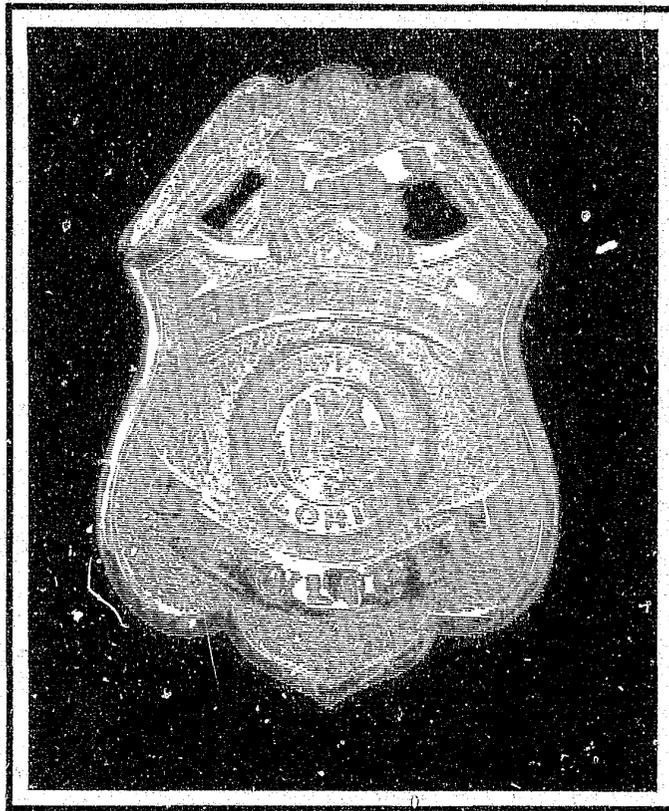


# 1977 St. Petersburg Police Report



50900

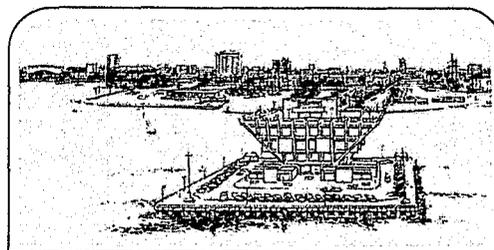
CRIME ANALYSIS SECTION / M. M. VINES, Chief of Police

NCJRS

SEP 27 1978

ACQUISITIONS

INTRODUCTION



CITY  
OF  
ST. PETERSBURG  
THE SUNSHINE CITY

TO : RAYMOND E. HARBAUGH, CITY MANAGER  
FROM : M. M. VINES, CHIEF OF POLICE

1977 was a year of many changes and continued progress within the St. Petersburg Police Department. A computerized system of data capture, a new offense report form and a restructuring of the beat (zone) configuration were among the major accomplishments of the year. The department also experienced a major reorganization of bureaus, divisions, and sections, as diagramed within this report. Excellent progress was noted in the construction of the new Police Headquarters complex; with a prospective completion date of summer, 1978.

The 1977 Police Report is designed to provide a comprehensive overview of law enforcement services and information on crime to the residents of St. Petersburg. The year's crime picture is analyzed in depth, with such noteworthy facts as: a significant decrease in crime for the third consecutive year; a clearance rate which continues to be far above the national average; and a rapid response time to emergency calls for service.

Looking ahead to 1978, we have set the following goals:

Increase police resource utilization without increasing police personnel.

Increase citizen awareness of their role in crime prevention.

Achieve an emergency response time of 4 minutes.

Maintain a high level of quality on all cases investigated by the Department to ensure their successful prosecution.

To provide alternatives so that the criminal justice system is not overburdened with individuals and cases that could be handled through other community resources.

We invite citizen interest and participation in our efforts to better serve the community. We hope this document will assist all in understanding the many facets of police operations in St. Petersburg.

Sincerely,

M. M. VINES, CHIEF OF POLICE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

## C O N T E N T S

THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD BE VIEWED AS A REFERENCE WORK PROVIDING THE MOST DETAILED ANALYSIS OF ALL CRIME ACTIVITY, AND RELATED DATA, CURRENTLY AVAILABLE WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT. LIKE ALL REFERENCE WORKS, IT IS NOT MEANT TO BE READ FROM COVER-TO-COVER, BUT IS DESIGNED TO MEET THE SPECIFIC STATISTICAL NEEDS OF THE READER.

THE REPORT IS DIVIDED INTO EIGHT MAIN SECTIONS, ORGANIZED TO PRESENT THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

### SECTION A

	<u>Page</u>
<u>TOTAL INDEX CRIMES:</u> a three and five year comparison of reported index crimes in St. Petersburg.	(1-12)
<u>DEFINITION OF OFFENSES</u> - definition of terms used to designate crimes or crime categories.	1-3
<u>FIVE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN</u> - a year-by-year comparison of crime from 1973-1977.	4
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN</u> - a month-by-month account of the fluctuation of index crimes from 1975-1977.	5
<u>INDEX CRIME COUNT</u> - 1977 - a breakdown of offenses occurring during the year.	6
<u>TOTAL INDEX CRIMES</u> - 1977 - a graph depicting the crime trend during 1977.	7
<u>CRIME BY MONTH</u> - a numerical display of crime occurrence by month.	8
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW DESCRIPTION</u> - an explanation and interpretation of the "Beat Overview" accompanying each crime category.	9-10
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - PART I CRIMES 1977</u> - a comparative analysis of Part I crimes occurring during 1977 by police beat.	11-12

SECTION B

	<u>Page</u>
<u>CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS</u> : a detailed analysis of reported crimes categorized as personal offenses (HOMICIDE, RAPE, ROBBERY, ASSAULT).	(13-44)
(VIOLENT CRIMES)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - VIOLENT CRIMES</u> - a graphic display of month-by-month violent crimes from 1975-1977.	13
<u>VIOLENT CRIMES - 1977</u> - a graph depicting the trend of violent crimes during 1977.	14
(HOMICIDE)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - HOMICIDE</u>	15
<u>HOMICIDE - 1977</u> - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of homicide during 1977.	16
<u>HOMICIDE</u> - a discussion of the victims, suspects, and all pertinent factors of homicide occurring during 1977.	17-18
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - HOMICIDE</u> - a comparative analysis of homicide for each police beat.	19-20
(RAPE)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - RAPE</u>	21
<u>RAPE - 1977</u> - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of rape during 1977.	22
<u>RAPE</u> - a discussion of the victims, suspects, and all pertinent factors of rapes occurring during 1977.	23-24
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - RAPE 1977</u> - a comparative analysis of rape for each police beat.	25-26
(ROBBERY)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - ROBBERY</u>	27

	<u>Page</u>
<u>ROBBERY - 1977 - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of robbery during 1977.</u>	28
<u>ROBBERY - a discussion of the circumstances surrounding robberies reported during 1977.</u>	29-30
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - ROBBERY - 1977 - a comparative analysis of <u>ARMED</u> and <u>UNARMED</u> robbery for each beat.</u>	31-34
 (ASSAULT)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT</u>	35
<u>AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS - 1977 - a graph depicting the trend of aggravated assault during 1977.</u>	36
<u>ASSAULTS - AGGRAVATED &amp; SIMPLE - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of assaults, aggravated and simple, 1977.</u>	37
<u>ASSAULT - a discussion of the relevant factors of reported assaults, 1977.</u>	38-39
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - AGGRAVATED AND SIMPLE ASSAULTS 1977 - a comparative analysis of aggravated and simple assaults for each police beat.</u>	40-43
<u>ASSAULT ON POLICE OFFICERS - an account of assaults in which a police officer was the victim.</u>	44

### SECTION C

CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY: a detailed analysis of reported crimes (45-117) categorized as property offenses (BURGLARY, LARCENY, AUTO THEFT).

#### (PROPERTY CRIMES)

<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - PROPERTY CRIMES - a graphic display of month-by-month property crimes from 1975-1977.</u>	45
<u>PROPERTY CRIMES - 1977 - a graph depicting the trend of property crimes during 1977</u>	46
 (BURGLARY)	
<u>BURGLARY - RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL - 1977 - a graph depicting the trend of all burglaries during 1977.</u>	47

	<u>Page</u>
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY</u>	48
<u>RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY - 1977</u> - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of Residential Burglary during 1977.	49
<u>RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY</u> - a discussion of citywide residential burglary activity during 1977. A detailed beat analysis follows, including circumstances surrounding burglaries in each of the nineteen police reporting areas of St. Petersburg.	50-64
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY</u> - a comparative analysis of residential burglary for each beat.	51-52
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - COMMERCIAL BREAKING AND ENTERING</u>	65
<u>COMMERCIAL BREAKING AND ENTERING - 1977</u> - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of Commercial Breaking & Entering during 1977.	66
<u>COMMERCIAL BREAKING AND ENTERING</u> - a discussion of the factors pertinent to the analysis of commercial burglary during 1977.	67-68
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - COMMERCIAL B&amp;E - 1977</u> - a comparative analysis of commercial B&E's for each police beat.	69-70
(LARCENY)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - LARCENY</u>	71
<u>LARCENY - TOTAL 1977</u> - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of Larceny during 1977.	72
<u>LARCENY</u> - a general discussion of Larceny and an analysis of each of the nine categories of Larceny.	73-74
<u>PICKPOCKET</u> - discussion, graph of activity during 1977, and beat overview.	75-78
<u>PURSE SNATCH</u> - discussion, graph and beat overview	79-82
<u>SHOPLIFTING</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	83-86
<u>AUTO BREAKING AND ENTERING</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	87-91
<u>AUTO PARTS &amp; ACCESSORIES</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	92-95

	<u>Page</u>
<u>BICYCLE THEFT</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	96-99
<u>LARCENY FROM BUILDINGS</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	100-103
<u>LARCENY FROM COIN-OPERATED MACHINES</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	104-107
<u>MISCELLANEOUS LARCENY</u> - discussion, graph, and beat overview.	108-111
 (AUTO THEFT)	
<u>THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN - AUTO THEFT</u>	112
<u>AUTO THEFT</u> - 1977 - a graph depicting the monthly fluctuation of Auto Theft, 1977	113
<u>AUTO THEFT</u> - a discussion of the elements surrounding vehicular thefts during 1977.	114-115
<u>BEAT OVERVIEW - AUTO THEFT</u> - a comparative analysis of Auto Theft for each police beat.	116-117

#### SECTION D

<u>AGGREGATE CRIME COMPARISONS - CITY, STATE, COUNTY, NATION.</u>	(118-123)
<u>INDEX CRIME COUNTS 1976-1977</u> - a comparison of total index crimes by category, frequency, and percent of change, 1976 and 1977.	118
<u>CRIME CLOCKS</u> - a clock of criminal activity based on St. Petersburg's reported crimes during 1976 and 1977.	119
<u>MAJOR METROPOLITAN AREAS OF PINELLAS COUNTY</u> - a comparative analysis of crime rates of major cities within the county.	120
<u>INDEX CRIMES - FLORIDA CITIES - 1976</u> - a listing of crimes by category for major Florida cities.	121
<u>NATIONWIDE METROPOLITAN CRIME COMPARISONS - 1976</u> - a compilation of crime-related factors of U. S. cities of comparable size.	122-123

SECTION E

	<u>Page</u>
<u>VICTIM/SUSPECT ANALYSIS</u> - a statistical display of victim characteristics by crime category, cross-referenced with offender typology.	124

SECTION F

<u>CLEARANCE, CLOSURE AND ARREST INFORMATION</u> - a comprehensive account of the aftermath of criminal activity; the arrests, closures, and subsequent clearance rates affected by all members of the department.	(125-128)
<u>ARRESTS</u> - a record of total arrests during 1977, charted by sex, race, and age (adult and juvenile).	125-126
<u>PERCENTAGE OF INDEX CRIMES CLEARED</u> - 1976 and 1977 clearance rates for city, state, and nation as tabulated by the Uniform Crime Reporting System.	127
<u>CLOSURE RATE - DEPARTMENTAL ACTIVITY SHEET - 1977</u> - a record of cases closed through departmental investigation.	128

SECTION G

<u>BEAT ANALYSIS</u> - a close-up of criminal activity within each reporting area.	(129-173)
<u>POLICE BEAT MAP</u> - a map of St. Petersburg as it is divided into three dispatches and ultimately nineteen beats or zones for patrol allocation.	129
<u>BEAT SUMMATION 1977</u> - a beat-by-beat summary of Part I crimes during 1977. A comparative reference for Beat Summation, 1976.	130
<u>BEAT SUMMATION 1976</u> - a beat-by-beat summary of Part I crimes during 1976. A comparative reference for Beat Summation, 1977.	131
<u>RESPONSE-TIME PROFILE</u> - a summary of police calls for service dispatched as "Priority call", frequency by beat, and average response time.	132

	<u>Page</u>
<u>MAP OF DISPATCH AREA I</u> - includes beats 01-07	133
<u>MAP OF DISPATCH AREA II</u> - includes beats 09-14	148
<u>MAP OF DISPATCH AREA III</u> - includes beats 08, 15-19	161

SPECIFIC BEAT ANALYSIS - Each of the nineteen beats (134-173) is depicted demographically. Dispatch area maps and a numerical account of crimes by beat for 1977 is also provided. Individual beat summaries are as follows:

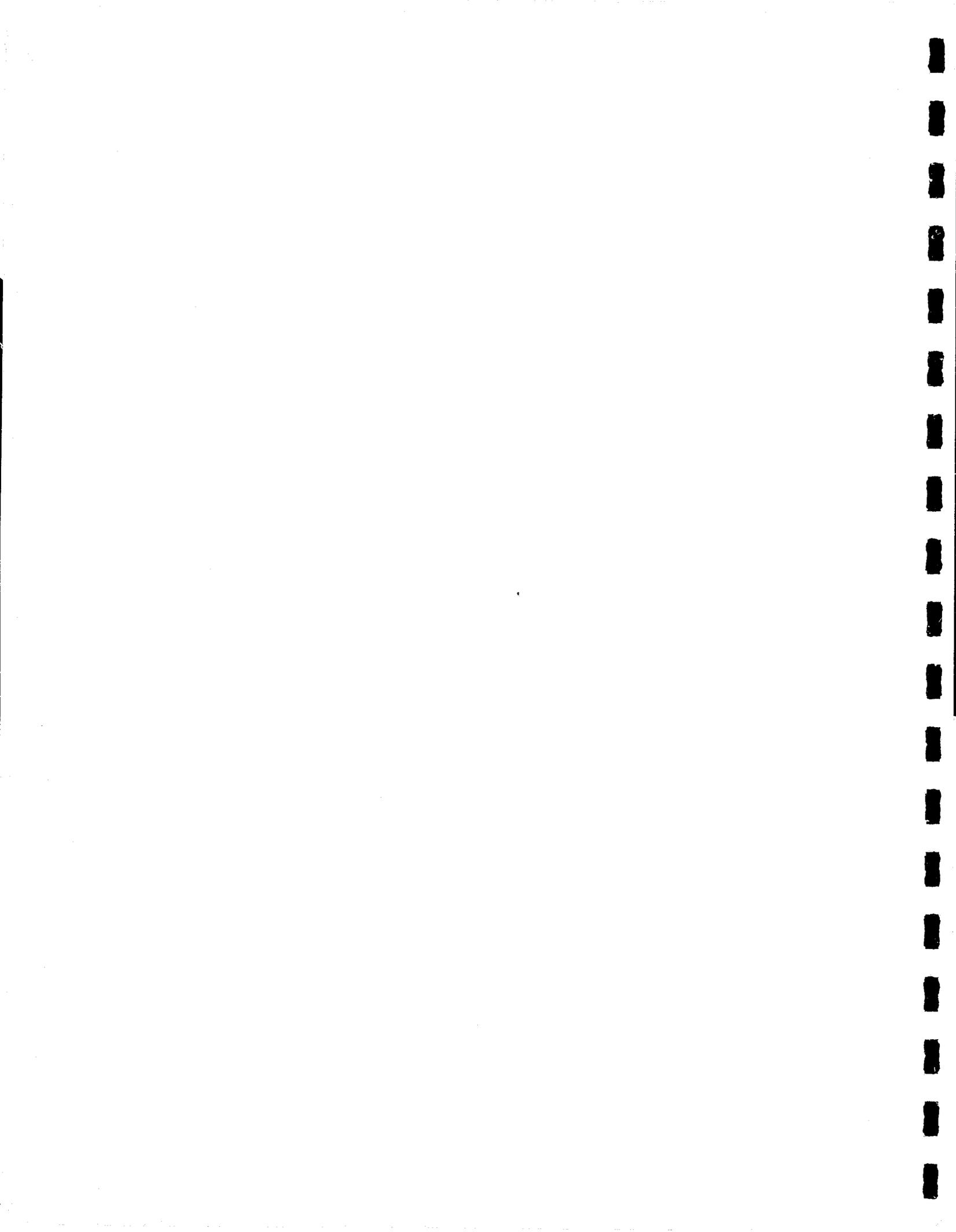
BEAT 01	134-135
BEAT 02	136-137
BEAT 03	138-139
BEAT 04	140-141
BEAT 05	142-143
BEAT 06	144-145
BEAT 07	146-147
BEAT 08	162-163
BEAT 09	149-150
BEAT 10	152-152
BEAT 11	153-154
BEAT 12	155-156
BEAT 13	157-158
BEAT 14	159-160
BEAT 15	164-165
BEAT 16	166-167
BEAT 17	168-169
BEAT 18	170-171
BEAT 19	172-173

#### SECTION H

INDEX: an alphabetical index of the information contained (174-179) within the document.



