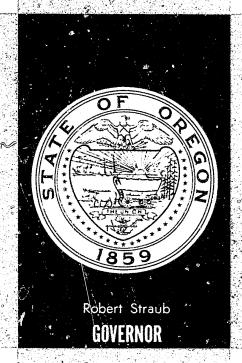
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STATE OF OREGON ANALYSIS OF CRIMINAL OFFENSES AND ARRESTS JANUARY - DECEMBER, 19

76-88-99-6023

OREGON LAW ENFORCEMENT COUNCIL

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Keith Stubbleifeld Administrator

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

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ACQUISITIONS

STATE OF OREGON

ANALYSIS OF

CRIMINAL OFFENSES

AND ARRESTS

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1976

Prepared by the

Oregon Law Enforcement Council 2001 Front Street N. E. Salem, Oregon 97310

and the

Law Enforcement Data System

Data Systems Division, Executive Department
240 Cottage Street S. E.

Salem, Oregon 97310

July 29, 1977



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR STATE CAPITOL SALEM, OREGON 97310

FOREWORD

To the People of the State of Oregon:

Crime is one of the major social problems of our time. It disrupts the lives of many people by promoting anxiety and apprehension and often leaves its victims with not only a financial loss, but also physical and mental disabilities. It can be, and often is, merciless, relentless, and destructive to life and must be dealt with efficiently and decisively.

This report is part of a comprehensive planning effort toward reducing and controlling crime and delinquency in Oregon and making it a safer, more enjoyable place in which to live. For the first time in many years, property crimes such as burglary and larceny are showing decreases throughout the state. However, other types of crime, violent crime in particular, continue to increase.

Information regarding crime and offenders can be useful to law enforcement officials in the development of effective programs. The information presented in this report is the most accurate currently available in Oregon, and as demonstrated by the extent of its coverage is a tribute to the cooperative spirit of the law enforcement agencies throughout the state.

Sincerely,

Bob Straub Governor

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report on crime and arrests in Oregon for the calendar year 1976 was prepared jointly by the Planning and Data Analysis Unit of the Oregon Law Enforcement Council and the Law Enforcement Data System, Executive Department. The publication is the third annual analytical report prepared from statistics collected and compiled by the Oregon Uniform Crime Reporting program of the Law Enforcement Data System and analyzed by the Oregon Law Enforcement Council.

This report was prepared and published with financial assistance from the National Criminal Justice Information and Statistics Service, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, United States Department of Justice.

OREGON AT-A-GLANCE *

Oregon, central state of the Pacific group, is bounded on the north by Washington, on the east by Idaho, on the south by California and Nevada and on the west by the Pacific Ocean, and lies between 42 degrees 15 minutes, north latitude; and 116 degrees 45 minutes and 124 degrees 30 minutes, west longtitude.

Oregon originally included Washington and Idaho, and parts of Montana and Wyoming, with an area of 286,541 square miles. The width east and west is 395 miles and the length north and south is 295 miles. Oregon was admitted to the Union on February 14, 1859, and the 33rd star in the flag was added for the state on July 4, 1859.

0*	egon Census (1976)			
O.	State total (estimate)		2.	341.750
	Urban (1970)			(67.1%)
	Rural (1970)			(32.9%)
8	Median age of population			•
	Number of households (1970)			691,631
	Persons per household (1970)			2.94
	Persons per square mile (1975)		• • •	23,7
	Note: some statistics are updated only be conducted in 1970. The 1975 population of State University, Population and Census.	- : -		
To	otal area of Oregon	96,981 (ranks		tates)
	Land area	96,184	•	
E1	evation			
	Elevation in Oregon ranges from sea level in the Cascade Range.	to 11,235	feet on Mo	ount Hood
				Oregon as
		U.S.		
	al (millions of dollars)	1,257,354		
Per	capita (dollars)	5,902	5,769	97%
4.		_		

Industrial Sources of Civilian Income in 1975 Received by Persons for Participating in Current Production (Millions of Dollars)

																			Oregon	U.S.
Contract constructio	n		•	٠	•	•	•			•		•	•	•		•			604	58,832
Farms			•	•	•	•	•,			•	•		٠			•		٠	413	33,873
Finance, insurance &	real	Lε	sta	ate	2	•	•		•	•		•		•	•	0	٠		460	50,367
Government				•	•	•	٠	•		•		•			•			•	1,797	173,324
Manufacturing			•	•	•				٠	•	٠	•		•	•	٠.		è	2,443	242,962
Mining	• • •	· •			•	•		•		•		•	•	, ₃		•			25	13,269
Services	b 1		٠	•	•					•		٠.	•		•	•		•	1,490	152,070
Transportation, comm	unica	ıti	on:	s a	and	1 1	pul	1:	ic	u	ti.	li	tie	es	•	•		•	760	68,227
Wholesale and retail	trad	ie.	•	L	•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•		•			1,932	159,416
Other	• •		•	•	•	•	. •	•:	÷	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	64	3,501
Total		ı .	•			.4.	•	•			•			•		•	•	•	9,989	950,837

^{*}Facts about Oregon from 1977-1978 Oregon Blue Book.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY*

Growth of diversified manufacturing in recent years has been changing Oregon's largely resource-oriented economy, which historically has been heavily dependent on forest and agriculture products as the basic foundation.

Forest products, including lumber and plywood and paper and allied products, continue to be Oregon's leading industry. The harvesting and processing of timber into a wide variety of products accounts for nearly 43 percent of the state's more than 5,000 manufacturing establishments, about 37 percent of its manufacturing employment and slightly less than half of the value added by all of the state's manufacturing industry.

The relative position of the forest products industry has been lessened somewhat by the growth of other kinds of manufacturing and the growth of service industries.

From 1958 to 1974, the value added by all manufacturing increased from \$1,222 million to \$4,721 million. During this same period, value added by the forest products industry increased from \$660 million to \$1,974 million.

The metals-related group of industries, including primary metals, fabricated metals, machinery, electrical machinery and transportation equipment has been the state's pacesetter in growth of manufacturing. In the 15 years from 1960 to 1975, employment in the metals-related industries rose from about 24,000 to about 53,000 representing an increase from 16 percent to about 29 percent of the state's total manufacturing employment.

Agriculture is a major industry in Oregon, with cash receipts from farm marketing of over \$1 billion in 1975.

Tourism is another important contributor to Oregon's economy. The impact of spending by tourists from out of state is felt on a number of industries and activities, including retail and wholesale trade, services and transportation.

*Facts about Oregon from 1977-1978 Oregon Blue Book

ABSTRACT

This report is an in-depth analysis of criminal offenses and arrests reported in Oregon during 1976, including offense, clearance, and arrest data by administrative district, county, and municipalities in Oregon. The data indicates Oregon's Index crime rate decreased 4.8 percent in 1976, versus an increase of 6.2 percent in 1975.

Offenses in the Crime Index include the violent offenses of murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault; and the property offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft.

The three property offenses which account for 92.8 percent of the Index offense total, all showed decreases in 1976. Burglary was down 10.4 percent, larceny was down 2.2 percent, and motor vehicle theft was down 11.6 percent. The violent offenses, which represent 7.2 percent of the Index offense total, showed a net increase of 4.1 percent in 1976. Forcible rape was up 9.7 percent, robbery was up 2.1 percent, and aggravated assault was up 4.8 percent. Murder was the only violent offense to show a decrease (down 25.5% from 1975).

A comparison of Oregon's Index crime rate in the report with those of Washington, Idaho, Nevada, and California, indicates that Oregon ranked third in Index crime rate behind California and Nevada respectively. Among the four neighboring states, Oregon showed the largest decrease in Index crime rate and property crime rate in 1976.

The report also indicates that among the three largest cities in Oregon, (Portland, Eugene, Salem) Salem was the only city to show an increase in Index crime (+3.5%) while the cities of Portland and Eugene showed decreases of 5.0 percent and 8.0 percent respectively.

Statistics are also included regarding Part II offenses (other offenses excluding Index) which all showed increases in 1976 with the exception of family offenses and juvenile runaways. Increases in Part II offenses ranged from +3.8 percent for vandalism to +71.3 percent for buying, selling and receiving of stolen property.

The total number of persons arrested in 1976 increased 4.2 percent over 1975 with 27.5 percent of the total arrested for Index crimes and the remaining 72.5 percent arrested for Part II crimes. The highest percentage of arrests were for Driving Under the Influence of Intoxcants.

The number of juveniles arrested in 1976 accounted for 34.7 percent of the total number of arrests and showed a decrease of 0.3 percent while the number of adults arrested increased by 6.7 percent. The number of females arrested in 1976 accounted for 18.7 percent of the total and showed a 10.6 percent increase while the number of males arrested increased by 2.8 percent.

SUMMARY OF STATISTICS 1976

OFFENSES 278,497

ARRESTS 104,212

CASES CLEARED 88,894

ARRESTS FOR PART I CRIMES 15,026 JUVENILES

13,637 ADULTS

ARRESTS FOR PART II CRIMES 21,090 JUVENILES

54,459 ADULTS

SELECTED OFFENSES

		HIGHEST N	UMBER OF OI	FFENSES	NUMBER	OF ARRES	TE.	PRINCIPAL TYPES OF PROPERTY	MEAN VALUE PER
OFFENSE	MONTH DAY TIME		TIME	TARGET OR TYPE	17 AND UNDER	18-24	25 AND OVER	STOLEN	OFFENSE
ROBBERY	December	Tuesday	8pm-10pm	Miscellaneous (schools, parks, parking lots) Highway (streets, alleys)	263	368	295	Currency	\$543
BURGLARY	January	Monday	6pm-8pm		3,571	1,347	616		
Residential				Single-family			-	T.V.s, radios, stereos Currency Jewelry	\$315 \$182 \$489
Non-Resid.				Public schools Restaurants Service stations Grocery stores {local neighborhood}				Currency Consumable gds. Tools	\$257 \$107 \$498
LARCENY	August October	Saturday	4pm-6pm	and the second s	9,132	4,532	3,370		
Shoplifting			:	Grocery stores (large chain) Dept. store (clothing sections)				Consumable cds. Clothing Jewelry	\$ 5 \$ 40 \$ 76
Theft From Motor Veh.				Motor vehicles				Radios, stereos Tools Clothing	\$150 \$256 \$ 66
Theft From Buildings			, :	Public schools Restaurants Taverns				Currency Clothing Tools	\$129 \$ 80 \$296
,				Service stations Grocery stores Dry cleaners				Consumable gds.	\$120
FRAUD	January June August October	Friday Saturday	10am-4pm	Bad checks	135	430	642	Currency	\$ 77
VANDALISM	December	Saturday	10pm-12pm	Vehicles Residences Public bldgs.	2,076	717	473	Damage	\$ 91 \$ 49 \$ 87

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SECTION 1

OVERVIEW OF OREGON CRIME REPORTING AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

INTRODUCTION

This is the third annual report of criminal offenses and arrests produced by the State of Oregon since the origination of the Oregon Uniform Crime Reporting Program (OUCR). OUCR is an incident based reporting program, tailored to the needs and operational procedures of the police agencies in Oregon.

Incident based reporting requires the recording of specific information about each criminal event known to the police. A criminal event may be reported to a police department by a victim or other source or discovered as a result of police operations. Any reported criminal incident that is determined to be unfounded through subsequent police investigation is deleted from the counts.

The Oregon Uniform Crime Reporting Program requires the reporting of all criminal offenses defined as "Part I and Part II Crimes", and the reporting of all arrests for such offenses. Law enforcement agencies also report the clearance of such offenses by arrests of persons or other means. The number of persons reported as arrested includes all persons reported as physically arrested, summoned or cited by police agencies during 1976.

The OUCR system provides reporting agencies with the capability to record statistics on activities handled by the agency that do not constitute criminal events. It also allows the agency to record and report additional attributes of both criminal events and activities such as the location within the jurisdiction or time of day of the occurrence.

Reporting agencies submit the recorded data monthly to the Law Enforcement Data System either on provided forms or magnetic tape. The data is then processed in a computerized system and reports reflecting the monthly activity of each agency are produced and returned to the contributor for their use. Data is reported by 29 offense categories as used by the FBI program. Definitions of the 29 offenses are included in Appendix A of this report.

As agency reports are processed each month, data required for the FBI National UCR Program is extracted. When all agencies have been processed, a magnetic tape containing UCR data for all Oregon incident reporting agencies is mailed to the FBI.

REPORTING JURISDICTION

Reported offenses relate to the jurisdiction in which they occur. The arrest and clearance, in every case, is attributed to the jurisdiction in which the offense occurred, even though the arresting agency may not be the department originally reporting the offense. State Police and County Sheriffs have concurrent jurisdiction in all counties of the state. Their reports generally apply to those areas outside incorporated cities which have municipal police departments.

DEGREE OF REPORTING

During 1976, offense and related supplementary information, including arrest data, was received from 133 municipal police departments, 36 county sheriff departments and the Oregon State Police, who have provided offense and arrest information in all 36 counties.

In 1976 the number of agencies participating in the OUCR program represented service to 99 percent of the state's population. However, the Portland Police Bureau, the Multnomah County Sheriff, and the Springfield and Eugene Police Departments had not converted to incident reporting for 1976. The Portland and Multnomah County Departments reported both Part I and Part II information in summary form.

The Springfield and Eugene Police Departments did not provide information relating to Part II offenses. Statistics relating to day of week, time of day, premise type and article type do not include Springfield, Eugene, and Portland Police agencies or the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office.

♥USE OF OUCR

If a crime is not reported to the police, it will not be included as part of the official crime rate. Thus, under-reporting of crime can have a significant impact, not only on crime rates, but also on the evaluation of the effectiveness of crime reduction programs.

Substantial evidence is contained in a report entitled <u>Criminal Victimization</u> <u>Surveys in Eight American Cities</u>* which showed that reporting rates are highly stable among most social groups and across different geographical areas. This suggests reported crime can be a good indicator of crime patterns and trends.

While it is apparent that crime information reported to the police does not provide a complete picture of the crime situation in our society, it is compiled and analyzed because of the following reasons:

- a. Reported crime information is used by the police agencies for resource allocation and determining appropriate agency responses to occurrences.
- b. Reported crime data, recognized as a portion of the total crime, is, in fact, a highly accurate measurement of occurrences in society that must be addressed by the criminal justice system.
- c. This system is based in definitions which are standardized (uniform) across the nation and it is unlikely that it will be appreciabely altered in the forseeable future.

^{*}Criminal Victimization Surveys in Eight American Cities: A comparison of 1971/72 and 1974/75 Findings, U. S. Department of Justice, Report No. SD-NCS-C-5, November, 1976.

INTERJURISDICTIONAL COMPARISONS

Care should be taken in drawing conclusions and making decisions about problems based solely on crime and arrest data as reported by different law enforcement jurisdictions. Factors relating to crime reporting practices, law enforcement policies, population characteristics and attitudes all make for variation in reported data.

Some general factors which may affect the amount of crime reported are:

- .Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.
- .Composition of the population with reference particularly to age.
- .Economic status, education, and recreation characteristics of the community population.
- Relative stability of the population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.
- .Climate, including seasonal weather conditions, and other geographical variations.
- .Religious characteristics of the population.
- .Effective strength of the police force.
- .Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.
- .Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.
- .The administrative and investigative follow-up of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime-reporting standards.

LAW ENFORCEMENT IN OREGON

Municipal police departments have full police powers within their jurisdictions including the investigation of crime, enforcement of state criminal and traffic laws and city ordinances.

County Sheriffs exercise general law enforcement authority in their respective counties enforcing state criminal and traffic laws, and county ordinances. Sheriffs Departments generally confine their law enforcement services to areas not served by municipal police departments. Sheriffs may provide law enforcement services to incorporated municipalities on a contract basis.

The Oregon State Police have full law enforcement authority. They may conduct criminal investigations and enforce state laws anywhere within the State. However, they generally function outside of incorporated cities except when assistance is requested by a local police agency. State Police have primary responsibility for patrol of interstate freeways, the State highway system, and enforcement of fish and game laws. Occasionally, patrols are ilso provided on county roads.

The Department of State Police also provides support services to municipal and county departments upon request. These include crime laboratory services, fingerprint identification, criminal records, questioned document examination, polygraph service and specialized investigation teams for arson and narcotics investigations.

The Oregon Uniform Crime Reporting Program also includes the collection of data relating to the number of full-time employed police officers and civilian personnel. There were 5,610 full-time law enforcement employees reported in 1976 as illustrated in Table 1.1. This represents an increase of 1.0 percent in the total of all personnel in municipal police agencies, sheriffs departments, and the State Police over 1975.

Male employees accounted for 78.2 percent of the total employees. The total number of male employees decreased by 0.8 percent in 1976 while the number of female employees increased by 7.7 percent. Sworn officers accounted for 83.1 percent of the total work force with the remaining 16.9 percent being full-time civilians.

Of the 4,386 total male employees, 95.7 percent were sworn officers and 4.3 percent were civilians. Of the 1,224 total female employees, 37.6 percent were sworn officers and 62.4 percent were civilians. Using the total State population of 2,341,750, the number of law enforcement employees per 1,000 population was 2.39. The number of sworn officers per 1,000 population was 1.99. The number of sworn officers increased over 1975 by 2.9 percent.

TABLE 1.1
FULL-TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT EMPLOYEES
(SWORN AND CIVILIANS), 1976

TOTAL EMPLOYEES	SWORN OFFICERS		FULL-TIME CIVILIANS		NO. OF EMPLOYEES PER 1,000	PERCENT FEMALE	PERCENT CIVILIAN	
5,610	4,6	57	95	53	POPULATION			
M F	M	F	M	F				
,386 1,224	4,197	460	189	764	2.39	22.8	16.9%	

COURTS

During 1976 there were forty-six Justice Courts with misdemeanor and traffic jurisdiction. Twenty-four Counties had District Courts with Circuit Courts providing service to all 36 counties. Circuit Courts have jurisdiction in all felony criminal matters. The State Court of Appeals and the State Supreme Court provide service at the Appellate levels.

During 1976, 14,485 felony cases, 31,683 misdemeanors and 454,790 traffic cases were filed in the State court system; 165 Municipal Courts reported handling an additional 121,639 traffic cases* (includes only those municipal courts reporting for the entire 12 month period).

^{*} Data from JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION IN THE COURTS OF OREGON - 23rd Annual Report, State Court Administrator, 1976.

Child Welfare and the prevention and control of juvenile delinquency is a joint responsibility of the State of Oregon and its 36 counties, working in conjunction with private agencies. Oregon's Circuit Courts, and in some cases, county courts, have exclusive jurisdiction in cases involving persons under 18 years of age whose actions may be in violation of a law and/or ordinance.

Juvenile Courts and Departments are essentially involved with the juvenile correction process. Referrals made by law enforcement officers, parents, relatives, neighbors or any interested party may result in an informal or formal hearing, followed by dismissal, supervision or detention, depending on a referral cause and the needs of the child. The Juvenile Department, under the auspices of the Circuit Court or County Court, is responsible for disposition of all delinquency cases.

CORRECTIONS

At the State level, the Corrections Division of the Oregon Human Resources Department is responsible for all adult offenders sentenced to state penal institutions or placed under the supervision of parole or probation. During 1976, the Division received 1,385 offenders committed to institutional custody with 2,514 placed on probation. As of December 31, 1976, the Division had 2,640 inmates in actual custody plus 208 housed in regional or local facilities on work release or educational programs; an additional 7,842 persons were under parole or probation supervision. During 1975, 1,069 persons were released from institutions to parole by order of the Oregon Board of Parole*.

Responsibility for State programs dealing with juvenile delinquency, welfare and other needs of children is vested in the Children's Services Division of the Department of Human Resources. The Division operates two training schools, two work-study camps, a juvenile parole and community service unit, administers subsidy funds distributed to county juvenile departments, certifies foster homes and child care agencies, and purchases group treatment and care from private child care agencies and family foster care from families.

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SECTION 2

STATEWIDE OFFENSE AND ARREST DATA

INTRODUCTION

This section presents the number of criminal offenses and arrests reported by police agencies in 1976. The statistics represent the aggregate of all reporting agencies within the state, except when noted, and is arranged in the following five subsections:

- 1. Overview of offenses.
- 2. Overview of arrests.
- 3. Detailed information regarding Index and Part II offenses.
- 4. Data concerning assaults against police officers.
- 5. Comparison with neighboring states.

Certain types of information do not represent the State as a whole (e.g., day of week, time of day, type of premise, article stolen, degree of charge at time of arrest). Some of these elements are optional for agencies to report and other such as Part II offense breakdown data are not reported by the agencies still using the summary reporting method. Except for the total number of offenses and arrests, monthly statistics, and detailed information about Index crimes, Portland Police Bureau, Eugene and Springfield Police Departments, and the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office are not included.

The statewide offense totals in this section are not identical to those shown in Section 4 of this report. The differences are less than 0.5 percent and are the result of two different and separate methods of compiling the data at two different points of time.

OVERVIEW OF OFFENSES

In 1976, the total number of offenses (Index and Part II) were reported by police agencies to have increased 2.4 percent over 1975. The Index crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft) showed a decrease of 3.0 percent while Fart II crimes increased by 9.3 percent (see Table 2.1).

The Index crime rate (offenses per 100,000 population) continued to be higher than that for Part II crimes (6,314.6 versus 5,912.0 respectively). The highest rate was calculated for larceny at 3,775 offenses per 100,000 while the second highest was burglary at 1,684. Since Part II crimes were not reported by the Springfield and Eugene Police Departments, the Part II crime rates were calculated using the State population minus the populations for the cities of Springfield and Eugene.

TABLE 2.1 - NUMBER OF OFFENSES 1975-1976

	January Thru December 1975	January Thru December 1976	Change	Percent Distribution 1976	Number of Offenses Per 100,000 Population
MURDER	125	97	-22.4%	0.03%	4.1
RAPE	739	824	+11.5%	0.3%	35.2
ROBBERY	2,974	3,094	+4.0%	1.1%	132.1
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	6,173	6,587	+6.7%	2.4%	281.3
BURGLARY	43,235	39,443	-8.8%	14.2%	1,684.3
LARCENY-THEFT	88,761	88,401	-0.4%	31.7%	3,775.0
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	10,470	9,425		3.4%	402.5
MOTOR VERTCLE THEFT	10,470	9,423	-1.0.0%	3.4%	402.3
INDEX TOTAL	152,477	147,871	-3.0%	(53.1%)	6,314.6
PART II OFFENSES **				:	
SIMPLE ASSAULT	6,274	6,626	+5.6%	2.4%	299.9
ARSON	1,092	1,218	+11.5%	0.4%	55.1
FORGERY-COUNTERFEIT	1,598	1,930	+20.8%	0.7%	87.4
FRAUD	5,825	6,845	+17.5%	2.5%	309.8
EMBEZZLEMENT	122	132	+8.2%	0.05%	6.0
STOLEN PROPERTY	265	454	+71.3%	0.2%	20.6
VANDALISM	31,261	32,453	+3.8%	11.7%	1,468.8
WEAPONS	1,284	1,513	+17.8%	0,5%	68.5
PROSTITUTION	511	663	+29.7%	0.2%	30.0
OTHER SEX OFFENSES	2,507	2,803	+11.8%	1.0%	126.9
DRUG ABUSE TOTAL*	8,524	9,515	+11.6%	3.4%	430.6
Narcotic	(561)	(426)			
Marijuana	(6,624)	(7,847)			
Synthetic	(103)	(88)			
Other Dangerous	(200)	(,			
Drugs	(1,236)	(1,043)			
GAMBLING	76	81	+6.6%	0.03%	3.7
OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY	761	724	-4.9%	0.3%	32.8
DUII	18,556	23,351	+25.8%	8.4%	1,056.8
LIQUOR LAWS	5,471	5,716	+4.5%	2.1%	258.7
DISORDERLY CONDUCT	4,363	4,581	+5.0%	1.6%	207.3
ALL OTHER OFFENSES	18,676	19,690	+5.4%	7.1%	891.2
(except traffic)	10,070	19,090	+ 2 + 7/2		0,1.2
CURFEW	1,502	1,714	+14.1%	0.6%	77.6
RUNAWAY	10,823	10,617	-1.9%	3.8%	480.5
PART II TOTAL	119,491.	130,626	+9.3%	(46.9%)	5,912.0
GRAND TOTAL	271,968	278,497	+2.4%	100.0%	12,226.6

^{*} Drug abuse breakdowns do not add up to the total in 1976.

**Part II offenses not reported from Eugene or Springfield P.D.

***Drunkenness and vagrancy were dropped as they are no longer criminal offenses in Oregon

The percentage distribution of both Index offenses and Part II from Table 2.1 is depicted in the form of a pie chart in Figure 2.1. As shown, larceny represents the largest portion of all offenses with larceny, burglary, and vandalism together representing the majority of offenses in Oregon (57.6% of the total in 1976). The two major crimes in terms of seriousness, murder and forcible rape, represented a very small percentage of crime in 1976 (less than 0.4%).

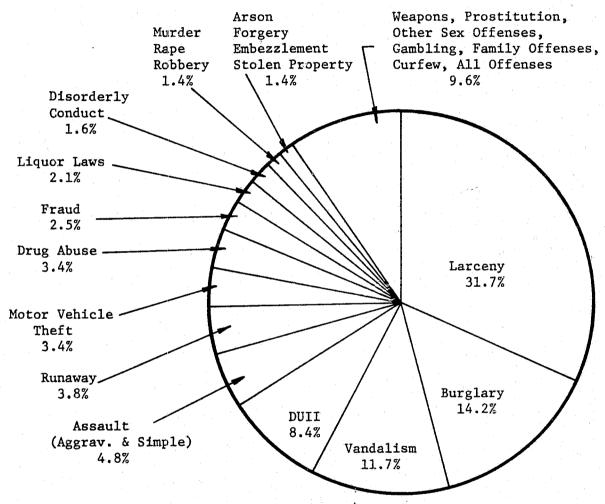


FIGURE 2.1 - ALL OFFENSES - 1976 PERCENT DISTRIBUTION

The Index and Part II crimes were combined into several general categories as shown in Table 2.2 with their respective percent distribution, change from 1975 to 1976, and rate per 100,000 population. As shown, the crimes involving theft represented the highest rate per 100,000 (6,286) and showed a decrease of 2.4 percent from 1975 while the other categories all showed increases.

TABLE 2.2 - GENERAL CATEGORIES OF CRIMES PERCENT DISTRIBUTION AND CHANGE 1975-1976

CATEGORY	1976 PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	CHANGE 1975-1976	NUMBER OF OFFENSES PER 100,000 POPULATION
Crimes Involving Violence (Murder, Forcible rape, Robbery, Assault)	6.2%	+5.6%	736
Crimes Involving Theft (Burglary, Larceny, Motor Vehicle Theft, Forgery, Fraud, Embezzlemen Buying & receiving stolen property		-2.4%	6,286
Crimes Involving Destruction to to Property (Arson, Vandalism)	12.1%	+4.1%	1,524
Sex Crimes (Prostitution, Other Sex Offenses)	1.2%	+14.8%	157
Drug and Liquor Violations (Drug Abuse, DUII, Liquor Laws)	13.9%	+18.5%	1,746
Disorderly Conduct	1.6%	+5.0%	196
Other Offenses (Weapons, Gambling, Family Offenses Curfew, Runaway, All Other)	12.3%	+3.7%	1,554
TOTAL	100.0%	+2.4%	12,227

Index Crime

There were 147,871 Index offenses reported by police agencies in 1976 and represents 53.1 percent of all offenses reported statewide. Of the Index offenses, 10,602 or 7.2 percent were violent offenses (murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault) and 137,269 or 92.8 percent were property offenses (burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft).

Larceny accounted for 59.8 percent of all Index offenses and 64.3 percent of the property offenses as depicted in Figure 2.2 with burglary second at 26.7 percent of the total. Aggravated assault accounted for 4.5 percent of all Index offenses, but represented 62.1 percent of the violent offenses. Murder represented the lowest percentage (0.07%) in 1976.

The Index crime rate (offenses per 100,000 population) was 6,315 per 100,000 in 1976 - a decrease of 4.8 percent from 1975 as presented in Table 2.3. The highest increase in Index crime rates was in forcible rape (+9.7% over 1975) while the murder rate decreased 25.5 percent. The highest increase in arrest rates was for forcible rape (+18.6% over 1975) while the arrest rate for murder decreased by 14.3 percent.

There were 28,630 arrests in 1976 for Index offenses of which 3,818 or 13.3 percent were for violent offenses and 24,812 or 86.7 percent were for property offenses. As in 1975, the highest number of arrests in 1976 were for larceny (59.5% of the total arrests for Index crimes).

Of the 147,871 reported Index offenses, 29,014 or 19 percent were cleared compared to 18.4 percent in 1975. The clearance rate for violent crimes was 44.5 percent (up 3.2 percentage points) while the clearance rate for property crimes was 17.7 percent compared to 16.8 percent in 1975. The highest clearance rate was for murder (84.5%) with the next highest being for aggravated assault (51.1%).

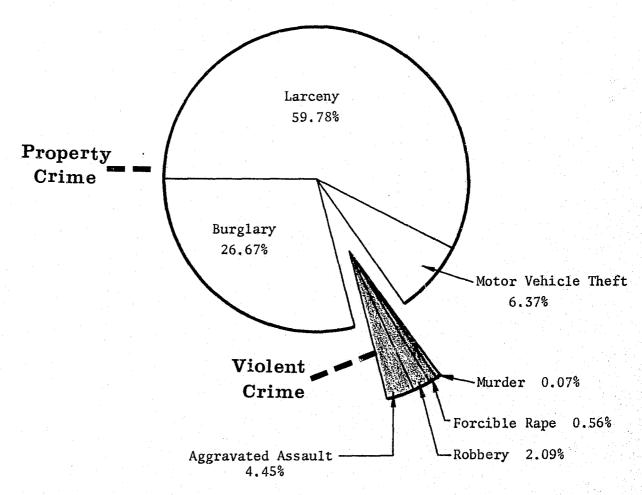


FIGURE 2.2 - INDEX OFFENSES - 1976
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION

TABLE 2.3 - INDEX OFFENSES, ARRESTS, AND CLEARANCES 1974-1976

TYPE OF OFFENSE	YEAR	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF CLEARANCES	PERCENT OF OFFENSES CLEARED
MURDER	1976 1975 1974	97 125 125	4.1 5.5 5.5	-25.5% 	112 129 95	4.8 5.6 4.2	-14.3% +33.3%	82 107 97	84.5% 85.6% 78.0%
FORCIBLE RAPE	1976 1975 1974	824 739 733	35.2 32.1 32.2	+9.7% -0.6%	269 223 269	11.5 9.7 11.9	+18.6% -18.5%	376 319 287	45.6% 43.2% 39.2%
ROBBERY	1976 1975 1974	3,094 2,974 2,962	132.1 129.4 130.7	+2.1% -1.0%	926 814 814	39.5 35.4 35.9	+12.4%	895 789 656	28.9% 26.5% 22.2%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1976 1975 1974	6,587 6,173 4,502	281.3 268.5 198.7	+4.8%	2,511 2,358 1,430	107.2 102.6 63.1	+4.5% +62.6%	3,369 2,922 2,112	51.1% 47.3% 46.9%
VIOLENT CRIME	1976 1975 1974	10,602 10,011 8,322	452.7 435.0 367.0	+4.1% +18.5%	3,818 3,524 2,548	163.0 153.0 112.0	+6.5% +36.6%	4,722 4,137 3,152	44.5% 41.3% 37.9%
BURGLARY	1976 1975 1974	39,443 43,235 41,093	1,684.3 1,880.6 1,813.5	-10.4% +3.7%	5,534 6,264 5,973	236.3 272.5 263.6	-13.3% +3.4%	5,828 7,205 5,974	14.8% 16.7% 14.5%
LARCENY	1976 1975 1974	88,401 88,761 81,654	3,775.0 3,360.9 3,603.4	-2.2% +7.1%	17,034 16,434 15,051	727.4 714.8 664.2	+1.8% +7.6%	16,403 14,714 13,390	18.6% 16.6% 16.4%
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	1976 1975 1974	9,425 10,470 10,475	402.5 455.4 462.3	-11.6% -1.5%	2,244 2,289 2,352	95.8 99.6 103.8	-3.8% -4.0%	2,061 1,965 2,016	21.9% 18.8% 19.3%
PROPERTY CRIME	1976 1975 1974	137,269 142,466 133,222	5,862.0 6,197.0 5,879.0	-5.4% +5.4%	24,812 24,987 23,376	1,059.5 1,087.0 1,032.0	-2.5% +5.3%	24,292 23,884 21,380	17.7% 16.8% 16.1%
TOTAL	1976 1975 1974	147,871 152,477 141,544	6,315.0 6,632.0 6,246.0	-4.8% +6.2%	28,630 28,511 25,924	1.222.5 1,240.0 1,144.0	-1.4% +8.4%	29,014 28,021 24,532	19.6% 18.4% 17.3%

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Part II Crime

There were 130,626 Part II offenses reported by police agencies in 1976 and represents 46.9 percent of all offenses reported statewide. The highest number of Part II offenses were of vandalism (24.8% of the Part II total) with DUII offenses second and representing 17.9 percent of the Part II total. All Part II offenses showed increases in 1976, with the exception of family offenses and runaway, and ranged from +3.8 percent for vandalism to +71.3 percent for stolen property offenses.

STOLEN, DAMAGED, DESTROYED PROPERTY AND LOSS VALUE

Index Offenses

In 1976, the total value of property stolen in the commission of Index offenses was reported at \$46,408,086 - an increase of 1.8 percent over 1975 (see Table 2.4). Of this total, \$15,158,468 or 32.7 percent in value was recovered.

The highest value of property stolen was \$15,599,694 for stolen motor vehicles which accounted for 33.6 percent of the total stolen value and showed the highest percentage of recovered value (73.8%). If motor vehicles are subtracted from the totals, the stolen value would be \$30,808,392; recovered, \$3,646,852 - a recovery rate of only 11.8 percent.

TABLE 2.4 - TYPE AND VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED - 1976 (Index Offenses)

TYPE	VALUE STOLEN	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUE RECOVERED	PERCENT RECOVERED
Currency, notes, etc.	\$ 3,607,625	7.8%	\$ 194,752	5.4%
Jewelry, Precious Metals	2,726,202	5.9%	327,131	12.0%
Clothing, Furs	1,596,216	3.4%	133,215	8.3%
Motor Vehicles	15,599,694	33.6%	11,511,616	73.8%
Office Equipment	488,858	1.1%	61,471	12.6%
T.V., Radio, Stereo, etc.		13.9%	493,064	7.7%
Firearms	1,079,858	2.3%	181,027	16.8%
Household Goods	1,338,535	2.9%	86,075	6.4%
Consumable Goods	576,636	1.2%	113,345	19.7%
Livestock	176,183	0.4%	54,192	30.8%
Miscellaneous	12,792,456	27.5%	2,002,580	15.7%
TOTALS	\$46,408,086	100.0%	\$15,158,468	32.7%
and the first of the second				

Part II Offenses

Table 2.5 illustrates the Part II offenses involving a loss of property, either stolen, damaged, or destroyed. Per the footnote at the bottom of the table, property loss values were not available from all of the participating agencies. The loss values are therefore lower than actual for the number of offenses reported. As shown, the loss of property resulting from arson was almost 2.7 million — a quite substantial increase over 1975. Vandalism and fraud also represent serious problems with loss values of \$1.6 million and \$0.5 million dollars respectively. All categories except "all other" showed substantial increases over 1975.

TABLE 2.5 - PART II OFFENSES INVOLVING PROPERTY VALUES - 1976

*Number of Offenses	Category	**Stolen or *Loss Values
1,270	ARSON	\$2,697,774
1,931	FORGERY - COUNTERFEITING	162,143
6.848	FRAUD	566,768
133	EMBEZZLEMENT	134,363
454	STOLEN PROPERTY	29,361
32,451	VANDALISM	1,617,353
19,690	ALL OTHER (Except Traffic)	22,774
62,777	TOTALS	\$5,230,536

^{*} Part II offenses not reported by Eugene and Springfield Police Departments.

^{**} Part II property values not reported by Eugene, Springfield and Portland Police Departments.

TOTAL ARRESTS - STATEWIDE

In 1976, police agencies reported a total of 104,212 arrests - an increase of 4.2 percent over 1975. Arrests for Index offenses (murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny and motor vehicle theft) accounted for 27.5 percent of the total (28,630 arrests reported for Index offenses in 1976 - an increase of only 0.3 percent over 1975). Arrests for Part II offenses accounted for the remaining 72.5 percent of the total (75,582 arrests reported for Part II offenses in 1976). This is an increase of 5.7 percent over 1975 (See Tables 2.6 through 2.9).

The largest percentage of arrests (22.4%) were for DUII with the next highest percentage (16.3%) being for larceny. Of the total arrests, 84,687 or 81.3 percent were male; 19,525 or 18.7 percent were female. The highest numbers of male arrests were for DUII, larceny, liquor law violations and drug abuse. The highest numbers of female arrests were for larceny, DUII, runaway, and drug abuse.

Of the male arrests, 31.8 percent were juveniles; 68.2 percent were adults. Of the female arrests, 47.0 percent were juveniles; 53.0 percent were adults. The number of male arrests increased by 2.8 percent over 1975 while the number of female arrests increased by 10.6 percent. The female arrests for Index crime increased 17.0 percent over 1975 while the number of male arrests decreased by 3.5 percent.

In 1976, 52.5 percent of the arrests for Index offenses (15,021) were of juveniles; 47.5 percent were adults (13,609). Of the Part II offenses, 27.9 percent (21,095) were juveniles; 72.1 percent (54,487) were adults. Of the total, 34.7 percent were juvenile, 65.3 percent were adult.

The total number of juveniles arrested in 1976 represents a decrease of 0.3 percent while the number of adults arrested represents an increase of 6.7 percent over 1975. Juveniles arrested for Index crimes decreased 1.7 percent; adult arrests increased 2.7 percent.

The number of arrests of juveniles and adults by offense and various race categories are presented in Table 2.9. In total, the number of whites arrested represented 93.4 percent; Negros, 4.2 percent; Indians, 2.0 percent; and Other, 0.04 percent. Of the number of arrests of juveniles: 94.5 percent were White; 3.7 percent were Negro; 1.4 percent were Indian; and the remaining 0.4 percent were of other races. Of the number of arrests of adults: 92.8 percent were White; 4.5 percent were Negro; 2.3 percent were Indian; and the remaining 0.04 percent were of other races.

TABLE 2.6 - NUMBER OF ARRESTS - 1976 - STATEWIDE

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 to 29	30 to 34.	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 ta 54	55 to	60 to 64	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER			4	2	1	6	3	4	4	8	6	4	12	20	12	6	7	4	5	1	3	1	13	99
MNSLTER.			2	1	1	1	1	4	2	3	3	1	1	4	1	2	3	2	1			-	5	28
FORC. RAPE			4	8	7	7	4	16	18	19	18	13	12	54	28	27	18	9	4	3		, g	. 26	243
ROBBERY	10	10	46	53	83	61	84	66	52	50	41	34	41	164	57	36	22	5	7	2		2	263	663
AG. ASSLT.	26	44	142	103	122	124	101	114	113	120	103	94	108	428	260	170	123	95	47	39	19	16	561	1,950
BURGLARY	170	321	1,006	774	723	577	401	297	181	161	128	109	70	306	138	78	34	25	19	8	. 3	5	3,571	1,963
LARCENY	566	1,076	2,550	1,746	1,795	1,399	1,189	870	674	537	493	424	345	1,269	625	400	299	214	190	154	94	125	9,132	7,902
M.V. THEFT	10	43	405	420	365	212	170	102	73	63	46	39	28	132	64	30	20	10	3	4	3	2	1,455	789
OTH. ASSLT	10	38	112	74	86	88	107	104	86	83	85	99	62	302	170	106	81	48	30	23	14	9	408	1,409
ARSON	51	42	57	26	21	1.8	8	10	5	4	7		6	23	10	5	4	3	1		1	1	215	88
FORG/COUNT	2	6	30	48	37	33	45	37	52	31	_36	33	29	92	- 62	29	21	15	10	4	4		156	500
FRAUD	4	6	19	35	30	45	52	64	62	68	76	52	56	226	153	87	67	54	27	22	1	5	135	1,072
EMBEZZ.								*		1			1		1	1								4
STLN. PROP	. 8	11	52	39	67	58	31	37	21	10	26	13	16	50	23	17	6	5	4				235	259
VANDALISM	267	330	527	312	344	296	177	136	84	102	73	91	54	192	115	55	33	34	23	8	7	6	2,076	1,190
WEAPONS	5	11	60	60	75	96	144	84	77	61	49	68	57	181	105	77	48	42	19	19	8	5	307	1,044
PROSTITUT.		1	2	8	18	32	86	78	57	65	51	55	50	91	49	38	15	13	13	7	6		61	675
SEX OFF.	2	8	35	16	27	27	23	39	20	25	24	28	22	98	63	45	32	28	17	23	7	7	115	501
DRUG ABUSE	3	33	326	472	875	1,054	1,243	1,131	937	776	655	584	463	1,384	411	161	61	37	20	15	2	4	2,763	7,894
GAMBLING						1		1			6	6	3	29	14	24	20	14	7	14	5	6	1	149
FAMILY OFF	23	3	8	5	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	5	3	16	c. 7	11	4	2	2				43	63
DUII	3	1	6	32	189	372	631	683	755	1,030	926	925	817	3,269	2,710	2,346	2,155	1,915	1,709	1,209	1,504	524	603	22,748
LIQ. LAWS	9	22	381	678	1,425	2,108	2,414	1,835	1,194	329	192	176	124	393	238	231	210	231	219	150	114	55	4,623	8,104
DIS. COND.	10	41	161	193	237	262	311	246	278	302	260	239	205	748	389	250	163	140	101	69	32	31	904	3,764
ALL OTHER	87	124	494	425	465	416	431	434	404	410	294	285	239	923	511	. 348	222	176	119	101	44	54	2,011	4,995
CURFEW	24	101	581	601	710	604																	2,621	
RUNAWAY	62		1,404	1,020	801	286																	3,813	
																		10						
TOTAL	1,352	2,508	8,414	7,151	8,506	8.18	7,658	6.394	1.151	4,261	3,601	3,377	2,824	10,75	6,216	4,580	3,678	3,121	2,596	1,875	1,151	858	36,116	68,096

TABLE 2.7 - ARRESTS OF MALES BY AGE

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 to 54	55 to	60 to 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER			4		1	4	2	2	4	6	6	3	12	8	9	5	5	3	4		3		9	82
MNSLTER.			2	1	1	, _J , 1	1	4	2	3	3	1	1	3	1	2	2	2	1				5	26
FORC. RAPE			3	8	7	7	4	16	18	19	18	13	12	54	28	27	18	9	3	3			25	242
ROBBERY		7	39	43	69	53	75	55	42	44	33	33	41	148	52	33	21 ,	5	7	2		2	221	593
AG. ASSLT.	24	35	97	88	98	104	89	106	104	115	95	84	103	409	237	158	115	79	43	31	18	16	446	1,802
BURGLARY	151	302	959	719	696	550	375	286	173	155	122	103	68	290	136	74	32	25	18	8	. 3	4	3,377	1,872
LARCENY	433	691	1,601	1,135	1,263	1,012	855	627	493	391	320	281	250	883	391	269	195	140	116	105	54	85	6,135	5,455
M.V. THEFT	10	37_	357	372	326	202	161	94	63	62	44	36	24	125	60	29	20	8	3	4	3	2	1,304	738
OTH. ASSLT	10	31	89	60	72	77	92	86	75	72	79	93	57	270	156	94	69	44	28	21	14	. 8	339	1,258
ARSON	50	41	44	24	20	18	8	10	5	3	7		5	21	و	4	2	3	1		1	1	197	79
FORG/COUNT	1	4	12	24	21	15	25	20	32	19	20	22	18	63	52	17	18	14	8	3	3		77	334
FRAUD	2		16	17	24	37	39	44	39	46	54	38	43	166	90	62	45	41	23	18	1	4	96	753
EMBEZZ.															1	1					,			2
STLN. PROP	7	10	48	33	53	49	29	33	17	8	22	12	14	46	20	16	5	5	4				200	231
VANDALISM	246	310	490	291	321	284	165	128	79	95	67	80	48	176	104	50	27	34	22	7	7	5	1,942	1,094
WEAPONS	5	11	56	56	72	88	135	69	71	53	46	56	54	164	99	71	47	38	19	15	8	5	288	950
PROSTITUT.				1	1	5	1	4	4	3	8	7	5	36	34	31	15	12	13	7	6_		7	187
SEX OFF.	2	8	33	13	22	2 6	22	36	20	22	24	28	22	95	62	43	31	28	17	23	7	7	104	487
DRUG ABUSE	3	24	229	371	737	897	1,098	953	819	668	579	486	387	1,158	331	128	65	29	17	12	2	4	2,261	6,736
GAMBLING						1.		1			. 2	4	1	25	13	18	11	14	3	12	5	6	1	115
FAMILY OFF	13	2	4	2		1		2	1		2	3	3	12	5	8	2		1				22	39
DUII	2	1	6	25	165	334	577	631	704	931	833	834	741	3,244	2,373	2,018	1,804	1,648	1,492	1,070	703	482	533	20,085
LIQ. LAWS	6	11	231	464	1,110	1,731	2,086	1,638	1,082	302	167	159	111	339	219	217	194	223	210	146	113	54	3,553	7,260
DIS. COND.	10	33	129	161	187	221	277	209	236	265	233	203	186	669	342	218	142	124	85	62	32	28	741	3,311
ALL OTHER	71	104	383	322	388	353	373	375	337	337	241	237	195	748	385	262	154	129	94	72	37	42	1,621	4,018
CURFEW	17	65	357	392	527	484																	1,842	
RUNAWAY	46	123	481	405	388	149														8			1,592	
TOTAL	1,119	1,850	5,670	5,027	6,569	6,703	6,489	5,429	4,420	3:619	3,025	2,816	2,401	9,162	5,209	3,855	3,039	2,657	2,231	1,62	1,02	755	26,938	57,749

TABLE 2.8 - ARRESTS OF FEMALES BY AGE

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 to	55 to	60 to 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER				2		2		2		2		1		2	3	1	2	1	1	1		1	4	17
							<u> </u>		ļ	 														
FORC. RAPE			1								 			7.6					1				1	<u>1</u>
	ļ	3	7	10	14	8	9	11	10	6	8	1		16	5	3	1						42	70
AG. ASSLT.	2_	9	45_	15	24	20	12	8	9	5	8	10	5	19	23	12	8	16	4	8	1		115	148
BURGLARY	19	19	47	55	27	27	26	11	8	6	6	6	2_	16	2	4	2		1_1		<u> </u>	1_	194	91
LARCENY	133	385		611	532	387	334	243	181	146	173	143	95	386	234	131	104	74	74	49	40	40	2,997	2,447
M.V. THEFT	<u> </u>	6	48	48	39	10	9	8	10	1	2	3	4	7	4	1		2					151	51
OTH. ASSLT		7	23	14	14	11	15	18	11_	11	6	6	5	32	14	12	12	4	2	2		1_	69	151
ARSON	1	1	13	22	1		ļ		ļ	1	L		1_1_	2	1	1_	2		1				18	9
FORG/COUNT	1_1_	2	18_	.24	16	18	20	17	20	12	16	_11_	11.	29	10_	12	_3	1	2	1	1		79	166
FRAUD	. 2	2	3	18	6	8	13	20	23	22	22	14	13	60	63_	25	22	13	4	4		1_	39	319
EMBEZZ.	:									1			1											2
STLN. PROP	1	1	4	6	14	9	2	4	4	2	4	1	2	4	3	1	1						35	28
VANDALISM	21	21	37	21	23	12	12	8	5	7	6	11	6	16	11	5	6		1	1		1	134	96
WEAPONS			4	4	3	8	9	15	6	8	3	12	3	17	6	6	1	4		4			19	94
PROSTITUT.		1	2	7	17	27	85	74	53	62	43	48	4.5	55	15	7	37	1					54	488
SEX OFF.			2	3	5	1	1	3	, ,	3				3	1	2	1						11	14
DRUG ABUSE		9	97	101	138	157	145	178	118	108	76	98	76	226	80	33	6	8	3	3			502	1,158
GAMBLING											4	2	2	4	1	6	9		4	2				34
FAMILY OFF	10	1	4	3	2	1	3		1	3	1	2	4	2	3	2	2	1					21	24
DUII	1			7	24	38	54	52	51	99	93	91	76	385	337	328	351	267	217	139	81	42	70	2,663
LIQ. LAWS	. 3	11	150	214	315	377	328	197	112	27	25	17	13	54	19	14	16	8	8	4	1	1	1,070	844
DIS. COND.		8	32	32	50	41	34	37	42	37	27	36	19	79	47	32	21	16	16	7.		3	163	453
ALL OTHER	16	20		103	77	63	58	59	67	73	53	48		175	126	86	68	47	25	29	7	12	390	977
CURFEW	7	36		209		120								<u> </u>			<u> </u>			y			779	
RUNAWAY	16	117		615		137	-																2,221	
	l — —																						, <u>'</u>	
TOTAL	233	658	2.744	2 12/	1.937	402	1.169	965	731	642	576	561	423	1.592	1.007	725	539	464	365	254	131	103	9.178	10.347

선생물과 가는 선생님이 되었다. 이 경기에 되는 것이 되는 것으로 가장 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다. 그는 것으로 살아보고 함께 되었다. 그는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이다. 그런 선생님은 사람들은 것이 있는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다.	
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TABLE 2.9 - NUMBER OF ARRESTS
BY RACE BREAKDOWNS

		JUVEN	ILES			AD	ULTS	
	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER	WHITE	NEGRO	INDIAN	OTHER
OFFENSE								
MURDER	11	1	1		88	9	2	
MANSLAUGHTER	5				26	2		
FORCIBLE RAPE	20	6		1.1.	196	37	10	
ROBBERY	199	ú 2	2		489	149	23	2
AGG. ASSAULT	489	56	12	4	1671	187	80	12,
BURGLARY	3332	197	39	3	1780	142	37	4
LARCENY	8447	512	132	41	7055	621	142	84
M.V. THEFT	1369	56	27	3	721	47	19	2
OTHER ASSAULT	368	30	7	3	1227	125	53	4
ARSON	213	2			81	7		
FORG/COUNT	142	13	1		439	50	7	4
FRAUD	125	8	2		994	47	26	5
EMBEZZLEMENT					4			
STOLEN PROPERTY	222	11	1	1	203	53	3	
VANDALISM	2015	40	12	9	1094	49	43	4
WEAPONS	290	10	7		835	169	38	2
PROSTITUTION	35	25	1		428	232	7	8
SEX OFFENSES	112	3			473	23	3	2
DRUG ABUSE	2709	22	22	10	7526	278	77	13
GAMBLING		1			139	8		2
FAMILY OFFENSES	41	2			58	3	2	
LaiII *	589	2	11	1	22131	282	294	41
LLQUOR LAWS	4513	17	84	9	7450	226	400	28
DISORDERLY COND.	840	35	26	3	3404	142	202	16
ALL OTHER	1887	69	52	3	4671	188	121	15
CURFEW	2494	81	40	6				
RUNAWAY	3678	87	39	9				
TOTAL	34145	1348	518	105	63183	3076	1589	248

^{*}It appears that many DUII arrests are improperly reported as White since the element of race is not required on the Oregon Uniform Traffic Citation form.

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A summary of the arrest rates (arrests per 1,000 population) for both juveniles and adults is presented in Table 2.10 by general offense categories. As shown, the highest arrest rate for crimes of violence was for adults – $1\frac{1}{2}$ times higher than juveniles. The arrest rate of juveniles for crimes of theft was three times higher than adults and four times higher for crimes against property. The arrest rate of adults for drug and liquor violations was two times higher than juveniles with the adult rate for sex crimes being three times higher. The arrest rate of juveniles for all other remaining kinds of offenses was three times higher than adults. In this category, the juvenile rate is predominately curfew and runaway violations where the adult rate is composed of other offenses such as trespassing and harrassment.

TABLE 2.10 - ARREST RATES - JUVENILE AND ADULT BY OFFENSE CATEGORY

OFFENSE		F ARRESTS
CATEGORY	Juveniles	Adults
Crimes Involving Violence		
(Murder, forcible rape, robbery, assault)	1.81	2.69
Crimes Involving Theft		
(Burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, receiving and buying stolen property, forgery, fraud, embezzlement)	20.89	7.62
Crimes Involving Destruction to Property		
(Arson, Vandalism)	3.26	0.78
Drug and Liquor Violations		
(Drug Abuse, Liquor Laws, DUII)	11.37	23.64
Disorderly Conduct	1.30	2.30
Sex Crimes		
(Prostitution, Other Sex Offense)	0.25	0.72
Other Offenses		
(Weapons, Gambling, Family Offenses, Curfew, Runaway, All Other)	12.52	3.83

Arrest rates statewide are presented in Table 2.11 by various age groupings and offenses. The rates are based on the number of arrests per 1,000 population of the respective age group and were calculated from Table 2.6.

In 1976, the juvenile arrest rate (51.4 per 1,000) was 24 percent higher than that for adults (41.5). Excluding curfew and runaway, which are juvenile offenses, the juvenile arrest rate becomes 42.2 per 1,000 juveniles. The highest juvenile arrest rates were for larceny, liquor laws, runaway, and burglary respectively. The highest adult arrest rates were for DUII, liquor laws, larceny and drug abuse respectively. The highest total arrest rate was 186.6 per 1,000 for the age 16 years old, with the next highest (178.5) for the 17 year old group. The highest arrest rate for a particular offense was 52.3 per 1,000 of 18 year old persons for liquor laws.

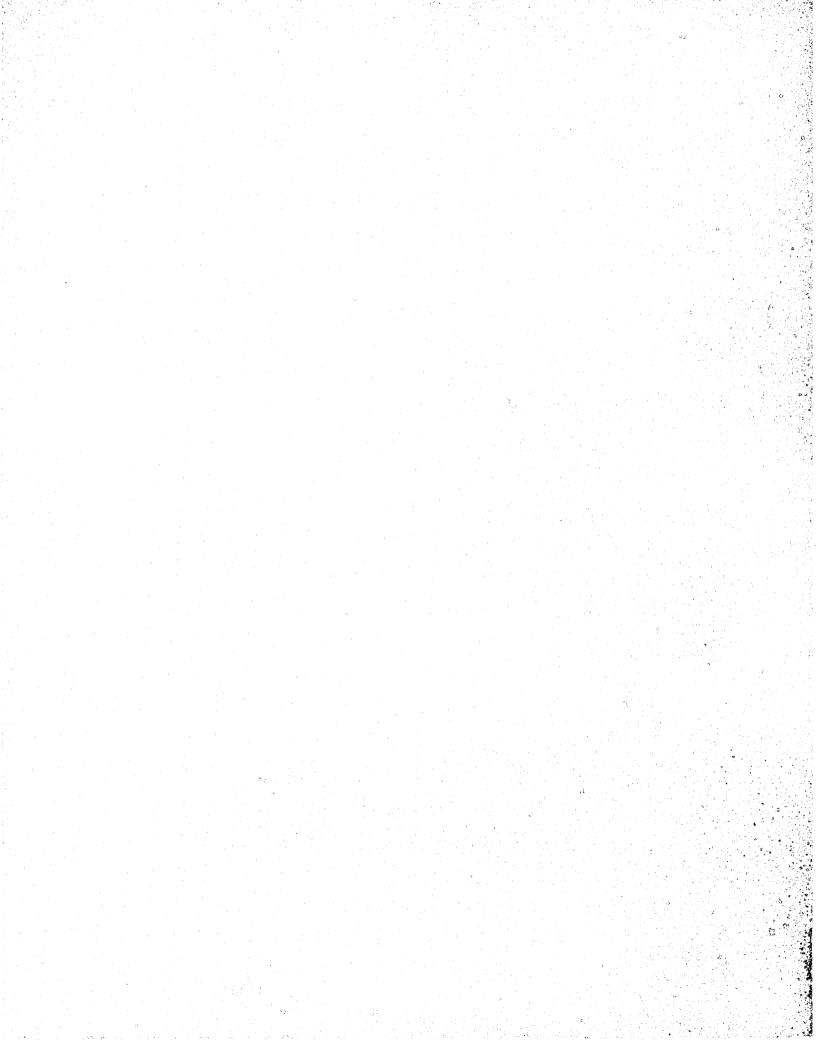


TABLE 2.11 - ARREST RATES - 1976 (ARRESTS PER 100,000 POPULATION OF RESPECTIVE AGE GROUP)

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 to 44	45 to 49	50 to	55 to	60 to 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER			.04	.04	.02	.13	.06	.09	.09	.17	.13	.09	.28	,11	.08	.05	.06	.03	.04	.01	.03	.003	.02	.06
MNSLTER.			.02	.02	.02	.02	.02	.09	.04	.06	.07	.02	.02	.02	.01	.02	.03	.02	.01				.007	.02
FORC. RAPE			. 04	.18	.15	.15	. 09	. 34	.39	.41	.39	. 29	.28	. 29	.18	.22	.15	.07	.03	.02			.04	.15
ROBBERY	.03	.12	.51	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.1	1.1	.89	.76	.96	.89	.37	.29	.19	.04	.05	.02		.01	.37	.40
AG. ASSLT.	.07	.51	1.59	2.3	2.7	2.7	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.4	1.1	,77	.37	.32	.17	.06	.80	1.2
BURGLARY	.43	3.74	11.24	17.1	15.9	12.6	8.7	6.4	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.4	1.6	1.7	.89	.62	.29	.20	.15	.07	03	.02	5.1	1.2
LARCENY	1.45	12.55	28.5	38.5	39.4	30.5	25.8	18.7	14.4	11.5	10.7	9.5	8.1	6.9	4.0	3.2	2.6	1.7	1.5	1.3	.86	.49	13.0	4.8
M.V. THEFT	.03	.50	4.5	9.3	8.0	4.6	3.7	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.0	.87	.66	.72	.41	.24	.17	.08	.02	.03	.03	.01	2.1	.48
OTH. ASSLT	.03	.44	1.3	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.2	1.5	1.6	1.1	.84	.69	.39	.23	.19	.13	.04	.58	.86
ARSON	.13	.49	.64	.57	.46	.39	.17	.22	.11	.09	.15		.14	.12	.06	.04	.03	.02	.01		.01	.003	.31	.05
FORG/COUNT	.005	.07	. 34	1.1	.81	.72	.97	.80	1.1	.66	.78	.74	.68	.50	40	.23	.18	.12	.08	•03	.04		.22	.31
FRAUD	.01	.07	.21	.77	.66	.98	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.2	.98	.69	.57	.44	.21	.18	.01	.02	.19	.65
EMBEZZ.			,							.02			.02		.01	.01								.002
STLN. PROP	.02	.13	.58	.86	1.5	1.3	.67	.80	.45	.21	.56	.29	.38	.27	.15	.14	. 05	.04	.03				.33	.16
VANDALISM	.68	3.85	5.9	6.9	7.5	6.5	3.8	2.9	1.8	2.2	1.6	2.0	1.3	1.0	.74	.44	.28	.28	.18	•07	.06	.02	2.9	.73
WEAPONS	.01	.13	.67	1.3	1.6	2.1	3.1	1.8	1.6	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.3	.98	67ء	.61	.41	. 34	.15	.16	.07	.02	.44	.64
PROSTITUT.		.01	.02	.18	. 39	.70	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.2	.49	.31	.30	.13	.11	.10	.06	.06		.09	.41
SEX OFF.	.005	.09	.39	.35	.59	.59	.50	.84	.43	.54	.52	.63	.52	.53	.40	.36	.27	.23	.13	.19	.06	.03	.16	.31
DRUG ABUSE	.008	.38	3.6	10.4	19.2	23.0	26.9	24.4	20.1	16.6	14.2	13.1	10.9	7.5	2.6	1.3	.52	.30	.16	.12	.02	್ .02	3.9	4.8
CAMBLING						.02		.02			.13	.13	.07	.16	.09	.19	.17	.11	.05	.12	.05	.02	.001	.09
FAMILY OFF	.06	.03	.09	.11	.04	.04	.06	.04	.04	.06	.07	.11	.07	.09	.04	.09	.03	.02	.02				.06	.04
DUII	.008	.01	.07	.71	4.1	8.1	13.7	14.7	16.2	22.1	20.1	20.7	19.2	19.7	17.4	18.7	18.4	15.5	13.3	10.1	13.8	2.0	.86	13.9
LIQ. LAWS	.02	.26	4.3	15.q	31.3	46.0	52.3	39.5	25.6	7.d	4.2	3.9	2.9	2.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.0	.21	6.6	4.9
DIS. COND.	.03	.48	1.8	4.3	5.2	5.7	6.7	5.3	6.0	6.5	5.6	5.4	4.8	4.1	2.5	2.0	1.4	1.1	.79	.57	.29	.12	1.3	2.3
ALL OTHER	.22	1.45	5.5	9.4	10.2	9.1	9.3	9.3	8.6	8.8	6.4	6.4	5.6	5.0	3.3	2.8	1.9	1.4	.93	.84	.40	.21	2.9	3.0
CURFEW	.06	1.18	6.5	13.3	15.6	13.2																	3.7	
UNAWAY	.16	2.80	15.7	22.5	17.6	6.2																	5.4	
	1									0														
TOTAL	3.46	29.25	94.0	157.9	186.6	178.5	165.9	137.7	110.3	91.2	78.2	75.6	66.2	58.4	39.9	36.5	31.4	25.3	20.2	15.6	10.6	3.4	51.4	41.5

One method of examining the data in Table 2.11 is to analyze each offense category for peak rates and age groups, For example, the arrest rates for burglary seem to increase to age 15, then decrease through age 65, while the arrest rates for larceny reach a peak around age 16 and drug abuse at age 18. Table 2.12 is a summary of that process. The table lists various general categories similar to those used earlier in the offense section, and at what age group the arrest rates are the highest.

