart reveals crime and police clearance experience for 1973 and 1974. From 1970 to 1974 the Crime Index offenses rose 39.9 percent. Police response to this upward trend was a 24.8 percent increase in the number of Crime Index Offenses cleared and a 12.6 percent increase in the number of arrests for Crime Index offenses.

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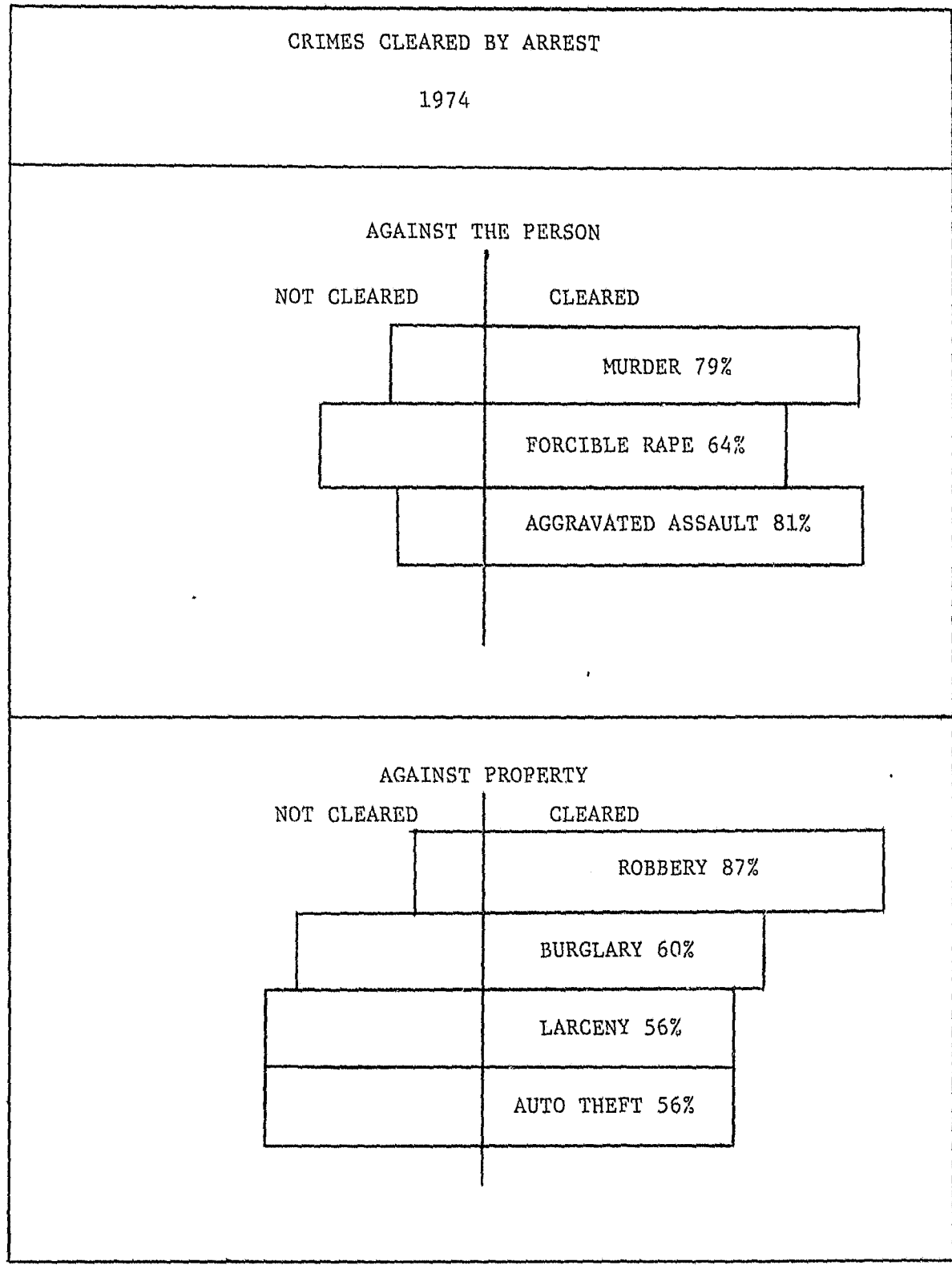


CHART 8

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1970 1971 1972 1973 1974

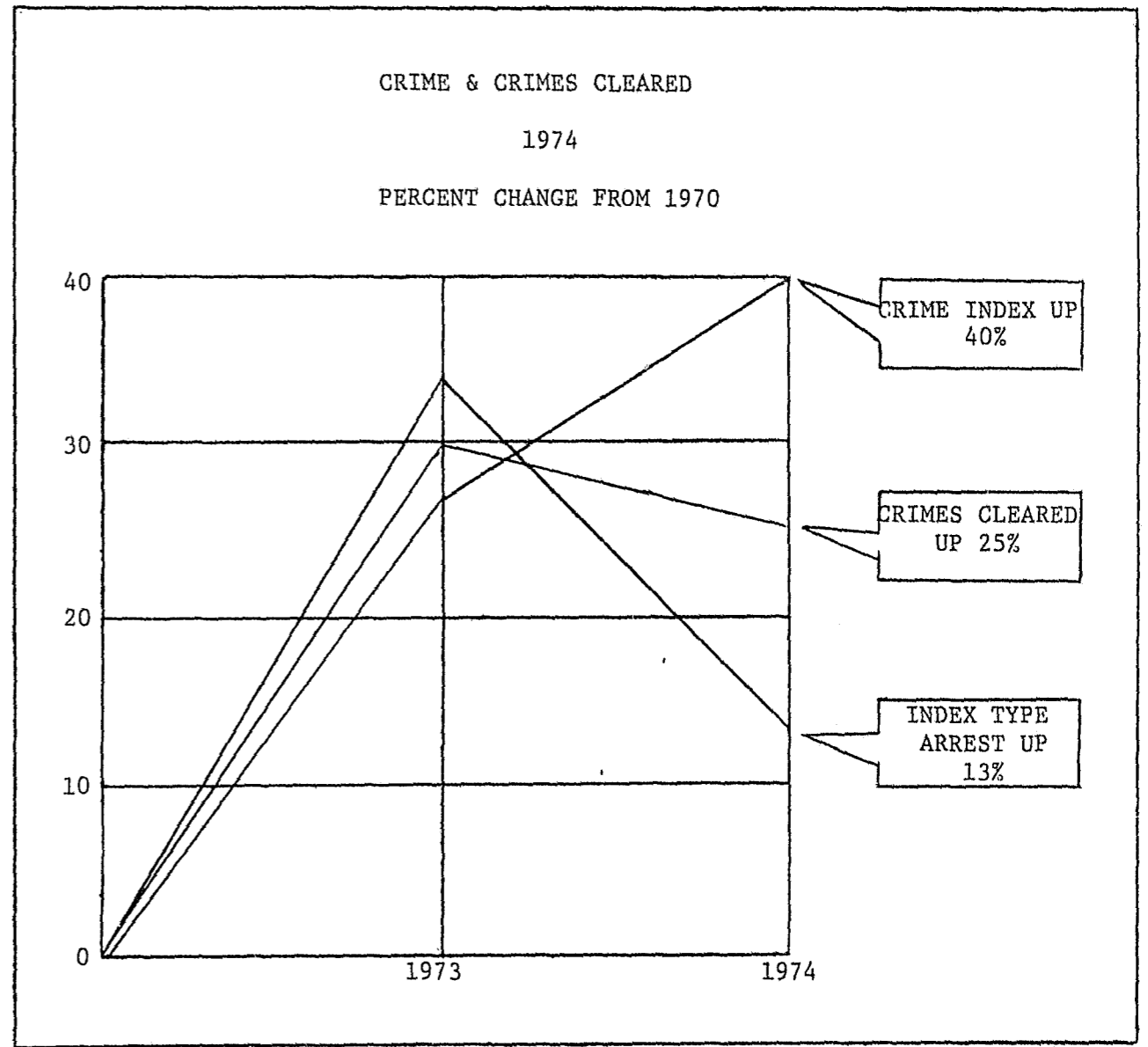


CHART 9

Offenses Cleared by Arrest of Juveniles

One means of measuring the involvement of the young age group in crimes is to identify the number of crimes in which they are the offenders. In 1974, 24.8 percent of all Crime Index offenses solved involved persons under 18 years of age.

PERSONS ARRESTED

In 1974, Indian law enforcement agencies reported they made 67,800 arrests nationally for all criminal acts, except traffic offenses. The arrest rate was 20.4 arrests for each 1,000 persons. In 1973, there were 22.8 arrests for each 1,000 inhabitants.

Arrests are primarily a measure of police activity. Arrest practices, policies, and enforcement emphasis will vary from place to place and within a community from time to time. The volume of police arrests for certain unlawful conduct, such as, drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and certain local ordinances is particularly influenced by the above. On the other hand, robbery, burglary, and other arrests for serious crimes are more likely the result of standard procedures. Arrests are first a measure of police activity as it relates to crime. Arrests do, however, provide a useful index to indicate involvement in criminal acts by the age, sex, and race of the perpetrators, particularly for those crimes which have a high solution rate. Procedures used in this Program required that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion when a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. Arrests do not measure the number of individuals taken into custody since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses. As noted above, this happens frequently for certain types of offenses against public order, such as drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and related violations.

Arrest Trend

In 1974, Indian police arrests for all offenses except traffic decreased 10.7 percent from 1973. During this time arrests of persons under 18 years of age decreased 2.5 percent and arrests of persons 18 years of age and over decreased 12.2 percent.

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During the five-year period, 1970-1974 police arrests for all offenses, except traffic, decreased 2.7 percent with the arrests of persons under 18 years of age up 25.8 percent and the arrests of persons 18 years of age and over, down 6.9 percent. When only the Crime Index offenses are used in computing this five-year trend, the increase was 12.4 percent. Arrested persons under 18 years of age increased 38.7 percent while the adult arrests increased 4.8 percent. Violent crime arrests for persons under 18 years of age increased 15.4 percent while the property crime arrests increased 48.2 percent. Adult arrest for violent crime was down 8.5 percent and property crime was up 49.2 percent.

Nationally, persons under 18 years of age made up 14.5 percent of the total police arrests.

In reviewing arrest figures, it is important to keep in mind that police arrest practices and emphases vary which account for some variations in these statistics from year to year.

Sex

Total male arrests outnumbered female arrests by almost 4 to 1 in 1974. Male arrests in 1974 increased 0.6 percent while female arrests were down 13.1 percent from 1973. Fifteen point two percent of arrests for Crime Index offenses were of female persons. Eighteen point three percent of the arrests for violent crimes in 1974 involved females and arrests of females for these types of crimes decreased 33.4 percent from 1973. Their involvement was primarily for assault which accounted for 62.5 percent of all female arrests. In fact, 11.6 percent of all property crime arrests in 1974 were of females. Females accounted for 20.0 percent of the forgery, 37.4 percent of the fraud, 31.0 percent of the embezzlement, and 29.1 percent of the narcotics arrests.

The five-year arrest trends, 1970-1974, revealed that arrests for young females under 18 years of age increased 45.7 percent, while arrests for young males under 18 increased 28.1 percent. When the violent crimes as a group are considered, arrests of males 1970-1974, were down 9.7 percent and female arrests increased 14.3 percent.

ARRESTS BY AREAS, 1974

(RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS)

OFFENSES	TOTAL	AB.	ALB.	BILL.	EAST.
Murder	24.0	14.3	22.9	33.3	25.0
Forcible Rape	55.9	63.3	20.0	53.3	-
Robbery	17.7	40.8	-	10.0	25.0
Aggravated Assault	768.5	1685.7	637.1	560.0	1400.0
Burglary	291.1	467.3	74.3	443.3	225.0
Larceny	382.3	718.4	205.7	476.7	350.0
Auto Larceny	37.5	71.4	5.7	40.0	25.0
Total	1577.8	3061.2	965.7	1616.7	2050.0

OFFENSES	MINN.	NAV.	PHOE.	PORT.
Murder	-	27.6	27.5	15.2
Forcible Rape	33.3	65.4	80.4	21.2
Robbery	66.7	4.7	29.4	36.4
Aggravated Assault	2800.0	384.3	1213.7	287.9
Burglary	-	181.9	602.0	112.1
Larceny	933.3	180.3	733.3	184.8
Auto Theft	66.7	20.5	56.9	54.5
Total	3900.0	864.6	2743.1	712.1

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PERSONS CHARGED

Disposition data reveals the results of cases in which law enforcement agencies have made an arrest and subsequently formally charged the offender in a court of jurisdiction. This information is important to the law enforcement administrator in evaluating the quality of investigations and court presentation functions.

In 1974, of the adults prosecuted for Crime Index offenses, 56.6 percent were found guilty as charged. Seven point six percent of a lesser charge and 35.7 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed.

It must be recognized that not all arrested persons are turned over to the courts for prosecution. There are various reasons for this: Failure of the victim to cooperate or appear for the prosecution, persons arrested are released with a warning, evidence is obtained which discloses the arrested person did not commit the offense, or there is not sufficient evidence obtainable to support either a formal charge or a subsequent prosecution.

Sixteen point two percent of the persons processed for the Crime Index categories were young persons under 18 years of age referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Juvenile referrals were highest for larceny with 28.2 percent of those processed for this offense, 32.2 percent burglary, 5.9 percent assault, 33.6 percent auto theft, 12.0 percent rape, 16.1 percent robbery, and 12.2 percent murder.

In 1974, 54.7 percent of the murder defendants were guilty as charged, 11.3 percent of a lesser offense and 34.0 percent were either acquitted or their cases were dismissed. Thirteen point three percent of those charged with forcible rape were acquitted or had their cases dismissed, and 35.2 percent of the persons charged with aggravated assault won their freedom through acquittal or dismissal.

Robbery, 80.0 percent, recorded the highest percentage for persons found guilty on the original charge in 1974. This was followed by 60.3 percent on the original charge for larceny, 58.7 percent for assault, 54.7 for murder, 51.1 for burglary, 38.4 percent for auto theft, and 27.8 percent for rape. The offense which had the highest percentage guilty of a lesser charge was rape where 19.4 percent of the defendants were convicted on some charge other than robbery.

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SUMMARY OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING PROGRAM

Indian Uniform Crime Reports provide a nationwide view of crime based on the submission of police statistics by local Indian law enforcement agencies throughout the country where the Bureau of Indian Affairs and/or tribes maintain such programs. The extent of coverage as demonstrated by this publication is a tribute to the cooperative and dedicated spirit of the Indian law enforcement community in Indian country.

Offenses in Uniform Crime Reporting:

Offenses in Indian Uniform Crime Reporting are divided into three groupings designated as Part I, Part II, and Part III offenses. Crime Index offenses are included among the Part I offenses.

The Part I offenses are as follows:

1. Criminal Homicide: a. Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter: All willful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Excludes attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, or justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides are limited to: (1) The killing of a person by a peace officer in line of duty; (2) The killing of a person in the act of committing a felony by a private citizen. b. Manslaughter by Negligence: Any death which the police investigation established was primarily attributable to gross negligence or some individual other than the victim.
2. Forcible Rape: Rape by force, assault to rape and attempted rape. Excludes statutory offenses (no force used--victim under age of consent).
3. Robbery: Stealing or taking anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person by force or violence or by putting in fear; such as, strong-arm robbery, stickups, armed robbery, assaults to rob, and attempts to rob.
4. Aggravated Assault: Assault with intent to kill or for the purpose of inflicting severe

bodily injury by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by the use of acids, explosives, or other means. Excludes simple assaults.

5. Burglary: -breaking or entering- burglary, housebreaking, safecracking, or any breaking or unlawful entry of a structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. Includes attempted forcible entry.

6. Larceny: Theft (except auto theft) a. Fifty dollars and over in value; b. under \$50 in value. Thefts of bicycles, automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or any stealing of property or article which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Excludes embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc.

7. Auto Theft: Unlawful taking or stealing of a motor vehicle.

The Part II offenses are:

8. Other Assaults: Assaults which are not of an aggravated nature.

9. Arson: Willful or malicious burning with or without intent to defraud. Includes attempts.

10. Forgery and Counterfeiting: Making, altering, uttering, or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

11. Fraud: Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks except forgeries and counterfeiting. Also includes larceny by bailee.

12. Embezzlement: Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

13. Stolen property; buying, receiving, possession: Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property and attempts.

14. Vandalism: Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of property

- without consent of the owner or person having custody or control.
15. Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.: All violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possession, furnishing, and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers. Includes attempts.
 16. Prostitution and commercialized vice: Sex offenses of a commercialized nature and attempts; such as, prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring or transporting women for immoral purposes.
 17. Sex offenses (except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice): Statutory rape, offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like. Includes attempts.
 18. Narcotic Drug Laws: Offenses relating to narcotic drugs; such as, unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making narcotic drugs.
 19. Gambling: Promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.
 20. Offenses Against the Family and Children: Nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.
 21. Driving Under the Influence: Driving or operating any motor vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.
 22. Liquor Laws: Federal or local liquor law violations, except "drunkenness" (class 23) and "driving under the influence" (class 21). Excludes Federal violations.
 23. Drunkenness: Drunkenness or intoxication.
 24. Disorderly Conduct: Breach of the peace.
 25. Vagrancy: Vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.
 26. All Other Offenses: All violations of Federal or local laws, except classes 1-25, 27-29 and traffic.

- 27. Suspicion: Arrests for no specific offense and released without formal charges being placed.
- 28. Curfew and Loitering Laws (juveniles): Offenses relating to violation of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.
- 29. Runaway (Juveniles): Limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statutes as runaway.

The Part III offenses are:

- 30. All traffic offenses, except Driving Under the Influence - which is a Part II offense.

THE INDEX OF CRIME, 1974

In this section, tabulations are shown to indicate the probable extent, fluctuation, and distribution of crime for Indian country as a whole and geographic areas. The measure used is a Crime Index consisting of seven important offenses which are counted as they become known to Indian law enforcement agencies. Crime classifications used in the Index are: Murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary-breaking or entering, larceny-theft and auto theft.

The total number of criminal acts that occur is unknown, but those that are reported to the police provide the first means of a count. Not all crimes come readily to the attention of the police; and not all crimes are of sufficient importance to be significant in an index; and not all important crimes occur with enough regularity to be meaningful in an index. With these considerations in mind, the above crimes were selected as a group to furnish an abbreviated and convenient measure of the crime problem.

Estimates of current permanent population are used to construct crime rates. With our highly mobile Indian population all communities are affected to a greater or lesser degree of element of transient population. This factor is not accounted for in crime rate since no reliable estimates are available.

INDEX OF CRIME, INDIAN COUNTRY
1970-1972-1973-1974

POPULATION	TOTAL CRIME INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER & NON-NEG. MANSLAUGHTER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	AUTO THEFT
	NUMBER OF OFFENSES									
1970 -	5264	2773	2491	40	116	39	2578	850	1413	228
1972 -	5475	3728	1747	64	160	57	3447	987	474	286
1973 -	6680	3598	3082	87	156	73	3282	1056	1775	251
1974 -	7362	3567	3795	71	210	55	3231	1404	2154	237
PERCENT CHANGE 1970-1974	39.9	+ 28.6	+ 52.3	+ 77.5	+ 81.0	+41.0	+ 25.3	+ 65.2	+ 52.4	+ 3.9
	RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS									
1970 -	1790.5	943.2	847.3	13.6	39.5	13.3	876.9	289.1	480.6	77.6
1972 -	1644.1	1119.5	524.6	19.2	48.0	17.1	1035.1	296.4	142.3	85.9
1973 -	2006.0	1080.5	925.5	26.1	46.8	21.9	985.6	317.1	533.0	75.4
1974 -	2210.8	1071.2	1139.6	21.3	53.1	16.5	970.3	421.6	646.8	71.2
PERCENT CHANGE 1970-1974	+ 23.5	+ 13.6	+ 34.5	+ 56.6	+ 59.7	+24.1	+ 10.7	+ 45.8	+ 34.6	- 8.2

CHART 11

INDEX OF CRIME, INDIAN COUNTRY, 1974

AREA	POPULATION	TOTAL CRIME INDEX	VIOLENT CRIME	PROPERTY CRIME	MURDER & NON-NEG. MANSLAUGHTER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	ACGRVTD ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY \$50 & OVER	AUTO THEFT
TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	332,638	7,362 2,210.8	3,567 1,071.2	3,795 1,139.6	71 21.3	210 63.1	55 16.5	3,231 970.3	1,404 421.6	2,154 646.8	237 71.2
ABERDEEN TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	48,846	2,088 4,261.2	1,083 2,210.2	1,005 2,051.0	11 22.4	66 134.7	17 34.7	989 2,018.4	263 536.7	598 1,220.4	144 293.9
ALBUQUERQUE TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	34,952	409 1,168.6	255 728.6	154 440.4	12 34.3	14 40.0	2 5.7	227 648.6	64 182.9	85 242.9	5 14.3
BILLINGS TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	30,460	854 2,846.7	377 1,256.7	477 1,590.0	7 23.3	10 33.3	2 6.7	358 1,193.3	203 693.3	257 856.7	12 40.0
EASTERN TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	4,211	129 3,225.0	68 1,700.0	61 1,525.0	1 25.0	0 0.0	1 25.0	66 1,650.0	29 725.0	30 750.0	2 50.0
MINNEAPOLIS TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	3,163	211 7,033.3	113 3,766.7	98 3,266.7	0 0.0	4 133.3	3 100.0	106 3,533.3	36 1,200.0	59 1,966.7	3 100.0
NAVAJO TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	127,286	1,605 1,263.8	732 576.4	873 687.4	23 18.1	66 52.0	8 6.3	635 500.0	359 282.7	490 385.8	24 18.9
PHOENIX TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	51,099	1,610 3,156.9	808 1,584.3	802 1,572.5	15 29.4	44 86.3	13 25.5	736 1,443.1	355 696.1	425 833.3	22 43.1
PORTLAND TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.	32,621	456 1,381.8	131 397.0	325 984.8	2 6.1	6 18.2	9 27.3	114 345.5	90 272.7	210 636.4	25 75.8
RURAL AMERICA TOTAL RATE/100,000 INHBTNTS.											

CHART 12

Section 6
ARRESTS

Section 2
OFFENSES REPORTED

Section 3
UNFOUNDED OFFENSES

9

Section 5
OFFENSES SOLVED BY

OFFENSES REPORTED OR KNOWN TO POLICE
1970-1972-1974

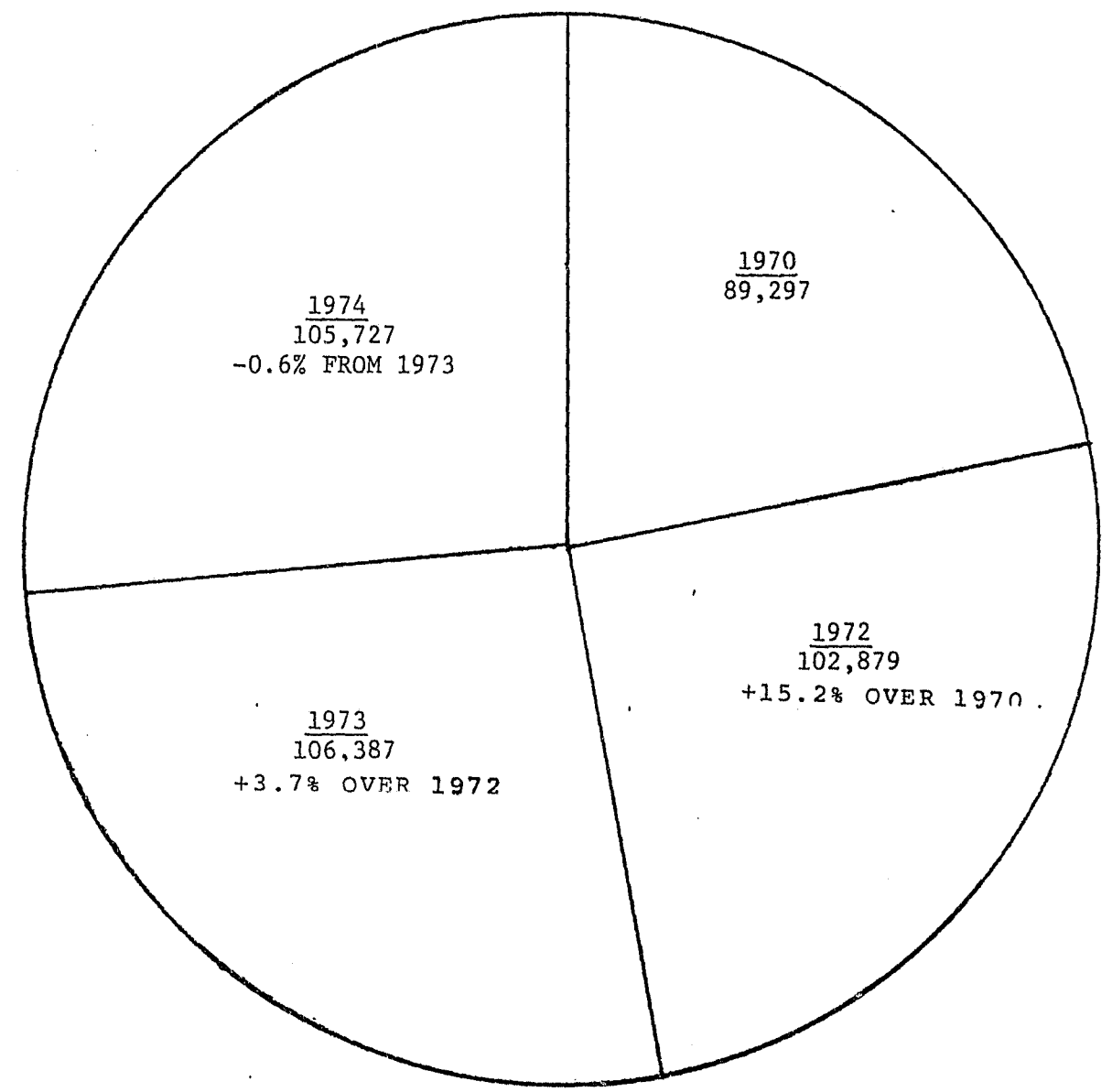


CHART 13

OFFENSES REPORTED OR KNOWN TO POLICE BY PARTS
1974
TOTAL 105,727

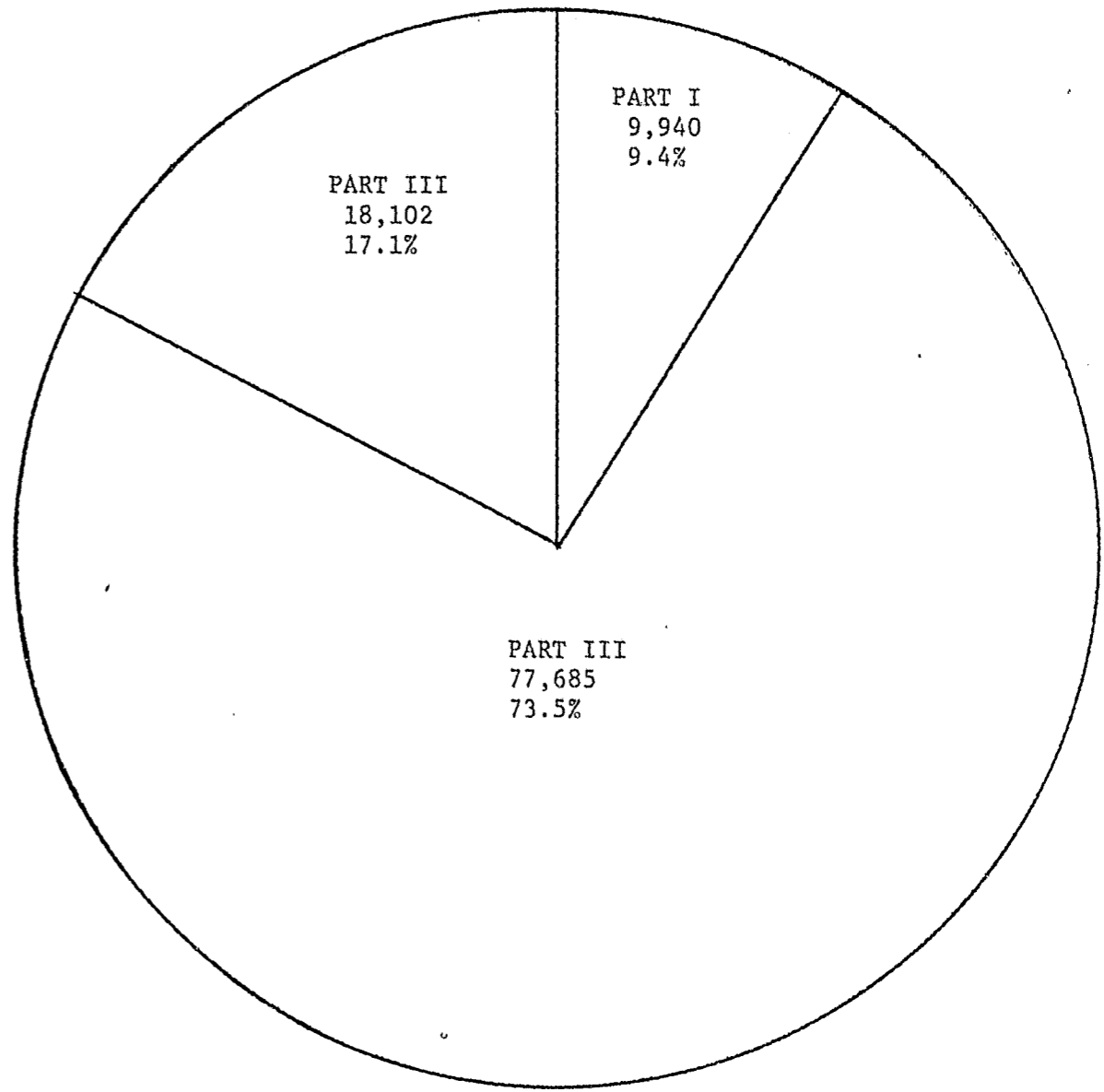


CHART 14

OFFENSES REPORTED OR KNOWN TO POLICE BY PARTS
1973
TOTAL 106,387

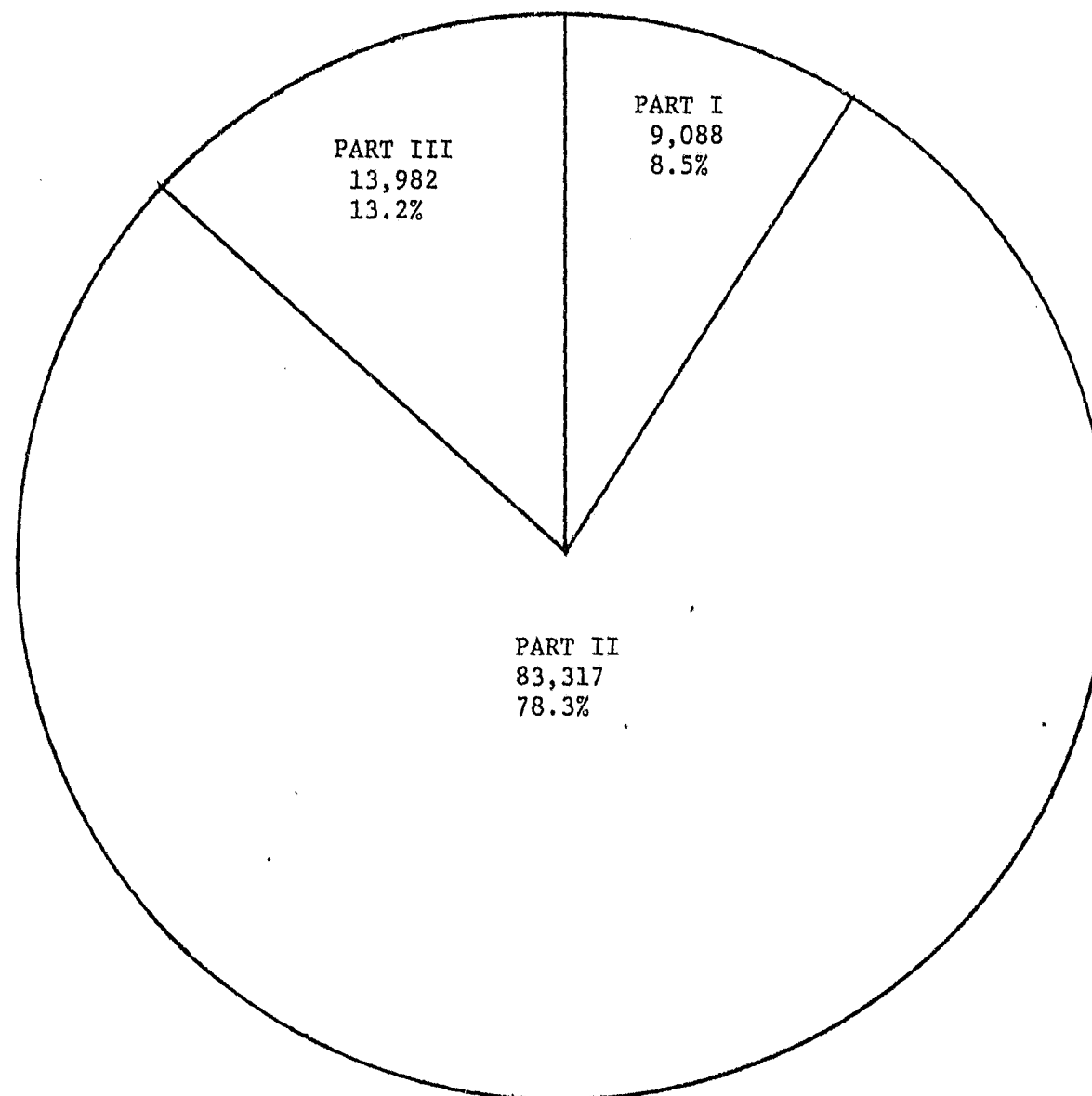


CHART 15

CONTINUED

1 OF 3

OFFENSES REPORTED OR KNOWN TO POLICE BY PARTS

1970

TOTAL 89,297

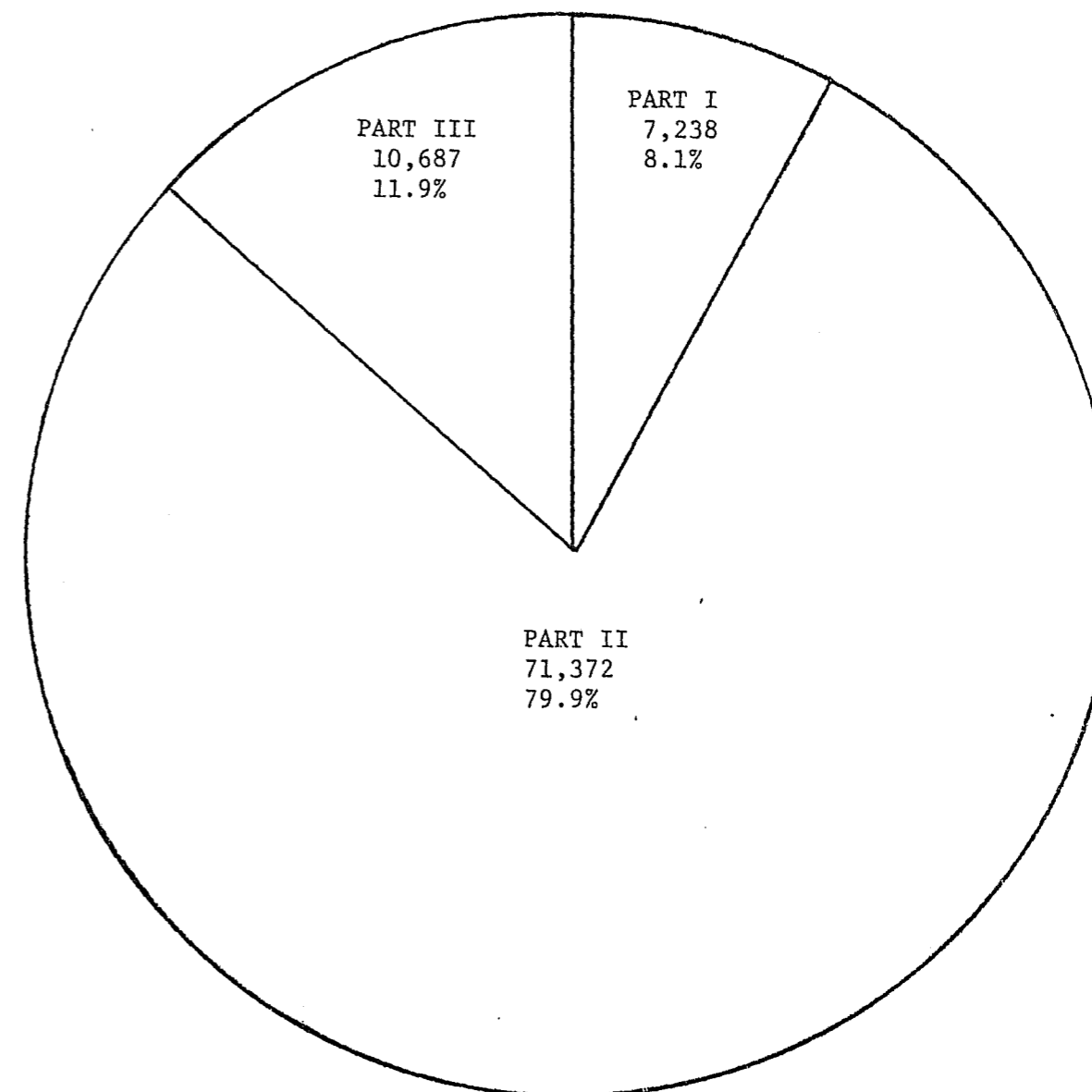


CHART 16

OFFENSES REPORTED OR KNOWN TO POLICE BY AREAS & PARTS
1974

AREA	TOTAL REPORTED	% OF TOTAL REPORTED	TOTAL BY PARTS	% OF TOTAL BY PARTS
ABERDEEN	30,292	28.7		
PART I			2,608	8.6
PART II			25,590	84.5
PART III			2,094	6.9
ALBUQUERQUE	6,955	6.6		
PART I			530	7.6
PART II			4,838	69.6
PART III			1,587	22.8
BILLINGS	18,011	17.0		
PART I			1,367	7.6
PART II			14,782	82.1
PART III			1,862	10.3
EASTERN	1,343	1.3		
PART I			150	11.2
PART II			1,136	84.6
PART III			57	4.2
MINNEAPOLIS	1,394	1.3		
PART I			315	22.6
PART II			994	71.3
PART III			85	6.1
NAVAJO	27,143	25.7		
PART I			2,163	8.0
PART II			14,923	55.0
PART III			10,057	37.0
PHOENIX	16,220	15.3		
PART I			2,223	13.7
PART II			12,335	76.1
PART III			1,662	10.2
PORTLAND	4,369	4.1		
PART I			584	13.4
PART II			3,087	70.6
PART III			698	16.0
GRAND TOTAL	105,727	100.0		
PART I			9,940	9.4
PART II			77,685	73.5
PART III			18,102	17.1