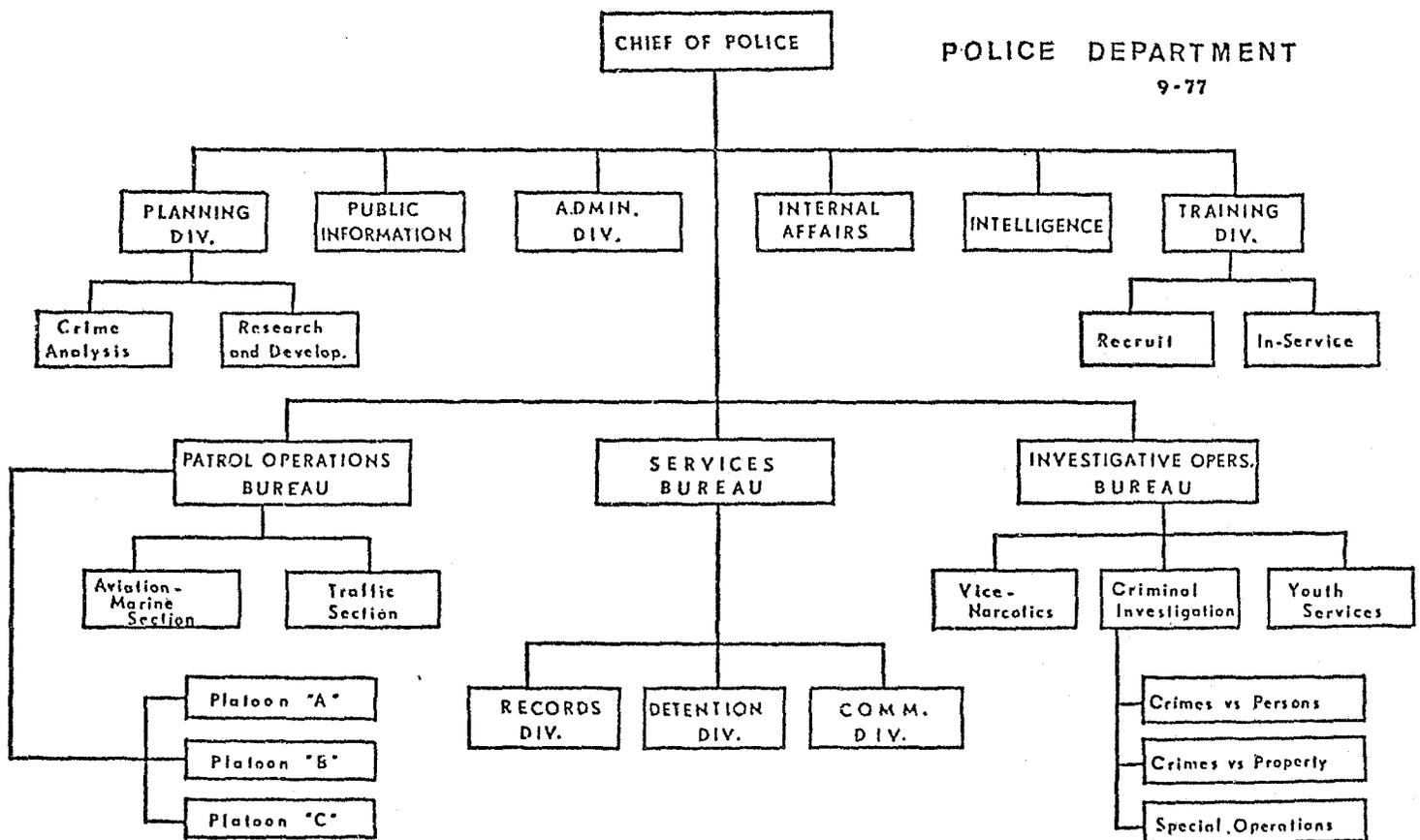
ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



# ST. PETERSBURG POLICE DEPARTMENT

## ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

1977\*



TOTAL PERSONNEL: 656  
 SWORN : 438  
 CIVILIAN : 218

\* Implemented 19 September 1977



TOTAL INDEX CRIMES

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT

SECTION A



## DEFINITION OF OFFENSES

### Index Crimes

#### Homicide

The willful non-negligent killing of a human being.

#### Rape

The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will, and assaults with intent.

#### Robbery

The felonious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or putting him in fear.

#### Aggravated Assault

An attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do serious physical injury to another. Weapons include guns, knives or other cutting instruments, other dangerous weapons (clubs, bottles, etc.), and hands/feet if the victim is severely beaten.

#### Breaking and Entering - Burglary

An unlawful entry or attempted entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny.

Residential - A dwelling used as a home (an apartment, condominium or house).

Commercial - A place utilized for other than dwelling purposes (an office, warehouse, industrial building, a store, etc.)

#### Larceny

The unlawful taking of the property of another.

#### Pickpocket

The theft of articles from a person by stealth where the victim usually does not become immediately aware of the theft.

#### Purse Snatch

The grabbing or snatching of a purse, handbag, etc., from the custody of an individual.

#### Shoplifting

The theft by a person other than an employee of goods or merchandise exposed for sale.

## DEFINITION OF OFFENSES

### Larceny - continued

#### Theft from Auto (also referred to as Auto B&E)

The theft of articles from a motor vehicle, whether locked or unlocked.

#### Theft of Auto Parts and Accessories

The theft of any part or accessory attached to the interior or exterior of a motor vehicle in a manner which would make the part an attachment to the vehicle or necessary for the operation of the vehicle.

#### Bicycle Theft

The unlawful taking of any bicycle, tandem bicycle, unicycle, etc.

#### Theft from Building

The theft from within a building which is open to the general public and where the offender has legal access.

#### Theft from Coin-Operated Machine

A theft from a device or machine which is operated or activated by the use of a coin.

#### Other

All thefts which do not fit the definitions of the specific categories of larceny listed above. (example: Theft of lawn furniture from a residential yard.)

#### Motor Vehicle Theft

The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle. Vehicles included in this category are trucks, autos, vans, motor homes, recreational vehicles, golf carts, trail bikes, mini-bikes, motorscooters, and dune buggies. Not included are airplanes, construction equipment, and farm equipment.

### Part I Offenses

Part I Offenses include all those offenses above categorized as Index Crimes, with the following additions:

#### Manslaughter by Negligence

The killing of another person through gross negligence. (Example: A home owner fired his high-powered rifle at a squirrel in his back yard. The shot struck and killed a neighbor. The shooter was arrested.)

DEFINITION OF OFFENSES

Part I Offenses - continued

Simple Assault

An attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do minor physical injury to another.

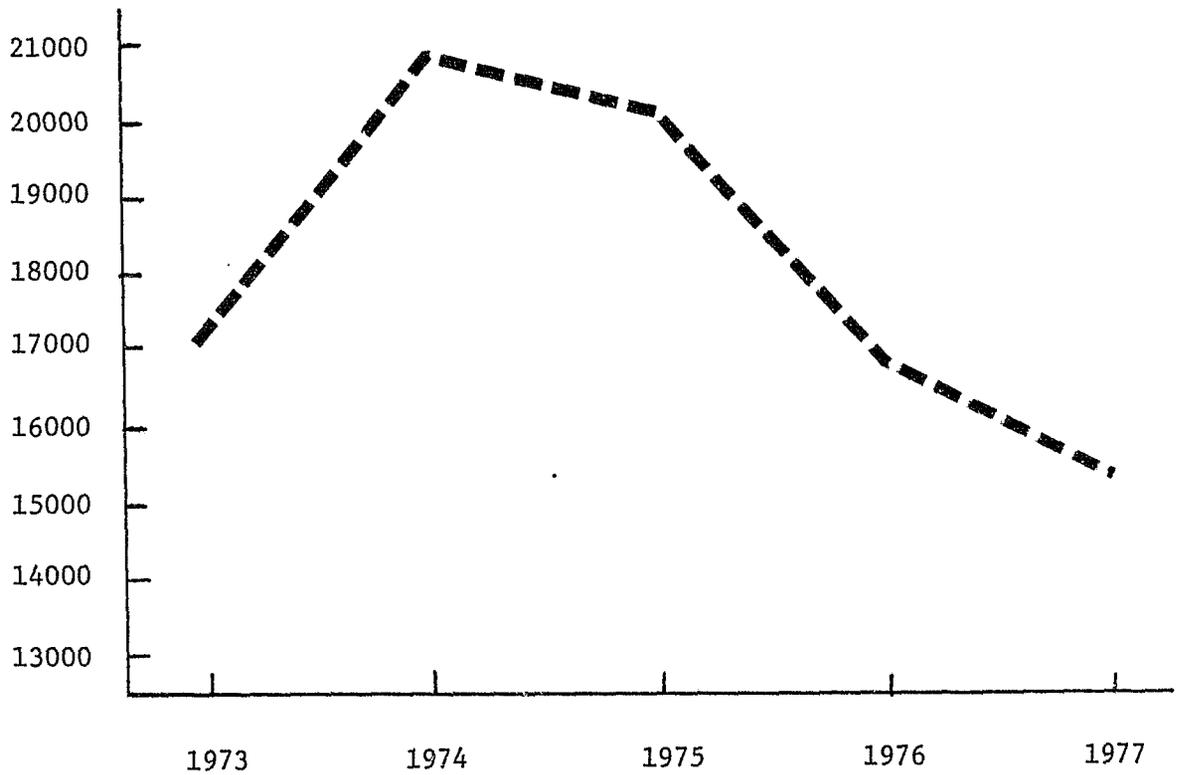
Part II Offenses

Part II offenses are comprised of the following:

Arson  
Forgery and Counterfeiting  
Fraud  
Worthless Checks  
Embezzlement  
Stolen Property: Buying, etc.  
Vandalism  
Weapons: Carrying, etc.  
Prostitution  
Sex Offenses  
Narcotic Drug Laws  
Gambling  
Offenses Against Family and Children  
Drivers Under the Influence  
Liquor Laws  
Disorderly Intoxication  
Disorderly Conduct  
Vagrancy  
Curfew and Loitering (Juvenile)  
Runaway (Juvenile)  
All Other Offenses



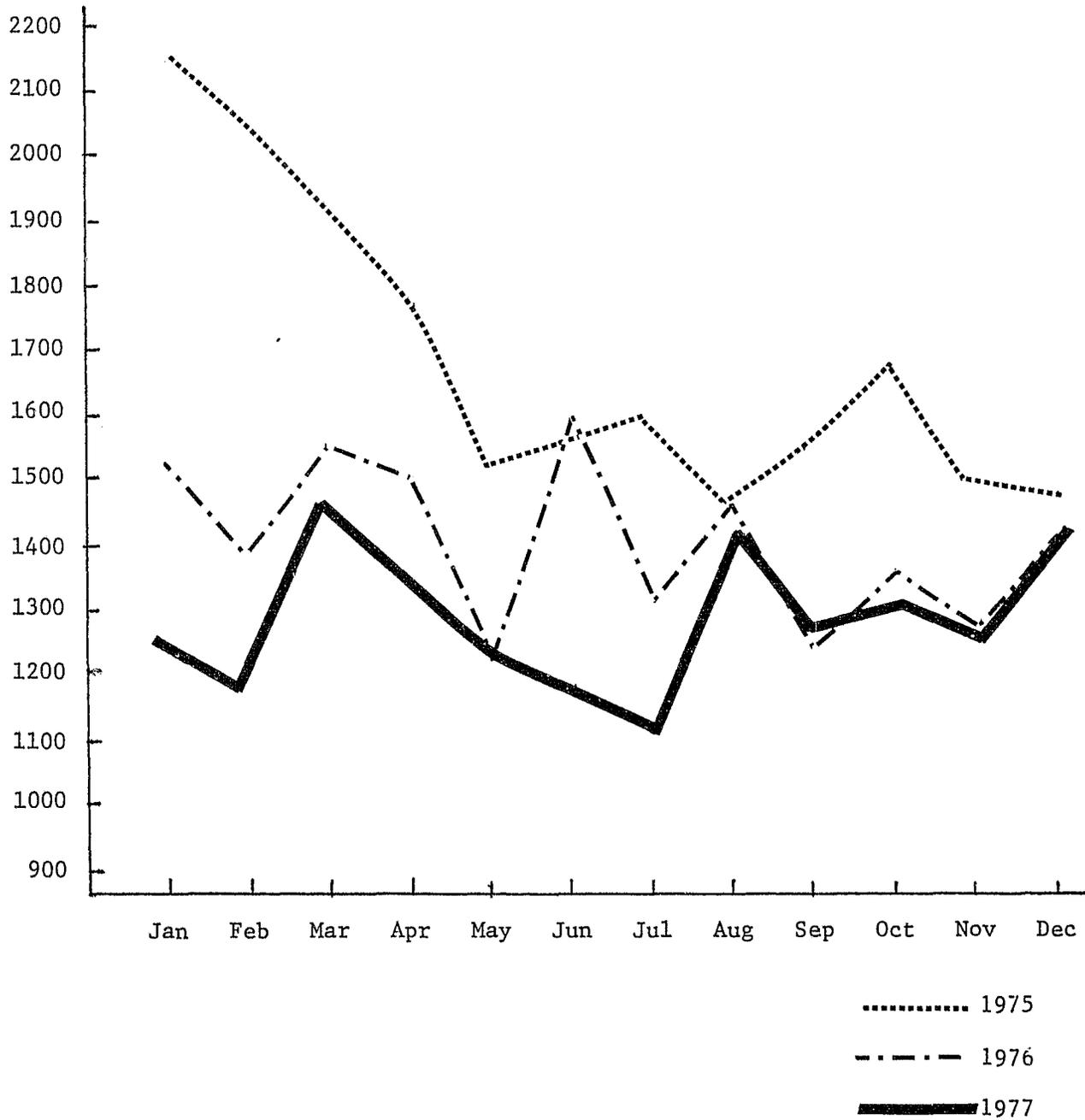
FIVE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1973-1977



1973: 17104  
1974: 20859  
1975: 20187  
1976: 16833  
1977: 15382

THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

TOTAL INDEX CRIME



INDEX CRIME COUNT\*

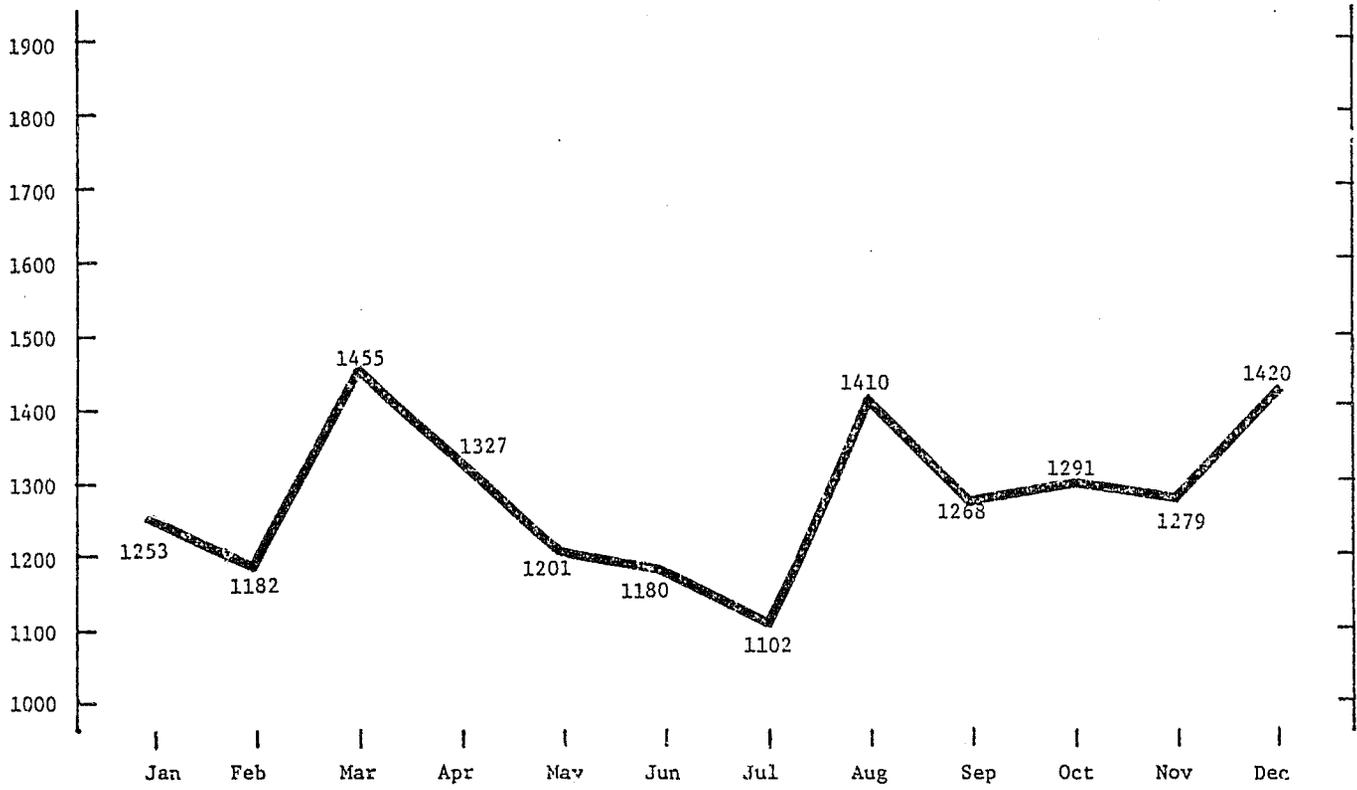
1977

HOMICIDE	20
RAPE	93
ROBBERY	503
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1159
BREAKING AND ENTERING	4175
RESIDENTIAL	3289
COMMERCIAL	886
LARCENY TOTAL	9045
PICKPOCKET	66
PURSE SNATCH	111
SHOPLIFTING	1781
AUTO BURGLARY	840
AUTO PARTS	1886
BICYCLE THEFT	1110
BUILDING LARCENY	827
COIN-OPERATED MACHINES	125
OTHER	2299
AUTO THEFT	387
T O T A L	15382

\* These numbers vary slightly from those released by SPPD January 1978. They will also differ from totals recorded by the Uniform Crime Reporting section of the FBI. They reflect the most accurate record of crimes occurring during 1977. Each offense was reviewed and updated - adjusting category totals for status changes and the deletion of unfounded cases.