As shown, the arrest rates for crimes involving theft, such as burglary and larceny and the offense of vandalism peak at the high school age group of 15-17 years of age. The crimes of forgery and fraud, most of which involve bad checks, show the highest arrest rates for the 18-22 year old age group. The highest arrest rates for offenses involving drugs and liquor were for the age group 18-20, while the most serious crimes of rape and murder showed the highest arrest rates for the age group 21-24.

TABLE 2.12 - AGE GROUPS AT WHICH ARREST RATES PEAK-1976

			AGE GR)UP		
		High Scho				
CATEGORY	13-14	15 16	17	18-20	21-22	23-24
Crimes Involving Violence						
		1			,	-
Robbery		1	x .			
Assault			x			
Forcible Rape					х	
Murder		1				×
Crimes Involving Theft						
			· _ '			
Burglary		x	•			
Motor Vehicle Theft		×				
Larceny Buying & Receiving Stolen		X				
Property		x		_		
Forgery				×		
Fraud			•		X	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		 				}
Crimes Involving Destruction						
to Property						
Arson						
Vandalism	х	1				
		х		<u> </u>		
Drug and Liquor Violations						
				×		
Drug Abuse		1		x		
Liquor Laws DUTI					×	
DOLL .		ļ		<u> </u>		
Disorderly Conduct				×		
Sex Crimes				 		-
				×		ì
Prostitution		1		x] .
Other Sex Offenses		1		. ^	1	1

MURDER

Introduction

There were 97 offenses of murder reported in 1976 - a decrease of 22.4 percent from 1975. Murder represented 0.07 percent of the total Index offenses in 1976 and 0.03 percent of all crimes. The clearance rate of 84.5 percent is the highest rate among Index crimes.

Murder - Month of Occurrence

The number of murder offenses for 1975 and 1976 are depicted in Figure 2.3 by the month in which they were reported. As illustrated, the patterns in both 1975 and 1976 were quite erratic with the highest number of murders in 1976 reported in October in contrast to July of 1975. (A simple chi-square test performed on these two monthly distributions revealed no significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 10.17$, DF=11) - refer to Appendix C of this report).

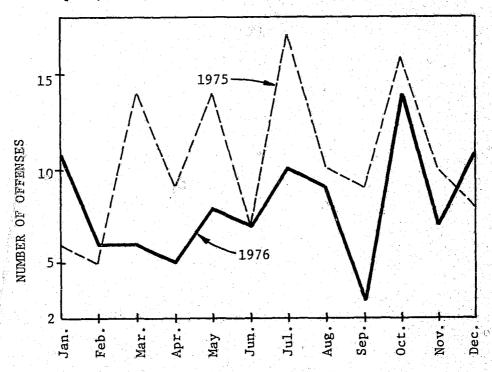


FIGURE 2.3 - MURDER OFFENSES BY MONTH 1975-1976

Murder - Weapon

The number of murders by type of weapon used is shown in Figure 2.4. Of the 97 murders reported, 34 were committed using a handgun; 14 were by a rifle; and 1 by a shotgun. The total number of murders committed using a firearm was 49. The remaining 48 were committed using the following methods: Knife 20; blunt instrument 5; personal (hands, fists, feet) 17; arson 1; and other such as drowning 5.

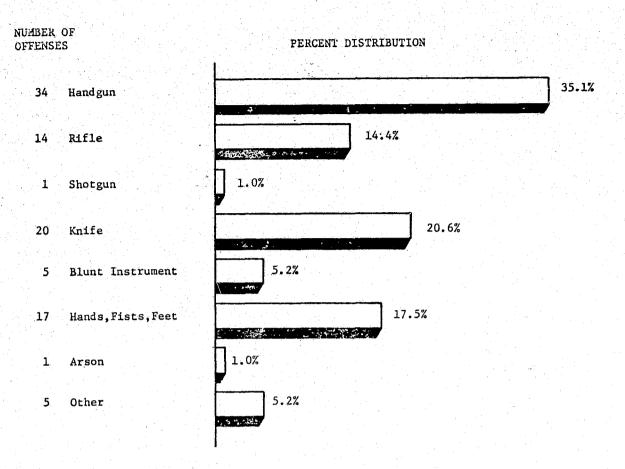


FIGURE 2.4 - MURDER OFFENSES BY WEAPON

Murder - Victims

The number of murder victims are presented in Table 2.13 by various age groupings, sex, and race. Of the total victims, 10.3 percent were under 18 years of age, 20.6 percent were 18 to 24 years of age, and the majority (69.1%) were 25 years of age or older. Male victims accounted for 63.9 percent of the total with the remaining 36.1 percent being female. The distribution of the race of these victims was: 81.4 percent were White, 10.3 percent were Negro, 7.2 percent were Indian, and 1.1 percent were other races. The murder rate for the total population was 4.1 per 100,000 population while the murder rate for the male population was 5.4 compared to 2.9 per 100,000 females. Among the race categories, the highest murder rate per 100,000 residents of a particular race was 49.8 for Indian; the rates for both Negroes and Other (32.8 and 4.7 respectively) were higher than that for Whites (3.5).

TABLE 2.13 - MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE, SEX AND RACE

	Age	No. of Victims	Percent Distribution		ex Female	White	Negro	Kace Indian	Other
T	10-under	5	5.2%	2	3	5			
	11-12								
10.3%	13-14	2	2.17	1	1	2			
11	15	1	1.0%		1	1			
	16	1	1.0%	1		1			
V	17	1	1.0%		1	1			
1	18								
	19	3	3.1%	3		1		1	1
20.6%	20	4	4.1%	1	3	4			
	21	4	4.17	3	1	- 3	1		
	22	4	4.12	3	1	3	1		
	23	2	2.1%		2	2			
	24	3	3.1%	1	2	3			
T	25-29	7 ,	7.2%	4	3	6		1	
	30-34	10	10.3%	8	2	7	3		
	35-39	7	7.2%	6	1	- 6	1		
	40-44	7	7.2%	7		5	1	1	
	45-49	5	5.2%	2	3	3		2	
69.12	50-54	8	8.2%	7	1	6	1	1	
	55-59	4	4.1%	4		3		1	
	60-64	5	5.2%	2	3	5			
	65-over	14	14.5%	7	7	12	2		
	TOTAL	97	100.0%	62	35	79	10	7	1
	Percent Distribution	on - Victims		63.9%	36.1%	81.4%	10.3%	7.2%	1.1%
	Percent Distribution	on - Populatio	n*	48.9%	51.1%	97.2%	1.3%	0.6%	0.9%
	Murder Rate (Offenses I Respective	es Per 100,000 Population)	**	5.4	2.9	3.5	32.8	49.8	4.7

 ^{**} Male/female percentages based on 1975 estimate - P.S.U.
 ** Race percentages based on 1970 census
 ** Rates calculated using 1976 estimated population figure of 2,341,750 and applying distribution percentages.

Murder - Circumstances

Figure 2.5 depicts the number of murders by type of circumstances. Of the total, 24 involved family relations (spouse, parent/child, brother/sister, etc.); persons involved in lovers quarrels and other arguments accounted for 31 murders; 25 were persons involved in committing or suspected of committing a felony; and 17 were unknown circumstances.

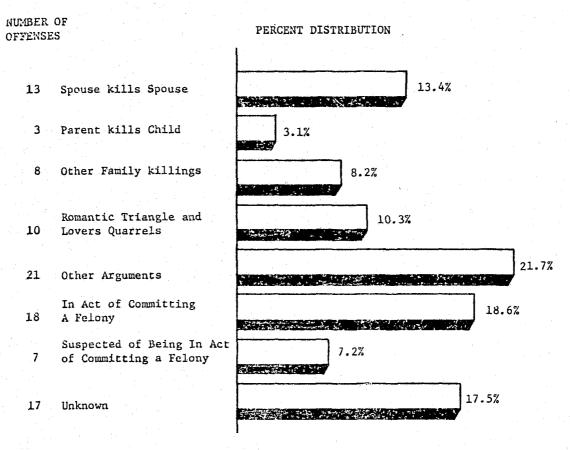


FIGURE 2.5 - MURDER OFFENSES BY CIRCUMSTANCES

Arrests for Murder

In 1976, there were 112 arrests for murder of which 12 percent were juveniles and 88 percent were adults. Of the total, 81 percent were male; 19 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (20 arrests or 17.8%) were of persons 25 to 29 years of age.

TABLE 2.14 - ARRESTS FOR MURDER

of fense	KEY	JUVENILLES	ADULTS	TOTAL	NALE	FEMALE
MURDER	No. of Arrests Percent Across		99 88%	112 1002	91 81%	21 19%

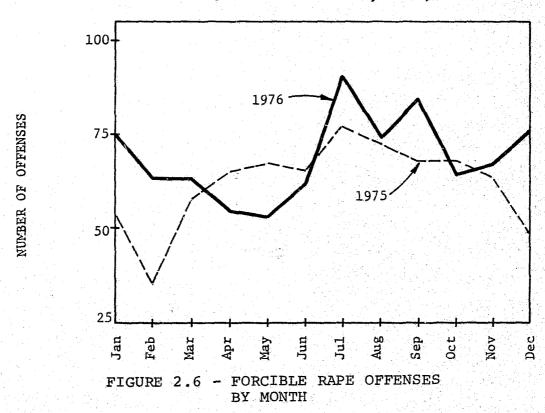
FORCIBLE RAPE

Introduction

There were 824 forcible rape offenses (which include attempts) reported in 1976an increase of 11.5 percent over 1975. Forcible rape represented 0.6 percent of all Index offenses and 0.3 percent of all crimes. The clearance rate of 45.6 percent is among the highest rates for Index crime.

Rape - Month of Occurrence

The number of forcible rape offenses for 1975 and 1976 are depicted in Figure 2.6 by the month in which they occurred. In 1976 the number of offenses reached a low in May with the highest number of offenses reported in July. As in the case with both years, more offenses were reported in the last six months than in the first six months (55% of the total - reported in the last six months of 1976). (A chi-square test on both distributions revealed no significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 18.65$, DF=18).



Rape - Day of Week

Of the 824 forcible rape offenses in 1976, 346 were reported by the day of the week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.7.

Of the 346 offenses reported with day of week, the highest number were reported as occurring on Saturday (75 offenses of 22%) with 133 offenses or 38 percent reported as occurring on the weekend (Saturday and Sunday).

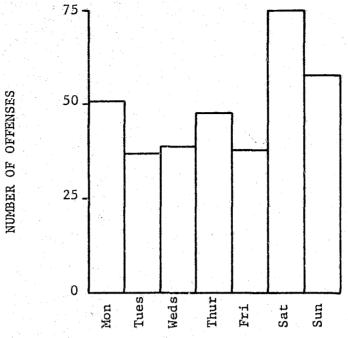


FIGURE 2.7 - FORCIBLE RAPE OFFENSES DAY OF WEEK (n=346)

Rape - Time of Day

Of the 824 forcible rape offenses in 1976, 305 were reported by the time of day in which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.8.

Of the 305 offenses reported by time, the highest number were reported between 10:00 p.m. and midnight (52 offenses of 17%) with 150 offenses or 49 percent reported between 10:00 p.m. and 4:00 a.m. Of the total, 222 offenses or 73 percent were reported at night (6:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m.).

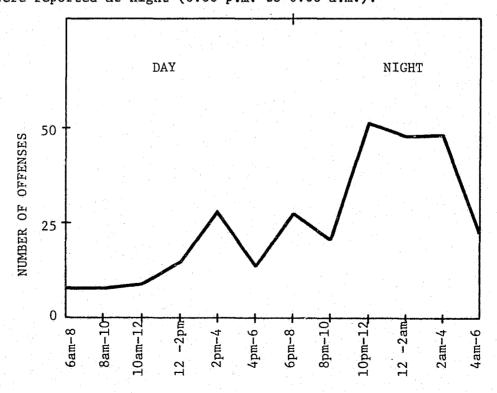


FIGURE 2.8 - FORCIBLE RAPE OFFENSES TIME OF DAY (n=305)

Rape - Type of Offense

Of the total 824 forcible rape offenses reported in 1976, 607 or 73.7 percent were rape by force and 217 or 26.3 percent were attempted forcible rape as illustrated in Table 2.15. The clearance rate for rape by force was 49.9 percent compared to a 33.6 percent clearance rate for attempted forcible rape. The total clearance rate for forcible rape increased 5.6 percent over 1975.

Using estimated female population figures for 1976, the rate per 100,000 for rape by force was 50.7 (an increase of 6.7% over 1975) while the rate for attempted forcible rape was 18.1 (up 16.8% over 1975). The total rate per 100,000 female residents was 68.8. Assuming one victim/one offense, one out of 1,972 female residents was a victim of a forcible rape; one out of 5,525 female residents was a victim of an attempt. In total, one out of every 1,453 female residents was a victim of a forcible rape offense in 1976.

TABLE 2.15 - FORCIBLE RAPE OFFENSES AND CLEARANCES - 1976

TYPE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRI- BUTION	NUMBER OF CLEARANCES	PERCENT CLEARED	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION*	RATE PER 100,000 FEMALE POPULATION**	CHANGE 1975-76
Rape by Force	607	73.7%	303	49.9%	25.9	50.7	+6.7%
Attempted Forcible Rape	217	26.3%	73.	33.6%	9.3	18.1	+16.8%
TOTALS	824	100.0%	376	45.6%	35.2	68.8	÷9.0%

^{*} Total population (male and female)

Rape - Type of Weapon

Of the 824 forcible rape offenses in 1976, 345 were reported by the type of weapon used as shown in Table 2.16. Of the 345 offenses, 283 or 82 percent involved the use of hands or fists and the remaining 62 or 18 percent involved the use or threat of a dangerous weapon.

TABLE 2.16 - FORCIBLE RAPE BY TYPE OF WEAPON

WEAPON	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Firearm Knife Other dangerous weapon	14 41 7	4% 12% 2%
Hands or Fists TOTAL	283 345	<u>82%</u> 100%

^{**} Using 1976 estimated population figure of 2,341,750 and applying percentages of male/female residents from 1975 estimate (male 48.9%, female 51.1%)

Arrests for Forcible Rape

In 1976, there were 269 arrests for forcible rape of which 10 percent were juveniles and 90 percent were adults. The highest number of arrests (54 arrests or 20.1%) were of persons 25 to 29 years of age. Forcible rape is a first-degree offense.

TABLE 2.17 - ARRESTS FOR FORCIBLE RAPE

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
FORCIBLE RAPE	No. of Arrests	26	243	269	267	2
(1st Degree)	Percent Across	10%	90%	100%	99 ≴	1%

ROBBERY

Introduction

There were 3,094 robbery offenses in 1976 - an increase of 4.0 percent over 1975. Robbery represented 2.1 percent of all Index crimes and 1.1 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for robbery was 28.9 percent compared to 26.5 percent in 1975.

Robbery - Month of Occurrence

The number of robbery offenses for 1975 and 1976 are depicted in Figure 2.9 by the month in which they occurred. In 1976, the number of offenses reached a low during the months of April, May and June while the number reached a peak in December. The highest number of robberies (21.2% of the total) were reported during the Christmas and New Year season (December-January). (A chi-square test on both distributions revealed a significant difference between 1975 and 1976 at the 95 percent confidence level (X²=28.04, DF=11). The largest monthly difference exists in the month of July where the variance between the expected value and actual was the greatest).

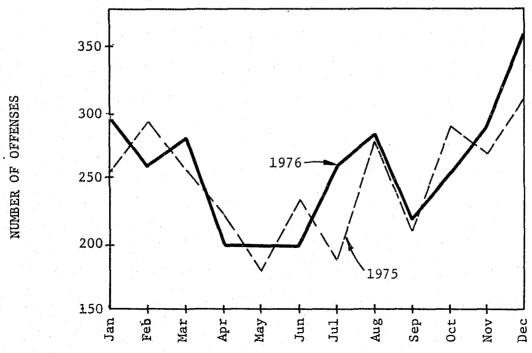


FIGURE 2.9 - ROBBERY OFFENSES -BY MONTH

Robbery - Day of Week

The number of robbery offenses are presented in Figure 2.10 by the day of the week in which they occurred. Of the 3,094 offenses reported in 1976, 675 were reported by day of week.

Of the 675 offenses reported by day of week, the highest number occurred on Tuesday (125 offenses or 18.5% of the total). The remaining 550 offenses were somewhat evenly distributed among the other six days.

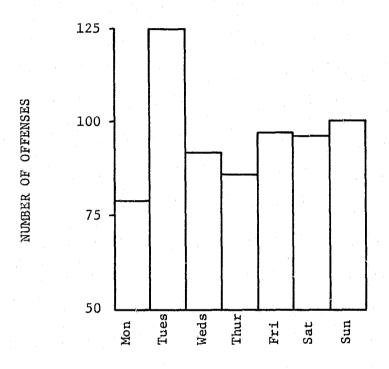
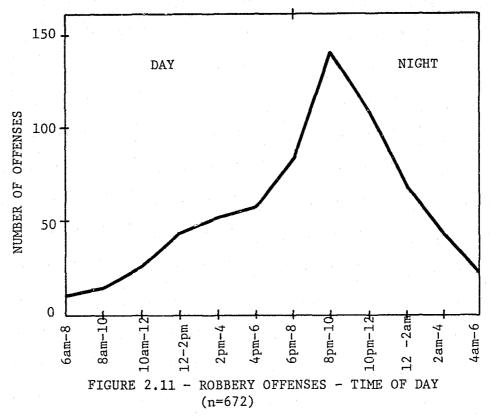


FIGURE 2.10 ROBBERY OFFENSES DAY OF WEEK (n=675)

Robbery - Time of Day

Of the 3,094 offenses reported in 1976, 672 were reported by time of day in which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.11.

Of the 672 robbery offenses with a time of day reported, the highest number occurred between 8:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. (139 offenses or 20.7% of the total). Robberies occurring at night (6:00 p.m. - 6:00 a.m.) represented 467 offenses of 69.5 percent of the total.



Robbery - Target

The number of robbery offenses are presented in Table 2.18 by location of their occurrence in 1975 and 1976. Of the total 3,094 offenses, the highest number were committed at miscellaneous locations such as public schools, parks, and parking lots (1,106 offenses or 35.8% of the total) with the second highest occurring on the highway-streets, alleys, etc. (669 offenses or 21.6% of the total). The highest increase in 1976 is shown for robbery offenses involving a commercial house (+11.7% over 1975) while the number of offenses occurring in a banking institution showed the greatest decrease (down 9.4% from 1975). In 1976, \$819,270 in value of stolen property was reported as the result of robbery offenses (a decrease of 1.4% from 1975) with the highest mean value per offense (\$2,399) shown for banking institutions.

TABLE 2.18 - ROBBERY OFFENSES BY PLACE OF OCCURRENCE

TYPE OF LOCATION	NUMBER 0 1975	F OFFENSES 1976	CHANGE	1976 PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE
Highway (street, alley, etc.)	696	669	-3.9%	21.6%	\$ 117,404	\$ 175
Commercial House	368	411	+11.7%	13.3%	123,711	301
Gas Station	197	217	+10.2%	7.0%	56,183	259
Chain Store	410	372	-9.3%	12.0%	54,065	145
Residence	244	261	+7.0%	8.4%	94,125	361
Banking Institution	64	58	-9.4%	1.9%	139,116	2,399
Miscellaneous	995	1,106	+11.2%	35.8%	234,666	212
TOTALS	2,974	3,094	+4.0%	100.0%	\$ 819,270	\$ 265

Robbery - Type of Weapon

The number of robbery offenses by type of weapon used is presented in Table 2.19. Robberies involving the use of firearms accounted for 1,296 offenses or 41.9 percent of the total. The use of a weapon (firearms, knife, other) accounted for 1,798 offenses of 58.1 percent of the total. The remaining 1,296 offenses or 41.9 percent were committed using strong-arm tactics. Use of weapons increased 5.0 percent over 1975 while strong-arm increased by 2.7 percent. The highest clearance rate was 30.7 percent for offenses involving a firearm while the second highest rate (30.3%) was for offenses involving a knife or cutting instrument.

TABLE 2.19 - ROBBERY OFFENSES AND CLEARANCES BY WEAPON USED - 1976

WEAPON	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	NUMBER CLEARED	PERCENT CLEARED
Firearms	1,,296	41.9%	398	30.7%
Knife or Cutting Instrument	353	11.4%	107	30.3%
Other Dangerous Weapons (club, explosive, etc)	149	4.8%	40	26.8%
Strong Arm (hands, feet, fists, etc.)	1,296	41.9%	350	27.0%
TOTALS	3,094	100.0%	895	26.9%

Robbery - Type of Property Stolen

Of the 3,094 offenses in 1976, 742 were reported with the type of property stolen including the value. From Table 2.20, the article involved in the highest number of incidents was currency with a total loss value of \$253,513 or a mean loss value of \$543. Currency was involved in 63 percent of the incidents and represented 80 percent of the value of stolen property.

TABLE 2.20 - ROBBERY OFFENSES - TYPE OF PROPERTY STOLEN

ARTICLE CATEGORY	Incidents Involved	Value Stolen	Value Recovered
Bicycles	4	\$ 248	0
Boats, marine equipment	0	0	, 0
Cameras, accessories	3	354	0
Clothing, furs	65	3,055	1,219
Furniture	6	434	121
Jewelry, watches	30	45,060	315
Currency	467	253,513	9,299
T.V.'s, Radios, Stereos, etc.	10	3,031	389
Tools	1	7	0
Firearms	9	1,291	101
Motor Vehicles	'0 '	0	0
Parts and accessories	2	587	80
Construction equipment	0	0	0
Aircraft, parts and accessories	0	0	0
Consumable goods	35	538	77
Miscellaneous	159	8,681	1,326
NUMBER OF OFFENSES	742	\$316,799	\$12,927

Arrests for Robbery

In 1976, there were 926 arrests for robbery - a 13.8 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 28 percent were of juveniles and 72 percent were adults; 88 percent were male and 12 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (164 arrests or 17.7%) were of the age group 25 to 29.

Of the 926 arrests for robbery in 1976, 334 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.21. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975. The highest percentage of juveniles (49%) and adults (66%) arrested were for first degree robbery. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority (61% and 56% respectively) were for first degree. (A chi-square test on both male and female distributions revealed no significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($\mathbf{x}^2 = 4.34$, DF =3).

OFFENSE	KEY	JUV	ENIL	ES.	ΑĒ	ULTS			TOTAL	•		MAL	E	1	EMALE
ROBBERY lat Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	55	27%	49%	146	73 z	66%	201	100Z	60%	182	91%	617	19	9 z 56
2nd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	27	38 z	24%	44	627	20%		100%	217	60	857	20%	11	15 % 32
3rd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	27	47 %	24%	30	53 Z	137		1002	172	54	95%	187	3	5 %
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	3	60%	3%	2	40%	12	5	100%	2%	4	80%	17	1	20 %
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	112	347	1002	222	66%	100%		100%	1002	300	90%	100%	34	102

TABLE 2.21 - ARRESTS FOR ROBBERY

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Introduction

There were 6,587 aggravated assault offenses in 1976 - an increase of 6.7 percent over 1975. Aggravated assault represented 4.5 percent of all Index crimes and 2.4 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for aggravated assault was 51.1 percent compared to 47.3 percent in 1975.

Aggravated Assault - Month of Occurrence

The number of aggravated assault offenses are presented in Figure 2.12 by the month in which they occurred in 1975 and 1976. As shown, the number of offenses were at a low in February with the highest number occurring during August. Of the total, 2,500 offenses or 38 percent were reported during the period July to October. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed no significant difference between them at the 95 percent confidence level $(X^2 = 12.35, DF = 11)$.

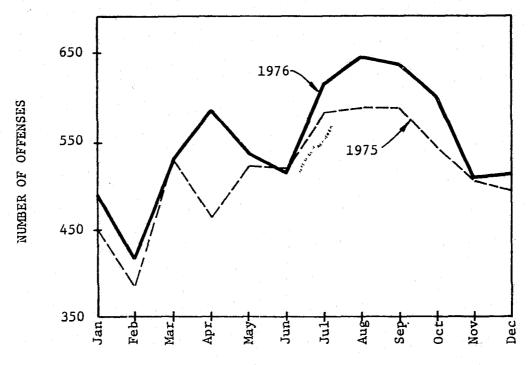


FIGURE 2.12 AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS - BY MONTH

Aggravated Assault - Day of Week

Of the 6,587 offenses of aggravated assault in 1976, 5,678 were reported by the day of the week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.13. As shown, the highest number of offenses were reported on Saturday (1,001 offenses or 17.6% of the total) with 2,799 offenses or 49.3 percent of the total reported on Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

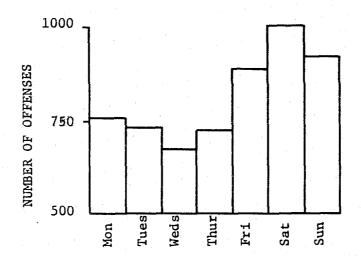


FIGURE 2.13 - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT
OFFENSES - DAY OF WEEK
(n=5,678)

Aggravated Assault - Time of Day

Of the 6,587 offenses of aggravated assault in 1976, 5,474 were reported by the time of day in which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.14. Of the 5,474 offenses reported by time of day, the highest number were reported from 10:00 p.m. to midnight (836 offenses or 15.3%). Of the total, 3,557 offenses or 65 percent were reported at night (6:00 p.m. - 6:00 a.m.).

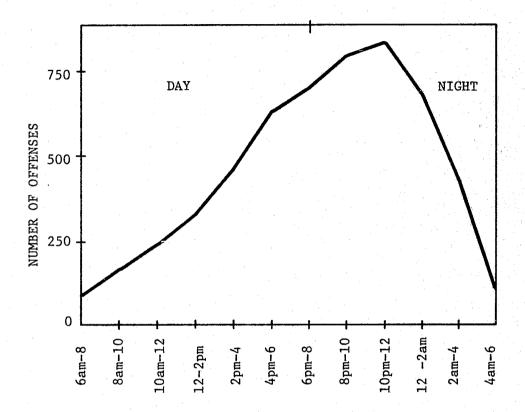


FIGURE 2.14 -AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS - TIME OF DAY (n=5,474)

Aggravated Assault

Weapon

The number of aggravated assault offenses by type of weapon used are presented in Table 2.22. Of the total, 3,550 or 53.9 percent were by hands, fists and feet. The highest increase has in the use of dangerous weapons other than a firearm or cutting instrument (+16.7% over 1975). The use of weapons (firearm, knife, or other) increased by 7.7 percent while the use of hands, fist, and feet increased by 5.9 percent.

TABLE 2.22 - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT BY WEAPON

Weapon	Number o 1975	f Offenses 1976	Change	1976 Percent Distribution
Firearm	988	1,079	+ 9.2%	16.4%
Knife or Cutting Instrument	895	863	- 3.6%	13.1%
Other Dangerous Weapon	938	1,095	+16.7%	16.6%
Hands, Fists, Feet	3,352	3,550	+ 5.9%	53.9%
TOTAL	6,173	6,587	+ 6.7%	100.0%

Arrests for Assault

In 1976, there were 2,511 arrests for aggravated assault - a 6.5 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 21 percent were juveniles and 79 percent were adults; 91 percent were male and 9 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (428 arrests or 17.0% were or persons 25 to 29 years of age.

Of the 2,511 arrests for assault, 1,869 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.23. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975. The highest percentage of juveniles (61%) and adults (60%) were arrested for third degree assault – a class A misdemeanor. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority were for third degree with no significant differences between the two distributions at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 7.45$, DF = 3).

TABLE 2.23 - ARRESTS FOR ASSAULT

OF FENSE	E	KEY	JUL	ENIL	ES	AI	ULTS	5	TOTA	L .	MAI	E	1	FEMAI	Æ
ASSAULT let 1	Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	41	15%	117	225	85%	152	266 100 z	142	239 90 2	142	27	102	152
2nd	Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	67	22%	17%	232	78%	16%	299 100%	162	275 92 7	162	24	87	142
3rd 1	Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	236	21%	612	889	797	60%	1,125	60%	1,007 902	60 Z	118	107	672
Other	•	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	45	25%	117	134	75 %	92	179 100%	102	171 96%	102	8	47	42
Tota	1	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	389	217	100%	1,4	79%	1002	1,869 100%	1002	1,692 91%	100%	177	97	1002

BURGLARY

Introduction

There were 39,443 burglary offenses in 1976 - a decrease of 8.8 percent from 1975. Burglary represented 26.7 percent of all Index crimes and 14.2 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for burglary of 14.8 percent compared to 16.7 percent in 1975.

Burglary - Month of Occurrence

The number of burglary offenses are presented in Figure 2.15 by the month in which they reported in 1975 and 1976. As shown, the number of offenses reached a low during May with the highest number reported during January. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed a significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 62.26$, DF = 11). The greatest variance between expected values and actual were shown for the months of August and November).

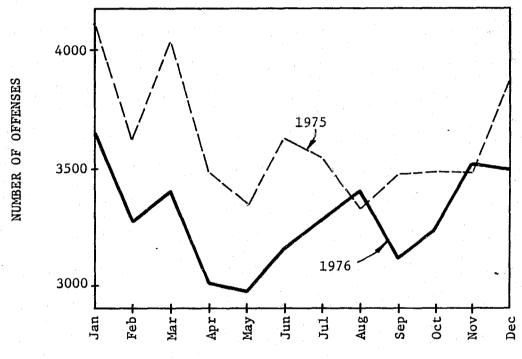


FIGURE 2.15 BURGLARY OFFENSES - BY MONTH

Burglary - Day of Week

Of the 39,443 burglary offenses in 1976, 11,833 were reported by the day of the week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.16. It is often quite difficult to ascertain the day of week and time of day of incidents of burglary especially when the victim has been absent from the premises for several days, and therefore the files reflect the day on which they occurred to the best of the knowledge of the victim and/or police investigation. Of the 11,833 offenses with known day of week, the highest number occurred on Monday (1,834 offenses or 15.5% of the total).

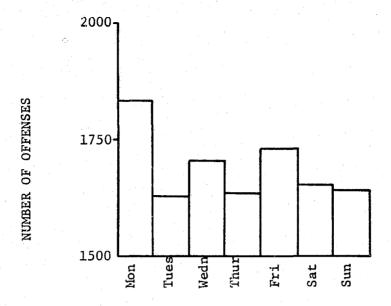
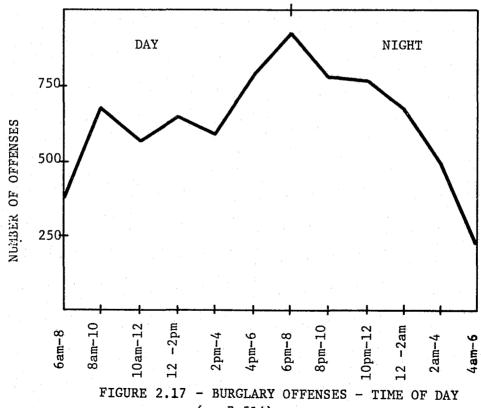


FIGURE 2.16 - BURGLARY OFFENSES DAY OF WEEK (n=11,833)

Burglary - Time of Day

Of the 39,443 burglary offenses in 1976, 7,514 were reported by the time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.17. As depicted, the highest number of offenses occurred between 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. (929 offenses or 12.4%) with 3,265 offenses or 43.5 percent occurring between 4:00 p.m. and midnight.



(n=7,514)

Burglary - Type

The total number of burglary offenses by target location and time of day are presented in Table 2.24. Residential burglaries represented 64.5 percent of the total and decreased by 7.6 percent from 1975. Non-residential burglaries represented the remaining 35.5 percent of the total and showed a larger decrease of 10.9 percent from 1975. The percentage distribution is almost identical to that in 1975.

The total reported value of property stolen by burglary in 1976 was \$15,010,481, down 2.7 percent from 1975, however the mean value per offense showed an increase in 1976 for the total in both residential and non-residential categories.

TABLE 2.24 - BURGLARY OFFENSES BY TARGET AND TIME

	NUMBER C	of offenses	5	1976 PERCENT	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY	MEAN VALUE
CLASSIFICATION	<u>1975</u>	<u> 1976</u>	CHANGE	DISTRIBUTION	STOLEN	PER OFFENSE
Residential	(27,520)	(25,441)	-7.6%	(64.5%)	\$10,118,536	\$ 398
Night (6 p.m6 a.m.) Day (6 a.m6 p.m.) Unknown	8,176 8,715 10,629	7,691 7,889 9,861	-5.9% -9.5% -7.2%	19.5% 20.0% 25.0%		
Non-Residential	(15,715)	(14,002)	-10.9%	(35.5%)	\$ 4,891,945	\$ 349
Night (6 p.m6 a.m.) Day (6 a.m6 p.m.) Unknown	8,385 1,338 5,992	7,455 1,262 5,285	-11.1% -5.7% -11.8%	18.9% 3.2% 13.4%		
TOTAL	43,235	39,443	-8.8%	100.0%	\$15,010,481	\$ 381
Forcible Entry	25,894	23,434	-9.5%	59.4%		
Unlawful Entry (no force used)	14,294	13,415	-6.1%	34.0%	e de la companya de l	
Attempted forcible entr	y 3,047	2,594	-14.9%	6.6%		

Residential Burglary - Type of Premise

Of the 25,441 residential burglary offenses in 1976, 8,938 were reported by the type of premise in which offense occurred.

Of the 8,938 offenses, the majority were of single family residences (7,624 offenses or 85.3% of the total). Burglary of apartment units represented 9.8 percent of the total while mobile homes represented the third highest (2.0%) as shown in Table 2.25.

Note: Table 2.25 does not present the rates of burglary for each 1,000 respective premise types. The report entitled <u>Criminal Victimization Surveys in Eight American Cities</u>, November, 1976, illustrated the highest residential burglary rate in Portland during 1974/75 was of housing structures containing three units*. Under OUCR, the category would be "apartment/plex".

*Criminal Victimization Surveys in Eight American Cities, (a National Crime Survey report; No. SD-NCS-C-5), U. S. Department of Justice, November, 1976.

TABLE 2.25 - RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY OFFENSES
BY TYPE OF PREMISE

Premise Type	Number of Offenses	Percent Distribution
Apartment/Plex	878	9.8%
Cabin	105	1.2%
Club-Residence (e.g., YWCA-YMCA)	0	
Dormitory/Fraternity/Sorority	38	0.4%
Hotel/Motel	93	1.0%
Mobile Home/House Boat	169	2.0%
Residence (single-family)	7,624	85.3%
Rooming House	0	-
Other	31	0.3%
TOTAL	8,938	100.0%

Residential Burglary - Type of Property Stolen

Of the 25,441 residential burglary offenses in 1976, 13,497 were reported by the type of property stolen as shown in Table 2.26. Excluding the miscellaneous category, the articles involved in the highest number of offenses were television, radios and stereos. The second most often stolen item was currency with jewelry, watches, furniture, and firearms ranking very high. Of the \$1,075,994 in value of televisions, radios, and stereos stolen, \$81,276 in value or only 7.6 percent was recovered. One of the highest recovery rates was for jewelry and watches (14.4% of the value stolen was recovered) with one of the lowest being tools (only 4.1% was recovered). The mean value of property stolen in residential burglary was approximately \$360 with the highest mean value for jewelry and watches being \$489 and the lowest mean value of \$36 per offense involving consumable goods.

TABLE 2.26 - RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY
TYPE OF PROPERTY STOLEN

ARTICLE CATEGORY	Incidents Involved	Value Stolen	Value Recovered
Bicycles	246	\$ 28,501	\$ 3,974
Boats, marine equipment	22	17,160	310
Cameras, accessories	464	104,401	6,454
Clothing, furs	752	95,281	7,140
Furniture	1,295	345,706	20,434
Jewelry, watches	1,537	752,244	108,400
Currency	2,871	522,843	23,468
T.V.'s Radios, Stereos, etc.	3,411	1,075,994	81,276
Tools	901	257,505	10,611
Firearms	1,188	407,472	64,276
Motor Vehicles			****
Parts and accessories	210	48,022	3,129
Construction equipment	16	6,810	150
Aircraft, parts and accessories			
Consumable goods	1,185	43,217	2,954
Miscellaneous	6,504	1,134,094	99,007
NUMBER OF OFFENSES	13,497	\$4,841,600	\$431,983

Non-Residential Burglary - Type of Premise

Of the 14,002 non-residential burglaries in 1976, 5,959 were reported by the specific type of premise in which they occurred under the following general categories:

Dwelling- 316 offenses
Public Building- 1,155 offenses
Business- 3,143 offenses
1,345 offenses
5,959

Further breakdown of public buildings, business and miscellaneous are presented in Table 2.27.

As shown, the highest percentage of offenses against public buildings involved government offices of buildings (60.3% of the total) with the next highest percentage involving churches (22.3%). Further examination revealed that of the 696 offenses against government buildings, 527 or 75.7 percent were public schools.

Of the 3,143 offenses against business establishments, the highest percentage were of other types such as warehouses, factories, building supply, etc. (866 offenses or 27.5% of the total). The second, third and fourth highest percentages were of services (21.9%), entertainment (19.2%), and food/drink businesses (12.9%). Further breakdowns of these categories are shown in Table 2.28.

TABLE 2.27 - NON-RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY
TYPE OF PREMISE

	NUMBER OF
	OFFENSES
UBLIC BUILDINGS	
Government*	696
Airport/Depot	11
Entertainment (Auditorium, Zoo, Stadium, etc.)	42
Church	258
Office	98
Private School	26
Other	24
	1,155
(Public schools represent 527 offenses)	2,233
<u>USINESS</u>	, '
Financial	33
Entertainment	604
Services	687
Food/Drink	404
Apparel	108
Furnishings/Appliances	173
Vehicle	232
	232 36
Variety/Dept. Other	
Orner	<u>866</u>
	3,143
ISCELLANEOUS	1,345
	-,-,-

From Table 2.28, the highest percentage of offenses against entertainment establishments (50.2%) were of restaurants with restaurants and taverns combined representing 70.0 percent of the total.

Of the offenses against service establishments, 41.9 percent involved service stations with 12.4 percent involving medical/dental offices.

Of the offenses against food/drink businesses, 60.4 percent involved grocery stores. Further examination revealed that 82.4 percent of the grocery store burglaries were small neighborhood stores compared to 12.3 percent being large chain stores. The remaining 5.3 percent were of other types of grocery businesses.

In summary, the highest percentage of non-residential burglaries were reported as occurring at public schools, restaurants, service stations, and local neighborhood grocery stores.

TABLE 2.28 - NON-RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY
TYPE OF BUSINESS

					NUMBER OF OFFENSES
ENTERTAIN	MENT				
	Night Club				32
	Tavern Restaurant				120 303
	Theater				27
	Book/Magazine/News Airline Office/Travel Bowling Alley/Rink	• •			4 3 27
	Other Entertainment				88 604
SERVICES					
	D1:			4	60
	Barber Dry Cleaner				60 71
	Hospital				15
	Medical/Dental				85
	Printing/Copy				9
	Rental				11.
	Service Station				288
	Utility Company				7
	Other Services				141 687
FOOD/DRINE	<u>K</u>				
	Drugstore				59
	Grocery				244
	Liquor Other				13 88
					404

Non-Residential Burglary - Type of Property Stolen

Of the 14,002 non-residential burglaries in 1976, 8,439 were reported by the specific type of property stolen as presented in Table 2.29. As shown, and excluding the miscellaneous category, the articles involved in the highest number of offenses were currency, comsumable goods (food, gasoline, liquor, etc.), and tools respectively. In terms of value of property, the recovery rate for non-residential burglary was approximately 8 percent compared to 9 percent for residential burglary. The recovery rate for currency stolen was among the lowest (3%) while the rates for firearms and jewelry and watches were among the highest (31% and 23% respectively).

The mean value of property stolen per non-residential burglary offense was approximately \$320 with jewelry, tools, and T.V.s, radios, stereos among the highest mean values (\$565, \$498 and \$351 respectively). The lowest mean value per offense was \$107 for consumable goods.

TABLE 2.29 - NON-RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY
TYPE OF PROPERTY STOLEN

ARTICLE CATEGORY	Incident Involved	Value Stolen	Value Recovered
Bicycles	130	\$ 14,041	\$ 3,163
Boats, marine equipment	17	7,173	100
Cameras, accessories	90	33,082	3,127
Clothing, furs	179	67,201	6,813
Furniture	618	217,056	18,114
Jewelry, watches	182	102,760	23,312
Currency	1,585	406,590	12,711
T.V.'s, Radios, Stereos, etc.	902	316,835	36,344
Tools	984	489,884	41,368
Firearms	122	37,283	11,893
Motor Vehicles	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and the second s
Parts and accessories	309	101,894	5,338
Construction equipment	5	11,197	
Aircraft, parts and accessories	1	128	
Consumable goods	1,035	110,256	7,924
Miscellaneous	4,177	792,413	57,156
NUMBER OF OFFENSES	8,439	\$2,708,793	\$228,363

Arrests for Burglary

In 1976, there were 5,534 arrests for burglary - an 11.7 percent decrease from 1975. Of the total, 65 percent were of juveniles and 35 percent were of adults; 95 percent were male and only 5 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (1,006 arrests or 18.2%) were of persons 13 and 14 years of age with 63 percent of the arrests being of persons between 13 and 18 years of age.

Of the 5,534 arrests for burglary, 4,109 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.30. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 in that the majority of both (66% and 70% respectively) were for first degree. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority of both were also for first degree. (A chi-square test on the male/female distributions revealed a significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($x^2 = 7.88$, DF = 3), the primary difference being that more females were arrested for first degree burglary than was expected).

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
BURGLARY Lat Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		936 34 z 70 z	2,778 1002 682	2,628 957 677	150 5% 76
2nd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		376 20% 28%	1,250 1002 302	1,204 967 317	46 42 23
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	62 77 2 3 2	19 23% 2%	81 100% 2%	80 99% 2%	1 12 1
Tota©	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		1,331 322 1002	4,109 100% 100Z	3,912 952 1002	197 5% 100

TABLE 2.30 - ARRESTS FOR BURGLARY

LARCENY

Introduction

In 1976, 88,401 larceny offenses were reported by police agencies - a decrease of 0.4 percent from 1975. Larceny represented 59.8 percent of all Index crimes and 31.7 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for larceny was 18.6 percent compared to 16.6 percent in 1975.

Larceny - Month of Occurrence

The total number of larceny offenses are presented in Figure 2.18 by the month in which they were reported in 1975 and 1976. As depicted, the lowest number of offenses occurred in February with the highest number occurring in October. Of the total, 22,922 or 26 percent occurred during the summer months of June, July and August. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed a significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 54.74$, DF = 11). The variance between the expected and actual values was somewhat evenly distributed among the twelve months with the months of April and December showing the greatest variance).

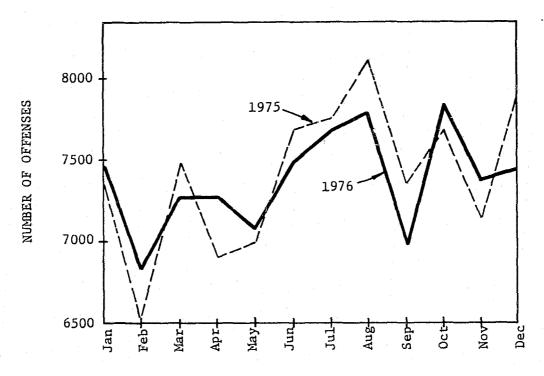


FIGURE 2.18 - LARCENY OFFENSES - BY MONTH

Larceny - Day of Week

Of the 88,401 larceny offenses in 1976, 32,165 were reported by the day of the week on which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.19. Of the 32,165 offenses with day of week reported, the highest number occurred on Saturday (4,909 offenses or 15.3% of the total). The pattern shows a gradual increase through Saturday - then a decrease on Sunday.

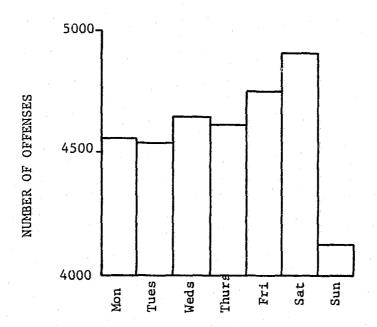


FIGURE 2.19 - LARCENY OFFENSES BY DAY OF WEEK (n=32,165)

Larceny - Time of Day

of the 88,401 larceny offenses in 1976, 24,034 were reported by the time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.20. Of the 24,034 offenses with time of day reported, the highest number occurred between 4:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. (3,419 offenses or 14.2% of the total). Of the total, 9,480 or 39.4 percent occurred between 12:00 noon and 6:00 p.m. The number of offenses occurring during the day (6:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.) represented 57.1 percent of the total.

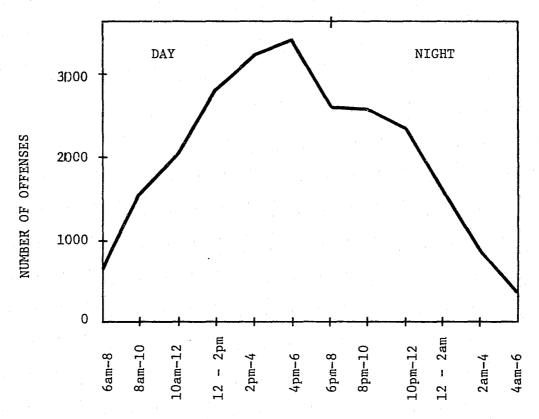


FIGURE 2.20 - LARCENY OFFENSES - TIME OF DAY (n=24,034)

Larceny - Type

The number of larceny offenses by type is presented in Table 2.31. Of the total, theft of articles from motor vehicles represented the highest number of offenses (25.5% of the total) but showed a decrease of 0.5 percent from 1975. The highest increase in 1976 was in the number of shoplifting offenses (+9.5% over 1975) while the largest decrease was in the number of thefts from coin-operated machines (down 22.0% from 1975).

The total reported value of property stolen by larceny of \$15,170,069 in 1976—an increase of 6.1 percent over 1975. Excluding the category of all other, the highest mean value per offense was for articles stolen from motor vehicles (\$220 per offense). The mean value per offense increased in 1976 for every category except theft from coin-operated machines and all other. Based on data from the OUCR incident files, shoplifting showed the highest clearance rate of 80.7 percent while the lowest rate (9.2%) was for theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories.

TABLE 2.31 - LARCENY BY TYPE 1975/1976

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF 1975	OFFENSES 1976	CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE	CLEAR- ANCE RATE*
Pocket-Picking	395	430	+8.9%	0.5%	\$ 52,066	\$ 121	10.5%
Purse Snatching	789	634	-7.0%	0.7%	48,615	77	16.4%
Shoplifting	9,794	10,728	+9.5%	12.1%	349,297	33	80.72
Theft of Articles from Motor Vehicles	22,660	22,552	-0.5%	25.5%	4,962,689	220	9.5%
Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories	12,551	12,981	+3.4%	14.7%	1,681,668	130	9.2%
Bicycles	11,241	10,047	-10.6%	11.4%	833,290	83	11.3%
Theft of Articles from Buildings	15,444	15,350	-0.6%	17.4%	3,098,881	202	15.8%
Theft from Coin- Operated Machines	795	620	-22.0%	0.7%	26,892	43	11.87
All Other	15,092	15,059	-0.2%	17.0%	4,116,671	273	14.6%
TOTALS	88,761	88,401	-0.4%	100.0%	\$15,170,069	\$ 172	

^{*} Clearance rates based on data from OUCR Incident files - does not include Multnomah County S.O., Portland, Eugene, or Springfield P.D.'s. (53,003 offenses total)

Larceny - Shoplifting

In 1976, shoplifting represented 12.1 percent of the total larceny offenses. The total value of property stolen amounted to \$349,297 and a mean value per offense of \$33. Shoplifting has, by far, the highest clearance rate of all larceny offenses (80.7% in 1976).

Shoplifting - Type of Premise

Of the 10,728 shoplifting offenses in 1976, 3,262 were reported by the specific type of business premise in which they occurred as presented in Table 2.32. As shown, the highest number of offenses involved food/drink establishments, variety/department stores, and apparel stores representing 47.5 percent, 31.7 percent and 14.5 percent of the total respectively. Further breakdowns of food/drink and apparel are presented in the following tables. Variety/department stores cannot be further sub-categorized.

TABLE 2.32 - SHOPLIFTING BY TYPE OF PREMISE

BUSINESS	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Financial Pinancial	3	0.1%
Entertainment	24	0.7%
Services	19	0.6%
Food/Drink	1,549	47.5%
Apparel	474	14.5%
Furnishings/Appliances	103	3.2%
Variety/Department Stores	1,033	31.7%
Other Types of Business	57_	1.7%
TOTAL	3,262	100.0%

The food/drink establishments are further broken down into four sub-cate-gories as presented in Table 2.33. Shoplifting in grocery stores represented 86.1 percent of the total with the target more specifically defined as large chain grocery stores (representing 69.2% of the grocery store offenses).

TABLE 2.33 - SHOPLIFTING BY TYPE OF FOOD/DRINK ESTABLISHMENT

FOOD/DRINK	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Drugstore Grocery* Liquor Other	190 1,333 10 <u>16</u> 1,549	12.3% 86.1% 0.6% 1.0% 100.0%
* Grocery can be further sub-cate	gorized as:	
Large Chain Small Neighborhood Other Types	923 357 53 1,333	69.2% 26.8% 4.0% 100.0%

In Table 2.34, the apparel store offenses are further broken down into seven sub-categories. Clothing stores represented the highest percentage of offenses against apparel stores (73.6% of the total). The clothing stores are further defined as discount - 16 offenses or 4.6 percent; department stores - 299 offenses or 85.7 percent; and other types of clothing stores - 34 offenses or 9.7 percent.

In summary, the highest percentage of shoplifting offenses were reported as occurring in large chain grocery stores and clothing sections within department stores.

TABLE 2.34 - SHOPLIFTING BY TYPE OF APPAREL STORE

APPAREL	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Clothing*	34 9	73.6%
Shoes	20	4.2%
Furrier	1.	0.2%
Jeweler	44	9.3%
Sporting Goods	20	4.2%
Leather	1	0.2%
Other Types of Apparel	<u>39</u> 474	8.3%
	474	100.0%
* Clothing can be further sub-cat	egorized as:	
Discount	16	4.6%
Department Store	299	85.7%
Other Types of Clothing Stores		9.7%
	349	100.0%

Shoplifting - Type of Property Stolen

Of the 10,728 shoplifting offenses in 1976, 5,786 were reported by the specific type of property stolen as presented in Table 2.35.

As shown, and excluding the miscellaneous category, the articles involved in the highest number of offenses were consumable goods, clothing, and jewelry and watches. In terms of value of property, the recovery rate was highest for articles of clothing and consumable goods (75.1% and 68.3% respectively).

The mean value of property stolen per shoplifting offense was approximately \$26 with firearms and jewelry among the highest mean values (\$149 and \$76 respectively). The lowest mean value per offense was \$5 for consumable goods.

TABLE 2.35 - SHOPLIFTING - TYPE OF PROPERTY STOLEN

ARTICLE CATEGORY	INCIDENT INVOLVED	VALUE STOLEN	VALUE RECOVERED
Bicycles	133	\$ 9,232	\$ 3,478
Boats, marine equipment			
Cameras, accessories	33	1,273	600
Clothing, furs	845	33,646	25,268
Furniture	64	3,621	1,419
Jewelry, watches	337	25,745	8,055
Currency	20	1,195	248
T.V.'s, Radios, Stereos	249	24,894	5,286
Tools	100	3,965	1,904
Firearms	21	3,129	640
Motor Vehicles			
Parts and accessories	40	2,012	766
Construction equipment	1	150	150
Aircraft, parts and accessories	:		
Consumable goods	2,018	9,967	6,806
Miscellaneous	1,925	33,052	19,506
NUMBER OF OFFENSES	5,786	\$151,881	\$74,126

Larceny - Theft of Articles from Buildings

In 1976, theft from buildings represented 17.4 percent of the total larceny offenses. The total value of property stolen amounted to \$3,098,881 and a mean value per offense of \$202. The clearance rate for this offense was one of the highest for larceny offenses (15.8% in 1976).

Theft of Articles from Buildings - Type of Premise

Of the 15,350 offenses involving theft from buildings in 1976, 5,909 were reported by the specific type of premise in the following general categories:

Dwelling - 2,055 offenses
Public Buildings - 844 offenses
Business - 2,121 offenses
Miscallaneous - 889 offenses
5,909

The categories of dwelling and miscellaneous represent a substantial percentage of offenses, however they were not further examined in this report for the following reasons: (1) the vast majority of offenses against dwellings were residences; the majority of offenses against miscellaneous structures were garages and carports and sheds, (2) the definition of theft from buildings states that the building is open to the general public and where the offender has legal access. Based on this information, the premise codes under dwelling and miscellaneous may have some error associated with them. The further breakdowns for type of public building and business are presented in the following tables.

As shown in Table 2.36, the highest percentage of theft from public buildings involved government offices or buildings (75% of the total). Futher examination revealed that of the 633 offenses against government buildings, 479 or 76 percent involved public schools and colleges.

Also from Table 2.36, the highest percentages of theft from businesses involved entertainment establishments, services, and food/drink (29.3%, 27.8%, and 11.9% respectively).

TABLE 2.36 - THEFT FROM BUILDINGS BY PUBLIC BUILDING

AND BUSINESS CATEGORIES	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
PUBLIC BUILDING		
Government* Airport Entertainment (museums, stadiums, etc.) Church Office Private School Other Types of Public Buildings * It was found that public schools and colleges represent 479 offenses or 76 percent of this total.	54 40 17 <u>14</u> 844	75.0% 6.0% 4.1% 6.4% 4.7% 2.0% 1.7% 100.0%
BUSINESS		
Financial Entertainment Services Food/Drink Apparel Furnishings/Appliances Vehicle Variety/Department Other Types of Business	19 621 590 252 102 115 62 120 240 2,121	0.9% 29.3% 27.8% 11.9% 4.8% 5.4% 2.9% 5.7% 11.3% 100.0%

As shown in Table 2.37, the highest percentage of thefts from entertainment establishments involved restaurants and taverns (46.9% and 22.5% of the total respectively). The highest percentage of thefts from food/drink establishments involved grocery stores (79.0% of the total). The highest percentage of thefts from service type businesses involved service stations and dry cleaners (43.1% and 17.8% of the total respectively).

TABLE 2.37 - THEFT FROM BUILDINGS BY BUSINESS CATEGORIES

SLE	2.37 - THEFT FROM BUILDINGS	S BY	BUSINESS	CATEGORIES
			NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
E	NTERTAINMENT			
	Night club		71	11.4%
	Tavern		140	22.5%
	Restaurant		291	46.9%
	Theater		11	1.8%
	Books/Magazine/News		4	0.6%
	Airline Office/Travel		7	1.1%
	Bowling Ally/Rink		41	6.6%
	Other Types of Entertainment		. 56	9.1%
			621	100.0%
_				
F	OOD/DRINK			
	Drugstore		20	7.9%
	Grocery		199	79.0%
	Liquor		6	2.4%
	Other Food/Drink			10.7%
			$\frac{27}{252}$	100.0%
S	ERVICES			
	Barber		10	1.7%
	Dry Cleaners		105	17.8%
	Hospital		62	10.5%
	Mcdical/Dental		41	6.9%
	Printing/Copy		1	0.2%
	Rental		12	2.0%
	Service Station		254	43.1%
	Utility Company		J	1.2%
	Other Types of Services		<u>98</u>	16.6%
			590	100.0%

Theft of Articles from Buildings - Type of Property Stolen

Of the 15,350 offenses involving theft from buildings in 1976, 8,660 were reported by the type of property stolen as presented in Table 2.38.

As shown, and excluding the miscellaneous category, the articles involved in the highest number of offenses involved currency, clothing, tools and furniture. In terms of value of property, the recovery rate was highest for jewelry and firearms (29.5% and 20.1% of the total respectively). The lowest rate (2.7%) was for consumable goods.

The mean value of property stolen per offense of theft from buildings was approximately \$210 with jewelry and tools among the highest mean values (\$441 and \$296 per offense respectively). The mean value of \$120 for consumable goods was unusually high compared with that for burglary and other types of larceny.

TABLE 2.38 - THEFT OF ARTICLES FROM BUILDINGS
TYPE OF PROPERTY

ARTICLE CATEGORY	INCIDENTS INVOLVED	VALUE STOLEN	VALUE RECOVERED
Bicycles	83	\$ 8,173	\$ 1,238
Boats, marine equipment	25	8,563	300
Cameras, accessories	116	32,162	4,633
Clothing, furs	1,131	89,998	8,934
Furniture	697	115,194	9,920
Jewelry, watches	534	235,816	69,477
Currency	2,131	403,544	39,191
T.V.'s, Radios, Stereos, etc.	597	129,802	15,727
Tools	722	213,889	12,184
Firearms	290	45,904	9,330
Motor Vehicles		Mary Mills City	
Parts and accessories	244	45,498	7,669
Construction equipment	21	9,91?	70
Aircraft, parts and accessories	ana tiri yan	*****	dir un gu s.
Consumable goods	533	63,779	1,732
Miscellaneous	2,977	413,950	69,642
NUMBER OF OFFENSES	8,660	\$1,816,185	\$249,947

Larceny - Theft of articles from Motor Vehicles

In 1976, theft from motor vehicles represented 25.5 percent of the total larceny offenses. The number of offenses remained relatively stable in 1976 showing an increase of less than one percent over 1975. The total value of property stolen amounted to \$4,962,689 and a mean value per offense of \$220. This category of larceny has the lowest clearance rate of approximately 9.5 percent.