CHART 17

Section 6
ARRESTS

CRIMINALITY

Section 3
UNFOUNDED OFFENSES

1.9

Section 5
OFFENSES SOLVED BY

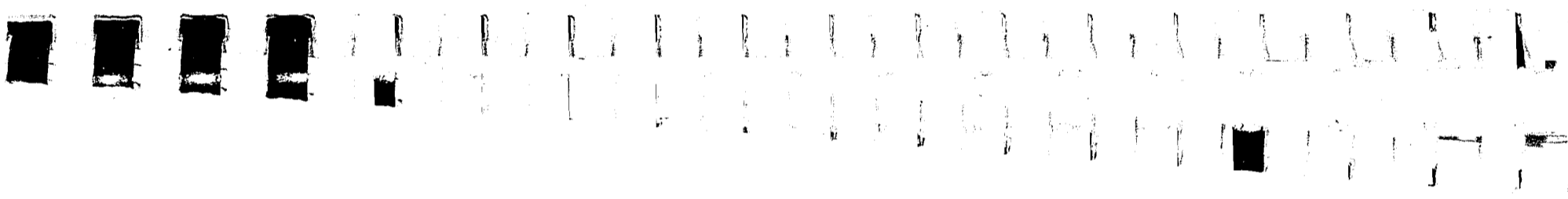
Section 6
ARRESTS

FORMALLY

Section 3
UNFOUNDED OFFENSES

9

Section 5
OFFENSES SOLVED BY



UNFOUNDED OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE
1970-1972-1974
(PERCENT CHANGE OVER PRIOR YEAR)

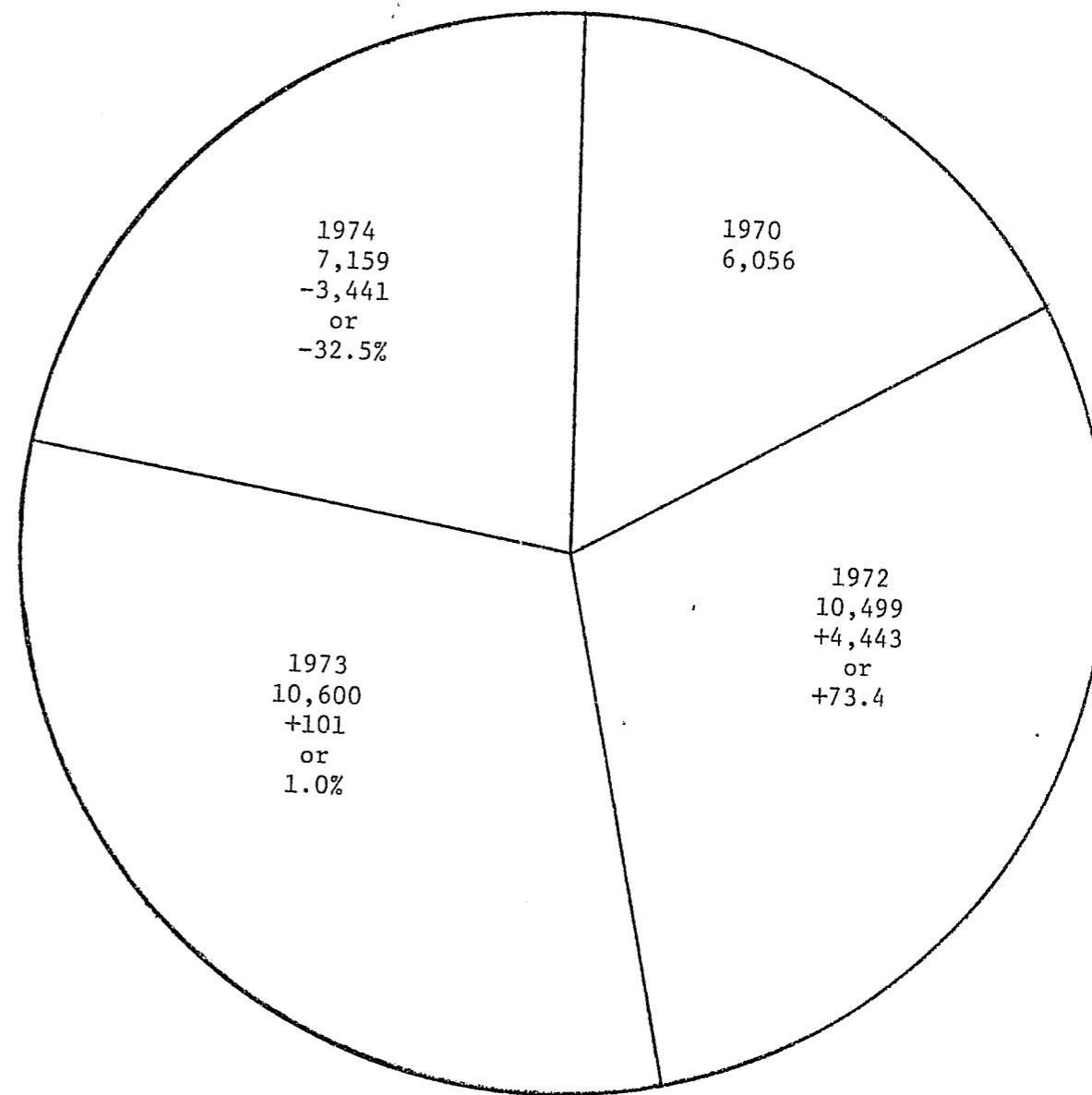


CHART 18

REPORTED & UNFOUNDED OFFENSES BY PARTS

1974

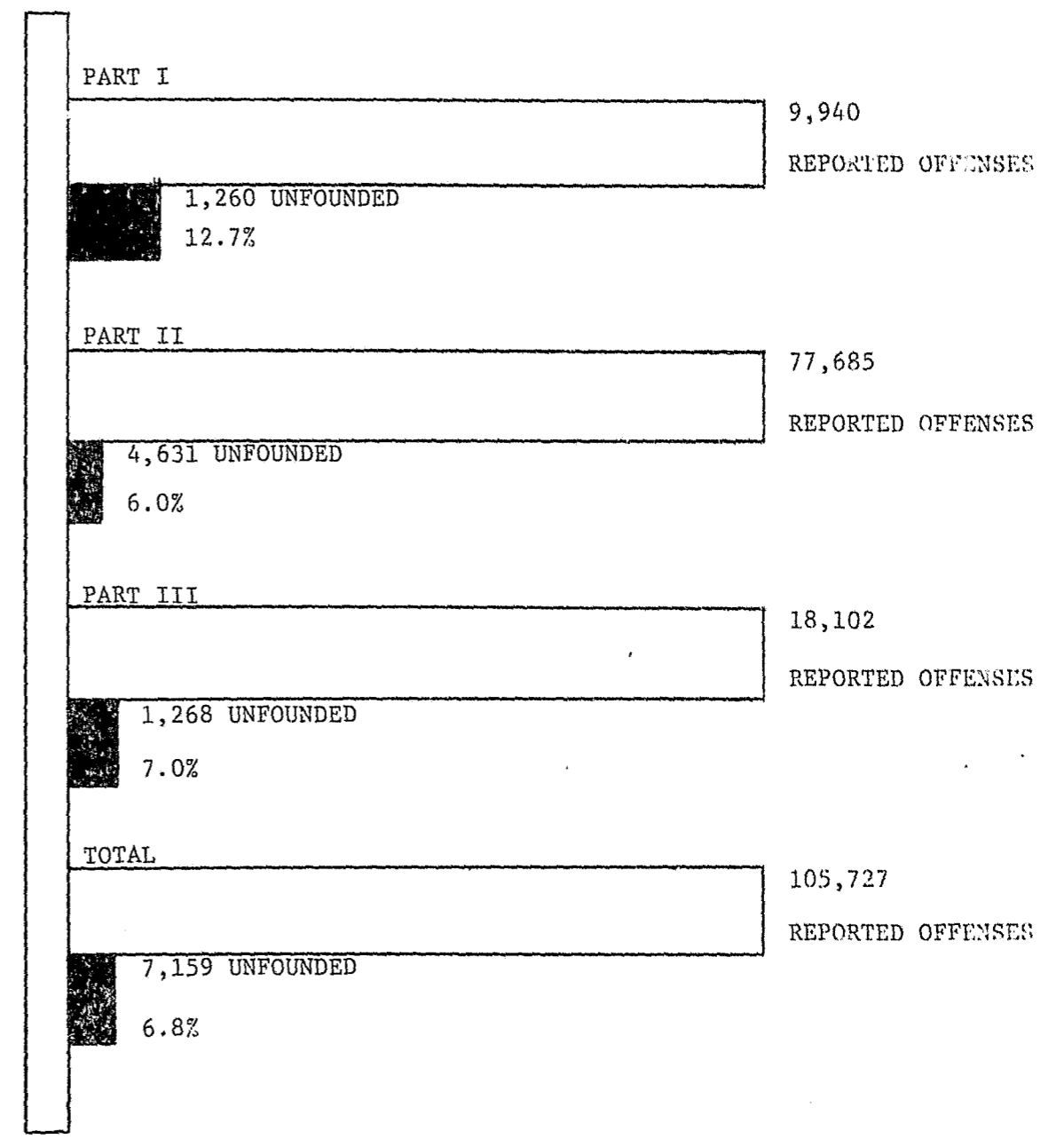


CHART 19

UNFOUNDED OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

1974

TOTAL REPORTED 105,727

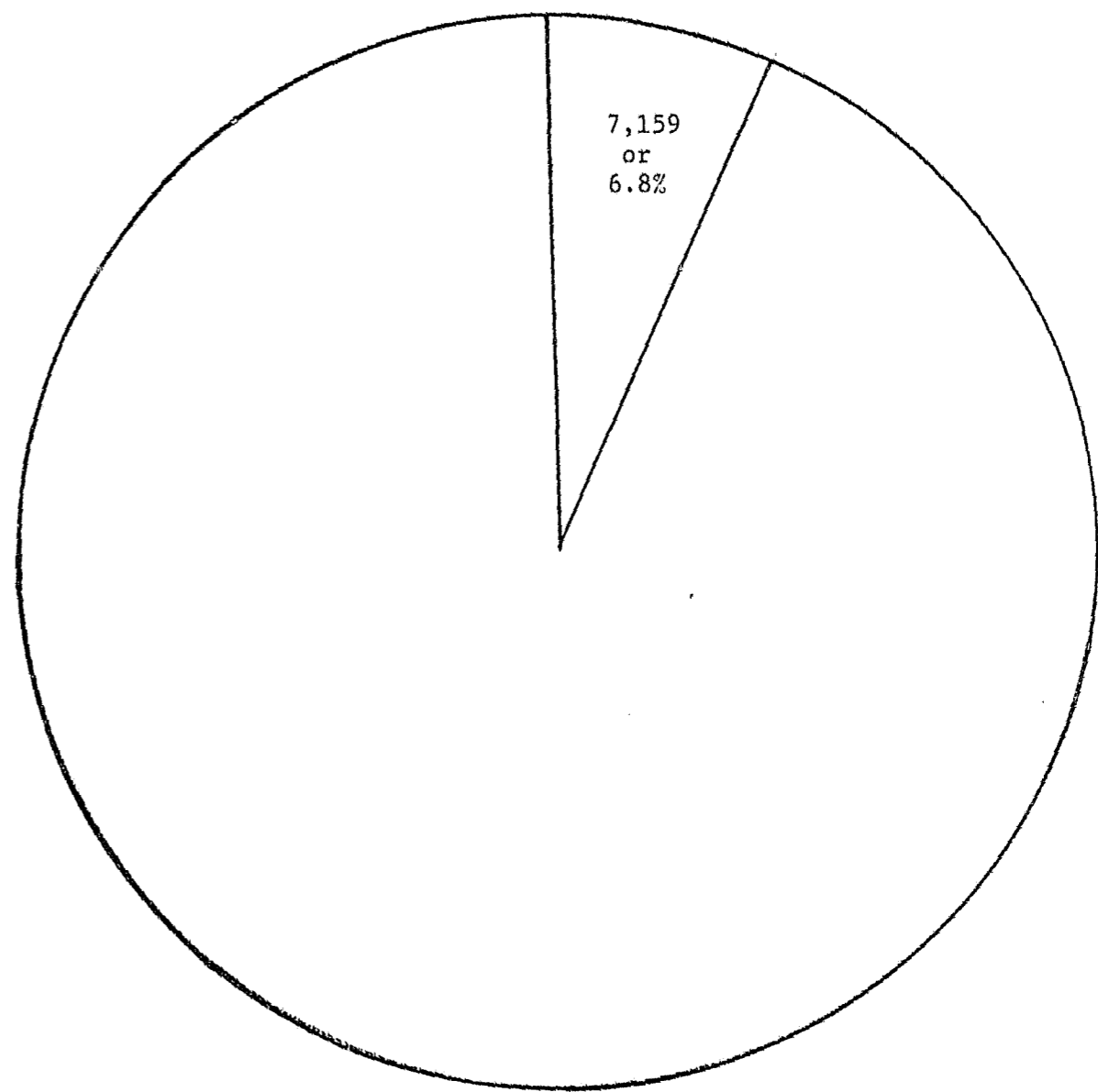


CHART 20

UNFOUNDED OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE
1970
TOTAL REPORTED 89,297

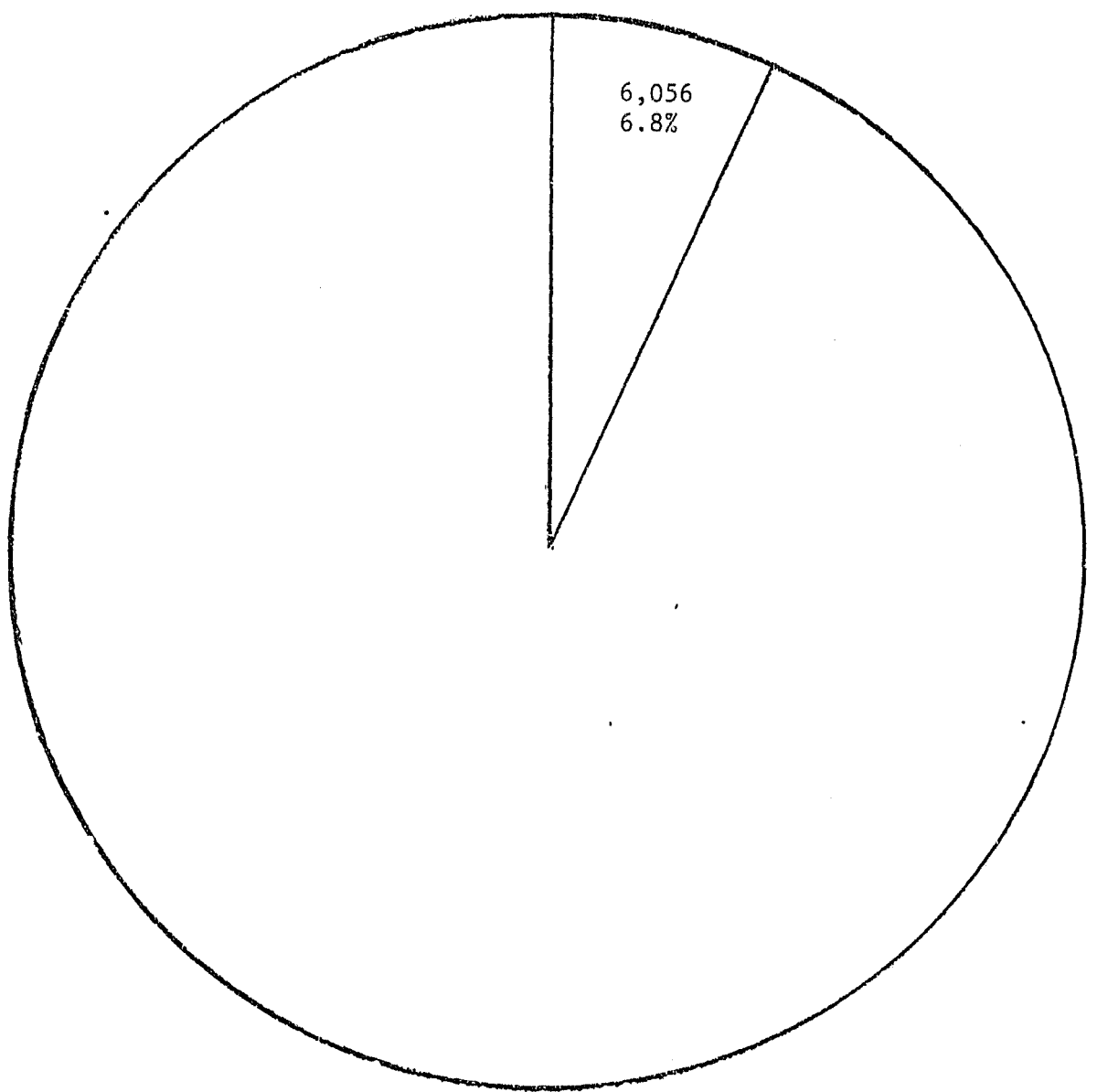


CHART 22

UNFOUNDED OFFENSES BY AREAS & PARTS
1974

AREA	TOTAL UNFOUNDED	% OF TOTAL UNFOUNDED	UNFOUNDED BY PARTS	% OF UNFOUNDED BY PARTS	TOTAL REPORTED	% UNFOUNDED OF TOTAL REPORTED
ABERDEEN	1,704	23.8			30,292	5.6
PART I			298	17.5	2,608	11.4
PART II			1,203	70.6	25,590	4.7
PART III			203	11.9	2,094	9.7
ALBUQUERQUE	152	2.1			6,955	2.2
PART I			63	41.4	530	11.9
PART II			88	57.9	4,838	1.8
PART III			1	0.7	1,587	0.1
BILLINGS	1,080	15.1			18,011	6.0
PART I			133	12.3	1,367	9.7
PART II			841	77.9	14,782	5.7
PART III			106	9.8	1,862	5.7
EASTERN	212	3.0			1,343	15.8
PART I			17	8.0	150	11.3
PART II			193	91.0	1,136	17.0
PART III			2	1.0	57	3.5
MINNEAPOLIS	162	2.3			1,394	11.6
PART I			52	32.1	315	16.5
PART II			98	60.5	994	9.9
PART III			12	7.4	85	14.1
NAVAJO	2,529	35.3			27,143	9.3
PART I			443	17.5	2,163	20.5
PART II			1,202	47.5	14,923	8.1
PART III			884	35.0	10,057	8.8
PHOENIX	953	13.3			16,220	5.9
PART I			137	14.4	2,223	6.2
PART II			770	80.8	12,335	6.2
PART III			46	4.8	1,662	2.8
PORTLAND	367	5.1			4,369	8.4
PART I			117	31.9	584	20.0
PART II			236	64.3	3,087	7.6
PART III			14	3.8	698	2.0
TOTAL	7,159	100.0			105,727	6.8
PART I			1,260	17.6	9,940	12.7
PART II			4,631	64.7	77,685	6.0
PART III			1,268	17.7	18,102	7.0

Section 6
ARRESTS

FORMALLY

Section 3
UNFOUNDED OFFENSES

9
ACCIDENT

Section 5
OFFENSES SOLVED BY
ARRESTS



NUMBER OF ACTUAL OFFENSES
1970-1972-1974
(PERCENT CHANGE OVER PRIOR YEAR)

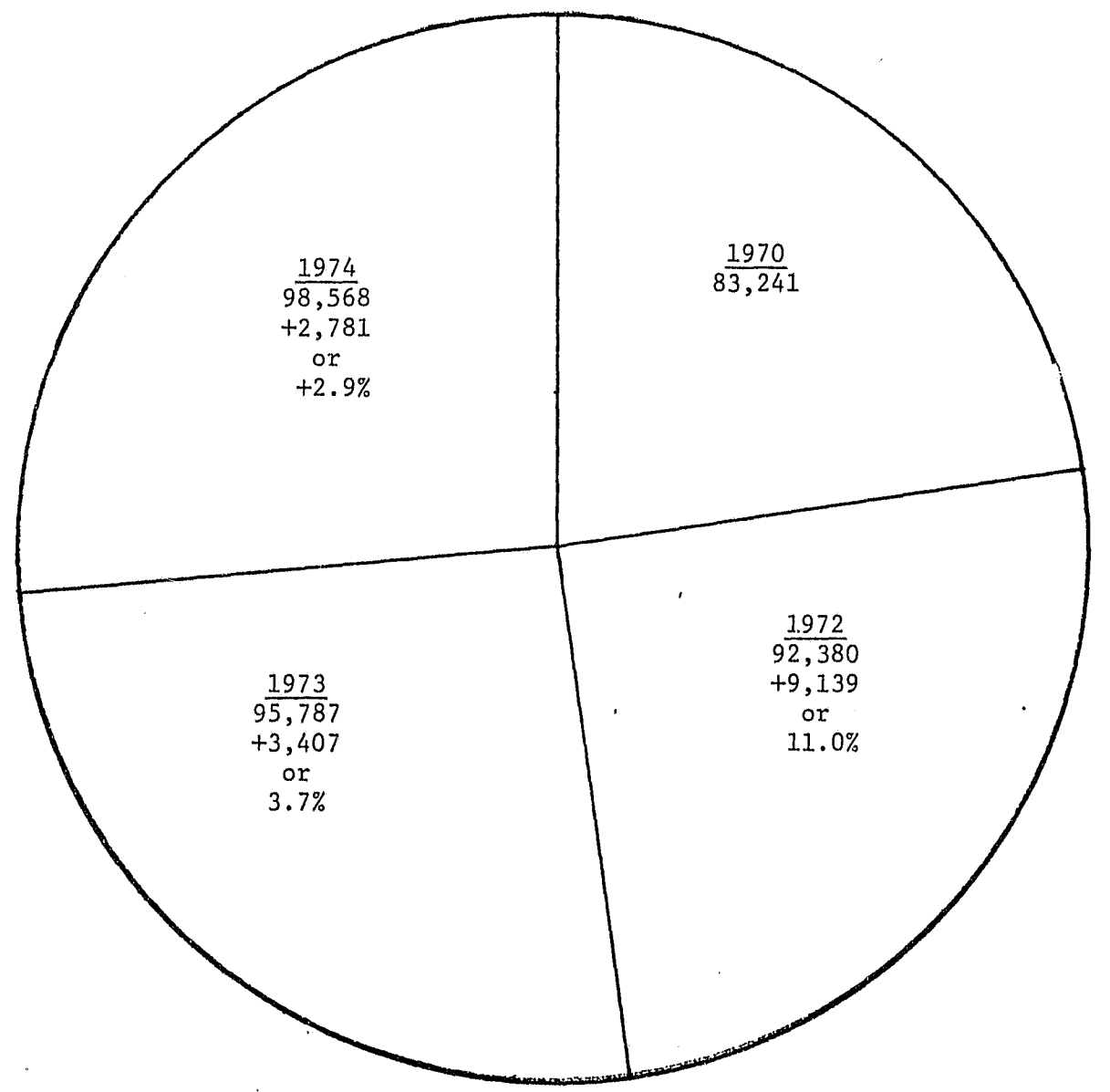


CHART 24

NUMBER OF SOLVED OFFENSES
1970-1972-1974
(PERCENT CHANGE OVER PRIOR YEAR)

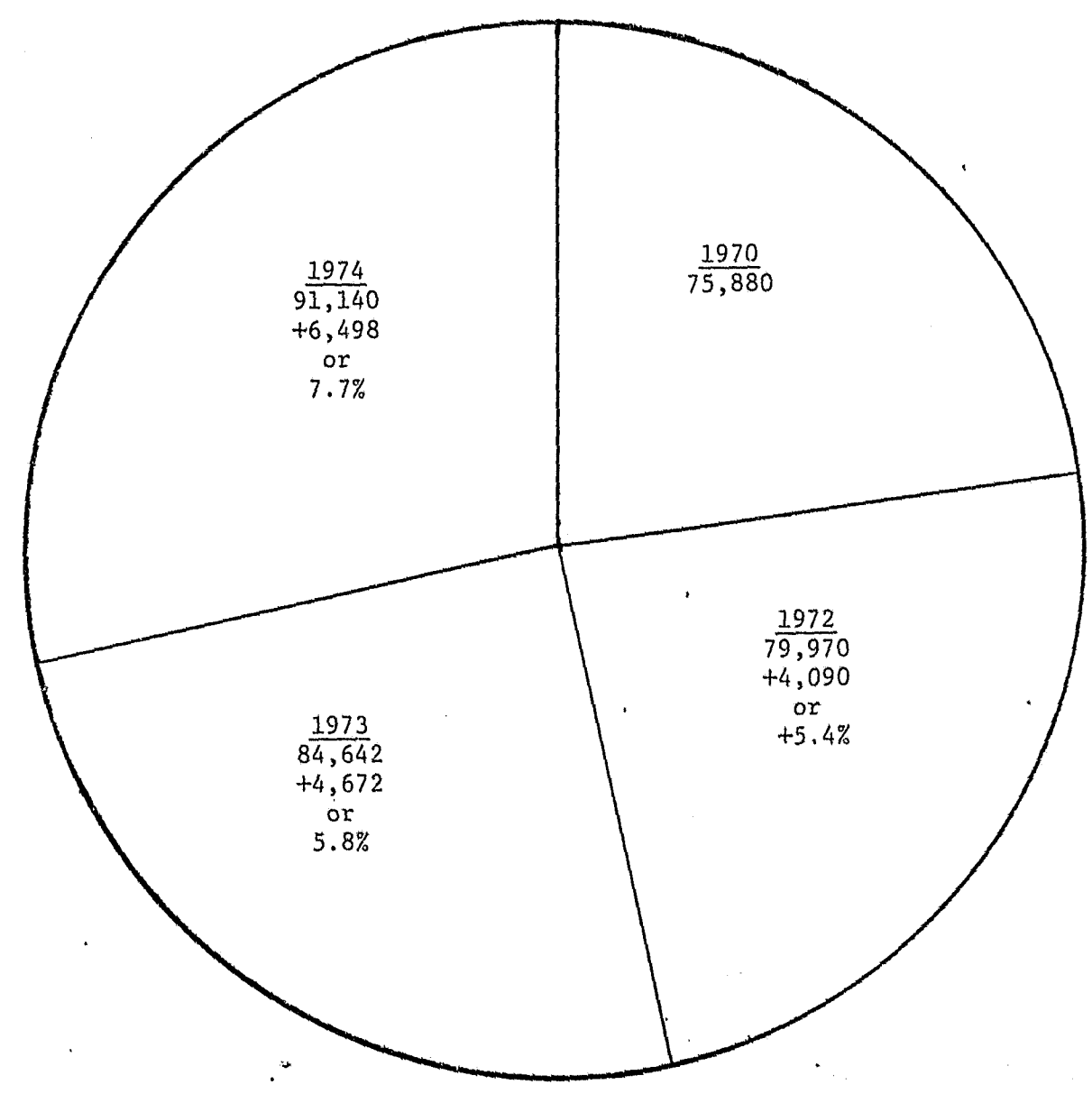


CHART 25

ACTUAL OFFENSES

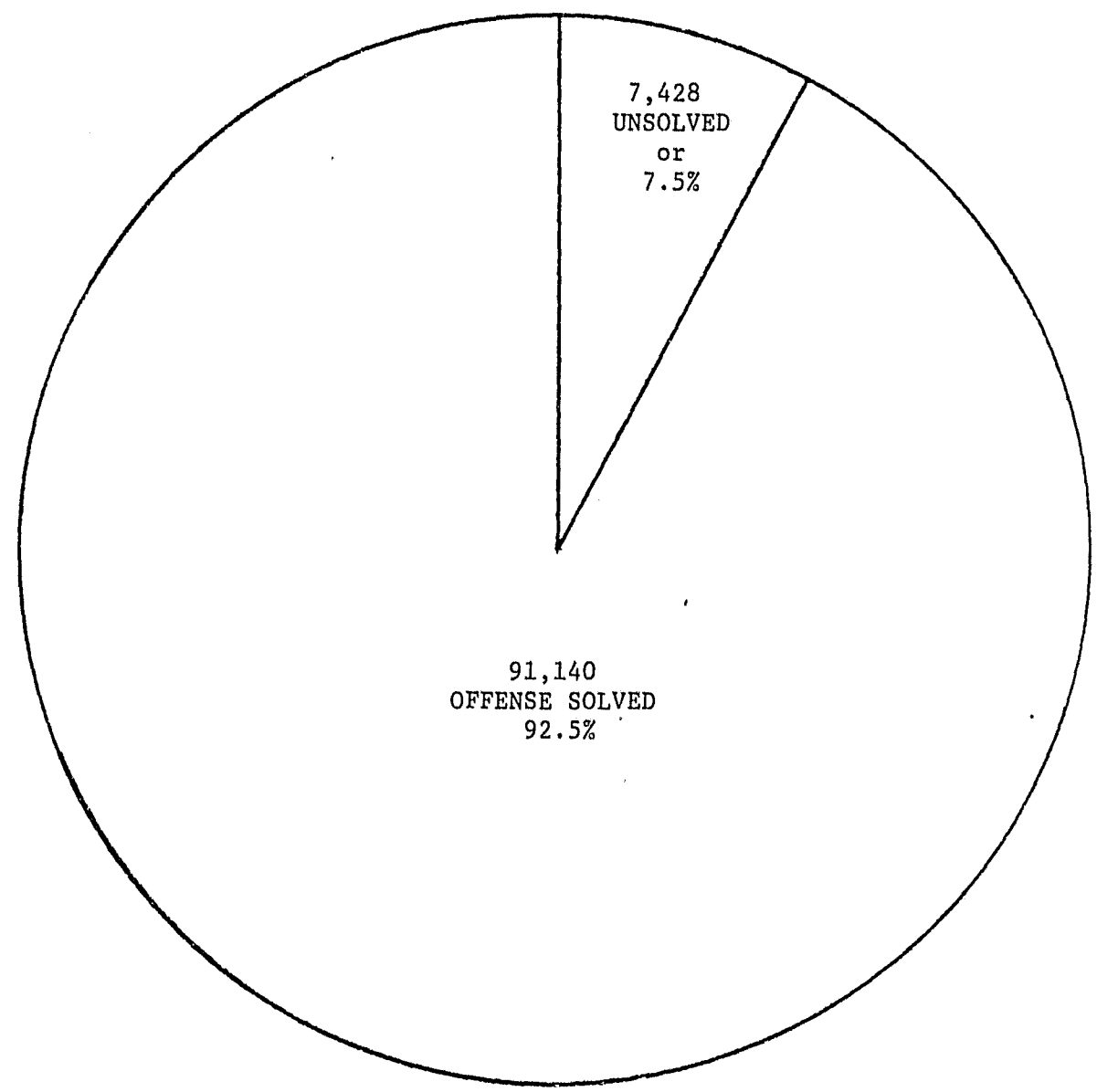


CHART 26

ACTUAL & SOLVED OFFENSES BY PARTS

1974

PART I	8,680	ACTUAL - 88%
SOLVED OFFENSES		
6,207		
71.5%		
PART II	73,054	ACTUAL - 74.1%
SOLVED OFFENSES		
68,521		
93.8%		
PART III	16,834	ACTUAL - 17.1%
SOLVED OFFENSES		
16,412		
97.5%		
TOTAL	98,568	ACTUAL OFFENSES - 100.0%
SOLVED OFFENSES		
91,140		
92.5%		

UNSOLVED OFFENSES

CHART 27

ACTUAL NUMBER OF OFFENSES & OFFENSES SOLVED BY AREAS & PARTS
1974

AREA	ACTUAL NO. OF OFFENSES	% OF TOTAL ACTUAL OFFENSES	NO. OF OFFENSES SOLVED	% OF ACTUAL OFFENSES SOLVED
ABERDEEN	28,588	29.0	26,335	92.1
PART I	2,310	8.1	1,345	58.2
PART II	24,387	85.3	23,328	95.7
PART III	1,891	6.6	1,662	87.9
ALBUQUERQUE	6,803	6.9	6,714	98.7
PART I	467	6.9	387	82.9
PART II	4,750	69.8	4,743	99.9
PART III	1,586	23.3	1,584	99.9
BILLINGS	16,931	17.2	14,057	83.0
PART I	1,234	7.3	906	73.4
PART II	13,941	82.3	11,509	82.6
PART III	1,756	10.4	1,642	93.5
EASTERN	1,131	1.1	967	85.5
PART I	133	11.8	83	62.4
PART II	943	83.4	831	88.1
PART III	55	4.8	53	96.4
MINNEAPOLIS	1,232	1.3	802	65.1
PART I	263	21.4	158	60.1
PART II	896	72.7	585	65.3
PART III	73	5.9	59	80.8
NAVAJO	24,614	25.0	23,807	96.7
PART I	1,720	7.0	1,199	69.7
PART II	13,721	55.7	13,482	98.3
PART III	9,173	37.3	9,126	99.5
PHOENIX	15,267	15.5	14,715	96.4
PART I	2,086	13.7	1,878	90.0
PART II	11,565	75.7	11,233	97.1
PART III	1,616	10.6	1,604	99.3
PORTLAND	4,002	4.1	3,743	93.5
PART I	467	11.7	251	53.7
PART II	2,851	71.2	2,810	98.6
PART III	684	17.1	682	99.7
TOTALS	98,568	100.0	91,140	92.5
PART I	8,680	8.8	6,207	71.5
PART II	73,054	74.1	68,521	93.8
PART III	16,834	17.1	16,412	97.5

CHART 28

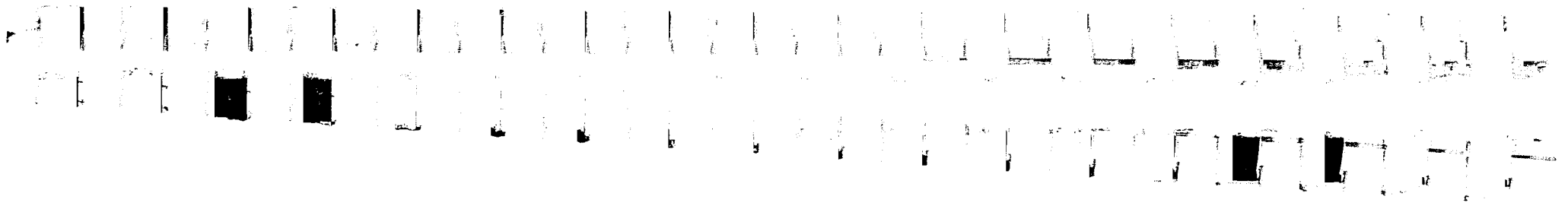
Section 6
ARRESTS

FORMALLY

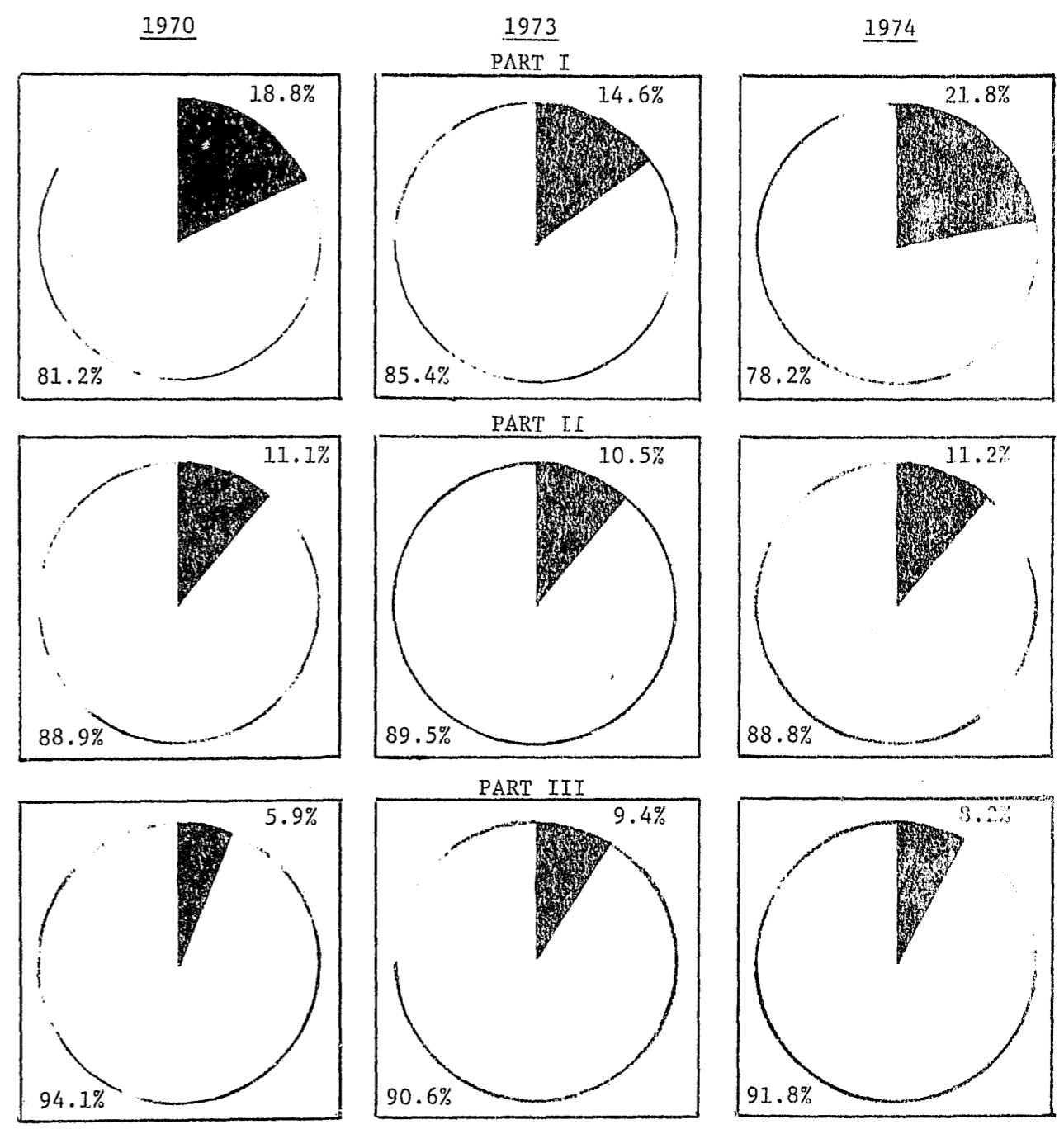
Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ACCIDENTS