TOTAL INDEX CRIMES

1 9 7 7





# CRIME BY MONTH

1 9 7 7

M O N T H    O F    O C C U R R E N C E

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	UNK.	TOTAL
HOMICIDE	1	2	2	0	4	1	2	2	3	0	0	3	0	20
RAPE	10	4	12	12	5	6	8	4	4	10	8	10	0	93
ARMED ROBBERY	19	16	24	17	11	6	18	11	7	8	35	24	0	196
UNARMED ROBBERY	24	27	39	19	15	12	23	29	25	36	25	33	0	307
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	80	86	86	116	103	111	71	119	95	110	97	85	0	1159
SIMPLE ASSAULT	186	161	179	168	231	211	169	224	185	181	208	165	0	2268
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	254	252	327	284	253	243	219	324	301	298	270	264	0	3289
∞ COMMERCIAL B&E	87	97	71	53	72	83	65	88	57	59	75	79	0	886
PICKPOCKET	1	8	5	7	2	11	3	7	4	6	3	9	0	66
PURSE SNATCH	11	7	13	6	8	8	10	6	11	16	7	8	0	111
SHOPLIFTING	151	149	129	148	135	119	147	151	124	144	171	213	0	1781
AUTO BURGLARY	86	58	103	77	73	57	52	68	53	74	63	72	4	840
AUTO LARCENY	163	153	165	160	116	135	134	193	153	134	152	218	10	1886
BICYCLE THEFT	77	64	110	117	97	112	73	70	114	108	81	87	0	1110
BUILDING LARCENY	59	61	66	67	63	56	60	81	84	65	89	76	0	827
COIN-OP MACHINES	14	10	31	9	13	8	4	13	8	3	5	7	0	125
LARCENY-OTHER	188	169	238	200	195	187	188	201	182	188	161	202	0	2299
AUTO THEFT	28	19	34	35	36	25	25	43	43	32	37	30	0	387
PART I TOTAL:	1439	1343	1634	1495	1432	1391	1271	1634	1453	1472	1487	1585	14	17650
INDEX TOTAL :	1253	1182	1455	1327	1201	1180	1102	1410	1268	1291	1279	1420	14	15382



## BEAT OVERVIEW DESCRIPTION

The Beat Overview section contains a combination of graphic and tabular displays which provides a comparative view of crime occurring in each police reporting area. The following information explains the contents of the table appearing on each Overview page:

### Beat

This column refers to the nineteen police reporting areas of the City as they are depicted on the map appearing on each Overview page.

### Number

This column refers to the number of reported crimes occurring within each reporting area, or beat.

### % of Beat Total

This column refers to the percentage that a particular crime category comprises of the total crime occurring within each beat; i.e., if Beat 01 had 100 crimes, 25 of which were classified as Assaults, then 25% of Beat 01's total crimes were Assaults. In the row entitled "City", this figure refers to the percentage that the total number of a particular crime category comprises of the total crime occurring throughout the City; i.e., if there were 1,000 crimes reported in the City, 100 of which were classified as Bicycle Thefts, then 10% of the City's crime total was Bicycle Thefts.

### % of Crime Total

This column refers to the percent of a particular crime category occurring in a beat with respect to the City as a whole; i.e., if there were 100 Auto Thefts reported throughout the City, 10 of which occurred in Beat 01, then 10% of the crime (Auto Theft) total occurred in Beat 01.

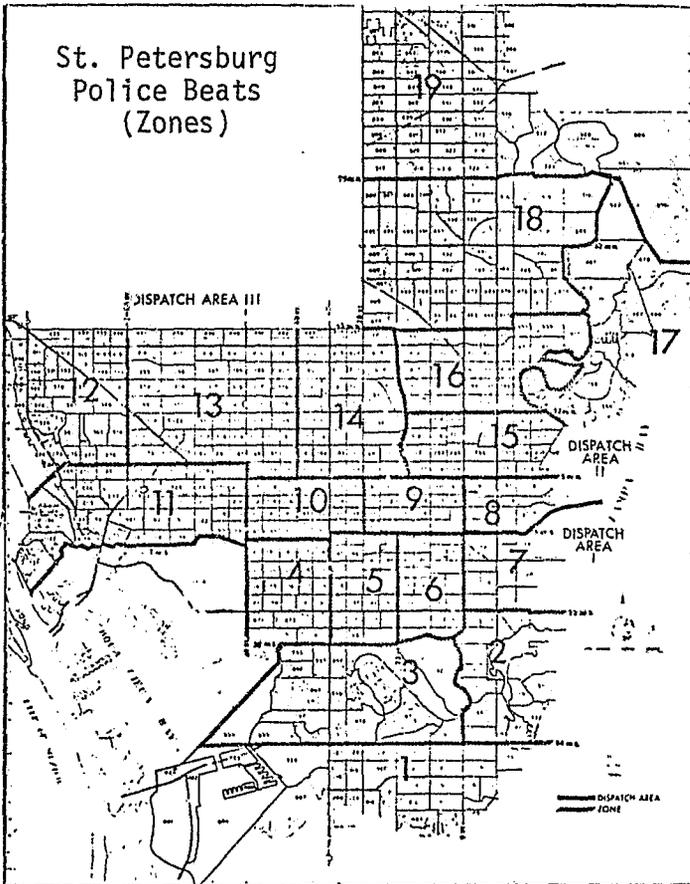
## Volume

This column refers to the level of criminal activity occurring within each beat from a City-wide perspective. The procedure of designating a beat as "Low", "Moderate", or "High" consists of assigning rank orders on the basis of the number of crimes occurring in each reporting area.

The histogram appearing on the bottom of each page provides a good visual indication of the frequency distribution of each crime category for the nineteen beats. This graph is designed with intervals of closed and equal width which enables the height of the bars to be viewed as proportional to one another. The X-axis (horizontal) depicts the nineteen beats, while the Y-axis (vertical) reveals the frequency of each crime category.

OVERVIEW OF 1977 PART I CRIMES

FOR THE CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG \*



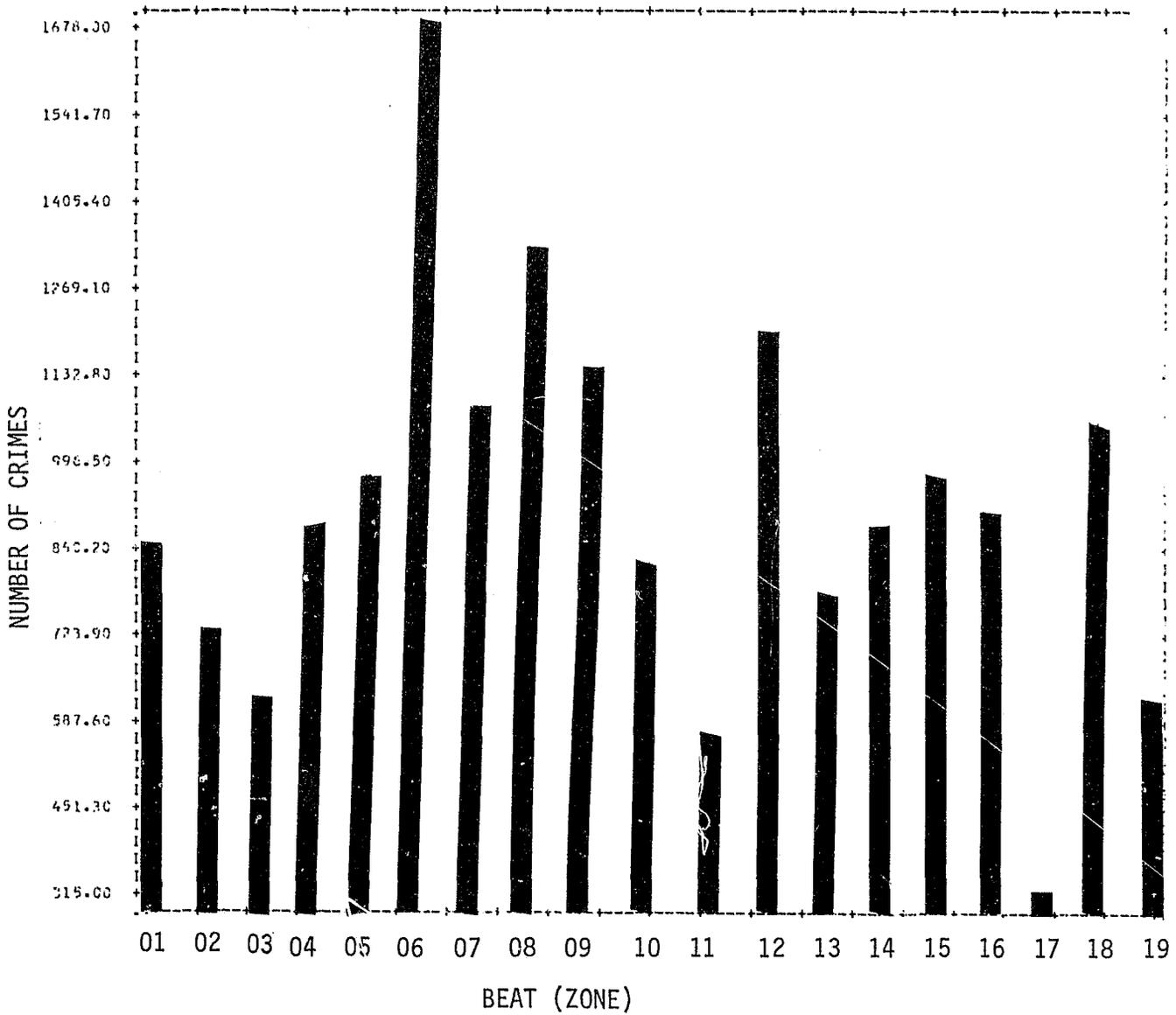
BEAT ANALYSIS OF 1977 PART I CRIME TOTALS

FOR THE CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG

B E A T	TOTAL	CH. RATE PER 1,000	% OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	% CHANGE OVER 1976
01	865	56.6	4.9	Moderate	- 11
02	735	75.0	4.2	Low	- 10
03	636	81.2	3.6	Low	+ 4
04	903	110.9	5.1	Moderate	- 19
05	976	88.7	5.5	Moderate	- 21
06	1678	121.4	9.5	High	- 8
07	1102	151.1	6.2	High	- 1
08	1347	214.4	7.6	High	- 1
09	1149	173.5	6.5	High	- 13
10	848	122.6	4.8	Moderate	- 8
11	574	38.7	3.3	Low	- 12
12	1207	95.4	6.8	High	- 3
13	805	33.7	4.6	Low	- 12
14	888	73.8	5.0	Moderate	+ 3
15	973	65.9	5.5	Moderate	- 5
16	931	57.3	5.3	Moderate	+ 10
17	315	28.3	1.8	Low	- 12
18	1072	42.4	6.1	High	- 7
19	630	50.0	3.6	Low	- 9
UNK.	16		.1		+ 7
CITYWIDE 17650			100.0		- 7

\* Part I Crime Totals in this instance exclude the crime of manslaughter.

OVERVIEW OF 1977 PART I CRIMES  
FOR THE CITY OF ST. PETERSBURG



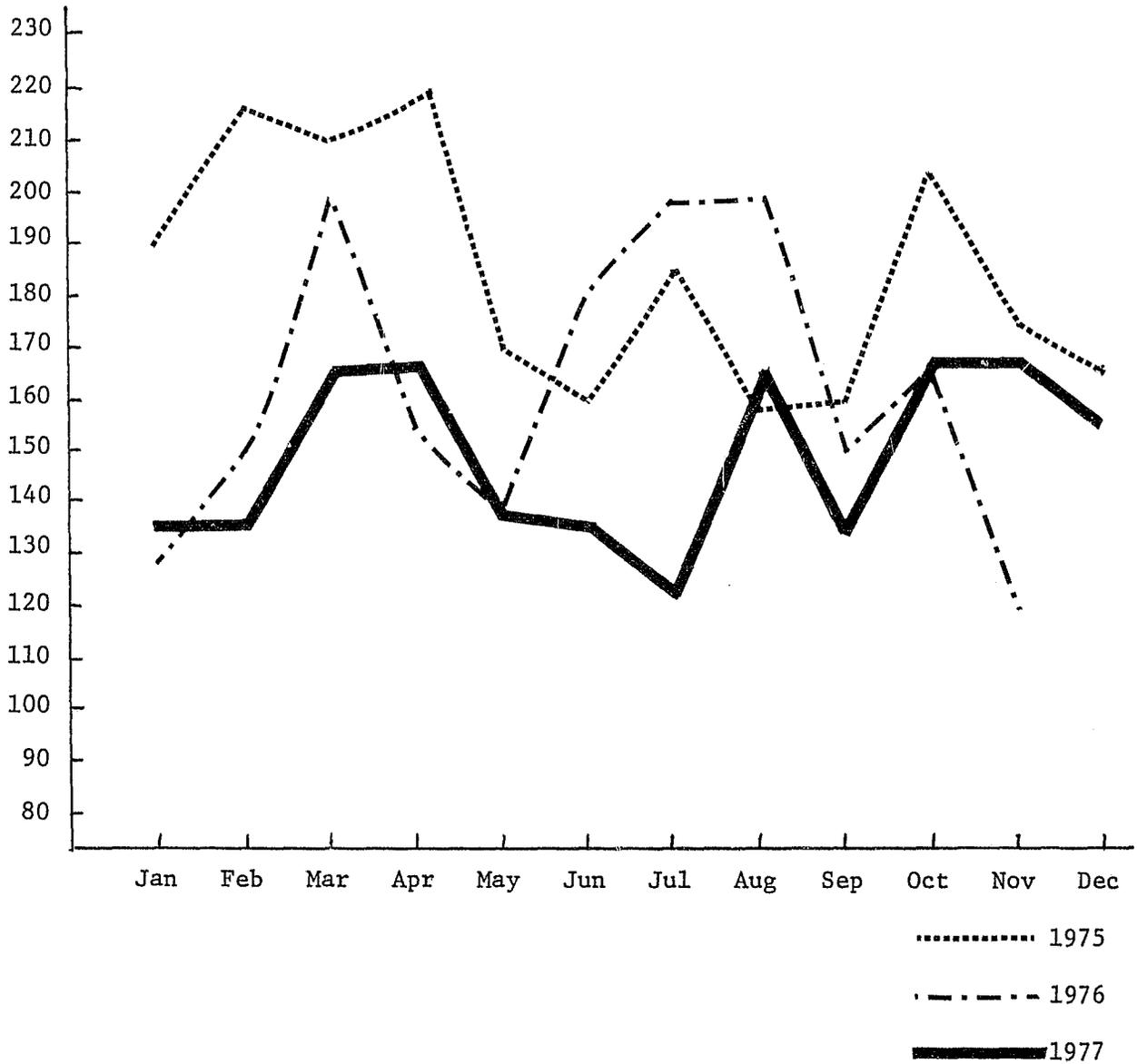
CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS

SECTION B



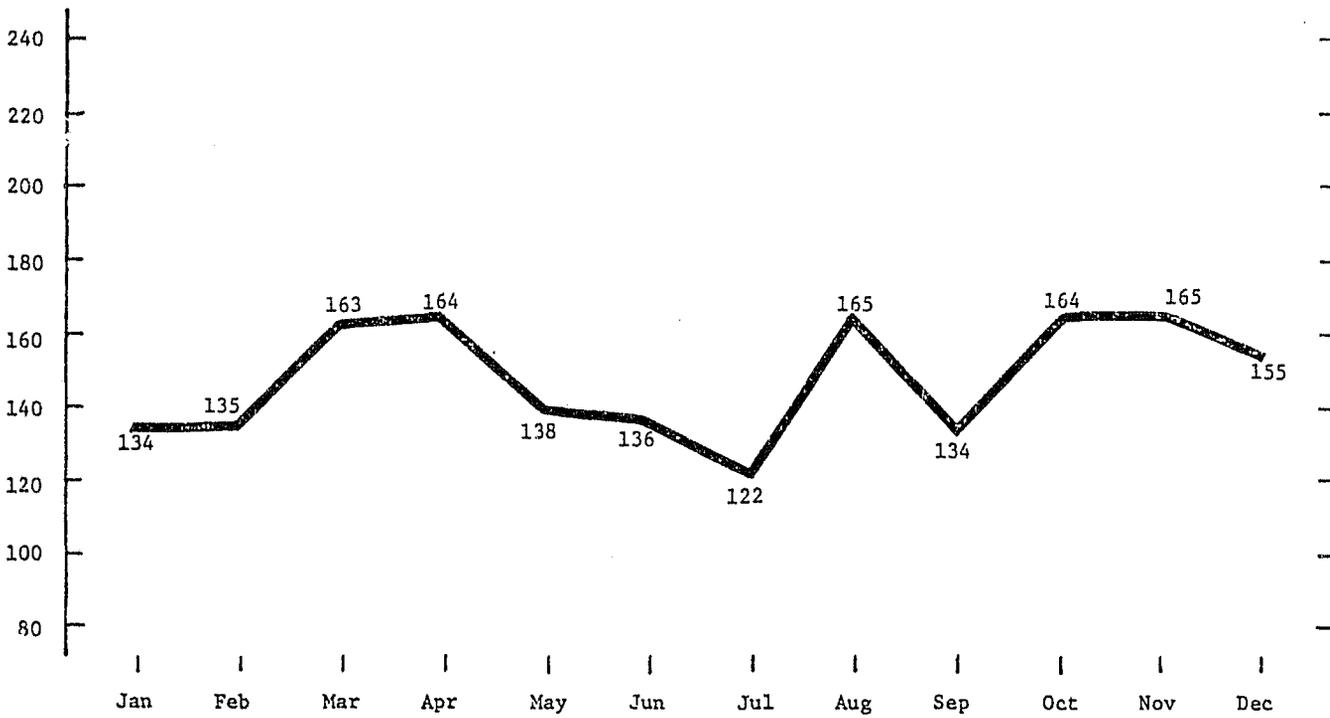
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