Of the 22,552 offenses involving theft of articles from motor vehicles in 1976, 14,670 were reported by the specific type of property stolen as presented in Table 2.39.

As shown, and excluding the miscellaneous category, the articles involved in the highest number of offenses were T.V.'s, radios, and stereos (principally radios and stereo tape decks). The second and third highest number of offenses involved tools and clothing. In terms of value of property, the recovery rates were all about the same (between 5% and 7%).

TABLE 2.39 - THEFT OF ARTICLES FROM MOTOR VEHICLES - TYPE OF PROPERTY

ARTICLE CATEGORY INCIDENTS INVOLVED VALUE RECOVERED Bicycles 13 \$ 1,840 \$ 130 Boats, marine equipment 25 4,659 390 Cameras, accessories 469 101,343 5,343 Clothing, furs 1,641 107,723 5,764 Furniture 225 28,419 1,241 Jewelry, watches 253 52,391 3,475 Currency 1,062 183,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles ————————————————————————————————————				
Boats, marine equipment 25 4,659 390 Cameras, accessories 469 101,343 5,343 Clothing, furs 1,641 107,723 5,764 Furniture 225 28,419 1,241 Jewelry, watches 253 52,391 3,475 Currency 1,062 1,83,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles ————————————————————————————————————	ARTICLE CATEGORY			
Cameras, accessories 469 101,343 5,343 Clothing, furs 1,641 107,723 5,764 Furniture 225 28,419 1,241 Jewelry, watches 253 52,391 3,475 Currency 1,062 383,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles Farts and accessories 1,532 143,395 7,511 Construction equipment 13 5,312 Aircraft,parts & accessories Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Bicycles	13	\$ 1,840	\$ 130
Clothing, furs 1,641 107,723 5,764 Furniture 225 28,419 1,241 Jewelry, watches 253 52,391 3,475 Currency 1,062 383,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles	Boats, marine equipment	25	4,659	390
Furniture 225 28,419 1,241 Jewelry, watches 253 52,391 3,475 Currency 1,062 383,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles Farts and accessories 1,532 143,395 7,511 Construction equipment 13 5,312 Aircraft,parts & accessories Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Cameras, accessories	469	101,343	5,343
Jewelry, watches 253 52,391 3,475 Currency 1,062 383,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles — — — Farts and accessories 1,532 143,395 7,511 Construction equipment 13 5,312 — Aircraft,parts & accessories — — — Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Clothing, furs	1,641	107,723	5,764
Currency 1,062 183,389 8,597 T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles ————————————————————————————————————	Furniture	225	28,419	1,241
T.V.'s,Radios,Stereos,etc. 4,957 741,092 51,583 Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles ————————————————————————————————————	Jewelry, watches	253	52,391	3,475
Tools 1,794 459,988 27,650 Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles ————————————————————————————————————	Currency	1,062	383,389	8,597
Firearms 720 139,334 17,466 Motor Vehicles ————————————————————————————————————	T.V.'s, Radios, Stereos, etc.	4,957	741,092	51,583
Motor Vehicles Farts and accessories 1,532 143,395 7,511 Construction equipment 13 5,312 Aircraft,parts & accessories Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Tools	1,794	459,988	27,650
Farts and accessories 1,532 143,395 7,511 Construction equipment 13 5,312 Aircraft,parts & accessories Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Firearms	720	139,334	17,466
Construction equipment 13 5,312 Aircraft,parts & accessories Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Motor Vehicles		•	
Aircraft,parts & accessories Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Farts and accessories	1,532	143,395	7,511
Consumable goods 1,137 21,343 1,187 Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Construction equipment	13	5,312	
Miscellaneous 4,965 590,785 37,513	Aircraft, parts & accessories			den ere ina
	Consumable goods	1,137	21,343	1,187
NUMBER OF OFFENSES 14,670 \$2,581,013 \$167,850	Miscellaneous	4,965	590,785	37,513
	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	14,670 -	\$2,581,013	\$167,850

Arrests for Larceny

In 1976, there were 17,034 arrests for larceny - a 3.7 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 54 percent were of juveniles and 46 percent were of adults; 68 percent were of males and 32 percent were female. The highest number of arrests were of persons 13 to 14 years of age with 51 percent of the arrests being of persons between 13 and 18 years of age.

Of the 17,034 arrests for larceny, 10,071 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.40. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975, in that the majority of both (88% and 78% respectively) were for second degree theft. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority of both were also for second degree theft. (The chi-square test on both male/female distributions revealed a significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 170.49$, DF = 3) wherein more males were arrested for first degree theft than were expected and more females were arrested for second degree theft than expected).

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
LARCENY 1st Degree Theft	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		871 63% 20%	1,386 1007 147	1,226 88% 16%	160 12% 6%
2nd Degree Theft	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	5,046 60% 88%	3,376 40% 78%	100%	6,096 72% 81%	2,326 28% 92%
Theft of mislaid property	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		15 37% .5%	100%	35 85% .5%	6 15%
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		82 [*] 37 % 2 %	100%	180 81% 2%	42 19 2 2 2
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		4,344 43 X 100 X	10,071 100Z 100Z	7,537 75% 100%	2,534 25% 100%

TABLE 2.40 - ARRESTS FOR LARCENY

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Introduction

There were 9,425 motor vehicle thefts reported in 1976 - a decrease of 10.0 percent from 1975. Motor vehicle theft represented 6.4 percent of all Index crimes and 3.4 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for motor vehicle theft in 1976 was 21.9 percent compared to 18.8 percent in 1975.

Motor Vehicle Theft - Month of Occurrence

The number of motor vehicle thefts are depicted in Figure 2.21 by the month in which they occurred in 1975 and 1976. In 1976, the lowest number of offenses occurred in February while the number reached a high in the month of October. Of the total, 3,434 offenses (36.4% of the total) occurred between July and October. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed a significant difference between them at the 95 percent confidence level (2 =38.84, DF = 11). The greatest variance between expected value and actual was shown for the month of October).

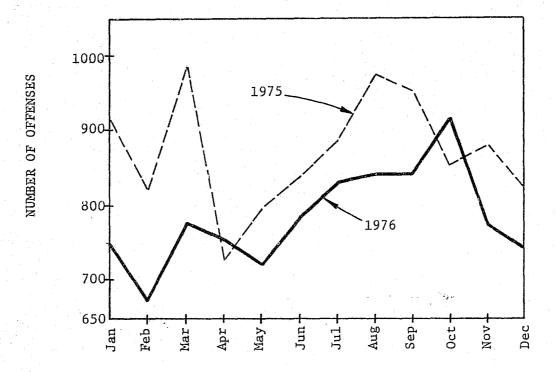


FIGURE 2.21 - MOTOR VENICLE THEFTS - BY MONTH

Motor Vehicle Theft - Day of Week

Of the 9,425 motor vehicle thefts in 1976, 3,453 were reported by the day of the week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.22. Of the 3,453 offenses reported with day of week, the highest number occurred on Saturday (596 offenses or 17.3% of the total). Of the total, 1,626 offenses, or 47.1 percent occurred from Friday through Sunday.

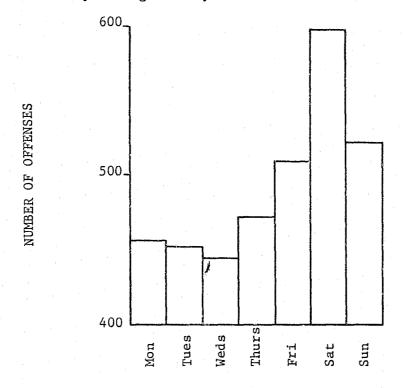


FIGURE 2.22 - MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS DAY OF WEEK (n=3,453)

Motor Vehicle Theft - Time of Day

Of the 9,425 motor vehicle thefts in 1976, 2,468 were reported by the time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.23. Of the 2,468 offenses with time of day listed, the highest number occurred between 10:00 p.m. and midnight (327 offenses or 13.2% of the total). Of the total, 1,383 offenses or 56 percent occurred during the night 6:00 p.m. - 6:00 a.m.

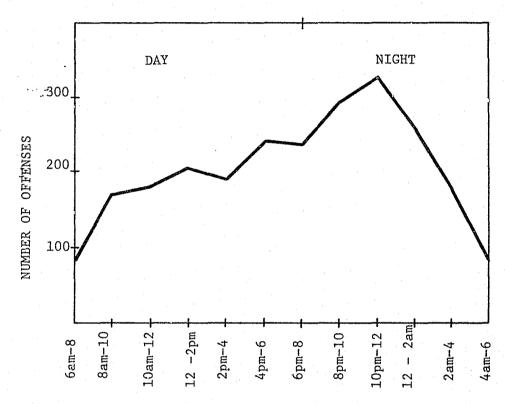


FIGURE 2,23 - MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS - TIME OF DAY (n= 2,468)

Motor Vehicle Theft - Type

In 1976, the type of motor vehicle most often stolen were automobiles which accounted for 75 percent of the total various types of motor vehicles stolen (see Table 2.41). Stolen automobiles also represented the largest decrease (-12.3% from 1975) while trucks/buses showed a decrease of 3.7 percent and all other types of motor vehicles showed a slight decrease of 0.7 percent.

TABLE 2.41 - MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT BY TYPE 1975/1976

TYPE	NUMBER OF 1975	F OFFENSES 1976	CHANGE
Automobiles	8,077	7,080	-12.3%
Trucks/Buses	1,026	988	-3.7%
Other	1,367	1,357	-0.7%
TOTAL	10,470	9,425	-10.0%

Arrests for Motor Vehicle Theft

In 1976, there were 2,244 arrests for motor vehicle theft - a decrease of 2.0 percent from 1975. Of the total, 65 percent were juveniles and 35 percent were adult; 91 percent were male and 9 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (420 arrests or 18.7%) were of persons 15 years of age with 70 percent of the arrests being of persons between 13 and 18 years of age.

Of the 2,244 arrests for motor vehicle theft, 1,710 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.42. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 in that the majority of both (78% and 80% respectively) were for unauthorized use. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority of both were also for unauthorized use. (A chi-square test on both male/female distributions revealed a significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 26.57$, DF = 3) primarily between the percentage of arrests for Theft I and II).

TABLE 2.42 - ARRESTS FOR AUTO THEFT

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
AUTO THEFT Theft I	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	209 70% 19%	90 30% 15%	299 100% 17%	271 91 2 17 2	28 9% 18
Theft II	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	7 35% 1%	13 65% 2%	100%	12 60% 1%	8 40% 5
Unauthorized Use	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	879 65% 78%	468 35 % 80 %	1,347 100 x 79 x	1,347 91% 79%	115 9 7 76
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	28 64% 2%	16 36% 3%	100Z 3Z	43 98 2 3 2	1 2%
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	1,123 66% 100%	587 34% 100%	1,710 100% 100%	1,558 91X 100X	152 9% 100

OTHER ASSAULTS

In 1976, 6,626 offenses of other assaults or simple assaults (not aggravated) were reported by police agencies - an increase of 5.6 percent over 1975. Other assaults represented 5.1 percent of Part II crime and 2.4 percent of all crimes in 1976.

Of the 6,626 offenses of other assaults in 1976, 2,737 were reported by the specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.43. Of the 2,737 offenses, 1,456 or 53.2 percent were classified as physical harrassment; 419 or 15.3 percent were resisting arrest; 27 or 1.0 percent were coercion; and the remaining 835 offenses or 30.5 percent were other types of non-aggravated assaults.

TABLE 2.43 - OTHER ASSAULTS BY TYPE

TYPE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Resisting Arrest	419	15.3%
Coercion	27	1.0%
Harrassment (physical)	1,456	53.2%
Other	835	30.5%
TOTAL	2,737	100.0%

Arrests for Other Assaults

In 1976 there were 1,817 arrests for other assaults - an 11.2 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 22 percent were of juveniles and 78 percent were of adults; 88 percent were male and 12 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (302 arrests or 16.6%) were of persons between 25 and 29 years of age.

Of the 1,817 arrests for other assaults, 1,327 were reported by specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.44. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 except that the highest percentage of juveniles (38%) and adults (58%) were for resisting arrest. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority were for resisting arrest. (A chi-square test on both male/female distributions revealed no significant difference at the .05 level ($X^2 = 4.57$, DF = 3).

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TABLE 2.44 - ARRESTS FOR OTHER ASSAULTS

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
OTHER ASSAULTS Resisting Arrest	No. of Arrests	99	622	721	641	80
	Percent Across	142	86%	100%	89 %	11 2
	Percent Down	382	58%	54%	54%	612
Coercion	No. of Arrests	1	12	13	11	2
	Percent Across	8z	92 2	100 2	85%	15%
	Percent Down	0.4z	12	1 2	1%	2%
(Physical) Harrassment	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	69 26 % 27%	198 74 % 19 %	267 100% 20%	241 90 2 20 2	26 10% 20%
Other	No. of Arrests	89	237	326	303	23
	Percent Across	27%	73%	100%	932	72
	Percent Down	35%	22%	25%	- 252	182
Total	No. of Arrests	258	1,069	1,327	1,196	131
	Percent Across	19 %	81%	1002	90%	10%
	Percent Down	100%	100%	1002	100%	100%

ARSON

Introduction

There were 1,218 arson offenses reported in 1976 - an increase of 11.5 percent over 1975. Arson represented 0.9 percent of Part II crime and 0.4 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for arson was approximately 24 percent based on 850 offenses; 204 clearances.

Arson - Month of Occurrence

The total number of arson offenses are depicted in Figure 2.24 by the month in which they occurred. As shown, the highest number of arson offenses were reported as occurring in June (132 offenses; 10.8% of the total). Of the total, 496 offenses or 40.7 percent occurred during the months of June through September. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed a significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 21.04$, DF = 11). The greatest variance between expected values and actual was for the month of April. The months of June, July and September also showed a substantial difference between the expected values and actual).

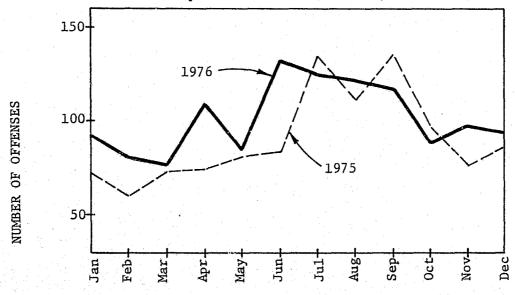


FIGURE 2.24- ARSON OFFENSES - BY MONTH

Arson - Day of Week

Of the 1,218 arson offenses in 1976, 745 were reported by the day of the week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.25.

Of the 745 offenses with day of week reported, the highest number occurred on Saturday (121 offenses or 16.2%) with 239 offenses or 32.1 percent occurring on the weekend (Saturday and Sunday).

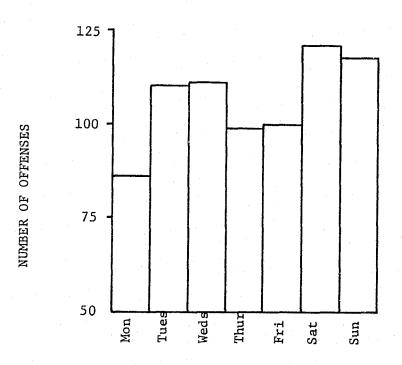
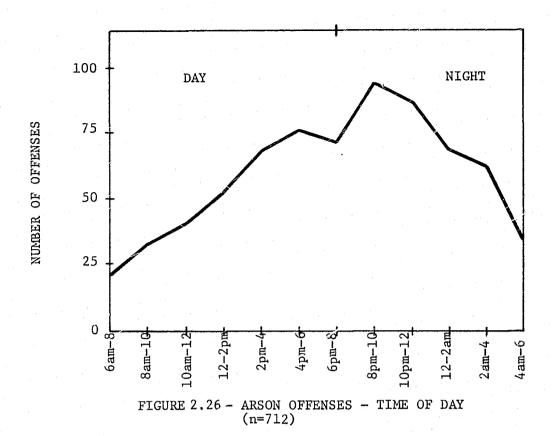


FIGURE 2.25- ARSON OFFENSES BY DAY OF WEEK (n=745)

Arson - Time of Day

Of the 1,218 arson offenses in 1976, 712 were reported by the specific time of day in which they were known to have occurred as presented in Figure 2.26. As depicted, the highest number of arson offenses occurred between 8:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. (94 offenses or 13.2% of the total) with 495 offenses or 69.5 percent occurring at night (6:00 p.m. - 6:00 a.m.).



Arson - Target

Of the 1,218 arson offenses in 1976, 842 were reported by the target or location of occurrence as shown in Table 2.45. Of the 842 offenses, 259 offenses or 30.8 percent of the offenses of arson involved a residence; 289 (34.3%) involved other types of buildings; and 294 (34.9%) involved vehicles or other targets as shown in Table 2.45. The total value of property damaged or destroyed exceeded \$2.6 million with a mean value of \$3,204 per offense. The highest mean value per offense was \$7,293 for buildings other than residential. This mean value was approximately six times higher than that for residences.

TABLE 2.45 - ARSON OFFENSES BY TARGET

TARGET	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUE OF LOSS OF PROPERTY	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE
Residence	259	30.8%	\$ 428,900	\$ 1,656
Other Bldg.	289	34.3%	\$ 2,107,721	\$ 7,293
Vehicle	120	14.3%	\$ 45,335	\$ 378
Other	174	20.6%	\$ 115,818	\$ 666
TOTAL	842	100.0%	\$ 2,697,774	\$.3,204

Arrests for Arson

In 1976, there were 303 arrests for arson - no change from 1975. Of the total, 71 percent were juveniles and 29 percent were adults; 91 percent were male and 9 percent were female. The highest number of arrests were of persons 13 to 14 years of age.

Of the 303 arrests for arson, 268 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.46. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 with the exception of an increase in the adult arrests for reckless burning. Of the arrests of males and females, the highest percentage of both were for first degree arson. (A chi-square test on both male/female distributions revealed no significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 2.68$, DF = 3).

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
ARSON lat Degree	No. of Arrests	66	51	117	102	15
	Percent Across	56%	44 X	100X	87%	137
	Percent Down	34%	68 X	44X	42%	587
2nd Degrae	No. of Arrests	37	4	41	39	2
	Percent Across	90%	10%	100%	95%	52
	Percent Down	19%	5%	15%	16%	82
Reckless Burning	No. of Arrests	80	18	98	90	8
	Percent Across	82%	187	100%	92%	8%
	Percent Down	42%	247	37%	37%	30%
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	10 83% 5%	2 17% 3%	12 100% 4%	92X 5X	1 8% 47
Total	No. of Arrests	193	75	268	242	26
	Percent Across	72%	28%	100%	90%	10%
	Percent Down	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

TABLE 2.46 - ARRESTS FOR ARSON

FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING

Introduction

In 1976, 1,930 offenses of forgery/counterfeiting were reported by police agencies - an increase of 20.8 percent over 1975. Forgery/counterfeiting represented 1.5 percent of Part II crimes and 0.7 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for forgery/counterfeiting was approximately 42 percent based on 1,227 offenses; 512 clearances.

Forgery/Counterfeiting - Month of Occurrence

The total number of offenses are depicted in Figure 2.27 by the month in which they occurred. As shown, there were two peak periods in 1976 - in March and August/September with the low in the number of offenses shown for June. The highest number of offenses occurred in March (192 or 9.9%) with 378 or 19.6 percent occurring in August and September. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed no significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 14.56$, DF = 11).

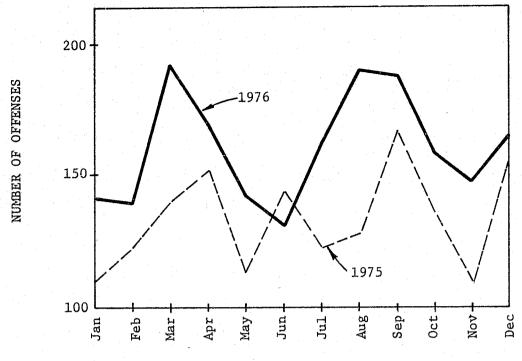


FIGURE 2.27 - FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING OFFENSES BY MONTH

Forgery/Counterfeiting - Day of Week

Of the 1,930 offenses in 1976, 816 were reported by the day of the week on which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.28. Of the 816 offenses with known day of week, the highest number occurred on Friday (161 offenses or 19.7%) with the second highest occurring on Monday (145 offenses or 17.8%).

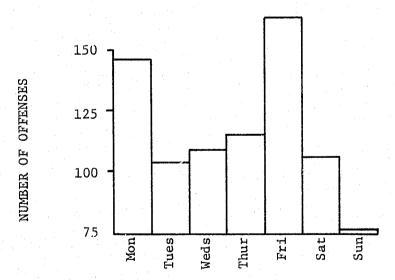


FIGURE 2.28 - FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING
OFFENSES - BY DAY OF WEEK
(n=816)

Forgery/Counterfeiting - Time of Day

Of the 1,930 offenses in 1976, 522 were reported by the specific time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.29. Of the 522 offenses with a known time of day, the highest number occurred between 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. (114 offenses or 21.8%). Of the total, 295 offenses or 56.5 percent occurred between 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. with 428 offenses or 82.0 percent occurring during the day (6:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.).

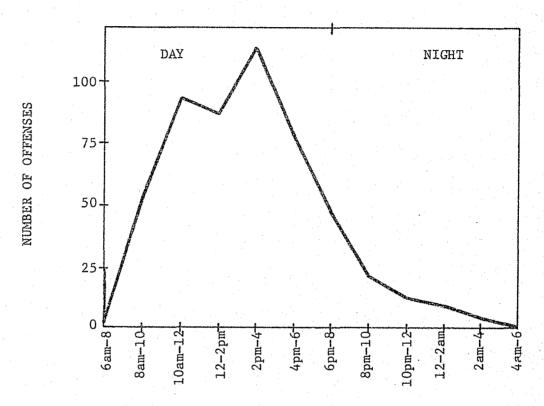


FIGURE 2.29 - FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING - TIME OF DAY (n=522)

Forgery/Counterfieing - Type of Offense

Of the 1,930 offenses on 1976, 1,181 were reported by the specific type of offense committed as shown in Table 2.47. As shown, 97 percent of the 1,181 offenses involved checks. The number of forgery offenses increased by 22.5 percent over 1975 with a 16.0 percent increase in checks; a 59.2 percent increase in credit cards; and a 133 percent increase in currency, although the numbers are relatively small. The highest increase in counterfeiting offenses was of currency - again the numbers are quite small. The mean value per forgery offense was \$140 versus \$22 for counterfeiting.

TABLE 2.47 - FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING BY TYPE

TYPE 1975 1976 CHANGE DISTRIBUTION Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9% Credit Cards 76 121 +59.2% 10.2% Currency 6 14 +133.0% 1.2% Securities 2 * 0.2% Other 60 88 * 7.5% Counterfeiting (22) (36) +63.6% (3.0%) Checks 1 1 0.1% Credit Cards 1 1 0.1% Currency 19 33 +73.7% 2.7%	388	20 12
Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9% Credit Cards 76 121 +59.2% 10.2% Currency 6 14 +133.0% 1.2% Securities 2* 0.2% Other 60 88 7.5% Counterfeiting (22) (36) +63.6% (3.0%)	20	
Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9% Credit Cards 76 121 +59.2% 10.2% Currency 6 14 +133.0% 1.2% Securities 2* 0.2% Other 60 88 7.5%	393	393
Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9% Credit Cards 76 121 +59.2% 10.2% Currency 6 14 +133.0% 1.2% Securities 2* 0.2%	(801)	(22)
Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9% Credit Cards 76 121 +59.2% 10.2% Currency 6 14 +133.0% 1.2%	7,317	83
Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9% Credit Cards 76 121 +59.2% 10.2%	154	11
Forgery (935) (1,145) +22.5% (97.0%) Checks 793 920 +16.0% 77.9%	12,563	104
	140,064	152
TYPE 1975 1976 CHANGE DISTRIBUTION	(\$160,098)	(\$140)
NUMBER OF OFFENSES PERCENT	OF PROPERTY	MEAN VALUI OFFENSE

^{*} Separate category of securities not used in 1975, i.e. no comparison can be made for securities or other forgeries.

Arrests for Forgery/Counterfeiting

In 1976, there were 656 arrests for forgery/counterfeiting - an increase of 8.3 percent over 1975. Of the total, 24 percent were juveniles and 76 percent were adults; 63 percent were male and 37 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (92 arrests or 14.0%) were of persons between 25 and 29 years of age.

Of the 656 arrests for forgery/counterfeiting, 436 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.48. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults cannot be compared with 1975 because of the addition of the breakdown of "criminal possession of forgery device" and "criminal simulation". From Table 2.48, the majority of arrests of both juveniles (84%) and adults (87%) were for Forgery I - a Class C felony in Oregon. The distribution for arrests of male/female is similar.

TABLE 2.48 - ARRESTS FOR FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING

OFFENSE	KEY	JUV	ENILES	ΑÏ	ULTS		'	TOTAL			MALE		F	EMAI	E
FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING Forgery 1	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	122	33% 84%	253	67%	87 %		1007	867	266	712	86%	109	29%	87
Forgery 2	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	19	53 %	17	47%	6 %		100%	87	26	72%	82	10	28%	8
Criminal Possession of a Forged Instrument I	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	0		7	100 z	2%		100%	2%	7	100%	2%	0		
Criminal Possession of Forged Instrument 2	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	1.	20%	4	80%	1%		100%	12	4	80%	12	1	207	0.
Criminal Possession of Forgery Devise	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	1	25% 0.7%	3	75%	17	4	100%	17	3	75%	12	1	25%	0.
Criminal Simulation	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	1	50% 0.7%	1	50%	3.37	2	100%	0.5%	1	50%	0.32	1	50%	0.
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	2	297 197	5	71%	27	7	100%	2%	4	57%	17	3	43%	2
Totals	No. of Arresta Percent Across Percent Down	146	33 Z	290	672	.00z	436	100%	1002	311	71%	1002	125	29%	100

FRAUD

Introduction

In 1976, 6,845 fraud offenses were reported by police agencies - an increase of 17.5 percent over 1975. Fraud represented 5.2 percent of Part II crimes and 2.5 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for fraud was approximately 39 percent based on 5,527 offenses; 2,182 clearances.

Month of Occurrence

The total number of fraud offenses are depicted in Figure 2.30 by the month in which they occurred in 1976. As shown, the pattern is very erratic with approximately 17 percent fluctuation from month to month.

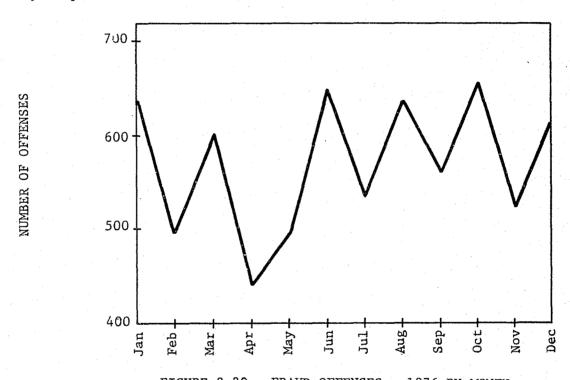


FIGURE 2.30 - FRAUD OFFENSES - 1976 BY MONTH

Fraud - Day of Week

Of the 6,845 fraud offenses in 1976, 3,644 were reported by the day of the week on which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.31. Of the 3,644 offenses with known day of week, the highest number of offenses occurred on Saturday (613 offenses or 16.8%) with 1,209 offenses or 33.2 percent occurring on Friday and Saturday.

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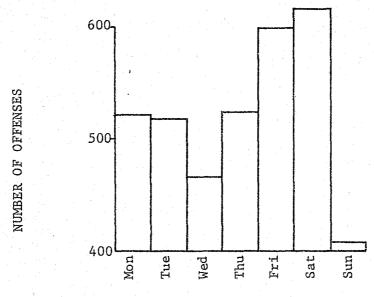
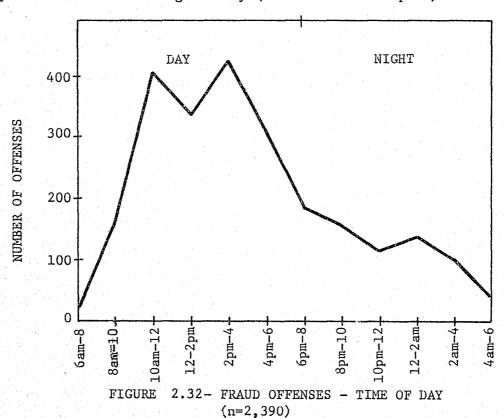


FIGURE 2.31- FRAUD OFFENSES DAY OF WEEK (n=3,644)

Fraud - Time of Day

Of the 6,845 fraud offenses in 1976, 2,390 were reported by the time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.32. Of the 2,390 offenses with known time of day, the highest number occurred between 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. The pattern for fraud is almost identical to that for forgery/counterfeiting. This is understandable since the majority of both offenses involve checks. Of the total fraud offenses, 1,661 offenses or 69.5 percent occurred during the day (6:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.).



Fraud - Type of Offense

Of the 6,845 fraud offenses in 1976, 5,433 were reported by the specific type of offense committed as shown in Table 2.49. The majority of offenses (71.6%) involved checks for various reasons - the highest number were for "not sufficient" funds. The second highest number of offenses were for theft of services (17.3 percent of the total). Bad check writing accounted for 55 percent of the total loss value of property. The mean value per bad check offense was \$77 while the highest mean value per offense was \$398 for theft by deception.

TABLE 2.49 - FRAUD OFFENSES BY TYPE

TYPE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUE OF LOSS OF PROPERTY	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE
Checks No Account Account Closed Not Sufficient	3,890 (173) (1,374)	71.6% (3.2%) (25.3%)	\$301,555 (\$21,914) (\$68,233)	\$ 77 (\$127) (\$ 50)
Funds	(2,343)	(43.1%)	(\$211,408)	(\$ 90)
Credit Cards	103	1.9%	\$ 6,893	\$ 67
Theft by Deception	396	7.3%	\$157,451	\$398
Theft of Services	940	17.3%	\$ 46,893	\$ 50
Other	104	1.9%	\$ 33,453	\$322
TOTAL	5,433	100.0%	\$546,395	\$100

Arrests for Fraud

In 1976, there were 1,207 arrests for fraud - an 18.1 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 11 percent were juveniles and 89 percent were adults; 70 percent were male and 30 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (226 arrests or 18.7%) were of persons 25 to 29 years of age.

Of the 1,207 arrests for fraud, 934 were reported by specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.50. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 except for an increase in the percentage of juveniles arrested for negotiating a bad check. The highest percentage of arrests for fraud of males and females were for negotiating a bad check. The difference between the distributions was that the vast majority of female arrests were for bad checks while the arrests of males involved not only bad checks, but, to a large degree, theft of services.

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
FRAUD Fraudulently Obtaining a Signature	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	0	5 100% 1%	5 100% 1%	3 60% 0.5%	2 40% 1%
Fraudulent Use of Credit Cards	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	12 27% 13%	33 73% 4%	45 100% 5%	30 67% 5%	15 33% 5%
Unlawfully using slugs	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	o 	3 100% 0.4%	3 100% 0.3%	3 100% 0.5%	0
Negotiating a bad check	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	19 4% 20%	469 96% 56%	488 100% 52%	258 53% 42%	230 47% 72%
Theft by Deception	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	9 11% 10%	73 89% 9%	82 100% 9%	65 79% 11%	17 21% 5%
Theit of Services	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		227 83% 27%	273 100% 29%	233 85% 38%	40 15% 12%
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	7 18% 8%	31 82% 4%	38 100% 4%	22 58% 4%	16 42% 5%
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	93 1.0% 100%	841 90% 100%	934 100% 100%	614 66% 100%	320 34% 100%

EMBEZZLEMENT

In 1976, 132 offenses of embezzlement were reported by police agencies — an increase of 8.2 percent over 1975. Embezzlement represented 0.1 percent of Part II crime and 0.05 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for embezzlement was approximately 58 percent based on only 40 offenses; 23 clearances.

Due to the small number of embezzlement offenses in Oregon, the distribution by month. day of week, and time of day are not included with this report.

STOLEN PROPERTY OFFENSES

The offense category of stolen property includes buying, receiving, and possessing as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

Of the 454 offenses involving stolen property in 1976, 222 were reported by the specific type of activity involved as shown in Table 2.51. The principal type of offense in 1976 was receiving and concealing stolen property which represented 35.1 percent of the total. The next highest percentage (30.2%) were for possession of stolen property.

Due to the small number of stolen property offenses, the distributions by month, day of week, and time of day are not included within this report.

TABLE 2.51 - STOLEN PROPERTY OFFENSES BY TYPE

OF OFFENS	NUMBER OF	PERCENT
TYPE OF OFFENSE	OFFENSES	DISTRIBUTION
Receive and Conceal	78	35.1%
Possess	67	30.2%
Buy	4	1.8%
Sell	9	4.1%
Other	64	28.8%
TOTAL	222	100.0%

Arrests for Stolen Property Offenses

In 1976, there were 494 arrests for stolen property - a decrease of 3.9 percent from 1975. Of the total, 48 percent were juveniles and 52 percent were adults; 87 percent were male and 13 percent were females. The highest number of arrests were of persons 16 years of age.

Of the 494 arrests for stolen property offenses, 280 were reported by specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.52.

The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 with the vast majority of both male and female arrests for theft by receiving.

TABLE 2.52 - ARRESTS FOR STOLEN PROPERTY

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
STOLEN PROPERTY Thaff by Receiving	No. of Arrests	135	97	232	200	32
	Percent Across	58 X	42%	100%	86%	14Z
	Percent Down	84 X	81%	83%	83%	842
Other	No. of Arrests	25	23	48	42	6
	Percent Across	52 X	48 Z	100 %	88%	12%
	Percent Down	16 X	19 Z	17%	17%	16
Total	No. of Arrests	160	120	280	242	38
	Percent Across	57 Z	43 2	100%	86 %	14 X
	Percent Down	100 Z	100 2	100%	100%	1003

VANDALISM

Introduction

In 1976, 32,453 vandalism offenses were reported by police agencies - an increase of 3.8 percent over 1975. Vandalism represented 24.8 percent of Part II crime and 11.7 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for vandalism was approximately 13.7 percent based on 23,402 offenses; 3,210 clearances.

Vandalism - Month of Occurrence

The number of vandalism offenses are depicted in Figure 2.33 by the month in which they occurred in 1975 and 1976. As shown, the highest number of offenses in 1976 occurred in December 3,093 or 9.5% of the total) with 6,151 offenses or 19.0 percent occurred in November and December. The lowest number of offenses occurred in February, similar to the pattern in 1975. (A chi-square test on both annual distributions revealed a significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 95.04$, DF = 1). The greatest variation between expected value and actual occurred in March with the next highest variation occurring in December).

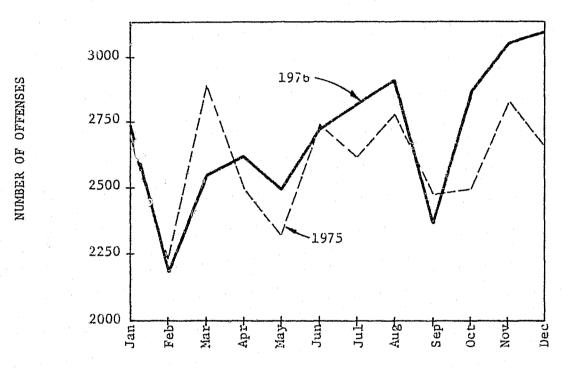


FIGURE 2.33 - VANDALISM OFFENSES - BY MONTH

Vandalism - Day of Week

Of the 32,453 vandalism offenses in 1976, 13,817 were reported by the day of week on which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.34. Of the 13,817 offenses with known day, the highest number occurred on Saturday (2,438 offenses or 17.6% of the total). Of the total, 6,809 offenses or 49.3 percent occurred during the period Friday through Sunday.

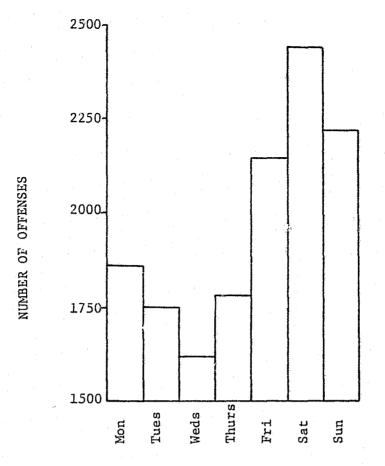
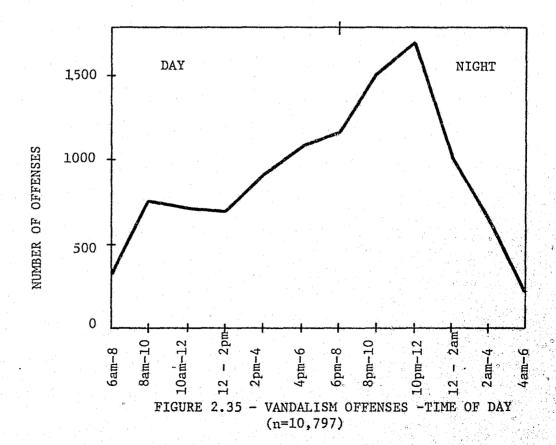


FIGURE 2.34 - VANDALISM OFFENSES
DAY OF WEEK
(n=13,817)



Vandalism - Time of Day

Of the 32,453 vandalism offenses in 1976, 10,797 were reported with the specific time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.35. Of the 10,797 offenses with a known time of occurrence, the highest number occurred between 10:00 p.m. and midnight (1,696 offenses or 15.7% of the total). During the day (6:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.), 4,515 offenses occurred (41.8% of the total), while the remaining 6,282 offenses or 58.2 percent occurred at night (6:00 p.m. - 6:00 a.m.).

Vandalism - Type of Property Damaged

Of the 32,453 vandalism offenses in 1976, 21,320 were reported by the type of property damaged or destroyed as shown in Table 2.53. The principal targets for vandalism in 1976 were vehicles which accounted for 32.9 percent of the total. Vandalism of vehicles also showed the highest increase (+13.2% over 1975) and represented the highest value of loss of property (\$641,168).

TABLE 2.53 - VANDALISM OFFENSES BY TYPE OF PROPERTY DAMAGED

TYPE	NUMBER.	OF OFFENSE	S CHANGE	1976 PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUE OF LOSS OF PROPERTY	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE
Residences	3,932	4,256	+8.2%	20.0%	\$ 210,181	\$ 49
Public Building and Property	3,851	4,066	+5.6%	19.17	352,530	87
Vehicles	6,205	7,023	+13.2%	32.9%	641,168	91
Venerated Objects	121	90	-25.6%	0.42	10,955	122
Police Cars	91	93	+2.2%	0.42	3,583	39
Other	5,566	5,792	+4.17	27.2%	421,232	73
TOTAL.	19,766	21,320	+7.9%	100.0%	\$ 1,639,779	\$ 77

Arrests for Vandalism

In 1976, there were 3,266 arrests for vandalism - an increase of 11.8 percent over 1975. Of the total, 64 percent were of juveniles and 36 percent were of adults; 93 percent were male and 7 percent were female. The highest number of arrests were of persons 13 to 14 years of age.

Of the 3,266 arrests for vandalism, 2,633 were reported by specific degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.54. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveiles and adults was similar to 1975. Of the total arrests of males/females, the highest percentage were for Criminal Mischief 2-a Class A misdemeanor. (A chi-square test on the male/female distributions revealed a significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 15.73$, DF = 4). The difference existed between the expected and actual values for Criminal Mischief 1 and 3).

OFFENSE KEY JUVENILES ADMIT.TS TOTAL MAT.P FEMALE VANDALISH No. of Arrests 119 272 259 Criminal Percent Across 56**%** 44Z 1002 95% 5Z Mischief 1 9Z Percent Down 102 No. of Arrests 545 1,407 1,327 Criminal Percent Across 617 39% 100% 947 6X Mischief 2 Percent Down 50Z 45**Z** 592 537 227 621 843 No. of Arrests 780 Criminal 73**Z** 27% 1002 Percent Across 93¢ 8Z Mischief 3 Percent Down 36**Z** 252 327 327 39Z No. of Arrests Percent Across Abuse of 14X 862 100% 86Z 14% Venerated Object Percent Down 0.12 0.7 0.32 0.22 0.6% No. of Arrests 28 99 85 14 Percent Across 287 100% 867 72% 142 Other Percent Down No. of Arrests 1,708 925 2,633 2,457 Percent Across 65% 35**Z** 1007 937 7**Z** Total 1007 Percent Down 1002 1002 1002 1007

TABLE 2.54 - ARRESTS FOR VANDALISM

WEAPONS OFFENSES

This category deals with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, and includes manufacturing, selling, furnishing and illegal possession of deadly weapons.

Of the 1,513 weapons offenses in 1976, 1007 were reported by specific type of activity involved as shown in Table 2.55. Of the total, 357 or 35.5 percent were offenses of carrying concealed weapons. The remaining 64.5 percent were for possessing illegally (18.7%) and other offenses (45.8%).

TABLE 2.55 - WEAPONS OFFENSES BY TYPE OF OFFENSE

Туре	Number of Offense	Percent Distribution
Possess Illegally	188	18.7%
Carry Concealed	357	35.5%
Other (Discharge, selling, etc.)	462	45.8%
TOTAL	1,007	100.02

Arrests for Weapons Offenses

In 1976, there were 1,351 arrests for weapons offenses - a 25.8 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 23 percent were of juveniles and 77 percent were of adults; 92 percent were male and 8 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (181 arrests or 13.4%) were of persons 25 to 29 years of age.

Of the 1,351 arrests for weapons offenses, 842 were reported by specific type of offenses as shown in Table 2.56. The distribution of arrests by degree of charge against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 with the majority of arrests for carrying concealed weapons. The distribution of arrests of males and females was similar to that for juveniles and adults.

TABLE 2.56 - ARRESTS FOR WEAPONS OFFENSES

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVE	NILES	ΑĎ	ULTS	;	TOTAL	•		Male		F	FEMAL	E
WEAPONS Possess Illegally	No. of Arresta Percent Across Percent Down		19% 21%	190	817	302	235 100x	28%	219	93%	28%	16	7%	33
Carrying Concealed	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		27% 54%	327	732	52%	446 1002	53%	417	937	527	29	7%	60
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		34 % 25 %	106	667	187	161 100z	19%	158	987	202	3	2%	
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		26X 100X	623	74%	1007	842 1007	LOOZ	794	947	002	48	6%	100

PROSTITUTION

In 1976, 663 offenses of prostitution were reported by police agencies — an increase of 29.7 percent over 1975. Prostitution represented 0.5 percent of Part II crime and 0.2 percent of all crimes in 1976. Because of the low number of offenses, information regarding month, day of week, and time of occurance is not presented in this report.

Arrests for Prostitution

In 1976, there were 736 arrests for prostitution - a 12.0 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 8 percent were juveniles and 92 percent were adults; 26 percent were male and 74 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (91 arrests or 12.4%) of persons 25 to 29 years of age with the second highest number (86 arrests or 11.7%) of persons 18 years of age.

OTHER SEX OFFENSES

Introduction

The category includes all sex offenses (other than forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice) such as incest, indecent exposure, sodomy, and statutory rape.

In 1976, 2,803 sex offenses were reported by police agencies - an increase of 11.8 percent over 1975. Sex offenses represented 2.1 percent of Part II crime and 1.0 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for sex offenses was approximately 35 percent based on 1,508 offenses; 532 clearances.

Month of Occurrence

The total number of sex offenses are depicted in Figure 2,36 by the month in which they occurred in 1976. As shown, the highest number occurred during July (290 offenses or 10.4%) with 1,509 offenses or 53.8 percent occurring during the last six months of the year.

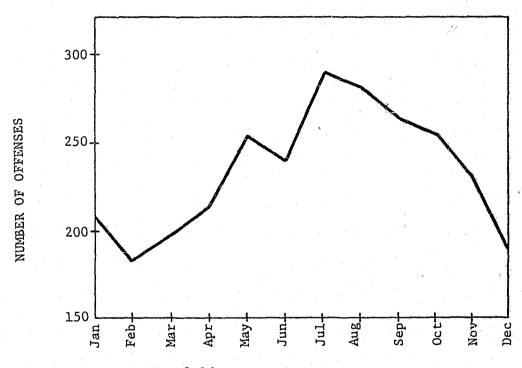


FIGURE 2.36 SEX OFFENSES - BY MONTH

Other Sex Offenses - Day of Week

Of the 2,803 other sex offenses in 1976, 1,172 were reported by the day of week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.37. Of the 1,172 offenses with known day of week, the highest number occurred on Monday (192 offenses or 16.4% of the total). There actually is not much of a variance is distribution between Monday and Saturday while the lowest number of offenses occurred on Sunday.

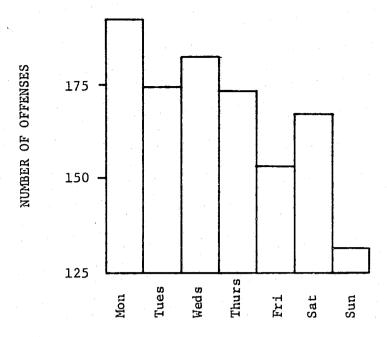


FIGURE 2.37 - SEX OFFENSES BY DAY OF WEEK (n=1,172)

Other Sex Offenses - Time of Day

Of the 2,803 other sex offenses in 1976, 1,096 were reported by the time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.38. Of the 1,096 offenses with known time of day, the highest number occurred between 4:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. (180 offenses or 16.4%) while 595 offenses or 54.2 percent occurred in the day (6:00 a.m. - 6:00 p.m.).

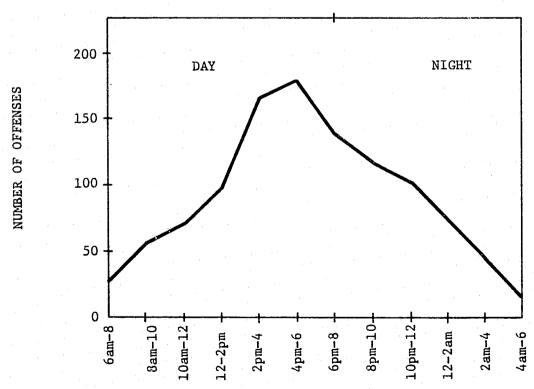


FIGURE 2.38 - SEX OFFENSES BY TIME OF DAY (n=1,096)

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Other Sex Offenses - Type of Offense

Of the 2,803 other sex offenses in 1976, 1,377 were reported by the type of offense committed and the victim's age and sex as shown in Table 2.57. Of the 1,377 offenses, the highest percentage of offenses (42.3% of the total) were for exposure with the second highest being for physical molesting (18.4%). Exposure offenses increased 10.2 percent over 1975 while physical molesting increased 28.3 percent.

TABLE 2.57 - SEX OFFENSES BY TYPE AND VICTIM

Туре	Male	Female	Total	Juvenile	Adult	Percent Distribution Total
Statutory Rape		, 73	73	68	5	5.37
Contributing to Sexua Delinquency of Minor	1 7	35	42	41	1	. 3.17
Molesting-Physical	45	209	254	203	51	18.4%
Molesting-Phone	11	78	89	14	75	6.5%
Peeper	39	60	99	4	95	7.2%
Exposure	94	489	583	246	337	42.3%
Sodomy-Forcible	29	44	73	51	22	5.3%
Sodomy-Statutory	24	16	40	37	3	2.9%
Other	28	96	124	94	30	9,0%
TOTALS	277	1,100	1,377	758	619	100.0%
Percent Distribution	20.17	79.9%	100%	55.0%	45.0%	

Victim - Age and Sex

Of the total victimes involved, 80 percent were female; 20 percent were male; 55 percent were juvenile; 45 percent were adults. Female victims of exposure accounted for 45 percent of the offenses against females with molesting (physical and phone combined) representing 26 percent. Thirty-two percent of the offenses against juveniles were for exposure. The number of male victims increased 24 percent over 1975 compared to an increase of 13 percent for female victims. The number of adult victim's increased 28 percent over 1975 while juvenile victims increased by 7 percent.

Arrests for Other Sex Offenses

In 1976, there were 616 arrests for other sex offenses - a 26.7 percent increase over 1975. Of the total, 19 percent were of juveniles and 81 percent were of adults; 96 percent were male and only 4 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (98 arrests or 15.9%) were of persons 25 to 29 years of age.

Of the 616 arrests for other sex offenses, 388 were reported by specific type and degree of charge at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.58. The highest number of arrests of both juveniles and adults was for sexual abuse with the second highest number for public indecency. The distribution is similar for arrests of males and the highest number of arrests of females was for sexual misconduct.

TABLE 2.58 - ARRESTS FOR SEX OFFENSES

OFFENSE	KEY	JUV	ENILES	٨	OULTS		,	TOTAL			MALE			FEM/	LE
SODOMY 1st Degree	No. of Arresta Percent Across Percent Down	3	6X	47	94%	787	50	1002	782	50	100%	79%	0		
2nd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	Q'.	 75%	3	1007	62	3.	1002	5%	3	1007	52	0		
3rd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	1	17% 25%	5	837	82	6	100%	92	6	1002	107	0		·
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	0		5	100%	87	5	1007	_8 z	4	802	67	1	20%	1002
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	4	6 1002	60	942	1002	64	100%	1007	63	987	00%	1	2%	1002
Sexual Abuse 1st Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	13	17% 50	65	837	63	78	1007	602	78	1002	60%	0		
2nd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	3,1	24 Z 42 Z	34	76%	337	45	1007	35%	45	1002	35 z	0		
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	2	332 82	4	67%	47	6	1007	5%	6	100%	5%	0		
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	26	202 1002	103	80%	100%	129	1007	1002	12	100%	.00%	0		
Sexual Misconduct Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	18	90%	2	10%		20	100%		14	702		6	307	
Contributing to sexual delinquency of minor Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	0		11	100%	-	11	100%		11	1007		0		
Incemt Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	0		7	1007		7	1007		6	86%		1	142	
Accosting for Deviate Purposes	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	0 .		6	100%		6	100%		6	100Z		0		
Public Indecency Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	22	22%	80	78%		102	100%		100	98%	<u></u>	2	2%	
Statutory Rape Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	2	72	27	93%		29	100%		29	100%	:	0		
Other Sex Offenses Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	3	15%	17	85 Z	41-41	20	1007		19	95%		1	5%	
Grand Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	75	19%	313	812		388	100%		377	972		11	37	

DRUG ABUSE

Due to the nature of this offense and the fact that an arrest is usually made at the time an offense is reported or known, data regarding drug abuse is presented in the following arrest section.

Arrests for Drug Abuse

In 1976, there were 10,657 arrests for drug abuse - a 25.3 percent increase over 1975. The categories of narcotics, synthetics, and other drugs all showed decreases in 1976 (-31.7%, -24.5% and -21.6% respectively) while the number of arrests for marijuana increased by 38.7 percent over 1975. Of the 10,657 arrests for drug abuse, 9,341 (87.7%) were for marijuana. Of the total arrests for marijuana, 72 percent were adult and 28 percent were juvenile. Of the 1,316 arrests for other types of dangerous drugs, adults represented 90 percent of the arrests. Arrests of juveniles for narcotics such as heroin and cocaine represented only 0.3 percent of the total for drug abuse.

TABLE 2.59 - DRUG ABUSE ARRESTS BY AGE, SEX, AND TYPE

			Juve	nile		Adult	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
TYPE	TOTAL	ZDIST	M M	F	<u> M</u>	F	MALE	FEMALE	JUV.	ADULT
Narcotics (Opium, Cocaine Heroin)	462	4.3%	17	11	323	111	340	122	28	434
Marijuana	9,341	877%	2,172	459	5,836	874	8,008	1,333	2,631	6,710
Synthetics (Demerol, etc.)	77	0.7%	8	6	49	14	57	20	14	63
Other Drugs (Barbituates, etc.)	777	7.3%	64	26	529	158	593	184	90	687
		7.5%			3.5				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
TOTALS	10,657	100%	2,261	502	6,737	1,157	8,998	1,659	2,763	7,894
PERCENTAGES		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	}				84.4%	15.6%	25.9%	74.1%

Of the 10,657 arrests for drug abuse, 9,083 were reported by specific type of drug at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.60. As shown, the highest percentage of arrests of both adults and juveniles were for under one ounce of marijuana (61.1% and 72.2% respectively).

Of the 10,657 arrests for drug abuse 9,269 were reported by specific degree of charge at time or arrest as shown in Table 2.61. The highest number of adult arrests (74.0%) were for possession of drugs for use with the second highest number (8.0%) for transporting, manufacturing and/or cultivating. The highest number of juvenile arrests (80.6%) were also for possession for use with the second highest number (6.7%) for criminal drug promotion.

TABLE 2.60 - DRUG ABUSE ARRESTS BY TYPE AND ADULT/JUVENILE

NARCOTIC DRUGS	ADULTS	JUVENILES
Opium	11	1
Heroin	76	4
Morphine	.	5
Cocaine	54	4
Codeine	8_	<u>2</u>
TOTAL	154-2.4%	16-0.6%
MARIJUANA		
Hashish	160	45
Marijuana	5,604	2,421
Under 1 ounce	(3,971)	(1,865)
Over 1 ounce	(1,633)	(556)
TOTAL	5,764-88.7%	2,466-95.5%
SYNTHETIC DRUGS		
Demerol	11	· 1
Methadone	2	0
Other	_29	14
TOTAL	42-0.6%	15-0.6%
OTHER DANGEROUS DRUGS		
Barbituates	61	15
Amphetamines	246	37
Benzedrine	12	1
Hallucinogens	58	13
Tranquilizers	31	, 2
Other	<u>133</u>	_17
TOTAL	541-8.3%	85-3.3%
TOTAL (incident files)	6,501-100%	2,582-100%

TABLE 2.61 - DRUG ABUSE ARRESTS BY CHARGE AND ADULT/JUVENILE

CHARGE	ADULTS Z		JUVENILES	<u>z</u>	TOTAL	<u>z</u>
Criminal Activity in Drugs:						
Sale	290	4.4%	38	1.4%	328	3.5%
Possession for Selling Possession for	342	5.1%	152	5.8%	494	5.3%
Use	4,917	74.0%	2,118	80.6%	7,035	75.9%
Furnishing - Transporting manufacturing,	127	1.9%	20	0.8%	147	1.6%
cultivating, -	530 93	8.0%	82 31	3.1% 1.2%	612 124	6.6%
TOTAL	6,299	94.8%	2,441	92.9%	8,740	94.2%
Criminal Drug Promotion	265	4.0%	177	6.7%	442	4.8%
Obtaining Drugs Unlawfully	56	0.9%	7	0.3%	63	0.7%
Tampering with drug Records	21	0.3%	3	0.1%	24	0.3%
GRAND TOTAL	6,641	100%	2,628	100%	9,269	100%

GAMBLING

In 1976, 81 offenses of gambling were reported by police agencies - an increase of 6.6 percent over 1975. Gambling represented 0.06 percent of Part II crime and 0.03 percent of all crimes in 1976. Because of the low number of gambling offenses, the distribution by month, day of week, and time of day are not presented in this report.

Arrests for Gambling

In 1976, there were 150 arrests for gambling - an increase of 64.8 percent over 1975. Of the total, 99 percent were adults; 77 percent were male and 23 percent were female. The highest number of arrests were of persons 25 to 29 years of age. No further breakdowns are presented in this section.

OFFENSES AGAINST THE FAMILY

In 1976, 724 family offenses were reported by police agencies - a decrease of 4.9 percent from 1975. Family offenses represented 0.6 percent of Part II crime and 0.3 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for family offenses was approximately 29 percent based on 571 offenses, 167 clearances. Because of the low number of offenses, the distributions by month, day of week and time of day are not included in this report.

Of the 724 family offenses in 1976, 566 were reported by specific type of offense committed. The highest percentage of offenses were for child neglect (45.2% of the total) while child abuse represented the second highest percentage (33.6%) - see Table 2.62.

TABLE 2.62 - OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY BY TYPE

TYPE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION		
Child Abandonment	38	6.8%		
Child Neglect	256	45.2%		
Child Abuse	190	33.6%		
Non-Support	13	2.2%		
Other	69	12.2%		
TOTAL	566	100.0%		

Arrests for Family Offenses

In 1976, there were 106 arrests for family offenses - a decrease of 12.4 percent from 1975. Of the total, 41 percent were juveniles and 59 percent were adults; 58 percent were male and 42 percent were female. Of the 106 arrests for family offenses, 70 were reported by specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.63. The highest number of arrests were for child neglect (44% of the total).

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	HALE	FEMALE
OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY Child Abandonment	No. of Arrests	1	2	3	1	2
	Percent Across	337	67%	100 z	33%	67%
	Percent Down	67	4%	4 z	2%	87
Child Neglect	No. of Arrests	11	20	31	16	15
	Percent Across	35%	65%	1002	52%	48 z
	Percent Down	65%	38%	442	36%	603
Child Abuse	No. of Arrests	1	6	7.	5	2
	Percent Across	147	867	100%	71%	29%
	Percent Down	67	117	10%	11%	8
Non-Support	No. of Arreste Percent Across Percent Down	0	16 100 Z 30 Z	16 100% 23%	16 100 7 36 7	0
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	317 237	9 69% 17%	13 100Z 19Z	7 54% 15%	6 46% 24
Total	No. of Arrests	17	53	70	45	25
	Percent Across	24 %	76%	100 2	64 Z	36%
	Percent Down	100%	100%	100 2	100 Z	100

TABLE 2.63 - ARRESTS FOR FAMILY OFFENSES

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICANTS (DUII)

Due to the nature of the offense and the fact that an arrest is made at the time an offense is reported or known, data regarding DUII is presented in the following arrest section of this report.

Arrests for Driving Under the Influence of Intoxicants (DUII)

In 1976, there were 23,351 arrests for DUII - an increase of 13.5 percent over 1975. Of the total, 2.6 percent were of juveniles and 97.4 percent were adults; 88 percent were male and 12 percent were female. The highest number of arrests (3,629 arrests or 15.5%) were of the age group 25 to 29.

Of the 23,351 arrests for DUII, 19,225 were reported by specific type and circumstances at time of arrest as shown in Table 2.64. The highest percentage of juveniles and females arrested were for DUII (liquor) and more specifically with a breath analyzer test result of .15 and under while the highest percentage of adults was with a test result of .15 to .20.