Section 5
OFFENSES SOLVED BY
ARRESTS



SOLVED OFFENSES INVOLVING ADULTS & JUVENILES
IN PARTS I, II, III





 JUVENILES
 ADULTS

CHART 29

Section 6
ARRESTS

Section 7
FORMALLY
BATION

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-

Section 9
ADULTS

Section 10
ENFORCEMENT

SOLVED OFFENSES INVOLVING ADULTS & JUVENILES

1974

TOTAL SOLVED 91,140

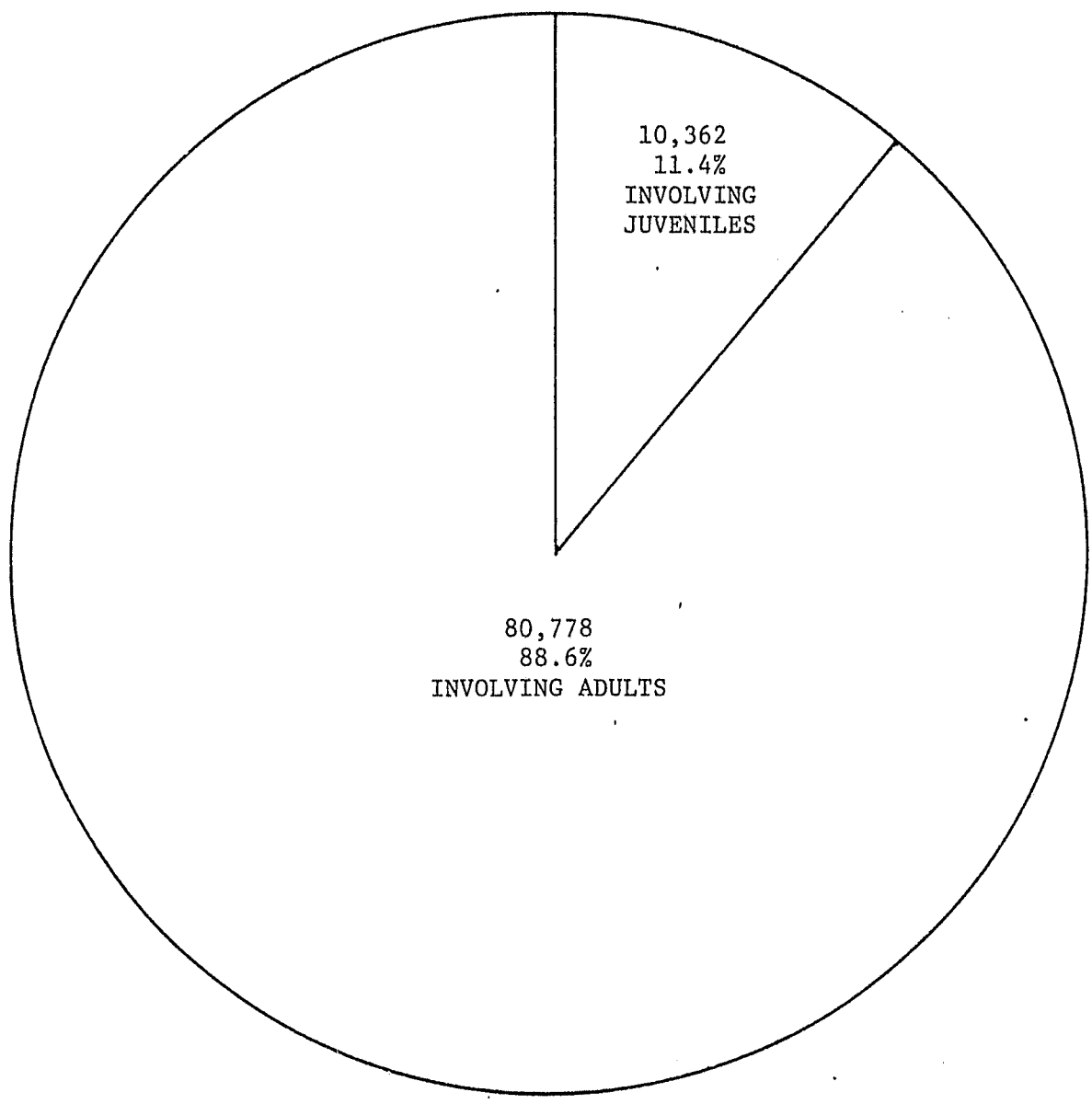


CHART 30

NUMBER OF OFFENSES SOLVED BY PARTS

1974

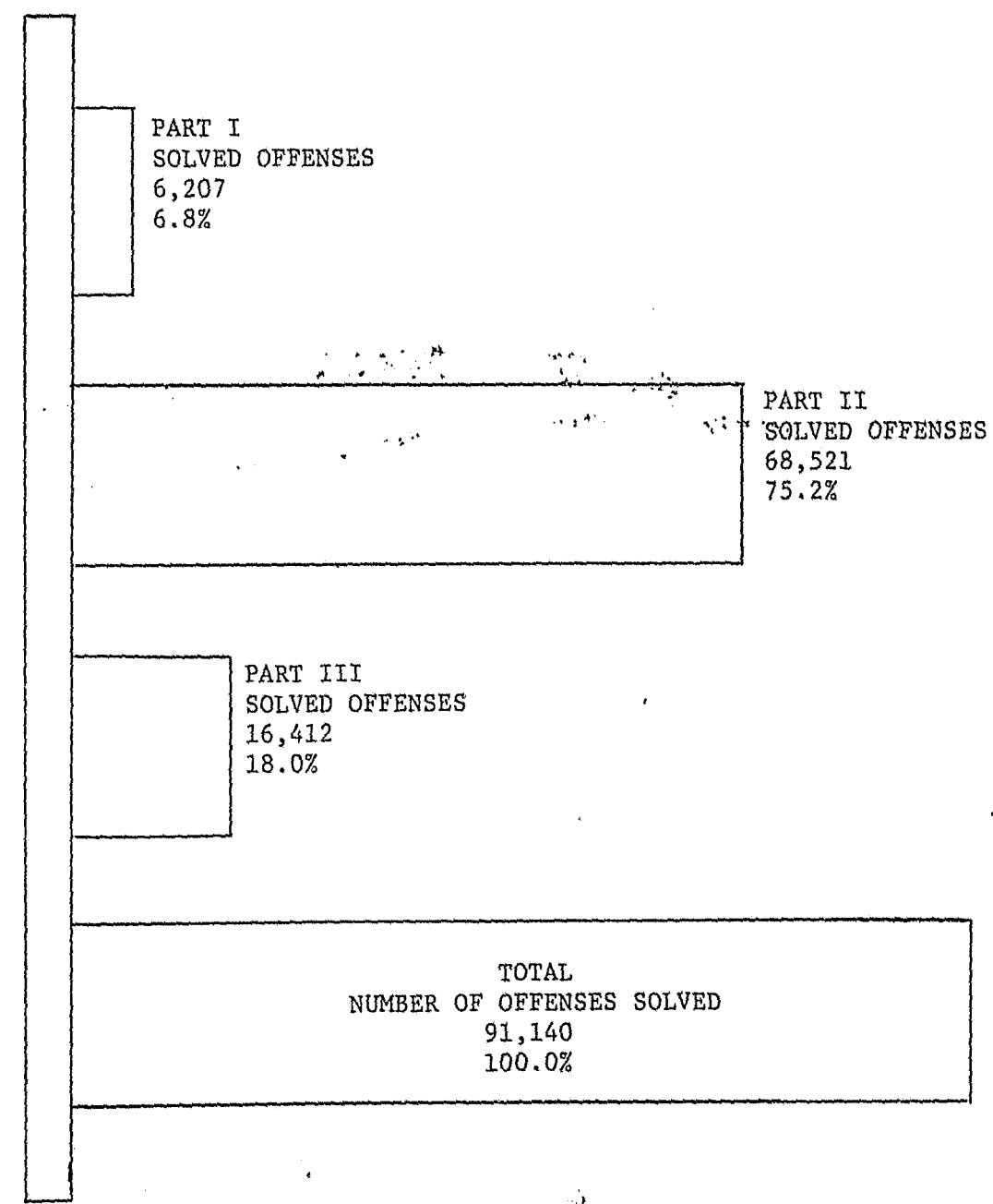


CHART 31

OFFENSES SOLVED INVOLVING ADULTS & JUVENILES
BY AREAS & PARTS
1974

AREA	ADULT SOLVED	% ADULTS SOLVED	JUVENILES SOLVED	% JUVENILES SOLVED	TOTAL SOLVED OFFENSES	% TOTAL SOLVED OFFENSES
ABERDEEN	24,109	29.8	2,226	21.5	26,335	28.9
PART I	1,002	4.2	343	15.4	1,345	5.1
PART II	21,660	89.8	1,668	74.9	23,328	88.6
PART III	1,447	6.0	215	9.7	1,662	6.3
ALBUQUERQUE	5,666	7.0	1,048	10.1	6,714	7.4
PART I	300	5.3	87	8.3	387	5.8
PART II	4,059	71.6	684	65.3	4,743	70.6
PART III	1,307	23.1	277	26.4	1,584	23.6
BILLINGS	11,703	14.5	2,354	22.7	14,057	15.4
PART I	777	6.7	129	5.5	906	6.4
PART II	9,496	81.1	2,013	85.5	11,509	81.9
PART III	1,430	12.2	212	9.0	1,642	11.7
EASTERN	915	1.1	52	0.5	967	1.1
PART I	70	7.7	13	25.0	83	8.6
PART II	800	87.4	31	59.6	831	85.9
PART III	45	4.9	8	15.4	53	5.5
MINNEAPOLIS	653	0.8	149	1.5	802	0.9
PART I	120	18.4	38	25.5	158	19.7
PART II	487	74.6	98	65.8	585	72.9
PART III	46	7.0	13	8.7	59	7.4
NAVAJO	23,008	28.5	799	7.7	23,807	26.1
PART I	1,117	4.9	82	10.3	1,199	5.1
PART II	13,069	56.8	413	51.7	13,482	56.6
PART III	8,822	38.3	304	38.0	9,126	38.3
PHOENIX	11,843	14.7	2,872	27.7	14,715	16.1
PART I	1,278	10.8	600	20.9	1,878	12.8
PART II	9,109	76.9	2,124	74.0	11,233	76.3
PART III	1,456	12.3	148	5.1	1,604	10.9
PORTLAND	2,881	3.6	862	8.3	3,743	4.1
PART I	188	6.5	63	7.3	251	6.7
PART II	2,180	75.7	630	73.1	2,810	75.1
PART III	513	17.8	169	19.6	682	18.2
TOTAL	80,778	100.0	10,362	100.0	91,140	100.0
PART I	4,852	6.0	1,355	13.1	6,207	6.8
PART II	60,860	75.3	7,661	73.9	68,521	75.2
PART III	15,066	18.7	1,346	13.0	16,412	18.0
	ADULTS	% OF TOTAL SOLVED	JUVENILES	% OF TOTAL SOLVED	TOTAL SOLVED	% OF TOTAL SOLVED
GRAND TOTALS	80,778	88.6	10,362	11.4	91,140	100.0

CHART 32

58

Section 6
ARRISTS

GRMALLY

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ADJUTANTS

Section 10
ENFORCEMENT

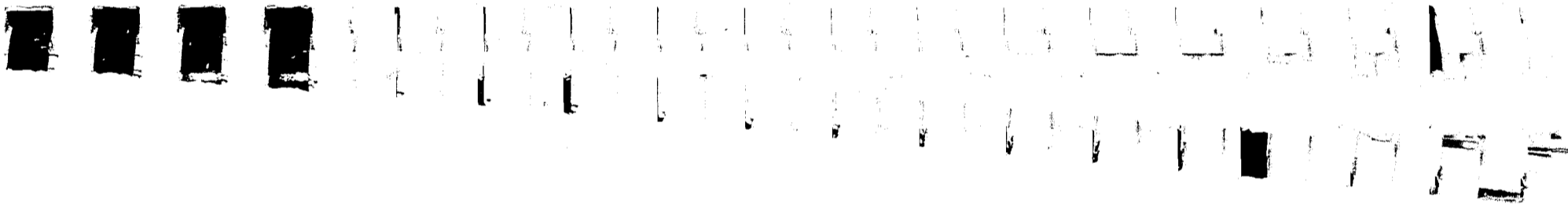
Section 6
ARRESTS

FORMALLY
PROSECUTION

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
NON-ENFORCEMENT



TOTAL NUMBER & SEX OF PERSONS ARRESTED

1970-1973-1974

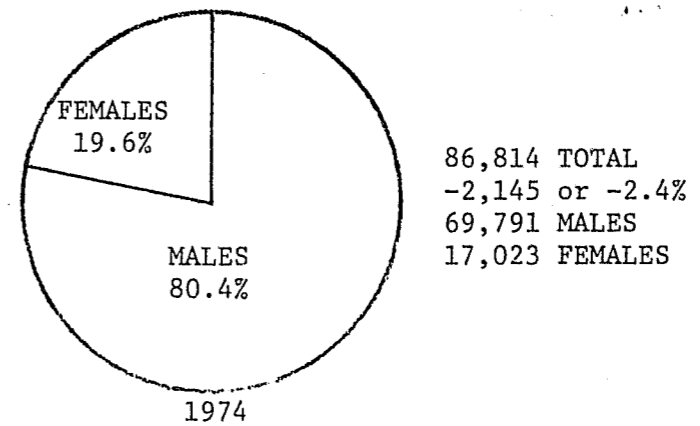
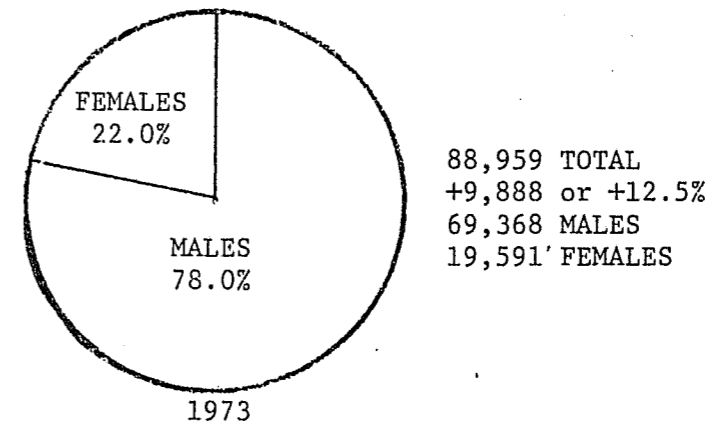
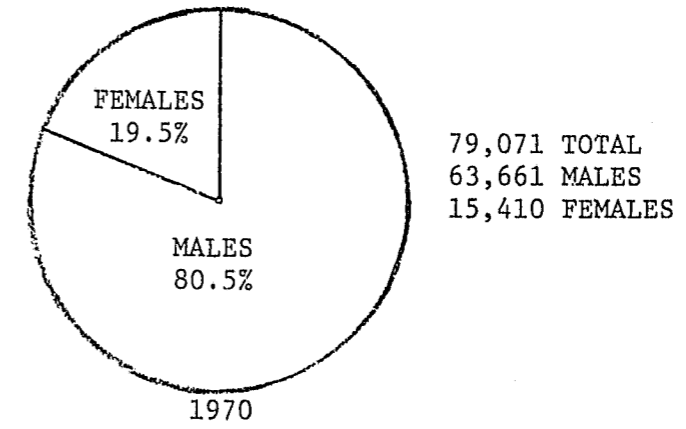


CHART 33

Section 7
PERSONS FORMALLY

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ADJUDICATION

Section 10
IN-ENFORCEMENT

TOTAL NUMBER & SEX OF ADULTS ARRESTED

1970-1973-1974

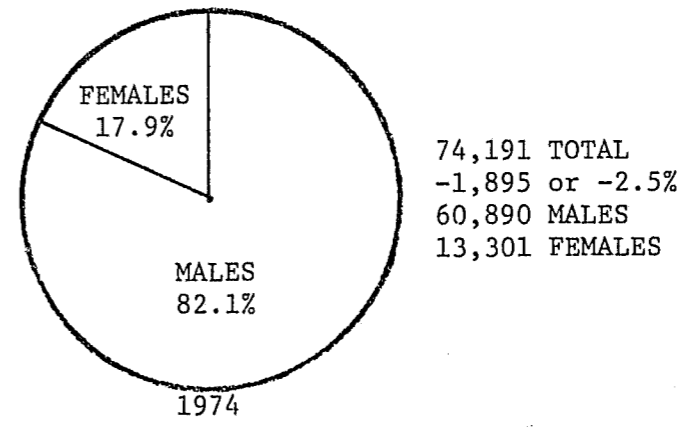
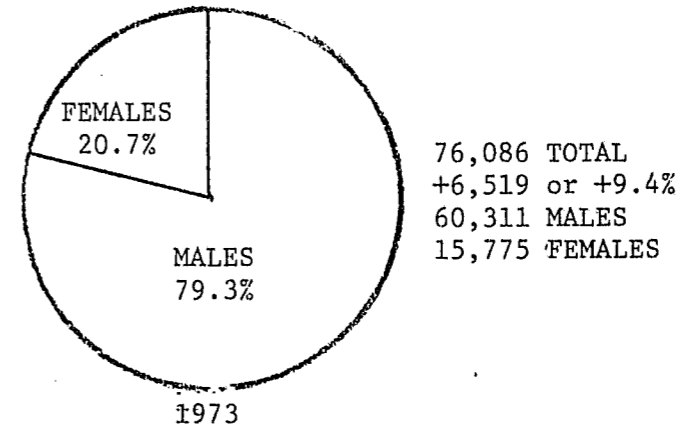
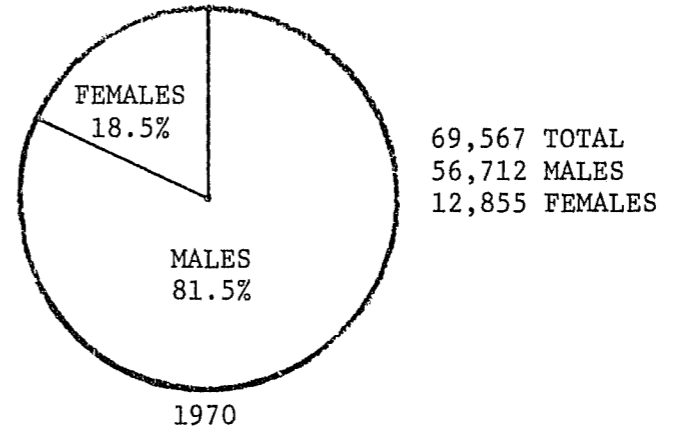


CHART 34

Section 7
PERSONS FORMALLY

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ADULTS

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT

TOTAL NUMBER & SEX OF JUVENILES ARRESTED

1970-1973-1974

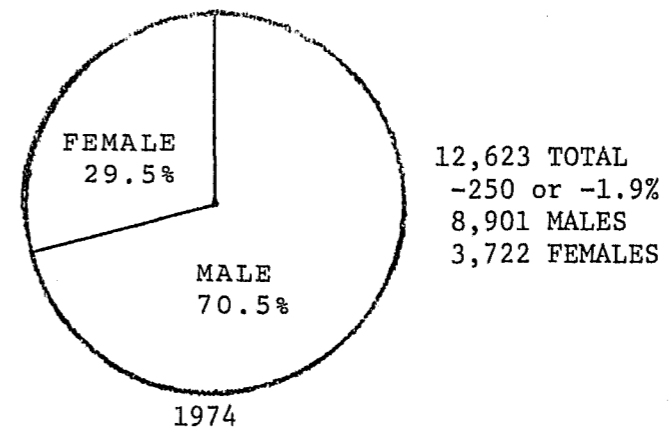
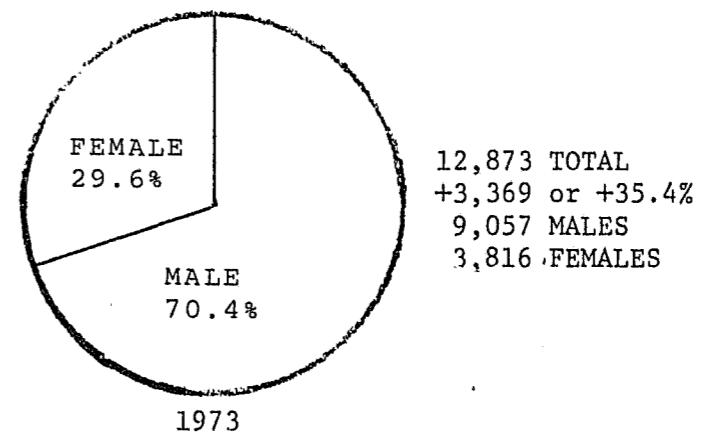
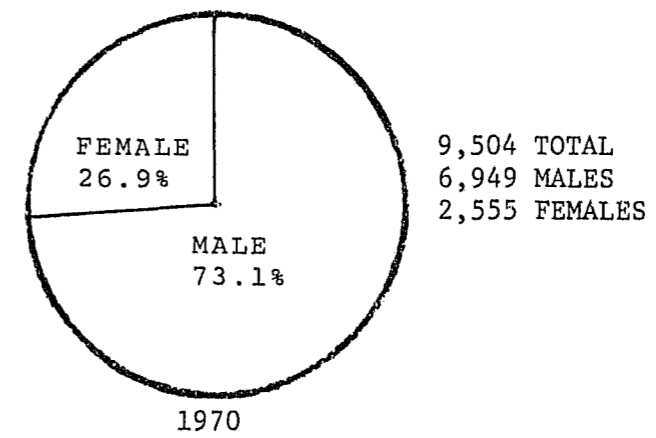


CHART 35

Section 7 PERSONS FORMALLY ARRESTED
Section 8 PERSONS GRANTED PROBATION
Section 9 ADJUDICATED
Section 10 M-ENFORCEMENT

ADULTS & JUVENILES ARRESTED

1974

86,814 ARRESTS

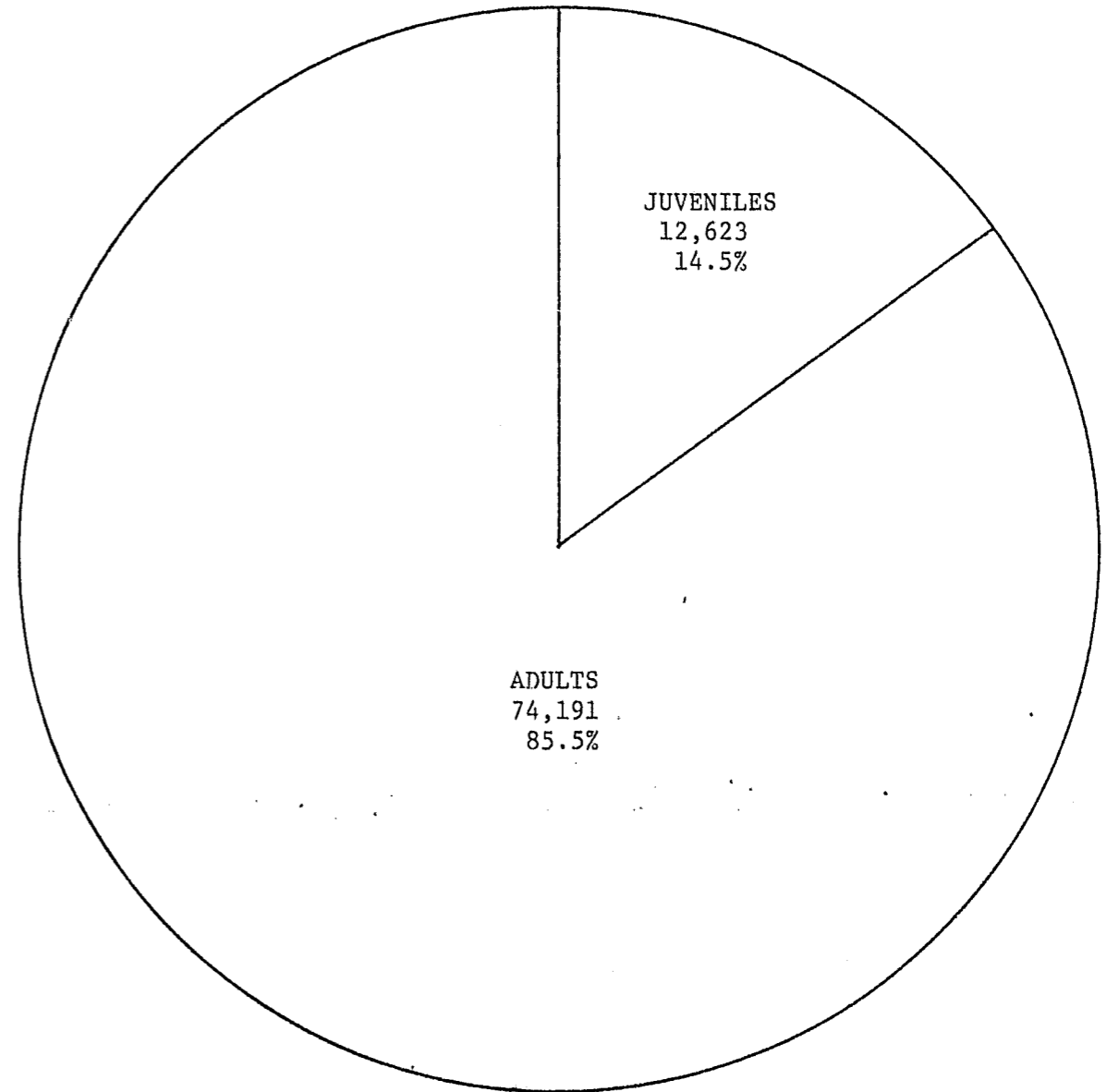


CHART 36

Section 7

PERSONS FORMALLY
ARRESTED & REPRODUCTION

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
APPOINTMENTS

Section 10
ENFORCEMENT

NUMBER & SEX OF ADULTS ARRESTED

1974

TOTAL 74,191

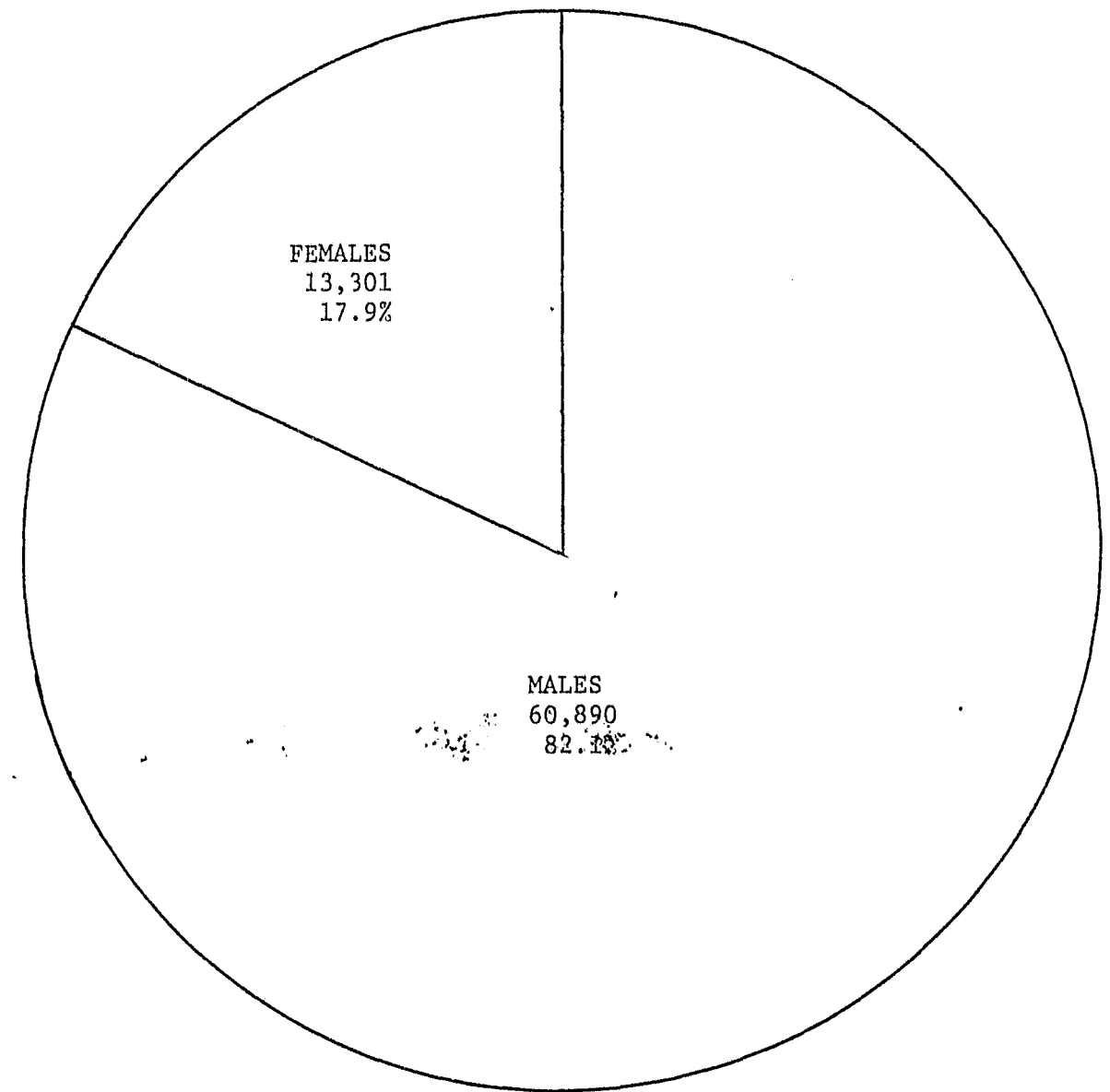


CHART 37

Section 7 PERSONS FORMALLY ARRESTED & REPRODUCTION
Section 8 PERSONS GRANTED PROBATION
Section 9 ADJUDICATION
Section 10 ENFORCEMENT

NUMBER & SEX OF JUVENILE ARRESTS

1974

TOTAL 12,623

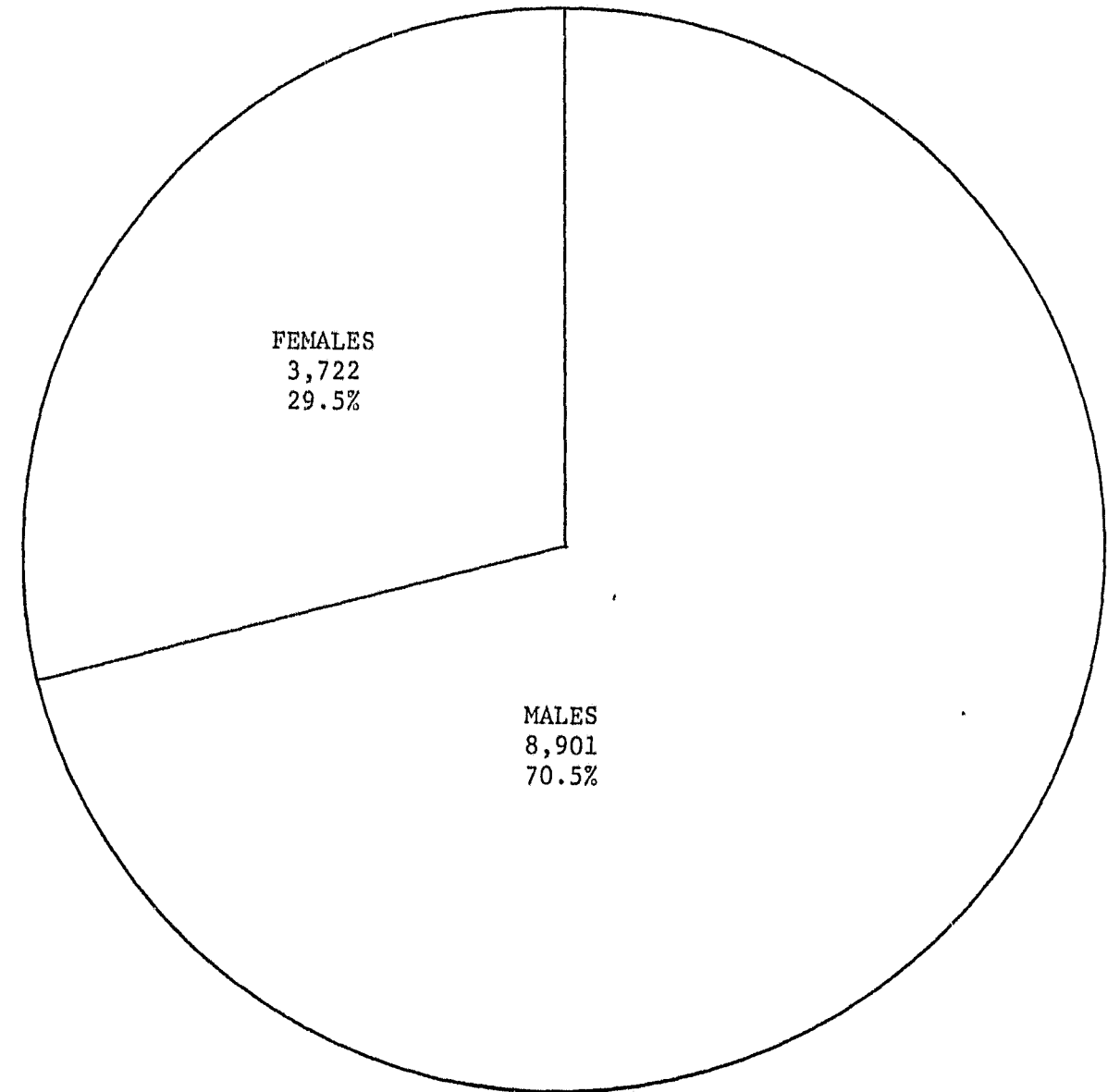


CHART 38

Section 11

Section 7
PERSONS FORMALLY
CHARACTER OF REDESCRIPTION

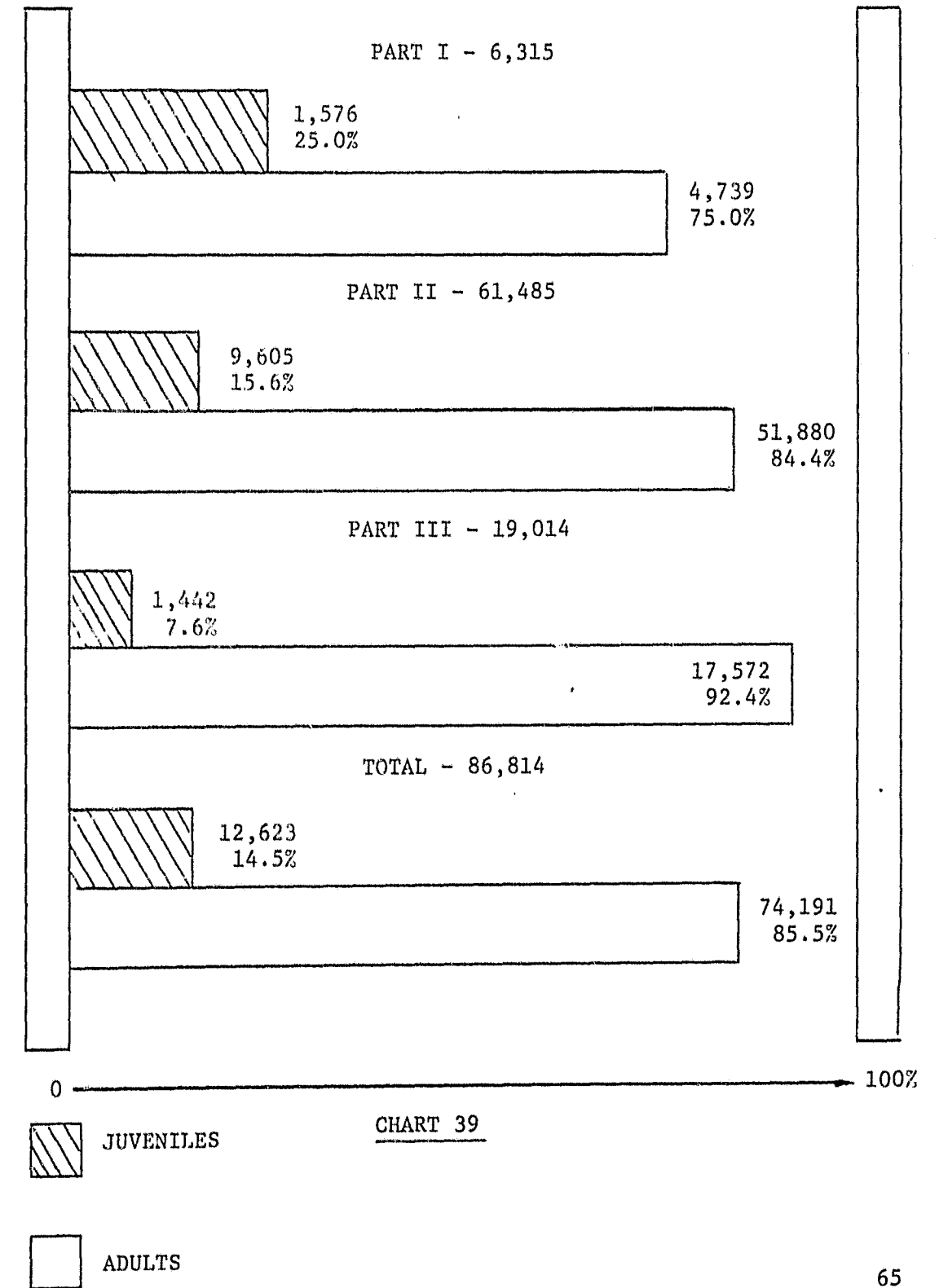
Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ACQUITMENTS

Section 10
NON-ENFORCEMENT

ADULT & JUVENILE ARRESTS BY PARTS

1974



Section 11

Section 7
PERSONS FORMALLY
CHARGED & NOT RECORDED

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ADULTS

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT

ARRESTS BY AREA, ADULT & JUVENILES

1974

AREA	NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED			% MALE	% FEMALE	% OF TOTAL ARRESTS
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE			
ABERDEEN	15,794	11,732	4,062	74.3	25.7	18.2
ADULTS	12,665	9,640	3,025	76.1	23.9	80.2
JUVENILES	3,129	2,092	1,037	66.9	33.1	19.8
ALBUQUERQUE	6,766	5,651	1,115	83.5	16.5	7.8
ADULTS	5,703	4,810	893	84.3	15.7	84.3
JUVENILES	1,063	841	222	79.1	20.9	15.7
BILLINGS	16,805	12,691	4,114	75.5	24.5	19.4
ADULTS	13,556	10,691	2,865	78.9	21.1	80.7
JUVENILES	3,249	2,000	1,249	61.6	38.4	19.3
EASTERN	1,027	887	140	86.4	13.6	1.2
ADULTS	964	832	132	86.3	13.7	93.9
JUVENILES	63	55	8	87.3	12.7	6.1
MINNEAPOLIS	896	776	120	86.6	13.4	1.0
ADULTS	701	624	77	89.0	11.0	78.2
JUVENILES	195	152	43	77.9	22.1	21.8
NAVAJO	25,900	22,212	3,688	85.8	14.2	29.8
ADULTS	24,498	21,095	3,403	86.1	13.9	94.6
JUVENILES	1,402	1,117	285	79.7	20.3	5.4
PHOENIX	16,411	13,358	3,053	81.4	18.6	18.9
ADULTS	13,605	11,199	2,406	82.3	17.7	82.9
JUVENILES	2,806	2,159	647	76.9	23.1	17.1
PORTLAND	3,215	2,484	731	77.3	22.7	3.7
ADULTS	2,499	1,999	500	80.0	20.0	77.7
JUVENILES	716	485	231	67.7	32.3	22.3
TOTAL	86,814	69,791	17,023	80.4	19.6	100.0
ADULTS	74,191	60,890	13,301	82.1	17.9	85.5
JUVENILES	12,623	8,901	3,722	70.5	29.5	14.5

CHART 40

Section 11

Section 7
PERSONS FORMALLY
GRANTED PROBATION

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-

9
ADULTS

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT

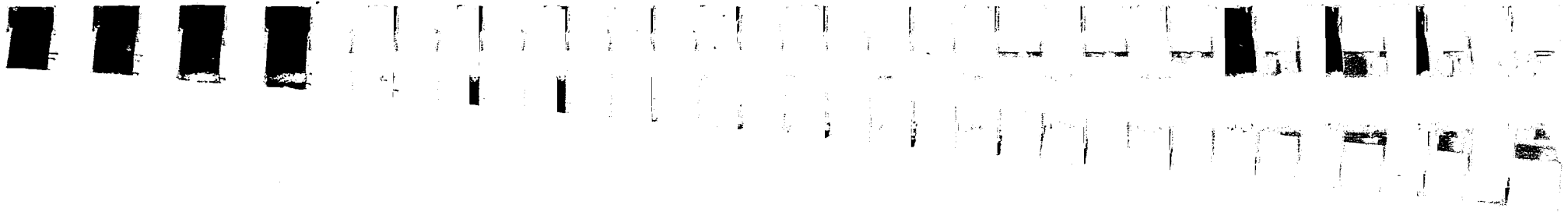
Section 11

Section 7
PERSONS FORMALLY
CHARGED & DISPOSITION

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
NON-ENFORCEMENT
CASES RENDERED