VIOLENT CRIME



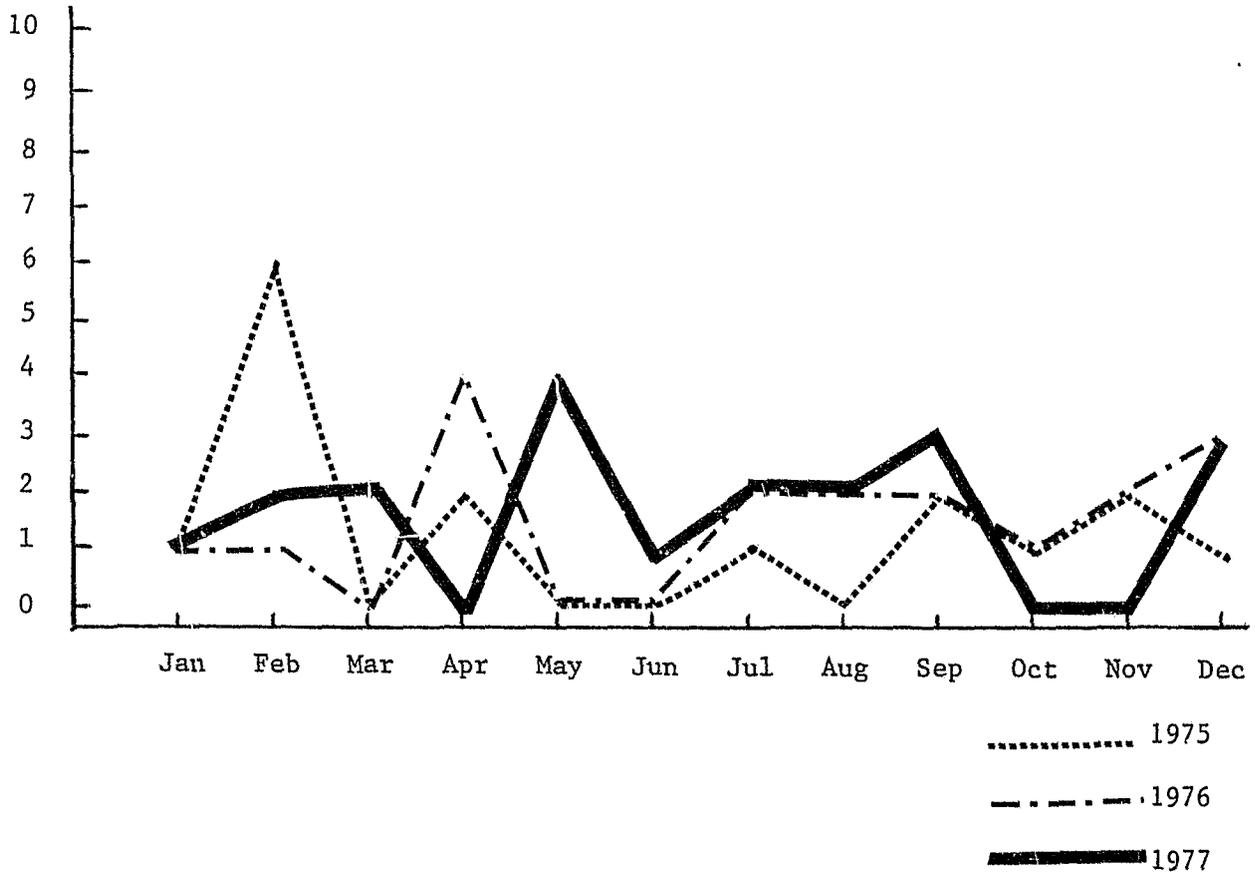
VIOLENT CRIMES

1 9 7 7



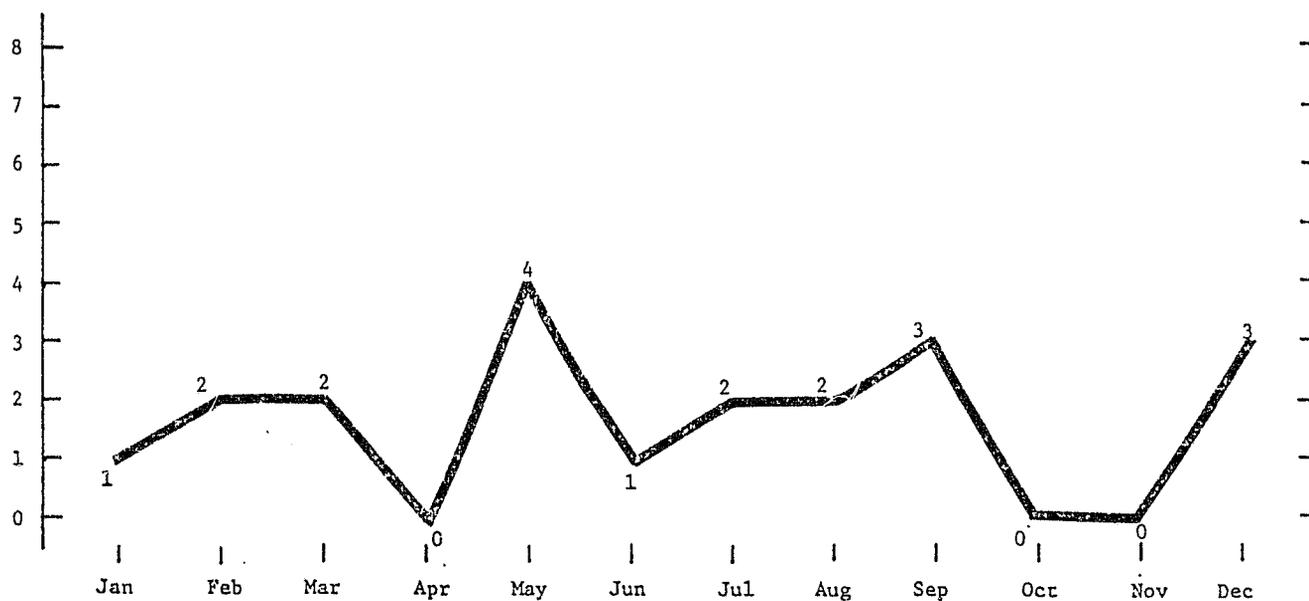
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

HOMICIDE



HOMICIDE

1977



## HOMICIDE

Twenty homicides were reported in St. Petersburg during 1977. Victims included 14 males and 6 females, 9 blacks and 11 whites. Ages ranged from 18-90; however, 6 fell in the 40-55 year age range, and 5 were over the age of 70.

Their assailants were described as black males in 4 cases, white males in 5, and black females in 4. No descriptions were available in the remaining 7.

Victims and suspects were related by marriage in 3 incidents, romantically involved in 2, and acquaintances in 3. In one case, the relationship was mother-son; in another a brother-in-law. Suspects were definitely strangers in 6 incidents, while the relationship was not established in 4 others.

Death was subsequent to an argument, domestic or otherwise, in about one-third of the incidents. Handguns were the chosen weapons in 7 cases, while knives were utilized in 6. Six were either beaten to death or died from injuries sustained in the attack. Weapon was unknown in one.

The greatest number of homicides (4) were reported in May; December and September each recorded 3.

Over half the incidents transpired on Friday or Saturday. The hour of the day varied, however half occurred during the daylight hours, half at night.

Eleven of the victims were killed on residential premises, one in a bar, and four within motor vehicles. Park areas or vacant lots were the site of four others.

HOMICIDE

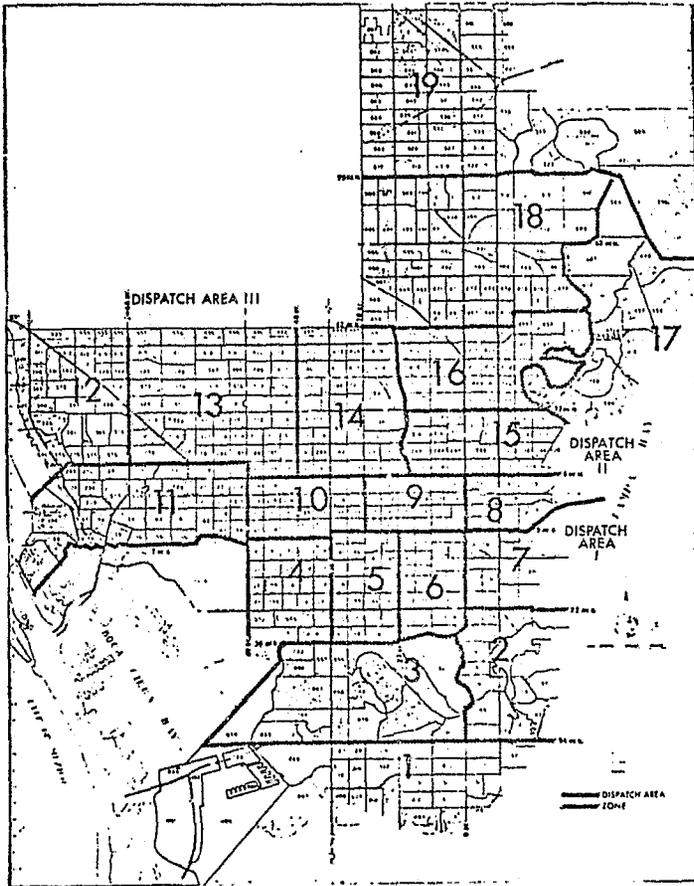
The police reporting areas Beat 06 and 09 each recorded 3 homicides. The remainder were scattered throughout the City.

Eleven of the 20 incidents (55%) were cleared by arrest. One of the perpetrators was a juvenile, a 16 year-old white male.

\$661 worth of property was stolen in conjunction with these homicides, no recoveries were recorded.

BEAT OVERVIEW - HOMICIDE

1 9 7 7

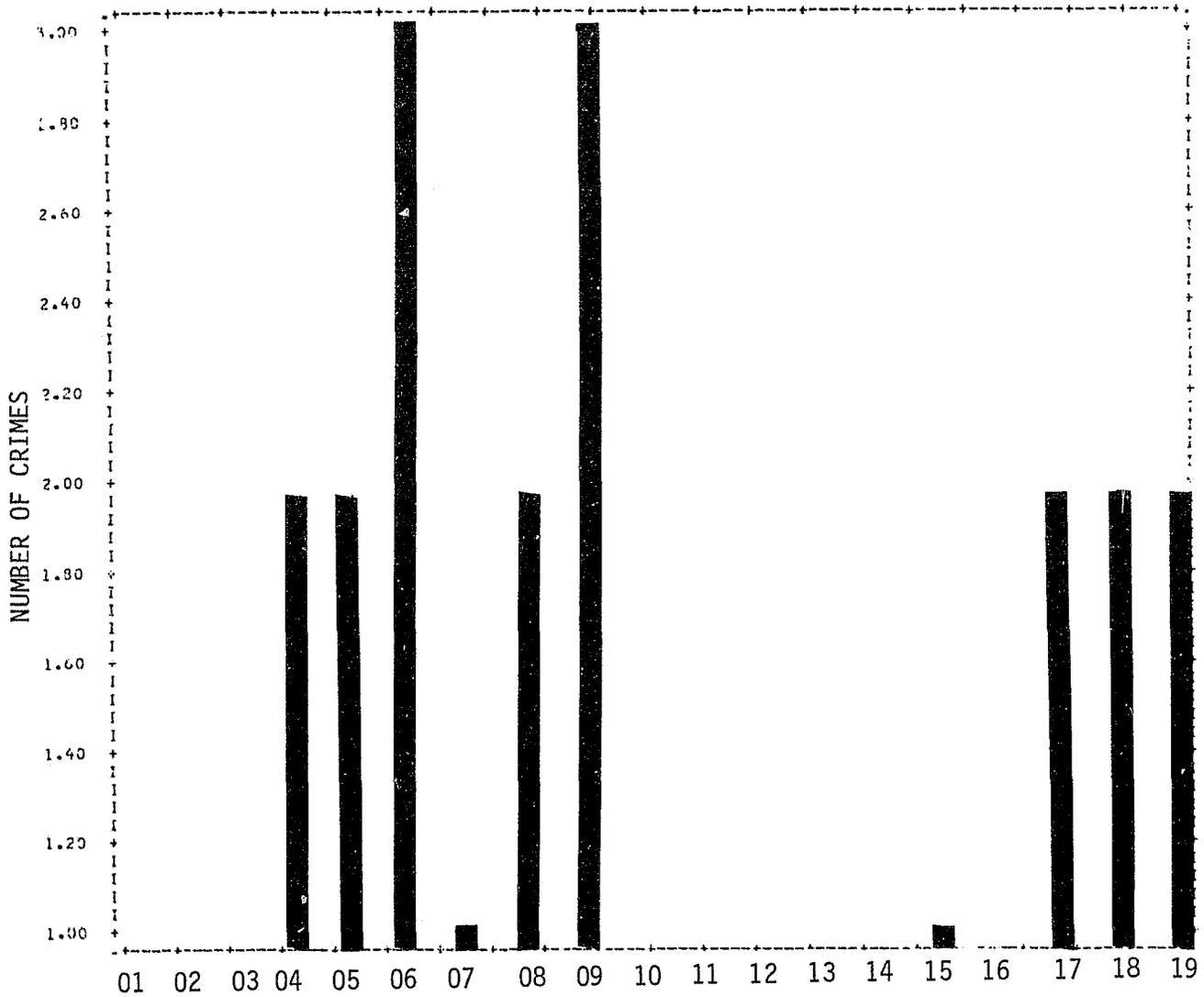


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

ZONE NUMBER	HOMICIDE				
	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976	
01	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
02	0	0.0	0.0	-100.0	
03	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
04	2	0.2	10.0	HIGH	0.0
05	2	0.2	10.0	HIGH	-50.0
06	3	0.2	15.0	HIGH	-25.0
07	1	0.1	5.0	MODERATE	-50.0
08	2	0.1	10.0	HIGH	0.0
09	3	0.3	15.0	HIGH	50.0
10	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
11	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
12	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
13	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
14	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
15	1	0.1	5.0	MODERATE	0.0
16	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
17	2	0.6	10.0	HIGH	0.0
18	2	0.2	10.0	HIGH	0.0
19	2	0.3	10.0	HIGH	0.0
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	20	0.1	100.0		11.1