TABLE 2.64 - ARRESTS FOR DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF INTOXICANTS

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TATOT	MALE	FEMALE
DRIVING UNDER THE	No. of Arrests	151	5,174	5,325	4,696	629
INFLUENCE OF INTOXICANTS	Percent Across	3%	97%	100%	88X	12%
Alcohol - Under .10	Percent Down	28%	28%	28%	28Z	28%
.10 to .15	No. of Arrests	152	3,671	3,823	3,409	414
	Percent Across	4 Z	967	100%	89 7	117
	Percent Down	28 Z	20 7	20%	20 7	137
.15 to .20	No. of Arrests	102	4,529	5,631	4,085	546
	Percent Across	2%	98 %	1007	887	127
	Percent Down	19%	24 %	247	247	247
OFFENSE BRIVING UNDER THE YNFLUENCE OF INTOXICANTS Alcohol - Under .10 .10 to .15 .15 to .20 .20 & above BA refused BA not given Other Sub-total	No. of Arrests	38	1,898	1,936	1,679	257
	Percent Across	27	98 z	1007	872	13 2
	Percent Down	72	10 z	16%	102	12 2
BA refused	No. of Arrests	25	2,109	2,134	1,906	228
	Percent Across	17	99 X	1007	89%	11%
	Percent Down	57	11 X	117	11%	10%
BA not given	No. of Arrests	25	280	305	256	49
	Percent Across	8%	92%	100%	84%	162
	Percent Down	5%	1.5%	2%	2%	2 3
Other	No. of Arrests	29	653	682	604	78
	Percent Across	47	96 2	, 1002	897	117
	Percent Down	57	3 2	32	37	47
Sub-total	No. of Arrests	522	18,314	18,836	16,635	2,201
	Percent Across	3X	97Z	100Z	88%	127
	Percent Down	(97X)	(98Z)	(98 Z)	(98%	(982)
Druge	No. of Arrests	8	96	104	98	6
	Percent Across	82	92%	1007	94 X	67
	Percent Down	12	0.5%	0.5%	0.5 X	0.37
Other	Percent Down	27	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.72
Total	No. of Arrests	540	18,685	19,225	16,982	2,243
	Percent Across	3%	97Z	1007	85%	152
	Percent Down	100%	100Z	1007	100%	1002

LIQUOR LAWS

Due to the nature of this offense and the fact that an arrest is usually made at the time an offense is reported or known, data regarding these crimes are presented in the following arrest section of this report.

Arrests for Liquor Laws

In 1976, there were 12,727 arrests for liquor laws - a decrease of 6.3 percent from 1975. Of the total, 36 percent were of juveniles and 64 percent were of adults; 85 percent were male and 15 percent were female. The highest number of arrests were of persons 18 years of age and 71 percent of the total were between 16 and 20 years of age.

of the 12,727 arrests for liquor laws, 9,879 were reported by specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.65. The distribution of arrests by type of offense against juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 in that the vast majority of both were for minor-in-possession of liquor. The distribution of males/females was similar to that for juveniles/adults.

TABLE 2.65 - ARRESTS FOR LIQUOR LAWS

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	HALE	FEMALE
IQUOR LAWS Minor-in-Possession	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	4,325 492 982	4,555 51% 33%	8,880 100% 90%	7,424 84% 89%	1,456 16% 92
Illegal Liquor (make,possess,sell)	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	B 147 0.27	48 862 0.92	56 100% 0.6%	85%	8 14% 0.5
Operating an illegal establishment	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	9 417 0.22	13 59% 0.2%	100% 0.2%	55 % 0.1%	10 45% 0.6
Drinking in Public	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	9 7% 0.2%	93X 93X 2X	134 100% 1%	89Z 1Z	15 117 1
Furnishing	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	10 2% . 0.2%	439 98 % 8%	100% 5%	401 89% 5%	48 11% 3
Importing	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	1 4 7 0.02 7	96X 9.4X	23 100% 0.2%	17 77% 0.2%	5 23% 0.3
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	48 15 7 1 7	267 852 52	315 1007 37	282 90% 3%	33 10%
	No. of Arrests Percent Across	4,410 45%	5,469 55%	9,879 100%	8,303 84%	1,575 16%
Total	Percent Down	1002	100%	100%	1007	100

DISORDERLY CONDUCT

Introduction

In 1976, 4,581 offenses of disorderly conduct were reported by police agencies — an increase of 5.0 percent over 1975. Disorderly conduct represented 3.5 percent of Part II crime and 1.6 percent of all crimes in 1976. The clearance rate for disorderly conduct was approximately 70 percent based on 3,727 offenses; 2,623 clearances.

Disorderly Conduct - Month of Occurrence

The total number of disorderly conduct offenses are depicted in Figure 2.39 by the month in which they occurred and as shown, the highest number occurred during October (482 offenses or 10.5%). Of the total, 2,530 offenses or 55.2 percent occurred during the last six months of 1976.

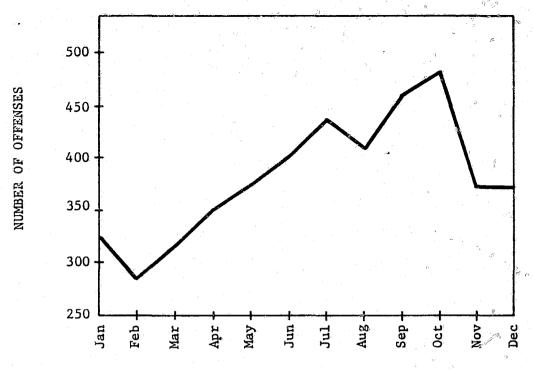


FIGURE 2.39 DISORDERLY CONDUCT OFFENSES
BY MONTH

Disorderly Conduct - Day of Week

Of the 4,581 offenses of disorderly conduct in 1976, 2,939 were reported by the day of the week on which they occurred as shown in Figure 2.40. Of the 2,939 offenses with known day of week, the highest number occurred on Saturday (599 offenses or 20.4%) with 1,593 offenses or 54.2 percent occurring between Friday and Sunday.

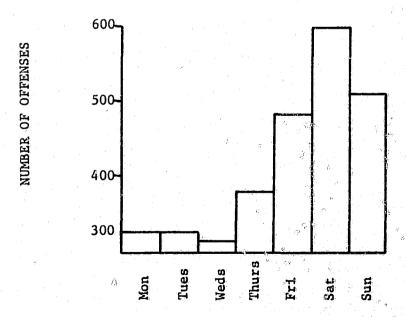


FIGURE 2.40 DISORDERLY CONDUCT

OFFENSES - BY DAY OF WEEK

(n=2,939)

Disorderly Conduct - Time of Day

Of the 4,581 offenses of disorderly conduct in 1976, 2,907 were reported by time of day in which they were known to have occurred as shown in Figure 2.41. Of the 2,907 offenses with known time of occurrence, the highest number occurred between 10:00 p.m. and midnight (559 offenses or 19.2%) which 1,486 offenses or 51.1 percent occurring between 8:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m.

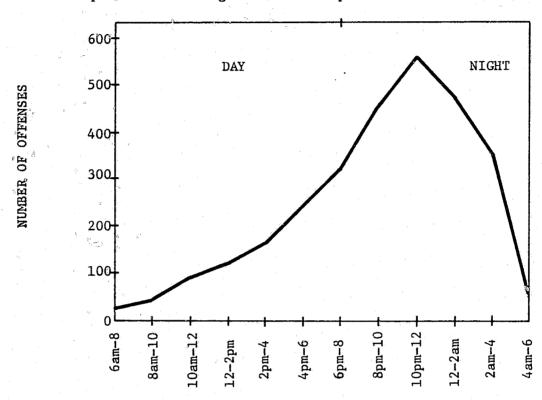


FIGURE 2.41 - DISORDERLY CONDUCT OFFENSES
BY TIME OF DAY
(n=2,907)

Disorderly Conduct - Type of Offense

Of the 4,581 offenses of disorderly conduct in 1976, 3,597 were reported by the type of offense committed. From Table 2.66, the highest percentage of offenses were for fighting (45.0% of the total) with 25.0 percent of the total being for profane or abusive language.

TABLE 2.66 - DISORDERLY CONDUCT OFFENSES BY TYPE

Зуре	Number of Offenses	i,	Percent Distribution
Fight	1,618		45.0%
Profane or Abusive Language	900		25.0%
Refuse to Assist Police or Fire	93		2.6%
Other	986		27.4%
TOTAL	3,597	 	100.0%

Arrests for Disorderly Conduct Offenses

In 1976, there were 4,668 arrests for disorderly conduct offenses - an increase of 8.4 percent of 1975. Of the total, 19 percent were juveniles and 81 percent were adults; 87 percent were male and 13 percent were female.

Of the 4,558 arrests for disorderly conduct offenses, 3,897 were reported by specific type of offense as shown in Table 2.67. The distribution of arrests by type of offense for juveniles and adults was similar to 1975 in that the majority of arrests of both were for disorderly conduct. Of the arrests of males and females, the majority of both were also for disorderly conduct. (A chi-square test on the male/female distributions revealed no significant difference at the 95 percent confidence level ($X^2 = 4.59$, DF = 5).

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	HALE	FEMALE
DISORDERLY CONDUCT Unlawful Assembly	No. of Arrests	17	108	125	110	15
	Percent Across	14%	86%	1007	88%	12%
	Percent Down	25	3%	37	3%	3%
Disorderly Conduct	No. of Arrests	474	2,118	2,592	2,255	337
	Percent Across	18%	82%	100%	87%	13%
	Percent Down	587	69%	67%	67%	68
Harrassment.	No. of Arrests	226	438	664	585	79
	Percent Across	347	66 %	1002	88%	12 2
	Percent Down	287	14 %	172	17%	16
Refuse to assist Police Officer	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	11 127	79 88 ጀ 3ኧ	90 1007 27	77 86 % 2%	13 14% 3
Obstructing	No. of Arrests	13	89% (**	119	99	20
Government	Percent Across	11 7		100%	83%	17%
Administration	Percent Down	23		3%	3%	4
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	73 24 % 93	234 76 Z 8 Z	307 100% 8%	90%	31 10% 6
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		3,083 79% 100%	3,897 100% 100%	3,402 87% 100%	495 132 106

TABLE 2.67 - ARRESTS FOR DISORDERLY CONDUCT

"ALL OTHER" OFFENSES

"All Other" is the category of Part II offenses included as offense category number 26 of the F.B.I. UCR and Oregon UCR classifications.

Of the 19,690 "all other" offenses in 1976, 16,915 were reported by specific type of offense as presented in Table 2.68. The total number of offenses increased by 5.4 percent over 1975.

As shown, the highest percentage of "all other" were for harrassment offenses (32.2% of the total); tresspassing represented 23.6 percent of the total; and threats (bomb, phone, other) represented 8.0 percent. Kidnapping and blackmail/extortion represented 1.7 percent of the total.

TABLE 2.68 - BREAKDOWN OF "ALL OTHER" PART II OFFENSES BY TYPE

Туре	Number o	of Offenses 1976	Change	1976 Percent Distribution
Kidnapping	234	246	+ 5.17	1.5%
Trespassing Public Property Private Property	3,497	3,990 (488) (3,168)	+14.1%	23.6%
Escape	376	371	- 1.3%	2.2%
Garbage/Littering	917	1,046	+14.1%	6.2%
Obscene Materials or Display	92	76	-17.4%	0.4%
Threat Bomb Phone Other	1,455	1,356 (434) (332) (590)	- 6.8%	8.0%
Harassment (Vocal/Nuisance)	4,551	5,450	+19.8%	32.2%
Blackmail/Extortion	39	30	-23.1%	0.2%
Other	4,640	4,350	- 6.3%	25.7%
TOTALS	15,801	16,915	+ 7.1%	100.0%

Arrests for "All Other" Offenses

Under the OUCR program, any criminal offense that cannot be classified into an appropriate Part I and II category is placed in the "all other" offense grouping and includes a variety of offenses as shown in Table 2.69 and also includes a sub-category of other or miscallaneous offenses.

Of the 7,006 arrests for "all other" types of offenses in 1976, 5,410 were reported by type of offense and degree of charge at time of arrest.

As shown, the highest number of arrests of juveniles were for trespassing and more specifically for second degree trespassing. The highest number of arrests of adults were for trespassing and the category of other types of offenses. The highest number of arrests of females were for animal ordinance violations. The majority of the arrests for offenses such as animal ordinances, littering, obscene materials, and other were, in fact, not "physical" arrests but misdemeanor citations.

TABLE 2.69 - ARRESTS FOR "ALL OTHER" OFFENSES

OFFENSE	KEY	JUVENILES	ADULTS	TOTAL	Male	FEMALE
ALL OTHER OFFENSES		0072472000			1405	(2)
Kidnapping	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	16 21% 52%	60 79 % 61%	76 100 X 59 X	69 91 X 59 X	7 9% 58%
2nd Degree	 	13 32 Z 42 Z	27 68%	1002	36 90% 31%	4/ 10X 33X
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		85% 11%	13 100X 10X	12 92% 10%	1 8% 9%
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	- 	98 76% 100%	100% 100% 100%	117 91% 100%	12 9% 100%
Trespassing 1st Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		165 59 % 16%	279 100% 15%	253 91 % 16 %	26 9 7 147
2nd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		589 60% 57%	974 100X 54X	875 90% 54%	99 10% 53%
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	50% 35%		1	489 89Z 30Z	63 117 337
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down		1,030 57% 100%	1,805 100 % 1002	<u> </u>	188 102 1007
Animal Ordinances	No. of Arrests Percent Across		915 97 2	939 100 X	537 57 2	402 43 X
Endangering Welfare of a Minor	No. of Arrests Percent Across	18 51%	17 49%	35 100%	24 392	11 31 %
Escape 1st Degree	Ho. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	6 29% 8%	15 71% 10%	1005 1005	17 812 82	4 19% 25
2nd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	13 26 X 18 X	37 74 Z 25 Z	50 100% 23%	49 987 247	1 2% 6:
3rd Degree	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	27 32% 38%	58 687 407	85 100% 39%	79 93 z 39 z	6 72 38
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	26 42 % 36 %	36 58% 25%	62 100% 28%	57 923 292	5 8% 611
Total	No. of Arrests Percent Across Percent Down	72 33 2 1002	146 67% 100%	218 100% 100%	202 93X 100X	16 72 100
Extortion/Blackmail	No. of Arrests Percent Across	2 22%	7 78 2	9 1002	1001 9	0
Offensive Littering	No. of Arrests Percent Across	45 27%	124 73%	169 100Z	157 93 X	12 72
Obscene Materials	No. of Arrests Percent Across	257	3 75%	4 ? 70 х	3 75%	25 2
Other	No. of Arrests Percent Across	744 35%	1,358 65%	2,102 5 100%	1,730 82%	372 18X

RUNAWAY OFFENSES

Introduction

In 1976, 10,617 runaway offenses were reported by police agencies - a decrease of 1.9 percent from 1975. Runaway offenses represented 8.1 percent of Part II crimes and 3.8 percent of all crime in 1976.

Month of Occurrence

The total number of runaway offenses are depicted in Figure 2.42 by the month in which they occurred during 1975 and 1976. As shown, the highest number of offenses occurred during October with the low reported in December. (A chisquare test performed on both annual distributions re vealed a significant difference between the two at the 95 percent confidence level. ($X^2 = 31.38$, DF = 11). The greatest variation between expected value and actual occurred in October).

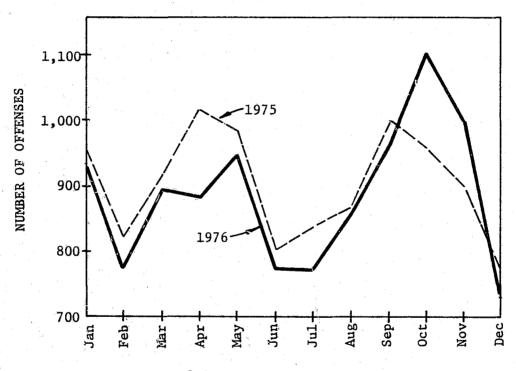


FIGURE 2.42 - RUNAWAY OFFENSES - BY MONTH

Runaways - Day of Week

Of the 10,617 runaway offenses in 1976, 5,433 were reported by the day of the week on which they were known to have been committed. Of the 5,433 offenses with known day of week, the highest number occurred on Monday (928 offenses or 17.1%) as shown in Figure 2.43.

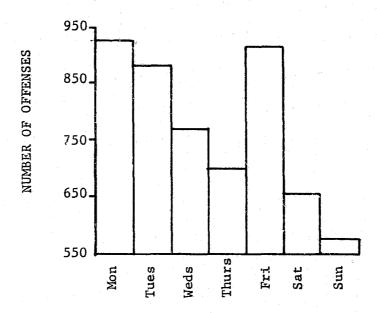


FIGURE 2.43 RUNAWAY OFFENSES BY DAY OF WEEK (n=5,433)

Runaways - Time of Day

Of the 10,617 runaway offenses in 1976, 4,975 were reported by the time of day in which they were known to have been committed. Of the 4,975 offenses with known time of day, the highest number occurred between 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 p.m. Of the total, 2,947 offenses or 59.2 percent occurred during the day (6:00 a.m. 6:00 p.m.) while 2,028 offenses or 40.8 percent occurred during the night (6:00 p.m. - 6:00 a.m.) as shown in Figure 2.44.

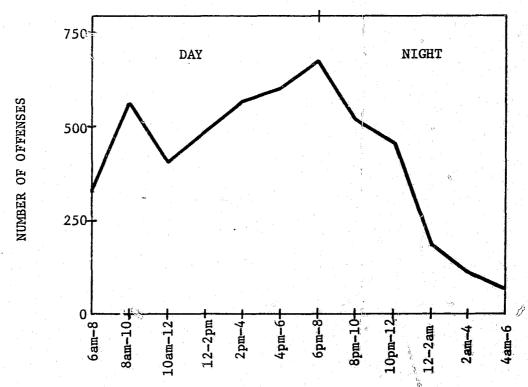


FIGURE 2.44 - RUNAWAY OFFENSES - BY TIME OF DAY (n=4,975)

Runaways - By Sex and Age

Of the 10,617 runaway offenses in 1976, 6,217 were reported by age, sex, and place of residency and are presented in Tables 2.70 and 2.71. Of the 6,217 offenses reported, 3,732 (60%) were female and 2,485 (40%) were male. Runaways between the ages of 14 and 16 represented 73.2 percent of the total.

TABLE	2.70	_	RUNAWAY	OFFENSES	BY	AGE	AND	SEX
-------	------	---	---------	----------	----	-----	-----	-----

		SEX		PERCENT
Age	Female	Male	TOTAL	DISTRIBUTION
Under 10	16	26	42	0.7%
10	10	24	34	0.5%
11	40	41	81	1.37
12	153	102	255	4.1%
13	483	211	694	11.2%
14	842	519	1,361	21.9%
15	1,145	716	1,861	29.9%
16	759	572	1,331	21.47
17	284	274	558	9.0%
TOTAL	3,732	2,485	6,217	100.0%
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	60.0%	40.0%	100%	

Runaway by Sex and Residency

Of the 6,217 offenses shown in Table 2.71, 4,637 or 74.6 percent ran away from home. The number of runaways from home increased 4.5 percent over 1975 while runaways from other residency categories all showed decreases. The number of female runaways increased 4.2 percent while males showed a decrease of 7.1 percent.

TABLE 2.71 - RUNAWAY OFFENSES BY SEX AND RESIDENCY

	1	SEX		CHANGE	PERCENT
Residency	<u>Female</u>	Male	TOTAL	<u>1975–76</u>	DISTRIBUTION
Foster Home	309	189	498	- 3.9%	8.0%
Residential Treatment Facility	267	198	465	-20.9%	7.5%
Home	2,880	1,757	4,637	+ 4.5%	74.6%
Boys/Girls Ranch	112	215	327	-21.2%	5.3%
Other	164	126	290	- 2.4%	4.6%
TOTAL	3,732	2,485	6,217		100.0%
Change 1975~75	+4.2%	-7.1%	-0.6%		

ASSAULTS AGAINST POLICE OFFICERS

Officer assault is described as an assault or aggressive attack upon a law enforcement officer - personal injury is not necessary.

During 1976, one Pendleton Police Department officer was killed in the line of duty.

The number of assaults against police officers is presented in Table 2.72 by the county in which they were reported for 1975 and 1976.

There were 576 assaults against police officers reported statewide in 1976 - and increase of 19.0 percent over 1975. Of the 576 assaults, 45.3 percent were reported in Lane and Multnomah Counties combined. The cities of Portland and Eugene reported 67 percent of the assaults for these two counties in 1976 (75% in 1975).

As shown at the bottom of Table 2.72, Portland and Eugene combined reported 176 assaults against police officers in 1976 - an increase of 3.5 percent over 1975. The state total, excluding Portland and Eugene, shows 400 assaults reported or an increase of 27.4 percent over 1975.

TABLE 2.72 - OFFICERS ASSAULTED BY COUNTY

19	975	1976		1975	1976		1975	1976
Baker	1	, 1	Harney	1	3	Morrow	O,	0
Benton	4	33	Hood River	0	0	Multnomah	120	136
Clackamas	19	24	Jackson	18	19	Polk	б	1
Clatsop	20	11	Jefferson	. 1	0	Sherman	0	0
Columbia	3	5	Josephine	9	. 3	Tillamook	1	3
Coos	20	14	Klamath	9	. 8	Umatilla	36	45
Crook	2	4	Lake	0	2	Union	16	12
Curry	1	1	Lane	107	125	Wasco	0	0
Deschutes	2	3	Lincoln	3	7	Wallowa	0	0
Douglas	22	20	Linn	13	28	Washington	11	3
Gilliam	2	0	Malheur	2	. 0	Wheeler	0	0
Grant	2	1	Marion	28	53	Yamhill	5	11

					STATE TOTAL	484	576
Cities	of	Port1	and a	nd Eugen	e Combined	170	176
		· · · · j	REMAI	NDER OF	THE STATE	314	400

The number of assaults reported against police officers is presented in Table 2.73 by type of injury and law enforcement agency. As shown, the total number of assaults without injury to the officer in 1976 increased 31.2 percent over 1975 while the number of assaults with injury increased by 5.6 percent.

The number of assaults with injury increased 17.8 percent in 1976 for the combined cities of Portland and Eugene. However, the number of assaults with injury for the remainder of the state decreased 3.5 percent from 1975. The number of assaults without injury decreased again for the second straight year for the two cities combined while the remainder of the state showed another, and substantial increase.

TABLE 2.73 - ASSAULTS AGAINST OFFICERS BY TYPE OF DEPARTMENT AND TYPE OF INJURY

	With	Injur	у	, With	out Ir	jury	Tot	al	
	1975	1976	Change	1975	1976	Change	1975	1976	Change
Sheriffs	25	35	+40.0%	15	46	+207%	40	81	+103%
Municipal Police	217	219	+ 0.9%	211	252	+19.4%	428	471	+ 10.0%
State Police	7	9	+28.5%	8	9	+12.5%	15	18	+ 20.0%
TOTAL	249	263	+ 5.6%	234	307	+31.2%	483	570	+ 18.0%
Cities of Portland and Eugene com-	4								
bined	107	126	+17.8%	63	50	+20.6%	170	176	+ 3.5%
Remainder of State	142	137	- 3.5%	171	257	+50.3%	313	394	+ 25.9%

The number of assaults against police officers is presented in Figure 2.45 by the month in which they were reported in 1975 and 1976. Of the total in 1976, 43.5 percent were reported during the first six months; 56.6 percent in the last six months. The first six months of 1976 showed a 14 percent increase over the first six months of 1975 while the last six months of 1976 showed a 21 percent increase over the same period of 1975.

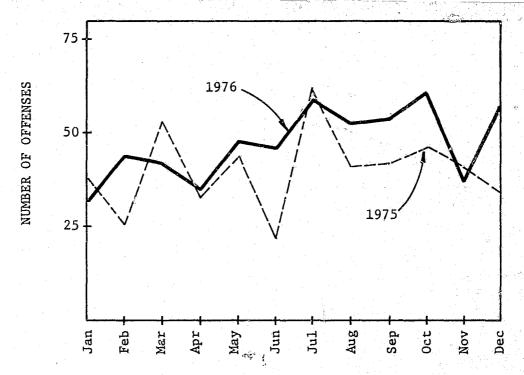


FIGURE 2,45 - ASSAULTS AGAINST POLICE OFFICERS
BY MONTH

The total number of assaults against police officers in 1976 is presented by type of assignment, type of activity, and weapon used in Table 2.74. Of the 568 reported assaults, 121 (21.3%) were of officers in a two-man vehicle, 358 (63,0%) in a one-man vehicle either alone or assisted, 12 (2.1%) were against detectives, and 77 (13.6%) were involved in other types of assignments.

TABLE 2.74 - OFFICER ASSAULTS BY TYPE OF WEAPON AND ASSIGNMENT

		i	TYPE OF	WEAPO	•	TYPE OF ASSIGNMENT							
	Total		Knife					MAN. ICLE		TIVE OR ASSIGN.	01	HER	
TYPE OF ACTIVITY	Assaults By Weapon (A)	Firearm (B)	Other Cutting Instru- ment (C)	Danger- ous Weapon (D)	Hands, Fists, Feet, etc. (E)	Two Man Venicle (F)	Alone (G)	Assisted (H)	Alone (I)	Assisted (I)	Alone (K)	Assisted (L)	Polic Assau Clear (M)
Responding to "disturbance" calls (Family quarrels, man with gun, etc.)	165	12	9	11	133	41	27	84			.3	10	146
Burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects	5				5	1		4					4
Robberies in progress or pursuing robbery suspects	2	1			1			1		1			1
4. Attempting other arrests	129	3	3	5	118	23	26	61	2	2	3	12	124
5. Civil disorder (Riot, mass disobedience)	20			5	15	9	4	6				1	15
 Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners 	80		2	4	74	18	11	18		1	6	26	74
7. Investigating suspicious persons or circumstances	34	1	2	1	30	5	5	22	1	1			31
3. Ambush—Na warning	6	4		1	1	1	4	1					:
R. Montally deranged	10				10	6	3				1		Ş
). Traffic pursuits and stops	74	1		6	67	12	25	34				3	60
1. All other	43	1	2	4	36	5	11	11	1	3	2	10	37
l. Total (1-11)	568	23	18	37	490	121	116	242	4	8	15	62	510
3. Number with personal injury	262	7	8	19	228	k .	\mathfrak{h}^{1}						
4. Number without personal injury	306	16	10	18	262								1,50
	103	72	22	5	11	18							
5. Time of assaults P/	10	14	26	57	49	181			14 20 7	20. 4 / 3	170	100	i ve i

Of the 568 reported assaults, 490 (86.3%) were committed using hands, fists, and/or feet and the remaining 78 (13.7%) were committed using a dangerous weapon (firearm, knife, other).

As illustrated in Figure 2.46, the highest number of assaults (165 assaults or 29% of the total) involved officers responding to a disturbance while attempting other arrests second at 129 (23% of the total). The number of assaults increased for six of the 11 assignment categories in 1976 with the highest increase (+85%) being for responding to disturbances.

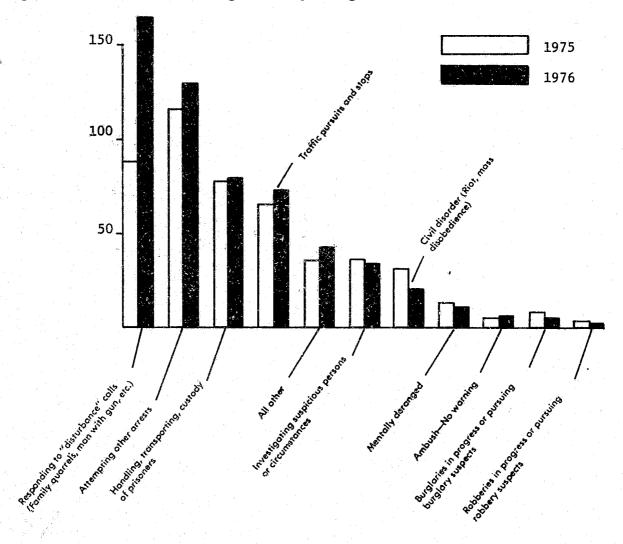
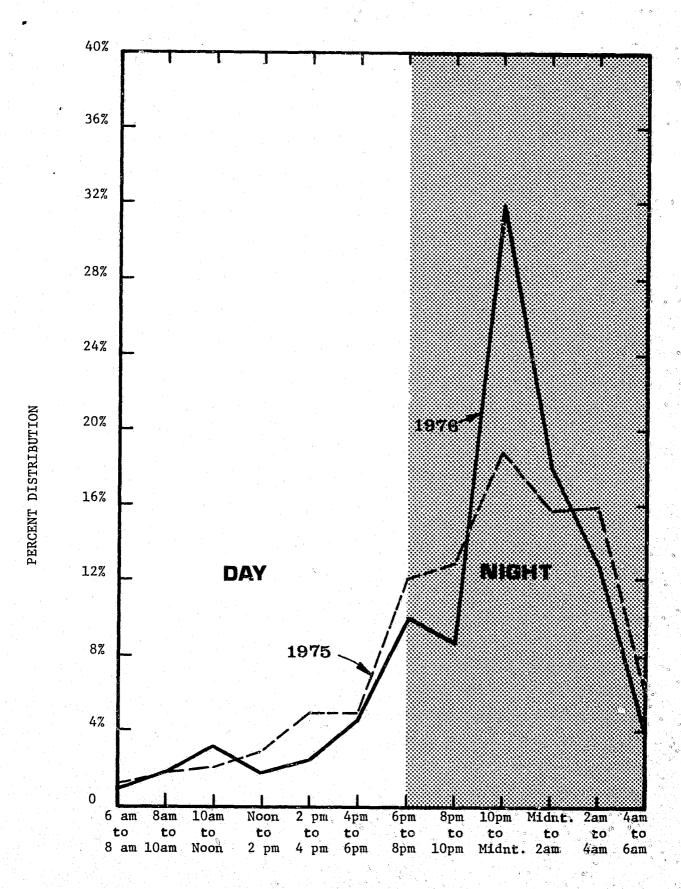


FIGURE 2.46 ASSAULTS AGAINST OFFICERS BY ASSIGNMENT

The number of assaults against officers by the time of day they were reported are depicted in Figure 2.47. The pattern is somewhat similar to that in 1975 except for a large percentage increase in the number occurring between 10:00 p.m. and midnight. Approximately 85 percent were committed between 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. with the highest number (32% of the total) occurring between 10:00 p.m. and midnight. Approximately 63 percent of the assaults occurred between 10:00 p.m. and 4:00 a.m. In 1975, 51 percent occurred during this six hour period.



Time of Day

FIGURE 2.47 ASSAULTS ON POLICE OFFICERS
BY HOUR OF DAY - PERCENT DISTRIBUTION

OREGON COMPARED TO NEIGHBORING STATES

A comparison of population and Index Crime rates (offenses per 100,000 population) in 1975 and 1976 for Oregon, California, Washington, Idaho and Nevada is presented in Table 2.75.

Among the five states, Nevada had the highest increase in population in 1976 (+5.3% over 1975) with California showing the highest population density (135.6 persons per square mile). Oregon showed the largest decrease in Index Crime rate and property crime rate in 1976. Nevada was the only state to show decreases in all three categories while Idaho's Index Crime rate rose 2.7 percent.

The Index Crime rates for the five states for the period 1973-1976 are depicted in Figures 2.48, 2.49, and 2.50. As illustrated in Figure 2.48, the total Index Crime rate for Oregon, Washington and Nevada showed decreases for the first time in many years while the rates for California and Idaho continued to increase. During the period 1974-1976, Washington was the only state to show a net decrease in Index Crime rate (-2.5%) while the highest net increase of +5.1 percent was shown for California. Idaho ranked second with a net increase of 4.6 percent for the period 1974-1976; Nevada third at +2.7 percent; and Oregon's Index Crime rate for the period showed a net increase of 1.1 percent.

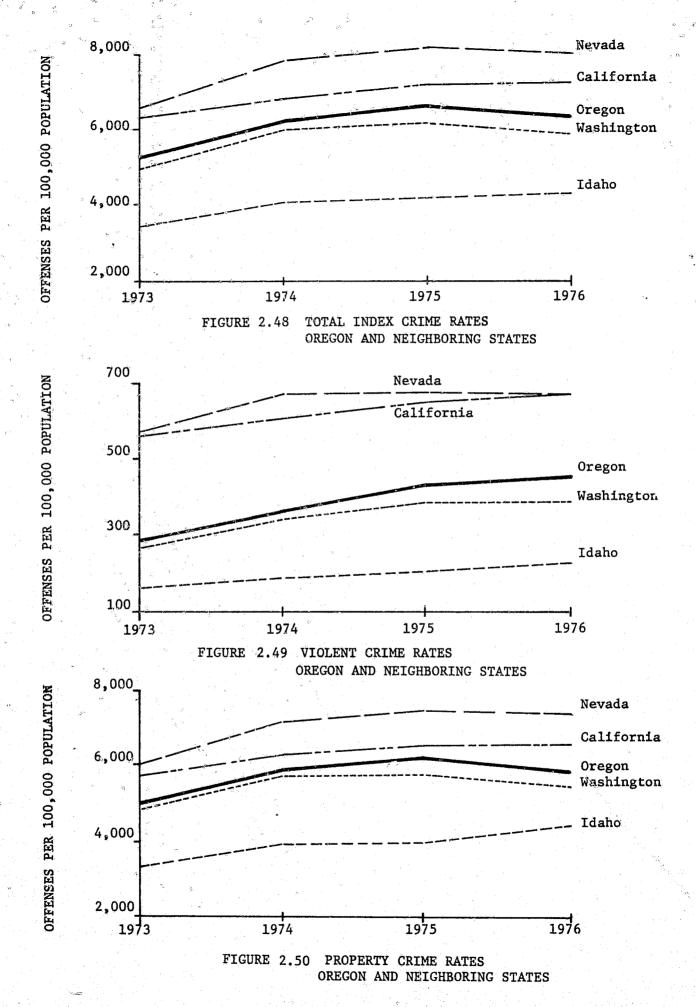
As shown in Figure 2.49, Oregon's violent crime rate continued to increase in 1976 and showed the second highest net increase for the period 1974-1976 (+23.4%); Idaho's net increase of 24.0 percent being the highest. Washington's violent crime rate increased 23.4 percent from 1974 to 1976 while California's rate showed a net increase of 9.2 percent. Nevada was the only state to show a net decrease (-2.2% from 1974 to 1976) in violent crime rate.

From Figure 2.50, Idaho was the only state of the five that showed an increase in the property crime rate in 1976, and showed a net increase of 3.7 percent for the period 1974-1976. California's property crime rate showed the highest net increase of 4.7 percent for the period while Nevada's rate increased 3.2 percent. Oregon and Washington's property crime rates showed net decreases of 0.3 percent and 3.6 percent respectively for the period 1974-1976.

TABLE 2.75 - INDEX CRIME RATES (1975-1976)

OREGON AND NEIGHBORING STATES

						13.	
STATE	YEAR	POPULATION	AREA (sq. mi)	DENSITY (Persons per sq. mile)	INDEX CRIME RATE	VICLENT CRIME RATE	PROPERTY CRIME RATE
	1975	2,299,000		23.7	6,632	435	5,1 97
OREGON	1976	2,341,750	97,073	24.1	6,315 v	453.	5,862
	Change	+1.9%		+1.7%	-4.8%	÷4.1%	-5.4%
	1975	21,185,000		133.5	7,188	653	6,535
CALIFORNIA	1976	21,520,000	158,693	135.6	7,195	667	6,528
	Change	+1.6%		+1.6%	+0.1%	+2.1%	-0.1%
	1975	3,544,000		52.0	6,141	391	5,750
WASHINGTON	1976	3,571,591	68,192	52.4	5,860	393	*5,467
	Change	+0.8%		+0.8%	-4.6%	+0.5%	-4.9%
	1975	820,000		9.8	4,156	204	3,952
IDAHO	1976	831,000	83,557	9.9	4,270	227	4,043
	Change	+1.3%		+1.0%	+2.7%	+11.3%	+2.3%
	1975	592,000		5.4	8,153	679	7,474
NEVADA	1976	623,224	110,540	5.6	8,041	667	7,373
	Change	+5.3%		+3.7%	-1.4%	-1.8%	=1.4%



SECTION 3 OFFENSE DATA BY ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT, COUNTY AND SMSA

INTRODUCTION

Oregon is divided into fourteen administrative districts for the purposes of providing a system for state agencies to use for programs requiring areawide planning and administration and for providing the Governor with an administrative tool for planning and evaluating the use of state and federal resources.

This presentation of crime statistics by districts is made for the purpose of providing information relevant to local planning of criminal justice programs and to provide for comparisons and analysis of trends.

The type and volume of offenses vary from district to district as do the influencing factors that contribute to the commission of and circumstances surrounding the criminal incidents. Factors such as population density, population characteristics, and geographic location must be considered in attempting to analyze the variance in crime rates among the fourteen districts in Oregon.

For the purposes of this report, the district data has also been combined into two regional areas: Western Oregon (west of the Cascade Mountains which includes Districts 1-8) and Eastern Oregon (east of the Cascades and includes Districts 9-14). Western Oregon is more densely populated with a topography consisting mainly of forest, timberland and agricultural areas and receives most of Oregon's annual rainfall. In contrast, Eastern Oregon is sparcely populated with a much drier climate and colder winter temperatures. Its topography consists of timberland and agricultural areas, but also includes high desert and arid land.

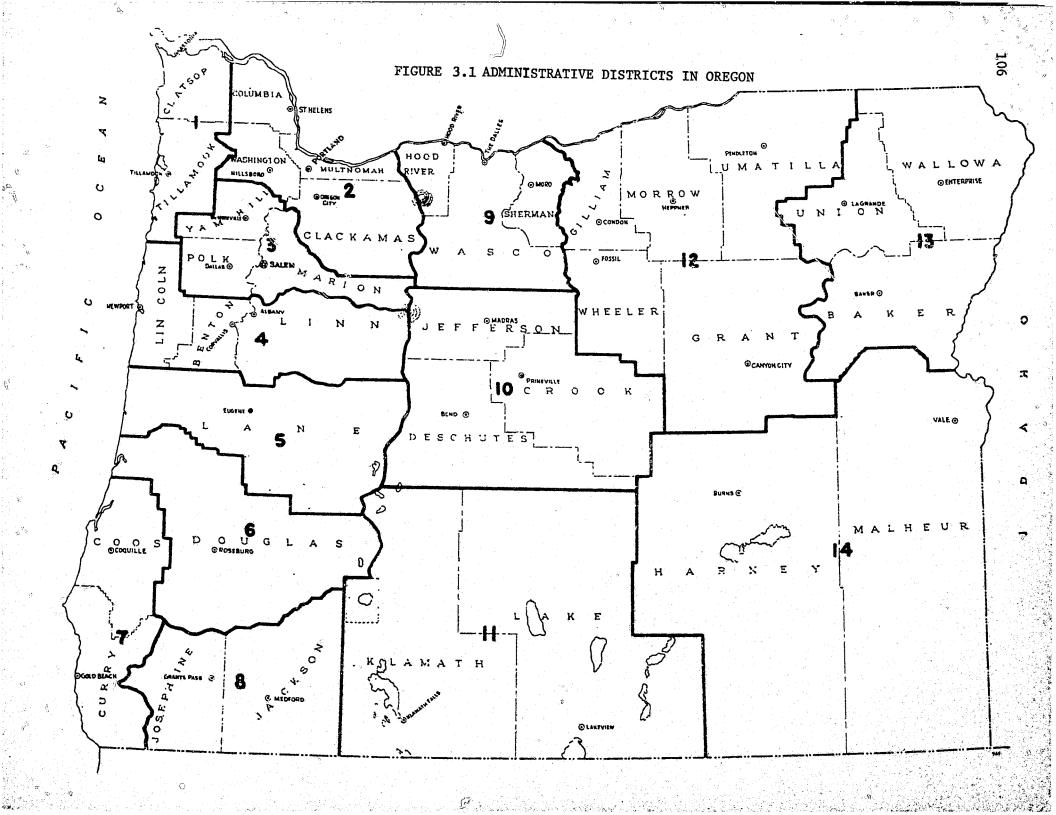


TABLE 3.1 - FACTS ABOUT OREGON'S ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS *

				AREA IN	DENSITY (persons	INDEX
)istrict	*Oregon Blue Book, 19 Counties	977-1978 Principal Industry	TOTAL POPULATION	SQUARE MILES	per square mile)	CRIME RATE
1	Clatsop, Tillamook	Fishing, lumber, agri- culture, recreation	48,100	2,060	23.3	4,979
2	Clackamas, Columbia, Multnomah, Washington	Agriculture, lumber, in- dustry, warehousing	987,200	3,756	262.8	7,535
3	Marion, Polk, Yamhill	Agriculture, govern- ment, manufacturing	260,400	2,629	99.0	5,819
4	Benton, Lincoln, Linn	Agriculture, lumber, fishing, recreation	177,100	3,983	44.5	5,418
5	Lane	Lumber, agriculture, education,	246,000	4,610	53.4	6,597
6	Douglas	Lumber, mining, agri- culture, fishing	81,600	5,089	16.0	4,867
7	Coos, Curry	Lumber, manufacturing agriculture, fishing	74,500	3,256	22.9	5,204
8	Jackson, Josephine	Lumber, agriculture, Manufacturing	160,000	4,446	36.0	5,857
9	Hood River, Sherman, Wasco	Agriculture, livestock, food processing	36,940	3,762	9,8	4,028
10	Crook, Deschutes, Jefferson	Forest products, agri- culture, livestock	63,650	7,837	8.1	4,406
11	Klamath, Lake	Livestock, mining, lum- ber, argriculture	62,120	14,491	4.3	4,149
12	Gilliam, Grant, Morrow, Umatilla, Wheeler	Livestock, manufactur- ing, agriculture,	67,010	12,764	5.2	4,440
13	Baker, Union, Wallowa	Mining, agriculture, lumber, livestock	45,030	8,300	5.4	3,815
14	Harney, Malheur	Agriculture, livestock, manufacturing, lumber	32,100	20 ₅ 110	1.6	4,324
We	stern Oregon (Districts 1 t	hrough 8)	2,034,900	29,829	68.2	6,632
Ea	stern Oregon (Districts 9 t	hrough 14)	306,850	67,264	4.6	4,221

INDEX CRIME

Index Crime rates (offenses per 100,000 population) are presented in Table 3.2, for each of Oregon's 14 administrative districts for 1975 and 1976.

District 2 reported the highest Index Crime rate in 1976. District 2 also reported the highest individual rates in 1976 for forcible rape, robbery, burglary, and motor vehicle theft. As was the case for the other administrative districts, with the exception of Districts 7 and 13, the Index Crime rate and property crime rate showed a decrease in District 2 from 1975. The Index Crime rate showed a decrease throughout the districts in Western Oregon of 4.8 percent while Eastern Oregon's rate decreased by 5.3 percent.

From Table 3.3, the most noted change in individual rate was in the burglary rate (-10.1% in Western Oregon and -15.6% in Eastern Oregon). The highest decrease in the burglary rate was in District 9 (-27% from 1975) and District 10 (-27% from 1975).

The highest increases in 1976 were in the forcible rape data in District 13 (+122%; 4 offenses in 1975, 9 offenses in 1976) and in the robbery rate in District 14 (+240%; 3 offenses in 1975, 11 offenses in 1976). Districts 1, 5, 8, 9, 11, and 14 showed decreases in 1976 for total Index Crime rate and violent and property crime rates.

Increases or decreases in crime rates are not necessarily indicative of increases or decreases in the actual number of offenses but, rather, may have been contributed to by an increase or decrease in agency reporting. Reference should be made to Section 4 of this report and the previous report entitled, ANALYSIS OF CRIMINAL OFFENSES AND ARRESTS, JANUARY-DECEMBER 1975, regarding the number of months of reporting from individual agencies in attempting to interpret the change in 1975-1976 crime rates.

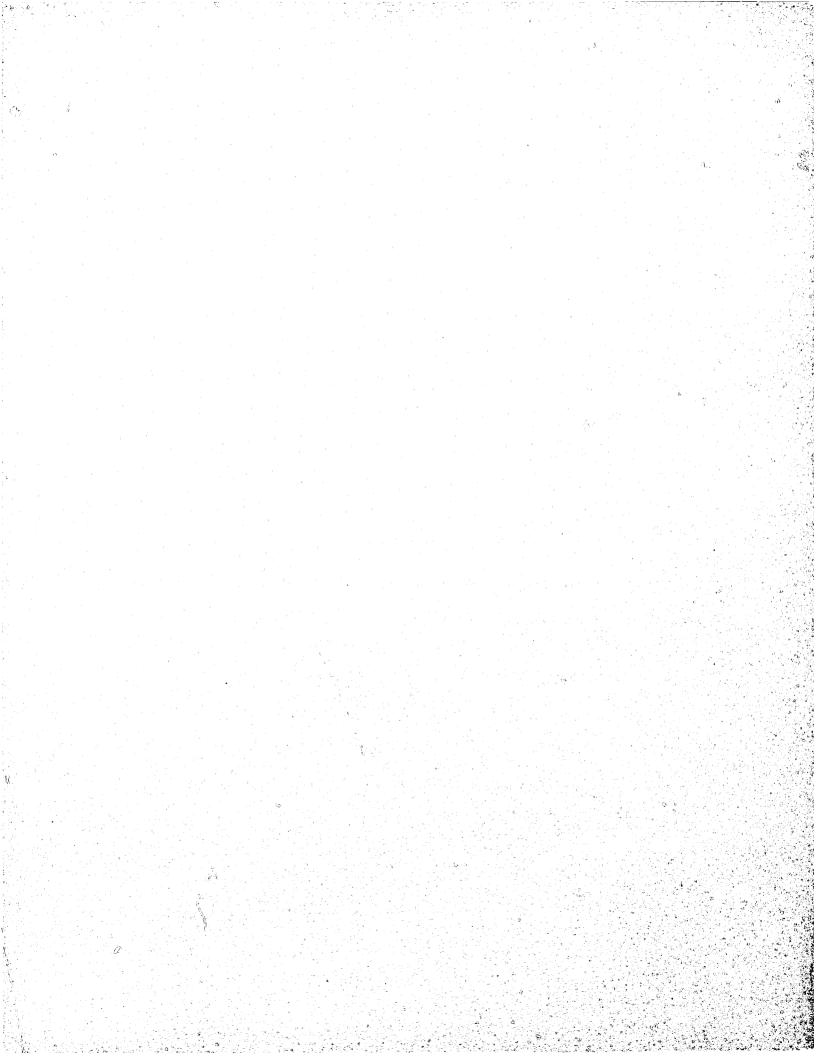


TABLE 3.2 - INDEX CRIME RATES (PER 100,000 Population) BY ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICT

DIS	STRICT	Population	Total Index Crime Rate	Violent Crime Rate	Property Crime Rate	Murder Rate	Forcible Rape Rate	Robbery Rate	Aggravated Assault Rate	Burglary Rate	Larceny Rate	Motor Vehicle Theft Rate
1	1976	48,100	4,979	276	4,703	4	17	37	218	1,310	3,146	247
	1975	47,850	5,657	326	5,331	4	25	25	272	1,695	3,296	341
2	1976	987,200	7,535	643	6,892	5	48	248	342	2,171	4,165	556
	1975	973,500	7,858	610	7,248	7	48	238	317	2,380	4,203	665
3	1976	260,400	5,819	304	5,515	3	34	55	212	1,403	3,804	308
	1975	252,400	5,835	235	5,600	3	19	50	162	1,598	3,676	327
4	1976	177,100	5,418	314	5,104	1	24	38	251	1,322	3,488	294
	1975	172,450	5,723	302	5,421	2	17	48	234	1,352	3,773	297
5	1976	246,000	6,597	341	6,256	4	35	69	233	1,630	4,285	341
	1975	241,800	7,290	360	6,930	3	29	70	258	2,033	4,492	405
ś	1976 1975	81,600 80,400	4,867 5,274	443 410	4,424 4,864	5 4	30	47 41	363 336	1,162 1,305	3,021 3,312	241 246
	1976	74,500	5,204	289	4,915	3	24	31	231	1,366	3,166	383
	1975	73,800	4,033	301	4,732	5	22	66	207	1,408	2,988	366
	1976	160,000	5,857	321	5,536	4	19	56	242	1,551	3,701	284
	1975	156,300	6,357	382	5,975	4	29	48	301	1,624	4,080	271
)	1976	36,940	4,028	192	3,836	0	24	35	133	950	2,629	257
	1975	36,720	4,894	229	4,665	5	16	38	169	1,307	3,105	253
.0	1976	63,650	4,406	294	4,112	2	5	28	259	938	2,877	297
	1975	61,790	4,659	247	4,412	2	10	36	201	1,285	2,858	269
.1	1976	62,120	4,149	275	3,874	11	18	48	198	1,157	2,500	217
	1975	60,960	4,523	325	4,198	10	18	69	228	1,260	2,613	325
.2	1976	67,010	4,440	382	4,058	3	24	33	322	1,043	2,770	245
	1975	64,900	4,585	325	4,260	5	12	39	270	1,169	2,823	268
.3	1976	45,030	3,815	273	3,542	9	20	20	224	688	2,645	209
	1975	44,580	3,569	186	3,383	9	9	18	150	747	2,467	168
4	1976	32,100	4,324	177	4,147	3	12	34	128	798	3,150	199
	1975	31,550	4,431	219	4,212	13	10	10	187	859	3,173	181
leste	rn 1976	2,034,900 1,998,500	6,632 6, 971	479 462	6,153 6,509	4 5	38 35	147 145	290 278	1,794 1,996	3,931 4,022	428 491
	rn 1976 9-14)1975		4,221 4,459	282 266	3,939 4,193	5 7	17 13	34 38	226 208	956 1,133	2,742 2,806	241 254

501

TABLE 3.3 - RANKINGS OF ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS BY PERCENT CHANGE IN INDEX CRIME RATES (1975-1976)

											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		MOTOR VE	HICLE
	MURD	Percent	FORCIBLE	Percent	ROBBERY	Percent	AG. ASS	AULT Percent	BURGLA	Percent	LARC	Percent,		Percent
RANK	District	Change 1975-1976	District	Change 1975-1976	District	Change 1975–1976	District	Change 1975-1976	District	Change	District	Change 1975-1976		Change 1975 –1976
Milk	DISCIPCE	1919-1910	JISCIICC .	1373 1370	DISCERCE	23/3 23/0	DISCILLO	1773 1770	DISCILLO	1373 1370	DISCITCE	17/3 15/0	DISCILLO	23,12,23,15
1	9	-100	10	-50	7	-53	14	-32	9	-27	9	-15	11	-33
2	14	-77	8	-34	11	-30	9	-21	10	-27	6	-9	1	-28
3	4	-50	1	-32	10	-22	1	-20	1	-23	8	. -9	2	-16
4	7	-40	6	-7	4	-21	8	-20	5	-20	4	-8	5	-16
5	12	-40	2	0	12	-15	1,1	-13	3	-12	13	-7	12	-9
6	2	-29	11	0	9	-8	5	-10	6	-11	1	-5	3	-6
7	1	0	7	+9	5	-1	4	+7	12	-11	5.	-5	6	-2
8 .	3	0	14	+20	2	+4	2	+8	2	- 9	11	-4	4	-1
9	8	0	5	+21	3	+10	6	+8	11	-8	12	-2	9	+2
10	10	0	4	+41	13	+11	7	+12	13	-8	2	-1	7	+5
11	13	0	9	+50	6	+15	12	+19	14	- 7	10	-1	8	+5
12	11	+10	3	+79	8	+17	10	+29	8 •	-4	14	1	10	+10 ^y
13	6	+25	12	+100	1	+48	3	+31	7	-3	3	+3	14	+10
14	5	+33	13	+122	14	+240	13	+49	4	-2	7	+6	. 13	+24



PART II OFFENSES

The crime rate (offenses per 100,000 population) for Part II offenses are presented in Table 3.5 by administrative districts for 1975 and 1976. The highest rate in each offense category has been circled for ease of recognition. Interesting highlights from the table are:

- . the rate for other (or simple) assaults contined to be almost three times highest in Western Oregon than Eastern Oregon;
- the vandalism rate continued to be one and a half times higher in Western Oregon;
- . the rate for runaway juveniles in Western Oregon continued to be twice that of Eastern Oregon;
- . the rate for drug abuse increased in Eastern Oregon by 22 percent while the rate for Western Oregon increased by only six percent.
- . the DUII rate in Eastern Oregon continued to increase (+10.5% over 1975) and was almost twice the rate for Western Oregon.

A summary of the highest rates shown in Table 3.5 is presented in Table 3.4. As shown, the highest rates for other assaults, arson, embezzlement, prostitution, and sex offenses were shown for District 2. The highest rates for arson and runaways were in District 7. The highest rates for forgery/counterfeiting and fraud were in District 8 and the highest rate for drug and liquor violations were in District 12.

TABLE 3.4 - SUMMARY OF HIGHEST PART II CRIME RATES BY DISTRICT

District 2

Other assaults
Arson
Embezzlement
Prostitution
Other Sex Offenses

District 7

Arson
Juvenile runaways

District 8

Forgery/counterfeiting Fraud

District 12

Drug abuse DUII Liquor laws

TABLE 3.5 - PART II CRIME RATES (PER 100,000 Population) BY ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS

DIST	RICT	POPULATION	OTHER ASSAULTS	ARSON	FORGERY COUNTER- FEITING	FRAUD	EMBEZZLE- MENT	STOLEN PROPERTY	VANDALISM	WEAPONS	PROSTITU- TION	OTHER SEX OFFENSES
1	1976 1975	48,100 47,850	131 146	33 59	60 67	364 268	0 2	6 23	1,761 1,559	31 67	0 6	50 52
2	1976 1975	987,200 973,000	424 410	67 52	97 81	218 198	10 10	25 11	1,600 1,594	82 66	66 51.	177) 156
3	1976 1975	260,400 252,400	222 199	55 48	58 49	267 239	1	30 16	1,758 1,574	58 52	1	126 90
4	1976 1975	177,100 172,450	177 172	37 26	69 69	269 230	1	21 8	1,158 1,121	58 58	2 0	82 96
5 *	1976 1975	246,000 241,800	203 230	31 24	30 15	72 48	1 0	1 2	617 660	16 12	0	25 31
б .	1976 1975	81,600 80,400	195 183	49 36	53 86	452 354	7 0	.17 4	1,342 1,553	74 60	1 1	80 63
7	1976 1975	74,500 73,800	168 171	67 69	102 87	514 370	4 0	24 20	1,362 1,199	46 58	0 1	78 91
8	1976 1975	160,000 156,300	224 164	57 65	137 84	877 811	9 10	15 19	1,738 1,656	71 66	1	131 132
9	1976 1975	36,940 36,720	46 60	32 41	60 84	154 114	3	8 3	677 773	35 54	0	43 38
10	1976 1975	63,650 61,790	53 53	27 31	79 61	225 178	2 3	11 5	721 642	33 16	0	57 60
11	1976 1975	·62,120 60,960	211 215	34 89	56 43	179 136	0 2	3 7	316 848	29 20	0 2	13 56
12	1976 1975	67,010 64,900	118 114	64 40	107 120	470 382	6 0	15 20	1,246 1,097	118 91	0	78 46
13	1976 1975	45,030 44,580	113 123	49 58	131 54	640 529	0 0	11 4	1,230 1,045	89 96	0 4	38 58
1.4	1976 1975	32,100 31,550	90 63	47 44	69 105	340 336	0 10	40 51	1,477 1,347	65 35	0	103 98
Western Oreg.(1		2,034,900 1,998,500	309 298	56 47	82 68	286 250	5 6	20 11	1,459 1,425	65 56	33 25	94 117
Eastern Oreg(9-		306,850 300,500	111 111	42 51	85 77	333 275	2 2	13 13	902 932	63 52	0 1	53 57

^{*}Does not include Eugene or Springfield P. D.

TABLE 3.5 - PART II CRIME RATES (PER 100,000 POPULATION) BY ADMINISTRATIVE DISTRICTS

DISTRICT	POPULATION	DRUG ABUSE TOTAL	OPIUM, COCAINE, & DERIVA- TIVES	MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC		GAMBLING	FAMILY OFFENSES	DUII	LIQUOR LAWS	RUNAWAY*
1		763 757	4 10	730 711	0 0	29 36	0 4	35 27	1,661 1,716	653 612	1,088 1,420
2		245 200	27 25	168 130	5 5	33 40	4 5	29 31	674 598	203 199	2,088 1,816
3		353 428	14 16	282 308	5 3	53 101	2 1	31 69	894 885	270 239	1,623 1,600
4		564 598	18 37	496 489	3 3	47 68	1 3	46 39	921 791	324 300	1,620 1,588
5**		165 221	1 27	151 148	0 16	13 30	2 0	16 16	1,073 511	67 59	166 504
6		778 643	11 19	690 534	1 2	76 88	6 6	26 30	1,512 1,388	346 330	512 409
7 *		533 467	15 7	467 413	5 0	46 47	0 7	35 19	1,472 1,168	540 593	2,202 1,853
8		901 754	26 61	778 583	3 15	94 95	3 2	29 25	1,354 1,262	219 309	1,816 1,600
9		376 408	5 3	328 381	5 3	38 21	0	5 5	1,941 1,460	76 84	275 463
10		633 604	9 18	578 539	2 2	44 45	13 0	44 24	1,521 1,274	174 134	1,340 1,001
11		451 225	18 3	373 202	6 5	53 15	2 2	8 15	1,447 1,214	34 123	90 347
12		1,082 841	3 8	922 743	9	137 87	6 0	70 60	2,012 1,934	766 661	1,354 852
13		788 646	9 7	704 576	4 9	71 54	7 2	73 25	926 1,117	324 233	1,153 945
<u>L</u> 4		121 219	0	118 203	0 0	3 16	6 0	47 48	1,383 1,369	268 228	592 632
		372 350	19 27	302 262	4 6	41 55	3 4	29 34	912 772	236 234	1,641 1,519
		633 520	10 7	552 466	5 4	65 43	6 1	42 30	1,562 1,414	295 264	852 721

*Based on juvenile population estimates **Does not include Eugene or Springfield P. D.

COUNTY CRIME RATES

The 36 counties in Oregon are presented in Table 3.6 and ranked in order by their respective Index Crime rate, violent crime rate, and property crime rate.

As shown, four counties (Multnomah, Marion, Lane, and Jackson) were above the State Index Crime rate while three counties (Multnomah, Jefferson, and Umatilla) were above the State violent crime rate. Five counties (Multnomah, Marion, Lane, Jackson, and Lincoln) were above the State property crime rate.

In Table 3.7 the five counties with the highest individual Index Crime rates are ranked in descending order including the rates for two of the Part II offenses - fraud and vandalism. As shown, the highest rates for every offense, except murder, were calculated for Multnomah County. The highest murder rate was for Baker County and was almost five times higher than the State rate. The highest robbery rate, by far, was for Multnomah County - approximately three times higher than the State rate and almost six times higher than the second highest rate (Marion County).

Baker County, which showed the highest murder rate, also had the highest fraud rate in 1976 - over three and one half times higher than the State rate. The highest vandalism rate is shown for Marion County - one and one half times higher than the State rate.