PERSONS ARRESTED & FORMALLY CHARGED

1970-1972-1974

(PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1970)

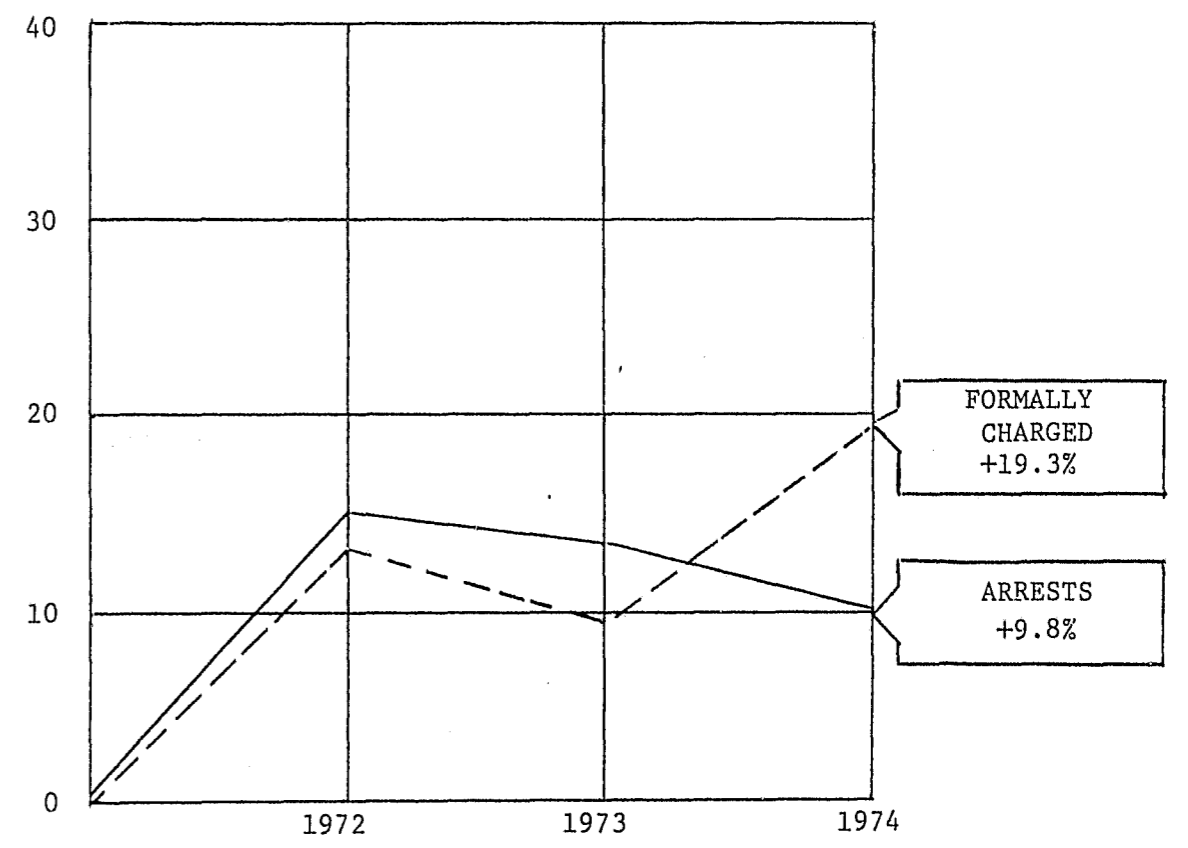


CHART 41

TOTAL PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED

1974

TOTAL 94,625

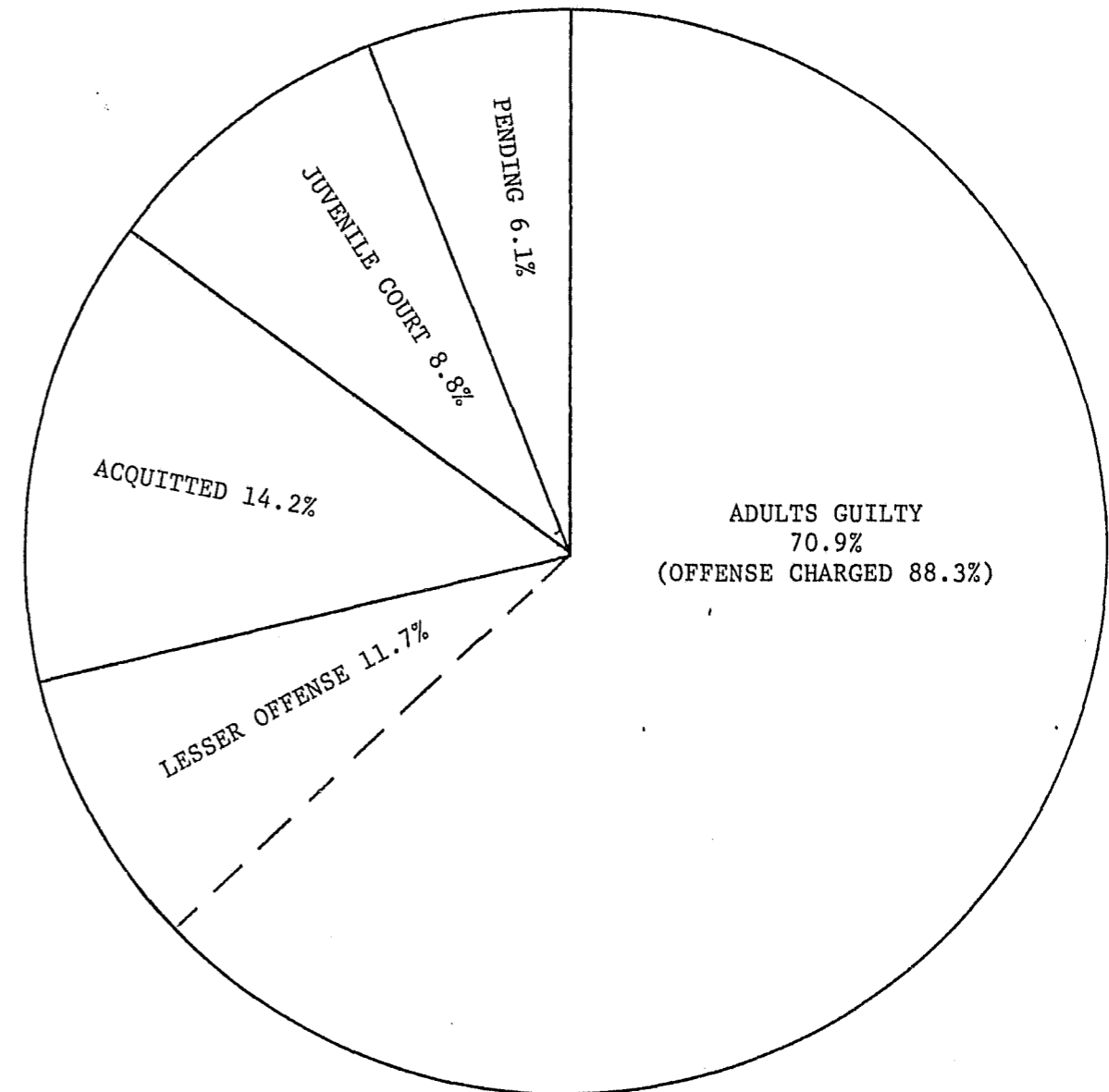


CHART 42

PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED

1970-1973-1974

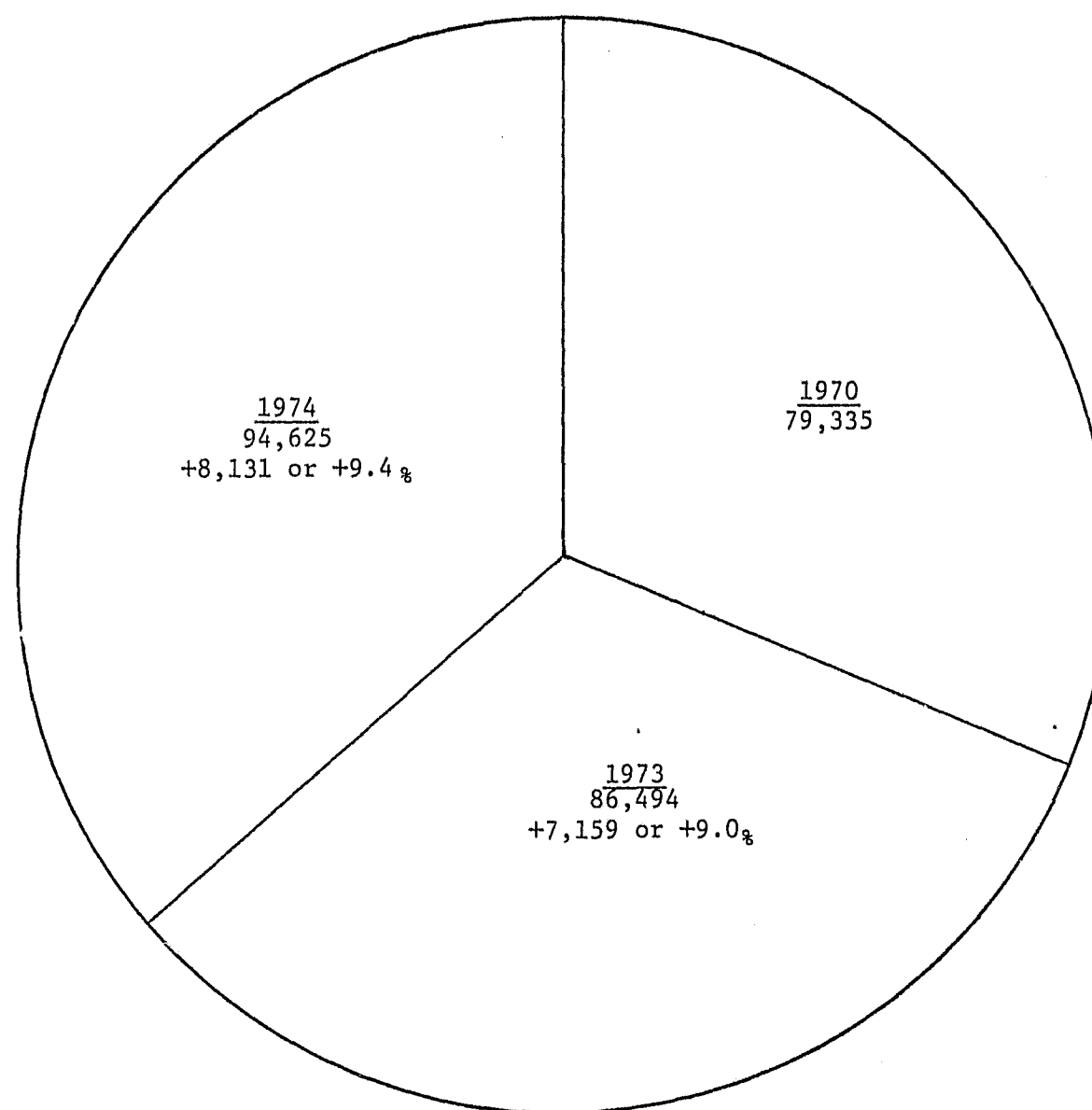
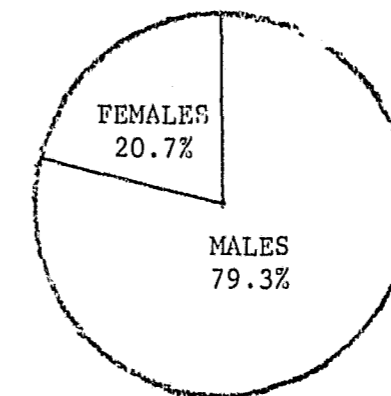


CHART 43

1970
 1971
 1972
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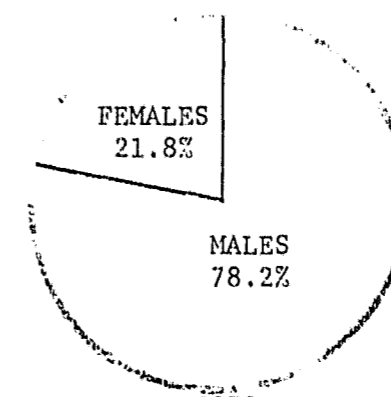
MALE & FEMALE PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED

1970-1973-1974



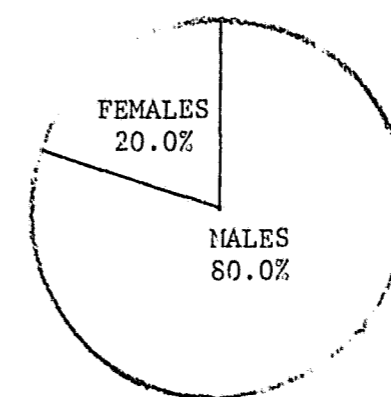
1970

79,335 TOTAL
62,937 MALES
16,398 FEMALES



1973

86,494 TOTAL
+7,159 or +9.0%
67,630 MALES
18,864 FEMALES



1974

94,625
+8,131 or +9.4%
75,715 MALES
18,910 FEMALES

CHART 44

Section 11

Section 12
ACILITIES

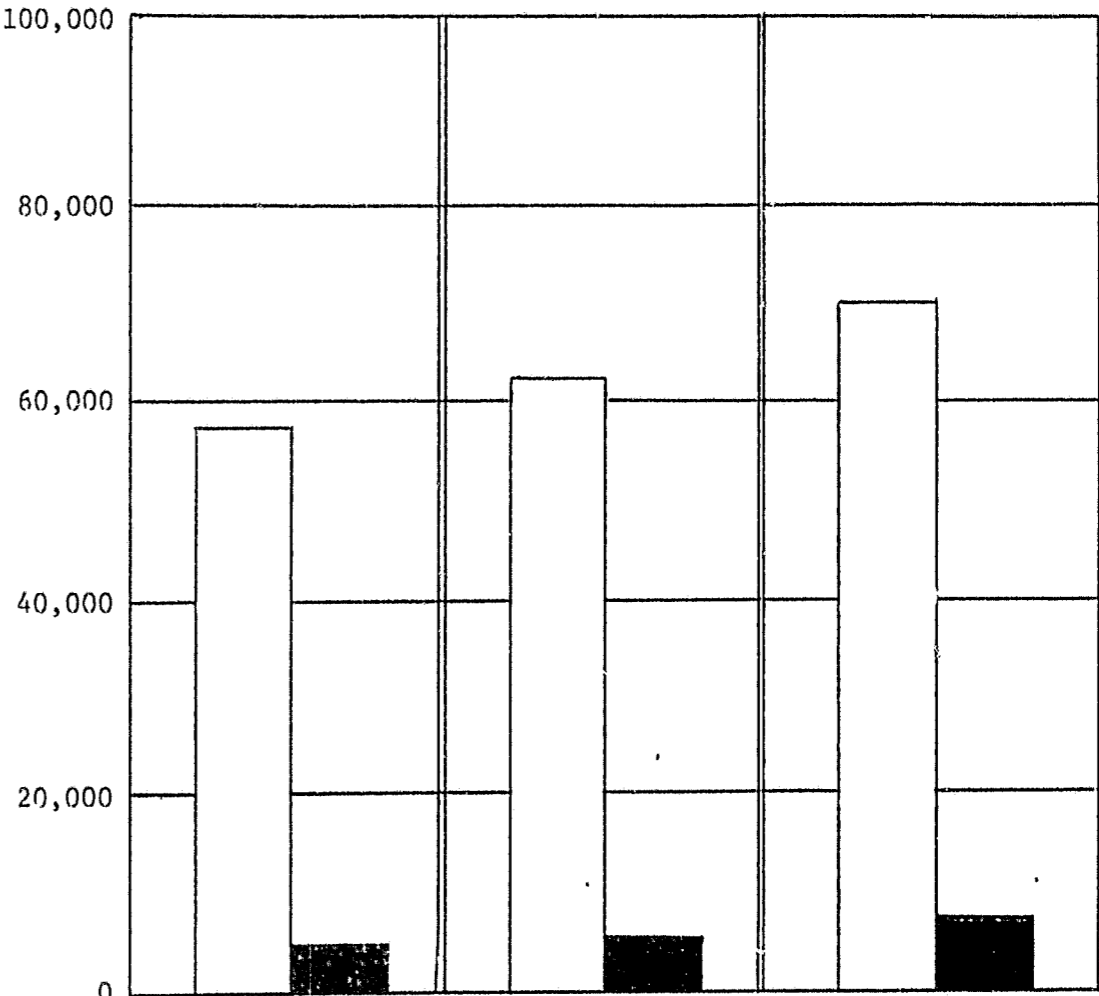
Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ADJUDICATION

Section 10
ENFORCEMENT

MALE ADULTS & JUVENILES FORMALLY CHARGED

1970-1973-1974



	<u>1970</u>		<u>1973</u>		<u>1974</u>
T -	62,937	T -	67,630 +7.4%	T -	75,715 +8.9%
A -	58,060	A -	62,218 +7.1%	A -	69,845 +12.2%
J -	4,877	J -	5,412 +10.9%	J -	5,870 +8.4%

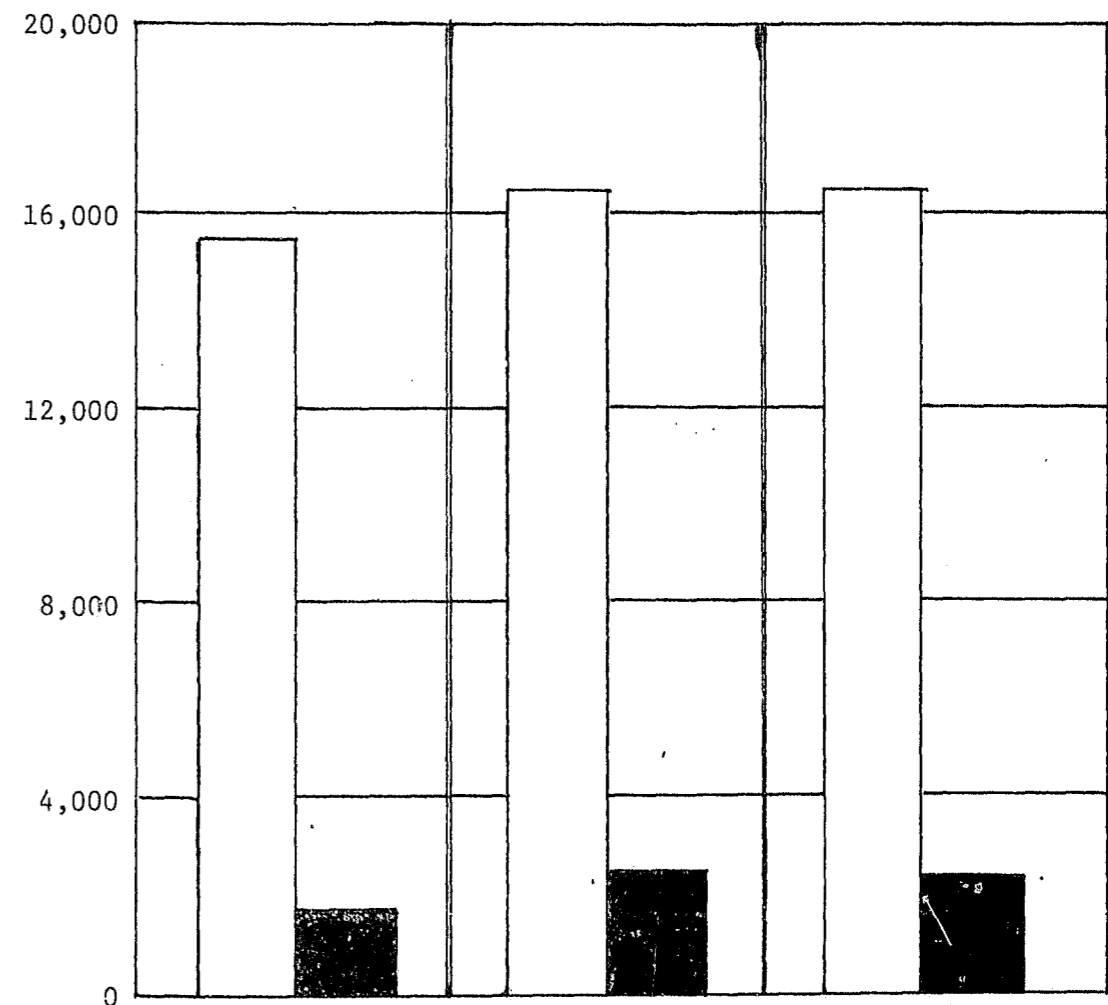
A - ADULTS
 J - JUVENILES
 T - TOTAL

CHART 45

Section 11
 Section 12
 Section 8
 Section 10
 PERSONS GRANTED PROBATION
 ADULTS
 JUVENILES
 ENFORCEMENT

FEMALE ADULTS & JUVENILES FORMALLY CHARGED

1970-1973-1974



Year	T	A	J	% Change
1970	16,398	14,541	1,857	
1973	18,864	16,370	2,494	+15.0% +12.5% +34.3%
1974	18,910	16,423	2,487	+0.2% +0.3% -0.2%

A - ADULTS
 J - JUVENILES
 T - TOTAL

CHART 46

Section 11

Section 12
ACILITIES

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
RE-ENTRY

ADULTS GUILTY
67,125 or 70.9% of 94,625
PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED
1974

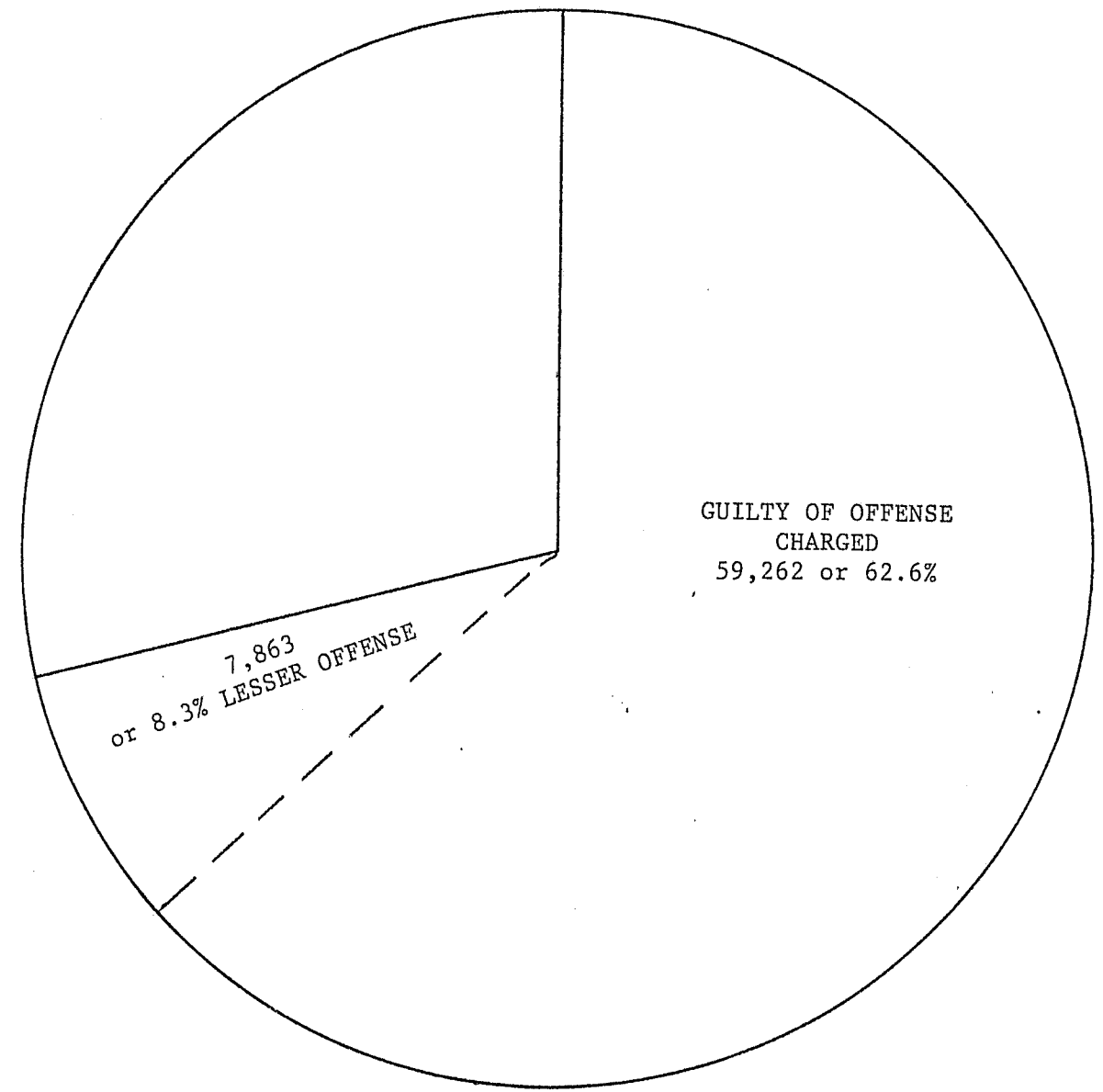
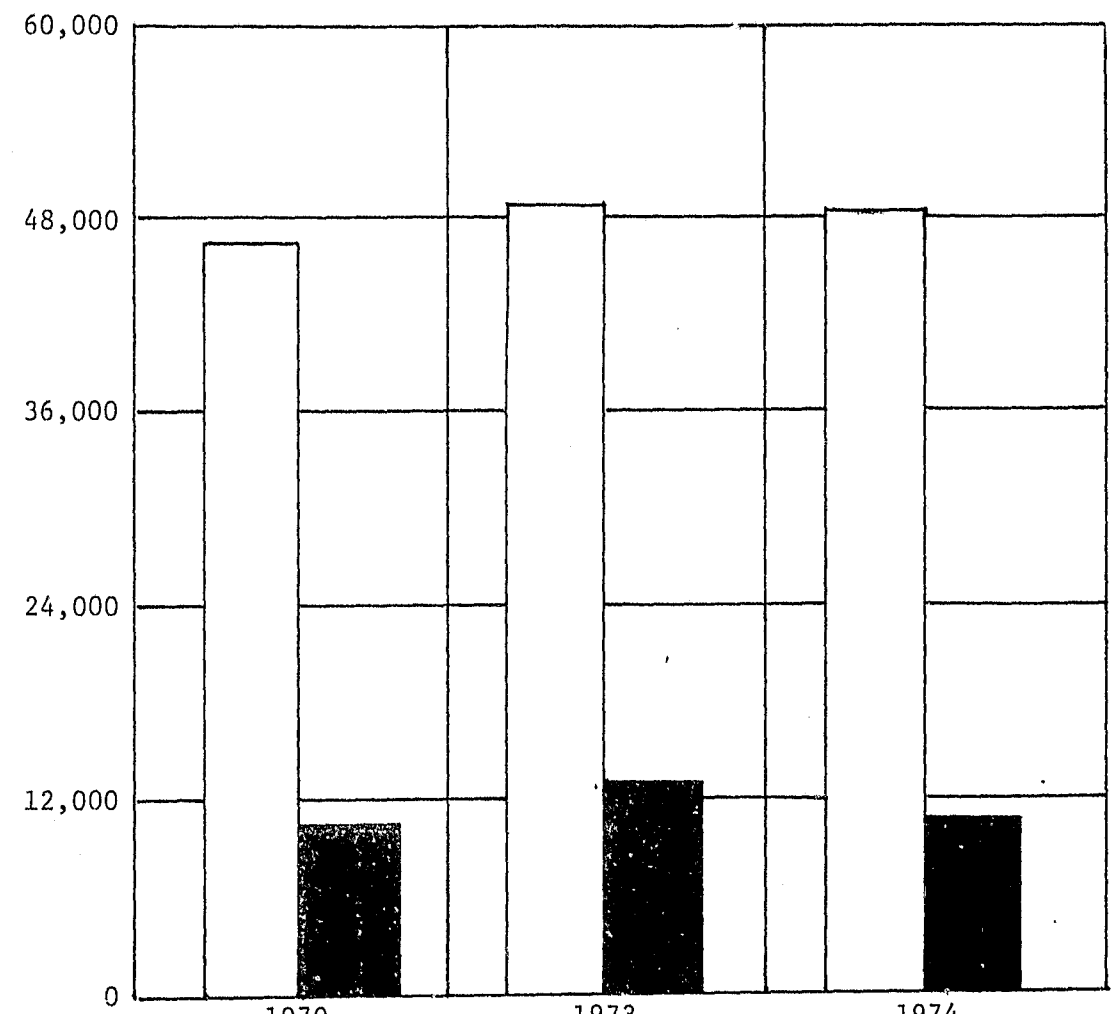


CHART 47

ADULTS GUILTY OF OFFENSES CHARGED

1970-1973-1974



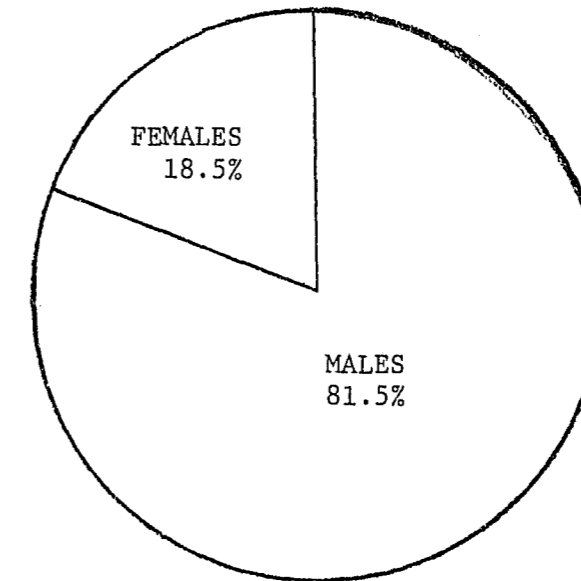
<u>1970</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>1974</u>
TOTAL - 57,542	TOTAL - 61,500	TOTAL - 59,262
MALES - 46,572	MALES - 48,728	MALES - 48,297
FEMALES - 10,970	FEMALES - 12,772	FEMALES - 10,965
	+6.9%	+3.6%

MALES
 FEMALES

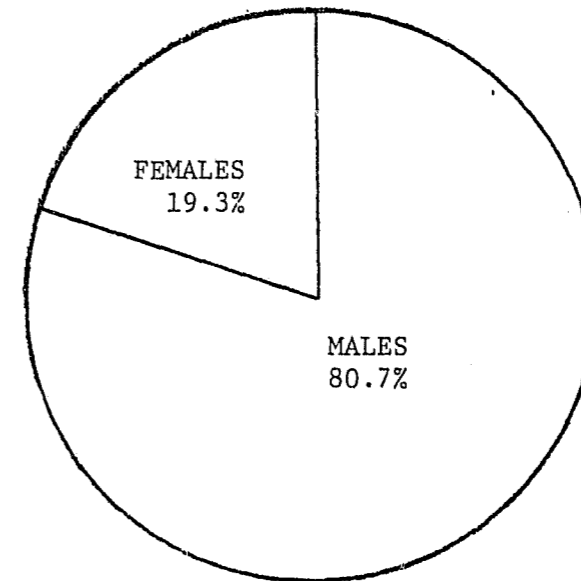
CHART 48

ADULTS GUILTY AS CHARGED & OF LESSER OFFENSES BY SEX
1974

TOTAL GUILTY 67,125



OF OFFENSE CHARGED
59,262 or 88.3%
48,297 MALES
10,965 FEMALES



OF LESSER OFFENSE
7,863 or 11.7%
6,342 MALES
1,521 FEMALES

CHART 49

Section 11

Section 12
ACILITIES

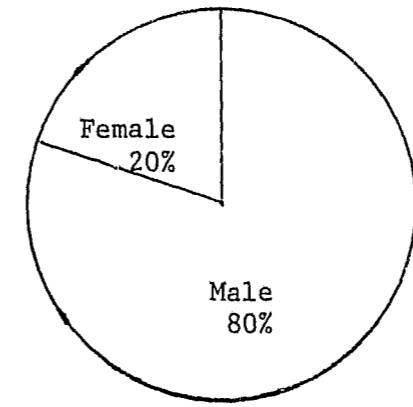
Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
NON-ENFORCEMENT

ADULTS GUILTY OF LESSER OFFENSES

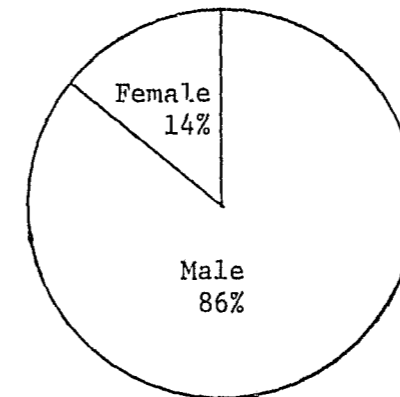
1970-1973-1974



1970

Total 208
Males 166
Females 42

1970

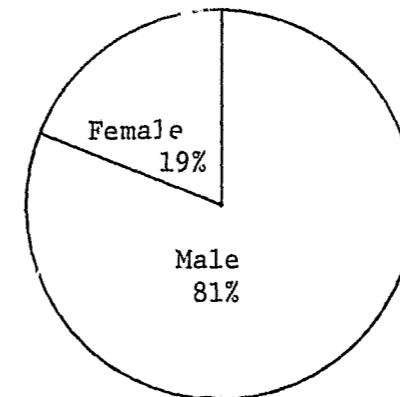


1973

Total 1,837
Males 1,572
Females 265

+783.2% from 1970

1973



1974

Total 7,863
Males 6,342
Females 1,521

+328.0% from 1973

1974

CHART 50

ADULTS GUILTY OF LESSER OFFENSES

1970-1973-1974

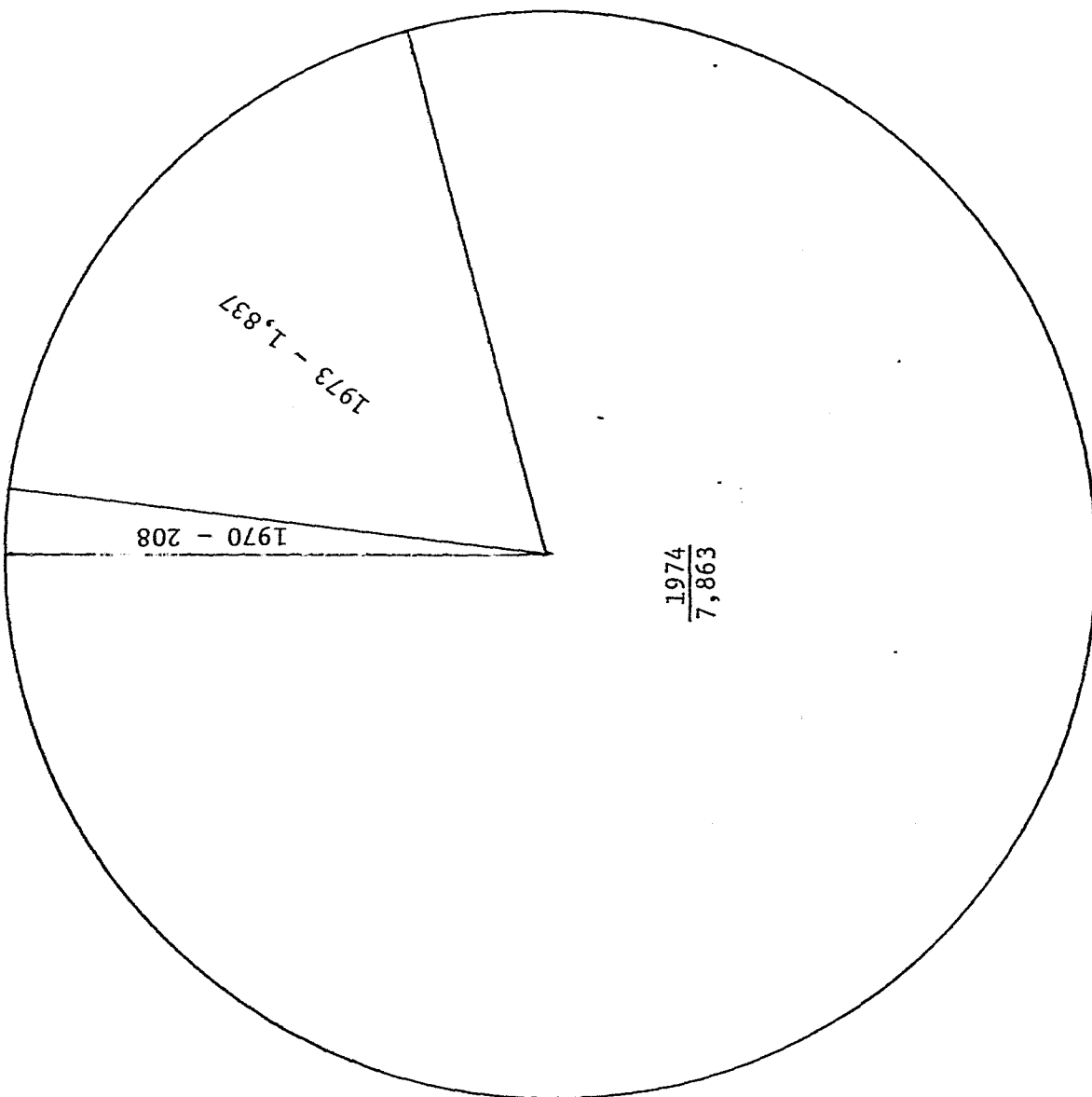


CHART 51

Section 11

Section 12
ACILITIES

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ACQUITTED

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT

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ACQUITTED OR OTHERWISE DISMISSED