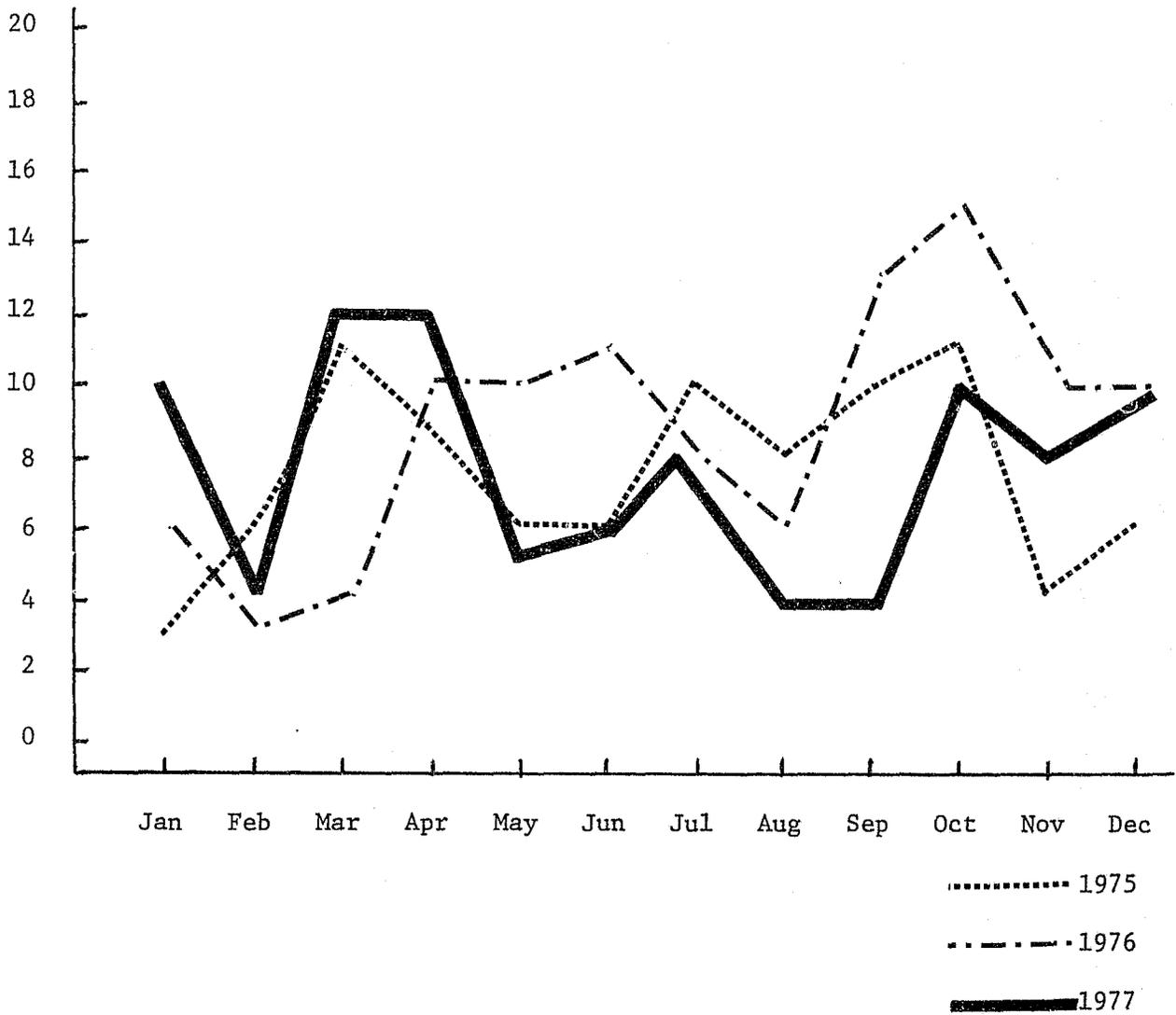
BEAT OVERVIEW - HOMICIDE

1 9 7 7



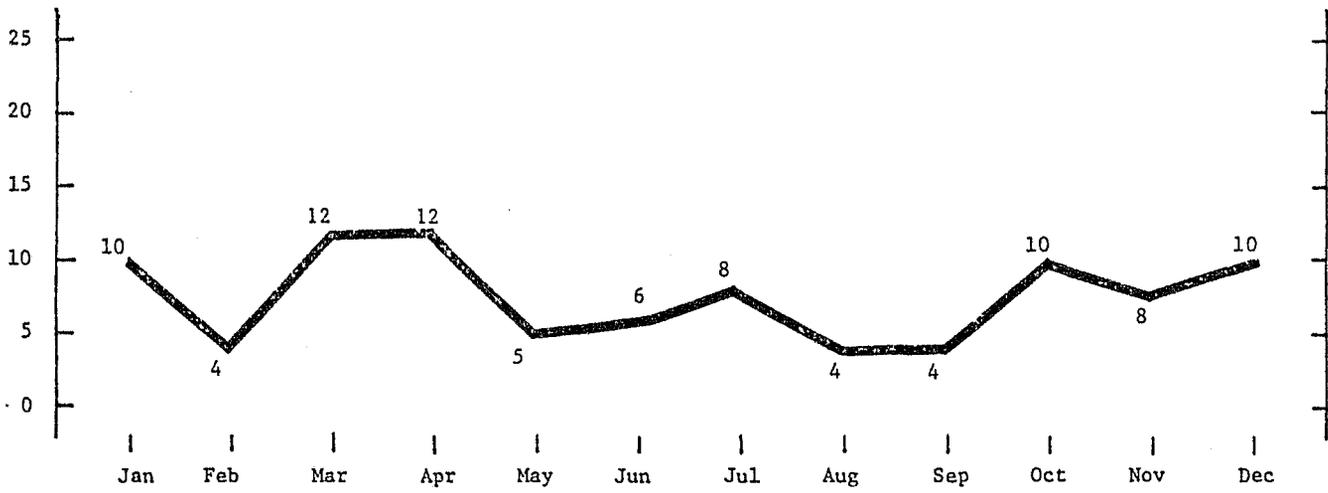
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

RAPE



R A P E

1 9 7 7



## RAPE

Ninety-three persons fell victim to Rape\* during 1977. Sixty-seven of these were actual rapes, while 26 were attempts only.

The women raped included 57 whites and 36 blacks. Victims' ages ranged from 8-80, with 47% falling in the 14-18 year-old bracket. In approximately 70% of the cases, the victim and her assailant were sober. In the remainder, either one or both were under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Victims were acquainted with their assailants in 36 cases, and voluntarily accompanied them in approximately 20 of the incidents. One of the young girls was hitchhiking, accepted a ride, and was subsequently raped. Five others allowed the suspect to enter their residences or vehicles, 13 victims were abducted, and circumstances varied in the remaining cases. Eight rapes were perpetrated by family members: parent/child, sibling, or other related persons.

Suspects were described as white men in 40 cases, a white female in one case, and black men in the remaining 52. There were multiple assailants in 14 incidents. The most frequently indicated age group was 25-30.

The attacker employed no weapon beyond strength and verbal threats in 80% of the assaults. Knives were wielded in 12 of the incidents, and a handgun in 6. Injury was minor in most instances, however, 18 victims sustained lacerations or abrasions, and 2 suffered a severe beating.

Apartments or single-family residences were the scene of 66 of the rapes. Eight occurred in a motor vehicle, 7 in vacant lots, and 3 on bar premises.

## RAPE

54% of the incidents transpired on weekends, with 0100-0200 hours the most frequently noted time of day.

March and April were the most heavily represented months of the year, each recording 12 cases. August and September had the least, with only 4 each.

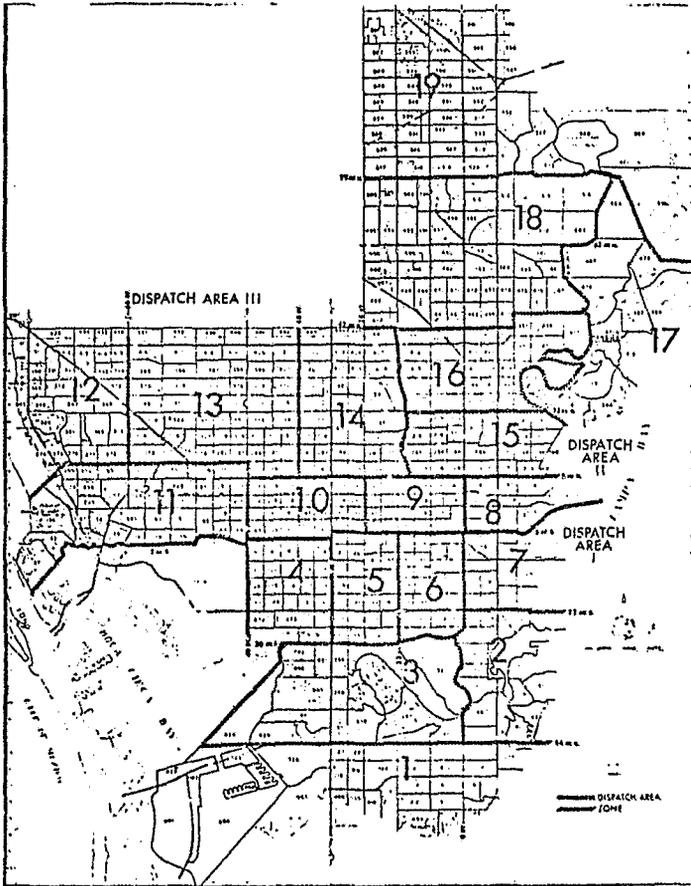
62 of the 93 cases were cleared, 48 by arrest and 14 through the victims' decision not to press charges. Four of the arrestees were juveniles. \$599 worth of property was stolen in conjunction with these rapes; recovery values totalled only \$5.

The police reporting area referred to as Beat 06 recorded 17 of the 93 rapes. Beats 04 and 07 each accounted for 9 attacks.

\* (See "Rape" in Definition of Offenses. Incidents which do not meet Uniform Crime Reporting Specifications for rape, may be prosecuted as Sexual Battery under Florida State Statutes. These cases are not treated in this document, as any comparison with yearly, state-wide, or national figures would be invalid.)

BEAT OVERVIEW - RAPE

1 9 7 7

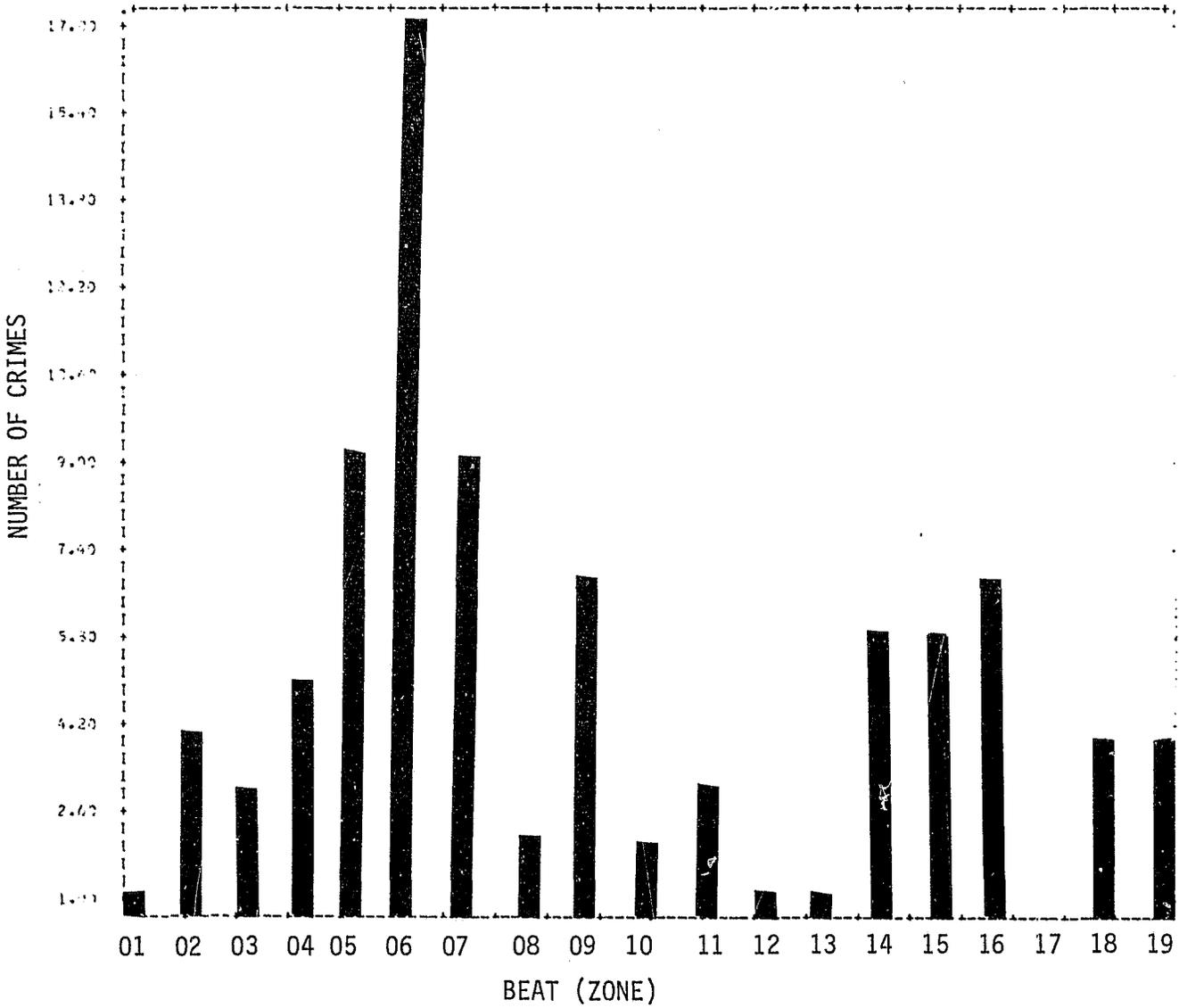


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	RAPE		PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
			PERCENT CF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	
01	1	0.1	1.1	LOW	-80.0
02	4	0.5	4.3	LOW	-60.0
03	3	0.5	3.2	LOW	-25.0
04	5	0.6	5.4	MODERATE	-58.3
05	9	0.9	9.7	HIGH	50.0
06	17	1.0	18.3	HIGH	30.8
07	9	0.8	9.7	HIGH	-30.8
08	2	0.1	2.2	LOW	-66.7
09	7	0.6	7.5	HIGH	75.0
10	2	0.2	2.2	LOW	-66.7
11	3	0.5	3.2	LOW	0.0
12	1	0.1	1.1	LOW	-50.0
13	1	0.1	1.1	LOW	-75.0
14	6	0.7	6.5	HIGH	0.0
15	6	0.6	6.5	HIGH	20.0
16	7	0.8	7.5	HIGH	600.0
17	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
18	4	0.4	4.3	LOW	100.0
19	4	0.6	4.3	LOW	100.0
UNK.	2	12.5	2.2		100.0
CITY	93	0.5	100.0		-12.3

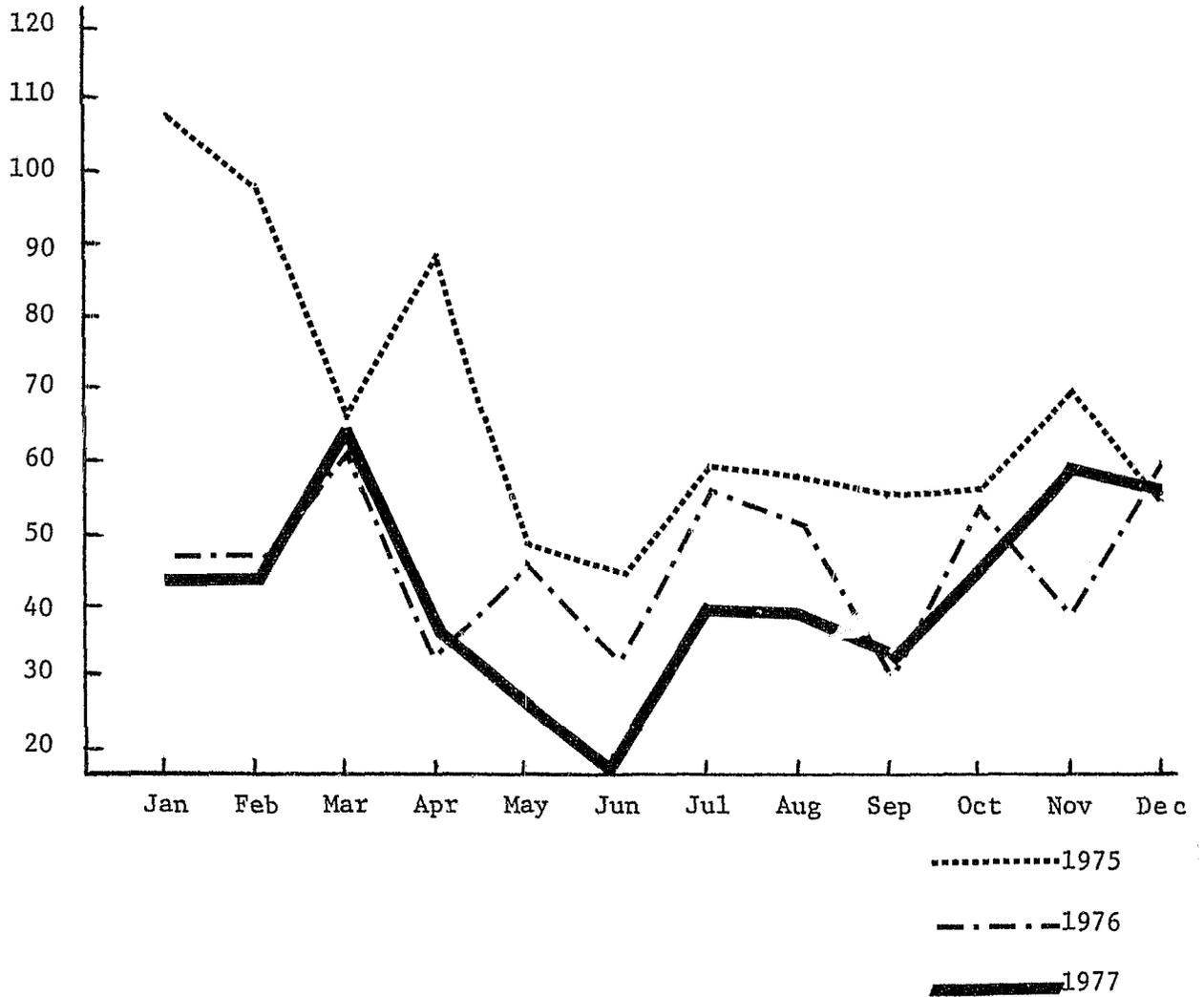
BEAT OVERVIEW - RAPE

1 9 7 7



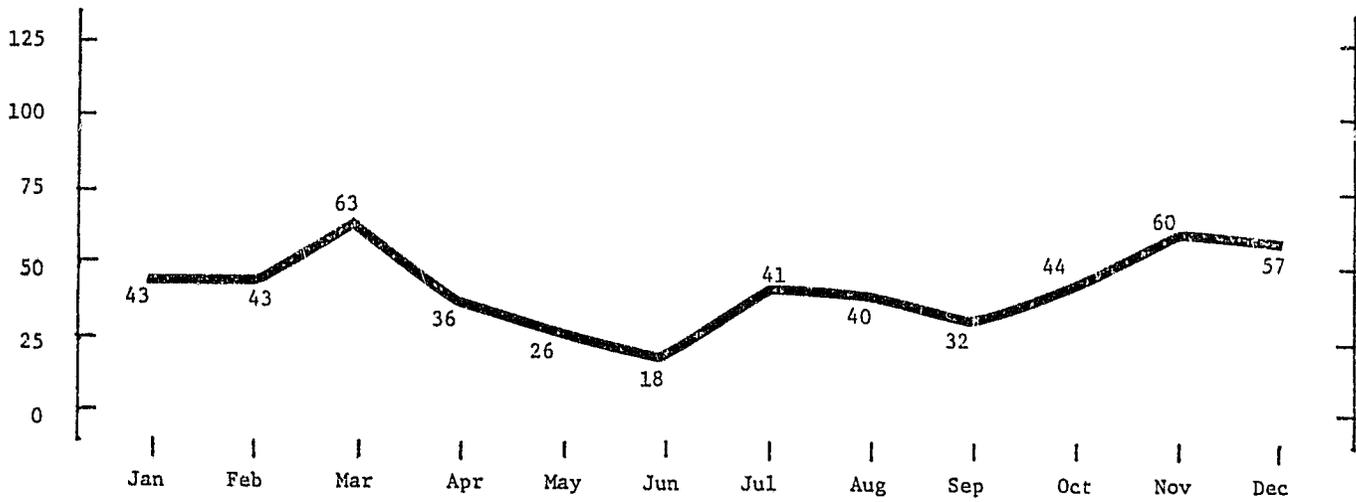
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

ROBBERY



ROBBERY

1977



## ROBBERY

Incidents categorized as Robbery totalled 503 from January through December 1977. 196 incidents qualified as Armed Robbery; 307 were deemed "Strongarms" or Unarmed Robbery.