TABLE 3.6 - RANKING OF CONTIES BY CRIME RATES 1976

Rank	County	Index Crime Rate	Population	County	Violent Crime Rate	County	Property Crime
1							Rate
	Multnomah	9,762	553,000	Multnomah	940	Multnomah	8,822
2	Marion	6,993	173,300	Jefferson	626	Marion	6,657
3	Lane	6,597	246,000	Umatilla (State)	464 (453)	Lane	6,256
4	Jackson (State)	6,376 (6,315)	113,000	Douglas	443	Jackson	6,018
5	Lincoln	6,256	28,100	Linn	432	Lincoln (State)	5,871 (5,862)
6	Linn	5,782	83,400	Union	402	Linn	5 ₃ 350
1	Clatsop	5,617	29,500	Harney	386	Clatsop	5,319
}	Coos	5,391	60,200	Lincoln	385	Coos	5,096
9	Jefferson	5,212	9,900	Jackson	358	Clackamas	4,775
)	Umatilla	5,058	50,000	Lane	341	Wasco	4,724
L	Clackamas	5,037	205,800	Marion	336	Umatilla	4,594
2	Wasco	4,965	20,300	Columbia	308	Jefferson	4,586
3	Douglas	4,867	81,600	Clatsop	298	Benton	4,462
4	Union	4,784	22,200	Coos	245	Douglas	4,424
5	Deschutes	4,644	41,800	Klamath	281	Deschutes	4,407
6	Josephine	4,605	47,000	Polk	268	Union	4,383
.7	Benton	4,595	65,600	Curry	266	Josephine	4,376
.8	Klamath	4,472	55,500	Washington	263	Malhuer	4,358
.9	Malheur	4,472	24,600	Clackamas	262	Klamath	4,191
0	Washington	4,438	196,000	Tillamook	242	Washington	4,175
1	Curry	4,420	14,300	Wasco	241	Curry	4,154
2	Columbia	4,113	32,400	Deschutes	237	Columbia	3,805
:3	Tillamook	3,968	18,600	Josephine	229	Sherman	3,745
24	Sherman	3,882	2,190	Lake	226	Tillamook	
5	Harney	3,839	7,500	Crook	218	Yamhill	3,525
:6	Yamhill	3,740	45,700	Yamhill	215	Harney	3,453
27	Baker	3,486	15,950	Grant	188	Gilliam	3,364
28	Gilliam	3,409	2,200	Baker	157	Baker	3,329
29	Polk	3,201	41,400	Morrow	150	Polk	2,933
30	Crook	2,904	11,950	Sherman	137	Crook	2,686
1	Hood River	2,735	14,450	Benton	133	Hood River	2,603
)2	Morrow	2,710	5,350	Hood River	132	Morrow	2,560
33	Grant	2,449	7,430	Wallowa	131	Grant	2,261
,5 34	Wheeler	2,168	2,030	Málheur	114	Wheeler	2,119
35	Wallowa	1,454	6,880	Wheeler	49	Wellowa,	1,323
36	Lake	1,450	6,620	Gilliam	45	Lake	1,224

TABLE 3.7 - CRIME RATES BY COUNTY RANKING OF FIVE HIGHEST

RANK	COUNTY	MURDER RATE	COUNTY	FORCIBLE RAPE RATE	COUNTY	ROBBERY RATE	COUNTY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE
1	Baker	19	Multnomah	73	Multnomah	405	Jefferson	586
2	Lake	15	Marion	46	Marion	70	Multnomah	454
3	Grant	13	Gilliam	45	Lane	69	Umatilla	392
4	Harney	13	Wasco	39	Jackson	59	Douglas	363
5	Klamath	11	Lane	35	Wasco	59	Linn	351
(S	TATE)	(4)		(35)		(132)		(281)
RANK	COUNTY	BURGLARY RATE	COUNTY	LARCENY RATE	COUNTY	MOTOR VEHI		
1	Multnomah	2,786	Multnomah	5,305	Multnomah	- 731		
2	Lincoln	1,822	Marion	4,593	Lincoln	423		
3	Gilliam	1,682	Lane	4,285	Coos	415		
4	Marion	1,680	Jackson	4,037	Marion	384		
5	Jackson	1,673	Lincoln	3,626	Clackamas	371		
(s	TATE)	(1,684)		(3,775)		(403)		
RANK	COUNTY	FRAUD RA	<u>TE</u>		COUNTY	VANDALISM	RATE	
1	Baker	1,047			Marion	2,077		
2	Josephine	*			Jackson	2,064		
3	Jackson	843			Clatsop	2,027		
4	Curry	762			Multnomah	1,707		
5	Lincoln	616			Malheur	1,606		
(s	TATE)	(292)				(1,386)		

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STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS (SMSA)

Within three of Oregon's administrative districts (2, 3, and 5 inclusive) are three metropolitan areas designated as Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA) by the Bureau of the Census. The Bureau of the Census recognized 243 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas in the United States and four in Puerto Rico in the 1970 Census.

Except in the New England States, an SMSA is a county or group of contiguous counties which contain at least one city of 50,000 population or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in the SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. One of the prime reasons for establishing SMSAs was to delineate densely populated areas. It is therefore meaningful to compile reported crime data by these designated areas, since population density plays a role in crime rates. Cities located within areas of dense population concentration tend to have relatively more crimes than do isolated cities.

There are three SMSAs in Oregon: Portland SMSA, Salem SMSA, and Eugene SMSA as depicted by the map in Figure 3.2. For purposes of this report, Portland SMSA does not include Clark County, Washington.

The total population living in the three SMSAs combined was 1,415,500 in 1976 or 60.4 percent of the state total. This is approximately 1.8 percent higher than in 1975.

There were a total of 102,718 Index Crimes reported in 1976 within the three SMSAs representing 69.5 percent of the state's total Index Crimes.

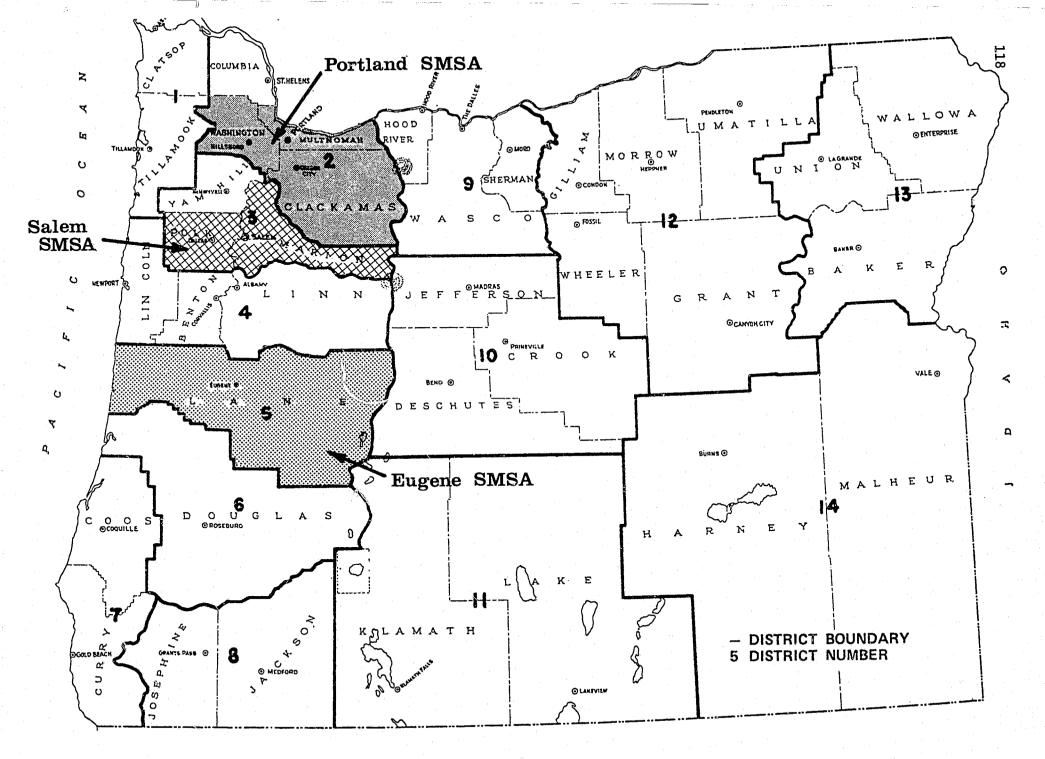


FIGURE 3.2 OREGON'S STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

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PORTLAND SMSA

The Portland SMSA, for this report, is comprised of Multnomah, Clackamas and Washington Counties with the core city being Portland.

The estimated population for the Portland SMSA in 1976 was 954,800 or 41 percent of the state total. There were 73,045 Index offenses in 1976 which represent 49.4 percent of the state total. The number of Index offenses, arrests, and clearances for the Portland SMSA in 1976 and 1975 are presented in Table 3.8, including calculated rates per 100,000 population.

The total Index crime rate in 1976 was 7,650 offenses per 100,000 - a decrease of 4.5 percent from 1975. The violent crime rate increased by 5.0 percent (from 623 to 654). The property crime rate decreased by 5.2 percent from 1975. The highest increase in 1976 was in the aggravated assault rate (+6.8%) while the largest decrease was shown in the motor vehicle theft rate (-16.6%).

The number of people arrested by police agencies within the Portland SMSA increased for the crimes of rape, robbery, assault, and larceny while arrests for the other offenses decreased. The arrest rate (number of arrests per 100,000 population) decreased slightly for total Index crimes in 1976 while the arrest rate for violent crime increased 13.6 percent. The pattern of change in arrest rates seemed to parallel the change in the offenses rates except for larceny. The number of larceny offenses per 100,000 population showed a decrease of 1.3 percent in 1976 while the arrest rate showed an increase of 4.2 percent.

Of the total 73,045 Index offenses in 1976, 12,191 or 16.7 percent were cleared - no notable increase in the clearance rate over 1975. Of the violent offenses, 40.2 percent were cleared and 14.5 percent of the property offenses were cleared - both clearance rates were slightly higher than in 1975. Worth noting is the increase in the clearance rate for forcible raper (from 40.5% in 1975 to 46.3% in 1976) while the clearance rate for burglary showed a decrease (from 14.2% in 1975 to 11.2% in 1976).

TABLE 3.8 - INDEX OFFENSES, ARRESTS, AND CLEARANCES
1975 and 1976
PORTLAND SMSA

TYPE OF OFFENSE	YEAR	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF CLEARANCES	PERCENT OF OFFENSES CLEARED
MURDER .	1976 1975	48 69	5 7	-28.6%	49 52	5 6	-16.7%	39 57	81.3% 82.6%
FORCIBLE RAPE	1976 1975	473 459	50 49	+2.0%	134 110	14 12	+16.7%	219 186	46.3% 40.5%
ROBBERY	1976 1975	2,444 2,312	256 245	+4.5%	587 501	61 53	+15.1%	621 589	25.4% 25.5%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1976 1975	3,284 3,028	344 322	+6.8%	988 855	103 91	+13.2%	1,632 1,455	49.7% 48.1%
VIOLENT CRIME	1976 1975	6,249 5,868	654 623	+5.0%	1,758 1,518	184 162	+13.6%	2,511 2,287	40.2% 39.0%
BURGLARY	1976 1975	21,136 22,910	2,214 2,433	-9.0%	2,037 2,432	213 258	-17.4%	2,366 3,249	11.2%
LARCENY	1976 1975	40,248 40,219	4,215 4,271	-1.3%	7,174 6,791	751 721	+4.2%	6,597 5,808	16.4% 14.4%
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	1976 1975	5,412 6,407	567 680	-16.6%	847 926	89 98	-9.2%	717 758	13.2% 11.8%
PROPERTY CRIME	1976 1975	66,796 69,536	6,996 7,384	-5.2%	10,058 10,149	1,053 1,077	-2.2%	9,680 9,815	14.5% 14.1%
TOTAL	1976 1975	73,045 75,404	7,650 8,007	-4.5%	11,816 11,667	1,238 1,239	-0.1%	12,191 12,102	16.7% 16.0%

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INDEX CRIME RATES - CITY OF PORTLAND COMPARED TO MAJOR WEST COAST CITIES

A comparison of Index crime rates (offenses per 100,000 population) for the period 1973 to 1976 for the Cities of Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, and Los Angeles is shown in Table 3.9. Because these cities are so individually unique in terms of population, topography, areas, climate, and other characteristics, the comparison of percentage change in rates is probably more meaningful then a straight comparison of rates for any particular year.

In 1976, the Index crime rate decreased for the cities of Portland, Seattle, and Los Angeles, while it increased in San Francisco to make it the highest among the four cities. The violent crime rates continued to increase in all four cities with the highest rate and increase shown for San Francisco. The lowest percentage increase in the violent crime rate is shown for Portland. Property crime rates decreased for Portland, Seattle, and Los Angeles, while the rate for San Francisco showed a dramatic increase.

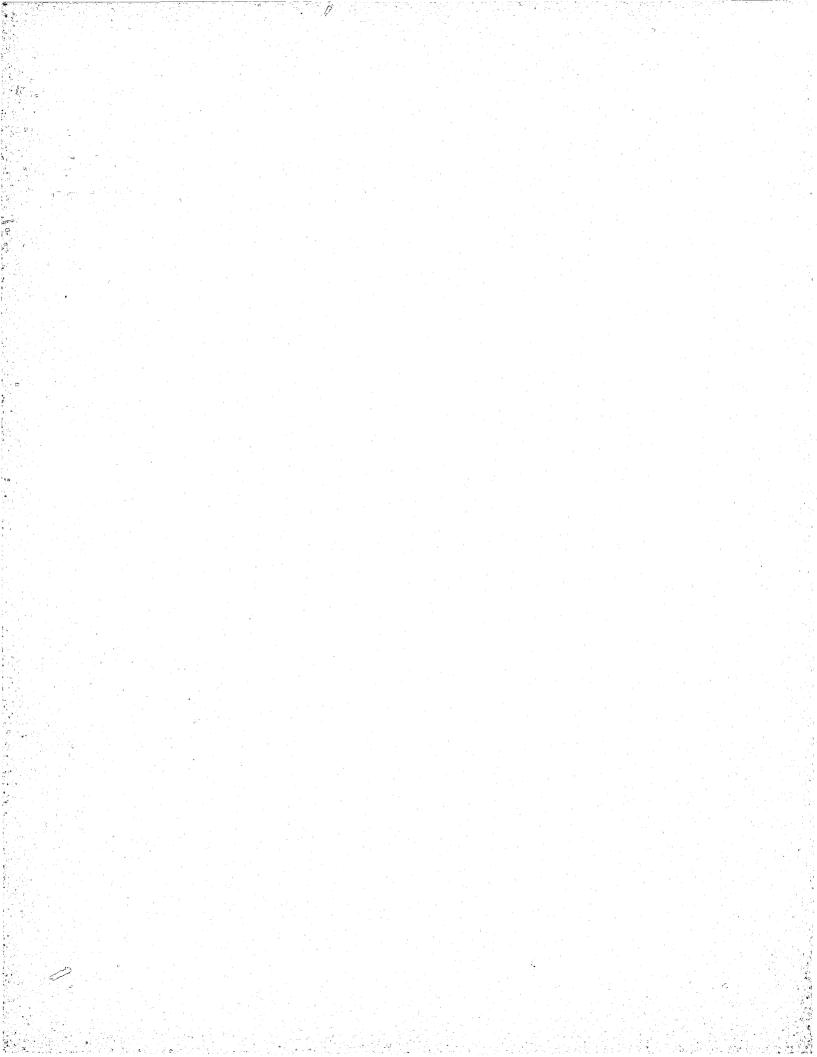
The murder rates decreased in all four cities, while Seattle was the only city to report a decrease in the forcible rape rate, although very slight. Los Angeles was the only city to show a reduction in the robbery rate, while the aggravated assault rate continued to increase in Portland, Seattle, and San Francisco and reversed the 1975 change in Los Angeles, showing an increase.

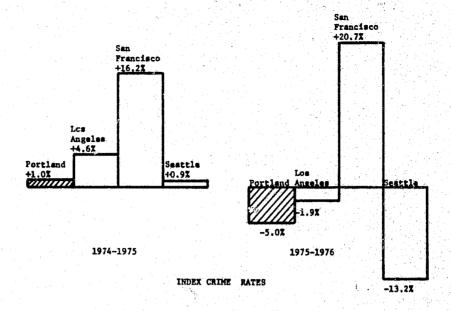
San Francisco was the only city among the four to show an increase in the larceny rate with Portland and Seattle showing substantial decreases in the motor vehicle theft rate.

TABLE 3.9 - INDEX CRIME RATES - PORTLAND AND MAJOR WEST COAST CITIES

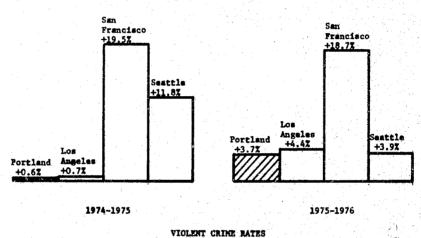
CITY		POPULATION	TOTAL INDEX RATE	VIOLENT CRIME RATE	PROPERTY CRIME RATE	MURDER RATE	FORCIBLE RAPE RATE	ROBBERY RATE	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE	BURGLARY RATE	LARCENY RATE	MOTOR VEHICLE RATE
PORTLAND	1973	385,600	9,431	782	8,649	8.3	49.8	385.4	338.2	3,109.4	4,570.5	969.4
	1974	374,600 -2.9%	11,162	1,080 +38.1%	10,082	11.2 +34.9%	71.3 +43.2%	511.5 +32.7%	486.4 +43.8%	3,548.6 +14.1%	5,425.3 +18.7%	1,108.1 +14.3%
	% Change 1975	375,000	11,277	1,087	10,190	12.8	76.5	491.5	506.1	3,387.7	5,810.4	992.3
	% Change	+0.1%	+ 1.0%	+ 0.6%	+ 1.1%	+14.3%	+ 7.3%	- 3.9%	+ 4.1%	- 4.5%	+ 7.1%	-10.5%
	1976	382,000	10,709	1,127	9,582	10.2	84.3	500.8	531.4	3,142.4	5,686.2	753.9
	% Change	+1.9%	- 5.0%	+ 3.7%	- 6.0%	-20.3%	+10.2%	+ 1.9%	+ 5.0%	- 7.2%	- 2.1%	-24.0%
SEATTLE	1973	515,000	7,820	565	7,255	10.5	53.6	330.5	170.9	2,509.9	4,018.6	726.2
	1974	507,000	9,079	706	8,373	10.8	62.3	402.6	229.8	2,804.5	4,794.5	774.6
	% Change	-1.6%	+16.1%	+25.0%	+15.4%	+ 2.9%	+16.2%	+21.8%	+34.5%	+11.7%	+19.3%	+ 6.7%
	1975	503,500	9,158	789	8,369	10.3	64.3	417.7	296.3	2,586.1	5,055.0	728.1
	% Change	-0.7%	+ 0.9%	+11.8%	- 0.05%	- 4.6%	+ 3.2%	+ 3.8%	+28.9%	- 7.8%	+ 5.4%	-6.0%
	1976	503,500	7,946	820	7,126	8.3	64.0	429.6	318.0	2,350.5	4,207.7	568.0
	% Change	-	-13.2%	+ 3.9%	-14.9%	-19.4%	- 0.5%	+ 2.8%	+ 7.3%	- 9.1%	-16.8%	-22.0%
SAN FRANCISCO	1973	687,200	8,369	1,181	7,188	15.6	78.6	701.0	385.6	2,236.0	3,592.8	1,359.0
	1974	675,600	8,276	1,139	7,137	20.6	64.2	656.6	397.3	2,090.7	3,795.7	1,250.6
	% Change	-1.7%	- 1.1%	- 3.6%	- 0.7%	+32.1%	-18.3%	- 6.3%	+ 3.0%	- 6.5%	+ 5.6%	- 8.0%
	1975	671,100	9,614	1,361	8,253	20.6	81.5	847.4	412.0	2,608.4	4,361.5	1,282.4
	% Change	-0.7%	+16.2%	+19.5%	+15.6%		+26.9%	+29.1%	+ 3.7%	+24.8%	+14.9%	+ 2.5%
	1976	666,100	11,602	1,615	9,987	19.7	92.9	995.0	507.3	3,301.6	5,156.7	1,529.2
	% Change	-0.7%	+20.7%	+18.7%	+21.0%	- 4.4%	+14.0%	+17.4%	+23.1%	+26.6%	+18.2%	+19.2%
LOS ANGELES	1973	2,763,000	7,661	1,094	6,567	17.7	77.7	496.1	502.6	2,487.5	2,974.4	1,105.1
•	1974	2,745,300	7,852	1,110	6,742	17.5	71.8	495.8	524.8	2,451.2	3,156.6	1,134.0
	% Change	-0.6%	+ 2.5%	+ 1.5%	+ 2.7%	+ 1.1%	- 7.6%	- 0.04%	+ 4.4%	- 1.5%	+ 6.1%	+ 2.6%
	1975	2,720,600	8,212	1,118	7,094	20.4	65.0	536.3	496.0	2,538.9	3,426.9	1,128.1
	% Change	-0.9%	+ 4.6%	+ 0.7%	+ 5.2%	+16.6%	- 9.5%	+ 8.2%	- 5.5%	+ 3.6%	+ 8.6%	- 0.5%
	1976	2,739,100	8,057	1,167	6,890	18.3	74.7	519.3	554.4	2,402.8	3,341.4	1,146.0
	% Change	+0.7%	- 1.9%	+ 4.4%	- 2.9%	-10.3%	+14.9%	- 3.2%	+11.8%	- 5.4%	- 2.5%	+ 1.6%

^{*}OFFENSE DATA FROM FBI ANNUAL UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS 1974 AND PRELIMINARY RELEASE March 26, 1976.





4)



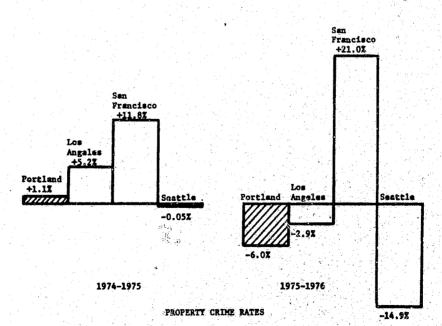


FIGURE 3.3 - PORTLAND AND MAJOR WEST COAST CITIES PERCENT CHANGE IN CRIME RATES 1974/75 AND 1975/76

CITY OF PORTLAND-COMPARISON WITH IMPACT CITIES

Portland is the core city within the Portland SMSA as well as the largest city in Oregon. The estimated population in Portland in 1976 was 382,000 - and increase of 1.9 percent over 1975. The City of Portland's population represents 16.3 percent of the State's population and reported 27.7 percent of the total Index Crime statewide.

Portland is one of eight cities participating in LEAA's High-Impact Anti-Crime program announced on January 13, 1972. The Impact Program had two basic objectives:

- . To reduce the incidence of five specific crimes by five percent in two years and twenty percent in five years.
- . To improve criminal justice capabilities via the demonstration of a comprehensive crime-oriented planning, implementation and evaluation cycle in eight American cities. The cities are: Atlanta, Baltimore, Cleveland, Dallas, Denver, Newark, Portland, (Oregon) and St. Louis (see Figure 3.4).

The Index Crime offenses reported by each of the Impact cities for 1975 and 1976 including the percentage change between the two years, is presented in Table 3.10. These totals are actual offense totals and not crime rates per 100,000 population due to the unavailability of 1976 population figures.

The changes in the number of total Index offenses (1975-1976) ranged from a decrease of 9.6 percent for the City of St. Louis to an increase of 4.9 percent for the City of Denver. Atlanta and Denver were the only two Impact cities to show increases in Index crime in 1976. All cities except Portland reported a decrease in violent crime in 1976 ranging from a 5.4 percent decrease in Dallas to an 18.3 percent decrease in Cleveland - Portland showed an increase of 3.7 percent. St. Louis reported the largest decrease in property crime in 1976 (-9.6%), while Denver showed the highest increase of 7.3 percent. Other important highlights from the table are:

- . The number of murders decreased substantially throughout the Impact cities except for Denver (up 16.2%).
- . Portland reported the largest increase in forcible rape offenses in 1976 (+10.2%).
- . Portland was the only city to report an increase in the number of robbery offenses in 1976, while the other Impact cities showed substantial decreases.
- . Aggravated assault continued to increase in Portland while decreasing in other Impact cities.
- . The number of burglaries decreased in every Impact city in 1976 except Cleveland which showed a relatively small increase (+1.1%).
- . All cities reported a decrease in the number of motor vehicle thefts in 1976 ranging from a decrease of 25.2 percent in St. Louis to a 5.1 percent decrease in Denver.

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FIGURE 3.4

CITIES PARTICIPATING IN THE HIGH IMPACT ANTI-CRIME PROGRAM



TABLE 3.10 - INDEX OFFENSES - IMPACT CITIES - 1975/1976*

		TOTAL INDEX OFFENSES	TOTAL VIOLENT OFFENSES	TOTAL PROPERTY OFFENSES	MURDER OFFENSES	FORCIBLE RAPE OFFENSES	ROBBERY OFFENSES	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT OFFENSES	BURGLARY OFFENSES	LARCENY OFFENSES	MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT OFFENSES
IMPACT CI	<u>TY</u>							-			
Portland	1975	42,920	4,076	38,214	48	287	1,843	1,898	12,704	21,789	3,721
	1976	40,909	4,304	36,605	39	322	1,913	2,030	12,004	21,721	2,880
	% Change	-5.0%	+3.7%	-6.0%	-20.3%	+10.2%	+1.9%	+5.0%	-7.2%	-2.1%	-24.0%
Atlanta	1975	48,884	8,033	40,851	185	443	3,887	3,518	14,501	22,612	3,738
	1976	49,504	7,526	41,978	154	477	3,380	3,515	12,455	26,075	3,448
	% Change	+1.3%	-6.3%	+2.8%	-16.8%	+7.7%	-13.0%	-0.1%	-14.1%	+15.3%	-7.8%
Baltimore	1975	70,411	16,086	54,325	259	463	9,055	6,309	15,787	30,936	7,602
	1976	67,599	14,191	53,368	200	460	7,755	5,776	15,319	2,162	5,887
	% Change	-4.1%	-11.8%	-1.8%	-22.8%	-0.6%	-14.4%	-8.4%	-3.0%	+4.0%	-22.6%
Cleveland	1975	57,806	10,403	47,403	288	491	7,100	2,524	13,001	19,496	14,906
	1976	53,141	8,496	44,645	236	498	5,453	2,309	13,150	18,882	12,613
	% Change	-8.1%	-18.3%	-5.8%	-18.1%	+1.4%	-23.2%	-8.5%	+1.1%	-3.1%	-15.4%
Dallas	1975	94,411	7,655	85,756	237	547	3,386	3,485	25,924	54,843	5,989
	1976	91.280	7,244	84,036	230	591	3,113	3,310	22,931	55,974	5,131
	% Change	-3.3%	-5.4%	-2.0%	-3.0%	+8.0%	-8.1%	-5.0%	-11.5%	+2.1%	-14.3%
Denver	1975	50,387	4,960	45,427	74	480	2,568	1,838	18,248	21,888	5,291
	1976	52,867	4,107	48,760	86	383	2,042	1,596	17,341	26,399	5,020
	% Change	+4.9%	-17.2%	+7.3%	+16.2%	-20.2%	-20.5%	-13,2%	-5.0%	+20.6%	-5.1%
Newark	1975	34,572	7,136	27,436	122	297	4,273	2,444	10,321	10,501	6,614
	1976	34,283	6,565	27,718	99	323	3,834	2,309	10,248	11,542	5,928
	% Change	-0.8%	-8.0%	+1.0%	-18.9%	+8.8%	-10.3%	-5.5%	-0.7%	+9.9%	-10.4%
St. Louis	1975	69,399	10,563	58,836	240	462	6,288	3,573	18,976	30,233	9,627
	1976	62,747	9,574	53,173	182	489	5,303	3,600	17,005	28,969	7,199
	% Change	-9.6%	-9.4%	-9.6%	-24.2%	+5.8%	-15.7%	+0.8%	-5.1%	-4.2%	-25.2%

^{*}Offense data from F.B.I. preliminary release -, March 30, 1977

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CITY OF PORTLAND - SELECTED OFFENSES

Robbery

The number of robbery offenses in Portland in 1976 compared to 1975 by target location is shown in Table 3.11.

In total, the number of robbery offenses increased by 3.8 percent over 1975. Although the numbers are small, robberies of banking institutions represented the highest percentage increase (+42.3%) while robberies on the highway, of gas stations, and of chain stores decreased. The highest amount of property stolen was reported under miscellaneous robberies with the second highest reported for highway robberies. The highest mean value of \$985 per offense was calculated for bank robberies.

TABLE 3.11 ROBBERY OFFENSES IN PORTLAND

				Total Value	Mean Value
TARGET		f Offenses 1976	Channa	of Property	
TARGET.	<u>1975</u>	19/6	Changes	Stolen 1976	<u>1976</u>
Highway (streets, alleys, etc)	517	491	~ 5.0%	\$ 67,555	\$138
Commercial House	240	271	+12.9%	\$ 53,488	\$197
Gas Station	79	71	-10.1%	\$ 7,150	\$101
Chain Store	216	178	-17.6%	\$ 15,899	\$ 89
Residence	149	158	+ 6.0%	\$ 43,489	\$275
Banking Institutions	26	37	+42.3%	\$ 36,433	\$985
Miscellaneous	616	707	+14.8%	\$109,742	\$155
TOTAL	1,843	1,913	+ 3.8%	\$333,756	\$174

Burglary

The number of burglary offenses in Portland in 1976 compared to 1975 is shown in Table 3.12. As illustrated, the total number of offenses decreased for the second straight year (down 5.5% from 1975). Residential burglaries decreased by 4.9 percent compared to non-residential or commercial offenses which decreased by 6.9 percent.

The number of night, day, and unknown time burglary offenses were combined as shown at the bottom of Table 3.12. All three categories showed a decrease with the largest being of day-time burglaries.

Residential burglaries represented 72 percent of the value of property stolen in 1976 and showed a mean value of \$442 per offense compared to \$363 per offense for non-residential burglaries.

TABLE 3.12 BURGLARY OFFENSES 1975-1976

CITY OF PORTLAND - BY TARGET

TARGET	NUMBER OF	F OFFENSES 1976	PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBU- TION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN 1976	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE 1976
Residential	(8,583)	(8,166)	(-4.9%)	(68.0%)	(\$3,605,408)	(\$442)
Night (6pm-6am)	2,135	2,088	-2.2%	17.4%	768,852	368
Day (6am-6pm)	3,055	2,647	-13.4%	22.17	1,030,783	389
Unknown	3,393	3,431	+1.1%	28.5%	1,805,773	526
Non-Residential	(4,121)	(3,838)	(-6.9%)	(32.0%)	(\$1,391,474)	(\$363)
Night (6pm-6am)	1,771	1,736	-2.0%	14.5%	529,897	305
Day (6am-6pm)	326	365	+12.0%	3.0%	79,439	218
Unknown	2,024	1,737	-14.2%	14.5%	782,138	450
TOTAL	12,704	12,004	-5.5%	100.0%	\$4,996,882	\$416
Total Night	3,906	3,824	-2.1%	31.9%	\$1,298,749	\$340
Total Day	3,381	3,012	-10.9%	25.1%	\$1,110,222	\$369
Total Unknown	5,417	5,168	-4.6%	43.07	\$2,587,911	\$501
Forcible Entry	8,316	7,965	-4.2%	66.4%		
No Force Used	3,417	3,201	-6.3%	26.7%		
Attempted Entry	971	838	-13.7%	6.9%		

Larceny

The number of larceny offenses in Portland in 1976 compared to 1975 by type is presented in Table 3.13.

In total, the number of larceny offenses in Portland decreased slightly in 1976 (-0.3%). The largest reductions in the types of larcenies were in theft from coin-operated machines (-25.3%) and purse snatching (-20.6%) while pocket-picking offenses showed the highest increase (30.1 percent higher than 1975). The second highest increase was reported for theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories (+11.2% over 1975). (Similar to 1975, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories increased while the number of motor vehicle thefts decreased).

The highest amount of property stolen was reported for theft of articles from motor vehicles (over \$1.7 million, 39% of the total) with the highest mean value per offense of \$346 for this category, excluding the category of all other.

TABLE 3.13 - LARCENY OFFENSES 1975-1976 CITY OF PORTLAND - BY TYPE

TYPE		ER OF NSES 1976	PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBU- TION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN 1976	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE 1976
Pocket-Picking	166	216	+30.1%	1.0%	\$ 25,329	\$ 117
Purse-Snatching	399	317	-20.6%	1.5%	23,802	75
Shoplifting	2,682	2,864	+6.8%	13.2%	140,297	49
Articles from Motor Vehicles	r 5,275	5,095	-3.4%	23.5%	1,762,859	346
Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories	s 4,332	4,818	+11.2%	22.2%	716,607	149
Bicycles	1,842	1,572	-14.7%	7.2%	143,636	91
Articles from Buildings	4,687	4,523	-3.5%	20.8%	872,463	193
From Coin-Operated Machines	241	180	-25.3%	0.8%	4,703	•26
All Other	2,165	2,136	-1.3%	9.8%	773,592	362
TOTAL	21,789	21,721	-0.3%	100.0%	\$4,463,288	\$ 205

EUGENE SMSA

The Eugene SMSA is comprised of Lane County which is also the Administrative District 5 and includes Eugene as its core city.

The estimated population for the Eugene SMSA in 1976 was 246,000 or 10.5 percent of the State total. There were 16,228 Index offenses in 1976 which represented 11.0 percent of the State total. The number of Index offenses, arrests, and clearances for the Eugene SMSA in 1975 and 1976 are presented in Table 3.14 including the calculated rates per 100,000 population.

The Index Crime rate in the Eugene SMSA in 1976 was 6,597 offenses per 100,000 population — a decrease of 9.5 percent from 1975. The violent crime rate decreased by 5.3 percent while the property crime rate decreased by 9.7 percent. The decrease in the total Index Crime rate and property crime rate in the Eugene SMSA were greater than either the Portland or Salem SMSA. The Eugene SMSA was the only one to show a decrease in the violent crime rate in 1976. The robbery and aggravated assault rates decreased in the Eugene SMSA in 1976 compared to increases in the other two SMSAs. The most notable decrease was in the burglary rate (-19.8% from 1975).

The number of people arrested by police agencies within the Eugene SMSA increased in 1976 for every offense except murder and aggravated assault. The arrest rate (arrests per 100,000 population) for total Index Crime increased by 17.7 percent over 1975; the property crime arrest rate increased by 21.5 percent; and the violent crime arrest rate decreased by 12.4 percent. The most notable increase was in the arrest rate for motor vehicle theft (+34.9%) while the offense rate showed a 15.8 percent decrease. The arrest rate for property crimes in the Eugene SMSA was the highest of the SMSAs.

Of the 16,228 Index offenses in the Eugene SMSA in 1976, 3,482 or 21.5 percent were cleared - this represents an increase in the clearance rate over 1975. The clearance rate for larceny (28.9%) was the highest of the SMSAs and showed a substantial increase over 1975. All of the clearance rates increased in the Eugene SMSA in 1976 with the exception of the murder clearance rate which decreased and the forcible rape clearance rate which showed a slight decrease.

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TABLE 3.14 - INDEX OFFENSES, ARRESTS, AND CLEARANCES EUGENE SMSA 1975-1976

TYPE OF OFFENSE	YEAR	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF CLEARANCES	PERCENT OF OFFENSES CLEARED
MURDER	1976	9		+33.3%	7	3	-50.0%	6	66.7%
MORDER	1975	7	3	T33.3%	14	6	-50.0%	10	100 %
FORCIBLE	1976	87	35	+20.7%	23	9	+12.5%	41	47.1%
RAPE	1975	69	29		20	8		33	47.8%
ROBBERY	1976 1975	169 170	69 70	-1.4%	73 52	30 22	+36.4%	59 33	34.9% 19.4%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1976 1975	573 625	233 258	-9.7%	192 244	78 101	-22.8%	250 249	43.6% 39.8%
VIOLENT CRIME	1976 1975	838 871	341 360	-5.3%	295 330	120 137	-12.4%	356 325	42.5% 37.3%
BURGLARY	1976 1975	4,009 4,915	1,630 2,033	-19.8%	682 669	277 276	+0.3%	688 783	17.2% 15.9%
LARCENY	1976 1975	10,541 10,861	4,285 4,492	-4.6%	2,257 1,731	917 716	+28.1%	2,195 1,704	20.8% 15.7%
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	1976 1975	840 980	341 405	-15.8%	275 200	112 83	+34.9%	243 182	28.9% 18.6%
PROPERTY CRIME	1976 1975	15,390 16,756	6,256 6,930	-9.7%	3,214 2,600	1,306 1,075	+21.5%	3,126 2,669	20.3% 15.9%
TOTAL	1975 1976	16,228 17,627	6,597 7,290	-9.5%	3,509 2,930	1,426 1,212	+17.7%	3,482 2,994	21.5% 17.0%

CITY OF EUGENE - INDEX CRIME

Eugene is the core city within the Eugene SMSA as well as the second largest city in Oregon. The estimated population in Eugene in 1976 was 96,660 - an increase of 2.2 percent over 1975. The City of Eugene's population represents 4.1 percent of the State's population.

There were 8,427 Index offenses reported in Eugene in 1976 - a decrease of 6.0 percent from 1975 (see Table 3.15). Violent crimes totalled 432 (an increase of 4.9 percent over 1975), while property crimes, totalling 7,995, decreased by 6.6 percent.

In terms of crime rate (offenses per 100,000 population), the total decreased by 8.0 percent from 1975. The murder rate rose from 0 in 1975 to 5.2 in 1976, while the highest measurable increase (+33.5%) was reported for forcible rape although the actual numbers are quite small. The largest decrease was reported in the motor vehicle theft rate (-24.2% from 1975).

TABLE 3.15 - INDEX CRIME IN EUGENE

	Number of	Offenses	Crime Rate per 100,000 Population
Offense	1975	1976	<u>1975</u> <u>1976</u> <u>Change</u>
Murder	0	. 5	0.0 5.2 -
Forcible Rape	. 33	45	34.9 46.6 +33.5%
Robbery	111	115	117.3 119.0 + 0.2%
Aggravated Assault	268	267	283.3 276.1 - 2.5%
Burglary	2,208	2,045	2,334.0 2,115.7 - 9.4%
Larceny	5,789	5,516	6,119.5 5,706.6 - 6.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	560	434	592.0 449.0 -24.2%
TOTAL	8,969	8,427	9,481.0 8,718.2 - 8.0%
Violent Crimes	412	432	435.5 446.9 + 2.6%
Property Crimes	8,557	7,995	9,045.5 8,271.3 - 8.6%
Population	94,600	96,660	+ 2.27

Burglary

The number of burglary offenses in 1976 compared to 1975 by target and time of day are illustrated in Table 3.16.

In 1976, 2,045 burglary offenses were reported in Eugene - a decrease of 7.4 percent from 1975. Of this total, 1,409 or 68.9 percent were of residences; 636 or 31.1 percent were of commercial businesses. The number of residential burglaries decreased by 10.5 percent while the number of commercial burglaries showed a slight increase of 0.3 percent. The fact that increases are shown in the day and night time categories with substantial decreases in the unknown time categories indicates that the police and/or victims were better able to ascertain the time of occurrence than in 1975.

The total value of property stolen in residential burglaries amounted to \$373,410 in 1976 - a decrease of 8.9 percent. The total value of property stole in non-residential burglaries amounted to \$211,840 - an increase of 7.3 percent over 1975.

TABLE 3.16 - BURGLARY OFFENSES - EUGENE 1975-1976

TARGET	NUMBER OF	OFFENSES 1976	PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBU- TION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN 1976	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE 1976
Residential	(1,574)	(1,409)	(-10.5%)	(68.9%)	(\$373,410)	(\$265)
Night (6pm-6am)	454	406	-10.6%	19.9%	101,481	250
Day (6am-6pm)	487	521	+7.0%	25.5%	136,455	262
Unknown	633	482	-23.9%	23.5%	135,474	281
Non-Residential	(634)	(636)	(+0.3%)	(31.1%)	(211,840)	(\$333)
Night (6pm-6am)	144	268	+86.1%	13.1%	90,913	339
Day	134	186	+38.8%	9.1%	54,375	292
Unknown	356	182	-48.9%	8.9%	66,552	366
TOTAL	2,208	2,045	-7.4%	100.0%	\$585,250	\$266
Total Night	598	674	+12.7%	33.0%	\$192,394	\$285
Total Day	621	707	+13.8%	34.6%	\$190,830	\$270
Total Unknown	989	664	-32.9%	32.4%	\$202.026	\$304
Forcible Entry	1,074	1,085	+1.0%	53.1%		
No Force Used	949	775	-18.3%	37.9%		
Attempted Entry	185	185	-	9.0%		

Larceny

The number of larceny offenses in Eugene in 1976, compared to 1975, is illustrated in Table 3.17 by type and value of property stolen.

There were 5,516 larceny offenses reported in 1976 - a decrease of 4.7 percent from 1975. Only two categories increased in 1976 - shoplifting, up 20.9 percent, and theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, up 5.2 percent. Bicycle theft, which constitutes the highest percentage of offenses, showed a decrease of 1.3 percent.

The total value of stolen property resulting from larceny was \$715,152 in 1976 and showed a decrease from 1975, although the mean value per offense was higher than 1975. The mean value per offense of shoplifting showed a substantial decrease in 1976. As in the case with the City of Portland, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories continued to increase in the City of Eugene while the number of motor vehicle thefts showed a dramatic decrease.

TABLE 3.17 - LARCENY OFFENSES - EUGENE 1975-1976

TYPE	NUMBER OFFER 1975		PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBU- TION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN 1976	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE 1976
Pocket-Picking	13	11	-15.4%	0.2%	\$ 1,038	\$ 94
Purse-Snatching	21	. 8	-61.9%	0.1%	237	30
Shoplifting	761	920	+20.9%	16.7%	11,313	13
Articles from Motor Vehicles	1,147	872	-24.0%	15.8%	177,814	204
Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories	751	790	+5.2%	14.3%	86,369	109
Bicycles	1,304	1,287	-1.3%	23.4%	132,945	103
Articles from Buildings	1,178	1,093	-7.2%	19.8%	166,871	153
From Coin-Operated Machines	42	26	-38.1%	0.5%	809	31
All Other	572	509	-11.0%	9.2%	137,756	271
TOTAL	5,789	5,516	-4.7%	100.0%	\$715,152	\$130

SALEM SMSA

The Salem SMSA is comprised of Marion and Polk counties with Salem as its core city.

The estimated population for the Salem SMSA in 1976 was 214,700 or 9.2 percent of the State total. There were 13,445 Index offenses in 1976 which represents 9.1 percent of the State total. The number of Index offenses, arrests, and clearances for the Salem SMSA in 1976 and 1975 are presented in Table 3.18 including the calculated rates per 100,000 population.

The total Index Crime rate for the Salem SMSA in 1976 was 6,262 offenses per population — an increase of 2.6 percent over 1975. The violent crime rate increased by 31.8 percent while the property crime rate increased by 1.3 percent. Salem SMSA was the only SMSA in Oregon to show an increase in the property crime rate in 1976 which was due to the increase in the larceny rate. The increases in the violent crime rates (forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault) were the highest among the three SMSAs.

The number of people arrested by police agencies within the Salem SMSA increased in number in 1976 but showed a slight decrease in the number per 100,000 population. The most noted changes in arrest rates were a 31.0 percent increase in the arrest rate for aggravated assault and a 28.4 percent decrease in the rate for motor vehicle theft. Salem SMSA continued to show the highest arrest rate for burglary of the SMSAs.

Of the total 13,445 Index offenses in the Salem SMSA in 1976, 3,137 or 23.3 percent were cleared - this is a decrease from 1975. The clearance rate for robbery, aggravated assault, and burglary continued to be the highest of the three SMSAs. The most noted change in the rate was the large decrease in the clearance rate for burglary - from 32.0 percent in 1975 to 23.3 percent in 1976.

TABLE 3.18 - INDEX OFFENSES, ARRESTS, AND CLEARANCES SALEM SMSA 1975-1976

TYPE OF OFFENSE	YEAR	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	RATE PER 100,000 POPULATION	PERCENT CHANGE	NUMBER OF CLEARANCES	PEKCENT OF OFFENSES CLEARED
MURDER	1976 1975	6 6	3 3		12 13	6 6	-	6 7	100% 100%
FORCIBLE RAPE	1976 1975	84 47	39 23	+69.6%	13 14	6 7	-14.3%	21 18	25.0% 38.3%
ROBBERY	1976 1975	130 114	61 55	+10.9%	62 61	29 29		50 49	38.5% 43.0%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1976 1975	474 341	221 164	+34.8%	200 147	93 71	+ 31.0%	270 157	57.0% 46.0%
VIOLENT CRIME	1976 1975	694 508	323 245	+31.8%	287 235	134 113	+ 18.5%	347 231	50.0% 45.5%
BURGLARY	1976 1975	3,244 3,430	1,511 1,653	-8,6%	632 589	294 284	+3.5%	757 1,099	23.3% 32.0%
ARCENY	1976 1975	8,783 8,001	4,091 3,856	+6.1%	1,736 1,700	809 819	-1.2%	1,831 1,589	20.8% 19.9%
MOTOR VEHICLE	1976 1975	724 729	337 351	-4.0%	179 240	83 116	-28.4%	202 233	27.9% 32.0%
PROPERTY CRIME	1976 1975	12,751 12,160	5,939 5,860	+1.3%	2,547 2,529	1,186 1,219	-2.7%	2,790 2,921	21.9% 24.0%
FOTAL	1976 1975	13,445 12,668	6,262 6,105	+2.6%	2,834 2,764	1,320 1,332	-0.9%	3,137 3,152	23.3% 24.9%

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CITY OF SALEM - INDEX CRIME

Salem is the core city within the Salem SMSA as well as the third largest city in Oregon. The estimated population in Salem in 1976 was 80,000 - a 4.8 percent increase over 1975. Salem's population represents 3.4 percent of the State's population.

The number of Index offenses in Salem increased from 6,760 in 1975 to 7,338 in 1976 - up 8.6 percent (see Table 3.19). Violent crimes totalled 224 or an increase of 52.4 percent while property crimes, totalling 7,114, increased by 7.6 percent.

The total Index crime rate (offenses per 100,000 population) increased 3.5 percent over 1975 with the largest increases shown for the forcible rape rate and aggravated assault rate. The largest decrease was in the motor vehicle theft rate (-22.5% from 1975).

TABLE 3.19 - INDEX CRIME IN SALEM

	Number of Offenses		per	e Rate 100,000 lation	
Offense	1975	<u>1976</u>	1975	1976	Change
Murder	3	1	3.9	1.3	-66.7%
Forcible Rape	16	42	21.0	52.5	+150.0%
Robbery	80	79	104.8	98.7	-5.8%
Aggravated Assault	48	102	62.9	1.27.5	+103.0%
Burglary	1,557	1,636	2,040.6	2,045.0	+0.2%
Larceny	4,608	5,114	6,039.3	6,392.5	+5.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	448	364	587.2	455.0	-22.5%
TOTAL	6,760	7,338	8,859.8	9,172.5	+3.5%
Violent Crimes	147	224	192.7	280.0	+45.3%
Property Crimes	6,613	7,114	8,667.1	8,892.5	+2.6%
Population	76,300	80,000			+4.8%

Larceny

The number of larceny offenses reported in Salem rose 10.9 percent in 1976 (from 4,610 in 1975 to 5,114 in 1976).

Theft of articles from motor vehicles, which represents 32.4 percent of the total larcenies, increased 44.6 percent over 1975 and represents the highest property loss value of \$201,882 (45% of the total).

Contrary to the pattern for the cities of Portland and Eugene, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories decreased in Salem in 1976 by 25 percent.

TABLE 3.20 - LARCENY OFFENSES - SALEM 1975-1976

TYPE	NUMB OFFEI 1975		PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBU- TION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN 1976	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSE 1976
Pocket-Picking	5	10	+100.0%	0.2%	\$ 988	\$ 99
Purse-Snatching	24	19	-20.8%	0.4%	736	39
Shoplifting	853	956	+12.1%	18.7%	20,036	21
Articles from Moto Vehicles	or 1,151	1,664	+44.6%	32.4%	201,882	121
Motor Vehicle Par and Accessories	ts 713	535	-25.0%	10.5%	16,853	32
Bicycles	657	615	-6.4%	12.0%	42,988	70
Articles from Buildings	677	734	+8.4%	14.4%	96,105	131
From Coin-Operated Machines	i 30	29	-3.3%	0.6%	707	24
All Other	500	552	+10.4%	10.8%	73,102	132
TOTAL	4,610	5,114	+10.9%	100.0%	\$453,397	\$ 89

Burglary

The number of burglaries reported in Salem rose from 1,557 in 1975 to 1,636 in 1976 - an increase of 5.1 percent. Of the total in 1976, residential burglaries constituted 60.8 percent and showed an increase of 15.6 over 1975. Non-residential burglaries represented the remaining 39.2 percent and showed a decrease of 7.9 percent from 1975 (see Table 3.21).

The large increases in the number of unknown time category burglaries indicates that police and/or victims had more difficulties ascertaining the time of occurrence than in 1975.

In 1976, the number of burglaries involving forcible entry decreased by 4.5 percent, however, the number of incidents whereby entry was gained without force rose 24.2 percent indicating either an increase in victim reporting in that particular category or an increase in the actual number of offenses. Additional research is necessary to determine if there is a need for more citizen awareness promotion.

The total value of property stolen in residential burglary rose 26.2 percent to \$260,950 in 1976 while the total value of property stolen in non-residential burglary decreased 44.7 percent to \$110,538. The mean value per residential offense in 1976 was \$262 (+9% over 1975) while the mean value per non-residential offense was \$172 (-40% from 1975).

TABLE 3.21 - BURGLARY OFFENSES - SALEM 1975-1976

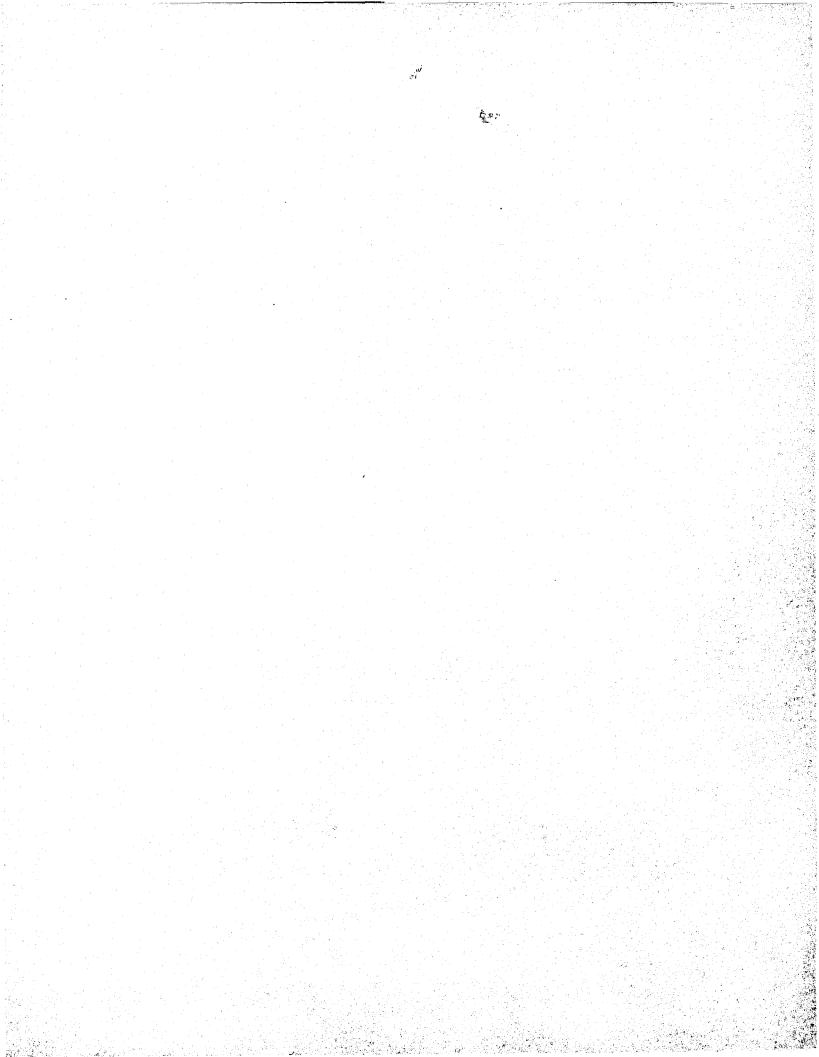
TARGET	NUMBER OF 1975	OFFENSES 1976	PERCENT CHANGE	PERCENT DISTRIBU- TION 1976	TOTAL VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN 1976	MEAN VALUE PER OFFENSI 1976
Residential	(861)	(995)	(15.6%)	(60.8%)	(\$260,950)	(\$262)
Night (6pm-6am)	339	307	-9.4%	18.8%	75,519	246
Day (6am-6pm)	241	283	+17.4%	17.3%	57,686	204
Unknown	281	405	+44.1%	24.7%	127,745	315
Non-Residential	(696)	(641)	(-7.9%)	(39.2%)	(\$110,538)	(\$172)
Night (6pm-6am)	502	380	-24.3%	23.2%	60,208	158
Day (6am-6pm)	28	28		1.8%	3,439	123
Unknown	166	233	+40.4%	14.2%	46,891	201
TOTAL	1,557	1,636	+5.1%	100.0%	\$371,488	\$227
Total Night	841	687	-18.3%	42.6%	\$135,727	\$198
Total Day	269	311	+15.6%	19.0%	\$ 61,125	\$197
Total Unknown	447	638	+42.7%	39.0%	\$174,636	\$274
Forcible Entry	982	938	-4.5%	57.3%		
No Force Used	476	591	+24.2%	36.1%		
Attempted Entry	99	107	+8.17	6.6%		

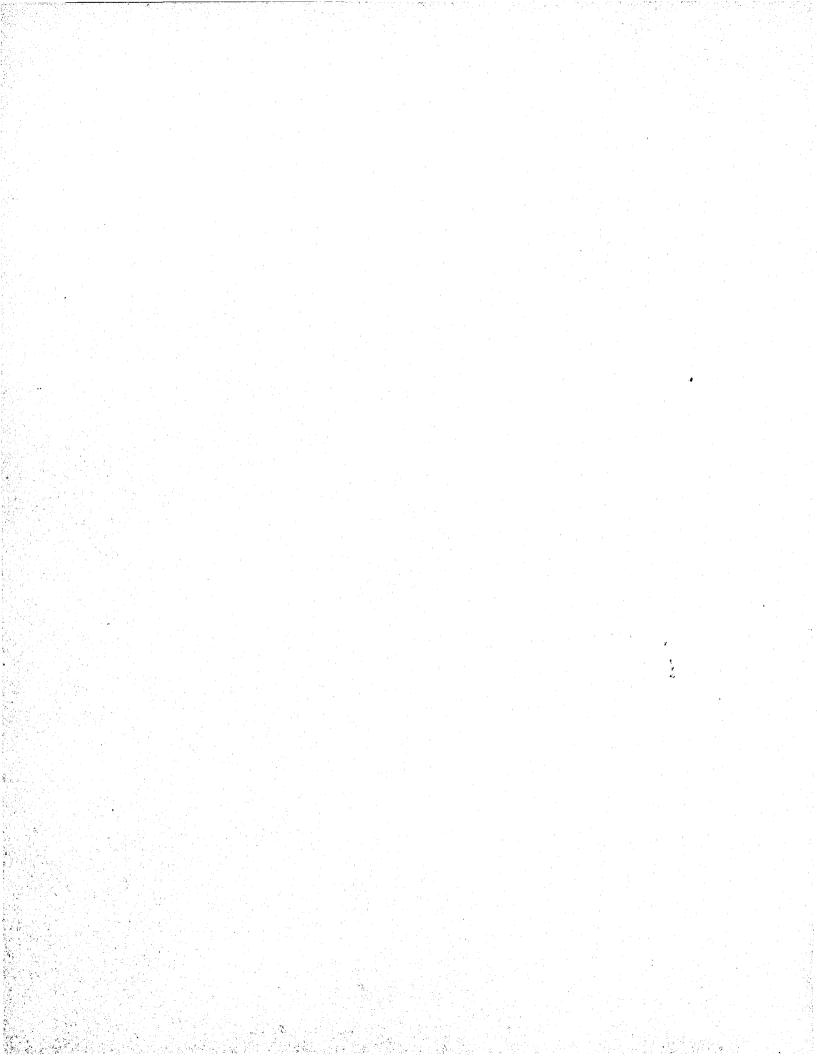
PORTLAND-EUGENE-SALEM SMSA COMPARISONS

The Index Crime Rates (offenses per 100,000 population) for the three SMSAs in Oregon, separately and combined, and the remainder of the state are presented in Table 3.22 including the change in rates from 1975 to 1976.

The total population for the three SMSAs combined increased by 1.8 percent over 1975 while the population outside the SMSAs increase by 2.0 percent. The population in the Salem SMSA showed the highest increase over 1975 (+3.5%) while the Portland and Eugene SMSAs increased by 1.4 percent and 1.7 percent respectively.

The Index Crime Rate for the combined SMSAs was 7,257 offenses per 100,000 population - a decrease of 4.5 percent from 1975. The same rate for the remainder of the state was 4,875 which decreased by 5.4 percent. The violent crime rate increased 5.6 percent in the three SMSAs while it remained the same for the remainder of the state. The property crime rate for the three SMSAs decreased by 5.2 percent while the remainder of the state decreased by 5.7 percent. The pattern of change in crime rates was virtually the same for the two areas in 1976 except for robbery and motor vehicle theft. The robbery rate continued to increase in the three SMSAs (+3.7% over 1975) while it showed a decrease of 9.5 percent for the remainder of the state. The motor vehicle theft rate showed a 15.4 percent decrease in 1976 in the three SMSAs while it continued to increase outside the SMSAs (+1.9%).





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TABLE 3.22 - SUMMARY OF INDEX CRIME RATES FOR OREGON'S STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

1975-1976

(Offenses per 100,000 population)

	Total Index Crime	Violent Crime	Property Crime	Murder	Forcible Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft
Portland SMSA*										
Population: 954,800 1976 1975	7,650 8,007	654 623	6,996 7,384	5 7	50 49	256 245	344 322	2,214 2,433	4,215 4,271	567 680
Change	-4.5%	+5.0%	-5.2%	-28.6%	+2.0%	+4.5%	+6.8%	-9.0%	-1.3%	-16.6%
Eugene SMSA Population: 246,000										
1976 1975	6,597 7,290	341 360	6,256 6,930	3	35 29	69 70	233 258	1,630	4,285 4,492	341 405
Change	-9.5%	-5.3%	-9.7%	+33.3%	+20.7%	-1.4%	-9.7%	2,033 -19.8%	-4.6%	-15.8%
Salem SMSA Population: 214,700										
1976	6,262	323	5,939	3	39	61	221	1,511	4,091	337
1975 Change	6,105	245 +31.8%	5,860 +1,3%	3	23 +69.6%	55 +10.9%	164 +34.8%	1,653 -8.6%	3,856 +6.1%	351 -4.0%
custike	T2.0%	TJI.OA	T1.3%		T09.0%	T10.9%	T34.0%	-0.0%	40.1%	-4.02
Portland-Eugene-Salem SMSAs Combined Population: 1,415,500										
1976	7,257	550	6,707	4	45	194	306	2,006	4,209	493
1975	7,599	521	7,078	6	41	187	287	2,247	4,248	583
Change	-4.5%	+5.6%	-5.2%	-33.3%	+9.87	+3.7%	+6.6%	-10.7%	-0.9%	-15.4%
Remainder of the State Population: 926,250										
1976	4,875	305	4,570	4	19	38	244	1,193	3,112	264
1975 Change	5,152	305	4,847 -5.7%	5 -20.0%	18 +5.6%	42	240	1,319 -9.6%	3,269 -4.8%	259
onange	-3.4%		-3./6	-20.0%	47,0%	-9.5%	+1.7%	-y.0%	-4.0%	+1.9%

^{*}Portland SMSA - does not include Clark County, Washington

CORE CITIES COMPARISONS

The three SMSA core cities of Portland, Eugene, and Salem, combined, represent 23.9 percent of the State's population and reported 38.3 percent of the State's total Index offenses. A comparison of the Index crime rates and the change from 1975 to 1976 is presented in Table 3.23.