13,392 or 14.2% of 94,625

1974

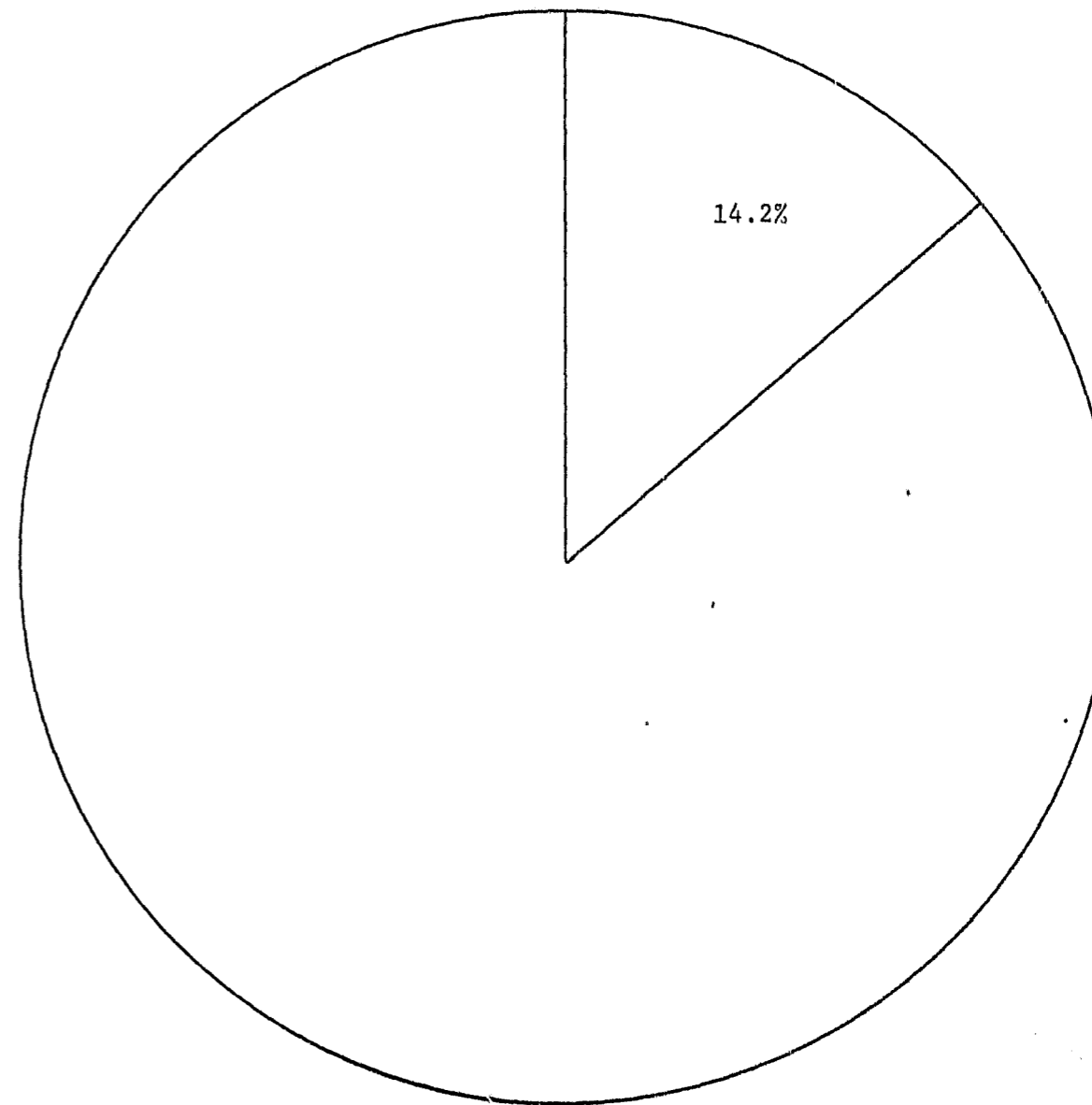
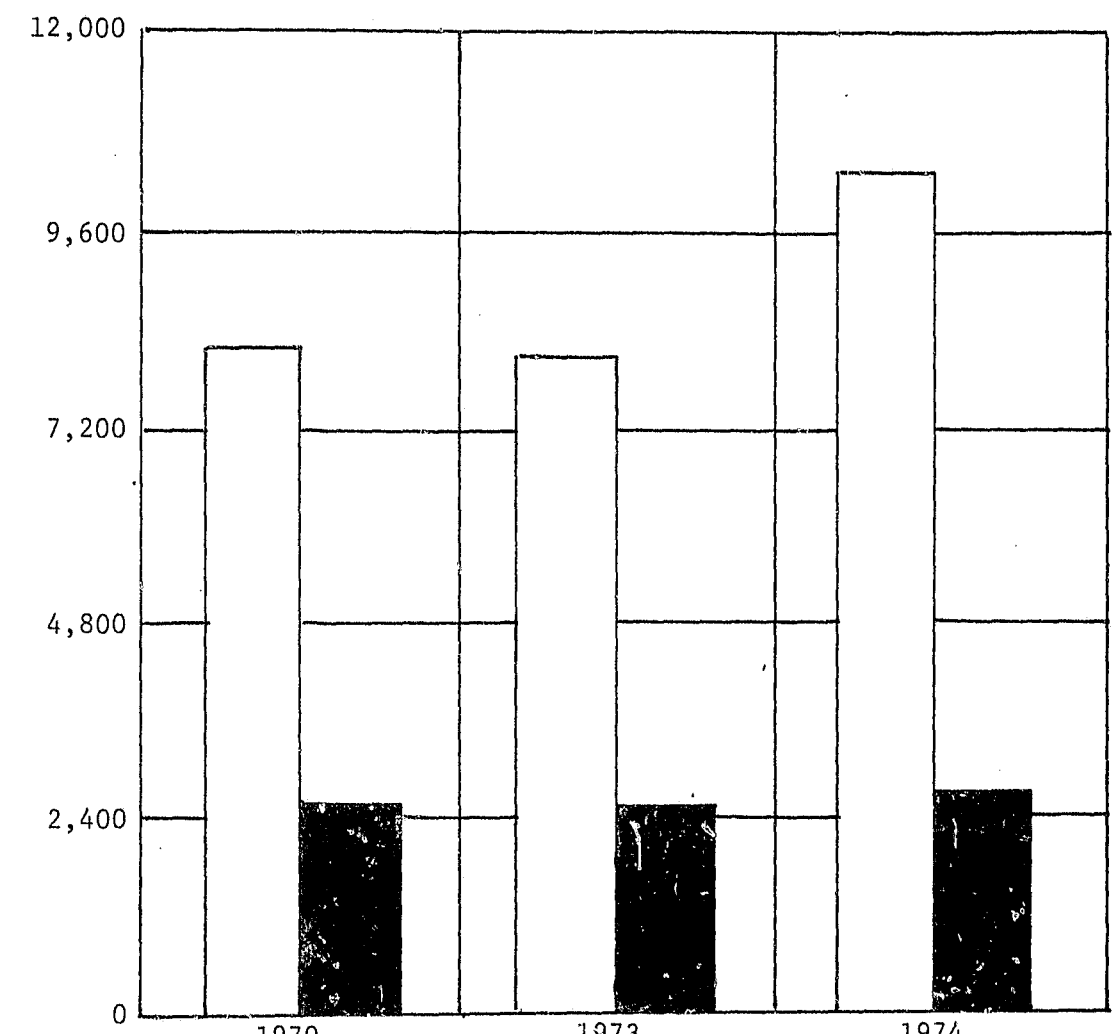


CHART 52

MALES & FEMALES ACQUITTED OR OTHERWISE DISMISSED

1970-1973-1974



<u>1970</u>	<u>1973</u>	<u>1974</u>
T - 10,756	T - 10,703 +0.5%	T - 13,392 +25.1%
M - 8,220	M - 8,195 +0.3%	M - 10,630 +29.7%
F - 2,536	F - 2,508 +1.1%	F - 2,762 +10.1%

□ M - MALE
 ■ F - FEMALE
 T - TOTAL

CHART 53

REFERRED TO JUVENILE COURT JURISDICTION

8,357 or 8.8% of 94,625

PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED

1974

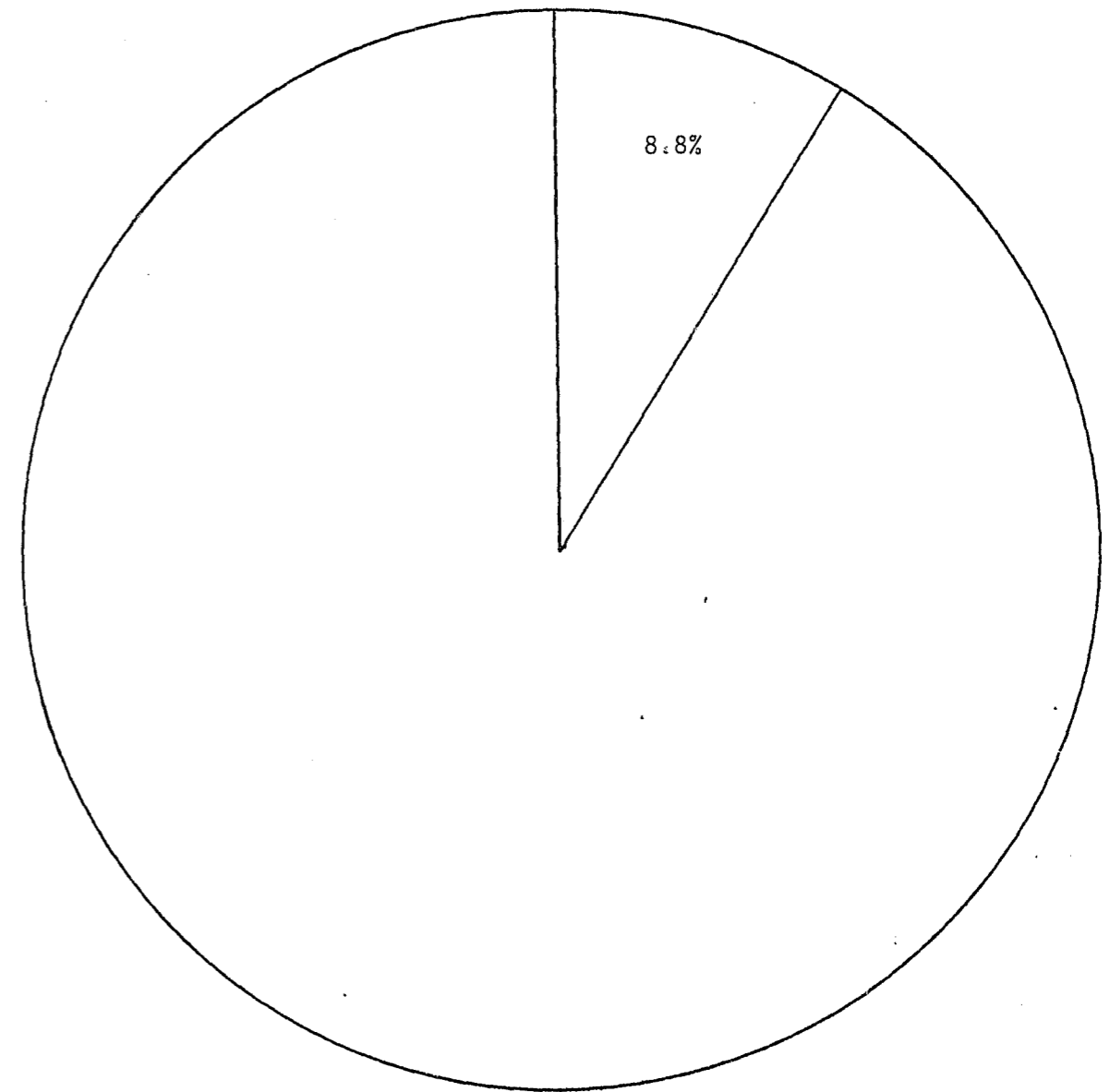


CHART 54

REFERRED TO JUVENILE COURT JURISDICTION BY SEX

1970-1973-1974

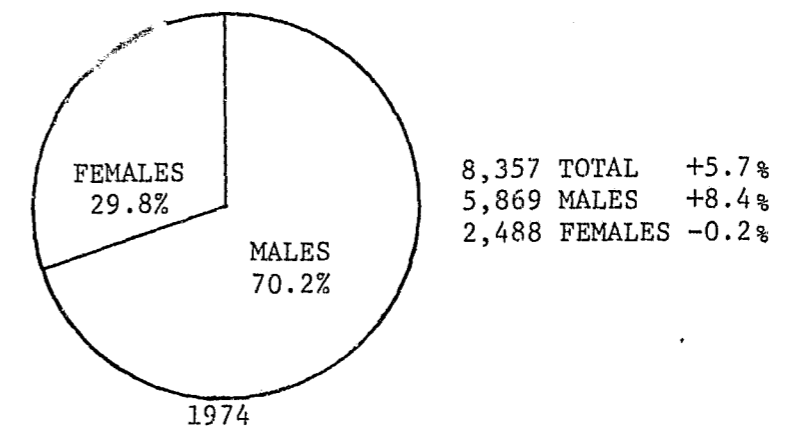
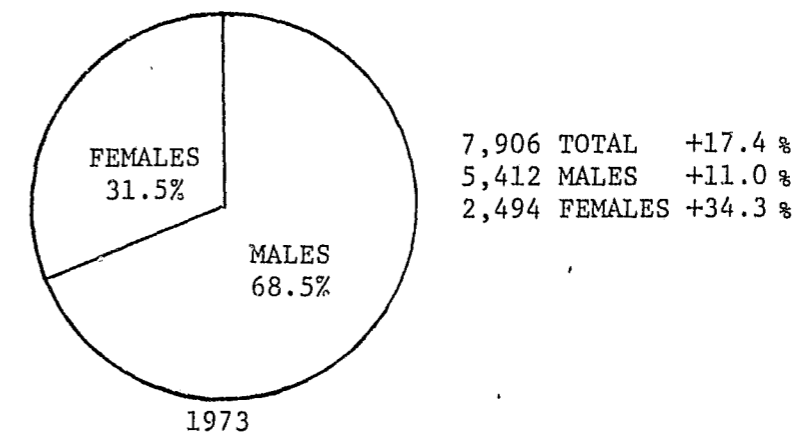
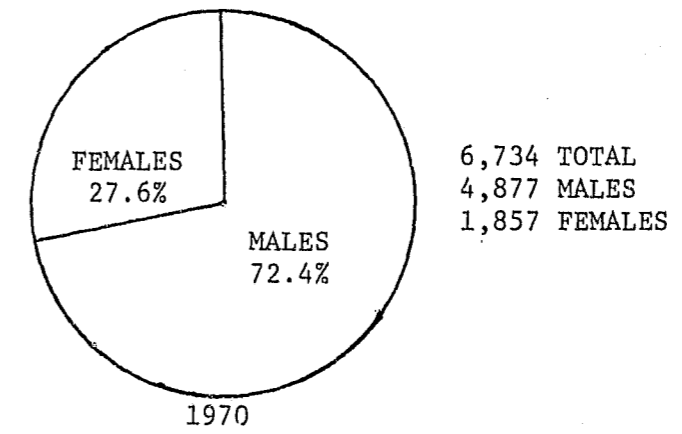


CHART 55

OFFENSES PENDING, PROSECUTED ELSEWHERE, ETC.

5,751 or 6.1% of 94,625

PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED

1974

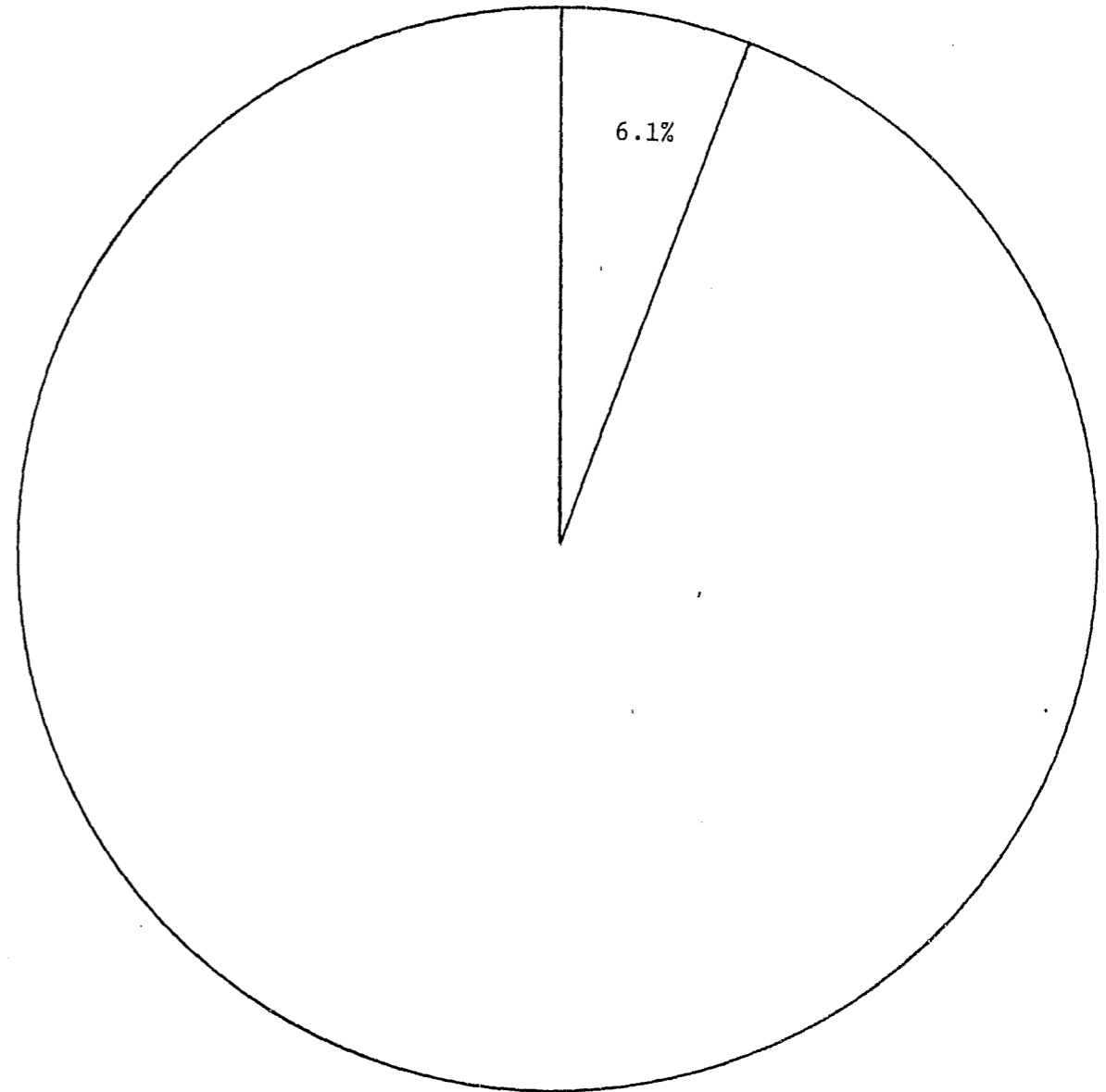


CHART 56

Section 11

h 12
ACILITIES

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT

OFFENSES PENDING, PROSECUTED ELSEWHERE, ETC.

1970-1972-1974

(PERCENT CHANGES FROM 1970)

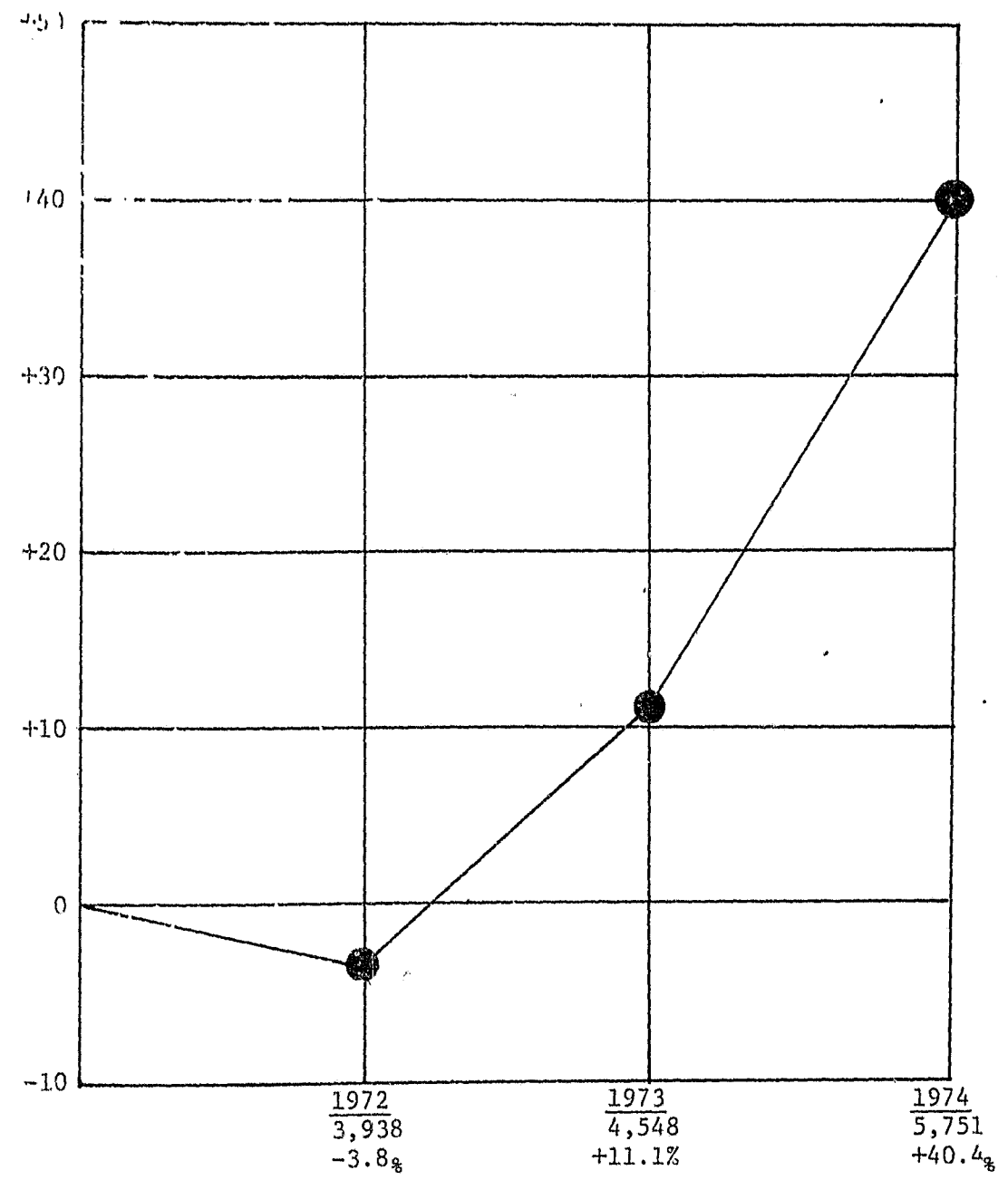


CHART 57

PERSONS FORMALLY CHARGED AND DISPOSITION
BY AREA AND PARTS
1974

AREA & PARTS	No. Of Persons Charged	PERCENT OF CHARGED				
		Guilty		Acquitted Or Dismissed	Ref. To Juvenile Court	Pending Prosecuted Elsewhere
		Offense Charged	Lesser Charge			
Aberdeen						
Part I	1850	49.8	0.6	14.1	14.1	21.4
II	22521	63.9	3.6	10.0	6.3	16.1
III	1859	77.6	0.3	6.1	8.9	7.2
Subtotal	26230	63.9	3.2	10.0	7.1	15.8
Albuquerque						
Part I	405	43.2	1.5	30.1	20.3	4.9
II	4832	77.2	0.1	8.9	13.3	0.5
III	1594	73.3	-	9.5	17.1	0.1
Subtotal	6831	74.2	0.2	10.3	14.6	0.7
Billings						
Part I	1024	51.5	10.2	27.1	9.8	1.4
II	13040	63.1	13.0	9.9	14.0	-
III	1862	67.7	13.5	7.9	10.9	-
Subtotal	15926	62.9	12.9	10.8	13.3	0.1
Eastern						
Part I	58	51.7	-	29.3	12.1	6.9
II	703	81.9	0.1	11.0	4.6	2.4
III	24	54.2	-	12.5	33.3	-
Subtotal	785	78.8	0.1	12.4	6.0	2.7
Minneapolis						
Part I	227	64.3	4.0	9.7	22.0	-
II	715	64.6	0.4	5.6	28.7	0.7
III	55	78.2	-	3.6	18.2	-
Subtotal	997	65.3	1.2	6.4	26.6	0.5
Navajo						
Part I	1484	15.5	5.0	57.3	6.5	15.7
II	13624	57.6	14.4	21.1	2.7	4.2
III	9931	52.1	12.8	27.4	1.3	6.4
Subtotal	25039	53.0	13.2	25.7	2.4	5.7
Phoenix						
Part I	1560	54.8	9.2	10.5	23.3	2.2
II	11742	71.9	8.7	8.7	10.7	-
III	1586	58.4	28.9	8.7	4.0	-
Subtotal	14888	68.6	10.9	8.9	11.3	0.3
Portland						
Part I	305	45.9	0.3	23.3	30.2	0.3
II	3173	68.4	0.7	9.4	21.1	0.4
III	451	82.3	-	8.2	4.7	4.8
Subtotal	3929	68.2	0.6	10.4	19.9	0.9
Totals						
Part I	6913	43.8	5.1	25.8	15.2	10.1
II	70350	65.2	7.9	11.8	9.1	6.0
III	17362	59.9	11.5	19.0	5.0	4.6
Subtotal	94625	62.6	8.3	14.2	8.8	6.1

CHART 58

84

Section 11

Section 12
ACILITIES

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

Section 9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT
MISFEASANCE

CONTINUED

2 OF 3

Section 11

n 12
ACILITIF

Section 8
PERSONS GRANTED PRO-
BATION

9
ACCIDENTS

Section 10
N-ENFORCEMENT
SERVICES RENDERED

ADULTS & JUVENILES GRANTED PROBATION

1974

TOTAL 23,915

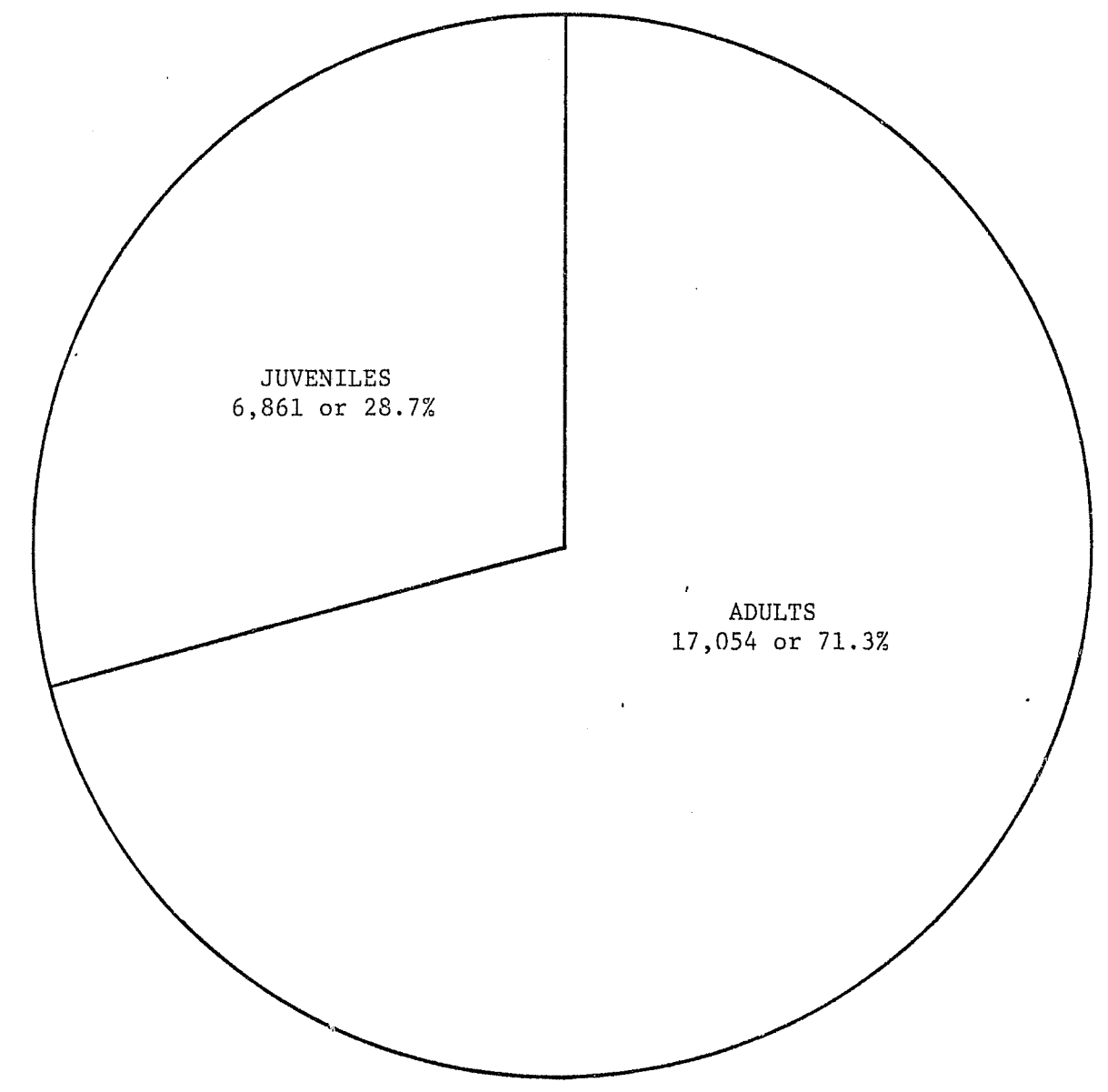
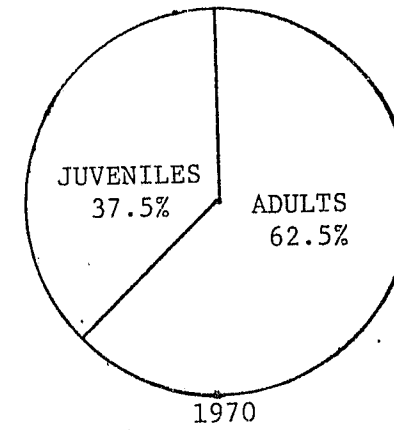


CHART 59

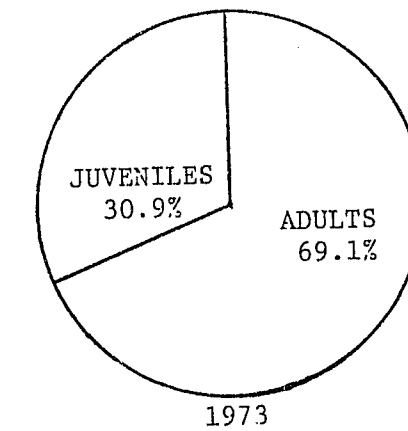
ADULTS & JUVENILES GRANTED PROBATION

1970-1973-1974

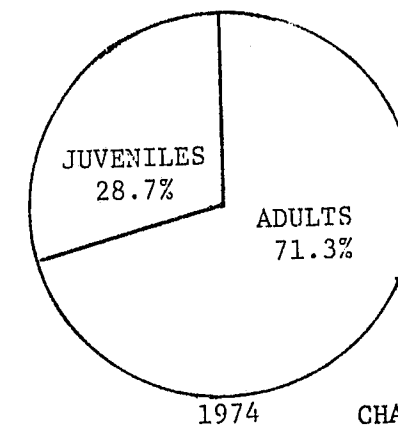
COMPARISON



11,465 TOTAL
7,164 ADULTS
4,301 JUVENILES



18,131 TOTAL +58.1%
12,537 ADULTS +75.0%
5,594 JUVENILES +30.1%



23,915 TOTAL +31.9%
17,054 ADULTS +36.0%
6,861 JUVENILES +22.6%

1974

CHART 60

ADULTS GRANTED PROBATION BY SEX

1974

TOTAL 17,054

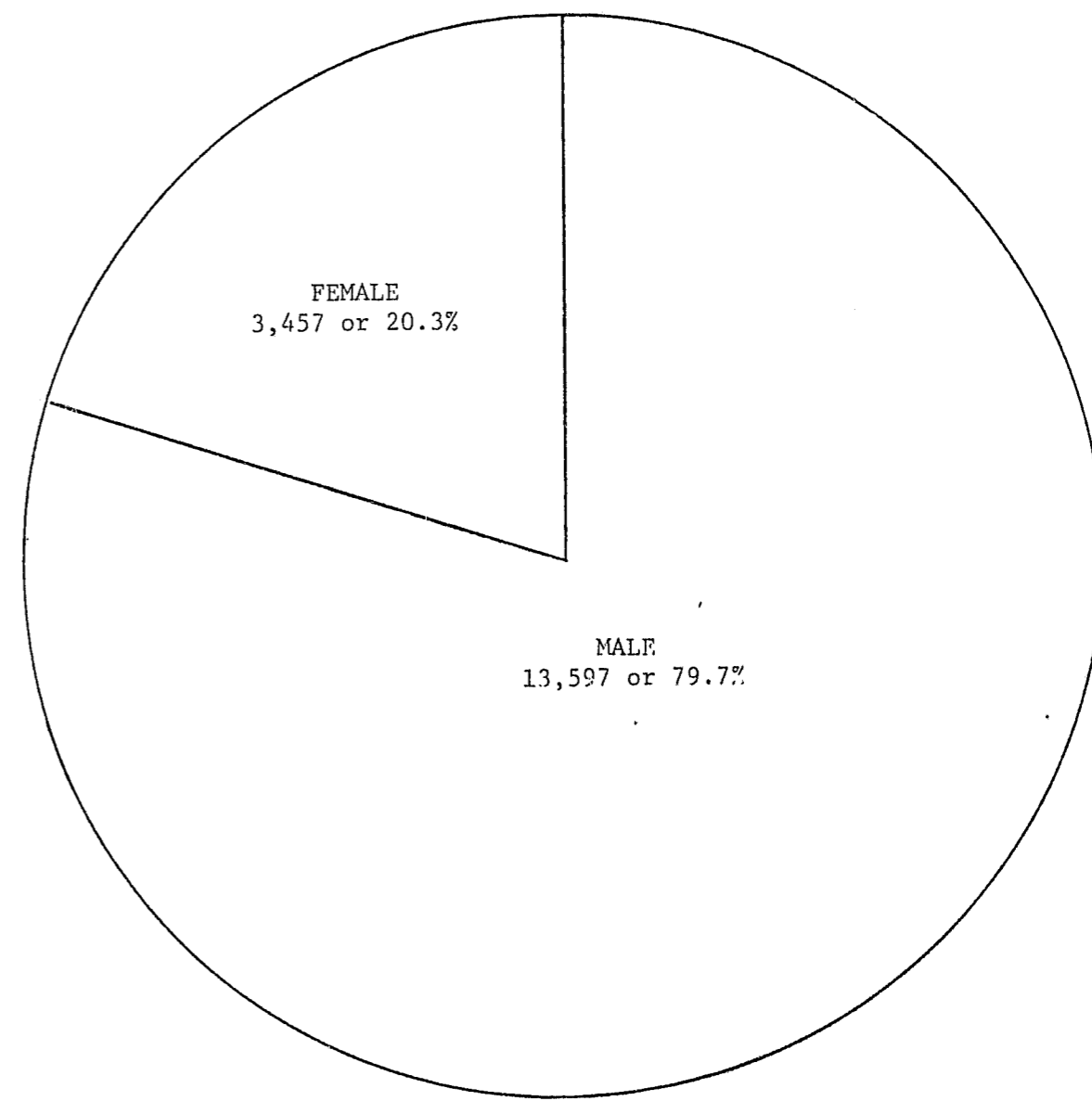


CHART 61

ADULTS ON PROBATION BY SEX

1970-1973-1974

COMPARISON

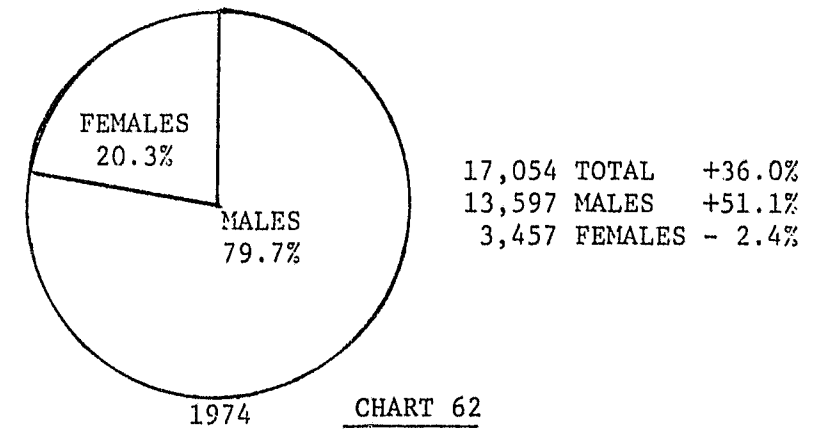
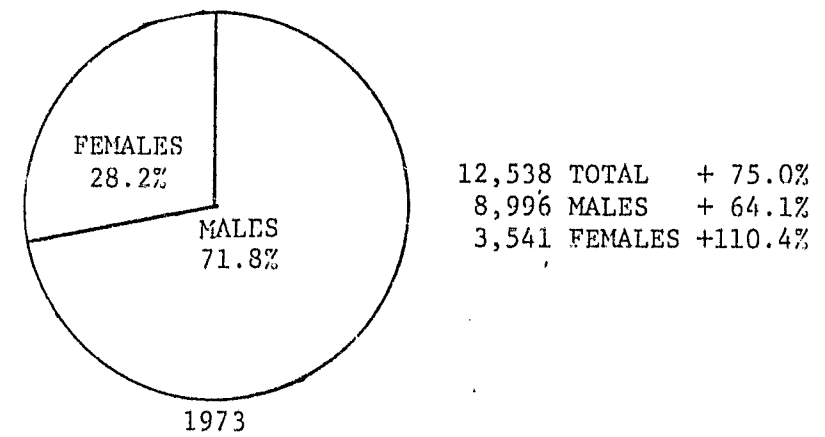
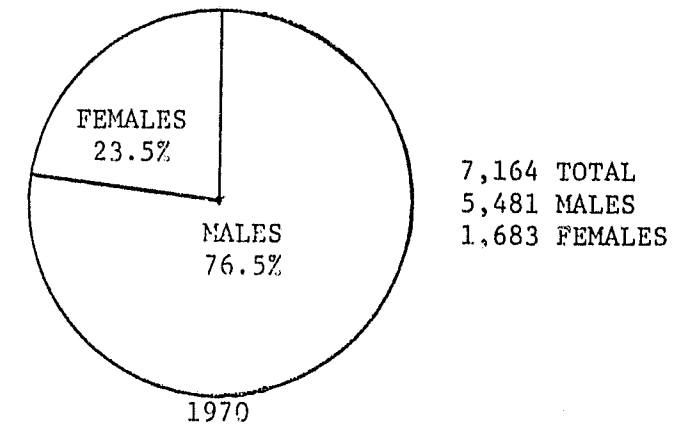