Handguns were the favored weapon in 59% or 115 cases of Armed Robbery. A shotgun was employed in 14 situations. Knives were used as threatening devices in 29 incidents, and some type of striking instrument was used in 28. The victim was menaced by an implied, yet unseen, weapon in 15 cases.

Victims included 212 males and 175 females; 74 were black and 313 were white. The remainder were undescribed employees of commercial establishments. Ages varied, with elderly citizens the most frequently victimized groups. Victims were sober in 80% of the robberies, others were under the influence of alcohol or drugs to some degree.

Approximately 50% of the victims sustained bodily injuries, generally in the form of abrasions or contusions. Five suffered a severe beating. 35 sustained lacerations, while 15 were treated for fractures.

Suspects were described as male in 95% of the cases, female in 5%, black in 73%, white in 27%. The age range was most frequently 18-20.

Most incidents (278) were staged on public streets and sidewalks. 121 occurred on commercial premises: 55 chain stores, 12 service stations, 3 banks, 11 restaurants, 19 bars, 4 schools, 10 hotels/motels, and 7 other businesses. 102 of the victims were actually in their homes or yards at the time of the robbery.

Mondays and Fridays proved to be the most active days, accounting for 32% of the total. 2000-2300 hours was the most vulnerable time span. November and December were the months of greatest activity.

\$152,113 in cash and property was stolen during these robberies. 64% of this was taken in armed robberies, 36% in strong-arm incidents. Only \$13,414 was recovered.

182 cases, 36% of the total, were cleared--144 by arrest, 36 through lack of prosecution. 46 of these were closed by apprehension of juveniles.

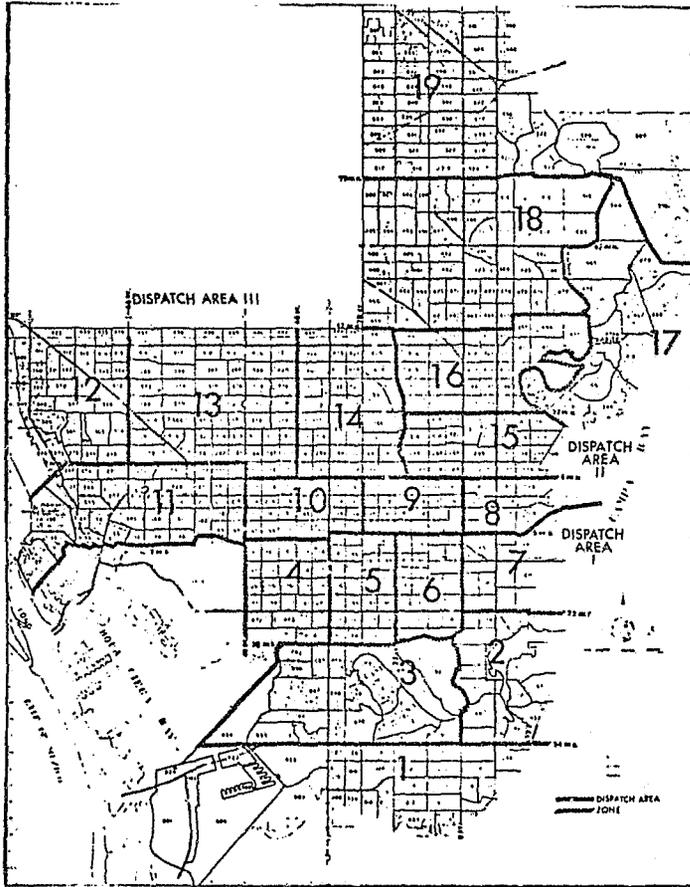
In the majority of the police reporting areas, incidents did not account for more than 2-5% of the City's total.

Beat 08 proved most vulnerable with 65 cases or 13% of the City's total. 14 of these were armed, 51 unarmed.

Beat 10 recorded 62 robbery incidents, accounting for 12% of the total. Beat 09 was also active with 59 occurrences.

BEAT OVERVIEW - ARMED ROBBERY

1 9 7 7

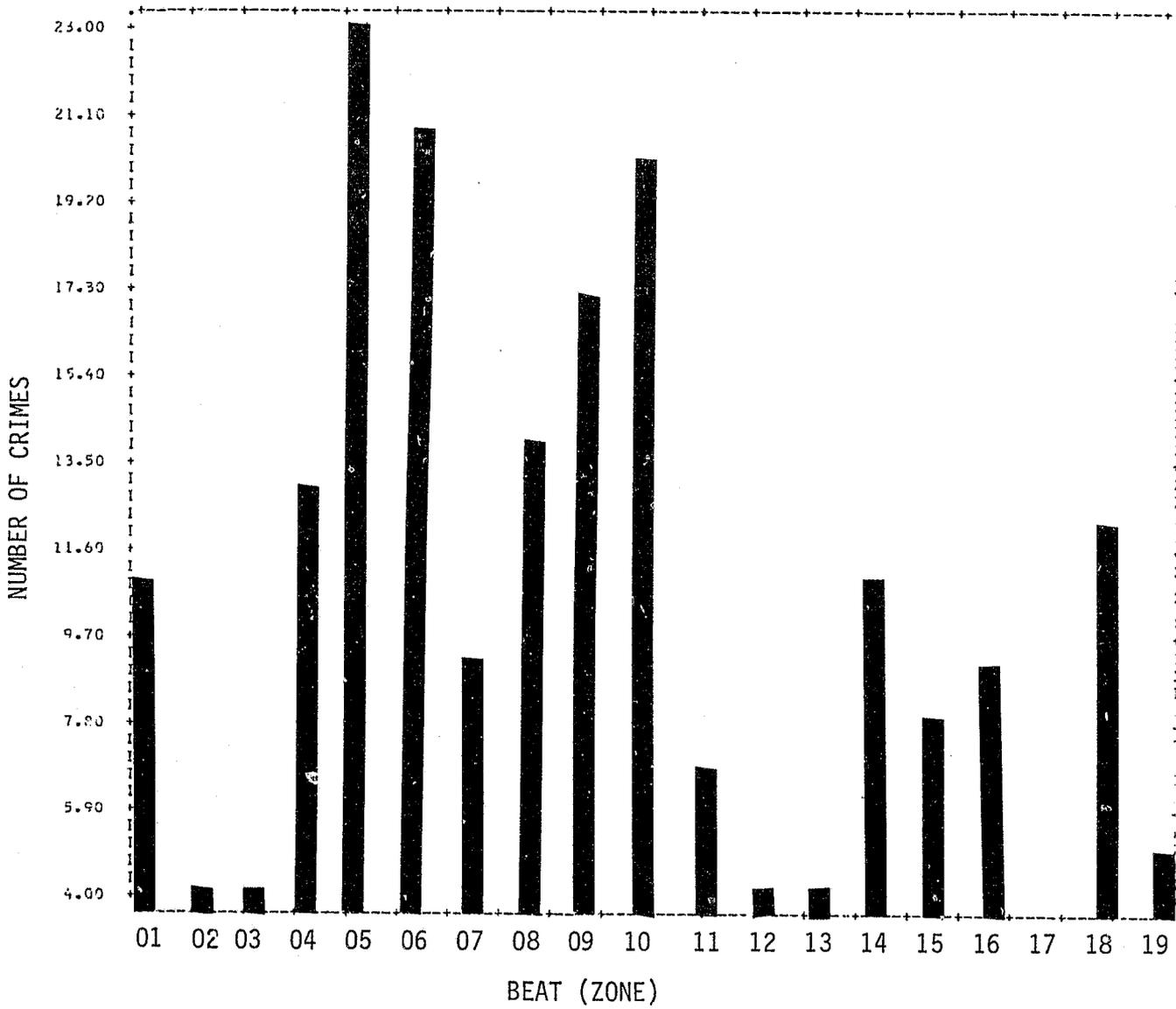


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

ZONE NUMBER	ARMED ROBBERY				
	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE CVFR 1976	
01	11	1.3	5.6	MODERATE	266.7
02	4	0.5	2.0	LOW	33.3
03	4	0.6	2.0	LOW	-20.0
04	13	1.4	6.6	HIGH	-13.3
05	23	2.4	11.7	HIGH	-4.2
06	21	1.3	10.7	HIGH	-22.2
07	9	0.8	4.6	MODERATE	-43.0
08	14	1.0	7.1	HIGH	40.0
09	17	1.5	9.7	HIGH	70.0
10	20	2.4	10.2	HIGH	5.3
11	7	1.2	3.6	LOW	0.0
12	4	0.3	2.0	LOW	0.0
13	4	0.5	2.0	LOW	-50.0
14	11	1.2	5.6	MODERATE	-31.3
15	8	0.8	4.1	LOW	-20.0
16	9	1.0	4.6	MODERATE	-35.7
17	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
18	12	1.1	6.1	HIGH	140.0
19	5	0.8	2.6	LOW	-16.7
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	196	1.1	100.0		-3.0

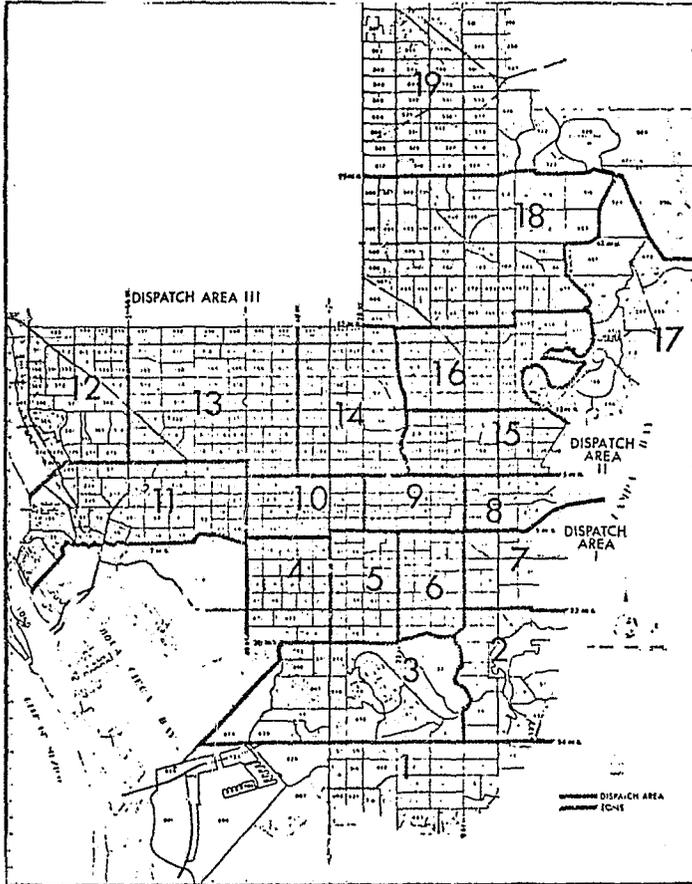
BEAT OVERVIEW - ARMED ROBBERY

1 9 7 7



# BEAT OVERVIEW - UNARMED ROBBERY

1977

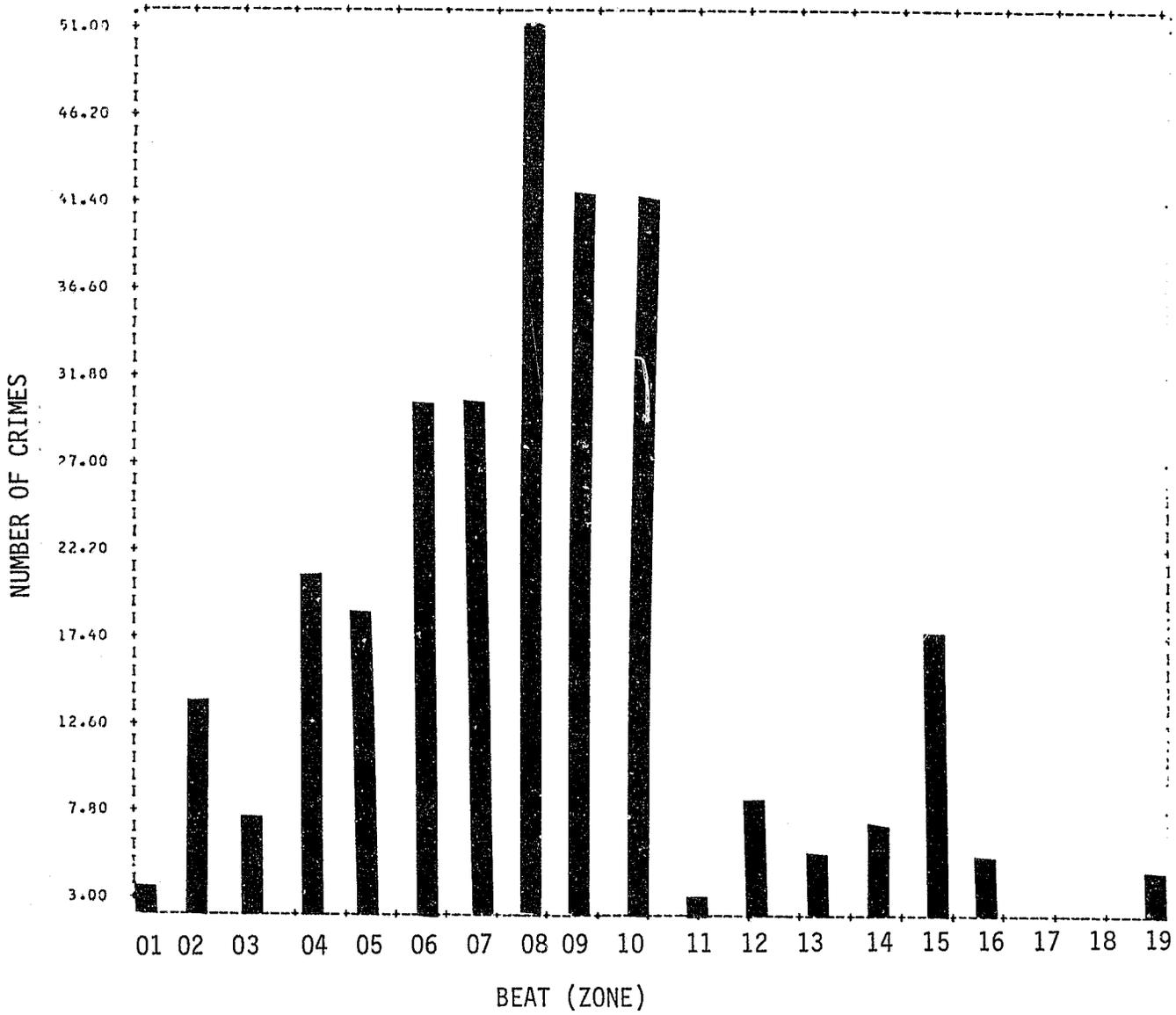


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

ZONE	NUMBER	UNARMED ROBBERY			
		PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	3	0.3	1.0	LOW	-50.0
02	14	1.9	4.6	MODERATE	-39.1
03	7	1.1	2.3	LOW	16.7
04	21	2.3	6.8	HIGH	-52.3
05	15	1.9	6.2	HIGH	-9.5
06	30	1.8	9.8	HIGH	-21.1
07	30	2.7	9.8	HIGH	-43.4
08	51	3.8	16.6	HIGH	-12.1
09	42	3.7	13.7	HIGH	0.0
10	42	5.0	13.7	HIGH	320.0
11	1	0.2	0.3	LOW	0.0
12	8	0.7	2.6	LOW	60.0
13	5	0.6	1.6	LOW	-14.7
14	7	0.8	2.3	LOW	133.3
15	10	1.6	5.9	MODERATE	-18.2
16	5	0.5	1.6	LOW	-54.5
17	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
18	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
19	4	0.6	1.3	LOW	0.0
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
<b>CITY</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>100.0</b>		<b>-13.0</b>