As illustrated, the total Index crime rates decreased for the cities of Portland and Eugene in 1976 and increased for the City of Salem. The largest decrease was shown for the City of Eugene (-8.0%). The violent crime rates increased in all three cities with Salem showing the largest (+45.3%). Forcible rape increased in all three cities while robbery increased slightly in Portland and Eugene and decreased in Salem. The only city to show a decrease in aggravated assault was Eugene (-2.5%). The property crime rates decreased in all categories in the cities of Portland and Eugene while showing an increase in the larceny rate in Salem.

TABLE 3.23 - CHANGE IN INDEX CRIME RATES 1975-1976 PORTLAND, EUGENE, SALEM (Offenses per 100,000 population)

OFFENSE	City of Portland	City of Eugene	City of Salem
Murder	-20.3%	-	-66.7%
Forcible Rape	+10.27	+33.5%	+150.0%
Robbery	+ 1.97	+ 0.27	- 5.8%
Aggravated Assault	+ 5.0%	- 2.5%	+103.0%
Violent Crime	+ 3.7%	+ 2.6%	+ 45.37
Burglary	- 7.2%	- 9.4%	+ 0.2%
Larceny	- 2.1%	- 6.7%	+ 5.8%
Motor Vehicle Theft	-24.0%	-24.2%	- 22.5%
Property Crime	- 6.0%	- 8.6%	+ 2.6%
TOTAL	- 5.0%	- 8.0%	+ 3.5%

The following highlights on burglary offenses in the three cities in 1976 are from Table 3.24 - a comparison of the percent change in the number of offenses from 1975 to 1976.

- . Residential burglaries decreased in Portland for the second straight year and for the first time in Eugene, but increased again in Salem.
- . Non-residential burglaries decreased in Portland and Salem and increased only slightly in Eugene.
- . Burglaries involving forcible entry decreased in Portland and Salem, but increased slightly in Eugene.
- . Burglaries where entry was gained without force decreased in Portland and substantially in Eugene, but showed a dramatic increase in Salem.

In summary, and compared with the period 1974-1975, the statistics for 1975-1976 indicate a continuing decline in burglary in Portland; the beginning of a decline in burglary in Eugene; and a continuing increase in burglary in Salem, but only of residential units.

TABLE 3.24 - CHANGE IN BURGLARY OFFENSES 1975-1976 PORTLAND, EUGENE, SALEM

TYPE	City of Portland	City of Eugene	City of Salem
Residential	- 4.9%	-10.5%	+15.6%
Non-Residential	- 6.9%	+ 0.3%	- 7.9%
TOTAL	- 5.5%	- 7.4%	+ 5.1%
Forcible Entry	- 4.2%	+ 1.0%	- 4.5%
No Force In Entry	- 6.3%	-18.37	+24.2%
Attempted Entry	-13.7%	· <u>-</u>	+ 8.17

The following highlights on larceny offenses in the three cities in 1976 are from Table 3.25 - a comparison of the percent change in the number of offenses from 1975 to 1976.

- . Purse-snatching continued to decrease in all three cities in 1976.
- . Theft of articles from motor vehicles decreased in Portland and Eugene but continued to increase in Salem.
- . Theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories continued to increase in Portland and Eugene but showed a decrease in Salem.
- . Theft from coin-operated machines have begun to decline in all three cities.

In summary, the trend indicates a decline in larceny in Portland and Eugene, strongly influenced by a decrease in the category which represents the highest percentage of offenses - theft of articles from motor vehicles, while larceny in Salem continued to increase predominately in the mentioned category.

TABLE 3.25 - CHANGE IN LARCENY OFFENSES 1975-1976 PORTLAND, EUGENE, SALEM

TYPE OF LARCENY	City of Portland	City of Eugene	City of Salem
Pocket-picking	+30.17	-15.4%	+100%
Purse-snatching	-20.62	-61.9%	- 20.82
Shoplifting	+ 6.87	+20.9%	+ 12.1%
Article from Motor Vehicles	- 3.4%	-24.0 X	+ 44.5%
Motor Vehicles Parts and Accessories	+11.2%	+ 5.2%	- 25.0%
Bicycles	-14.7%	- 1.3%	- 6.4%
Articles from Build-ings	- 3.5%	- 7.2%	+ 8.4%
From Coin-operated Machines	-25.3%	-38.1%	- 3.3%

SECTION 4 OFFENSES, CLEARANCES AND ARRESTS BY DISTRICT, COUNTY, AND AGENCY

The agency statistics concerning Part I and II offenses contained in the following tables was reported to the Oregon UCR program by the individual participating agencies for 1976 and includes totals for each administrative district and county including a total for the Oregon State Police in each county. Due to disparities in reporting traffic-related deaths which are a majority volume element of criminal homicide ("Manslaughter by Negligence") manslaughter clearance and arrest data is not included in this section.

The following key is included as an explanation of the abbreviations used throughout the tables:

KEY TO FORMAT ABBREVIATIONS

Months of Reporting	The number of months reported by each individual agency.
Officer Assaults	The number of reported assaults on police officers during the reporting period.
OFF	The number of actual verified offenses or attempts as set forth by UCR guide-lines and definitions.
ARR	The number of arrests made during the reporting period. (Includes any arrests made during this period for offenses reported prior to 1/1/76. Includes persons cited, summoned, and notified as well as those taken into physical custody.)
CLR	The number of offenses cleared by arrest or cleared exceptionally during the reporting period. (Includes any clearances made during this time for offenses reported prior to 1/1/76.)
	These are counts of offenses cleared, not persons arrested.

*Note: When counting arrests, only those arrests which are made for an agency's "own" cases are counted for UCR purposes. For example, if Agency A makes an arrest on a warrant for Agency B, Agency B counts the arrest for UCR purposes. Agency A does not count it. For this reason, the number of arrests shown in this report will not necessarily agree with the statistics within a department which may show all arrest activity.

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District 1			PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS								PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS							DRUG ABUSE								. ,	·					
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY	OPFICER ASSAULT	Olympia	i	1	CO ROBBERY	S AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	MOTOR 20 VEHICLE THEFT	S OTHER ASSAULTS	G ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT	≓ FRAUD	TR EMBEZZI, EMENT STOLEN PROPERTY	WSITMUMA 4	C WEAPONS	PROSTITUTION &	OTHER SEX OFFENSE	DRUG E TOTAL	MARCOTIC	28 MARIJUANA	S SYNTHETIC C NARCOTIC	DANGEROUS PRUGS	S CAMBLING	S OFFENSES	11NG 21	LIQUOR LAWS	LONGNOO 4	ALL OTHER CEXCEPT TRAFFIC)	S CURFEW & LOITERING	RUNAWAY G JUVENILE
12	Clatsop Co. SO		Off Clr		1		6	61 8	4	5			2	2 1		50			1							1	8			26 1		1
12	Astoria PD (10,680)	5	Off Clr	1	1 1 2 1 1	5	3 27 10 27	182 38 40	5 461 67 74	6 46 14 19	20	3		1 46 8 6	1 1 2	301 31 36	5	,	1 6 2 3	43 33 36		40 31 36		3		4	92 92 92	221 218 316	48 45 36	120 39 31	62 61 72	46 29
12	Cannon Beach PD (875)		Off Clr Arr	1			21	26 3	63 12	2 1			2 2	46 17	1 1	25 3				6 6		5 5 3		1 1 1		1	20 20 20	12 10 17	3 3	23 13		6
1,2	Gearhart PD (845)		Off Clr					<u>.</u>	19 5							1		-		2		2					1 1			3		
5	Hammond PD (545)		Off Clr Arr					8																								
12	Seaside PD (4,695)	- 5	Off Clr Arr	#	2	2 1 1	33 19 23	77 11 13	270 44 32	11 2 2	20 20 16	1	7 4 1	52 23 6	1 1 4	194 21 14	2		3	34 27 16	1	30 23 15		3 3		1	40 40 40	49 48 99	29 28 29	18	8 8 11	
11	Warrenton PD (2,150)	1	Off Clr					21 3	34 7	5		1				9 1				2 2		2				1	15 15	6 6	2	9		6
12	State Police		Off Clr	2 1		1	1	5 46 7 15		12	3 2			8 8 7		1 12 1 7	3		1	32 32 28		32 32 28					380 380 380	99	4	8	5. 65	1
	COUNTY TOTAL (29,500)	11	Off Clr	2	1 5	6		429 75	1059 144 148	81 24	54 42	12	25 10 4	154 57	3 3 6	598 58	11		11 2 4	119 100 87	1	111		7 6 2		11 2	556 556 556	289 282	82 78	234 78	71 69	68 42 31
12	Tillamook Co. SO	1	Off Clr Arr		2		22	131 8 8	242 25	20 5	1	كسربسيب		15		135 11 5	: 1		11 2	13 2 23	1					4	36 36 36	2	9	159 4	1	66
1.2	Garibaldi PD (1,150)		Off Clr Arr					4 2 1	7	2	1					3 3			-	2 2		2 2					24 24 24	1	1 1			
0	Rockaway PD (940)		Off Clr Arr		NO	HEPORTS	RECEIV	ED																						 		
12	Tillamook PD (4,170)		Off Clr Arr	-	-		7 4	7	27	2 3				4		91 4 3	1		2 2 3	24 21 43		24 21 43				2	53 53 53	22 22 68	3 2	4	16	13 11 12
12	State Police	2	Off) Clr Arr		1		9 3 2	33 6	63 12		5 1 4			2 2 1		20 6 13	2			209 209 189		202 202 182		7 7 7			130 130 130	202	5 5 4			- 4
	COUNTY TOTAL (18,600)	3	Off Clr Arr		3	1	38	201 23	454 65	38 9	9 2	4,	1	21 4 1		249 24 24	3		13 4 3	248 234 257	_1	240 227 249		7 7		6	243 243 243	25 23 385	19 9	213 24	16°	79 11
	PISTRICT TOTAL	14	Off Clr	2. 1	1 1	18 7	40	630 98 124	1513 209 233	119 33 45	63 44 47	2	10	175 61 21	3 3 6	82	13		24 6 7	367 334 344	1	351 320 334		14 13 9		17	799 799 799	314 305 925	101. 87 86	102 237	85 123	21 147 53 52
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MONTHS OF REPORTING	ACENCY	OFFICER		11 MURDER	THANSLAUGHTER	S FORCIBLE RAPE	C ROBBERY	R AGGRAVATED	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	MOTOR S VEHICLE THEFT	S OTHER ASSAULTS	G ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT	T FRAUD	1 EMBEZZLEMENT	STOLEN PROPERTY	MSITROUPA 4	C WEAPONS	H PROSTITUTION	OTHER SEX OFFENSE	DRUG TOTAL	18 NARCOTIC	28 MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC W NARCOTIC	SDUNG 84	G CAMBLING	FAMILY O OFFENSES	IING 21	Z LIQUOR LAWS	TOUDONCT 4	ALL OTHER S (EXCEPT TRAFFIC)	CURFEW & LOITERING	RUMAWAY 6 JUVENILE
12	Clackamas Co. SO	9	Off Clr		21	30 11	48 14	173 53		2527 300	377 46	220 46					2	1473 63	200 4		72 24	137	15 3	82 51	7	33 13		25	124 124	14	26 23	1564 77	2 1	763 619
12	Canby PD (5,775)		Off Clr		1_	3	16 1	70 9 4	54	314 161 33 52	15 4	13 6	1	14	136 19		6 1 1	88 49 5	12 2 2		6 2 2	104 23 18	4	22 18	2	17		7 2 1	36 36	38 32 31	8 8	65 22	12 12	26 14
4	Estacada PD (1,690)		Off Clr					2		43	3			3	61		2	9 24 2	1			36		36				1	36 7 7 7	52 1 2	6	7		4
12	Gladstone PD (8,300)		Off Clr	-		2	4	18 2 4		403 51 37	31	7 1 3	1	2	22		1	247 14	7 1 2		26 3	30 19 23		29 19 23		1		2	39 39 39	25 13 17	30 6 8	253 17	15 9	53 34
12	Lake Oswego PD (19,700)	1	Of Clr		1	5	13 6 4		280 74	529 73 30	49 20 12	13 11	16	4		1	11 7	359 38 21	6 5		29 3 2	52 46 42		41		8 8 7		1	59	32 29 50	16 14 7	339 162	32 32	62 56
12	Milwaukie PD (17,300)	3	Off Clr Arr	1		1	14 3 3		271 16	555 128 75	52 8 8	18 7 2	1		8			281 37 44	7 7 5		15 3	32 29 34	1	30 27		1 1		2 1 2	138 138	30 29 43	19 13 19	95 56	18 17	53 21
12	Molalia PD (2,780)		Off Clr Arr				4 3 2	11 7	11	149 45 32	13	5	1	1	3		2 2 2	87 7	1		4	22 18 18		21 18 18		1		4	28 28 28	24 22 22	20 18 16	28 8	11 8	14
12	Oregon City PD (13,300)	4	Off Clr Arr			6 7 6	15 5 7	7 13	27 36	676 114 138	111 15 12	62 15 9	3	25 3	2	1	1	359 16 21	5 5 7		39 6 4	19 15 17		15 13 15		3 2 2		7	76 76 76	17 17 19	43 40 47	28 28	20 35	27 31
12	Sandy PD (2,190) West Linn PD	1 4	Clr Arr			1	4	10 5 4 17	14 2	139 42 46 251	14 4 1 28	14 1 3		2	3		2	58 7 5 146	2		11 6 1 20	11 62		9 58		2 4		2	33 33 33 24	8 40	13 9 6	2 11	2	14
12	(9,300)	<u> </u>	Clr		2		9	10 6 15	14 17	21 32 243	11 7 70	3	2	3	19		1 2 3	21 23 42	1 1		6	51	4	49 56 182	2	2 3 27		3	24 24 621	38 47 2	5 2 6	23 137	14 21	35
 	COUNTY TOTAL	24	Clr Arr	1	24	47	2 113	3	6 26	39 67 5676	10 15 763	3	9 14		3 7 420		1 3 20	4 5 3125	3 7 233		2 223	200	3 1	173 146 480	2	22 10 79		2 1 49	621 621 1185	1 55 218	3 8 193	10	2	17
	(205,800)	-	Cl r	3	22		31 34	377 139 142		846 835	128 125	103	23	45	86 89		13 19		28 38		53 29		9	404 454	4	48		11	1185 1185	191 353	135	425		867
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3																																		

Table 4.2 (Cont'd.) District 2 Page 2 PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE MANSLAUGHTER PROSTITUTION FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT MONTHS OF REPORTING CURFEW & LOITERING VANDALISM HARIJUANA CAMBLING NARCOTIC DISORDER CONDUCT LARCENY EMBEZZLI OTHER OF FENS DRUG TOTAL DUII ME AGENCY Columbia Co. SO Clr Arr 20 (Atskanie PD Off 2 1 Clr (1,650)Arr Rainier PD Off 2 ! 21 Clr 12 (1,840) ATT St. Helens PD Off 31 1 (7,020) Clr 40 116 <u>3</u> 93 Arr ß Scappoose PD Off 13. (2,840) Clr 5 24 _1_1 Arr 22 Off Vernonia PD (1,700) Clr 1 4 ī Arr State Police 0ff Clr Arr 2 154 102 135 72 COUNTY TOTAL Off 6 19 18 1 3 281 -6 (32,400) Clr 1 281 23 1 4 6 3 78 11 228 117 Arr 3 30 68 296 30 128 100 16 29 1995 52 9 158 6 571 3 571 igiltnomah Co. SO Off 393 54 142 20 66 2 67 158 33 7 3/15 4 4 38 Clr 94 297 4 571 Arr 68 10 31 14 1 55 2 1 50 1 53 Off 2 Gresham PD 41 2 20 51 (23,000) Clr 2 | 1 1 57 3 Arr Off 2 | 17 Port of 16 Portland Clr 2 16 3 20 ぅ Arr 575 1218 76 170 147 2692 1066 1913 2030 12004 2880 | 3184 630 | 156 | 357 Portland PD DEE 39 33 B22 Clr | 30 | 17 | 156 | 472 | 1157 | 1237 | 3083 317 1884 (382,000) 3 2692 1697 679 Arr 36 6 89 421 586 1034 131 507 441 703 179 201 478 10 Off 50 2 1 7 9 27 1 455 .10 State Police Clr 9 25 4 16 Arr 14 | 10 9438 | 511 | 653 | 1315 | 1144 | 222 | 598 | 28 185 | 39 159 3766 1167 867 4 3766 34 11 4044 3530 466 726 1385 92 200 Dff 44 63 403 2238 2509 15408 29335 COUNTY TOTAL 1 40 111 12 91 1 (553,000) Clr 36 21 198 568 1333 1611 4557 421 | 1988 | 9 | 4 | 11 40 79 Arr 40 6 119 517 756 1393 5103 174 664 567 710 211 1411 303 868 20 220 9 3766 1814 791 1000 747 574 586 64 235 153

	able 4.2 (Cont'd.) istrict 2 Page			PART	ı	OFFEN	SES, C	CLEARAN	CES & AR	RESTS			PART	II OI	FENSE	s, c	CLEAR	ANCES &	ARRE	STS		DRU	G ABU	SE			<u> </u>	·				1	- 1	150
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY Washington Co. SO	OFFICER ASSAULT	11 1	i	•	CONCINCE RAPE	03 35	TULE ASSAULT ASSAULT	05 1400 214	7434 06 2434 590	NOTOR 10 VEHICLE 285 285 285 285	23 ASSAULTS	09 17	22 82 CL COUNTERPETT	- 1	- 1		NSITVONVA 14 1278 168	15 14 12	1 PROSTITUTION	OTHER SEX	18 101AL 18 229	181 VARCOTIC	182 226 190	183 4	DANGEROUS 184 22 13	T G GAMBLING	OC FAMILY OC OFFENSES	21 426 426	217 201	ATRIBORDERTA 26 19		S CURPER & LOITERING	EDIVENILE 1025
	Banks PD (460)	-	Arr Off Clr		7	6	16	30	164 7	639 8	60 4 1	12	4				5 8 2	130 35 4	11 2		11	342 1		321 1	6	13	1		426 4 4	445 19 12	29 3	72	6 4 3	90 4
12	Beaverton PD (23,300)		Arr Off Clr Arr		1	2	19 6 6	11	2 266 15 13	920 259 278	83 52 23	9 1 4		3	29 8		6	8 354 22 17	2 2 18	1	32 9	39 8 126	1	30 6 123	2	3	1	12	120 120 120	16 5	1	119 12	1 42	85 53
	Cornelius PD (2,730)		Off Clr Arr	1	1	=	1	4 2	50 4 5	102 19 22	12	10	2	4	9	1		77 3			1	6 6 24		6 6 24					54 54 54	4 4 10	2 2 4	25 8	1 1 2	9
	Forest Grove PD (10,500)	1	Off Clr Arr	\exists	\equiv		8 2	36	22 18		47	15 5 2	8 2		6	#	_1	331 25 25	13 3		42 14 5	51 42 31		46 40 29	1	3 1		7.	64 64 64	121 114 90	61 25 23	189 43	79 81 44	71 50
	Hillsboro PD (20,100)		Off Clr Arr			2	13 1 5	3 18	246 38 54	696 110 108	78 15 11	106 63 14	8 2	2	1	#		388 45 37	11 11 11		15 5	36 33 37		34 32 36	1	$\frac{1}{1}$	_	1	183 183 183	67 67 74	33 31 42	141	19 19 20	106 46
	Tigard PD (11,000)	2	Off Clr Arr	1	1	4	13 3 2	31 13	176 20 14	548 120 92	64 19 18	34 22 9	12 4	17 3	136 24 15	7	2 2 2	247 37 24	5 3 3		20 2	44 38 63	2	38 35 61		4 3 2		5	64 64 64	31 30 56	5 5	90 29	15 14 26	64 51
12	State Police		Off Clr Arr				4		29 3 14	69 15 26	35 3 17		11 1		7		5	27 5	3 4		5	113 103 92	3	99 91 87		10 9		1 1	510 510 510	1 1 51	5 4	21		24
	COUNTY TOTAL (196,000)	3	Off Clr	1	10	23 2 6	93 22 36	398	2340 316 284		605 168 148	215 110 47	71 14	84 35	244 62	1	19 5 13	2737 309 254	50 34 48	2	190 53 29	549 443 716	17 9	480 401	5	43 28 20	2	58 3	1425 1425 1425	465 429 870	142 94	1370	128 126 144	873 458
	DISTRICT TOTAL	168	Off Clr		00 48	219	622	3372 1647 1015	21431 2411 2087	41114 6726 7319	5484 737 858	4187 2219	47		2148 178		245 1 21	5799 617 1101	146		1750 151 278	1113	263 30 317	974	8	330 101 297	2	21	6657 6657 6657	2004 789 3265	312	7203 845 1896	693 265 1138	1502
						139	330	1013	2007	7319	336		103	EUZ.	202		209			/11	270	2702		2227	4					3203	1350	10,70		
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Table 4.3

	istrict 3 Page 1			PART I	OFFI	ENSES, (CLEARAN	CES & AR	RESTS			PART 1	I OF	FENSI	ES, CL	EARANC	ES & A	RRESTS		DRI	JG ABU	JSE	· · · · ·		L	,				·		
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY	OFFICER ASSAULT	one of the state o		S FORCIBLE RAPE	с коввеку	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	G LARCENT	MOTOR S VEHICLE THEFT	S OTHER S ASSAULTS	G ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT		T STOLEN	THEOPERTY 14 NANDAL TEM	H. WEAPONS			DRUG TOTAL	MARCOTIC	S MARIJUANA	SYNTHETIC W NARCOTIC	P DRUGS	5 CAMBLING	S OFFENSES	11nd 21	K LIQUOR LAWS	DISORDERLY CONDUCT	ML OTHER CEXCEPT TRAFFIC)	curpew & Loitering	RUNAWAY G JUVENILE
12	Marion Co. SO	. 5	Off Clr	3 3	33	32 8	170 103	878 179	1741 328	164 52	42 34	15	13	23 6		16 11: 11 5:		5	125 66	162 103		124 82		29 16		17	397	104				317
12	Aumsville PD (1,475)		Arr Off	3 2 1	2	8	34	108 11 3	141 24 4	16 2 2	18 15 15	1	1 2 2	2			9	4	8		3	67 1	2	21		12	397 397 9	93 51 5	60 11	9	4	315 72 23 18
8	Aurora PD (500)		Arr Off Clr	1			2	5 2 1	6 2	3	11		, 1	1			3 2	1		1		1					9 1 1	7			5	18 1 1
0	Gervais PD (820)		Off Clr Arr		N	O REPOY	TS REC	EIVED	2																		1					1
12	Hubbard PD (1,470)		Off Clr Arr				3 1 1	12 2 4	16 7	2	1			1		2 1 4	2			1		1					19 19 19	2 1 2	1		1	13 1 4
	Jefferson PD (1,300)		Off Clr Arr				9 6 9	28 10 10	83 27 29	2 1	10 7 4	3	1		\equiv	+	7	4 3		6 5		6 5 6				3 2 1	25 25 25	36 32 35	2	4	10 10 15	22 16 15
	Mt. Angel PD (2,540)	3	Off Clr Arr			1	9 4 6	12	47 7 5	1	8 6 5	1	1	23 15 8			3	5 4 3	3	7 4 3	1	6 3 2					14 14 14	28 28	10	10	12 5 5	3
	St. Paul PD (370)	38	Off Clr Arr		40	92	107	1640	1	300	076	10	7.5	125		/2 10			116	150		112		20		7	201		126	7/2	35	
	Salem PD (80,000) Silverton PD	36	Off Clr Arr Off	1 2 1 2 3	9 6	82 37 51	107 59 59 2	1642 423 318 47	5131 1090 1237 148	388 77 79 8	376 230 201	8	32	71 73		43 19 39 1 37 1	3 7	5	1 116 1 48 2 32 2 2	153 103 163	5		3	29 20 18		3	321 321 321 32	117 109 176 27		454 509	95 94 155 11	187
12	(4,860) Stayton PD	4	Clr Arr				1 3 11	17 23 61	61 56 175	7 9	6	1	1	174	2	2	6 5	2 4	1 3 5	11		9		2		3	32 32 24	27 93 34	3 17	13 27	11 22 5	5 9
	(3,790)		Clr Arr Off		1		7 2 4	12 7 11	37 17 23	2 2	6	3	5				3	3 3	3			35 8 3		1		2	24 24 4	35 43 3	12 11	58 14	5 6	10
	Turner PD (1,150) Woodburn PD		Clr Arr Off				1 33	1 1 103	2 384	32	2 1 6		7	11			1 8	4	7	1		1 5		1	1	6	4 4 72	2 6 2	1 6	1 2	2	3 2 33
	(10,200) State Police	3	Clr Arr Off				14 24 26	15 49 105	74 91 181	14 17 50	2 10	3	2 4 12	18	1	6	5 8	2 2 2	2 1 1 14	9		3 8 135		1 1 48		1 2	72 72	1 25 4	17	17 46	16	25
ļ	COUNTY TOTAL	53	Clr Arr Dff	3 5 7	1 2			12 29 2912	5 23 7960	15 32 665	6 7 480	15	1 93			4	0 1 1	2	3 96 3 1 273	65	71	52	16	7		1 1 40	568 568	325 365	6	30 21	139	74 1006
12	(173,300) Polk Co. SO	1	Clr	5 5 10 1 9		47 60 3	206 152	675 556 129	1637 1608	171 158 21	306 255 20	20 34	50		2	53 6 54 2	3 10	5	1 123 3 48 1 6	361	16 24 6		5 6	57 50 14			1486 1486 93	337 791 52	833 273		131 224 3	421
12	Dallas PD	1	Clr Arr Off	1 2		1	26 16	33 24 90	35 20 340	12 12 18	13 5 20	1		13 5 70			.5 8	5 3 2	2 2 7	45 70	13	34 46 29		7 11 4	1	9	93 93 49	49 96 31	19 18	23 12	3 2 10	2 24
	(7,735) Independence PD	<u> </u>	Clr Arr		1 1	1	24 20	28 30 60	76 133	7 5 13	14 6 2		2	38 6	-	3	12	2	5 2 3	22		21 27 3		1 2 2		7 1 1	49 49 34	31 67 6	24 30 16	27 16	10 12	
	(3,850) Monmouth PD	-	Off Clr Arr Off	1	1	1	5 2 13	7 10 38	25 18	8	1 1 2		14	2			8 1 0		1 5			. 3 2 16		1 1 3			34 34 15	1 3 12	31 8	5 85	11	
1	(6,135); State Police		C1r Arr Off				6 4 5	11 10 15	25 11	3	1 2	1	7 2	44 1 3			2 .0 .5	2	3	22 22 37		5 20 37	1	1			15 15 47	9 20			17	
-	COUNTY TOTAL	1	Clr Arr Off	1 9				3 2 332	823	4 59		10	27		1	3 3	5		1 21		6			23		15		12 101	74		24	
+	(41,400)	-	C1r Arr	1 2	3			76	194 128	31 21	29 15							5	8			100 128		9 15		1		90 198			33	
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8 PHONE ACCURATE TO STATE AND ACCURATE A STATE AND ACCURATE A STATE AND ACCURATE AN		Table 4.3 (C District 3				PA	RT I	OFFE	NSES,	CLEARÁI	NCES & AR	RESTS			PART	II O	FFENSI	es, c	CLEAR	ANCES	& ARRE	STS		DRU	IG ABL	JSE		1	l							152
Circ	MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY		OFFICER ASSAULT			l I	- 1		1		Į.	MOTOR VEHICL THEFT	1				- 1	- 1	- 1			, ,				t i		i I			LIQUOR	1	1 1		1 1
3 American PD	12	Yamhill Co.	50					2	3																											
T2 Carlcon FP	3			-	Off			_1	1	5	1	2		2				\exists		8	1		1	19	1	17		1			3	1	3			
Cir 1 1 4 6 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 2 2 2	12			<u> </u>	Arr					4		2		11				#	_	25	2									3	3	1	3			
Cit	12				Clr						4	4	1		-	ĺ	3	+	\exists	1	1			2		2					4	6	2	3		1
12 Newharwitia FD 3 Off 1 6 29 156 540 30 13 7 12 38 12 267 2 9 93 29 4 14 148 79 52 168 7 78 7 12 38 12 3 3 2 2 4 34 30 4 4 148 69 31 89 6 35 12 12 12 12 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14	4		D		Clr												1			2																
12 Network FD	12		PD	3	Off																			34		30									6	35
Net	12		,	5	Off	1			3	5	77	242	13	9	4	5	3		1 1	100	6		6	15 14		15		2		2)	112	77 76	28 27	77	10 10	14
2			'	3	Off				1			25	1	3	1				,,				2								4		24	17		
12 Vambili PD Off		Willamina P	D		Off					1	1									2											3	1				
12 State Police	12	Yamhill PD)	-	Off					1		16				3	5						3	7		7				2	2	3	4	25		2
COUNTY TOTAL 11 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12		e	+-	Off						24			3	21		4		\exists					88	6	82					229	1	4	12		
Arr 2 3 6 24 87 224 29 15 8 8 6 2 42 12 10 167 4 160 3 2 604 299 96 127 27 60			L.	11	Arr Off	1	1	5		78	410	21 1124	8 77	7 55	5 40	31				9 611	20		34	190	7	71 179		4			604	238	129	484	30	
C1r 7 8 52 58 297 839 2061 224 356 33 62 285 3 60 836 123 1 140 628 26 527 5 70 1 32 2328 591 962 1379 167 886 Arx 14 16 68 224 719 1960 208 285 44 60 110 58 341 122 3 66 685 41 569 7 68 11 2328 1288 458 890 284 526	-		TAL	65	Arr	2		3	6	24	87	224	29	15	8	8	6		2	42	12		10	167	4	160	12	3		_ 2	604	299	96	127	27	60
					Clr	7	8	20	58	297	839	2061	224	356	33	62	285	3	60	836	123	1	140	628	26	527	5	70	ćΊ	32	2328	591	962	1379	167	886
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		ble 4.4 strict 4	Page	1		PA	RT I	OFFE	NSES,	CLEARAN	ICES & AR	RESTS	1		PART :	II OI	FFENS	ES, CL	EARAN.	CES &	ARRE	STS		DRU	G ABU	SE										1. ** 2. ** 2. **	
MONTHS OF	agrows two	AGENCY		OFFICER ASSAULT		r Murder	N MANSLAUGHTER	S FORCIBLE RAPE	с новвеку	ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	MOTOR S VEHICLE THEFT	OTHER ASSAULTS	G ARSON	FORCERY & COUNTERFEIT	11 FRAUD	T EMBEZZLEMENT STOLEN	FROPERTY	* VANDALISM	C WEAPONS	H PROSTITUTION	OTHER SEX OFFENSE	B TOTAL	E NARCOTIC	S MARIJUANA	E SYNTHETIC C NARCOTIC	DANGEROUS P DRUGS	G CAMBLING	PAMILY O OFFENSES	11NG 21	N LIQUOR LAWS	LONGNOO 4	ALL, OTHER 9: (EXCEPT TRAFFIC)	S CURFER & LOITERING	6 JUVENILE	Fig. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
12	5	lenton Co.	SO		Off Clr			.2	1	20	138 23	219 46	25 18	6	3		21 13			169 27	5	,	9 6	41 39	1	37 36		3 (4 2	63 63	14	5	54		236	o
12		orvallis 1 40,180)	PD	31	Arr Off Clr	1	1	6	12 6	19	28C 75	2021 244	79 24	104 48	1	26 7			9	14 348 23	25 20	1	46 12		5	43 169 160		1 14 12		18 13		20 188 166	80 67	236 64	52 49	35 2 121 9 76	1
12		Philomath 1 (2,160)	PD	1	Arr Off Clr Arr	1		4	10	10 12 7 12	18 7	63 11	3	8	1	5 5	32 13 10		10	27 39 8	18		16 1	256 12 11 18		242 12 11 18		13			244 21 21 21 21	246 15 15 23	3	5 1	54 3 3	3 18	7
12		ionroe PD (485)			Off Clr Arr					1 1	4	21 10	1	1			2			11 3 5	1			4		4 4 6					18 18 18	17 15 24	1	12		2 1 2 1	1 2
12	S	tate Polic	:e	1	Off Clr Arr			2 2 1	1 1	1	10 2	35 4	6 2	2	4	2	1			2	-1		2 1 1	41 41 37		35 35 33		6 6 4			88 88 88	33	1	3		1/	7
		00NTY TOTA (65,600)	AL,	33	Off Clr Arr	2	1	10 6 5	15 8 16	38		2359 315 379	118 48 62	127 64 47	5	20	53		15 9 11	569 61 56	32 24 23	1	58 19 20	286 268 362	2	257 246 342		23 20 18		22 15	434 434 434	234 206 346	77	129	57 54 59	294	4
12	2 L	incoln Co.	. SO	3	Off Clr Arr	1 1 2	1	4 2 5	2 1	13	26	176 22 32	4			3 1 4	14 39			54 10			1	65	1	64				1	46 46 46	91	1 13	2			1 5
12		incoln C1: (4,530)	ty PD		Clr Arr		1	2 1 1	1 1	26 5	142 21	247 55 54	28 14		1	9 2 2	69		1 1	24 31	3 2 3		3	10 10 16		8 8 12		2 2 3		2	51 51 51	16 15 29	10 9	37 12	2 2 7		3
12		lewport Fi 6,150)	D		Off Clr Arr		1		5	30 15 18	23 20	96	26 15	9	3	13	18		2	21 22	2 2 1		8 6 4	24 18 25		20 16 25	1	1		1	50 50 50	24 22 39	11 19	35 19	5 5 10		37
12		Toledo PD 3,210)		4	Off Clr Arr					12 6 7	12		10 5	12		2	27 18	#	_	36 7	1	-	1 1	4		4 4					7 7 7	11 11 8	17	11	$\frac{1}{1}$	1 2	774
12		tate Poli			Off Clr Arr			1 1	2 1 3	2	3 9	120 7 21	2 10	6	7	2				2	3° 3		1	201 200 172		193 192 168		8 8 4		1	315 315 315	158		26 61		15	
L		28,100)	AL	7	Off Clr Arr	1 1 3	3	8 4 7	10 3 5	34	85	204	119 51 57		. 3	3	59		3 1 3	397 62 82	9 8 7		14 7 5	239 232 282		225 220 273	1	12 11 7		2 2	469 469 469	51 48 325	40	_86	8 8 18	58	ã.
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j D	Table 4.4 (Cont'd.) District 4 Page 2	(Cont'd.) 4 Page 2 PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS										PART	II O	FFENSI	s, cl	EARANCES	& ARR	ESTS		DRU	IG ABU	SE									* .	154	į
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY	OFFICER ASSAULT	11 1	HANSLAUGHTER	ľ	C ROBBERY	S AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	MOTOR SO VEHICLE THEFT	OTHER ASSAULTS	G ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT	I FRAUD	STOLEN	PROPERTY 7	G WEAPONS	9 PROSTITUTION	OTHER SEX OFFENSE	BRUG TOTAL	S NARCOTIC	28 MARLJUANA	SYNTHETIC C NARCOTIC	PANGEROUS 184	G CAMBLING	S OFFENSES	11NG 21	N LIQUOR LAWS	1)	ALL OTHER (EXCEPT TRAFFIG)	1	RUNAWAY JUVENILE	
12	Linn Co. SO	1	O£f Clr	10	15	13 7	128 69	542 95	899 105	57 12	8	11	15 10	53 24		2 462 68	39 21		19 7	143 88	15 2	116 80	16.3	12 6		14	230 230	85 72	24 29 26	138	28 5 5	29 19 130	
12	Albany PD (22,800)	15	Off Clr		5 2 8 1 7	14 14 9	36 28	108 505 92	122 1035 283	33 153 46	97 78	8	25 15	73 40	1	9 67 8 200 5 63	11		5 23 7	165 101 96	9 7	149 75 76	2 2	12 15 12	1	10	230 78 78	201 140 136	38 74 67	136 108	160	12	<u>9</u>
12	Lebanon PD (8,550)	7	Off Clr Arr	3	1	11 9 2	84	114 202 36 37	329 518 131 89	60 40 14	27 8 3 14	1	12 7	20		15 50 329 103 7 26	13 1 1	1	24 15 3	124 53 42 44	1	97 46 37 43	1	19 5 4		17 5	78 65 65 65	146 36 38 92	121 114	290 220	158 77 78	6	<u>1</u>
12	Sweet Home PD (4,500)	1	Off Clr Arr		1	1 1	30	26 13 22	244	12	7	1				80 10 4 14	3	1	6 1			13 8 23	-	2 2 2		2	42 42 42	24 20 51	97 23	59 5		20	6
12		4	Off Clr Arr	1.		2	15 6 14	35 3 13	103 13 49	10	11 8 13	10	2 4	3 5	1	13 2 6	4 6		2	161 154 123		146 140 116		15 14 7		2 1 1	313 313 313	3 1 61	6 5 11	9 5 10	1	49	
	COUNTY TOTAL (83,400)	28	Off Clr Arr	1 4	3 25 4 12 8	42 19 29	174 177	1380 239 294	567 618	283 78 108	131 95 84	7 27	37 41	77 57		10 1084 5 246 35 163	61 38 33		30 14	473 390 481	10 10		1 3	49 38 40	1	52 20 8	728 728 728	288 267 551	235 224	526 402	243 175	31°	9
	DISTRICT TOTAL	68	Off Clr Arr	2 17 2 7 9		67 30 50	346	2342 433 512	6 <u>1</u> 77 1086 1219	520 177 239	314 193 158	1.5	60	476 189 154		28 2050 15 369 49 301	102 46 63		146 56 39	998 890 1125	12	878 807 1043	5 2 4	84 69 65	1		1631 1631 1631	573 521 1222	467 352 380	741	311 305 252	850 67 380	1 '
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Table 4.5 District 5	PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS	PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUST
	011 012 02 03 04 05 06 07	042 09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 181 182 183 184 19 20 21 22 24 26 28 29
12 Lane Co. SO 12 Coburg PD (840)	38 Off 2 24 22 182 1108 2186 173 Glr 1 14 6 68 202 280 43 Arr 1 5 4 48 215 222 36 Off 4 4 13 2 Glr 1 7 2 Arr 2 2 2	3 11 17 63 90 22 11 161 1 154 6 1 3 696 -91 49 185 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
	11 Off 1 1 6 29 141 423 41	43 2 10 13 2 332 3 9 12 9 3 4 34 7 34 110 18 34 8 2 2 2 35 1 8 7 1 34 4 27 22 10 15 167 625
(3,050)	Clr 4 1 19 40 134 292 1219 119	48 10 47 89 2 35 160 86 21 34 735 13 686 8 28 1 26 625 1192 256 839 117 108 7 27 52 2 4 3 3 3 4 12 9 12 35 2 18 3 1 1 2 1 6 1 2 1 1 1 12 6 4 5 2 3 3 1 1 2 1 6 1 2 9 12 35 2 18
7 Junction City PD (2,800) 12 Cakridge PD (3,930)	Off 1 6 32 92 7	1 1 8 1 42 2 13 1 12 1 34 10 3 8 5 10 1 1 1 6 11 1 10 34 10 3 4 5 9 1 1 1 1 4 2 11 1 10 34 23 9 7 16 10 14 3 23 19 1 52 2 18 16 2 9 13 30 9 88 5 36 6 19 2 1 9 2 10 9 1 2 13 20 4 30 30
(35,580)	Arr	241
COUNTY & 12 (246,000) DISTRICT TOTAL	Arr 2 1 2 17 13 45 39	14 4 6 5 20 9 2 142 135 7 937 102 8 7 40 500 77 73 177 3 3 1518 40 62 405 2 371 32 6 39 2640 165 150 1027 45 123 294 14 39 76 1 3 156 32 13 363 2 338 23 1 6 2640 135 93 255 32 63
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Table 4.7 District 7 PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE PROSTITUTION MANSLAUGHTER MONTHS OF REPORTING MARIJUANÀ GAMBLING FORGERY EMBEZZL NARCOTI OTHER MURDER AGENCY 1.5 12 Coos Co. SO 19 Clr 10 21 15 ! Arr 7 1 12 Bandon PD 2 Off 2,130) Clr Arr 40 12 Coos Bay PD Off 39 196 CIr 27 121 (14,100)25 25 Arr 12 Coquille PD Off Clr (4,570)Arr 12 Eastside PD Off 2| $\frac{1}{1}$ (1,590)Clr Arr 12 Lakeside PD Off (1,525) Clr .1 Я Arr Myrtle Point PD Q££ 6 ; (2,850) Clr 30 78 Arr 12 North Bend PD OEE (9,300) Clr 26 Arr 12 Powers PD Off (910) Clr Arr 36 12 State Police Off 84 2 8 Clr . 5 67 1 Arr
 346
 11
 298
 3
 34

 314
 11
 271
 3
 29
 COUNTY TOTAL Off 85 (60,200) 39 43 Clr 11 34 101 358 11 314 4 29 12 Curry Co. SO ī Clr 13 73 25 12 Brookings PD (3,240)Clr .10 Arr 29 12 Gold Beach PD Off (1,650)Clr Arr 12 State Police hff Clr Arr COUNTY TOTAL Off 20 61 (14,300)Clr 59 27 Arr 397 11 348 2 6 18 125 50 76 383 3 DISTRICT TOTAL 18 1015 364 11 321 3 29 2 4 9 4 43 70 14 170 12 1097 61 13 37 114 19 118 394 13 348 4 29 Arr

Table 4.8 District 8 PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS PART II OFFENSES. CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE MANSLAUGHTEP EMBEZZLEMENT AGGRAVATED ASSAULT DISORDERLY CONDUCT NG NG SYNTHETIC NARCOTIC DANGEROUS DRUGS FORCIBLE RAPE OTHER ASSAULTS VANDALISM MARIJUANA GAMBLING BURGLARY NARCOTIC MONTHS ARSON FORGERY COUNTER WEAPONS MURDER FRAUD OTHER DRUG DULI AGENCY 79 Jackson Co. SO Off Clr 34 20 39 6 147 43 11 29 24 33 9 161 Arr 82 32 26 51 137 12 Ashland PD Off 4 135 57 (14,500)Clr Arr 12 Central Point PD Off (5,630) Clr 27 20 ī Arr 12 Eagle Point PD Off 27 Clr (2,540) Arr -5 4 Jacksonville PD Off Clr (2,120)11 11 308 9 242 284 9 228 Arr 12 Medford PD Off 463 11 4 1090 1 100 293 .211 171 43 406 | 1248 2 45 (34,900)Clr 22 33 306 5 1 39 54 27 183 10 154 Arr 1 18 12 Phoenix PD (1,700)Clr Arr 1.7 12 Shady Cove PD Off (1,020) Clr Arr 7:--12 Talent PD Off (2,520)Clr ī Arr 12 State Police 15 17 12 Clr Arr Off COUNTY TOTAL 21 142 16 21 65 173 953 13 16 2332 1 177 1000 38 850 816 3126 4 12 (113,000)Clr 9 61 469 5 852 15 749 524 1518 51 17 27 132 836 24 759 334 399 Arr 29 22 Off 19 211 12 Josephine Co. SO 4. 56 7 28 29 68 23 13 Clr 30 20 Arr 12 Cave Junction PD Off (697)Clr 64 Arr 12 Grants Pass PD Off 24 213 1 24 (13,570) C1r 86 2 27 15 1 2 12 2 Arr 238 Off 12 State Police Clr 4. 92 80 Arr 27 108 COUNTY TOTAL Off 450 2 3 395 363 5 13 167 2 (47,000)Clr 8 11 Arr 23 ! 39 1 6 24 179 DISTRICT TOTAL Off 358 91 219 1403 15 24 2781 2 209 1442 41 1245 7 16 13 201 14 74 636 7 16 316 74 25 38 171 1 22 176 1 72 1253 15 1112 3 123 3 23 2166 654 1626 Clr 2 5 2166 Arr| 16| 1196 24 1098 7 67 633 479 464

	Table 4.9	. 1	1			e de la constante de la consta	uere.	or pena-	OPP * 1-	DEG#C			Dirm:		,,,,,,,,,	ra ~		nore -		rame.														
-	District 9			PAR	TI	OFFE	NSES,	CLEARAN	CES & AR	RESTS			PART	11 0	FEENS	es, c	LEARA	NCES &	ARRE	STS		DRUG	G ABUS	SE ,			₁							
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY	OFFICER ASSAULT		- 1		S FORCIBLE RAPE	C ROBBERY	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	MOTOR S VEHICLE THEFT	otiler Assaults	G ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT	E FRAUD	- 1	C PROPERTY	Y VANDALISM	C WEAPONS	FROSTITUTION &	OTHER SEX	1	18 NARCOTIC	- 1	SE SYNTHETIC SE NARCOTIC DANGEROUS	SONWO 84	FAMILY	- 1	22 SHA1 doilo11	- 1	1	95 (EXCEPT TRAFFIC)	S CURFEW & LOITERING	s Runaway 6 Juvenile
3	Hood River Co. SO		Off Clr			1	-	5 2	31 1	63 8	1	2		ī			1	31			1	10 10		10 10					9	13	8 5	12 7	3	
12	Hood River PD (4,570)		Arr Off Clr					9 3	3 56 6	11 190 37	1 15 8	9		8	16		1	1 114 12			5	15 4	2	13	1 1	2	\pm	1 7	9 6	32	13	5 23 1	4	5 1
12	State Police	-	Arr Off		1		1	6 3	5 3	38 15	1 2	2	4	2	1 4		1	14	1			50 40		45 40		5		1 7	6	63	30 1	15 4	24	12
	COUNTY TOTAL		Clr Arr Off		1		1	17	90	3 5 268	18	6			4 20] -	2 3 150	$\frac{1}{1}$		1 6	40 38 54		40 38 51	1	2	\perp	18 18 1 26	2	12	1 2 13	3 4 39	7	4
	(14,450)		Clr Arr		1			7	8 8	48 54	9	3	1 3	2	6 5		1	15 18	1 1		1	51 103	2	50 96		5		26 1 26	7	13 07	8 45	11 24	3 35	5 21
12	Sherman Co. SO		Off Clr						25 4	26 2	5 1			2	1		1	3	1							1	\pm		6	1	1	9		8 5
12	State Police		Arr Off Clr Arr				1	3	4 6 1 2	8 19 7 7	1	2 2		1	1	+	1	2	2 2 2			3 3		3 3		1	=	3	5 2 2	4	5 1 1	16 1 1		4
	COUNTY TOTAL (2,190)		Off Clr Arr				2	3 1	5 6	45 9 15	6 1 3	2		1	1			5	3 3 2			3 3 3		3 3				1 4		1 4	1	10 4 16		8 5 6
12	Wasco Co. SO		Off Clr Arr			2	2	6 5	95 16 20	214 21 14	10 2 8		. 3	1	20 2 1		1 2	87 2 3	2 1 9		2 1	16 11 43		15 11 40	1	2	+	2	5	11 6 51	2 2 6	36 11 11		13
12	The Dalles PD (11,050)		Off Clr		2	3	6	20 5	131 12	428 77	57 14	1		8 3	4	1	1	4	1		4	18 13	1 1	15 10		2		14	2	3 3 41	1	14 10 77	2 2	3 3 51
12	State Police		Arr Off Clr			2 3 2	2	2	3	117 16 1	17	13	1		4	1		8 4 1	4 6 4		7 3 3	56 48 48	1	55 37 37	1	9		1 23 23	5		52	4 3	41	
	COUNTY TOTAL (20,300)		Arr Off Clr Arr		2	1 8 3	12		7 230 31 44	658 99 135	71 16 25		3 7 1 3			1	2 2 2	1 95 3	4 9 6 17		10 6 8	40 82 72 139	2	31 67 58 126	1	8 12 11 10		23 1 40 40 40	2	11 14 9	3 2 58	1 54 24 89	2 2 41	15 16 3 66
	DISTRICT TOTAL	 	Off Clr		3 2	9	13 2		351 44	971 156	95 26	17					3 2	250 18	13 10		16 7	139 126	2	121 111		14		2 71	7	28	18 11	103 39	. 9 . 5	30 13
-		-	Arr			3	2	37	58	204	30	2.	6	3	15	1	3	30	20		9	245	3	225	2	15		2 71	7 2	14	109	129	76	93
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	Table 4.10 District 10			PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANGES & ARRESTS									PART	II O	FFENS	ES, CI	.EARA)	ICES &	ARRE	STS		DRI	JG ABU	SE			l							160
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY	OPFICER ASSAULT		110 MURDER	N MANSLAUGHTER	CO FORCIBLE RAPE	G ROBBERY	ACGRAVATED ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	O VEHICLE THEFT	other Assaults	& ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT	# FRAUD	- 1	C PROPERTY	4 VANDALISM	C WEAPONS	H PROSTITUTION	C OFFENSE	DRUG E TOTAL	MARCOTIC	28 MARLJUANA	S SYNTHETIC W NARCOTIC	PANGEROUS PAUGS	G CAMBLING	FAMILY O OFFENSES	11nd 21	LIQUOR LAWS	TONDUCT CONDUCT	ALL OTHER S (EXCEPT TRAFFIC)	& CURPEW & LOITERING	RUNAWAY 6 JUVENILE
12	Crook Co. SO		Off Clr					11 7 5	29 4	54 7		5			6 5			32 6	5		5	5		5			2	1	9	22 21			<u>1</u>	1
12	Prineville PD (5,590)	2	Off Clr				1		3 38 6 13	9 159 42	4	3	1		10 2			7 59 18	2 2		1 1	8		8 8			2		9 79 79	25 32 31	29 25	22 7	1 11 10	31 12
12	State Police	2	Off Clr Arr				1 1 2	3 2	11 2 13	60 21 4 9	3 5 1	4	1	5 2	- 2			7 7 6	2		1 2 2 2	13 77 75 60	1	69 68 56		7 6 3		1	79 86 86 86	94 2 1 205	4	11 10	30	10
	COUNTY TOTAL (11,950)		Off Clr Arr				2 1 2	24 14	78 12 29	234 53 78	9 2 12	14 11	. 3	11	16 7	=	2	98 30 21	7 7 10		8 6	90	1	82 80 71		7 6 3	2 2	2	174 174 174	56 53 324	38 34	52 29	12 11 31	12
12	Deschutes Co. SO	1	Off Clr Arr	1		1	1	33	118	212 2 2	21 2 4		1	2	4		3	82	5		7	38		35		3	1	17	81 81 31	9	4	108		9
12	Bend PD (16,000)	2	Off Clr Arr			1		19 7	180 22 32	682 171 264	77 25 12	3	1	13 1 4	8			26	7		3 1 5	33 33 163	1	29 29 156		3 4	1		255 255 255	1 1 93	1		38	120 43
	Redmond PD (4,560)		Off Clr Arr			1 1	1	15	51 38 8	285 158 62	31 33 9	1 6		3 2	28 28 1		2	122 68 9	4 4 4		6 2 1	16 14 44		15 14 43		1		7	51 51 51	29 21 43	12	53 26	9 6 9	40
6	Sisters, PD (760)		Off Clr Arr					2	5	3	1	1		-	2		+	5				1	1			1			1 1	$\frac{1}{1}$	1 1			
12	State Police		Off Clr Arr			1	1	9 6 7	53 5 13	103 8 12	20 6 9	5 4			2			17 4 5	1 1 2		6 2 2	85 85 72	2	73 73 65		10 10 6	1		241 241 241	60	6 6 8	9		1 1 19
	COUNTY TOTAL (41,800)	3	Off Clr Arr	2		3 1 3	2		407 65 71	1285 339 3 360	150 67 37	15 6 25		4	37		5 1 1	226 72 40	10 5 13		22 5 9	173 132 300	3	152 116		17 13 14	3	24 4 1	629 629 629	40 23 196	25 20	218 63	9 6 47	170 32
12	Jefferson Co. SO		Off Clr Arr		3		1 1 1	35 19 6	76 14 13	189 33 7	13, 7	2			1		1	63 15 2	3 2 1		4	9 7 13	_	8 7 13		1	2 2	1	27 27 27	14 10		15		37 10
12	Madras PD (2,055)		Off Clr Arr			1	2 1	19 14 9	29 3 2		12 11 2	1 1		9	_		1 1	66 16 12	4		2	13 13 23	1	11 11 22	1		1	1	56 56 56	1 1 50	8 8	20 15	4	3
12	State Police		Off Clr Arr				1	3 2	7	12 1 3	5	2 2 3			1 1 1			3	1 1 2			118 118 101		115 115 299		3 3 2			82 82 82	63		5 9	2	2
	(9,900)		Off Clr Arr		3	1	2 1	36	112 17 15	312 77 47	30 19 3	5 4 7	1	9			1 1	135 31 17	3 7		2	140 138 137	1	134 133 134		3 2	3 2 3	1	165 165 7165	15 11 128		35	7	59 40 15
	DISTRICT TOTAL	7	Off Clr Arr		3	3	18 5	78	597 94 115	1831 469 485	189 88 52	34 21 38	2	17	143 70 27			459 133 78	21 15 30		36 13 15	403 357 513	5	368 329 486		28 22 19	8 4 5		968 968 968	87 648		127	21 17 85	
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Table 4.11 District 11 PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE MANSLAUGHTER EMBEZZL EMENT PROSTITUTION LAWS MONTHS OF REPORTING CURFEW & ALL OTHER (EXCEPT TRAFFIC) VANDALISM NARCOTIC CAMBLING FORGERY COUNTERF OTHER S OFFENSE MURDER FRAUD AGENCY 12 Klamath Co. SO 3 ! Clr 4 1 Arr 12 Klamath Falls PD Off 62 (16,700)Clr Arr 12 State Police 4 29 0ff Clr 200 3 29 <u>6</u> 6 165 1 17 10 224 4 33 10 207 3 30 6 202 2 23 112 689 1509 126 Arr 28 COUNTY TOTAL 8 Off 5 10 11.0 27.1 30 (55,500)233 Clr 48 I Arr 12 Lake Co SO Off 12 5 12 3 1 : Clr Arr 12 Lakeview PD Off 5 23 (2,880) Clr Arr 1 4 12 State Police Clr 5 40 40 Arr COUNTY TOTAL Off Clr 14 13 18 11 (6,620) Arr 1. 280 11 232 4 33 258 11 214 3 30 DISTRICT TOTAL 20 Off 7 6 11 135 1 2 4 4 Clr 4 45 11 47 242 6 211 2 23 Arr

STATE	1	istrict 12 Page 1			· · ·			············		CES & AR	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0				ES, CLE	T			DRL	G ABUS	SE			T							162
ACTINGENE PS (600) CELL COUNTY YOUR (4.00) CAST	KEPOKTING	AGENCY	OFFICER ASSAULT			- 1	- 1					!				ı	1	ı	Į.	 - 11		1 11			- 11	- 1			Lìquor	1			1
ASTERGON TO COLOR TO	. (Gilliam Co. SU		Clr						2	12										1		1							\equiv			
Control Cont				Off			1										1				-										1		
STREE FOLICE April	(Condon PD		Arr Off							11	2															1						
Courty Votal	_			Arr						. 2	8		3	6	2	1		4			2		2		2	2	#	2				1	
(2,200) Cit	1			Clr Arr				1			2 3		. ∴3	1	2 2	1			1		44 37		42 36		2			22 22					
Grame Co. 50				Clr				-1		1	2		3	2	2	1		5	1		45		43		2	1	1	24	6	2		6	
John Day PD	-	Grant Co. SO		Clr						19	1									-	1		1				1						. 9
Prefix City FD Cit				Off Clr			1	·	2	5	32 2	10_ 9			2	3 3		13	1	2	12 10		11 9				1	7	10	2	3	8	
State Police			1	Off Clr	1		1		3	. 2 1	10	4 2	1			2					3		3			\exists		1	3	7	1 1	3	
COURT TOTAL (7,430) CD 1 1 1 1 1 9 8 8 12 2 1 4 8 1 38 5 7 23 19 4 2 2 3 18 20 16 11 12 (7,430) CD 1 1 1 1 9 8 8 8 12 2 2 1 4 4 2 2 2 3 117 13 4 25 111 4 3 2 2 3 8 8 7 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	+	State Police		Off Clr					3	11 2	1	1	1		1				1	2	6		3		3			15 15		1			
Norrow Co. SO			1	Off Clr	1		1		12	52 8	98 8	18 12	3 2		1	4		38	5 2	7	23 17		19 13		4		2	23 23	18 11	20	3	2	2
Heppner PD	+	Morrow Co. SO		Off	3		1		1	19	30	7			3			21			4		3		1		=	6	1	. 1	8		4
State Police		Heppner PD		Arr Off			1		3.,		19 16	5	1			1		8 11		2	9 5		8 5			\exists	\exists	6 12	2	5	2		
Arr 1 2 1 6 18 3 7 4 5 4 2 2 37 35 2 668 27 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				Arr Off			1		1 5	10	2 47		2	4		1		1 11	2		2 55	ē	. 50				1	12 68		3 2	1		
(5,350) Cir 1 5 6 15 6 1 2 1 5 2 2 63 57 6 86 1 4 7 5 5 2 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		COUNTY TOTAL		Arr	1				1	6	18	3	7	4		5		4	2	2	37		35		2	\dashv		68		3	7		3
				Clr	1				. 5	6	15	6	1	2	1			7 5	2	2	63		57.	3.0	6			86	1	- 4	7		5
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Table 4.12 (Cont'd.) District 12 Page 2 PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT PROSTITUTION EMBEZZLEMENT LAWS AGGRAVATED ASSAULT MONTHS OF REPORTING MANSLAUGH NARCOTIC MARIJUANA CAMBLING FAMILY OF FENSES LARCENY WEAPONS ROBBERY OTHER S MURDER FRAUD DRUG AGENCY 12 Umatilla Co. SO ī Clr 26 Arr Off Clr 6 Athena PD (970) Arr Echo PD Off (520) Cir Arr Hermiston PD Off 12 34 .60 69 19 17 (6.640) Clr Arr 12 Milton-Freewater ,6 2 Off 43 - 8 17 46 PD (4,600) Clt Arr 12 Pilot Rock PD Off (1,715)Clr 70 3 2 72 209 Arr 23 170 1 78 286 12 Pendleton PD 23 Dff (14.300)Clr 6 40 1 -3 7. 70 189 6 64 115 5 14 11 10 25 3 Arr 4 1 Stanfield PD Off (1.080)Clr 2 1 17 1 27 Arr 12 Umatilla PD 10 Dff Clr ī 17 | 1 (2,000) Arr Weston PD Off Clr 625) Arr 12 State Police 12 318 4 251 2 61 Dff 224 62 11 3 250 Clr 567 197 1 26 Arr 2 43 471 159 524 COUNTY TOTAL bff. 28 61 300 4 588 9 493 6 80 58 446 132 260 704 160 179 140 (50.000)Clr ! 38 36 11 15 64 1 6 26 12 546 6 468 3 69 467 2 427 2 36 13 1210 10 1210 99 Arr Off Wheeler Co. SO Clr -1 *32 Arr State Police Off Clr 2 Arr Off COUNTY TOTAL .5 (2,030) Cirl Arr 513 187 558 474 142 270 DISTRICT TOTAL 2 3 16 22 216 79 43 72 315 4 10 835 725 9 618 6 92 4 47 1348 Off 674 6 584 3 81 1 13 1348 578 2 531 2 43 3 11 1348 Clr 2 2 4 5 112 47 | 15 | 20 | 70 | 1 | 4 | 115 Arr 10 73 50 13 30 20 831 175 190