CHART 62

Section 11

n 12
ACILITIES

Section 13
PRISONER PO

Section 9
TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

Section 10
NON-ENFORCEMENT
OTHER PENITENTIARY

JUVENILES GRANTED PROBATION BY SEX
1974
TOTAL 6,861

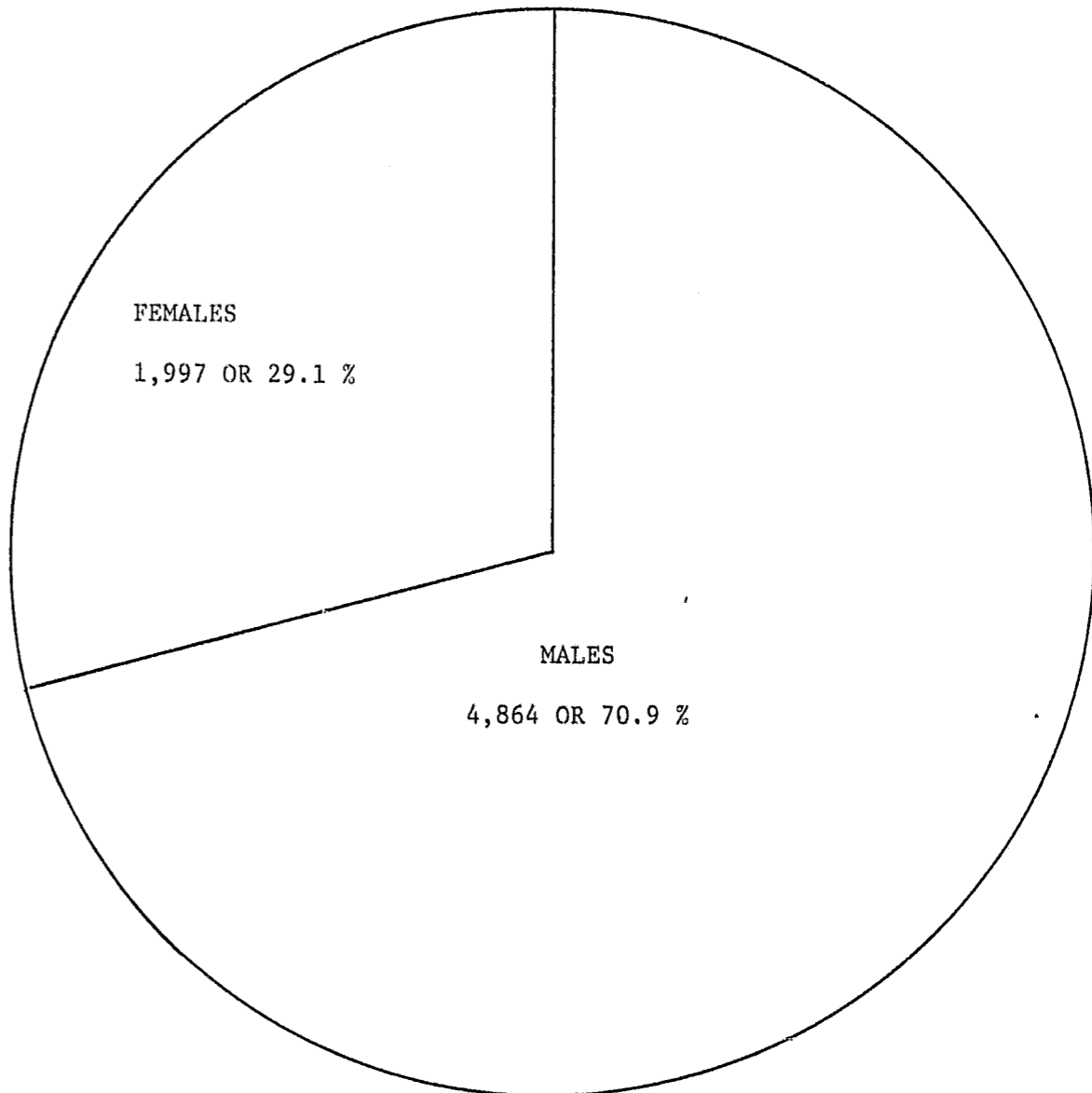


CHART 63

JUVENILES ON PROBATION BY SEX
 1970, 1973, 1974
 COMPARISON

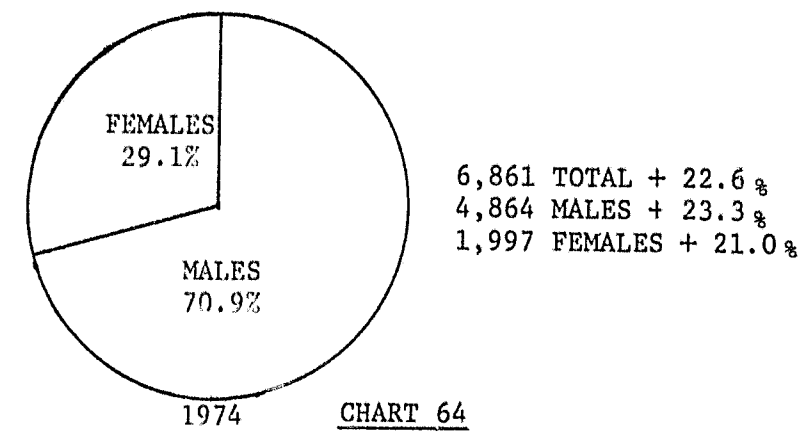
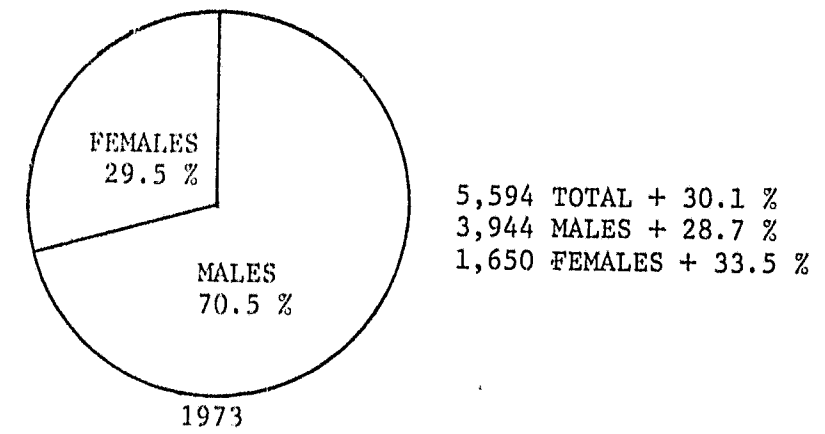
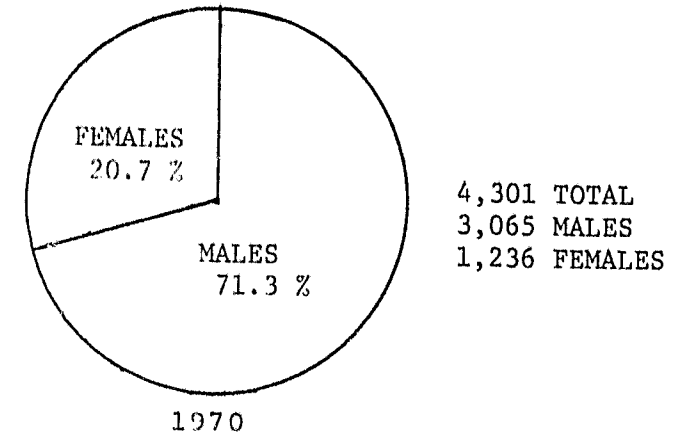


CHART 64

MALE PERSONS GRANTED PROBATION
1970, 1973, 1974
COMPARISON

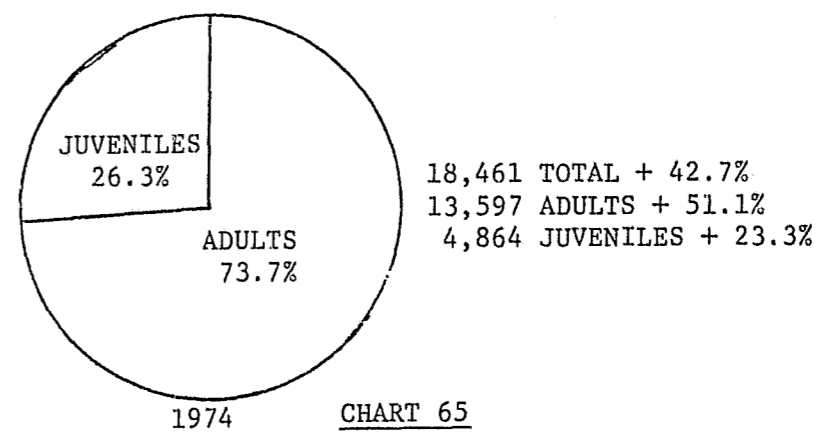
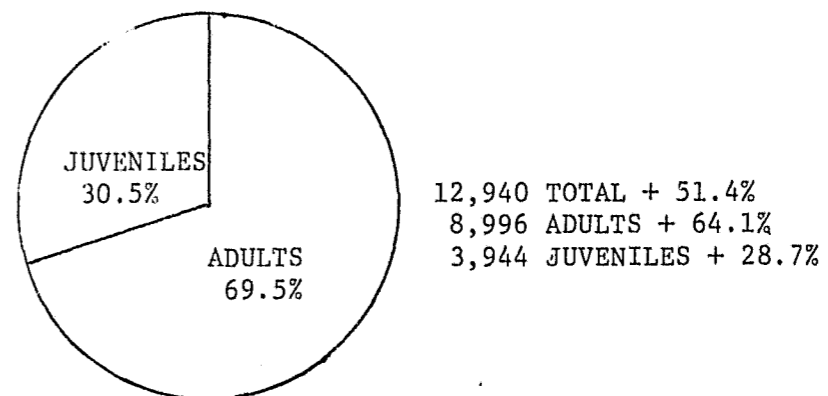
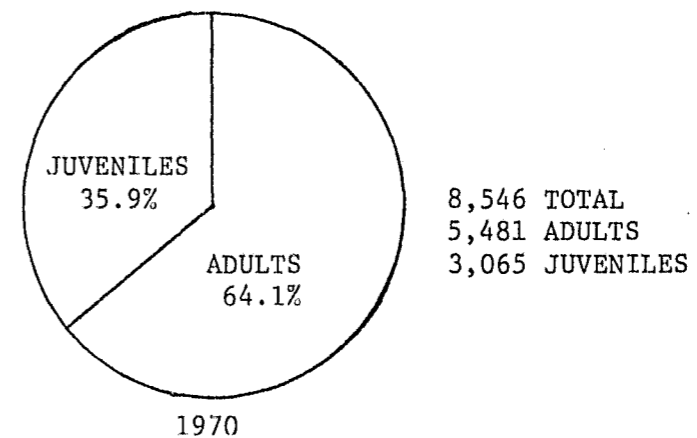
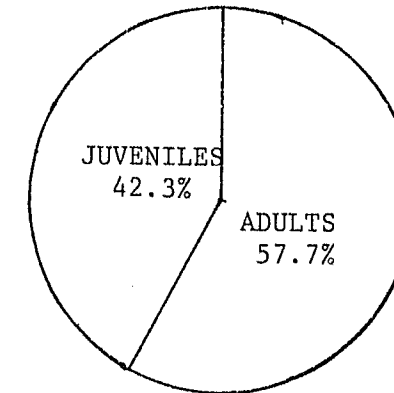


CHART 65

FEMALE PERSONS GRANTED PROBATION

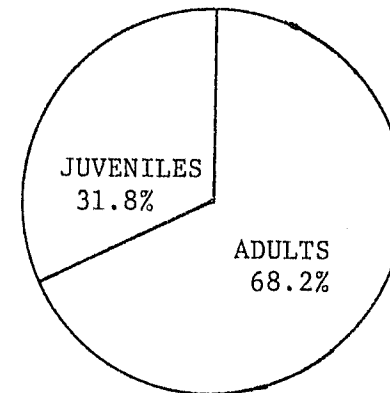
1970, 1973, 1974

COMPARISON



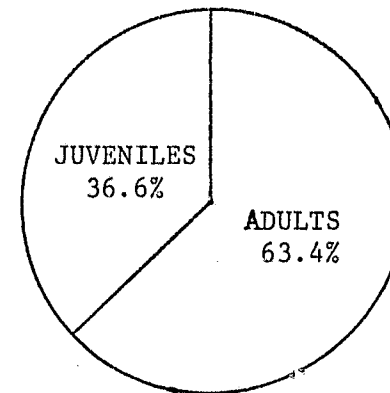
2,919 TOTAL
1,683 ADULTS
1,236 JUVENILES

1970



5,191 TOTAL + 77.8%
3,541 ADULTS + 110.4%
1,650 JUVENILES + 33.5%

1973



5,454 TOTAL + 5.1%
3,457 ADULTS - 3.3%
1,997 JUVENILES + 21.0%

1974

CHART 66

ADULTS & JUVENILES GRANTED PROBATION
BY AREA & PARTS
1974

AREA & PARTS	Total	ADULTS Total	JUVENILES Total	PERCENT OF PROBATION		
				Total	Adults	Juveniles
<u>Aberdeen</u>	5324	3549	1775	223	66.7	33.3
Part I	385	192	193	7.2	49.9	50.1
II	4631	3140	1491	87.0	67.8	32.2
III	308	217	91	5.8	70.5	29.5
<u>Albuquerque</u>	1812	1383	429	7.6	76.3	23.7
Part I	157	68	89	8.7	43.3	56.7
II	1294	1010	254	71.4	78.1	21.9
III	361	305	56	19.9	84.5	15.5
<u>Billings</u>	5602	3536	2066	23.4	63.1	36.9
Part I	356	219	137	6.4	61.5	38.5
II	4907	3008	1899	87.6	61.3	38.7
III	339	309	30	6.0	91.2	8.8
<u>Eastern</u>	81	23	58	0.3	28.4	71.6
Part I	18	4	14	22.2	22.2	77.8
II	56	19	37	69.1	33.9	66.1
III	7	0	7	8.7	-	100.0
<u>Minneapolis</u>	196	40	156	0.8	20.4	79.6
Part I	52	20	32	26.5	38.5	61.5
II	123	15	108	62.8	12.2	87.8
III	21	5	16	10.7	23.8	76.2
<u>Navajo</u>	7185	6561	624	30.1	91.3	8.7
Part I	382	352	30	5.3	92.1	7.9
II	4021	3780	241	56.0	94.0	6.0
III	2783	2430	353	38.7	87.3	12.7
<u>Phoenix</u>	3228	1680	1548	135	52.0	48.0
Part I	463	116	347	14.3	25.1	74.9
II	2688	1557	1131	83.3	57.9	42.1
III	77	7	70	2.4	9.1	90.9
<u>Portland</u>	486	281	205	2.0	57.8	42.2
Part I	77	32	45	15.8	41.6	58.4
II	390	241	149	80.3	61.8	38.2
III	19	8	11	3.9	42.1	57.9
<u>Totals</u>						
Part I	1890	887	1003	7.9	46.9	53.1
II	18110	12770	5340	75.7	70.5	29.5
III	3915	3281	634	16.4	83.8	16.2
Grand Totals	23915	17054	6861	100.0	71.3	23.7

ADULTS & JUVENILES GRANTED PROBATION
BY AREA & SEX
1974

AREA & SEX	TOTAL	ADULTS TOTAL	JUVENILES TOTAL	PERCENT OF PROBATION		
				TOTAL	ADULTS	JUVENILES
Aberdeen						
Male	4044	2842	1202	76.0	70.3	29.7
Female	1280	707	573	24.0	55.2	44.8
Subtotal	5324	3549	1775	100.0	66.7	33.3
Albuquerque						
Male	1422	1117	305	78.5	78.6	21.4
Female	390	266	124	21.5	68.2	31.8
Subtotal	1812	1383	429	100.0	76.3	23.7
Billings						
Male	3866	2586	1280	69.0	66.9	33.1
Female	1736	950	786	31.0	54.7	45.3
Subtotal	5602	3536	2066	100.0	63.1	36.9
Eastern						
Male	68	18	50	84.0	26.5	73.5
Female	13	5	8	16.0	38.5	61.5
Subtotal	81	23	58	100.0	28.4	71.6
Minneapolis						
Male	153	36	117	78.1	23.5	76.5
Female	43	4	39	21.9	9.3	90.7
Subtotal	196	40	156	100.0	20.4	79.6
Navajo						
Male	6051	5536	515	84.1	91.5	8.5
Female	1135	1026	109	15.8	90.4	9.6
Subtotal	7186	6562	624	100.0	91.3	8.7
Phoenix						
Male	2478	1231	1247	76.8	49.7	50.3
Female	750	449	301	23.2	59.9	40.1
Subtotal	3228	1680	1548	100.0	52.0	48.0
Portland						
Male	379	231	148	78.0	60.9	39.1
Female	107	50	57	22.0	46.7	53.3
Subtotal	486	281	205	100.0	57.8	42.2
Totals						
Male	18461	13597	4864	77.2	73.7	26.3
Female	5454	3457	1997	22.8	63.4	28.7
Grand Total	23915	17054	6861	100.0	71.3	28.7

CHART 68

Section 11

n 12
ACILITIES

ction 13
ISONER POP

Section 9
TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

ction 10
-ENFORCEMENT
VICE DENIED

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS
TOTAL ACCIDENTS 4,075
1974

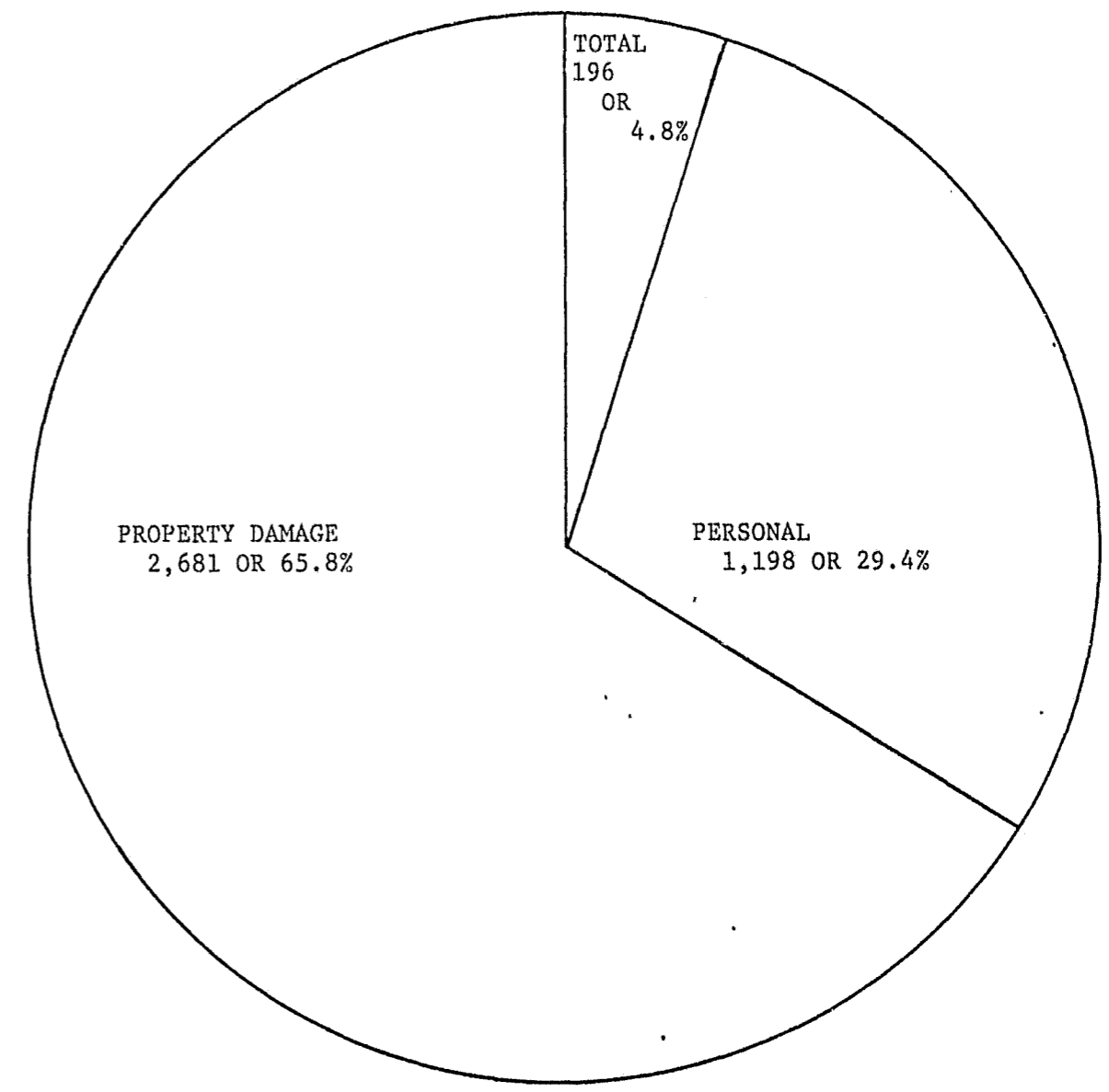


CHART 69

TOTAL ACCIDENTS
1970, 1973, 1974

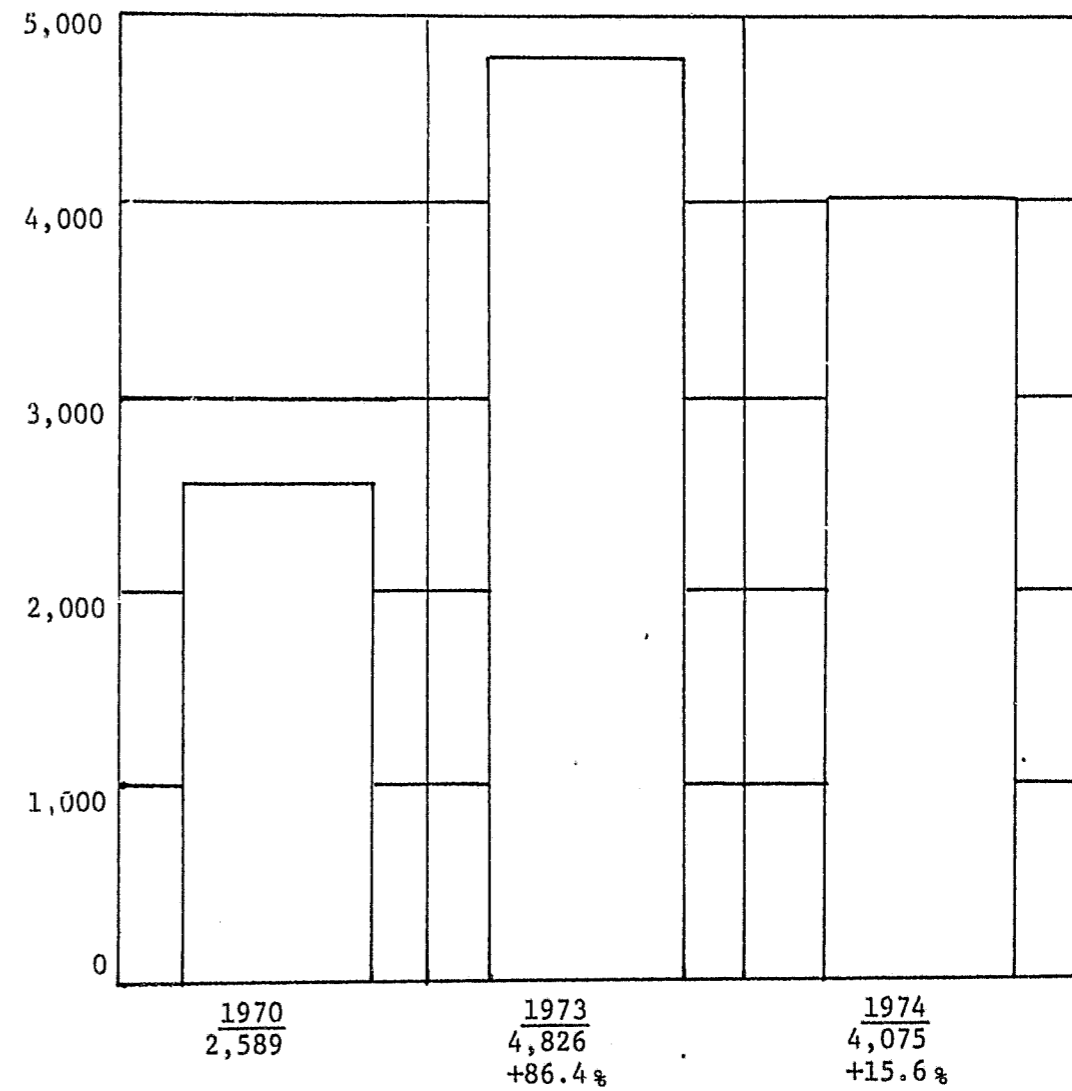


CHART 70

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

TOTAL KILLED 234
1974

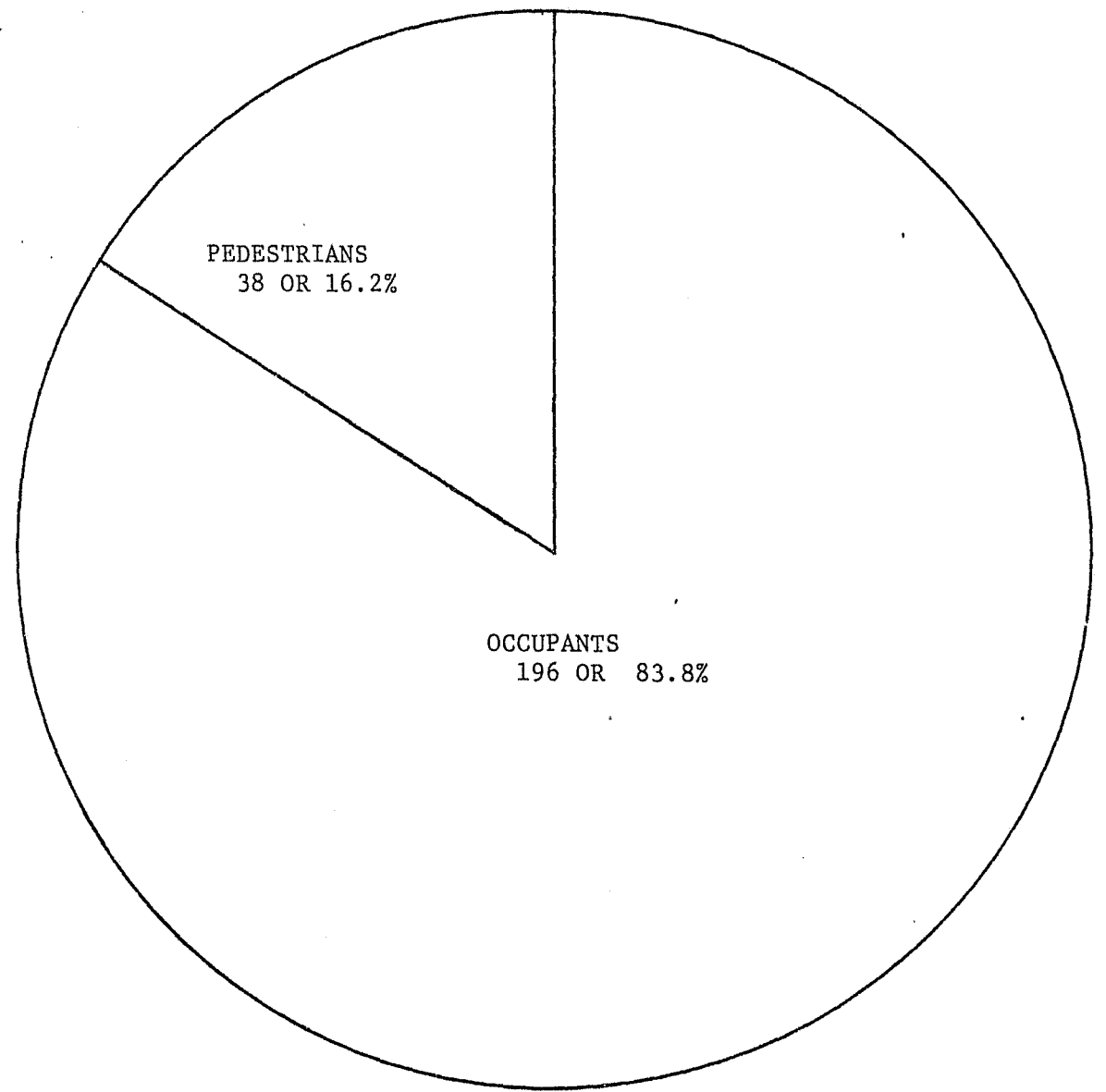


CHART 71

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

TOTAL KILLED

1970, 1973, 1974

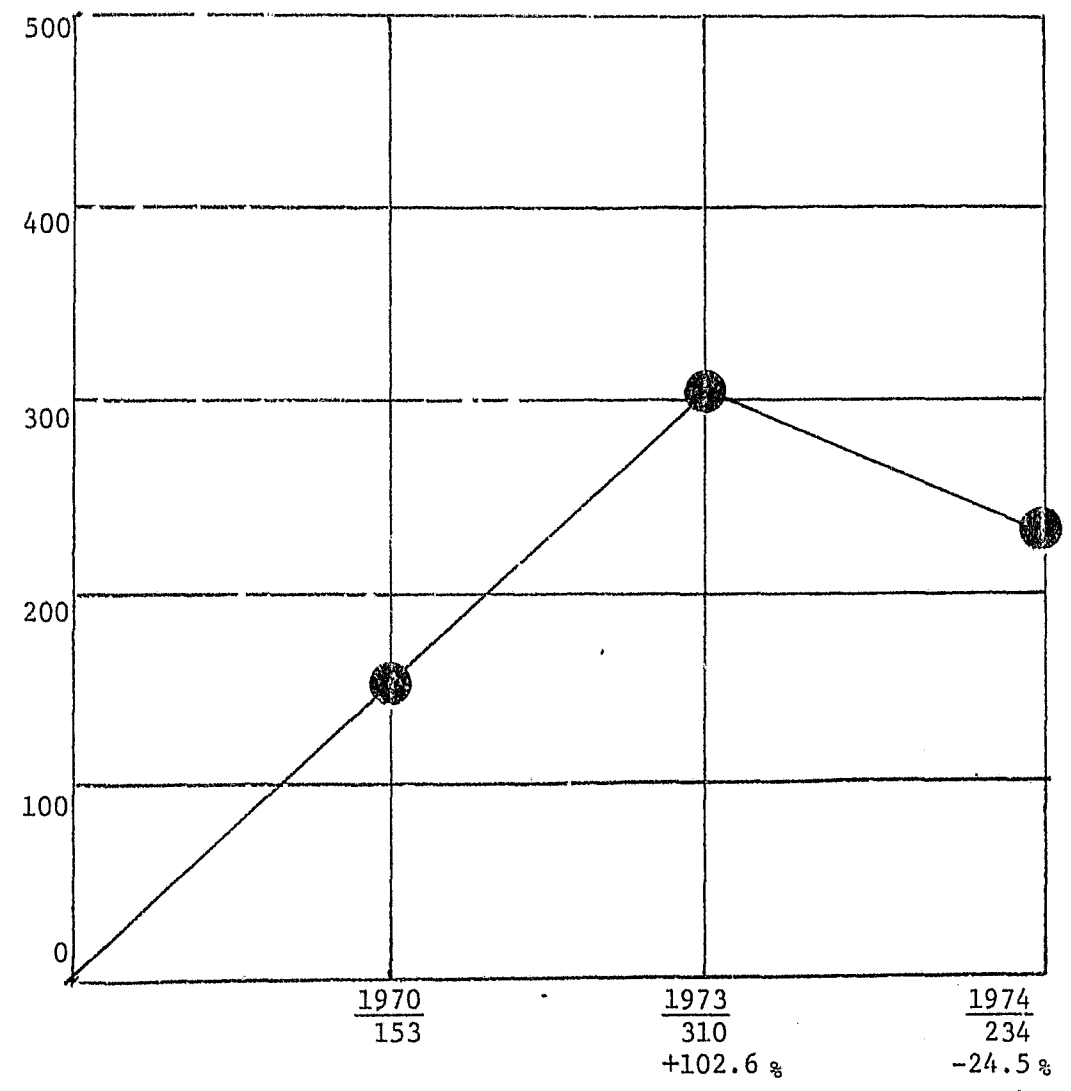


CHART 72

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

TOTAL INJURED 1,726

1974

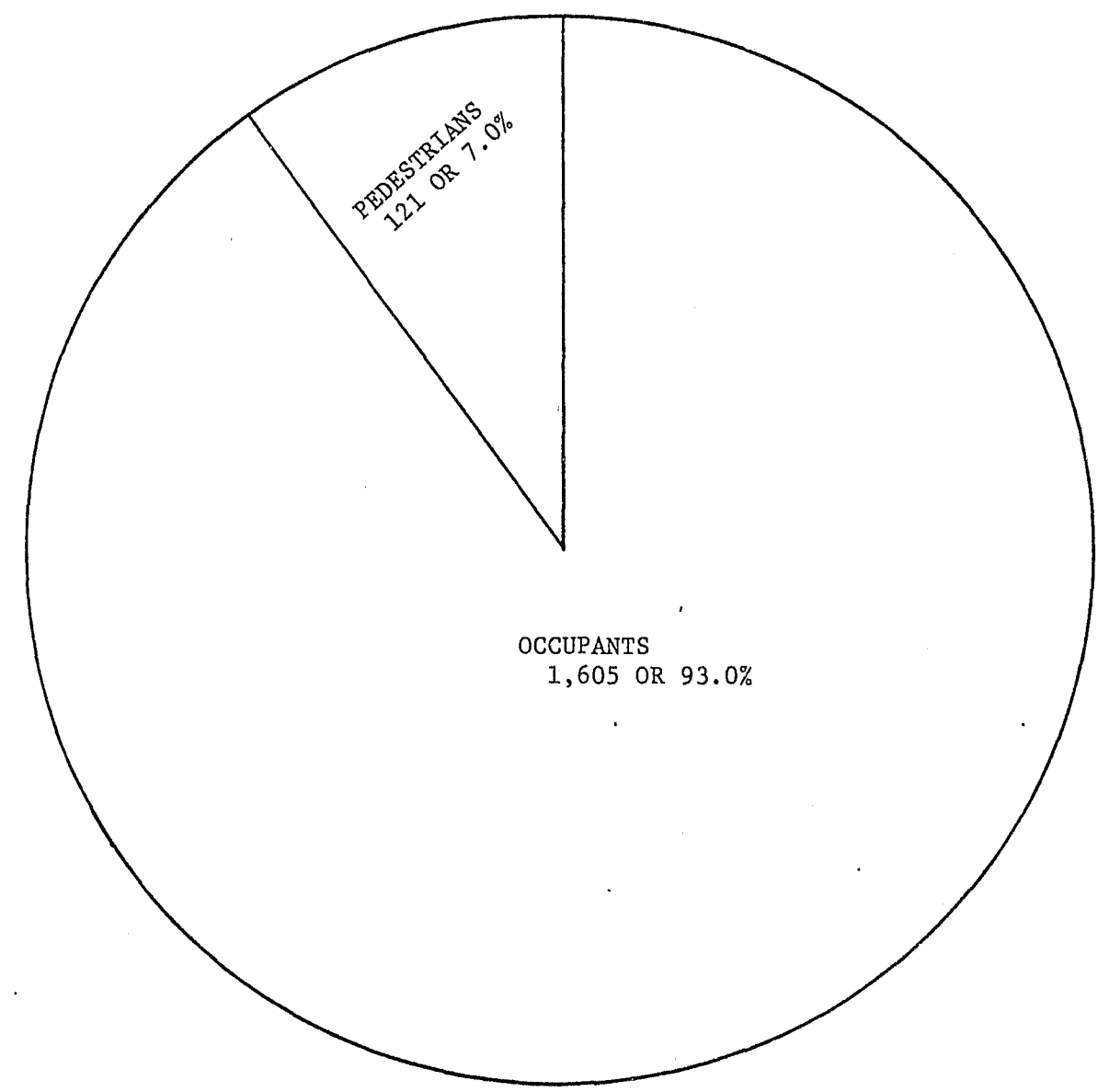


CHART 73

TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS

TOTAL INJURED
1970, 1973, 1974

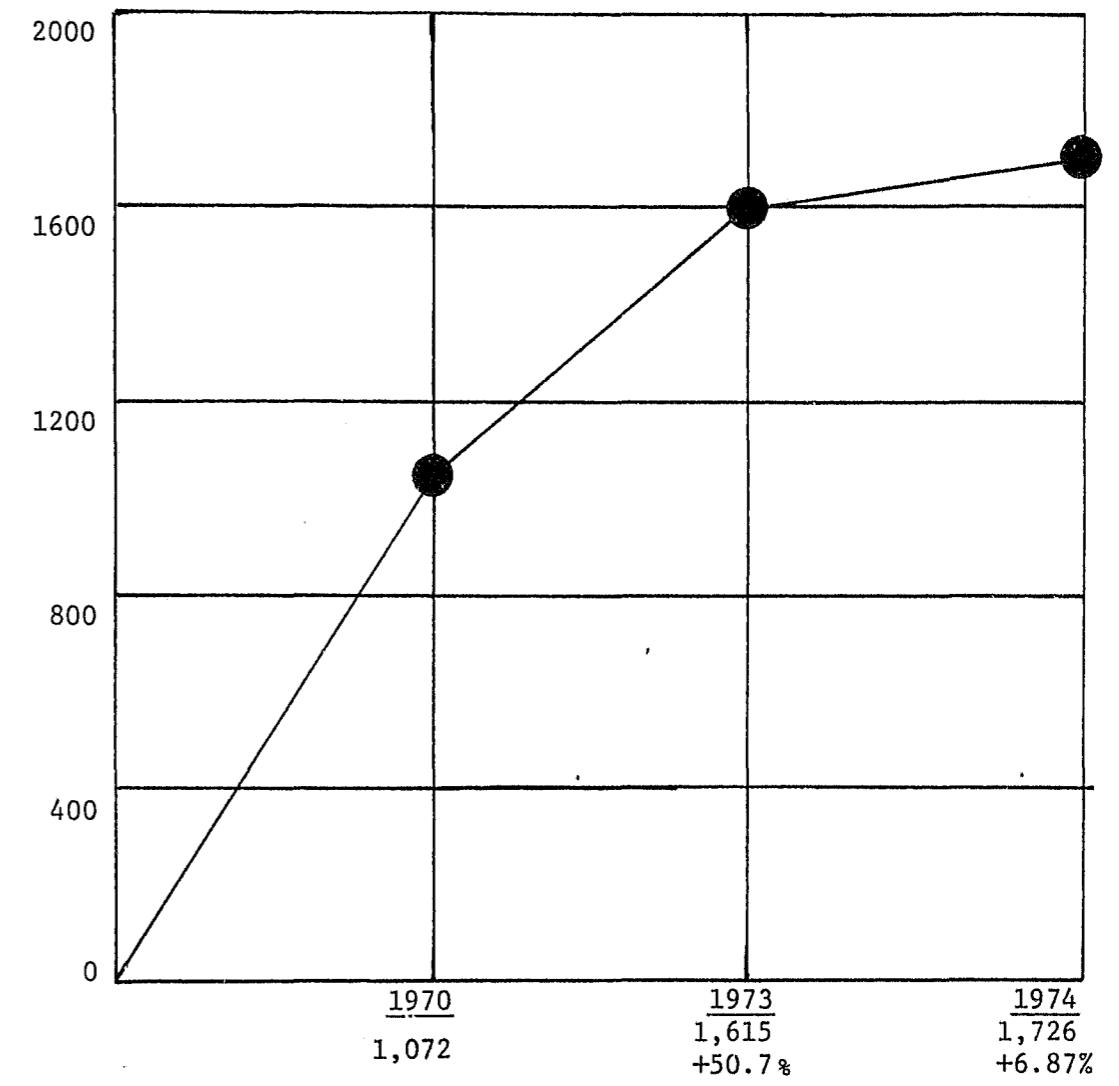
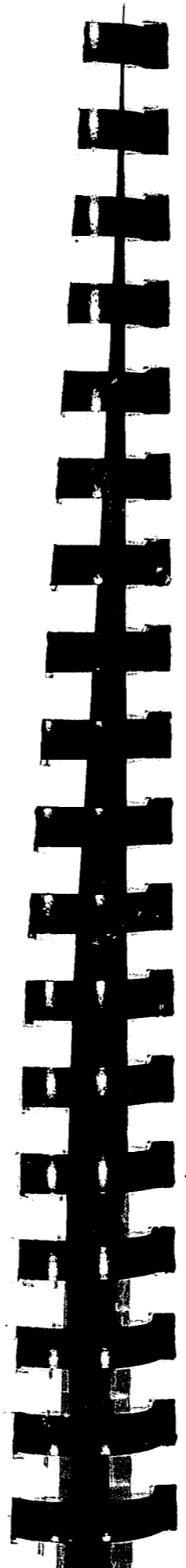