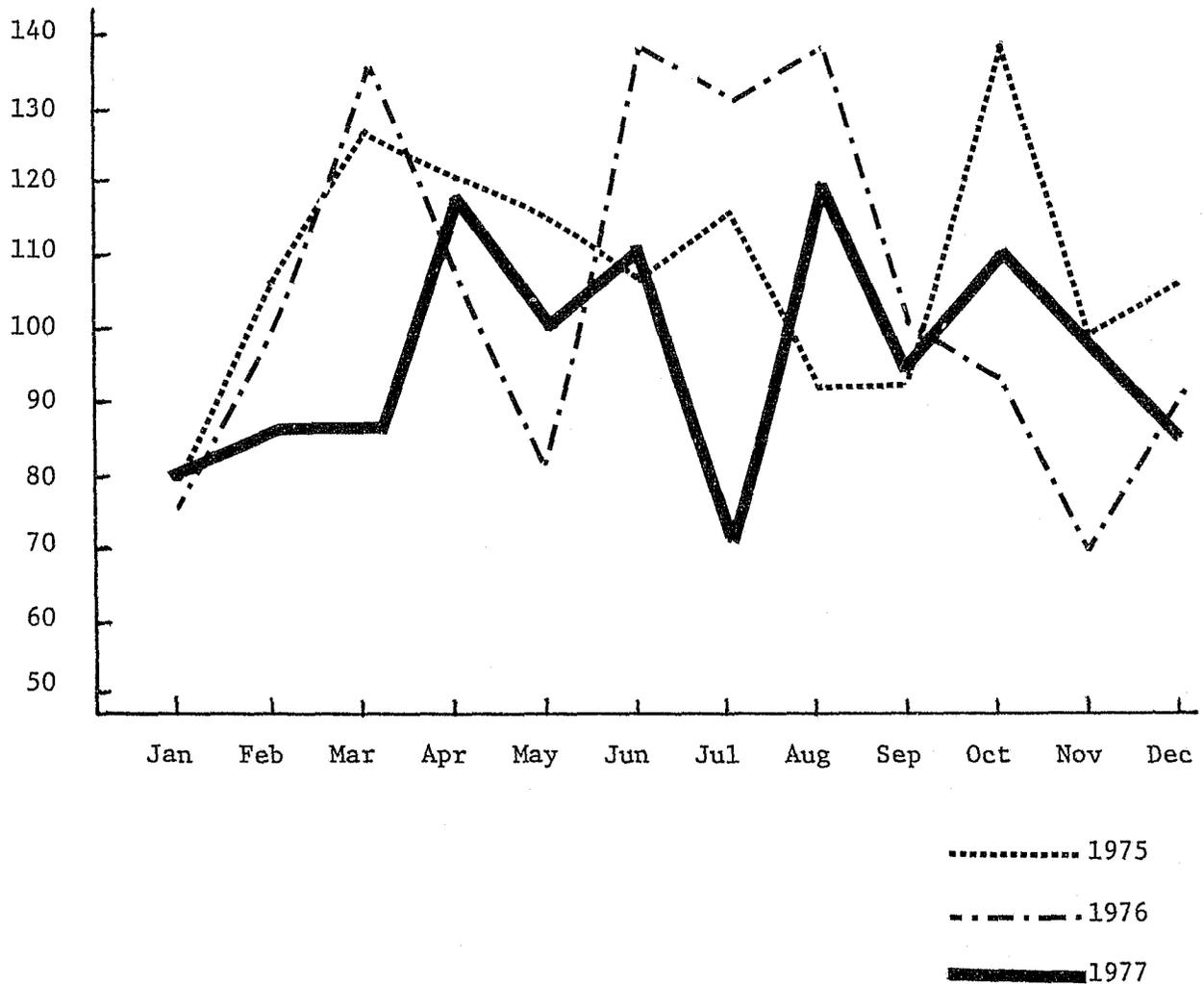
BEAT OVERVIEW - UNARMED ROBBERY

1 9 7 7



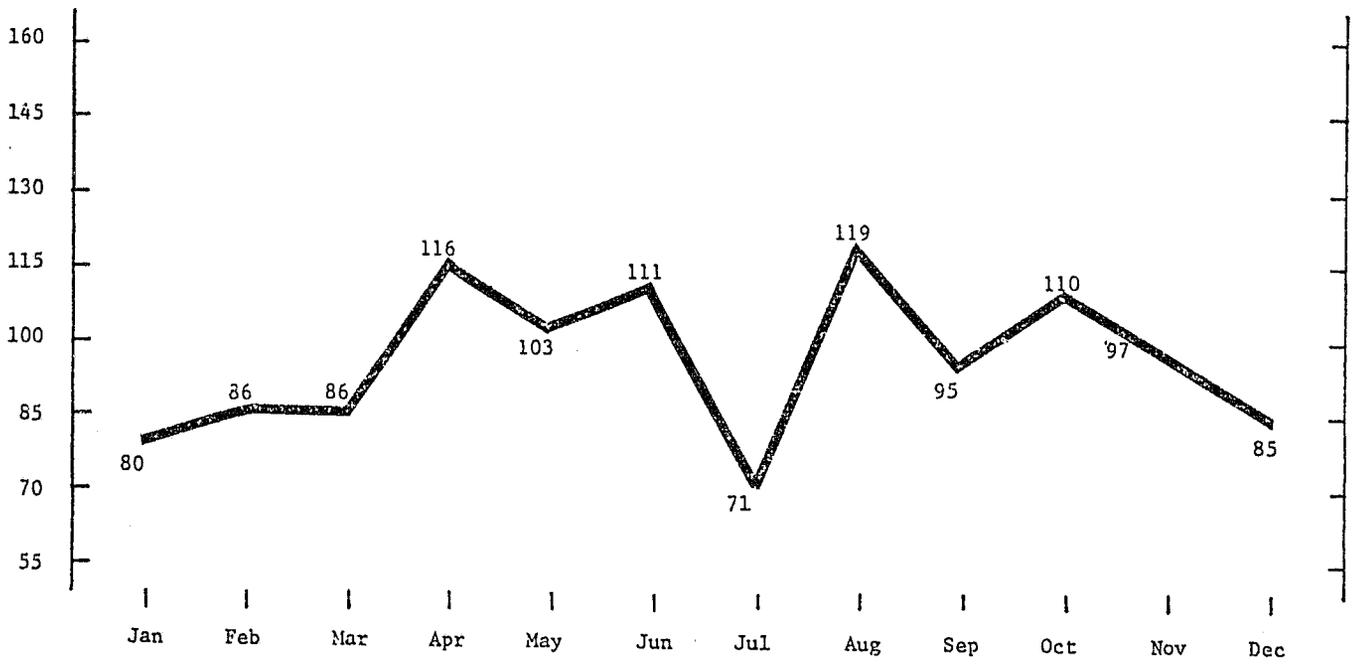
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT



AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

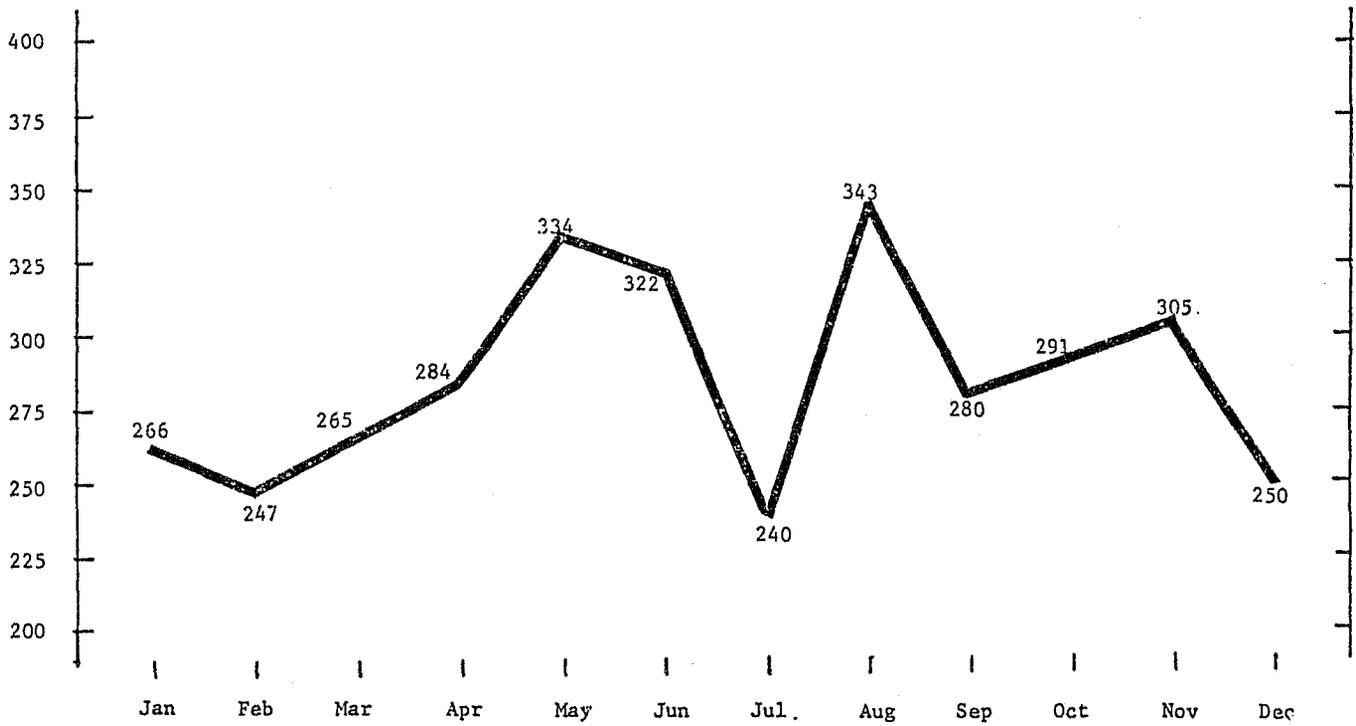
1 9 7 7



# A S S A U L T S

## SIMPLE and AGGRAVATED

1 9 7 7





## ASSAULT

The City recorded 3427 cases of Assault during 1977. Of the incidents, 34% met the specifications of Aggravated, while the remainder were of limited severity, and categorized as Simple.

### Aggravated Assaults:

1159 incidents fell in the Aggravated Assault classification during 1977.

Knives were the single most favored weapon, utilized in 34% of the cases. Handguns and shotguns were employed during 21% of the assaults. In 78 incidents (7%) the victim was seriously injured when struck by the suspects hands/feet only. The weapon chosen in the remainder varied greatly including numerous types of striking instruments and vehicles.

Victims were acquainted with their assailants in at least 73% of the incidents. Of these, 18% were married, and an additional 11% were romantically involved; 7% were other family members, and less than 1% were employer/employee affiliated. Victims and suspects were strangers in only 27% of the attacks.

One in every five aggravated assaults was the direct result of a domestic quarrel. One in every two was the culmination of an argument of another nature. Saturdays were the most active days, accounting for 22% of the incidents. 2200-0100 hours proved the busiest time frame.

Victims reported injuries in 61% of the incidents. Lacerations accounted for 32% of these, while minor abrasions occurred in another 12%. No physical injuries were sustained by 39% of the subjects.

## ASSAULT

Residential premises were the scene of approximately 58% of the attacks. Bars were also trouble spots, accounting for another 12%. In at least 42% of the cases, the assailant was under the influence of alcohol; victims had also been drinking in 27%.

August was the month of heaviest activity, as was the case in 1976.

The area most troubled by assault was Beat 06 with 291 cases, 25% of the total.

924 cases, 80% of the total, were cleared: 47% by arrest and 53% through lack of prosecution. 89 were closed by juveniles, 835 by adults.

### Simple Assaults:

2268 incidents fell in the Simple Assault classification during 1977. In 90% of the cases, the suspect's hands/feet were the only "weapon" used. In remaining cases, striking instruments or other devices were utilized, but in a "mild" manner, not resulting in serious injury.

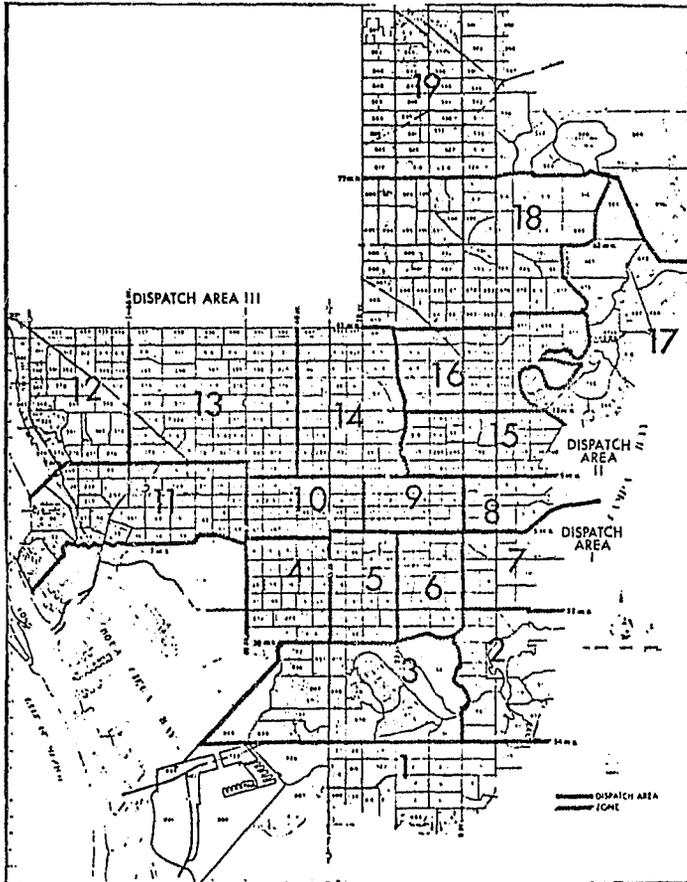
Simple assaults generally stemmed from a quarrel among friends or relatives. Both parties had been drinking in approximately one out of every 4 incidents. 25% were the result of domestic disputes. Saturdays were the most active days, 2200-2300 hours the busiest time frame.

1883 cases, 83% of the total, were cleared. Only 25% were closed with arrest; in the remainder, the victim did not wish to press charges. 217 were cleared by juvenile suspects, 1666 by adults.

The police reporting area of highest activity was Beat 06, recording 17% of the City's total. Beat 09 was second.

BEAT OVERVIEW - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

1977

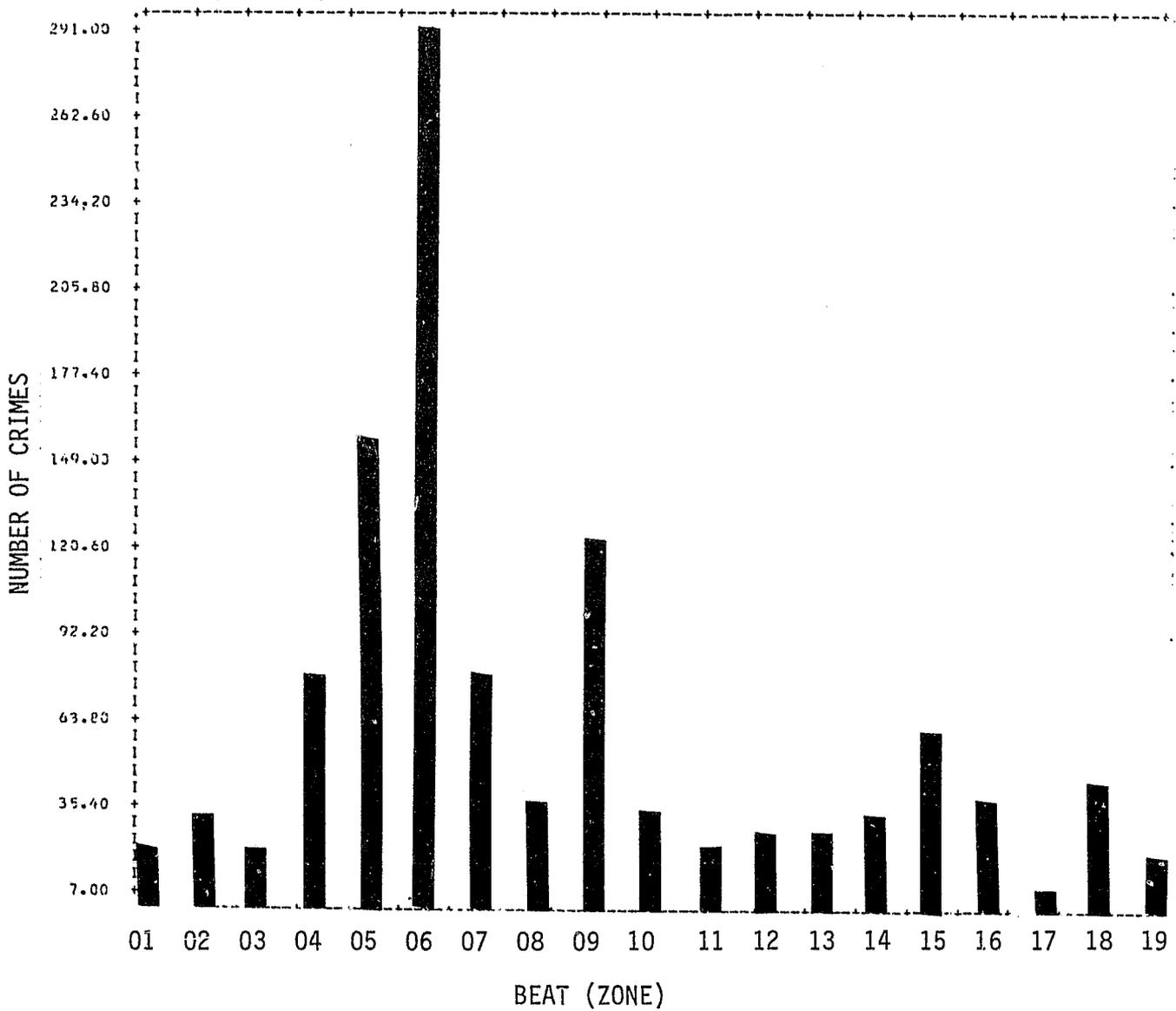


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT					
ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	20	2.3	1.7	LOW	-37.5
02	31	4.2	2.7	LOW	-32.6
03	24	3.3	2.1	LOW	33.3
04	80	8.9	6.9	HIGH	-7.0
05	155	15.9	13.4	HIGH	-26.2
06	291	17.3	25.1	HIGH	-8.2
07	79	7.2	6.8	HIGH	21.5
08	39	2.9	3.4	LOW	-27.8
09	126	11.0	10.9	HIGH	-28.0
10	33	3.9	2.8	LOW	3.1
11	20	3.5	1.7	LOW	53.3
12	27	2.2	2.3	LOW	22.7
13	27	3.4	2.3	LOW	22.7
14	24	3.8	2.9	LOW	70.0
15	60	6.2	5.2	MODERATE	42.9
16	40	4.3	3.5	LOW	100.0
17	7	2.2	0.6	LOW	-58.8
18	44	4.1	3.3	LOW	-18.5
19	22	3.5	1.9	LOW	0.0
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
CITY	1159	6.6	100.0		-8.6