Table 4.13 District 13 PART I OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS PART II OFFENSES, CLEARANCES & ARRESTS DRUG ABUSE MANSLAUGHTER EMBEZZLEMENT AGGRAVATED ASSAULT CURFEW & LOITERING ALL OTHER (EXCEPT TRAFFIC) OTHER ASSAULTS CAMBL ING LARCENY LIQUOR AGENCY 011 012 12 Baker Co. SO 7. Clr Arr 12 Baker PD Off 64 17 37 (9.490)Clr ī 48 13 ; 12 State Police Off Clr 79 Arr COUNTY TOTAL Off 50 48 2 14 32 (15,950)Clr Arr 12 Union Co. SO Off Clr ī Arr 3 24 12 Elgin PD Off Clr (1,615)Arr Off Clr 15 12 LaGrande PD 47 10 1 11 73 17 77 12 a (10,550)Arr 12 Union PD Off 11 1 2 (1,950)Clr Arr 12 State Police Off 1 74 1 20 58 1 13 2 169 2 26 Clr 74 10 72 95 ī 1.3 Arr COUNTY TOTAL Off 25 103 155 1 25 157 2 20 50 55 (22,200) Clr 22 1 2 11 179 1 155 15 1 2 i Off Clr 12 Wallowa Co. SO Arr Off Clr Arr 12 Enterprise PD **2** 5 (1,900)Off Clr 12 Joseph PD NOTHING TO REPORT (950) Arr 11 Wallowa PD Off (905)Cir Arr Off 12 State Police Clr Arr 13 3 49 49 38 1 40 12 COUNTY TOTAL Off 25 (6.880)Clr Arr 13 Off DISTRICT TOTAL 46 51 22 4 317 59 288 50 1 33 102 26 2 12 33 323 3 289 1 30 313 2 286 2 23 - 5 Clr Arr - 9

Table 4.14

	Table 4.14 District 14	•		PA	RT I	OFFE	NSES,	CLEARAN	CES & AR	RESTS		1	PART	IT 0	FFENSI	ES,	CLEAR	Ances	& ARRE	STS		DRI	IG ABL	ISE										
MONTHS OF REPORTING	AGENCY	OFFICER ASSAULT		NURDER	HANSLAUGHTER	S FORCIBLE RAPE	C ROBBERY	ASSAULT	G BURGLARY	9 LARCENY	MOTOR Q VEHICLE THEFT	S OTHER S ASSAULTS	S ARSON	FORGERY & COUNTERFEIT	- 4	- 1	C PROPERTY	MSITMUMAN 4	C WEAPONS	PROSTITUTION	OTHER SEX COFFENSE	DRUG TOTAL	181	8 MARLJUANA	SYNTHETIC S NARCOTIC	DANGEROUS 18 DRUGS	G GAMBLING	S OFFENSES	lina 21	Z LIQUOR LAWS	DISORDERLY CONDUCT	N ALL OTHER O (EXCEPT TRAFFIC)	S CURPEW & LOITERING	S RUNAWAY S JUVENILE
4	Harney Co SO		Off Clr					2	3 1					1				1 1													2	2		7
12	Burns PD	3	Arr Off				1	19	1 52	158	2 15	2		4	2 8	\perp		72	4			6		6				1	40	15	1 19	15	6	10
	(3,600)		Clr Arr					15 14	5 11	21	9	3		2	3			1.0 7	1 2			6 9		6 9					40 40	15 32			6 13	
12	Hines PD (1,570)		Off Clr				1	3	5	9 3		2						6										1	5 5		2	9		1
12	State Police		Arr Off	1			i	1	1	9	1		2	_	1				1			7		7					5 21	10	1	1		
			Clr	1			1 2		3	ī	2				1	\dashv			1			7		7					21 21	4		1 2		
	COUNTY TOTAL (7,500)	3	Off Clr	1			3		61	183	15 9			5	9	7	\dashv	79 11	5			13		13				_1	66	15 15	23	27	6	
		<u> </u>	Arr				2	14	15	_23	1.3			2		_		7	3			16		16				1	66	46		16	13	6
12	Malheur Co. SO	ł.,	Off Clr			1		2	23 2		3 2					士		15 3			1								3			1		
12	Nyssa PD		Arr Off	1		1	1	1 2	3 23	8 82	4	·	2	<u>1</u>	19	士	12	1 68	5		7	3		3				5	3 44	<u>1</u> 21		1 84	4	5
	(2,775)		Clr Arr					1 6	3	14 12	2			1	4			2	3	2	\vdash	3	-	3					44	8 15			3	2
12	Ontario PD (7,910)		Off Clr			2	5 3		113 24	. 110	31 17	21				_	1	<u>2</u> ∋7 8	7		21	10 8		9		$\frac{1}{1}$	2	8	140 140	45 39	38	170		32 16
12	Vale PD	├	Arr Off				3	3	24 13	99	23	4	1	3			1	12	7		2 2			27	2	1		1	140 13	142	46	8	3	16 23
	(1,790)	ŀ	Clr					2	3 2	9	1	4 2			2	-		1			1			$\frac{1}{1}$					13 13	3 2	3	2		5
	State Police		Off Clr		-	1 1	2	1	23	31	10		10	_	4			5 1	4			12		12				1	178 178	$\frac{1}{1}$	4	7		
	COUNTY TOTAL	ļ	Arr			2 4	2	1	9 195	18 828	5 49	25	3		100		12	2	4			9		9 25				14	178	44	6	5		11
	(24,609)	-	Clr			1	3	7	38	149	22	7	1	3	29		13	395 14	16 9		33 5	26	<u></u>	21		1	2	14	378 378	71 51	39	26	4	23
-	DISTRICT TOTAL	3	Arr Off	1		4	11	41	41 256	139 1011	34 64	29	15				13	474	14 21	_	3 33	39		43 38		1	2	15	378 444	204 86	148		10	
		·.	Clr Arr			3			44 56	185 162	31 47	8 9				=	1	25 25	11 17		5 3	35		34 59		1		1 2	444 444	66 250			6 19	
====																																		
						Ì		1	100																									
											1											į.												
	STATE TOTAL	576	Off Clr			828 358	3100 855		39446 5731		9442							32451 3185	1513 668	663	2804 518			7847 6447		1044 653			23345 23345	5699 3995		19690 6190		10616 4453
		<u> </u>	Arr				926		5534	17031	2243				1206			3259				10656				777	36		23345	12727	4607	7003		3826
																	T	-																
-				! !																							1.			'				
				1									1										1											
			1																<u> </u>			4							· · · · · · · ·		<u></u>	<u></u>		
	State Police Total	22	Off Clr	- 6	14	26 11		172	1384 155		558 113	130	43	13	335 96	1	7	148	139 122	1	29	3604 3437	54	3038	11	334	2	24 14	9917 9917	37 27	117	236		69 21
-		+-	Arr	32	-	24	57	169	402	866	354	219	99	51	126	-	26	230	159	-	31	2762	28	2553	7	174	5	6	9917	2426	211	297	21	545
																		1																
				1									ĺ																					165
	1	1	11	l .	L.,	1	l	1		1	1	1	1	1						<u> </u>	L	Be	1	1			لــــا			L	<u> 1 </u>	1 1 3	1	المناسبة المناسبة

	그리다의 사람이들이 한 번째 등이 남자가 되었다면 그래요?
	그런 옷 집에 보는 소리를 하고 말했다면 하는데 하는데 되었다. 그렇
####################################	
고등 등 보고 있는 것이 되었다. 그 사람들은 그는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다. 	
보다는 경기에 있는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다.	
[4] 영화 (1) 전 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
蒙蒙 마리 그런 그는 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그 그 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 호텔 전에 가장 가는 사람들이 가장 하는 것이 되었다.	
경기 (1985년 - 1985년 - 1 - 1985년 - 1985	
왕들의 아이에 가는 이 나는 이 사람이 있다. 불합의 기계를 하는 사람들은 사람들이 가는 기계를 하는 것이다.	
보통 하루 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 10 kg - 1	
해 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 참 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되는 것이 되었다.	
불통한 이상하는데 이 방향 그는 이 이 그는 이 없는 것이다.	
基本되었다. 그는 경기에 가장 보고 있는 것이 되었다. 그는 것이 되었다.	
명명 경기가 된 것인 것은 사람들이 하는 것이 되는 것이다. 화용성이 가는 것인 것은 사람들이 되었다.	
	克尔克纳 医三角锥虫的 医运动性 医圆点 医氯酚氯酚 医舞蹈性 以上 经营税 医多毛的血管多种形式硬件 克斯特勒特

SECTION 5

COUNTY ARREST DATA BY AGE GROUPS

TABLE 5.1

BAKER COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39	40 t o 44	45 to	50 54		55 to 59			TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDIER	-							,								1	1								2
MNSLTER.															<u> </u>	·			<u>. </u>						
FORC RAPE														1	[<u> </u>	11	<u> </u>		_	1_		1 (-)		3
ROBBERY					2												<u> </u>	ļ						2_	
C. ASSLT.	1_		1		2		1					1	1	2	2	1	ļ	-		1	1_		<u> </u>	4	10
BURGLARY	1	3	3		1	2			2	5	3	2		1_				ļ	4				ļ	10	13
ARCENY	5	6	10	13	10_	6	3	5	11	4	5	1	1	6	2	3	4			1		1	1	50	48
4.V. THEFT		1	3	2	5	1			2	2	ļ ·		ļ	7		1								12	12
DTH.ASSLT.						2	2			1	<u> </u>			ļ	<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	1	_				2	6
ARSON														ļ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ					ļ		
EOEC\COUNT		,·	<u> </u>	1_								··			<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>		-	1			 	1	1
eraud -							1		1	1			ļ	<u></u>		1	 	ļ	-			[<u> </u>		4
EMBEZZ.				ļ			i				 						! !	ļ		 -	~~~~		ļ		
STLN.PROP.		 -			ļ		1					-		ļ	ļ			1	<u> </u>						1
VANDALISM _	7	6	! 3	4	1_1	2	3		1		2	2			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	2		·	ļ		23	10
ZEAPONS			<u> </u>	1					1				ļ. 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	1	1	2
ROSTITUT.		· · · · · ·									<u> </u>		}	<u>;</u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
SEX OFF.							<u>/</u>	1			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		! 	<u> </u>		ļ	1				ļ	ļ	2
DRUG ABUSE		1	5	4	11	12	12	12	9	7	3	5	4	7	4	1	<u> </u>		-			ļ		33_	64
CAMBLING			ļ					-			<u> </u>			· 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 		-	 	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
CAMILY OFF.			<u> </u>	ļ									<u> </u>	1	1	-	;	<u>i</u>				<u> </u>	-		1_
DUII	-				1	3	3	7	7	11	3	7			15	16	18			12	12	9	! 8	1	178_
LIQ. LAWS			4	12	24	27	24	22	1.0	1.	5		1	1 3	1	1	<u> </u>		2			<u> </u>	1	67_	70
DIS. COND.			11_	2	1	3	1	3	4	1	2	2		4	1	1	<u> </u>		2	2	 	1	11		25
ALL OTHER			2	3	1	1_	2	1_					l 	11_	1_1_	1	1_1_	<u> </u>	1			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	6	8
Curfew	1	1	8	7	17	12	1_	1_					ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>		 				!		<u>46</u> .	2
RUNAVAY	2	2	5	10	5_	2_								ļ			ļ	ļ					1.00	26	* <u></u>
			ļ	<u> </u>	i .								<u> </u>									<u> </u>			<u> </u>
OTAL	17	20	45	59	80	73	54	52	48	33	23	20∙	10	65	26	28	26	2	4	17	14	11	11	294	462

TABLE 5.2

BENTON COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

offensk	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to	50 54		55 to		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER							ĺ							1											1
MNSLTER.							ļ							1											1
FORC.RAPE									1					4				<u> </u>							5
ROBBERY			2						1			1	3	6			3						j	2	14
AG. ASSLT.				4	3	5	1	2		1	3	5	1	6	5	2	2	2	2	2			<u>L</u>	12	32
BURCLARY	4	6	23	10	14	14	8	9	3		3			9	2	2				1				71	37
ARCENY	11	6	49	36	36	39	37	32	20	19	10	15	11	30	. 6	3	6		5	6			1	177	202
M.V. THEFT		<u> </u>	13	10	10	3	5	3	4	3	2	4	<u> </u>	3	1]						36	26
OTH.ASSLT.		3	4	1	2	2	2	2	. 3	3	3	. 3	1	11	.4	1			1_	1	1			12	35
ARSON			1	2						1		<u> </u>	ļ	1										3	2
FORC/COUNT	1	1	2	· · ·		3	3	2	3					1										. 7	9
PRAUD				5	2		3	4	7	4	3	1	1	3	6	2							<u> </u>	7.	34
EMBEZZ.	1									·			<u> </u>									<u> </u>			
STLN.PROP.			4		1.	2		2		1			-				ļ	<u> </u>				<u> </u>		7	4
VANDALISH	1	2	5	8		11	5	3	3	3	2		1	6	1		2	-	<u> </u>	1		1	<u> </u>	27	29
WEAPONS		1	1	1	1	3	6	2			1			5	1	1	<u> </u>							7	16
PROSTITUT.]											ļ					<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>		1	2	1	1	1		2	1		1	1	3	3		ļ		4_	2	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5	15
DRUG ABUSE		1	14	25	31.	45	39	43	33	27	24	21	14	37	5		1 1		2			ļ	ļ	116	246
GAMBLING														ļ.			<u> </u>	ļ				ļ			
FAMILY OFF.				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-						ļ			<u> </u>								
DUII					1	10	10	15	13	35	29	26	14	82	42	31	36	30)	21	22	11	6	11	423
LIQ. LAWS		2	21	25	54	50	78	42	41	12	10	5	2	4				ļ				ļ		152	194
DIS. COND.	.		1	2	5	5	7	9	7	7	3	3	4	21	1	7	2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4		<u> </u>	1	13	. 76
ALL OTHER		1	5	5	9	12	17	10	9	16	3	8	2	14	4	4	5	:	<u> </u>	2	3		4	32	102
<u>CURFEW</u>			1.6	7	21	15											ļ	_						59	
RUNAWAY	ļ	1	40	43	10	8							 			-		ļ	-			ļ		102	
ľOTAL	17	24	202	186	201	228	222	180	151	133	96	93	55	248	81	53	57	44	<u> </u>	40	27	12	11	858	1503

TABLE 5.3

CLACKAMAS COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 t o 34	35 t o 39		45 t o 49	50 t o	55 t o 59		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL
MURDER				1	1	1		1	1						1								3	3
MNSLTER.											2									<u> </u>				2
FORC RAPE						1		į			<u> </u>	1	2	2	1	2				<u> </u>			1	8
ROBBERY			2	6	2	2	2	4		2		5	2	6	1							<u> </u>	12	22
AC. ASSLT.		2	8	6	10	8	8	4	5	7	3	4	6	22	17	14	8	3		4	1	2	34	108
HURGLARY	11	27	76	68	46	29	36	17	11	6	5	2	1_	11	7	4	3						257	103
LARCENY	31	59	164	103	101	97	56	33	32	15	15	<u>17</u>	18	34	23	13	6	4	3	5	2	4	555	280
M.V. THEFT		1	13	33	20	22	1.5	3	3	4	2	3	1	2		1	1			1			89	36
OTH ASSLT.	2	1.	8	2	1		5	6	6	2		3	3	8	6	3	2	2	2		1		14	49
ARSON		2	9	2	1	2							1	3	1		1						1ó	6
FORG/COUNT		1	2	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	2	1	1				. 1					6	9
FRAUD			3	4	3	4	1	3	4	3	6	5	2	14	14	11	5	4		3			14	75
EMBEZZ.												}												
STLN.PROP.			3	2	5	3	2	1	1		1			1									13	6
VANDALISM	20	21	.56	25	34	22	11	12	4	6	4	2	3	6	4	2					1		178	55
WEAPONS			4	1	5	4	3	4	3	2				8	1	1	2						14	24
PROSTITUT.								J												1				
SEX OFF.	1	1	1	1		1	4		1	2	2	1	2	3	3		4	1		1			5	24
DRUG ABUSE		2	31,	28	56	. 75	71	56	34	28	23	19	12	51	13	3	3	2	1				192	315
GAMBLING	. 140											1		2		3	1		}		1			8
FAMILY OFF.							14.47				1		2	2	2	2]					10
DULI		1.5		1	9	20	36	35	37	44	41	34	38	161	141	121	1,46	100	92	67	36	26	30	1155
LIQ. LAWS			17	19	63	84	92	. 35	22	3	4	3	2	1	2	2	1			3			183	170
DIS. COMD.		2	10	12	18	24	20	7	19	17	13	. 17	12	30	30	8	4	3]	. 3			66	184
ALL OTHER	6	8	41	49	58	31	41	41	39	32	15		18	77	56	42	23	19	14	7	2	8	193	448
GURFEU	2	9	46	67	57	47									1					1			228	
RUNAWAY	3	14	1	58	47	17		1												1			222	1
					 		or s		e - (7.					•			∱ %• • 5
፲ ዐ'ቮለ L	76	150	577	489	538	495	404	263	223	174	138	133	126	445	323	232	210	139	113	94	44	40	2325	3101

TABLE 5.4

CLATSOP COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

OFFENSE	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to	5 50 54		55 t o			TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER							i	••••••					2					-	†				†		2
MNSLTER.					1																			1	
FORC RAPE				-										2											2
ROBBERY			1	2	1	2		ļ							1	1								6	2
AG. ASSLT.		1	3	2	3	4	3 !	2	દ	6	1	2	2	8	1	4	3		1		1			1.3	40
BURGLARY		3	13	10	11	9	11	5	2	10	2	4	1	2	1			1	1					46	39
LARCENY	6	5	19	12	17	22	9	10	6	7	3	5	2	14	4	3	1		2	1				81	67
M.V. THEFT			7	6	5	6	1	2	1	4	2		1						1					24	12
OTH.AS <u>ŚLT.</u>		1	9	1		4	1	3	4	1			4	5	4	2			1					15	25
ARSON		1													1									1	1
FORG/COUNT				1						1			1		1									1	3
FRAUD			2	1	1	2		1		1	1		2	4	3		1			1	1 1 1			6	14
EMBEZZ.																			<u> </u>						
STLN.PROP.		1	1	2	2																			6	
VANDALISM	1	. 5	5	5	4	7	5	8	4	3	1	3	1	2	3	2				2	er de			27	34
WEAPONS			4	3	1		2		1						1	1	1							8	6
PROSTITUT.															<u> </u>		<u> </u>								
SEX OFF.							1							1			1				· · ·				4
DRUG ABUSE			4	3	10	. 4	12	12	8	8	2	2	5	11	5	1								21	66
GAMBLING																									
FAMILY OFF.						-/ 1											<u> </u>		1						
DUII					3	10	10	19	22	24	20	27	22	98	43	56	50	4	4	38	31	21	18	13	543
LIQ. LAWS		1	15	18	62	120	124	102	58	16	4		5	9	1	2	1				1	1		216	324
DIS. COND.			1	2	3	1	8	4	7	9	1		1	17	9	5	4		2			1		7	70
ALL OTHER		5	6	7	1	6	7	7	9	10	6	7	5	13	11	5	2	1	4	. 2	4	1	2	25	95
CURFEW			13	14	24	32	1												\perp			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	83	1
RUNAWAY		1	10	8	9	3					9											0]	31	w.w.r.sayslanaa
				i 1														3/							
TOTAL	7	24	113	97	158	232	195	1.75	128	100	43	52	54	186	90	82	64	5	6	44	37	24	20	631	1350

TABLE 5.5

COLUMBIA COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 t o 29	30 to 34	35 t o		45 t c 49	50 54		55 t o 59	60 t o 64	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER											1		2												3
MNSLTER.									1			1													2
FORC RAPE										1	1				1	1					1				5
ROBBERY			1	1	1					<u> </u>														3	
AG. ASSLT.		1		2	1	2		2	1	2	2	1	2	5	1	2	2	1						6	21
BURGLARY		4	5	11	10	5	2	6	1	1	1	1		3										35	15
LARCENY	3	17	20	24	23	21	7	4	2				- 4	4_	3	5	1	1		2	4		ļ	108	37
M.V. THEFT			2	1	1	5						<u> </u>			2							14 14		9	2
OTH.ASSLT.		2	5	1	2	1		1	1	2	1			4			1	1		1				11	12
ARSON				1																		٦,		1	
FORC/COUNT											<u> </u>			3	1	<u> </u>					ļ				4
FRAUD								2	1					1				2	1_						6
EMBEZZ.													ļ			ļ						<u></u>			
STLN.PROP.		1			1			1												<u> </u>				2	11
VANDALISM	14	12	7	7	5	7	1	3	1	5	4	5	1	5	1									52	26
WEAPONS			1	2				1		1				4	1			1						3	8
PROSTITUT.	,												ļ			ļ							ļ		
SEX OFF.			1		4			1						1	1	-			٠		1			5	. 4
DRUG ABUSE			9	11	18	20	9	12	8	11	5	5	2	15	2	1	ļ							58	70
GAMBLING	<u> </u>															1			1				<u> </u>	ļ	
FAMILY OFF.			1														<u> </u>	<u> </u>					ļ	1	
DUII			ļ		2	4	3	13	14	16	3	11	5	39	42	28	27	33		19	6	11	5	6	275
LIQ. LAWS		1_	13	13	34	51_	38	38	25	5	4	1	2	1		1	1			1			ļ	112	. 116
DIS. COND.	2	5	4	9	11		11	11	12	5	2	. 5	4	12	6	3		1	_	4	2	<u> </u>	1 1	38	79
ALL OTHER	<u> </u>	3	8	10	5_	3	3_	3		3	3	3	2	9	6	6	2	9		4	1	1		29	55
CURFEW	-		6	4	3	6									<u> </u>	1								19 ,.	
RUNAWAY		2	17	26	18	4	1									ļ			-			1 2 4 1		67_	11
	 		100						7.							<u> </u>		-	4-						
TOTAL.	19	48	100	123	139	136	75	98	67	52	27	33	24	106	67	46	34	49		31	15	12	6	565	742

TABLE 5.6

COOS COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 &		13 to				,.	7.0			00					35 t o			50 to			65 &	TOTAL	TOTAL
OFFENSE	under	11-12	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	29	34	39	44	49	54	59	64	Over	JUVENILE	ADULT
MURDER													ļ											
MNSLTER.													ļ		1						ļ			1
F^RC.RAPE								1				2	2	2	1									. 8
ROBBERY										2							2							4
AG. ASSLT.		2	6	2	2	7	3	4	3	. 5	4	4	2	13	7	2	5	1		4		<u> </u>	19	57
BURGLARY	3	. 8	44	34	28	25	12	8	7	5	7		2	10	4	5	1		2	1			142	64
LARCENY	2.2	30	77	54	. 37	44	46	30	26	17	15	11	6	27	25	11	5	5	5	1	3	4	264	237
M.V. THEFT			21	24	14	9	7	4	1					4									68	16
OTH.ASSLT.			1	2	4	2	2	2_	2	2	4	5_	2	12	5	5	1_	3	1		2	1_1		50
ARSON	1	2	1	2	3		1								1								9	2
FORG/COUNT		1	4	. 4	1	1	4		2	2	1		1 1	5	4			1	1		2		11_	23
FRAUD					Ĭ.	2	1	4	2	5_	9	. 6	2	28	21	2	5	9	1	3		1	2	99
EMBEZZ.																								
STLN.PROP.			1	1	6	6		1	1							1							14	3
VANDALISM	6	4	25	6	2	. 5	9	6	4	7	1	3	1	6	2	1	1	1	1	<u> </u>			48	43
WEAPONS		1			1	1	3	1	6				1	2	2								3	<u>15</u>
PROSTITUT.																								
SEX OFF.			1			2	1		2		1	1		2	1	2			1	2			3	13
DRUG ABUSE		2	8	16	22	37	51	34	27	23	22	20	. 26	49	13	4	3				1	1	85	273
GAMBLING																								
FAMILY OFF.							1					1			2		1							5
DUII	1			3	5	11	22	32	45	46	30	35	24	148	109	103	75	73	71	60	34	18	20	925
LIQ. LAWS		6	27	31	54	83	108	75	71	5	5	1	1	3	1		5						201	275
DIS. COND.		1	5	9	9	12	24	8	16	6	14	10	11	38	17	5	6	2	4	1	2		36	164
ALL OTHER	7	4	24	21	5	14	10	7	9	7	6	. 7	3	12	6	12	8	7	6	1	2		75	103
CURFEW	2	3	14	18	8	9	*******							1									54	1
RUNAWAY	3	10	38	46	27	9	1																133	1
**************************************			1.7				-						1					1						0
TOTAL	45	74	297	273	228	279	306	217	224	132	119	106	84	362	222	153	118	102	93	74	45	25	1196	2382

TABLE 5.7

CROOK COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39			50 t o 54	55 t o 59			TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDEK																								
MNSLTER.																						<u> </u>		
FORC RAPE																								
ROBBERY					2																<u></u>		2.	
AG. ASSLT.				2	2	5	1						2	3	2	2	2						9	12
BURGLARY			6	3	3	2	2	4	4	1	1	1	1	1		1							· 14	15
LARCENY	5	12	10	5	3	5	6	8	2	5	3		2	5	2	2			3				40	38
M.V. THEFT			4	4	1	1	1				1												10	2
OTH ASSLT.					1		1	1			1					1		1					1	5
ARSON			2																				2	
FORG/COUNT			1	2			1									2		<u> </u>					3	2
FRAUD				1			•		1		3					<u> </u>							1	4
EMBEZZ.			•															<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ		
STLN.PROP.				1	1							ļ		<u> </u>								ļ	2	
VANDALISM	2	1	1	1	5	3	12	2			1	2		1		1	ļ	<u></u>					13	8
WEAPONS				2		2						2	1	2		ļ	<u> </u>				1	<u> </u>	4	6
PROSTITUT.	ļ] <u>-</u>						<i>I</i> .								ļ <u>.</u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		6
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						1						1						ļ		 		ļ
DRUG ABUSE	ļ, <u>.</u>		1	6	2	3	8	11	8	4,	6	. 8	3	10	5	-		ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	12	64
GAMBLING		 										ļ 	1	<u> </u>	ļ	1	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	1		ļ	<u> </u>	2
FAMILY OFF.				-										!	1				ļ		<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u> </u>
DUII	l			1			8	5	6	10	9	8	11	22	19	12	21	3	10	18	4	7	1	173
LIQ. LAWS	<u> </u>		13	32	30	52	64	65	50	6_	2			4	<u> </u>		1	ļ	1		ļ		127	197
DIS. COND.	ļ	2	6	7	5	3	4	1	4	3	4		1	7	4	1	 	2	1	1	ļ	1	23	37
ALL OTHER	ļ	ļ	ļ	3	3	3	1	3	6	3	2	1	3	5	3	3	1	3	1		-	<u> </u>	9	35
CURFEW	2	1	7	8	,	3				ļ						-	<u> </u>	ļ	 	-	-	ļ	31	
RUNAWAY		<u> </u>	3	7	4								ļ	ļ				ļ		ļ	 	 	14	
	<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>								ļ			 		 	-		<u> </u>	 		
TOTAL	9	16	54	85	72	82	97	101	81	32	33	26	25	61	37	30	26	9	16	19	1.5	8	318	606

TABLE 5.8

CURRY COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

. 1	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24			35 to 39		45 to 49	50 to	55 to	60 t o 54		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																								
MNSLTER.								-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						ļ			<u> </u>	ļ				<u></u>
FORC.RAPE																	ļ		1				<u> </u>	1
ROBBERY														1		ļ			1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			2
AG. ASSLT.			1			1	1		1					2			1	2		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	2	8
BURGLARY	1		3	4	4	7	9	4	2	3		3		5	2	2				ļ		ļ	19	30
LARCENY		2	3	7	7	2	6	4	3	4		2	1	11		2			3	1		1	21	38
M.V. THEFT					2				1			2		1		2		1		ļ			2	6
OTH.ASSLT.				. 1							1									ļ			1	11
ARSON					1									1			<u> </u>			ļ	<u> </u>		1	1 1
FORG/COUNT									1		1	1								ļ				3
FRAUD					-,	2	1			2	1_			2	2	1	ļ	2		<u> </u>			2	11
EMBEZZ.												<u> </u>												
STLN.PROP.										1					<u> </u>		<u> </u>			ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		2
VANDALISM	4	1	5	1	3	3	5	1			2			1					1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1.7	10
WEAPONS				1		2						1				ļ	<u> </u>						3	1
PROSTITUT.	,												ļ			<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
SEX OFF.		·	·				1		1		1				ļ					1	<u> </u>	ļ		3
DRUG ABUSE					2	5	6	5	6	2	1	3	1	5	<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				ļ	7	29
GAMBLING																					<u> </u>			
FAMILY OFF.																				ļ				
DUII						4	5	3	4	11	. 4	2	4	19	22	14	10	9	1.6	5 11	8	6	 	148
LIQ. LAWS		1	4	2	5_	10	11	16	10			1		1				<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	22	39
DIS. COND.		1	5	5	2	3	2	1	2	. 1	1	1		4	3	3 3	3	2	1	1	<u> </u>	ļ	16	25
ALL OTHER					1	1	i	1	1			2		3			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Ц		<u> </u>	2	88
CURFEW			2	5	1	4									<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	12	
RUNAWAY		2	6	5	8	3													1	1			24	1
									1											1	<u> </u>			
TOTAL	5	7	29	31	36	47	48	34	32	24	12	18	- 6	56	30	24	14	1.5	24	4 14	8	8	155	367

TABLE 5.9

DESCHUTES (COUNTY	- Tot	al Arr	ests	,1976)		·						,	<i></i>	,		 		.,					10 .
offense	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to	50 t	55 t 59	t o 60	t o 6.	- 1	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER									1				1.												2
MNSLTER.													 									_			
FORC RAPE															1	1		L	<u> </u>						3
ROBBERY						2			1					<u> </u>			1					_	_1	2	3
AG, ASSLT.	1_1			3	3	2	1	8	1	2	1	3	2	6	7	6	3		4			1	3	9	48
BURGLARY	2	2	6	5	5	11	8	12	1	. 5	1		3	6	4									3.T	40
LARCENY	18	15	43	36	47	36	25	19	9	13	13	6	7	37	9	4	2		4 5		4	2	6	195.	165
M.V. THEFT	<u> </u>	2	5	6	4	10	1	1		1	1	1	J.	1		1					1	1		27	10
OTH.ASSLT.	<u> </u>				1	2	2	1	1		4	2	1	5	4	1	1		<u> </u>					3	22
ARSON				1																-				1	
FORG/COUNT			1			1	1		2		3								1					2	7
FRAUD					1_				1		3	2	<u> </u>	5	1	2	2		1					. 1	17
EMBEZZ.	l														l 						1				
STLN.PROP.																1									1
VANDALISM	3		8	5	4	6	2	4		- 4		1		1	1				1					.26	14
WEAPONS			3	1	1		2	1	1	1	1	<u></u>		1	1		}							5	8
PROSTITUT.	<u> </u>												<u> </u>		<u> </u>					-					****
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>		1			1	1	1		1		1		1	1		1							2	7
DRUG ABUSE			6	9	30	38	39	40	21	16	16	16	19	36	10	3			1		1.			83	217
GAMBLING													<u> </u>	İ	<u> </u>										
FAMILY OFF.												,				! 	1								1
DUII				1	2	11	17	22	25	33	32	27	22	101	63	60	57	4	6 35	. 4	10	26	9	14	615
LIQ. LAWS		1	7	12	29	44	42	35	17	2	1	1	1		2	1							_1_	93	103
DIS. COND.				4	3	3	10	14	12	14	5	6	3	20	7	4	2		1		1			10	99
ALL OTHER	2	1	4	4	6	6	3	3	6	6	4	7	4	11	9	6	3		2 2					23	66
CURFEW	1		18	14	8	5	•														1			46	1
RUNAWAY	1	7	18	28	21	3	-																	78	
																				1					
TOTAL	28	28	120	129	165	181	154	161	99	98	85	73	64	231	120	90	73	6	0 44	4	47	30	20	651	1449

TABLE 5.10

DOUGLAS COL	INTY -	Total	Arres	ts (1	976)						· ·			· · ·						· · · · · ·		,		
OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24			35 t o 39		45 t o 49	50 to	55 t o	60 t o		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER														1	2	1	2					1		6
MNSLTER.														1										1
FORC, RAPE				1				1	2		1	1		1	1		1	1					1	9
ROBBERY			2		7	3	7	3	2		3		1	5	3	2	2						12	28
AG. ASSLT.	1	5	3	4	8	5	7	3	9	2	6	3	5	25	13	11	7	5	6	4		1	26	107
BURGLARY	5	8	36	31	44	31	14	13	7	9	8	5	7	17	13	1		1					155	95
T.ARCENY	4	27	75	33	71	58	48	48	32	21	11	10	6	40	15	7	6	7	1	2	3	1	268	258
M.V. THEFT		3	22	17	23	8	2	8	5	4	2		1	4	2								73	28
OTH.ASSLT.			3	4	5	. 1	1	5	4	3	3	6	2	6	.6	3	5	. 1	1	1			13.	· 47
ARSON	4	1	4	2	2	2		1	1		1					1							15	4
FORG/COUNT	ĺ		1	1	2	1			2		1		1			1		1		<u> </u>			5	- 6
FRAUD	1			1	1	1	2	2	3	2	i	2	3	12	8	6	3		l	2			4	45
EMBEZZ.																								
STLN.PROP.			1	1	3	3		1	1	2	3	3		4	2		2	1					. 8	19
VANDALISM	19	27	17	14	16	19	. 7	4	8	7	1	5	5	14	. 6	4	3	1	1	2	1	1	112	70
WEAPONS				1	2	2	1	5	2	1	3	. 2	2	5	3	5	2						5	31
PROSTITUT.																								
SEX OFF.			3		3	3	2		2	1	1	3		4	7	3	2	3	1	3			9	25
DRUG ABUSE		2	25	32	71	58	66	70	62	60	46	45	.21	87	22	7	4	<u> </u>				2	188	492
GAMBLING														1	1		5	2	3	1				13
FAMILY OFF.					1				1					1		1							1	3
DUII	1			2	9	19	26	42	36	55	46	59	54	190	148	139	94	118	77	58	31	30	31	1203
LIQ. LAWS	1		9	21	47	63	92	52	42	9	8	4,	1	11	3	2	2	5	2	3			141	236
DIS. COND.		1	5	6	11	9	11	6	17	12	18	17	15	41	18	18	9	8	4	1	1	. 2	32	198
ALL OTHER	4	1	15	19	29	21	15	13	15	10	2 4	15	9	37	1.6	13	8	5	1	2		3	89	166
CURFEW		1	6	6	9	7																	29	4
RUNAWAY	3	5	18	17	10	. 8																	, 61	
											ς.													
TOTAL	43	81	245	213	374	322	301	277	253	198	166	180	133	507	282	225	157	159	97	79	36	40	1278	3090

TABLE 5.11

GILLIAM COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

GILLIAM CO	10 & under		13 to		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 t o 29	30 t o 34	35 t o	40 t o	45 t o	50 t o	55 t o	60 t o	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER	-											 				<u> </u>								
MNSLTER.																				1			-	
FORC.RAPE												1										l i		
ROBBERY														1										1
AG. ASSLT.									,															
BURGLARY							1	2																3
LARCENY							2					1	1											4
M.V. THEFT							1					i		!	· 								<u> </u>	1
OTH ASSLT.		<u> </u>				. 1				. 1			1			<u> </u>				J			1	2_
ARSON												<u> </u>			1					<u> </u>				111
FORG/COUNT	.]											<u> </u>]	1		<u> </u>			1.				2
FRAUD	<u> </u>	<u> </u>													ļ	1		<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1
EMBEZZ.													,		! 		ļ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
STLN.PROP.														<u> </u>			<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
VANDALISM		1	2	1	1	2				1					ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ				6	1
WEAPONS			<u> </u>										<u> </u>	! 		1	!		ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1
PROSTITUT.		ļ		ļ									<u> </u>	[<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1	ļ		<u> </u>		
SEX OFF.			ļ		ļ						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>		ļ				
DRUG ABUSE				1	1	1	5	6	7	3	4	4	1	6			-	 	ļ			<u> </u>	3	3 <u>6</u>
GAMBLING	-		<u> </u>		ļ							ļ	ļ	1		11	ļ	<u> </u>	1_1	<u> </u>	1 1			3
FAMILY OFF	·														-	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	-			<u> </u>		
DUII	<u> </u>		ļ		ļ				<u> </u>	2		 	ļ	2	2	1	3	1	4	3	3	3	 	24
LIQ. LAWS	 		ļ		1	2	9	14	5			: 		<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			 		3	28
DIS. COND.					<u> </u>		1								ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>			ļ.,,,,,,,,	-	1
ALL OTHER			<u> </u>			ļ						<u> </u>	1	1				<u> </u>	ļ			ļ		,
CURFEY			1		1		-					 	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	0
RUNAWAY		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1							ļ	<u> </u>					ļ		ļ	ļ	 	1	
·	-			<u> </u>	;							<u> </u>					<u> </u>	ļ <u> </u>	-	 	ļ	<u> </u>		
TOTAL	1	1	3	2	3	6	19	22	12	7.	4	5	3	9	4	. 4	1 :	3 1	5	4	4		15	109

TABLE 5.12

GRANT COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 t o 44	45 to	٥	50 t c	55 59		60 t o 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER								1									1.									1_
MNSLTER.								2																		2
FORC.RAPE					1																				1	
ROBBERY																									1	
AG. ASSLT.								1	2	1				4	1											9
BURGLARY				1	2	6		1	1			<u> </u>					1	<u> </u>		1					9	4
LARCENY				1	2	1	. 1	1	3		1			1		ļ									4	6
M.V. THEFT				2	7			1			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Ĺ	1									9	2
OTH ASSLT.	<u> </u>							2									1									3
ARSON											<u></u>			ļ		ļ	ļ	ļ	1	····	_					
FORG/COUNT	.							<u> </u>									1		- 1 							1
FRAUD			1	3		·	1_	1		 						<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	4		_				4	2
EMBEZZ.											ļ	-						<u> </u>	_ _		-	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
STLN.PROP.			. ,				1							<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	<u>.</u>					<u> </u>	. 2
VANDALISM												1						<u> </u>	4							1.
WEAPONS				ļ	1	1							[-	1	<u> </u>	1	ļ	\bot		<u> </u>				2	2
PROSTITUT.			<u> </u>		ļ								ļ				ļ	ļ	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	_				
SEX OFF.					1			<u> </u>					<u> </u>		Ì	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1	·		_			1	2
DRUG ABUSE	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ		1	1	2	2	1	1	4	2	ļ	1		2	ļ		_		 	_			2	15
GAMBLING											<u> </u>			-		ļ	ļ	ļ	\downarrow	···	-					
FAMILY OFF			<u> </u>							<u> </u>			ļ			<u> </u>	ļ <u>.</u>	<u> </u>	_		1	_				
DUII	-	ļ			ļ			2	1	2		:	<u> </u>	1	3	2	3	<u> </u>	4	4	-	4	1	4		23
LIQ. LAWS	<u> </u>				3	8	4	6	4					1		ļ	1	<u> </u>			1	_			11	15
DIS. COND.		ļ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		1	<u> </u>					1	ļ	ļ			_							2
ALL OTHER	<u> </u>		ļ	<u> </u>				1			ļ		ļ	1		1	2	 	1		_					6
CURFEW		ļ			2	3				<u> </u>			ļ 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 		1						5	
RUNAWAY	1		1	2									<u> </u>			<u> </u>	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u> </u>	4				<u> </u>		4	
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				-				ļ			 	ļ		4							
TOTAL	1		2	9	20	20	8	22	12	4	5	3		10	6	6	10	<u>L</u>	2	5		4	1		52	98

TABLE 5.13

HARNEY COU	NTY - '	Total .	Arrest	s (19	76)		· ·			:										.,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 t o 39	40 t o 44	45 t o 49	50 to	55 to 59	60to 64	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADUL'I
MURDER																								
MNSLTER.																								
FORC RAPE																				<u>i</u>			1	
ROBBERY				1						1		l										<u></u>	1	1
AG. ASSLT.			1			1			3	1			1	2	3	1	<u> </u>	1				ļ	2	12
BURGLARY				1	1	2	1	4	3						1_	1	1						4	11
LARCENY	1		3		3	2	2		1		1	1		5	1_	1	1	1					9	14
M.V. THEFT					2		1			3		1		5				1		<u> </u>			2	11 \
OTH ASSLT.					<u> </u>			1	1		İ			! !] 1	<u> </u>				3
ARSON												· ·				<u> </u>								
FORG/COUNT						<u> </u>		1			<u> </u>				<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		2
FRAUD						<u> </u>			1		1	1				<u></u>	1]]	L	<u> </u>	[<u> </u>		5
EMBEZZ.						<u> </u>								<u> </u> 	l	ļ			<u> </u>		ì			
STLN.PROP.					<u> </u>					:	<u> </u>				<u></u>				<u> </u>					l
VANDALISM			1	2	1		1	2						İ	! !		ļ	<u> </u>					4	3
WEAPONS							1					1		<u> </u>	! !		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1				3
PROSTITUT.	\ <u></u>												L	: 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>			
SEX OFF.		<u> </u>									<u> </u>			!										Î :
DRUG ABUSE					1	. 3	7	2	2		1			!			!			1	!		4	12
GAMBLING						<u> </u>					<u> </u>			!			1	<u> </u>						
FAMILY OFF.											<u> </u>		L.,	, 1	+		!	1	<u> </u>			i		1
DUII					1	. 2	1	2	2	1	4	4	2	8	7	5	: 6	<u> </u>	5 (6 4	2	4	3	63
LIQ. LAWS			4	1	4	11_	15	5	4	11_		! 	ļ 	!	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1			!		ļ 1	21	25
DIS. COND.			1	2	2	3	1	3	2	4	2	1		1 1	<u> </u>	3	<u> </u>	-:	3		1		8	21
ALL OTHER		<u> </u>	1		2		1	5	1	1			ļ	1		1	1	. :	1 1	1	!		3	13
CURFEW	1		2	2	4	2	2									1	<u> </u>						11	2
RUNAWAY			1	1	. 2	2																	6	
	-				i																<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
TOTAL	3		14	10	23	28	33	25	20	12	9	9	3	23	12	13	10	1:	3	8 5	3	4	78	202

TABLE 5.14

HOOD RIVER	COUNT	Y - To	tal Ar	rests	(1976)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			······				,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	<u></u>		,				
offense	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 t o 39	40to 44		50 to	55 t o 59		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																								
MNSLTER.													ļ 							<u> </u>				! !
FORC RAPE			}						*											<u> </u>				
ROBBERY													<u> </u>									<u> </u>		
AG. ASSLT.				1			1	2	1		1		<u> </u>	2		1								8
RURGLARY	2		2			1					ļ	1	1	1								<u> </u>	55	3
T.ARCENY	1_	2	5	3	3	3	6	8	2	6	3	3	2	4		1	1	1					17	37
M.V. THEFT					:		1		1			i												2
OTH.ASSLT.			1			1			2	1	1		1		2								2	7
ARSON			3																				3	
FORC/COUNT								1							1									2
FRAUD						1			2				1				1			{			1	4
EMBEZZ.											<u> </u>	!			i 						! <u>;</u>			
STLN.PROP.											1													1
VANDALISM			2	4	1	1	3	2				2			3								8	10
WEAPONS							1		,		1						1							1
PROSTITUT.																				<u> </u>				
SEX OFF.											<u> </u>	1												1
DRUG ABUSE			2	3	6	5	15	16	10	9	7	. 7	<u> </u>	17	3	2	1				<u> </u>		16	87
GAMBLING											<u> </u>												<u> </u>	
FAMILY OFF.														1	<u> </u>	1	Î							1
DUII					5	5	7	7	7	18	11	9	8	43	20	31	17	19	25	19	8	8	10	257
LIQ. LAWS			3	6	21	21	24	14	12	2	2				1								51	56
DIS. COND.				2	1_		3	5	5	3	<u> </u>		1	16	3	3						<u> </u>	3	
ALL OTHER				1	1	1	2	1			1	2	1	6	3	3	2	1					2	22
CURFEW		2	9	2	11	11																	35	
RUNAVAY		1	7	9		1	2				1												18	3
																							<i>\$</i>	و
TOTAL	3	5	34	31	49	50	64	56	42	39	32	25	15	91	36	41	22	21	25	19	8	8	172	544

TABLE 5.15

JACKSON COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

JACKSON COL	UNII -	TULAL	ALLES						 ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-									
	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 to 39		45 t 49			55 to		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER										:		1	1	_	2							1			5
MNSLTER.														1			1			_			i		2
FORC.RAPE									i	1	1			4						i					7
ROBBERY			1	1	3						3			7		1	1_		_			<u> </u>	! !	5	12
AG. ASSLT.		2	2	3	3	7	4	3	6	8	2	6	6	8	16	10	8		4	3		2	1_1	17	87
BURGLARY	6	11	21	40	57	32	19	13	8	7	6	6	6_	23		3	1		_		1_	<u> </u>		167	105
LARCENY	21	31_	84	61	51	48	42.	31	26	17	16	14	13	59	24	20	17		9	10	14	9	1,2	296	333
M.V. THEFT	1	1	18	19	8	6	9	7	5	2	3	4	2	7		1	2	<u> </u> :				1		53	44
OTILASSLT.			1			1	2	4	4	2			5_	7	4	8	2	<u> </u>	Ц		4	1		2	49
ARSON	1	3		1_		3	1	1			2		1_	3								<u> </u>	11	8	9
FORG/COUNT			2	2		3	1	1	3	1_	3			7		1	1	ļ	_		2	<u> </u>		7	20
FRAUD				3	1		8	18	4	5_	12	5_	_11_	17.	18_	9	8_	<u> </u>	4	5_	3		1_1_	4	128
EMBEZZ.													! 	<u></u>			<u> </u>	 	-			<u></u>	 		
STLN.PROP.	ļ		3	2	3	1	2	1			1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1_	1	1		 	<u> </u>	-			<u> </u>		9	7
VANDALISM	6	14	26	13	8	. 9	8	2	6	. 8		4	1_	4	2	2	2_	<u> </u>	Ц	2			<u>ļ </u>	76	42
WEAPONS	ļ		1	4_	4	3	7	2	3	5	5	3	2_	6	2	2	<u> </u>		4	2		<u> </u>		12	40
PROSTITUT.	ļ												ļ	:			ļ		-			<u> </u>			makyo an hay takama
SEX OFF.	ļ	1	1			1	1	4	5	2		1		6	3	2	11_		2	1	2		ļ	33_	31
DRUG ABUSE	 	10	33	28	74	80	90	102	71	57	48	36	25	119	28	21	8		1	1.		-	1	225	611
GAMBLING	ļ												ļ	.	ļ		1	 -	- 1		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	2
FAMILY OFF.	-			1						1				1	<u> </u>	2		 	- 1			 		11	4
DUII	-}		1	1	10	27	31	47	37	58	64			237			151	109	1	107	82	50	33	39	1462
LIQ. LAWS	1	1_	14	19	56	79	94	85	51	14	4	6_		8	1_	1	1	1	!	1	4	2	2	170	283
DIS. COND.	 -	1	13	17	17	15	20	13	22	21	17			50	21	19	-	1.14		6		3	5	63	271
ALL OTHER	1	10	31	27	35	39	37	29	18	33	14	16	17	33	23	9	<u> 8</u>		5	1	3	<u>i 6</u>	4	143	256
CURFEW	1	6	8	13	34	29	2						<u> </u>	-	-		-	+	- 1					91	2
RUNAWAY		9	56	43	43	11	2						:	 				 -	<u>i</u> -			 -		163.	2
	39	100	226	000		201	000	0.45					 				-	-	_			 	 		
TOTAL	7 39	100	316	298	407	394	380	363	269	242	203	172	174	608	311	300	230	160)	140	127	75	60	1554	3814

TABLE 5.16

IEFFERSON COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

JEFFERSON (COUNTY	- Tot	al Arr	ests (T3/0)							·			,	, ,,	· · · · · ·		,	, -				1	
OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39	40to 44	45 to	50 54	to 5.		60to 64	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																			1						
MNSLTER.							1											:							
FORC RAPE				ļ						1															1
ROBBERY		1							1																1
AG. ASSLT.			1				l	3					1	4	1	1	3		L	1	1			11	16
BURGLARY		3	2	1	1		1.	1	3		1	1	1)										7	8
LARCENY		4	10	6	10_	3	3		1					5	3	1				1	. ,			33	14
M.V. THEFT		1				1								1		1						1		1	2
OTIL.ASSLT.							1	1				1		1	1		1			1					7
ARSON		2																						2	
FORG/COUNT		1	,			1	2				1				<u> </u>		<u></u>							2	3
FRAUD										1						2			1	- 1				-	4
EMBEZZ.															! !			<u> </u>				!			
STLN.PROP.							1											<u> </u>							1
VANDALISM	2	2	1	2	3		1	• 1							2	2	1							10	7
WEAPONS			1				1			1		1		1			ļ	2				1			7
PROSTITUT.	ļ													<u> </u>	1										
SEX OFF.										 			 	<u> </u>			, 						<u> </u>		
DRUG ABUSE	ļ		5	3	2	11	25	13	17	15	9	3	6	21	6		1	<u> </u>	ļ			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	21	116
GAMBLING	ļ													2	1				<u> </u>						3
FAMILY OFF.		<u> </u>												1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	1				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
DUII			1		3	6	3	8	8	4	6		3	23	20	25	15	14		6	8	6	2	10	155
LIQ. LAWS	<u> </u>	1	6	4	17	17	31	27	13		2		1	4	İ	1	<u> </u>	2	_	1		1	ļ	45	83
DIS. COND.	ļ	<u> </u>	2	- 1	3	1	1	1	1	2			1	9	6	3	2	2		3	1	2	2	6	42
ALL OTHER	2	1	9	5	4	5	2	1	2	2	2		1	5	1	1	3			1			<u> </u>	26	21
CURFEW		2	1	1	3											<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				ļ		77	
RUNAWAY			4	4	5	2											ļ		-		عردجه ته فينينه			15	
TOTAL	4	16	42	26	51	47	72	56	46	26	25	12	14	76	41	37	26	22	+	14	10	10	4	186	491

TABLE 5.17

JOSEPHINE COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

OFFENSE	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o		45 to	50		55 t o	60 t o 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER	,					1	1	1		1.			1	1			1			1	1			1	8
MNSLTER.		1										-													
FORC. RAPE												1		2	1										3
ROBBERY				2	1	1	1						1	2	2	1.				1			1	4	8
AG. ASSLT.	1_			2	1		1	1	1	2	2	2	3	4	6	1	2		2		1		1	4	29
BURGLARY	1		22	15	10	11	13	9	9	1_	1	2		5										59	40
LARCENY	5	19	26	22	35	24	.30	16	15	10	11	6	6	24	12	4	5		4	8	5		1	131	1.57
M.V. THEFT	1	1	3	8	7	6	6	3	2	1	2			2					1					26	17
OTH.ASSLT.	'			_2	1		2	1	2	1		1	2	2	2	2	2			2		1		3	20
ARSON	3	3			1			1											\perp					7	1
FORG/COUNT					1		2	2		2	1		1	2										1	10
FRAUD						2	1	1	1		1	3	3	14	5	3	1		3				1	2:	37
EMBEZZ.						·							1						<u></u>		1	i :			1
STLN.PROP.					1	1	1	1							1				1					2	4
VANDALISM	3	5	12	5	7	7	9	2	1				1	4	2									39	19
WEAPONS						2	5	1	1		1	1	3	5	1	1								2	19
PROSTITUT.																									
SEX OFF.									1	1			2		2	1	 					-			7
DRUG ABUSE			10	21	29	47	42	33	34	26	16	17	12	51	14	3	2		2		1			107	253
GAMBLING																									
FAMILY OFF.																									
DUII					5	16	29	20	22	21	18	31	23	103	92	75	53	50	5	34	35	16	16	21	644
LIQ. LAWS			17	11	41	34	30	21	14	4	2		1	3		1			\bot			1		103	77
DIS. COND.			5	7	5	5	11	4	10	10	3	5	4	28	18	8	6		7	6	1	1	1	22	123
ALL OTHER	1	6	2	2	2	1	5	5	4	7	2	3	2	11	3	4	2	:	<u>ı </u>		1	1		14	51
CURFEW			2	3		1													_					6	
RUNAWAY	1	6	23	22	22	11_																		85	
TOTAL	16	40	122	122	169	170	189	122	117	87	60	71	66	263	161	104	74	7	7	52	45	20	20	639	1528

TABLE 5.18

KLAMATH COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

			, ,		,	 ,			, , ,		······			 		,			,		,		,	,
OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39	40 t o 44	45 to 49	50 t o	55 t o 59		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER						2		1				1		2		2	1						2	7
MNSLTER.				1					1														1	1
FORC RAPE								1	2	2		1	1	2	1			1						11
ROBBERY				1	1		5	3	•		1		:	1		1	1.	1					2	13
AG. ASSLT.		1	5	2	2	4	4	2	3	2	3	1	4	11	10	. 5	9	6	3	1	3	1	14	68
BURGLARY	3	8	24	19	17	10	13	4		3	5		2	7	2	2	2	1		1	1		81	43
LARCENY	17	36	45	34	31	33	26	40	13	16	11	4	7	31	16	8	21	7	3	5	1	5	196	214
M.V. THEFT		1	8	2	5	7	10	1	1		1	1	<u> </u>	5	2	2		1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	23	25
OTH.ASSLT.	<u> </u>		2	7	2		2	2	1	2	1	1	1	4	5	3	3	3	1	1			11	30
ARSON			1							1					1								1	2
FORG/COUNT			2				1		2			2		2					1	1			2	9
FRAUD						1		4	1	1	1	2	2	13	8	6	- 4	1	2	1	<u> </u>		1	46
EMBEZZ.														<u> </u>			ļ		ļ	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	
STLN.PROP.			1	1	1		1	2							1							<u> </u>	3	4
VANDALISM	10	4	5	2_	5	4	4	1_		4	3	4	1	_ 5	2	4	3	2		1.		<u> </u>	30	34
WEAPONS			1	2	2	3	2	4	5	2	2	. 1	<u> </u>	3	4	1	2	<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>		8_	27
PROSTITUT.									ļ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>		
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>					1			<u> </u>	1		1	<u> </u>	4	ļ		1	1	<u> </u>			1	1	9
DRUG ABUSE	2		8	11	18	11	32	23	27	17	23	14	ε	31	8		1		1			<u> </u>	50	183
GAMBLING													ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	L	1	2	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>			3
FAMILY OFF					<u> </u>							1			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ.,	<u> </u>	ļ	1
DUII			2		12	11	28	22	31	35	43	39	3.5	134	86	86	76	74	66	34	30	15	25	834
LIQ. LAWS			11	13	28	39	36	22	13	8	6	3	2	2 2	<u> </u>	1						<u> </u>	91	93
DIS. COND.	2	1	8	8	7	10	15	11	12	22	12	11	7	18	12	14	8	14	11	1		3	36	172
ALL OTHER	1		6	4	18	15	21	26	20	22	11	15	11	61	26	25	20	8	14	7	2	3	44	292
CURFEW		1	7	10	12	19	2]			<u> </u>	_		1		<u> </u>			ļ		48	2
RUNAVAY	2	7	44	28	18	4							<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	ļ	J					103	1,01
																							<u> </u>	
TOTAL	37	58	180	145	179	174	202	169	132	138	123	102	79	336	184	160	153	122	102	54	38	29	773	2123

TABLE 5.19

LAKE COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

offense	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 t o		45 to 49	50 t o	55 t o 59		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER			1											1									1	1
MNSLTER.													<u> </u>											
FORC.RAPE													<u></u>									<u> </u>		
ROBBERY			2	2	6			1				<u> </u>	1										10	2
AG. ASSLT.							[1	ļ	1			1	1	2			<u></u>	<u></u>		6
BURGLARY					1							1					1			İ			1	2
I.ARCENY		1					1		1	1.	1	1	1	4		2	1				1		1	14
M.V. THEFT			1	1	1				1				1										3	2
OTH ASSLT.						1						<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>		1						1	2
ARSON																								
FORG/COUNT																								
FRAUD										,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<u> </u>			ļ	<u> </u>	ļ							
EMBEZZ.	-							· · · · ·			ļ	<u> </u>			 						! !		<u></u>	
STLN.PROP.												! 								<u> </u>				
VANDALISM				1			1								-								1	1
WEAPONS	ļ							1					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>							1
PROSTITUT.													ļ				<u> </u>							
SEX OFF.																		1			<u> </u>		ļ	
DRUG ABUSE					3	1	2				1	ļ	1	1	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						4	5
GAMBLING											<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ					ļ		ļ	<u> </u>		
FAMILY OFF.														<u> </u>		L	<u> </u>		1					
DUII								3		3		·	1	5	4	2	5]]	6	: !	5			40
LIQ. LAWS				2	5	17	9	5	2	1	2	!	ļ	<u> </u>	1.								24	20
DIS. COND.				2	<u> </u>	<u></u>	1	1_			<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	2	2		1	2	<u> </u>	1			ļ	2	10
ALL OTHER			2	2		<u> </u>			1		:	1		2			1		1			<u> </u>	4	6
CURFEW		ļ			<u> </u>			ļ											<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
RUNAVAY		1	<u> </u>	2	3	1						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ					ļ	7	
					<u> </u>																			
TOTAL	1	2	6	1.2	1.9	20	14	11	5	5	8	5	8	16	5	6	12	1:	3 8	<u> </u>	6	1	59	112