CHART 74



PEDESTRIAN ACCIDENTS

1970, 1973, 1974

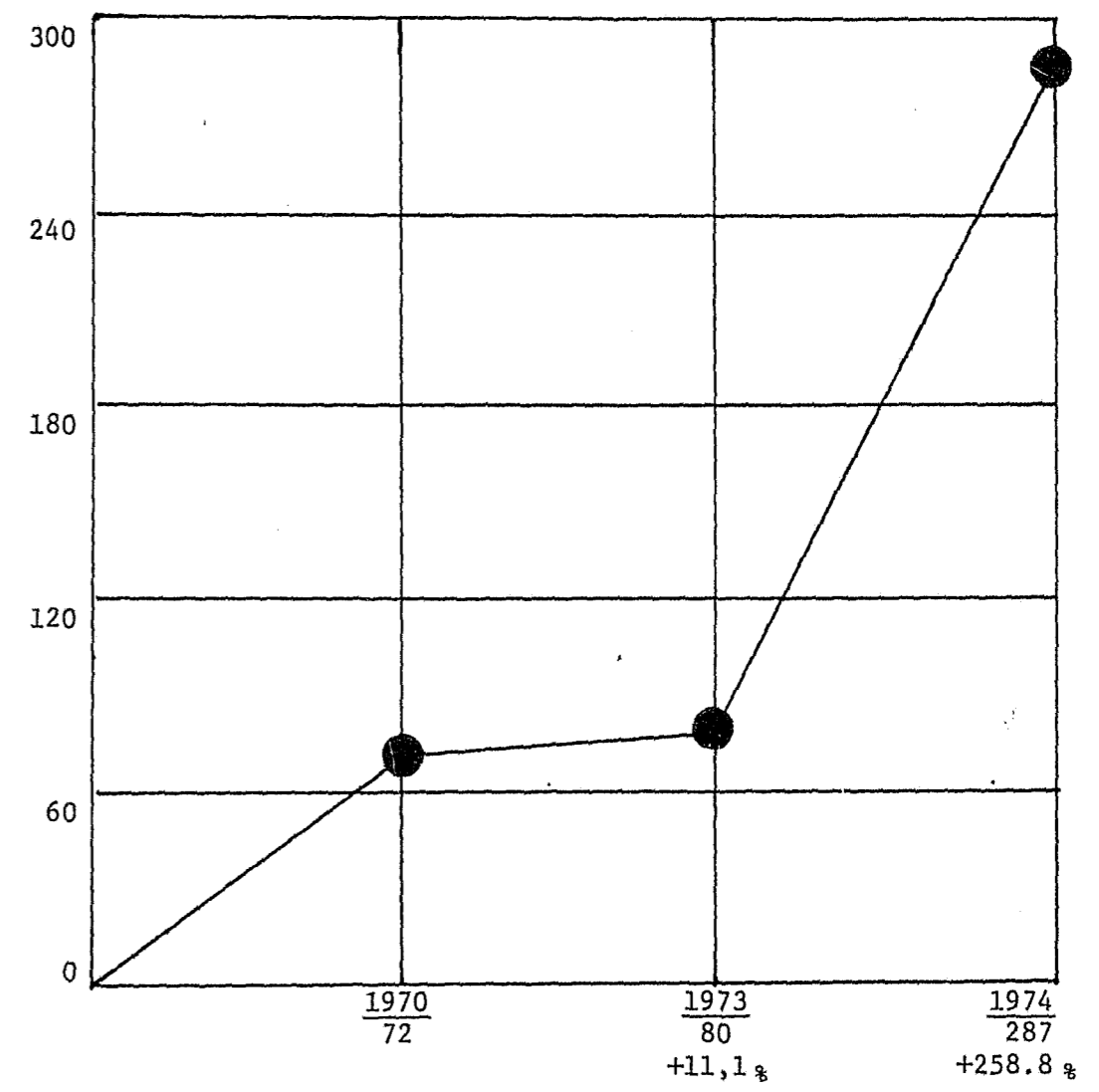
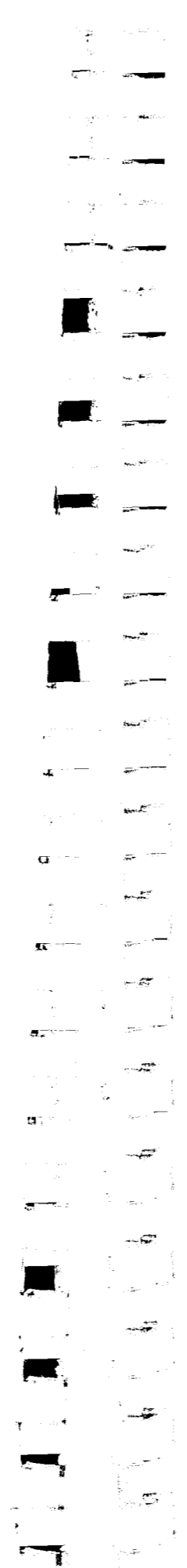


CHART 75



HIT & RUN ACCIDENTS
1970, 1973, 1974

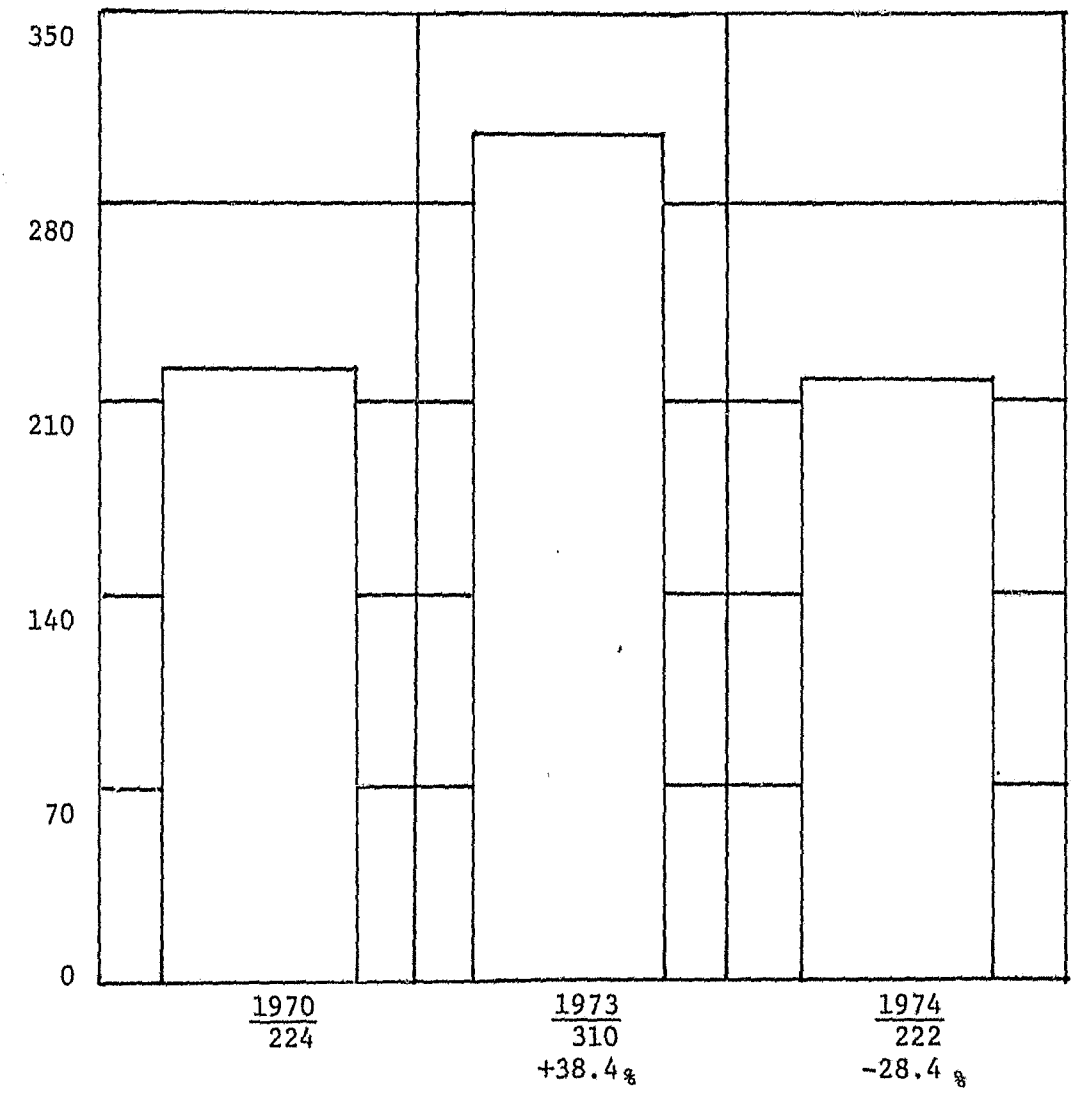


CHART 76

TRAFFIC ACCIDENT SUMMARY
1974

(Chart 77 continues)

CLASSIFICATION	AB.	ALB.	BILL.	EA.	MINN.
1. Total Accidents	788	376	591	11	46
Percent	19.4	9.2	14.5	0.3	1.1
a. Fatal	30	16	20	-	1
Percent	15.3	8.2	10.2	-	0.5
b. Personal Injury	127	32	115	1	6
Percent	10.6	2.7	9.6	0.1	0.5
c. Property Damage	631	328	456	10	39
Percent	23.5	12.2	17.0	0.4	1.5
2. Total Killed	54	20	19	-	1
Percent	23.1	8.6	8.1	-	0.4
a. Occupants	48	15	14	-	-
Percent	24.5	7.7	7.1	-	-
b. Pedestrians	6	5	5	-	1
Percent	15.8	13.2	13.2	-	2.6
3. Total Injured	371	94	169	2	39
Percent	21.5	5.4	9.8	0.1	2.3
a. Occupants	364	85	163	-	37
Percent	22.7	5.3	10.1	-	2.3
b. Pedestrians	7	9	6	2	2
Percent	5.8	7.4	4.9	1.7	1.7
4. Hit & Run Accidents	73	9	35	-	1
Percent	3.29	4.0	15.8	-	0.4
5. Pedestrian Accidents	10	22	9	1	3
Percent	3.5	7.7	3.1	0.4	1.0

Chart 77

TRAFFIC ACCIDENT SUMMARY
1974

CLASSIFICATION	NAV.	PHOE	PORT.	TOTAL
1. Total Accidents	1536	453	274	4075
Percent	37.7	11.1	6.7	100.0
a. Fatal	65	44	20	196
Percent	33.2	22.4	10.2	100.0
b. Personal Injury	572	229	116	1198
Percent	47.7	19.1	9.7	100.0
c. Property Damage	899	180	138	2681
Percent	33.5	6.7	5.2	100.0
2. Total Killed	82	48	10	234
Percent	35.0	20.5	9.3	100.0
a. Occupants	69	41	9	196
Percent	35.2	20.9	4.6	100.0
b. Pedestrians	13	7	1	38
Percent	34.2	18.4	2.6	100.0
3. Total Injured	726	212	113	1726
Percent	42.1	12.3	6.5	100.0
a. Occupants	637	208	111	1605
Percent	39.7	13.0	6.9	100.0
b. Pedestrians	89	4	2	121
Percent	73.5	3.3	1.7	100.0
4. Hit & Run Accidents	25	40	39	222
Percent	11.3	18.0	17.6	100.0
5. Pedestrian Accidents	227	13	2	287
Percent	79.1	4.5	0.7	100.0

CHART 77

Section 11

n 12
ACILITIES

tion 13
SONER POPULATION

tion 14
ENSES INVOLV

Section 10
NON-ENFORCEMENT
SERVICES RENDERED



NON-ENFORCEMENT SERVICES RENDERED
1973-1974

AREA & POPULATION	Total Services Rendered		+ or - Percent From 1973	Rate Per 100,000 Population
	FY - 72	FY - 73		
Aberdeen 48,846	80,951	102,707	+26.9	209,606.1
Albuquerque 34,952	34,246	37,745	+10.2	107,842.9
Billings 30,460	43,468	32,796	-24.6	109,320.0
Eastern 4,211	2,707	1,398	-48.4	34,950.0
Minneapolis 3,163	10,325	10,106	- 2.1	336,866.7
Navajo 127,286	22,794	117,673	+416.2	92,655.9
Phoenix 51,099	84,891	50,228	-40.8	98,486.3
Portland 32,621	114,638	62,020	-45.9	187,939.4
Total 332,638	394,020	414,673	+ 5.2	124,526.4

CHART 78

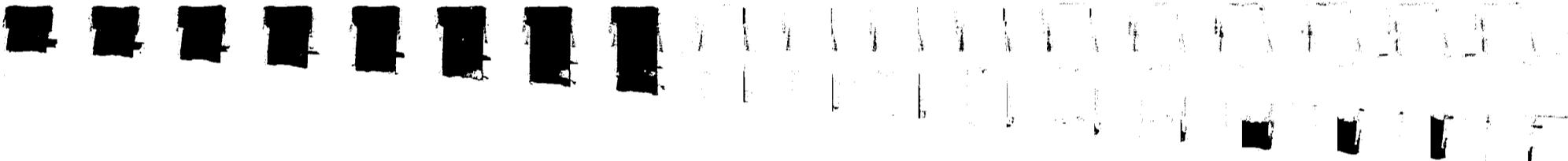
Section 11
INDIAN COURT CIVIL
CASE REPORT

n 12
ACILITIES

tion 13
SONER POPULATION

tion 14
NCES INVOLVING

on 15
LES ASSIGNED LAW
MENT SERVICES



INDIAN COURT CIVIL CASE REPORT COMPARISON

1973 - 1974

AREA	PENDING BEGIN FY-74	OPEN 1974	TOTAL	DISPOSED FY-74	PENDING END FY-74	PENDING PERCENT
ABERDEEN	607	1,427	2,034	1,043	991	14.2
ALBUQUERQUE	27	487	514	434	80	1.2
BILLINGS	487	1,181	1,668	1,117	551	7.9
EASTERN	16	195	211	174	37	0.5
MINNEAPOLIS	38	64	102	50	52	0.8
NAVAJO	5,632	2,508	8,140	3,199	4,941	70.8
PHOENIX	440	592	1,032	787	245	3.5
PORTLAND	242	541	783	703	80	1.2
TOTAL	7,489	6,995	14,484	7,507	6,977	
PERCENT	51.7	48.3	100.0	51.8	48.2	100.0
FY-73 TOTALS	8,535	8,003	16,538	7,969	8,569	
PERCENT	51.6	48.4	100.0	48.2	51.8	100.0

CHART 79

Section 16
MILEAGE TP

Section 12
JAIL FACILITIES

Section 13
PRISONER POPULATION

Section 14
CASES INVOLVING

Section 15
CASES ASSIGNED LAW

Section 16
MILEAGE TRA

Section 12
JAIL FACILITIES

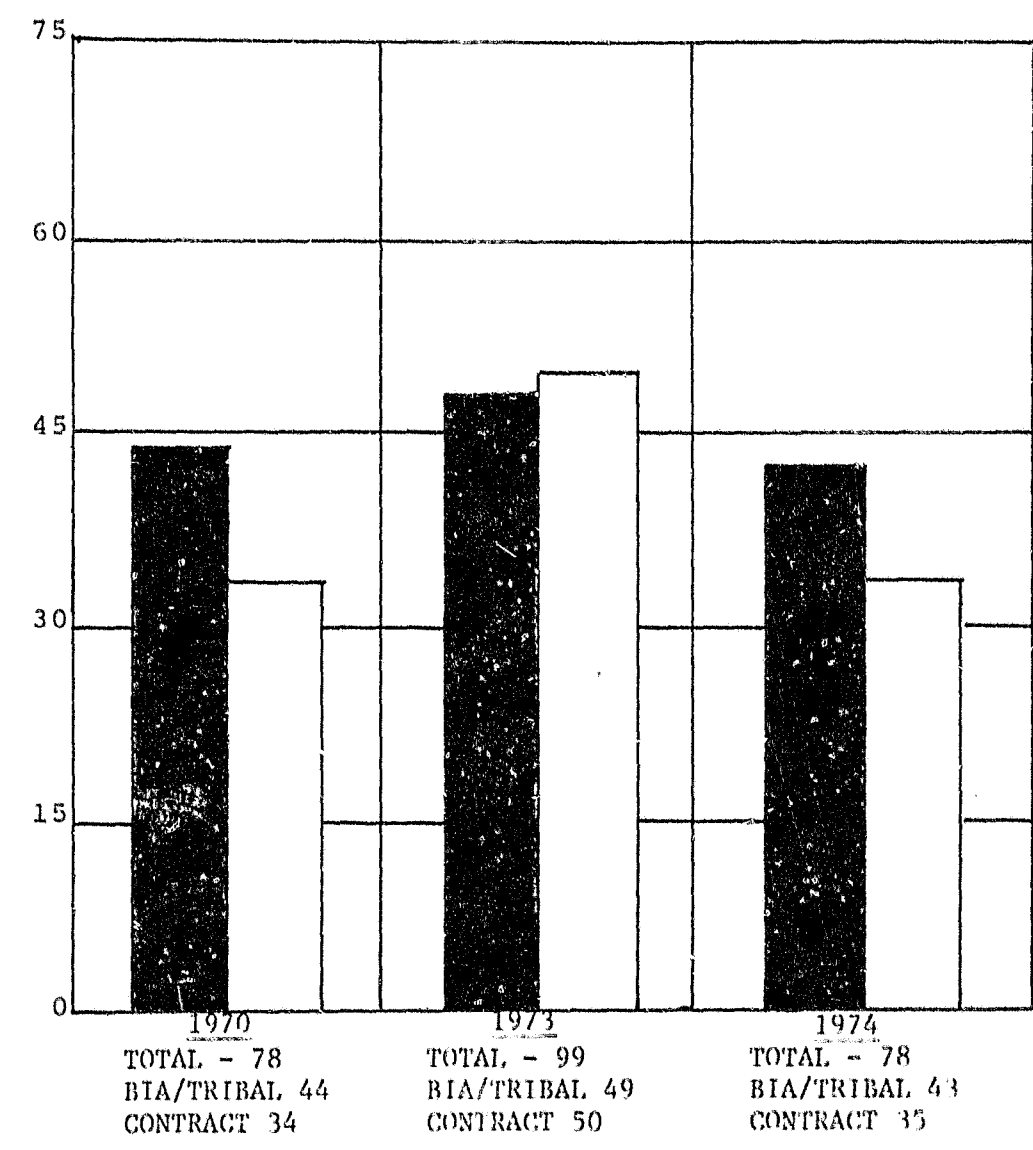
Section 13
PRISONER POPULATION

Section 14
CASES INVOLVING

Section 15
OFFICERS ASSIGNED LAW
ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

JAIL FACILITIES

1970-1973-1974



■ BIA/TRIBAL
□ CONTRACT

CHART 80

JAIL DETENTION & FACILITIES

1973 - 1974

AREA	NUMBER OF JAILS						NUMERICAL CHANGE	PERCENT CHANGE
	1973			1974				
	BIA/TR	CONTR	TOTAL	BIA/TR	CONTR	TOTAL		
ABERDEEN	10	-	10	11	2	13	+3	+30.0
ALBUQUERQUE	9	11	20	3	11	14	-6	-30.0
BILLINGS	5	7	12	5	3	8	-4	-33.3
EASTERN	1	3	4	1	0	1	-3	-75.0
MINNEAPOLIS	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	-
NAVAJO	8	0	8	5	0	5	-3	-37.5
PHOENIX	10	15	25	11	13	24	-1	- 4.0
PORTLAND	5	13	18	6	5	11	-7	-38.8
TOTAL	49	50	99	43	35	78	-21	-21.2

CHART 81

Section 16
MILEAGE TRAVELED

Section 13
PRISONER POPULATION

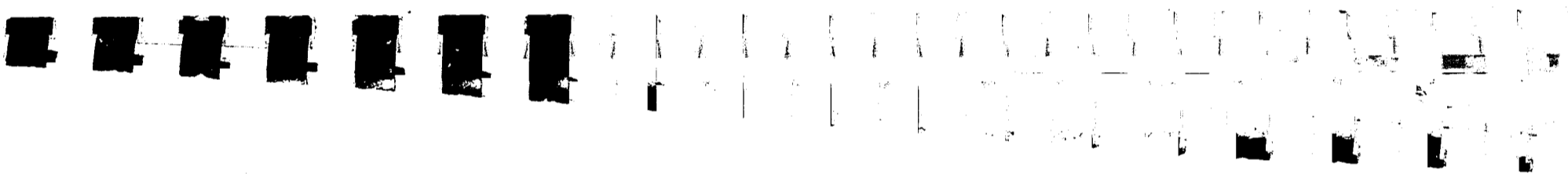
Section 14
CASES INVOLVING

Section 15
CASES ASSIGNED LAW

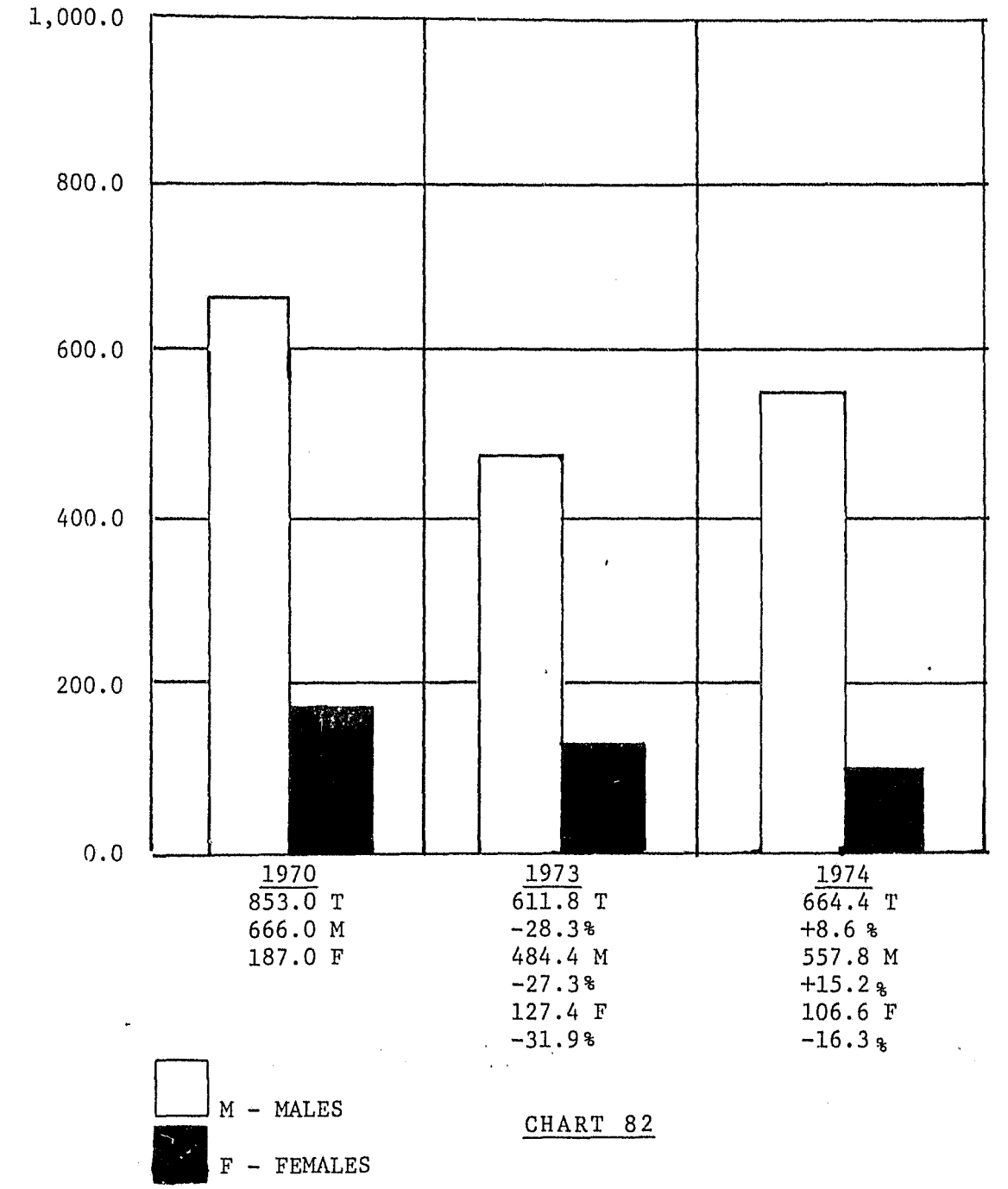
Section 16
MILEAGE TRAVELED

Section 13 tion 14
PRISONER POPULATION ENSES INVOLVING

of 15
LES ASSIGNED LAW
EMENT SERVICES



AVERAGE DAILY PRISONER POPULATION
1970-1973-1974



AVERAGE DAILY MALE PRISONER POPULATION

1974

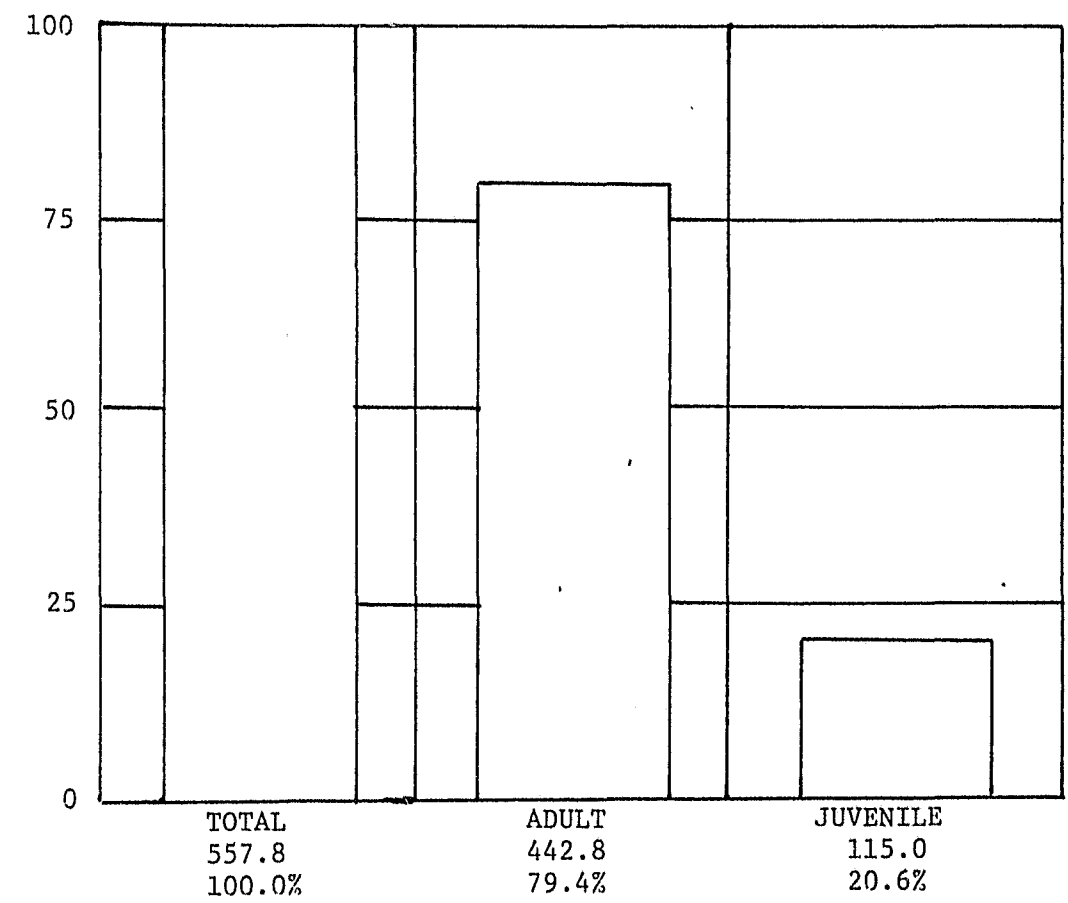
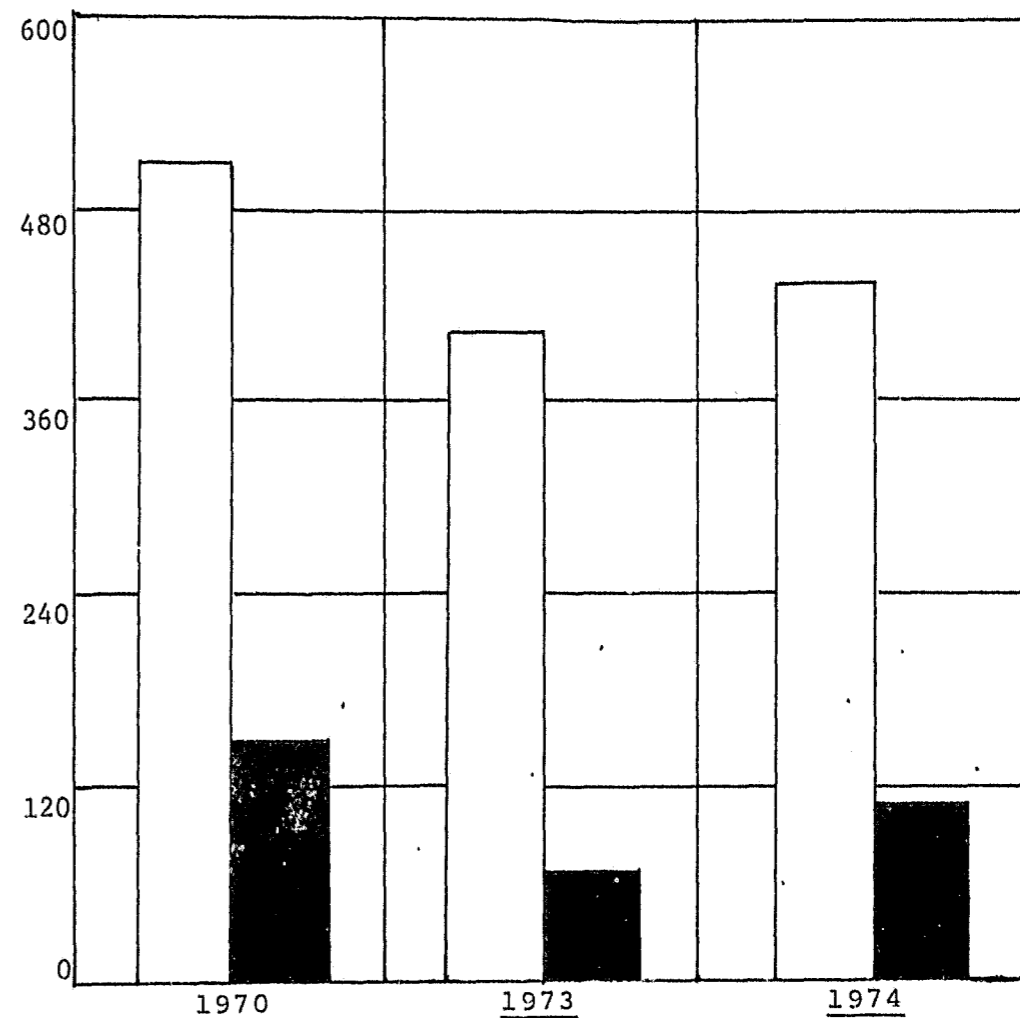


CHART 83

AVERAGE DAILY MALE PRISONER POPULATION

1970, 1973, 1974



666.0 T	484.4 T	557.8 T
514.0 A	-27.3%	+15.2%
152.0 J	411.3 A	442.8 A
	-20.0%	+7.7%
	73.1 T	115.0 J
	-51.9%	+57.3%

□ TOTAL
□ ADULT

■ JUVENILE

CHART 84

AVERAGE DAILY FEMALE PRISONER POPULATION

1974

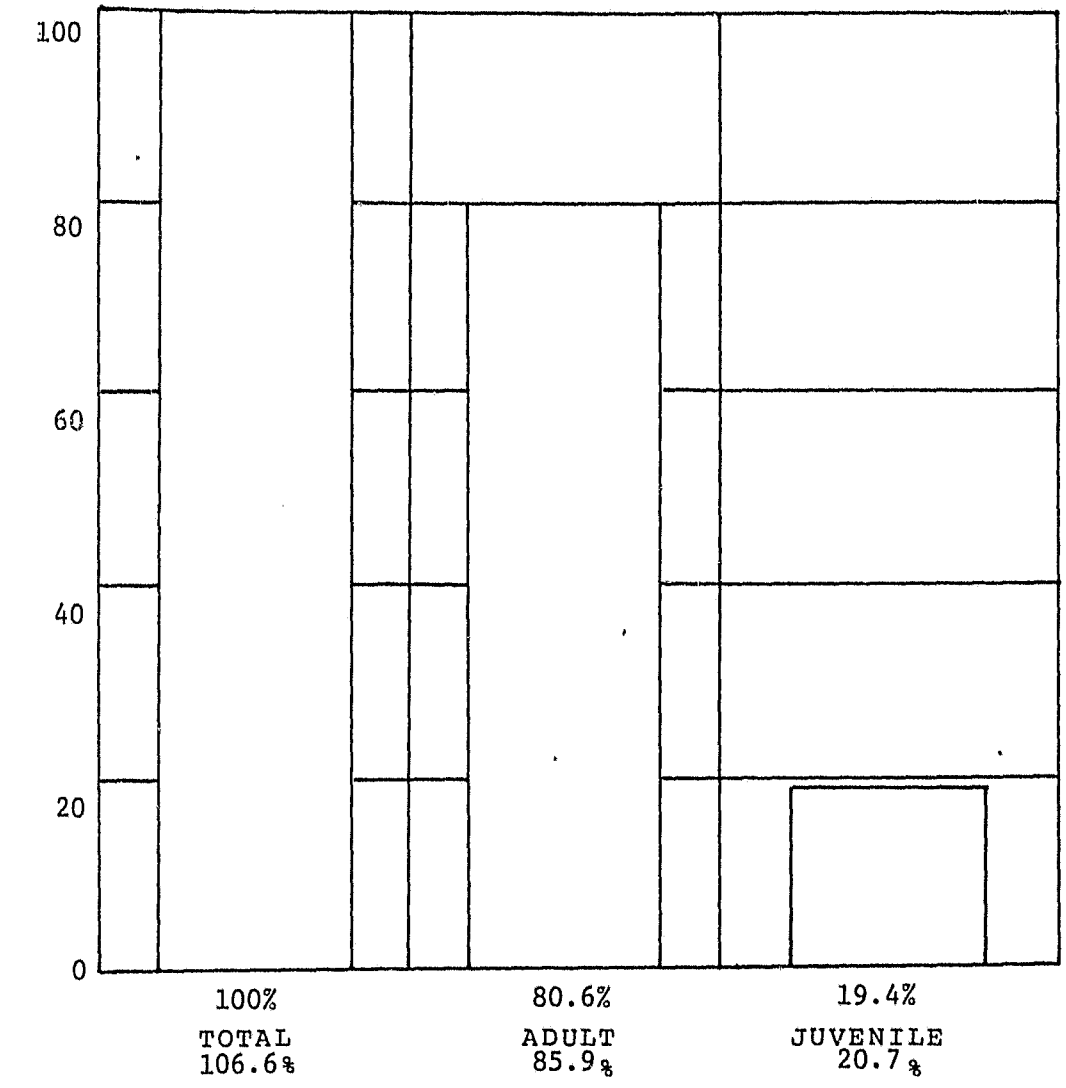
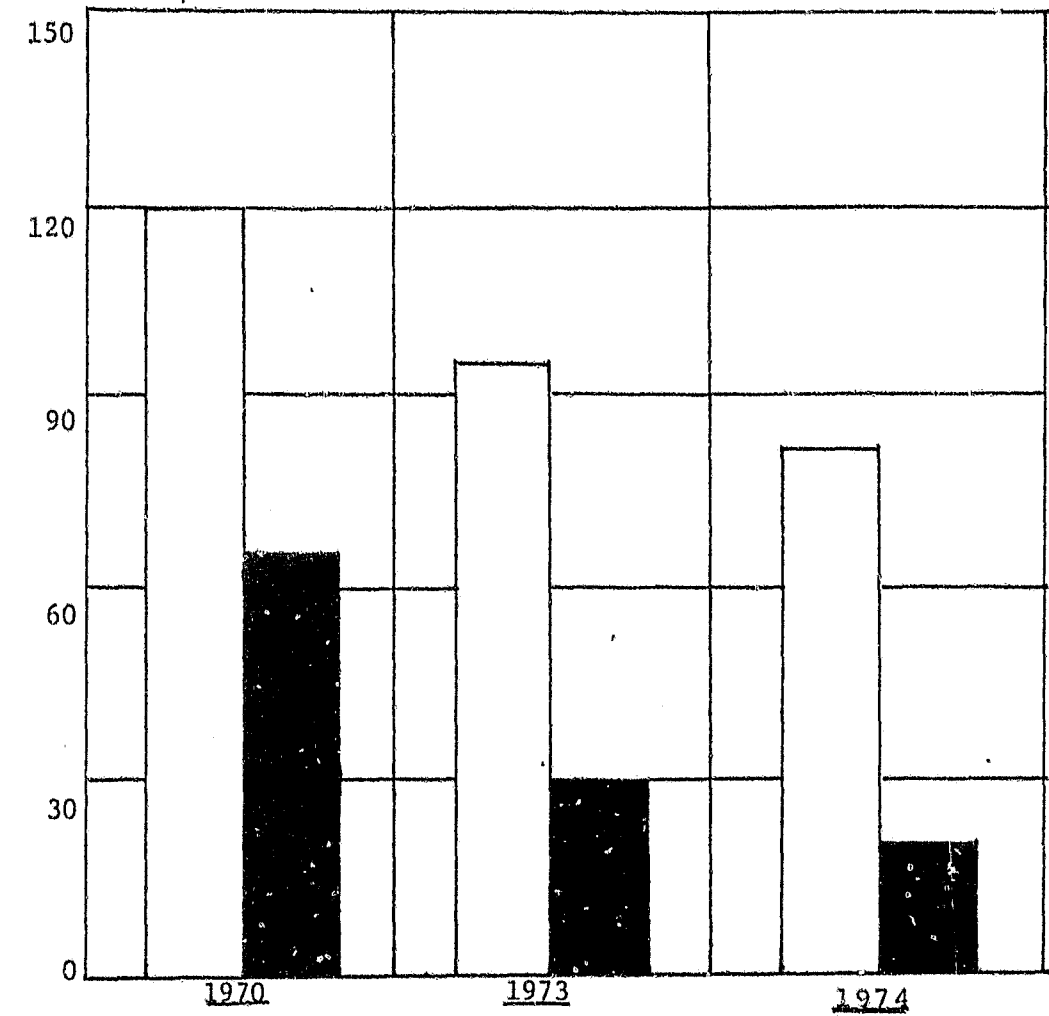