TABLE 5.20

LANE COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

LANE COUNTY	- Tota	al Arr	ests (1976)													,	,		·				
offense	1.0 & under	1112	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 to 39	40to 44	45 to 49	50 to	55 t o		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER		-							1	1		1	1	3										7
MNSLTER.						1																	1	
FORC.RAPE			1	2		1	1		1	1	2		2	5	- 4	1	2						4	19
ROBBERY			1	7	4	5	5	5 .	4	5	3	6	3	19	3	3	ļ 	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			17	56
AG. ASSLT.	2		1.3	17	15	8	6	9	2	11	7	7	8	34	25	7	6	5	6	3	1		55	137
BURGLARY	33	28	153	93	93	73	47	29	16	30	10	13	10	36	10	4	4						473	209
LARCENY	72	155	371	241	229	147	154	99	95	82	68	62	44	176	84	49	38	21	24	21	11	14	1215	1042
M.V. THEFT	4	6	63	47	51	26	27	9	5	2	3	3	1	19	5	2	1				1		197	78
OTH.ASSLT.		6	13	10	13	12	9	8	7	5	9	13	7	. 47	31	10	10	7	2	1	1	1	54	168
ARSON	3	4	5	2	4	5	1	2								1							23	4
FORC/COUNT	1		3	2	6	2	6	4	2	2	2	8	3	12	8	4	6		2	<u> </u>			14_	59
FRAUD			6	5	[′] 8	10	12	2	5	15_	10	6	4	24	14	10	6	2	2	1			29	113
EMBEZZ.										1						1				<u> </u>	1			2
STLN.PROP.		4	6	9	10	6	5	6	3	2	3		2	6	2	2			1				35	32
VANDALISM	36	56	68	55	55	- 53	9	16	5	10	13	10	2	26	16	5	2	4	2	2			323	122
WEAPONS			13	6	13	9	21	1.5	7	8	7	11	18	21	9	6	4	. 6	3	2	1		41	139
PROSTITUT.			1	3		6	3	2		3			1	2					ļ				10	11
SEX OFF.		1	9	4	2	1	1	7	1	3	3	1	4	9	6	6	3	2	•				17	46
DRUG ABUSE		5	52	84	121	145	170	145	144	132	86	79	70	194	64	10	1,1	3	2				407	1110
GAMBLING												·			· ·	1				<u> </u>				1
FAMILY OFF.	13	2	5	3		2		1		1	2	1		2		-	<u> </u>						25	7
DUII			1	5	20	36	71	74	92	131	123	127	103	519	326	266	202	181	158	97	64	44	62	2578
LIQ. LAWS .	1	4	37	86	158	209	286	260	213	124	70	85	64	173	73	40	26	15	10	13	6	1	495	1459
DIS. COND.	<u> </u>	4	10	26	35	42	. 41	33	33	43	41	38	30	105	49	16	12	7	4	8		11	117	461
ALL OTHER	9	22	79	70	48	66	86	101	90	103	70	67	61	253	110	44	29	13	9	11	3	3	294	1053
CURFEW	2	15	75	79	71	66	1								<u> </u>						<u> </u>		308	1
RUNAWAY	4	29	165	99	69	44											<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ		254	
	1															<u> </u>	ļ		<u> </u>		ļ			
LATOT	180	341	1150	955	1025	975	962	827	726	715	532	538	438	1685	839	488	362	266	225	159	88	64	4626	8914

TABLE 5.21
LINCOLN COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to	15	16	1.7	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to	35 t o		45 to	50 to	55 to		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																1		-				1	 	
}			1												<u> </u>	 -					ļ	 	-	
MNSLTER.															<u> </u>			11	 			1	<u>l</u>	1
FORC.RAPE					1			1			2	1			2	 	11_	 	-		ļ	 	11	6
ROBBERY				1					2	1	1				<u> </u>	 		<u> </u>			 	<u> </u>	1	4
AG. ASSLT.		<u>-</u>	5	2	1_	6	2		1	4	4		2.		4	5_	2	ļ		1_	3	<u> </u>	14	44
BURGLARY	5	4	19	11	17	1.5	11	8	2	5	4	1					l 	1		1_		-	71	39
LARCENY	16	19	20	20	37	20	14	15	1.0	5	3	4	6	13	5	5	3	3	2	1		1	132	90
M.V. THEFT		3	6	7	10	5	2	3	2	3_	1_			6_	4	4	1_	<u> </u>	ļ			<u> </u>	31	26
OTH.ASSLT.		2			2	4	2		1		1	3	2	4	2	1		1	ļ		2		8	19
ARSON	2	1															ļ	<u> </u>	-		-	ļ	3	
FORG/COUNT						1	1							1	5	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			ļ	<u> </u>	1_	7
FRAUD						1	4	3	2	1	2	1		17	9	5	7	2		2			1	55
EMBEZZ.																	:				: !			
STLN.PROP.				,	1	1		1															2	1
VANDALISM	6	5	16	11	1.1	6	2	2	1	1	1	3	- 4	3	3	3	1	1			2		55	27
WEAPONS			1		1					1	1	1		1		1	ł.						2	5
PROSTITUT.																	;				-	•		
SEX OFF.			·											1	1		!		1	1		1		5
DRUG ABUSE			2	9	20	27	37	45	21	24	10	10	11	45	8	10	1	1					58	224
GAMBLING											1													
FAMILY OFF.	2						-									1	i						2	
DUII				1	4	9.	9	9	7	15	16	18	20	55	56	41	49	38	44	29	31	18	14	455
LIQ. LAWS	1	1	13	18	37	80	82	55	17	9	1		2	:	3	Ì			1				150	175
DIS. COND.		1	6	2	2	3	4	7	2	5	2	. 3		15	5	3	1 3	1	2				14.	53
ALL OTHER			10	8	14	16	12	18	14	R	6	2	4	11	7	1	1 1	3			•		48	87
CURFEW_	1	2	5	3	4	3					<u> </u>				 	<u> </u>						 	18	,
RUNAVAY	1	7	30	19			1									 	<u> </u>	 				1		
KONWAY	 			19	11	5_								 		 	1		j			 	73_	·1
TOTAL	34	45	135	112	173	202	183	167	82	82	54	50	51	196	114	79	69	52	50	36	39	20	701	1324

TABLE 5.22

LINN COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976) 1.0 € 25to 30 to 35 to 40to 45 to 50 to 55 to 60to 65 & 13 to TOTAL TOTAL under 11-12 14 OFFENSE 18. 64 Over JUVENILE ADULT MURDER MNSLTER. FORC.RAPE ROBBERY AG. ASSLT. 155__ BURGLARY LARCENY M.V. THEFT OTIL.ASSLT. 67_ ARSON FORG/COUNT FRAUD .50. EMBEZZ. STLN.PROP. 15. VANDALISM WEAPONS 21. . PROSTITUT. SEX OFF. DRUG ABUSE GAMBLING FAMILY OFF. DUII 18 i .80 70. LIQ. LAWS DIS. COND. 9 : ALL OTHER 22 i CURFEW RUNAWAY TOTAL 142 | 149 420 251 1.02

TABLE 5.23

MALHEUR COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under		13 to		16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o		45 t c	50 54	to	55 t o	60 t o 64	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																									
MNSLTER.										1			 				1								2
FORC RAPE										 	1			1	······	ļ									3
ROBBERY									1	3	1	1_			· .		ļ								6
AG. ASSLT.		-	1	<u></u>								1_		-4		11	1_1	1	_		1		[1	10
BURGLARY		1_	10	3	5	4	4		6_	1_	1			3	1	1	1							23	18
LARCENY	6	6	17	13	5_	13	12	9	6	5	6.	8	3	9	6	2	6	2		1	2	1	1	60	79
M.V. THEFT		1	4	1	5	3	4		3	1_		11_	1_	3	3	11	2							14	20
OTH ASSLT.		· .				1		1								1					1		1_	1	5
ARSON	1							2														1			3
FORG/COUNT					1		1	1						1_				<u> </u>	_				<u> </u>	1	3
FRAUD							1		1	11		1		2	4	3	1	3]				17
EMBEZZ.																	<u> </u>	<u></u>			<u></u>				
STLN.PROP.		.1						i		***										-				11	
VANDALISM	1	1	2	1	2.		3		2		1	1	<u></u>	4										7	11
WEAPONS							3		2		1	11_	1	1	2		1	1		1					14
PROSTITUT.																	<u> </u>								
SEX OFF.			1											1			1				<u> </u>			1	. 2
DRUG ABUSE			1	3	10	10	2	4	1_	2	1	1_	1	4	3	1		11_		1.				24	22
GAMBLING				<u></u>									ļ				<u> </u>								
FAMILY OFF.							,								1		<u> </u>								1
DUII				1	4	9	18	11	18	20	11	13	9	42	33	37	46	31	:	26	, 24	12	13	14	364
LIQ. LAWS	1	1	11	26	37	32	43	24	15	- 7	1			1_	2		····					1		108	96
DIS. COND.			1	2	5	5	3	4		11	6	4	1	11_	8	8	4	5		1	2			13	68
ALL OTHER		1	1				1	1		2	2		2	3	2	2	3	1		2		2		2	22
CURFEY		1	3	1		1																	<u> </u>	6	
RUNAWAY	2	11	7	14	13	4				<u>, </u>							<u> </u>							41_	
1																									d
TOTAL	11	14	59	65	87	82	95	58	55	55	32	33	19	90	65	58	68	44	<u></u> ;	32	30	17	1.5	318	766

TABLE 5.24

MARION COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

MAKTON COUNT				(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·																		·	
OFFENSE	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	i.	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to 49		55 to 59	i -	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER							1			1		. 		4	1	-		1						8
MNSLTER.						1				1				1					1				1	2
FORC.RAPE			1			2.		1		1			1		2	1		1				,	3	7
ROBBERY		3	3	7	7	8	10	3	2	3	1	2	1	5	2	2	1_						2:8	32
AG. ASSLT.		3	8	5	2	4	10	11	10	5	8	2	5	25	20	10	9	3	2	-3		1	22	124
BURGLARY	19	54	126	89	65	51	39	20	14	15	13	14	3	16	7	5	4		1			1	404	152
I.ARCENY	49	105	282	190	164	136	98	68	69	43	41	37	33	74	48	39	31	21	21	20	11	20	926	674
M.V. THEFT	1	6	20	39	32	7	9	9	5	7	4	1	2	7	5	2			1			1	105	53
OTIL.ASSLT.	2	3	17	15	18	20	19	23	10	4	14	11.	5	33	20	20	11_	5	1	2	2		75	180
ARSON	9	1	6	4	3	2	1		3	1			1_	1_				2					25	9
FORG/COUNT			6	17	4	2	1	2	4	2	5		.4	1		1	,		1				29	<u>21</u>
FRAUD				2	5	- 6	5	3	8	5	3	1	6	21	6	8	2	5	2	2		1_	13	78
EMBEZZ.																					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
STLN.PROP.	6	2	10	7	4	6	5	3	1_	2			2	5		1							35	19
VANDALISM	16	16	38	29	24	29	14	6	7	10	2	5	5	15	7	_ 2	4	.6	4	1_		3	152	91
WEAPONS	1_	3	6	7	6	9	15	5	5_	3	4	6	3	10	9	9	1	1	1			1_	32	73
PROSTITUT.								1					1		1									3
SEX OFF.			2	2	2	. 4		5	2	2	2	3		.9	5	1	1_		2	3	1	2	10_	38
DRUG ABUSE			10	25	34	36	42	26	30	19	17	25	22	38	16	11	8	11_	1				105	256
GAMBLING																							<u> </u>	
FAMILY OFF.			1										1			4	1_	1					1	7
DULI	11_	<u> </u>		4	20	29	47	55	50	58	52	62	56	250	180	139	140	106	92	65	50	30	54	1432
LIQ. LAWS		ļ	13	58	108	152	161	113	64	22	7	1.2	44	21	7_	8	11	3_	1.0	10	3	4_	331	460
DIS. COND.	1	11	8	4	13	19	21	16	12	19	9	10	11	40	24	20	8	11	6	7	- 3	5	46	222
ALL OTHER	21	25	60	52	63	42	36	38	33	29	25	21	16	67	50	29	20	19	11	11	3	1.2_	263	420
CURFEW	11	10	41	47	66	55	1_		1_			1		<u> </u>				11_	_				220	4
RUNAVAY	6_	27	153	119	81	27		1													1		413	2
										<u> </u>	3.7	·											<u></u>	
TOTAL	1.33	259	811	722	721	647	535	409	330	251	207	213	182	643	410	312	252	187	157	124	74	81	3293	4367

TABLE 5.25
MORROW COUNTY - Total Arrests

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 t o 39	40 t o 44	45 to	50 t	.o 55 59	to	60 to 64	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER														1											1
MNSLTER.																									
FORC.RAPE									2						<u> </u>			1	L						3
ROBBERY																									
AG. ASSLT.										<u></u>	1			3	1	<u></u>									5
BURGLARY	1			1	1		1		1				1	<u></u>										3	3
LARCENY			1	2	2	1	7	9		2	7			2	2	1		3						6	- 33
M.V. THEFT			1		1	3			3															5	3
OTH.ASSLT.								:						3	1			3		<u> </u>					8
ARSON	2						1						1				1							2	3
FORG/COUNT																									
FRAUD														<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u></u>			1				1
EMBEZZ.																	<u> </u>			1		·····			
STLN.PROP.			 																						
VANDALISM	<u> </u>					1		2	2	2	2	1		2			1	1		İ				1	12.
WEAPONS											1		<u> </u>				<u></u>						·		3
PROSTITUT.	ļ	<u></u>											<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			_				
SEX OFF.			<u> </u>					2	·				<u> </u>					2							4
DRUG ABUSE					1	3	9	4	5	4	3	5	4	9		1								4	44
GAMBLING														<u> </u>		ļ		ļ		_					
FAMILY OFF.								1									<u></u>								
DUII	.					,	2_		3	2_	1		3	8	10	8	9	8		.3	7	4	1		86
LIQ, LAWS			2		3	2	7	9	8		7.				2									7	27
DIS. COND.				<u></u>			1		1				1	2	2	<u> </u>	2			2					11
ALL OTHER										1			<u> </u>	1				1 1							3
CURFEW										1										1					
RUNAWAY			2		1	1.																,	-	4	
TOTAL	3		6	3	9	11	28	26	25	11	16	13	10	32	18	10	13	18	16	5	8	4	1	32	249

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35 15-15-15														1		ere. Samera		40

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3 OF 4

MIT THOMAN COINTY - Total Arrests (1976)

TABLE 5.26

	10 & under	11-12	13 to	1.5	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to 49	50 t o	55 t o		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER			2	1		1			1	4	5	1	3	7	6	2	2	3	2				4	· 36
MNSLTER.					7			2		2							1	1				<u> </u>		6
FORC.RAPE			2	4	4	3	1	9	6	10	6	4	3	23	12	15	10	3	2	1	i		13	105
ROBBERY	7	7	25	19	38	32	42	40	33	29	25	18	22	98	41	24	6	3	5	2		1	128	389
AG. ASSLT.	17	19	64	31	39	34	27	30	31	36	34	29	34	133	60	54	26	30	14	5	5	4	204	552
BURGLARY	47	111	245	174	155	116	81	69	44	35	38	34	23	101	57	30	12	12	7		2		848	545
LARCENY	167	301	731	503	492	355	329	244	178	148	166	163	122	467	243	147	94	78	65	49	26	35	2549	2554
M.V. THEFT		1.2	119	107	88	41	35	24	15	15	14	6	12	39	29	6	8	2	1	1			367	207
OTH.ASSLT.	5	13	32	25	29	22	33	31	27	37	25	36	16	109	48	34	29	12	11	7	1	4	126	460
ARSON	10	12	13	2	2		1	1		1_	. 4		2	6	4	3	2		1				39	25
FORG/COUNT				6	12	8	11	19	16	17	15	11	10	48	27	13	10	10	1		1		26	209
FRAUD	2	1	5	4	5	6	7	1.0	· 8	9	8	5	10	25	14	5	11	3	10	3	1	1	23	130
EMBEZZ.																					! !	L		
STLN.PROP.	1	2	11	8	17	14	6	10	9		16	8	10	30	12	12	3	3	2				53	121
VANDALISM	56	83	92	41	56	28	34	22	23	20	17	22	19	61	37	18	11.	13	7	1	1	2	356	308
WEAPONS	1	1	13	20	26	32	48	33	36	29	15	33	17	90	51	38	31	24	11	13	4	1	93	474
PROSTITUT.		1	1	5	18	25	83	75	57	62	51	55	48	89	48	38	1.5	13	13	7	6		50	660
SEX OFF.		2	. 5	3	6	6	4	14	1	7	10	11	9	44	27:	22	12	13	6	8	2	1	22	191
DRUG ABUSE		2	24	44	82	91	130	121	127	92	97	81	80	263	90	43	13	15	9	6	1		243	1168
GAMBLING						1		1			6	5	2	23	12	18	12	10	3	12	3	6	1	113
FAMILY OFF.	2						1			1		2		2	1	1	1						2	7
DUII				4	23	38	88	77	84	118	135	124	130	540	459	355	409	402	325	235	138	82	65	3701
LIQ. LAWS			40	60	97	111	104	81	63	17	19	29	12	104	125	167	149	194	189	113	97	43	308	1506
DIS. COND.	2	10	36	29	36	34	33	34	36	40	52	37	35	121	87	46	42	29_	23	14		6	147	644
ALL OTHER	8	15	82	50	69	51	60	53	56	41	51	45	35	138	83	59	21	28	15	23	11	4	275	723
CURFEN	6	27	167	172	210	159							<u> </u>						1				741	
RUNAWAY	29	68	342	196	185	46												<u></u>	17		1		866]
																				\			<i>J</i>	
TOTAL	360	687	2052	1508	1689	1254	1158	1000	851	773	809	759	654	2561	1573	1150	929	901	722	500	308	190	7549	14834

TABLE 5.27
POLK COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

POLK COUNTI	1020	T ALL			,						,		,	 					 -					
OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to 49	50 t	o 55 59	to 60 64	o 65 Ove		TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																		Ì		1		1		2
MNSLTER.																								1
FORC RAPE								<u> </u>		1			1			1				<u> </u>		.		3
ROBBERY					1		1																11_	11
AG. ASSLT.		1_	3	2	3	5	2			1	2	2	3_	9	4	4	2	3		1		1	14	34
BURGLARY		11	10_	10	8	8	5	8	2	1	2	1	1_	3				2			2		49	27
LARCENY	14	15_	16	19	14	8	9	6	4	4	1		1	7	2	2	1	1			3	1	86	42
M.V. THEFT			2	6	5		1		1	2	,		ļ 	2	2								13	8
OTH ASSLT.			1	1	1					1	2		1	3	2	1				2			3	12
ARSON														2				<u></u>	<u> </u>					2
FORG/COUNT			<u> </u>						1		1									<u> </u>				2
FRAUD								1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1			1		<u> </u>		13
EMBEZZ.											·						: 		<u> </u>	_				
STLN.PROP.							1			1				Ĺ				ļ						2
VANDALISM	7	5_	10	3	3	7.	4	7	1	2	1	3	ļ		1	1		<u>L</u>		1			35	21
WEAPONS		ļ	<u> </u>			1	2						1	1				<u> </u>					11	4.
PROSTITUT.			ļ										ļ	!		<u> </u>	} }	<u> </u>			_			
SEX OFF.	11_	1	1										2			1	 						2 3	5
DRUG ABUSE		1	2	3	6	20	23	14	13	4	8	14	12	18	7	2		2		2	6		32	125
GAMELING	ļ	 	ļ											<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ					
FAMILY OFF.	ļ													1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_				1
DUII	·	<u> </u>	ļ	2	1	5	9	6	9	10	12	11	7	37	21	30	18	10	1 2	24, 1	4	9	3 8	230
LIQ. LAWS		<u> </u>	5	16	22	32	54	35	23	5	1	3		1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		ļ	1			75	123
DIS. COND.		2	6	3	7	2	1	5	4	8	3		7	15	6		5	2			1		20	ő9 <u> </u>
ALL OTHER	 	3	9	4	3	3	2	7	4		6	4	1	14	6	5	<u> </u>	3	ļ	1	4	1	22	58
CI: M			1	7	13	12							ļ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ				33	
RUNAWAY	ļ	2	19	10	12	2												 	 				45	ļ <u>.</u>
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>													ļ	├					
TOTAL	24	41	85	86	99	105	113	89	64	41	41	43	38	114	53	54	27	23	30	5 3	30	13	5 440	784

TABLE 5.28

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40to 44	45 to 49	50 to	55 to	60to	65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																								<u> </u>
MNSLTER.																i								
FORC.RAPE								1	!				! !				l		i			i		
ROBBERY						1	1								1		! !						1	1
AG. ASSLT.		· .								1		•	<u> </u>		}		' `							1
BURGLARY		1		1		3									1								5	1
LARCENY				1	1							i .		1	1	2		4	1	1	1	2	2	13
M.V. THEFT			1			1						1		ì		<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>					2	1
OTH.ASSLT.												3								1				11_
ARSON			-																					
FORG/COUNT					<u> </u>			,				i .		<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	<u>L</u> _	<u> </u>	İ				1
FRAUD											1	į	i 1		<u></u>	<u> </u>			1			!		1
EMBEZZ.											<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
STLN.PROP.											<u> </u>		!				<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
VANDALISM				ļ 							ļ	I	1		1									
WEAPONS					1	ì								1	i		Î	1						2
PROSTITUT.													i		•		l 	<u>L</u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>
SEX OFF.		<u></u>												<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
DRUG ABUSE							<u> </u>	1	1		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>i</u>			<u> </u>		3
GAMBLING		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	!		<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
FAMILY OFF.							1] \$			į.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1			<u> </u>		1
DUII							1	1	1		2		1	1 4	10	4	1	5	7	, 6	2	3		48
LIQ. LAWS							2	2				ī	i i		•									4
DIS. COND.								2			i	1		1	i	1	1							6
ALL OTHER												1		1		2	3	2	2	6				16
CURFEW																								
RUNAWAY			1	2		3														_			6	
TOTAL		1	2	4	1	8	5	6	2	1	4	1	1	8	12	10	6	12	10	14	3	5	16	100

TABLE 5.29

TILLAMOOK COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 t o 34	35 to 39		45 to 49	50 t	55 59		60 to 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																			I						
MNSLTER.							i ;						:												
FORC.RAPE_								i				1		2				1	<u> </u>						3
AG. ASSLT.			;	1				1;		1			·	, 3		1	2						,	1	8
BURGLARY		2	4	7	4	8	2	3					2	3	- 3					i			1	25	14
LARGENY		2	4	5		13	11	8	4	3	3	2	4	7	2		2	1	1	2	1		3	32	53
M.V. THEFT					2	1	1	1		1	-		1		3	i			i					3	6
OTH.ASSLT.									1			1	1	2		İ		1	ļ			1			7
ARSON																									
FORG/COUNT												1	<u> </u>				Ĺ	! 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					1
FRAUD													1		\$: 2 	1									1
EMBEZZ.		<u> </u>									ļ		i 		} }	<u></u>			<u>.</u>]	
STLN.PROP.																<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
VANDALISM		1	2	1	9	1	3		1	2		1		2	1					<u> </u>				14	10
WEAPONS		<u> </u>			i								1	1	1	1	!	ļ			1				4
PROSTITUT.	_												ļ		ļ	<u> </u>	!		<u> </u>						
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1								<u> </u>	! !		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	_		2		1	2
DRUG ABUSE	 	 	5	7	22	29	42	43	16	21	19	9	16	19	6	2	 		-	<u> </u>	1			63	194
GAMBLING		 	<u> </u>								<u>. </u>		<u> </u>	-	i	<u> </u>			-	-∔					
FAMILY OFF	<u>. </u>	ļ												1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ	:	_!_					:
DUII	-	 			1		8	3	6	9	6			, 41				26	2	9	16	11	7	3	240
LIQ. LAWS	-	ļ	10	24	34	76		88	38	1	3	1	ļ	2		1	:			_ _	1			144	241
DIS. COND.	-	 	ļ				1	2		1	<u> </u>		ļ	2	 	 	1	2					1		9
ALL OTHER	-	 	3	3		5	8	12	13	9	7	7	6	15	1 5	10	5		-	4	3			12	105
CURFEW	-	-	7	8							 		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	+	<u> </u>	 	-	_	- 1			39	i
RUNAVAY	-	 	5	7	6	3										 	 							21_	
	-	-	 	<u> </u>	-									<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	-		_ -				000
TOTAL.		5	40	63	i 98	1.52	181	161	79	48	38	32	35	99	44	31	35	31	3	5	23	14	13	358	899

TABLE 5.30
UMATILLA COUNTY -Total Arrests (1976)

UNIATIEER CO			*****	(17															,		,		,	····
	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 to 39				55 t o 59		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																					1			11
MNSLTER.							Ì				1													11
FORC.RAPE					1			1	1		1					3	1						1	7
ROBBERY)				1	1	1	2	1		2			1					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		9
AG. ASSLT.	1	1	4		2	2	2	5	8	4		2	5	7	6	3	1	3	1_	1	ļ	ļ	10	48
BURGLARY	3	1.	10	9	18	12	7	8	3	2	1	3	1	3	3	3	1	6	3	2	ļ		53	46
LARCENY	16	30	77	29	48	45	23	19	17	15	19	6	4	28	19	8	11	9	5	2	5	3	245	193
M.V. THEFT	3		3	5	4	6	4	4	2	2		1	1		1		1	1		<u> </u>			21	17
OTH.ASSLT.		2	2			2	4	1		3	6	5	ļ	4	4	2		1					6	30
ARSON	3	1				-							ļ	2				<u> </u>				ļ	4	2
FORG/COUNT			2	1	2	2	5		3	1		2	3	1	1		1	1	1			<u> </u>	7_	19
FRAUD			1			1	1						<u> </u>	2	4		1_	1	1_1	ļ		<u> </u>	2	10
EMBEZZ.													<u> </u>				<u> </u>		ļ	ļ		ļ		
STLN.PROP.				1	1	3			1			1		ļ						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5	2
VANDALISM	7	6	5	6	13	5	4	2	1		3	3	4	4	6	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1	ļ	ļ	42	31
WEAPONS	1	4	1	2	2	7	6		3	3	1	1.		2	. 7	· .	2	2	ļ	<u> </u>	1	ļ	17	28
PROSTITUT.													 						ļ	<u> </u>	ļ	ļ		
SEX OFF.			1	2	2	2	1		1	:			ļ	1	1		1_1_	1	-		2	 	7	8
DRUG ABUSE	1	3_	8	20	23	48	51	54	49	4 <u>8</u>	38	31	12	51	18	5	5	1	 	<u> </u>	1		103	364
GAMBLING	ļ		ļ							· · · · · ·				ļ			ļ		ļ	ļ	 		ļ	
FAMILY OFF.	6	1	1	1	1							·	ļ				ļ			<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	10	
DUII	.		ļ	3	12	18	32	47	58	56_	58	46	36	168	145	120	95	106	97.	51	39	23	33	1177
LIQ. LAWS	11_	ļ	18	45	84	131	165	121	85	1.5	6	4	4_	10	4	2	2	4	1.	1	<u> </u>	1	279	425
DIS. COND.	-	2	2	5	4	11	7	8	3	9	12		8	32	17	10	1	7	3	2	ļ	1	24	136
ALL OTHER	9	1	12	12	16	9	. 9	6	7	8	9	4	6	21	12	9	7	7	6	4	2	3	59	120
CURFEW	ļ	3	6	9	15	10_							-	<u> </u>		-	 		<u> </u>	 	-	 	43	
RUNAWAY	ļ	3	50	38	33	15							ļ	1	ļ		ļ	ļ	 		 	 	139_	1
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>								-	ļ		ļ	ļ	ļ	 	 			J.	
TOTAL	51	58	203	188	281	329	322	277	243	168	156	120	86	337	248	167	136	151	118	64	51	31	1110	2675

TABLE 5.31
UNION COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	1.5	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 to 34	35 t o 39		45 to	5	0 to 4	55 to			TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																			I				1		1
MNSLTER.							1														i		İ		1
FORC.RAPE											1				·	ļ	<u> </u>		1		<u> </u>		!		1
ROBBERY			2							2							 					<u> </u>	ļ	2	2
AC. ASSLT.				1	3		3	1	2	2	4	5	1	6	10	4	1			2	3	2	<u> </u>	4	46
BURGLARY	1		5	5	7	1	1	1	1											·				19	3
LARCENY	3	12	35	24	28	7	9	10	7	6	5	3	1	8	2	2	2	1						109	56
M.V. THEFT			3	4	4	3	4	2			_ 2	1							上					14	9
OTH ASSLT.							1			3	1	2	1	3	3	1						1			16
ARSON						1												1						1	-1
FORC/COUNT				2	1	1	2	(1					1	1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>			4	5
FRAUD	1	1		1					2	2	1	2		3	1		1	3		1	1		<u> </u>	3	16
EMBEZZ.				<u> </u>										<u> </u>			<u></u>	<u> </u>			1	! :			İ
STLN.PROP.	<u> </u>	Í		1		5	1	3	1) !	-								<u> </u>	- 6	5
VANDALISM	5		10	12	11	6	1	3	1	1	3	'	1				1	<u> </u>	\perp	-		Ĺ	<u> </u>	44	11
WEAPONS		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				2	2		1	2	1	1	2				<u> </u>	┸						11
PROSTITUT.			! !											i		<u> </u>			1				<u>!</u>		
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>		1		<u> </u>					3		1		<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>				1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	5
DRUG ABUSE		<u> </u>	3	. 7	9	17	25	- 21	23	12	15	14	5	26	1	İ	1	<u> </u>	!				<u>i </u>	36	143
GAMBLING			<u> </u>												<u> </u>		<u> </u>								
FAMILY OFF.							<u> </u>	,						<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	1.	<u> </u>	İ	į		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u></u>	! !
DUII				1	1	4	4	5	5	. 9	8	2	7	30	28	12	17	18		12	9	7	7	6	180
LIQ. LAWS			1	5	14	29	36	40	12	3	1	3	1			1	i							49	96
DIS. COND.	<u> </u>	1	3	1	2	2	3	1	1	3	1	6		8	1	6	2	1			1		<u> </u>	9	34
ALL OTHER	4	3	13	7	9	9	10	4	6	7	9	4	1	13	16	8	7	5		8	4	1	2	45	105
CURFEW			5	5	2	3												<u>L_</u> _	\perp		<u> </u>			15	
RUNAWAY			17	6	8									'										31_	0
																					1	<u> </u>			
TOTAL	14	17	98	82	99	88	103	93	62	54	√ 5 3 ?	44	19	100	64	33	32	29		23	17	11	10	398	747

TABLE 5.32
WALLOWA COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40to 44	45 49	to	50 to 54	55 t o			TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER	 																		7	i					
MNSLTER.								:									:								
FORC.RAPE							i								1										
ROBBERY																								, ,	
AG. ASSLT.								-						3	1										4
BURGLARY							1	1	1			2													5
LARCENY					1			2						1	1									1	4
M.V. THEFT	<u> </u>		4	1			1																	5	1
OTH.ASSLT.										1		:		1			1								2
ARSON			1										<u></u>												
FORG/COUNT				'												1							<u> </u>		1
FRAUD											3	3	1	1		1			1						10
EMBEZZ.													<u> </u>					<u> </u>							
STLN.PROP.																									
VANDALISM		2	2			1		1												1				5	2
WEAPONS		<u> </u>							1		1							<u> </u>					1		2
PROSTITUT.													Ĺ				 	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
SEX OFF.			·											<u> </u>	1			<u> </u>		·					1
DRUG ABUSE	<u> </u>			1		2_	2	4	5	1	5	s; 1	5	7	3	1			_					3	34
GAMBLING		ļ					:						<u></u>				ļ	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
FAMILY OFF.													ļ		<u> </u>			<u> </u>							
DUII					2	1	3		2	- 5	2	2	2	8	3	6	3	<u> </u>	2	5		3		3	46
LIQ. LAWS			3	. 3	- 8	17	12	10	12	1	4			2			1						<u></u>	31	42
DIS. COND.									1					1	1								<u> </u>		3
ALL OTHER			3		1											1			1			<u> </u>	<u></u>	4	2
CURFEW			2																		,,	<u> </u>	-	2	
RUNAWAY														<u> </u>		 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
TOTAL	<u> </u>	2	14	5	12	21	19	18	21	8	15	8	8	24	10	10	4	1	4	6		3	11	54	159

TABLE 5.33
WASCO COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 t o 34	35 t o 39		45 t 6	5 5		55 t o			TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																				******	•				
MNSLTER.																						1			
FORC.RAPE									1		1					1									3
ROBBERY																									
ĄG. ASSLT.				1			1	2		2	2	1	2	8	5				2	1				1	26
BURGLARY			3_	1	6	11	9	3	1	3	1	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	1					1				21	23
LARCENY	16	18	14	6_	15	11	11	3	8	9	4	2	3					-	2	1	3	1	1_1_	80	55
M.V. THEFT	<u> </u>	1	4	3	6	1	1	2		1		1	1	2		2			┸					15	10
OTH ASSLT.			5				1		1		1	1		3	1				\perp					5	8
ARSON	2	1										ļ. 												3	
FORG/COUNT			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·																_]			
FRAUD									2		1		1	3	 			<u> </u>	2						9
EMBEZZ.							 								1.			<u></u>							1
STLN.PROP.				<u></u>				1					1												2
VANDALISM			6				1	1	1					2					_					6	
WEAPONS				1	1	2	4			1			1	1	2	2	1		_	1				4	13
PROSTITUT.																		ļ	_						
SEX OFF.		,	• 3	1						1				1			1		_	1				4	4
DRUG ABUSE	ļ		4		12	16	1.7	16	11	13	9	12	5	14	6		1		1	2		ļ		32	107
GAMBLING	ļ																	ļ	- -				<u></u>		
FAMILY OFF.							1 /1					·			<u> </u>				1	<u>-</u>			ļ	<u> </u>	
DUII	<u> </u>		11			6	8	12	12	20	16	12	11	55	46	31	33	4	4	29	31	19	16	7	395
LIQ. LAWS	1		3	6	25	26	14	13	8	3		1		1	2	ļ								61	42
DIS. COND.				1_	2	5		7	2	5	5	5	3	11	5_	2	3	ļ	_	· 	2			8	50
ALL OTHER	11_	2	17	8	11	14		4	4	5	2	1		6	5_	3	1		3	1_		<u> </u>	1	53	36
CURFEW		3_	11	9	4_	12.	1_								ļ	<u> </u>			4	,				40	. 1
RUNAWAY		1_	18	21	18	8						<u></u>							_			ļ	ļ	66	
jaga salah di dalah dalah salah dal	<u> </u>				-									ļ					_		ļ				
TOTAL	21	26	89	58	100	112	68	64	51	63	42	37	28	117	7.5	41	40	5	4	37	36	20	18	406	791

TABLE 5.34

WASHINGTON COUNTY - Total Arrests (1976)

WASHINGTON	COUNTY	- Tot	al Arr	ests ((19/6)										, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 					,					
OFFENSE	1.0 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		30 t o 34	35 t o 39		45 to	50 54		55 t o 59		65 & Over	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER			:																			-			
MNSLTER.																1							<u> </u>		1
FORC RAPE				1			1	1				1		2										1	5
ROBBERY	1		4	3	4	2	5	2	2		3		3	4	3	,								14	22
AG. ASSLT.	2	2	6	4	13	7	2	4	5	3	5	4	3	14	6	2	5	2			1			34	56
BURGLARY	7	5	76	46	46	33	13	9	11	7	6	6	1	10	5	2					1.		1	213	71
LARCENY	46	99	248	147	162	108	65	38	41	22	30	21	12	72	36	32	18	12		LO	5	7	5	810	426
M.V. THEFT			23	40	24	16	8	8	7	1	4	5	3	4	3	1		1						103	45
OTH.ASSLT.	1	3	2	1		4	4	2	3	5	2	2	2	6	4	2	3				1			11	36
ARSON	3	. 2	7	1	3	1		1																17	1
FORG/COUNT				1	2	3		1	5	1	1	2	2	1	5	3		1						6	22
FRAUD				4	2	2	2	1	2	2		1	3	6	4	3	2							8	26
EMBEZZ.															<u> </u>										
STLN.PROP.			5	2	3	1		1						1										11	2
VANDALISM	23	31	61	29	38	29	16	8	3	2	2	3		3	3	3								211	43
WEAPONS			4	2	5	7	6	2	1	2	2	1	3	4	1	6		1			1			18	30
PROSTITUT.	<u> </u>				<u>.</u> 5	1											<u> </u>				51			1	
SEX OFF.	<u> </u>		1		2	3	5	2			2	2	1	3	2		2	2	1	2				6	23
DRUG ABUSE		3	35	44	82	78	80	74	62	56	48	23	. 24	67	22	14	4	ļ	<u> </u>		-			242	474
GAMBLING												· ·		1				<u> </u>							1
FAMILY OFF															1	<u> </u>		1					ļ	<u></u>	1
DUII	ļ			1	12	33	43	37	35	76	58	61	55	220	182	158	133	93	10	00	51	41	36	46	1379
LIQ. LAWS		1	18	49	101	210	197	165	91	14	5	1	7	4	1_1_		2	2				2		379	491
DIS. COND.			7	11	10	15	17	9	11	4	9	7_		26	6	2	2			1	2	2		43	105
ALL OTHER	3	3	21	19	22	17	8	11	7	13	5	7	7	_11_	4	5	4	3		1				85	86
CURFEN	1_1_	6	38	27	42	29	1						* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											143	1
RUNAWAY	3_	12	122	53	57	15						1_	1					ļ					ļ	262	. 2
TOTAL	90	167	678	485	630	614	473	376	286	208	182	148	134	459	288	234	175	117	11	L4	61	52	42	26647	3349

TABLE 5.35

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25 t o 29	30 t o 34	35 to 39	40to 44	45 t o 49	50 t o	55 t o	60to 64		TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER																			 					
MNSLTER.																				Ĭ .				
FORC.RAPE ROBBERY												 												
AG. ASSLT.			1				:					!		1										1
BURGLARY	3			1		1		1		1													5	,
LARCENY			1						1	1	1			1									1	4
M.V. THEFT			1		1	1				1		i i											3	1
OTH.ASSLT.																								
ARSON		1																					1	
FORG/COUNT															1									1
FRAUD												Ĺ			<u></u>						<u>'</u>			l
EMBEZZ.																<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>			İ
STLN.PROP.		<u> </u>													1						<u> </u>			1
VANDALISM								1]	1
WEAPONS		<u> </u>	<u> </u>] [<u> </u>		<u> </u>	2						2
PROSTITUT.	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>									1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u></u>	ļ		<u> </u>				
SEX OFF.															<u> </u>		ļ	ļ.,			<u> </u>			
DRUG ABUSE					2	1	2		1	1_		<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			ļ		<u> </u>	3	4.
CAMBLING					ļ							<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
FAMILY OFF	.								1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u>i </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1 1
DUII	.				1			· ·	1		,			1	<u></u>		1 1	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1	1	4
LIQ. LAWS	<u> </u>			1	3	3	15	6	7	1	<u> </u>		ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ļ	7	29
DIS. COND.	ļ											<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				ļ		1
ALL OTHER	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1.	1	<u> </u>							<u> </u>				ļ	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ			2	
CURFEW	-				<u> </u>									ļ	ļ	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
RUNAWAY	<u> </u>		2	1	1						ļ							<u> </u>		<u> </u>			44	
					ļ	<u> </u>								<u> </u>	<u> </u>				1		<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL	3	1	4	4	9	6	17	. 8	11	5	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	2	1			1	27	52

TABLE 5.36

YAMHILL COUNTY- Total Arrests (1976) 1.0 & 13 to 25to 30 to 35 to 40to 45 to 50 to 55 to 60to 65 & TOTAL TOTAL OFFENSE under 11-12 14 Over JUVENILE ADULT MURDER MNSLTER. FORC.RAPE ROBBERY 1. AG. ASSLT. BURGLARY LARCENY M.V. THEFT OTH.ASSLT. ARSON FORG/COUNT FRAUD .1 _ 6_ EMBEZZ. STLN.PROP. VANDALISM .3 18... WEAPONS PROSTITUT. SEX OFF. DRUG ABUSE GAMBLING FAMILY OFF. DULI LIQ. LAWS DIS. COND. 6 i 6_ ALL OTHER _65 CURFEN RUNAWAY 150 | 112 TOTAL 168 | 115

TABLE 5.37

STATE POLICE - Total Arrests (1976)

OFFENSE	10 & under	11-12	13 to 14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25to 29		35 t o 39			50 t o	55 t o	60 t o 64	1	TOTAL JUVENILE	TOTAL ADULT
MURDER							1	2		2		1	3	4	2	2	2				1			20
MNSLTER.			1	1			1	1	1	1	2	1	1			1			1				2	10
FORC.RAPE								2	2		2	2	2	3		4	3	2		2				24
ROBBERY				4	5	3	9	6	3	4	3	1	5	7	2	2	2	1					12	45
AG. ASSLT.			3	5	8	7	7	6	11	12	8	2	13	29	18	9	13	6	3	4	3	2	23	146
BURGLARY	5	16	62	59	71	36	28	26	10	14	8	11	3	21	8	10	1	6	3	3	1		249	153
LARCENY	13	27	54	69	108	96	73	62	53	35	37	26	21	80	32	27	18	15	6	7	4	3	367	499
M.V. THEFT		5	53	69	57	38	24	24	15	13	7	5	5	24	8	3	1			1	1	1	222	132
OTH ASSLT.		1	5	9	4	9	19	10	6	12	8	16	9	35	21	14	15	12	3	6	5		28	191
ARSON	15	7	23	13	- 8	2	3	4	2	1	1		4	7	3	1	1	1	1	!	1	1	68	31
FORG/COUNT				3		3	4	1	6	1	2		4	9	8	3	4	2		1			6	45
FRAUI)				1	4	ġ	. 2	6	5	12	6	4	7	27	13	12	8		3	1			14	112
EMBEZZ.																					1			
STLN.PROP.			1	1	5	4	2	4			1	2		3	3						1		11	15
VANDALISM	10	13	18	18	37	18	19	16	7	11	4	10	3	11	12	7	6	. 4	3	2	1		114	116
WEAPONS			1	3	5	7	15	7	9	10	10	7	7	24	18	16	6	7.	1	1	2	3	16	143
PROSTITUT.										ż														
SEX OFF.			1					3		1	1	3	1	6	3	3	2	4		2	2		1	30
DRUG ABUSE		4	33	61	162	240	350	320	272	243	190	166	134	420	105	34	13	6	4	2	1	2	500	2262
CAMBLING															•	1	1	1	1		1			5
FAMILY OFF.						.3+ ¹ - 1	1		,,					2	1	1			1					6
DULI			4	17	64	134	241	268	286	421	361	362	360	1513	1187	1030	934	816	773	548	365	233	219	9698
LIQ. LAWS		1	54	136	278	471	626	448	243	54	28	17	5	33	8	8	3	3	1	4	2	3	940	1486
DIS. COND.		1	5	6	5	8	25	10	8	14	17	11	11	34	16	18	7	4	8	2		1	25	186
ALL OTHER		1	5	11	13	28	25	20	29	25	12	18	15	37	19	13	7		7	3	3		58	239
CURFEY		2	6	5	5	3										Ī							21	735
RUNAWAY	12	39	183	146	120	42	2	1															542	3
				,										-										
τοτλι,	55	117	512	637	959	1158	1477	1247	968	886	707	665	613	2329	1487	1219	1047	902	819	589	393	249	3438	15597

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en de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de La companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la co	

APPENDIX A OFFENSE DEFINITIONS OREGON UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING PROGRAM

efficiency of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co An experience of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the	
Barriera de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la compa Barriera de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la compa	
學## Company No. 1. Company of the C	

APPENDIX A

UCR DEFINITIONS

The FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting program collects and reports crime offense data for the nation and in many instances reports data for smaller subdivisions of the country. Essential to the maintaining of uniform and consistent data was the establishment of a standard definition of the offenses used in the program. This insures that offenses with different titles under state and local laws are considered and appropriately counted in UCR.

The definitions in this publication are those published in the FBI 1975 UCR Handbook.*

Part I Offense Definitions

1.a. Criminal Homicide - Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter

Definition - the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

As a general rule, any death due to a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is counted as 1.a. Homicide. Count one offense for each person willfully killed by another.

Suicides, accidental deaths, assaults to murder, and attempted murders are not counted as 1.a. Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter. Suicides are not counted in Uniform Crime Reporting. Some accidental deaths are counted as 1.b. Manslaughter by Negligence. Assaults to murder and attempted murders are counted as aggravated assaults.

1.b. Criminal Homicide - Manslaughter by Negligence

Definition - the killing of another person through gross negligence.

As a general rule, all deaths caused by the gross negligence of another are counted. One offense is scored for each person killed. The death of a person caused by his own negligence is not counted as an actual offense. All traffic deaths are counted and recorded. Those traffic deaths which are found through police investigation to be accidental (without gross negligence) should be counted as "unfounded." Count as unfounded the death of a person who was determined by your investigation to be negligent in causing his own death.

^{*}Federal Bureau of Investigation "Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook", United States Department of Justice, January 1975.

2. Forcible Rape

Definition - the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

Count one offense for each person raped or upon whom an assault to rape or attempt to rape has been made. Do not count statutory rape offenses. Statutory rape is defined as the carnal knowledge or the attempted carnal knowledge of a female with no force used and wherein the female victim is under the legal age of consent. Do not include other sex offenses under this category. Statutory rape and other sex offenses are classified and counted as Part II offenses.

3. Robbery

Definition - the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Robbery is a vicious type of theft in that it takes place in the presence of the victim. The victim, who usually is the owner or person having custody of the property, is directly confronted by the perpetrator and is treatened with force or fear that force will be used. Robbery involves a theft or larceny but aggravated by the element of force or threat of force. If no force or threat of force is used, such as in pocket picking, or purse snatching, the offense must be scored as larceny rather than robbery.

If force is used in the commission of a theft such as in overcoming the active resistance of the victim in a purse snatching, then the offense is to be classified as strong-arm robbery.

4. Aggravated Assault

Definition - an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Assault, as used in Part I of the UCR, may be defined as an unlawful attack by one person upon another. Aggravated assault is defined as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or other means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Attempts should be included since it is not necessary that any injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime was successfully completed.

The categories of aggravated assault include the commonly entitled offenses of assault with intent to kill or murder; poisoning; assault with a dangerous or deadly weapon; maiming, mayhem, and assault with intent to maim or commit mayhem; assault with explosives; and all attempts to commit the foregoing offenses. Attempt to murder or assault to murder are reported as aggravated assault. All offenses coming to the attention of police involving an assault by one person upon another with the intent to kill, maim, or inflict severe bodily injury with the use of any dangerous weapon are classified under one of the aggravated assault categories.

5. Burglary - Breaking or Entering

Definition - the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Offenses locally known as burglary (any degree); unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safe-cracking; and all attempts at these offenses are counted in UCR as burglary.

6. Larceny - Theft

Definition - the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Larceny and theft mean the same thing in Uniform Crime Reporting. Motor vehicle theft is not included and is counted separately because of the great volume of thefts in that particular theft category.

All thefts which are not part of a robbery, burglary, or motor vehicle theft should be classified in this category regardless of the value of the article stolen. All thefts and attempted thefts are counted.

NOTE: Embezzlement; fraudulent conversion of entrusted property; conversion of goods lawfully possessed by bailees, lodgers, or finders of lost property; obtaining money by false pretenses; larceny by check, larceny by bailee, and check fraud are all to be classified as Part II offenses.

7. Motor Vehicle Theft

Definition - the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Count in this classification the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle which is defined for this program as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface and not on rails. Examples of motor vehicles are automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snow-mobiles, etc.

Part II Offense Definitions

8. Other Assaults

Assaults and attempted assaults which do not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim are included as other assaults.

9. Arson

Included are all arrests for violations of state laws and municipal ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson. Included: any willful or malicious burning or attempts to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building or any building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft; contents of buildings, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fences, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, cranberry bogs, marshes, meadows, etc.

If personal injury results from the arson, the situation would be classified as aggravated assault. In the event a death results from arson, the incident would be classified as murder.

10. Forgery and Counterfeiting

Forgery and counterfeiting are treated as allied offenses. In this class are placed all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true.

11. Fraud

Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks, confidence games, etc., except forgeries and counterfeiting.

12. Embezzlement

Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody, or control.

13. Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing

Included in this class are all offenses of buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.

14. Vandalism

Vandalism consists of the willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property,

real or personal, without consent of the owner or person having custody or control, by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property such as: Cutting auto tires, drawing obscene pictures on public restroom walls, smashing windows, destroying school records, tipping over gravestones, defacing library books, etc.

15. Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.

This class deals with weapon offenses regulatory in nature.

16. Prostitution and Commercialized Vice

Included in this class are the sex offenses of a commercialized nature.

17. Sex Offenses

(Except forcible rape and prostitution and commercialized vice.) Includes offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like.

18. Narcotic Drug Laws

Included are all arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs.

- a. Opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine).
- b. Marijuana.
- c. Synthetic narcotics manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction (demerol, methadones).
- d. Dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine).

19. Gambling

All charges which relate to promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling are included in this category.

20. Offenses Against the Family and Children

Included here are all charges of non-support and neglect or abuse of family and children.

21. Driving Under the Influence

This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle or common carrier while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

22. Liquor Laws

With the exception of "drunkenness" (offense No. 23), and "driving under the influence" (offense No. 21), liquor law violations, state or local, are placed in this class.

*23. Drunkenness

Included in this class are all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication, with the exception of "driving under the influence" (offense No. 21). Detoxification cases are not recorded here.

24. Disorderly Conduct

In this class are placed all charges of committing a breach of the peace.

*25. Vagrancy

Persons prosecuted on the charge of being a "suspicious character or person, etc." are included in this class.

26. All Other Offenses

Included in this class are every other state or local offense except traffic, not included in offenses 1 to 25.

*27. Suspicion

While "suspicion" is not an offense, it is grounds for many arrests in those jurisdictions where the law permits.

28. Curfew and Loitering Laws - (Juveniles)

Counted are all arrests made by departments for violation of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

29. Runaway - (Juveniles)

*NOTE: Suspicion is not a criminal offense in Oregon. Drunkenness and vagrancy were repealed by the 1975 Oregon Legislature and are no longer criminal offenses by statute.

Arrest Definitions

For the purposes of UCR, adult persons are considered "ARRESTED" whether by actual physical arrest or the issuance of misdemeanor citations.

Juveniles are considered "ARRESTED" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult an arrest would be made or a misdemeanor citations issued.

Clearance Definitions

Clearances by Arrest

An offense is "cleared by arrest" or solved for crime reporting purposes when at least one person is:

- 1. Arrested;
- 2. Charged with the commission of the offense; and
- 3. Turned over to the court for prosecution.

The prosecution can follow arrest, court summons, or police notice. A clearance by arrest can be claimed when the offender is a person under 18 years of age and is cited to appear in juvenile court or before other juvenile authorities. This clearance can be taken even though no physical arrest was made.

Remember that the number of offenses and not the number of persons arrested are counted in the clearances recorded.

Exceptional Clearances

In certain situations police are not able to follow the three outlined steps under "clearance by arrest" to clear offenses known to them. In many instances police have exhausted all leads and have done everything else possible in order to clear a case. If the following questions can all be answered "yes" the offense can then be cleared exceptionally.

- 1. Has the investigation definitely established the identity of the offender?
- 2. Is there enough information to support an arrest, charge, and turning over to the court for prosecution?
- 3. Do you know the exact location of the offender so that you could take him into custody now?
- 4. Is there some reason outside the police control that stops you from arresting, charging, and prosecuting the offender?

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APPENDIX B

STOLEN PROPERTY CATEGORIES

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STOLEN ARTICLES CATEGORIES

The following table illustrates the fifteen categories of stolen articles presented in this report with a complete listing of articles included within each category.

CATEGORY

Includes:

Bicycles

Bicycles, tricycles.

Boats, marine equipment

Boats, marine equipment.

Cameras, accessories

Cameras, accessories, viewing equipment.

Clothing, furs

Clothing, furs, luggage, purses, wallets.

Furniture

Furniture, household goods, appliances,

office equipment.

Jewelry, watches

Jewelry, watches.

Currency

Money, securities, stamps, notes.

T.V., Radio, Stereo, etc.

Televisions, radios, stereo/phonographs,

tape recorder/players, accessories,

P.A./paging devices, sound metering devices,

other.

Tools

Tools.

Firearms

Firearms.

Motor vehicles

Motor vehicles.

Motor vehicle parts and

accessories

Motor vehicle parts and accessories, miscellaneous vehicles, motors/engines, convertible tops/tonneau, trailers/campers/

canopies.

Construction equipment

Heavy construction machinery.

Aircraft, parts, accessories

Aircraft, parts and accessories.

Consumable goods

Beverages/liquor, food/meat, personal hygiene items, gas/fuel, hay/feed, cigarettes/ tobacco, drugs, other.

Miscellaneous

Farm and garden equipment, musical instruments, sports equipment, knives, explosives, livestock/ animals, spraying devices and attachments, fire extinguishing equipment, metals (brass, copper, etc.), saddles and tack, other miscellaneous

items and crime damage.*

*Crime damage is damage to property as the result of a criminal act other than vandalism (e.g., property damaged as the result of an extensive or crude burglary, arson, poorly executed gas theft by damage to a vehicle, etc.).

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APPENDIX C

STATISTICAL METHODS

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APPENDIX C

STATISTICAL METHODS

CALCULATION OF CRIME RATES

Quite often it is desired to compare the volume of crime occurrence, either totally or by individual offense, over a period of time for a selected group of agencies or jurisdictions. The geographical area being studied will undoubtedly consist of law enforcement agencies of various strengths and serving widely varying sizes of population. An agency equalizing factor must be developed, or in other terms, a common denominator is needed. To arrive at a valid comparison, the concept of rate is utilized.

The crime rate is defined as the number of offenses occurring per 100,000 population over the period of one year. The common denominator for any community, county, district, or state is obtained by dividing the population represented by 100,000. Once this denominator is determined, it becomes a relative constant until such time as the population of the community, county, district, or state changes appreciably. The crime rate can be calculated then by dividing the number of offenses by the denominator.

- a. Population : 100,000 = common denominator
- b. Number of offenses + common denominator = crime rate

Example:

Agency A serves a population of 50,000 and experienced a total of 2,500 Index offenses in 1976.

Index Crime Rate -

- a. 50,000 (population) = 0.50 (common denominator) 100,000
- b. $\frac{2,500 \text{ (number of offenses)}}{0.50 \text{ (common denominator)}} = 5,000 \text{ (crime rate)}$

Therefore the Index crime rate for Agency A in 1976 was 5,000 offenses per 100,000 population.

Example:

Agency B serves a population of 128,750 and experienced a total of 13,500 robbery offenses in 1975.

Robbery rate -

- a. $\frac{128,750}{100,000} = 1.2875$
- b. $\frac{13,500}{1.2875} = 10,485$

The robbery rate for Agency B in 1975 was 10,485 offenses per 100,000 population.

CALCULATION OF TRENDS

Crime trend information is a presentation of the fluctuation of data from one time period to another. Trends can be computed on the basis of volume (number of offenses, arrests, etc.) or rates (offenses, arrests, etc. per 100,000 population). The trend is then presented as a percent change. The statistical connotation for trend is usually based on data over a substantial length of time such as five or ten years (at least three); however a comparison can be made between two years, months, weeks, etc.

To compute the trend, always take the difference between the number of infenses or rates of both periods of time, divide by the number for the prior period, and multiply by 100, thus yielding a percent change.

- a. Number of offenses (one period) Number of offenses (the other period) = difference
- b. Difference ÷ prior period X 100 = percent change

Example:

Agency A showed an Index crime rate of 1,000 in 1975 and 1,250 in 1976. By visual inspection there was an increase.

Change -

- a. 1,250 (1976) 1,000 (1975) = 250 (difference)
- b. 250 (difference) X 100 = 25.0% 1,000 (prior period 1975)

Thus the Index crime rate for Agency A increased 25 percent from 1975 to 1976.

Example:

Agency B reported 1,850 burglaries in 1970 and 1,365 burglaries in 1975. By visual inspection there was a decrease.

Change -

- a. 1,850 1,365 = 485
- b. $\frac{485}{1,850}$ X 100 = 26.2%

Thus, the number of burglaries for Agency B showed a decrease of 26.2 percent from 1970 to 1975.

One point is important in calculating change from one period to another. If the number of offenses, arrests, etc. increases from zero for the prior period to a specific number for the current period, no change can be mathematically calculated.

Example:

Agency A showed no burglary offenses in 1975 and 100 offenses in 1976. The increase is not +100% as may appear but cannot be determined.

Calculation -

a.
$$100 - 0 = 100$$

b.
$$\frac{100}{0}$$
 = indeterminant number

Another example worth mentioning is the case where the number decreases from a specific number in the prior period to zero in the current period. The change is always -100% regardless of the number for the prior period.

Example:

Agency B showed 175 robbery offenses in 1975 compared to no offenses in 1976.

Change -

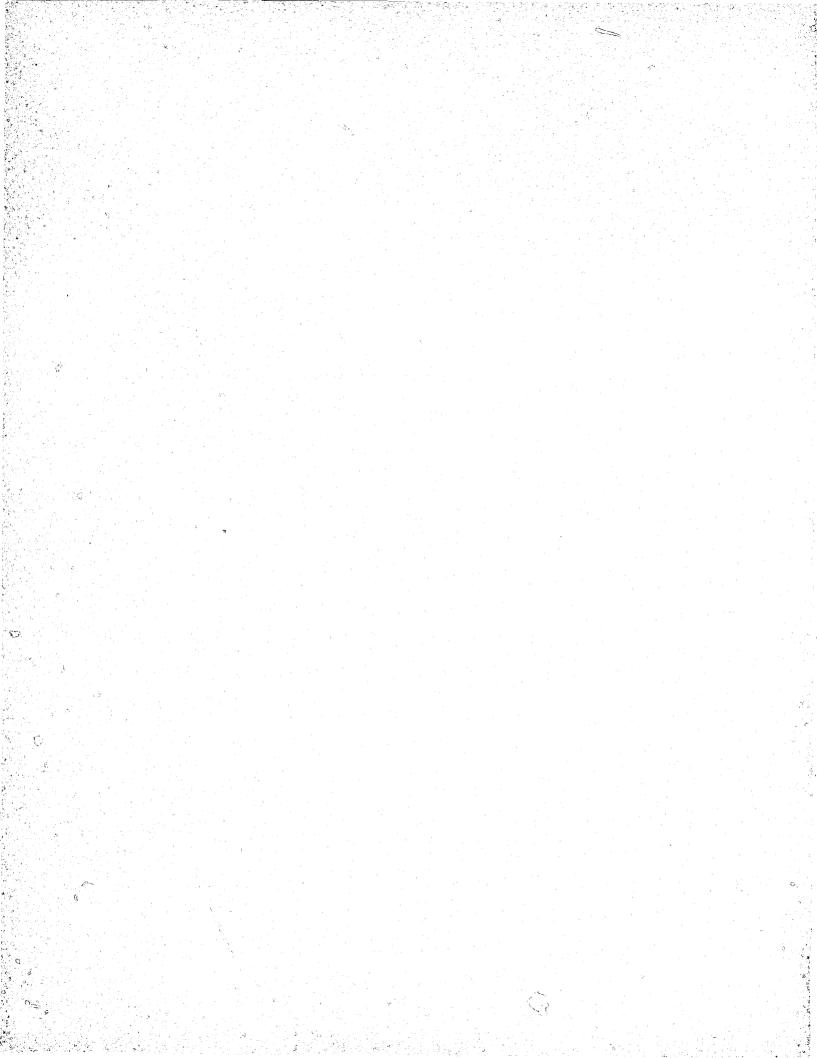
a.
$$175 - 0 = 175$$

b.
$$\frac{175}{175}$$
 X 100 = 100%

Thus the number of robberies for Agency B showed a decrease of 100 percent from 1975 to 1976.

THE CHI-SQUARE TEST

The Chi Square tests presented in Section 2 of this report indicate whether or not two or more frequency distributions are different enough statistically so that they could be considered independent of each other. For example, a Chi Square value is computed for males versus females on the various categories of robbery. Assume the Chi Square value was not significant at the customarily chosen 5% level of confidence. A non-significant value of Chi Square indicates that males and females have essentially the same distribution of arrests over the various categories of robbery. That is, the relative proportion of males in each category is the same as the relative proportion of females in the same category. No discussion concerning the calculation of a Chi-square value is presented in this report. There are numerous books available which explain various statistical methods in more detail.



END