CHART 85

AVERAGE DAILY FEMALE PRISONER POPULATION

1970, 1973, 1974



187.0 T
121.0 A
66.0 J

127.4 T
-31.9%
97.5 A
-19.4%
29.9 J
-54.7%

106.6 T
-16.3%
85.9 A
11.9%
20.7 J
-30.8%

□ ADULT

■ JUVENILE

CHART 86

AVERAGE DAILY JAIL POPULATION IN BIA/TRIBAL
JAILS
1973

AREA & POPULATION	Adults		Juveniles		TOTAL
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Aberdeen 48,846	68.9	18.1	19.8	4.7	111.5
Albuquerque 34,952	20.0	11.0	4.0	2.0	37.0
Billings 30,460	62.3	11.9	6.7	3.7	84.6
Eastern 4,211	-	-	10.0	5.0	15.0
Minneapolis 3,163	3.9	2.8	2.8	2.3	11.8
Navajo 127,286	68.0	27.0	4.0	3.0	102.0
Phoenix 51,099	120.8	15.6	13.4	3.2	153.0
Portland 32,621	5.5	1.7	1.5	1.1	9.8
Total	349.4	88.1	62.2	25.0	524.7
Percent	57.1	14.1	10.2	4.1	85.8

CHART 87

AVERAGE DAILY JAIL POPULATION IN CONTRACT JAILS
1974

AREA	ADULTS		JUVENILES		TOTAL	PERCENT CHANGE FROM 1973
	Male	Female	Male	Female		
Aberdeen	10.4	2.3	-	0.5	13.2	+41.9
Albuquerque	14.4	0.5	0.6	0.3	15.8	-23.7
Billings	2.8	0.3	0.2	-	3.3	-54.2
Eastern	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minneapolis	24.1	-	3.2	-	27.3	+23.5
Navajo	-	-	-	-	-	-
Phoenix	2.7	0.2	-	-	2.9	-75.4
Portland	0.8	0.3	-	-	1.1	-81.7
Total	55.2	3.6	4.0	0.8	63.6	-27.0
Grand Total	8.3	0.6	0.6	0.1	9.6	- 4.6
Grand Total	442.8	85.9	115.0	20.7	664.4	+ 8.6
Percent	66.7	12.9	17.3	3.1	100.0	

CHART 88

AVERAGE DAILY JAIL POPULATION IN BIA/TRIBAL

JAILS

1974

AREA	ADULTS		JUVENILES		TOTAL	PERCENT CHANGE FROM 1973
	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE		
ABERDEEN	99.5	22.3	73.5	4.6	199.9	+79.3
ALBUQUERQUE	9.5	3.7	3.1	1.7	18.0	-51.4
BILLINGS	63.4	12.0	6.7	4.5	86.6	+ 2.4
EASTERN	8.0	1.0	8.3	3.0	20.3	+35.3
MINNEAPOLIS	3.1	2.3	1.9	1.5	8.8	-25.4
NAVAJO	81.0	20.0	5.0	2.0	108.0	+ 5.9
PHOENIX	100.4	16.6	10.9	1.6	129.5	-15.4
PORTLAND	22.7	4.4	1.6	1.0	29.7	+203.1
TOTAL	387.6	82.3	111.0	19.9	600.8	+14.50
PERCENT	58.3	12.4	16.7	3.0	90.4	-4.6

CHART 89

AVERAGE DAILY JAIL POPULATION IN CONTRACT JAILS
1973

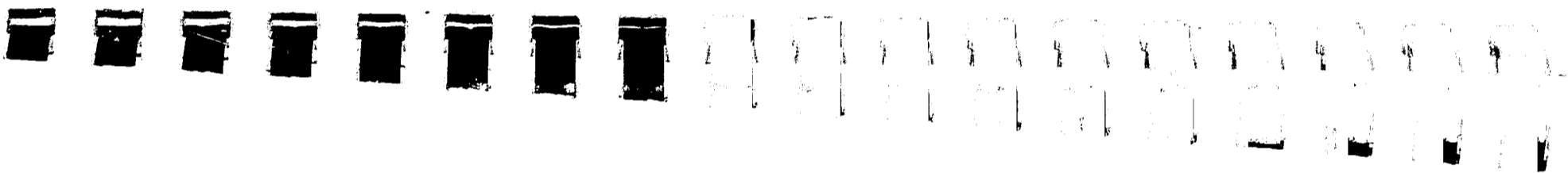
AREA & POPULATION	ADULTS		JUVENILES		TOTAL
	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Aberdeen 48,846	5.0	2.0	1.3	1.0	9.3
Albuquerque 34,952	12.7	3.6	2.1	2.3	20.7
Billings 30,460	5.2	1.3	.7	0.0	7.2
Eastern 4,211	7.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	10.0
Minneapolis 3,163	17.7	.2	3.9	.3	22.1
Navajo 127,286	-	-	-	-	-
Phoenix 51,099	9.4	1.1	1.2	.1	11.8
Portland 32,621	4.9	.2	.7	.2	6.0
TOTAL	61.9	9.4	10.9	4.9	87.1
PERCENT	10.1	1.5	1.8	.8	14.2
GRAND TOTAL	411.3	97.5	73.1	29.1	611.8
PERCENT	67.2	15.9	12.0	4.9	100.0

CHART 90

Section 16
MILEAGE TRAVELED

Section 14
OFFENSES INVOLVING
INTOXICATING LIQUORS/
DRUGS

on 15
LES ASSIGNED LAW
EMENT SERVICES



ADULT OFFENSES REPORTED TO POLICE AS
INVOLVING INTOXICATING LIQUORS/DRUGS
1970-1973-1974

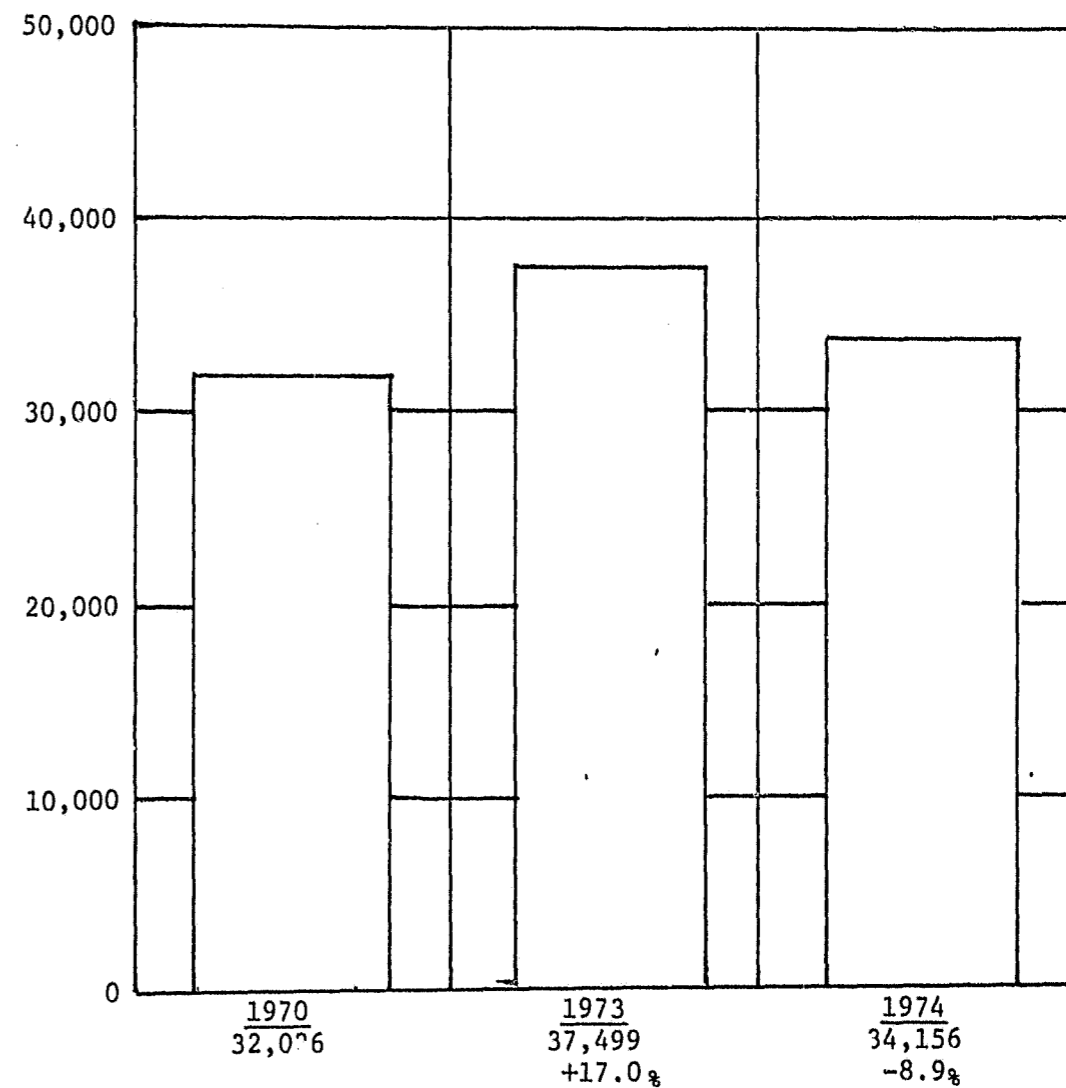


CHART 91

JUVENILE OFFENSES REPORTED/INVOLVING INTOXICATING
LIQUORS/DRUGS
1974

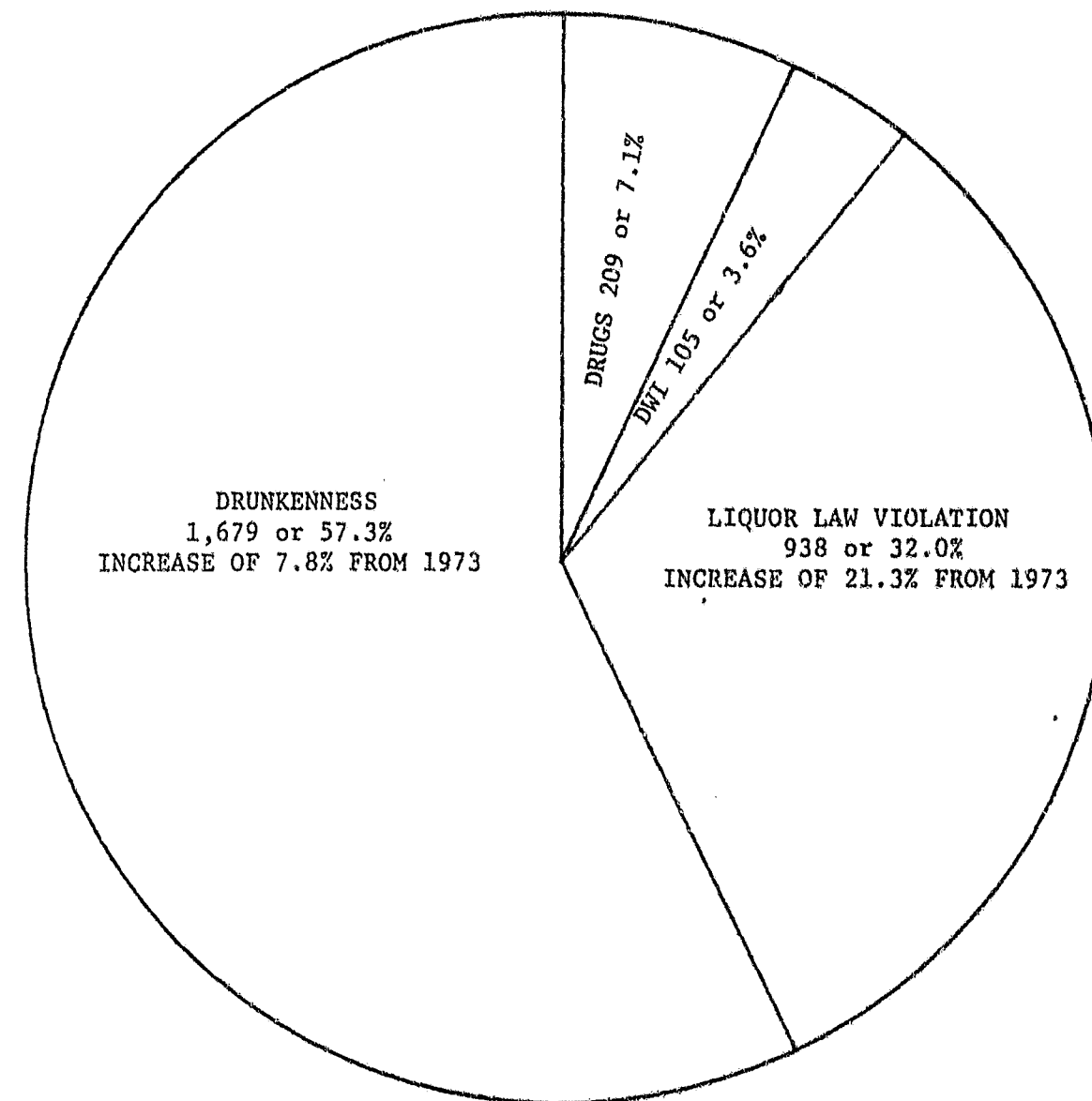


CHART 92

JUVENILE OFFENSES REPORTED TO POLICE AS INVOLVING
INTOXICATING LIQUORS/DRUGS

1970-1973-1974

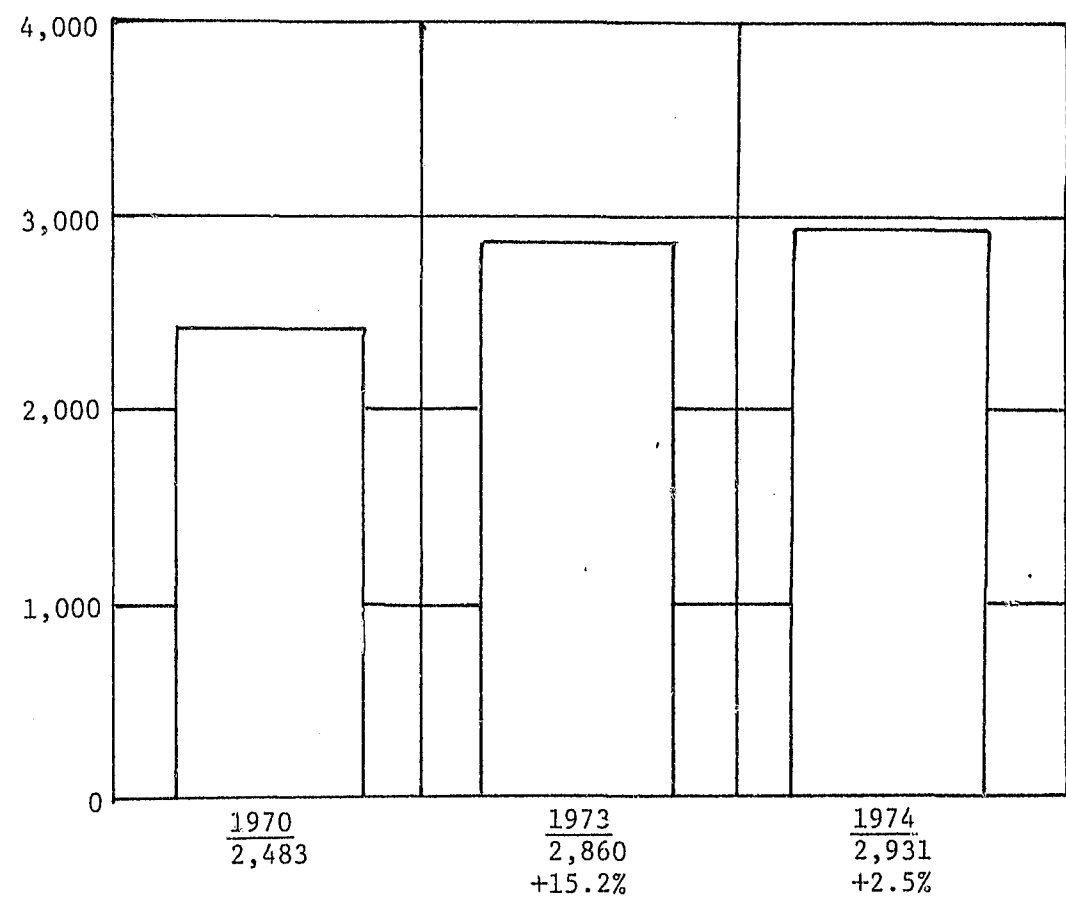


CHART 93

OFFENSES REPORTED TO POLICE AS INVOLVING INTOXICATING
LIQUORS/DRUGS
1973 - 1974

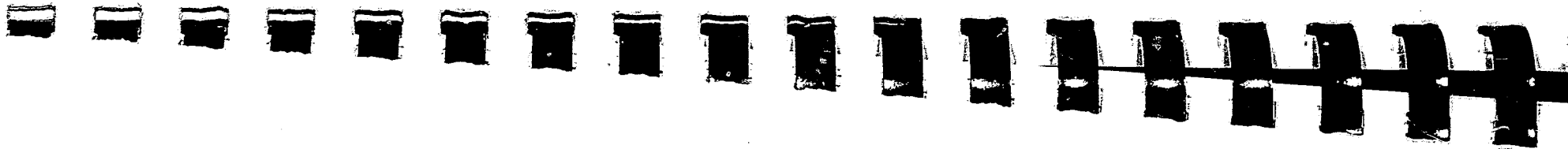
	1973		1974		PERCENT CHANGE FROM 1973	
	ADULTS	JUVENILES	ADULTS	JUVENILES	ADULTS	JUVENILES
ABERDEEN						
NARC. DRUG	115	88	72	99	- 37.3	+ 12.5
DWI	831	36	903	24	+ 8.6	+ 33.3
LIQ. LAW VIO.	1,026	155	947	108	- 7.6	- 30.3
DRUNKENNESS	14,930	468	10,925	489	- 26.8	+ 4.4
ALBUQUERQUE						
NARC. DRUG	6	2	4	1	- 33.3	- 50.0
DWI	339	20	454	-	+ 33.9	-
LIQ. LAW VIO.	707	119	435	62	- 38.4	- 47.8
DRUNKENNESS	969	115	489	84	- 49.5	- 26.9
BILLINGS						
NARC. DRUG	179	182	260	13	+ 45.2	- 92.8
DWI	851	27	720	20	- 15.3	- 25.9
LIQ. LAW VIO.	1,189	258	1,469	231	+ 23.5	- 10.4
DRUNKENNESS	5,539	561	5,437	506	- 1.8	- 9.8
EASTERN						
NARC. DRUG	3	-	-	-	-	-
DWI	16	-	12	-	- 25.0	-
LIQ. LAW VIO.	58	5	61	2	+ 5.1	- 60.0
DRUNKENNESS	619	30	444	15	- 28.2	- 50.0
MINNEAPOLIS						
NARC. DRUG	111	31	131	1	+ 18.0	- 96.7
DWI	86	7	78	7	- 9.3	-
LIQ. LAW VIO.	85	13	80	13	- 5.8	-
DRUNKENNESS	251	43	261	24	+ 3.9	- 44.1
NAVAJO						
NARC. DRUG	20	1	8	0	- 60.0	- 00.0
DWI	1,519	28	2,094	30	+ 37.8	+ 7.1
LIQ. LAW VIO.	825	17	1,177	17	+ 42.6	-
DRUNKENNESS	1,750	54	2,317	49	+ 32.4	- 9.2
PHOENIX						
NARC. DRUG	29	13	83	15	+186.2	+ 15.4
DWI	592	42	682	16	+ 15.2	- 61.9
LIQ. LAW VIO.	1,277	150	569	256	- 55.4	+ 70.6
DRUNKENNESS	2,776	222	3,101	500	+ 11.7	+125.2
PORTLAND						
NARC. DRUG	83	49	24	80	- 71.0	+ 63.2
DWI	93	4	224	8	+144.0	+100.0
LIQ. LAW VIO.	177	56	304	249	+ 71.7	+344.6
DRUNKENNESS	448	64	391	12	- 12.7	- 81.2
TOTALS						
NARC. DRUG	546	366	582	209	+ 6.5	- 42.8
DWI	4,327	164	5,167	105	+ 19.4	- 35.9
LIQ. LAW VIO.	5,344	773	5,042	938	- 5.6	+ 21.3
DRUNKENNESS	27,282	1,557	23,365	1,679	- 14.3	+ 7.8
GRAND TOTALS	37,499	2,860	34,156	2,931	- 8.9	+ 2.5

CHART 94

121

Section 16
MILEAGE TRAVELED

Section 15
VEHICLES ASSIGNED LAW
ENFORCEMENT SERVICES



VEHICLES ASSIGNED LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

1974

TOTAL 565

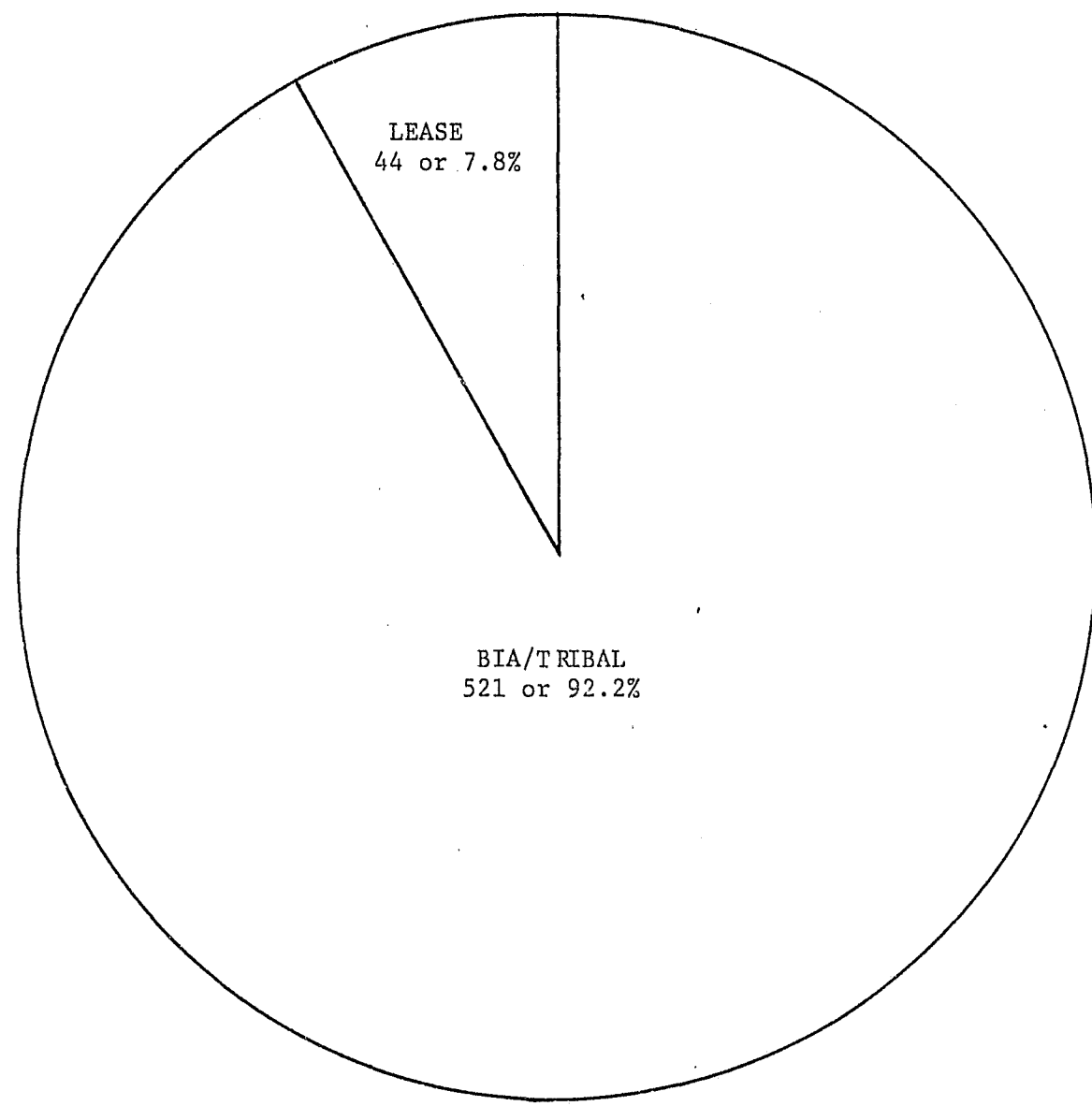


CHART 95

VEHICLES ASSIGNED LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

1973

TOTAL 587

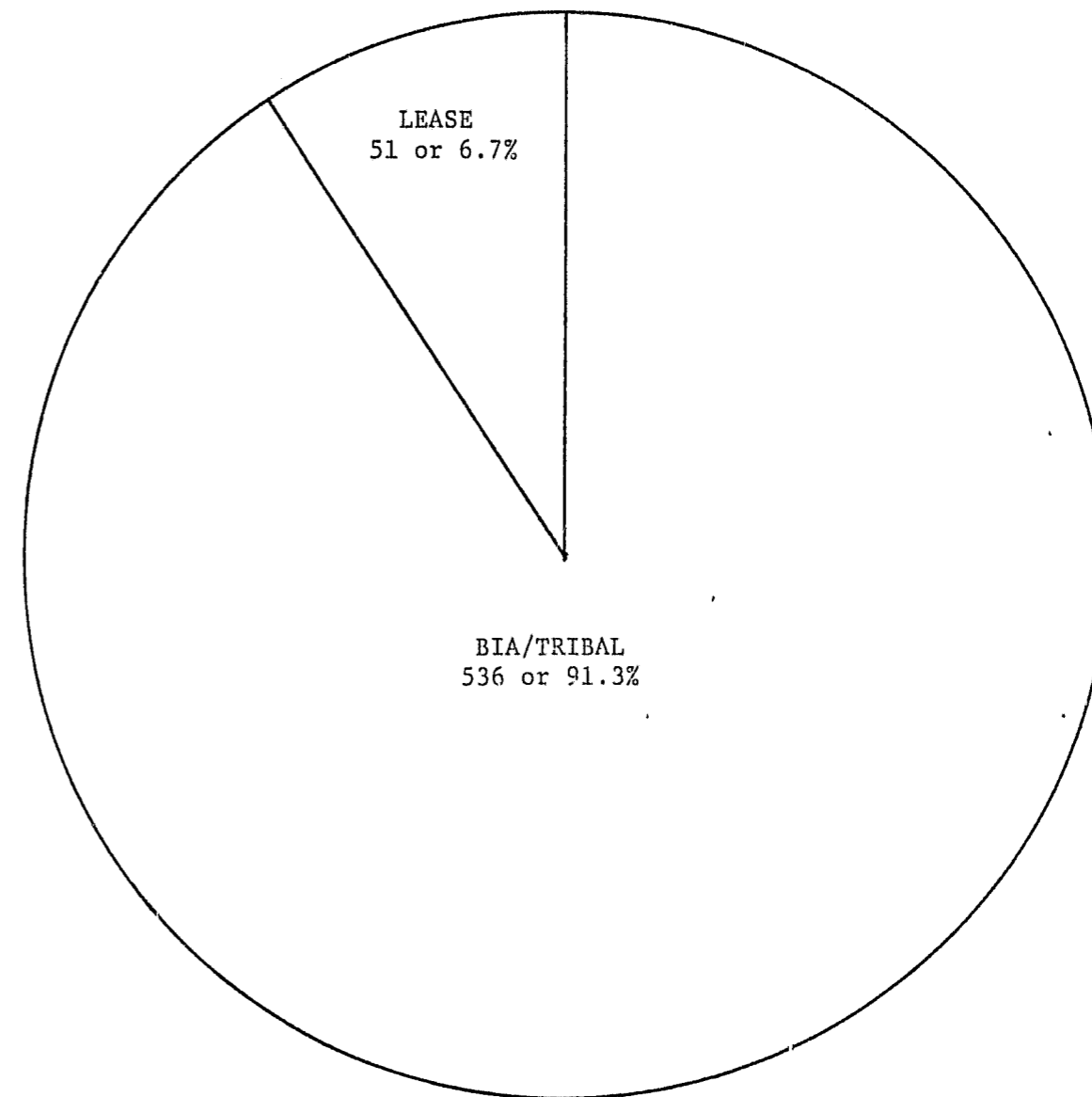


CHART 96

VEHICLES ASSIGNED LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

1970
TOTAL 362

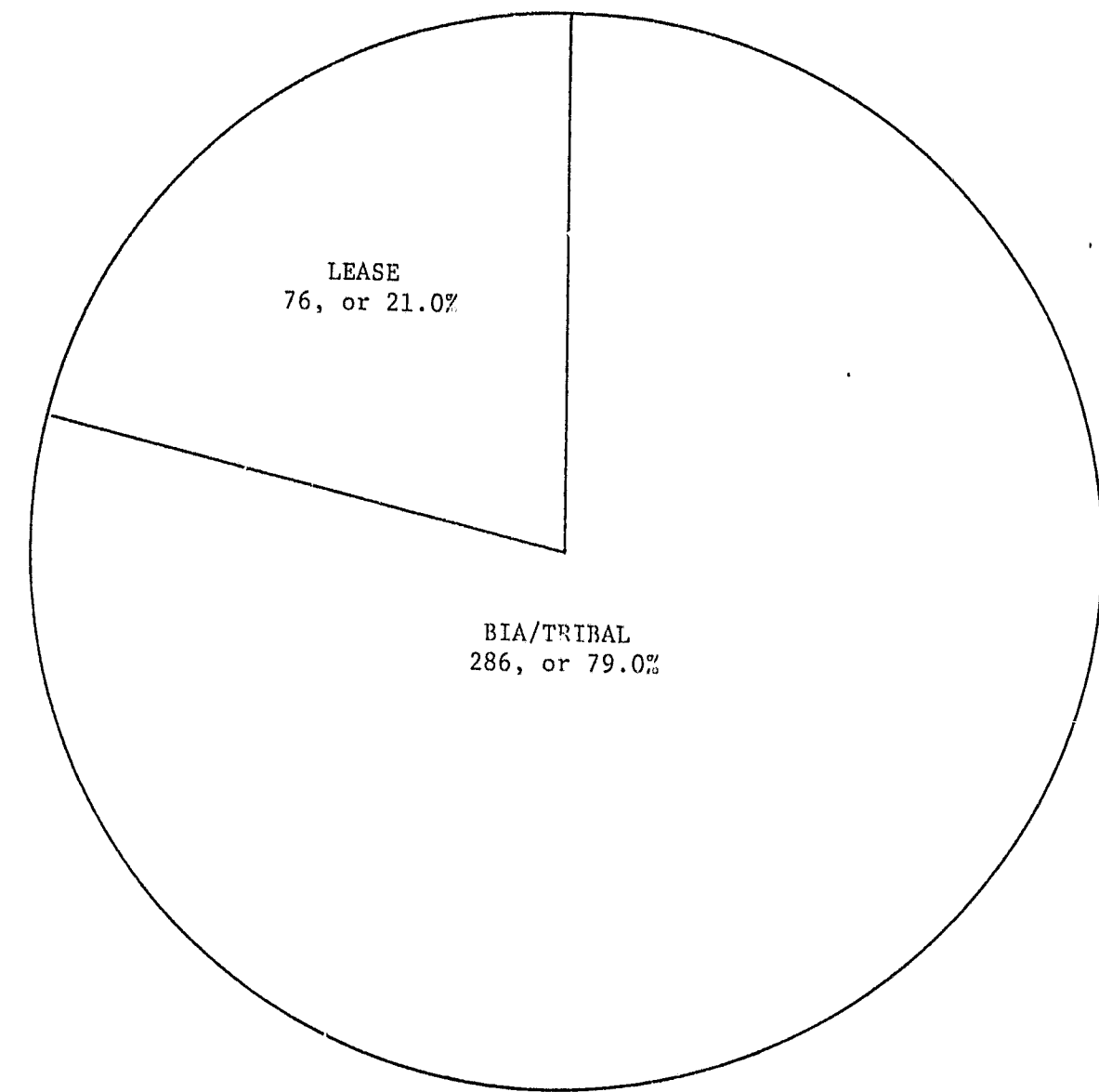


CHART 97

CONTINUED

3 OF 3

VEHICLES ASSIGNED LAW ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

1970-1973-1974

AREA	1970	1973	1974	% 1974 FROM 1970 + OR -	% 1974 FROM 1973 + OR -	% OF 1974 TOTAL
ABERDEEN	54	136	117	+116.6	-13.9	20.7
ALBUQUERQUE	39	73	59	+ 51.2	-19.1	10.4
BILLINGS	41	72	61	+ 48.7	-15.2	10.8
EASTERN	3	5	5	+ 66.7	-	0.9
MINNEAPOLIS	8	9	14	+ 75.0	+55.5	2.5
NAVAJO	109	117	128	+ 17.4	+ 9.4	22.7
PHOENIX	64	110	121	+ 89.0	+10.0	21.4
PORTLAND	44	65	60	+ 36.3	- 7.6	10.6
TOTAL	362	587	565	+ 56.0	+ 3.7	100.0

CHART 98

MILEAGE TRAVELED

1970-1973-1974

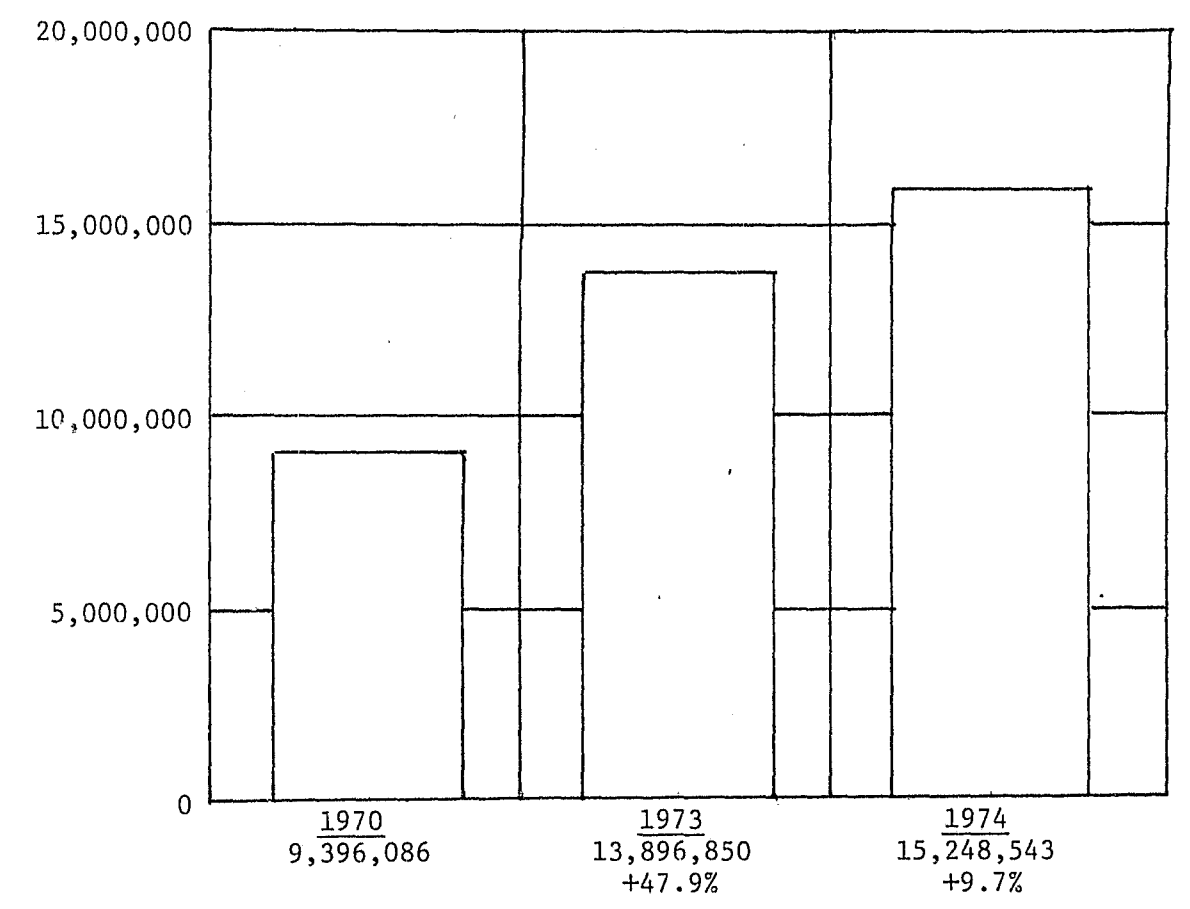


CHART 99

MILES TRAVELED
1974

AREA	1970	1973	1974	1974 (+ or -) FROM 1970	1974 (+ or -) FROM 1973	PERCENT OF TOTAL 1974
Aberdeen						
BIA/TR	1,435,999	2,458,832	2,862,372	+99.3	+16.4	
Lease	18,820	-	191,938	+919.8	+100.0	
Other	498	170,696	7,654	+1436.9	-95.5	
Subtotal	1,455,317	2,629,528	3,061,964	+110.3	+16.4	20.1
Albuquerque						
BIA/TR	329,052	1,222,233	1,148,513	+249.0	-6.0	
Lease	409,147	60,819	18,751	+95.4	-69.1	
Other	5,204	1,858	789	+84.8	-57.5	
Subtotal	743,403	1,284,910	1,168,053	+57.1	-9.0	7.7
Billings						
BIA/TR	644,949	1,912,763	1,921,476	+197.9	+0.4	
Lease	417,549	519,541	172,273	-58.7	-66.8	
Other	64,060	3,008	2,116	-96.6	-29.6	
Subtotal	1,126,558	2,435,312	2,095,865	+86.0	-13.9	13.7
Eastern						
BIA/TR	112,592	-	-	-	-	
Lease	-	137,109	152,081	+100.0	+10.9	
Other	-	2,057	1,284	+100.0	-37.5	
Subtotal	112,592	139,166	153,365	+36.2	+10.2	1.0
Minneapolis						
BIA/TR	148,426	235,339	308,350	+107.7	+31.0	
Lease	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	2,722	110	200	-95.9	+81.8	
Subtotal	151,148	235,449	308,550	+104.1	+31.0	2.0
Navajo						
BIA/TR	2,983,668	3,041,423	3,948,968	+32.3	+29.8	
Lease	-	2,012	22,485	+100.0	+1017.5	
Other	2,433	859	675	-64.6	-21.4	
Subtotal	2,986,101	3,044,294	3,972,128	+33.0	+30.4	26.0
Phoenix						
BIA/TR	759,271	2,333,241	3,209,619	+322.7	+37.5	
Lease	1,002,327	457,822	103,056	+89.7	+77.4	
Other	22,300	32,400	24,602	+10.3	-24.0	
Subtotal	1,783,898	2,823,403	3,337,277	+86.9	+18.1	21.9
Portland						
BIA/TR	985,059	1,270,821	1,117,875	+13.4	+12.0	
Lease	49,681	11,304	10,419	-79.0	-7.8	
Other	2,329	22,603	23,047	+889.5	+1.9	
Subtotal	1,037,069	1,304,728	1,151,341	+11.0	-11.7	7.6
Total						
BIA/TR	7,399,016	12,474,652	14,517,173	+96.2	+16.3	95.2
Lease	1,897,524	1,188,607	671,003	-64.6	-43.5	4.4
Other	99,546	233,591	60,367	-39.3	-74.1	0.4
Grand Total	9,396,086	13,896,850	15,248,543	+62.2	+9.7	100.0

END