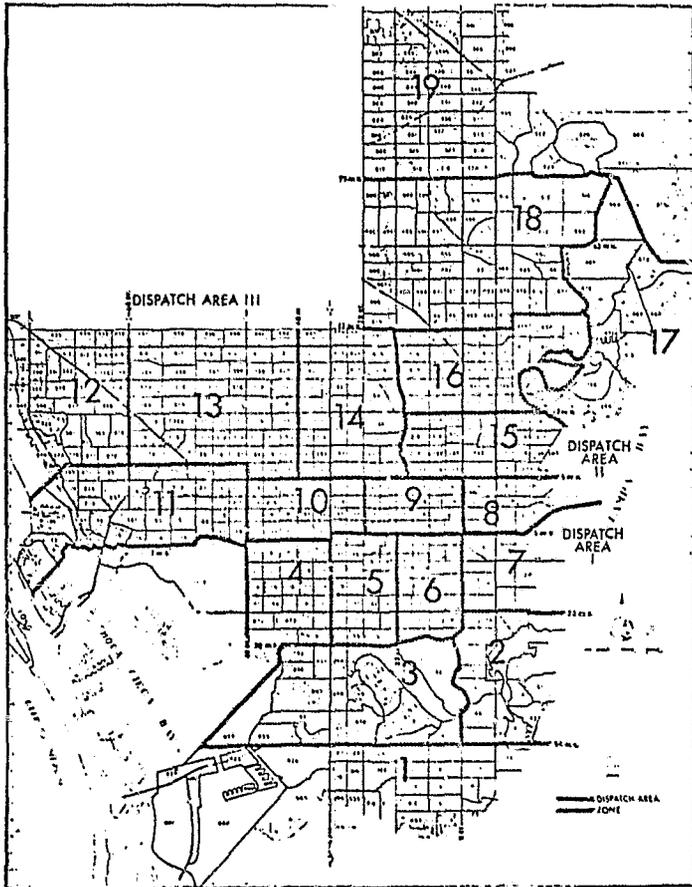
BEAT OVERVIEW - AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

1 9 7 7



BEAT OVERVIEW - SIMPLE ASSAULT

1 9 7 7

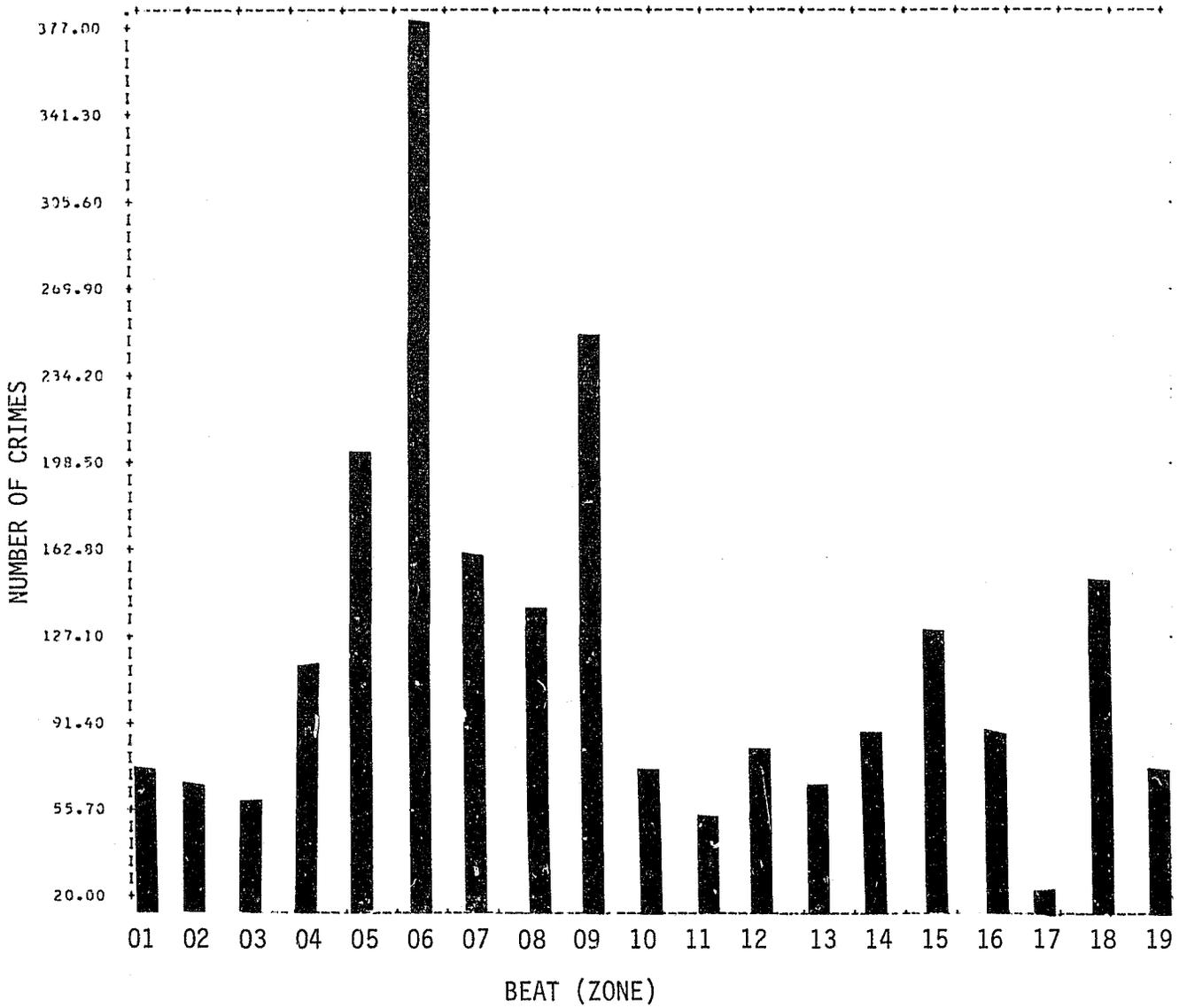


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

SIMPLE ASSAULT					
ZCNE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZCNE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	74	8.6	3.3	LOW	-9.8
02	66	9.0	2.9	LOW	-31.3
03	62	9.7	2.7	LOW	37.8
04	119	13.2	5.2	MODERATE	-30.4
05	203	20.8	9.0	HIGH	-9.4
06	377	22.5	16.6	HIGH	13.6
07	159	14.4	7.0	HIGH	16.1
08	140	10.4	6.2	HIGH	-2.1
09	249	21.7	11.0	HIGH	-0.4
10	70	8.3	3.1	LOW	-12.5
11	54	9.4	2.4	LOW	5.9
12	78	6.5	3.4	LOW	21.9
13	64	8.0	2.8	LOW	-14.7
14	91	10.2	4.0	LOW	4.6
15	129	13.3	5.7	MODERATE	0.0
16	87	9.3	3.8	LOW	20.8
17	20	6.3	0.9	LOW	-23.1
18	151	14.1	6.7	HIGH	20.8
19	73	11.6	3.2	LOW	23.7
UNK.	2	12.5	0.1		100.0
CITY	2268	12.8	100.0		0.8

BEAT OVERVIEW - SIMPLE ASSAULT

1 9 7 7



## ASSAULT ON POLICE OFFICERS

St. Petersburg police officers reported 216 cases of assault during 1977; 15 less than in 1976. 25 sustained personal injury, while 191 (88%) were not hurt.

The type of call and assignment varied. The officer was answering or involved in a disturbance call in 27 of the assaults, attempting to effect an arrest in 42 cases, investigating an incident in 59 cases, and handling prisoners in 34 situations. Assaults occurred subsequent to a traffic stop in 8 incidents, during a burglary or robbery in 3, and once while dealing with a mental person.

In 102 cases, the officer was assigned to the "assist unit"; he was alone in 52 cases, and assigned to a 2-man vehicle in 62.

Weapons were used against the officer in 29 of the assaults: fire-arms (8), knives (5), other dangerous weapons (16). In the remaining cases, the assailant used his hands/feet only.

The most vulnerable time frame proved to be 2200-0200 hours, during which 87 incidents (40% of the total) occurred. 35 (16%) transpired between 2000-2200 hours, and 24 between 1800-2000 hours. The remainder were scattered. The least active time period was 0400-0800 hours, during which only one of the 216 occurred.

98% of the cases were cleared, most by arrests made at the scene.



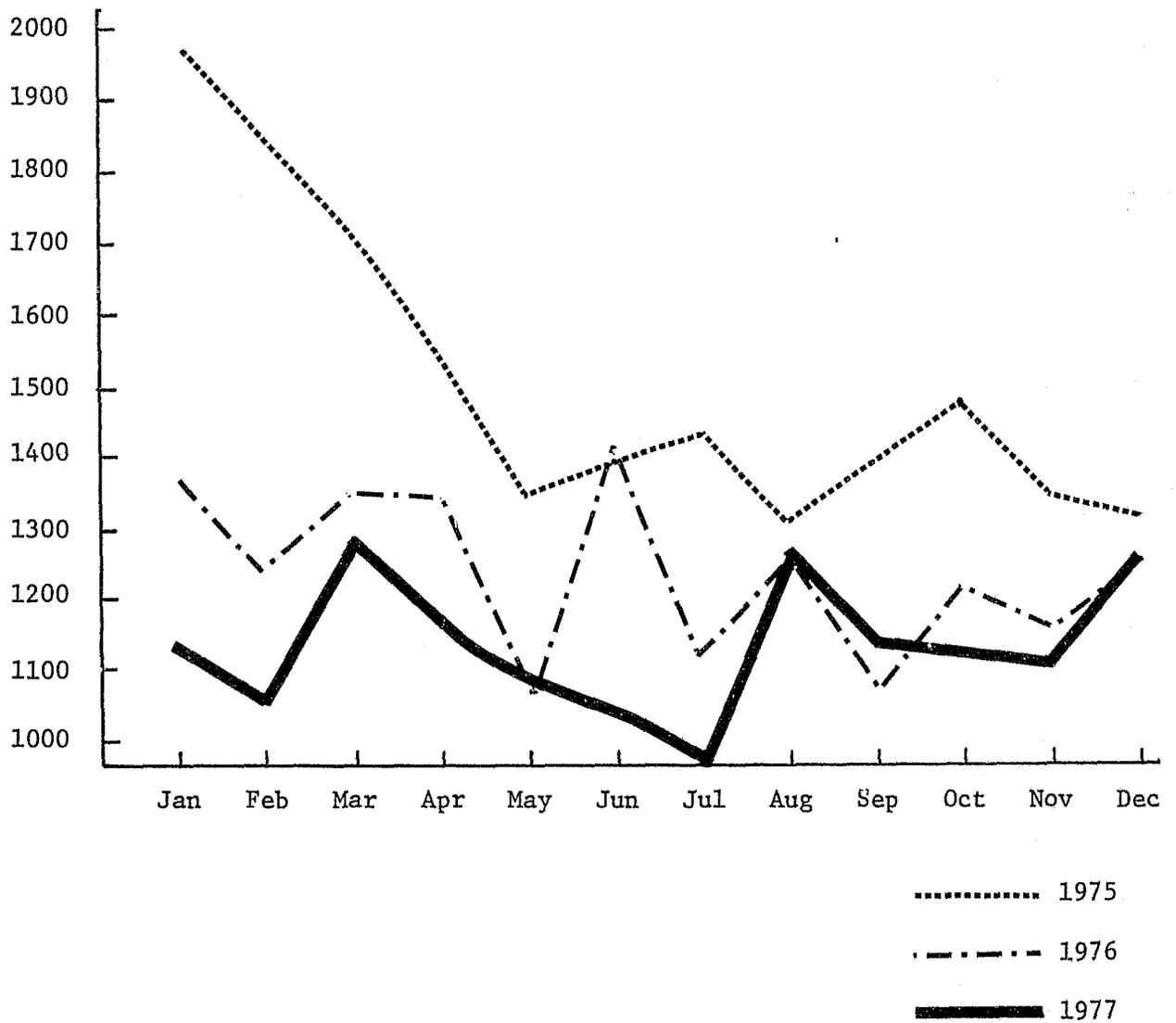
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

SECTION C



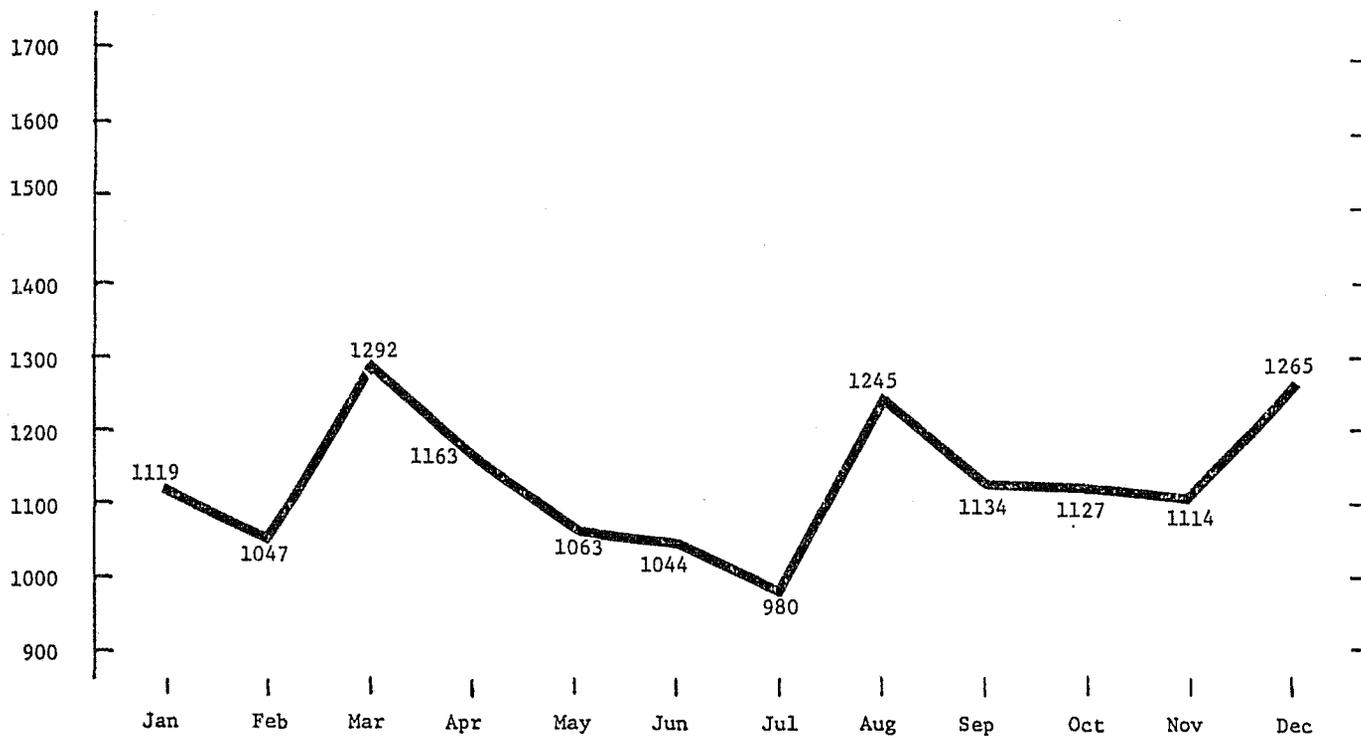
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

PROPERTY CRIME



PROPERTY CRIMES

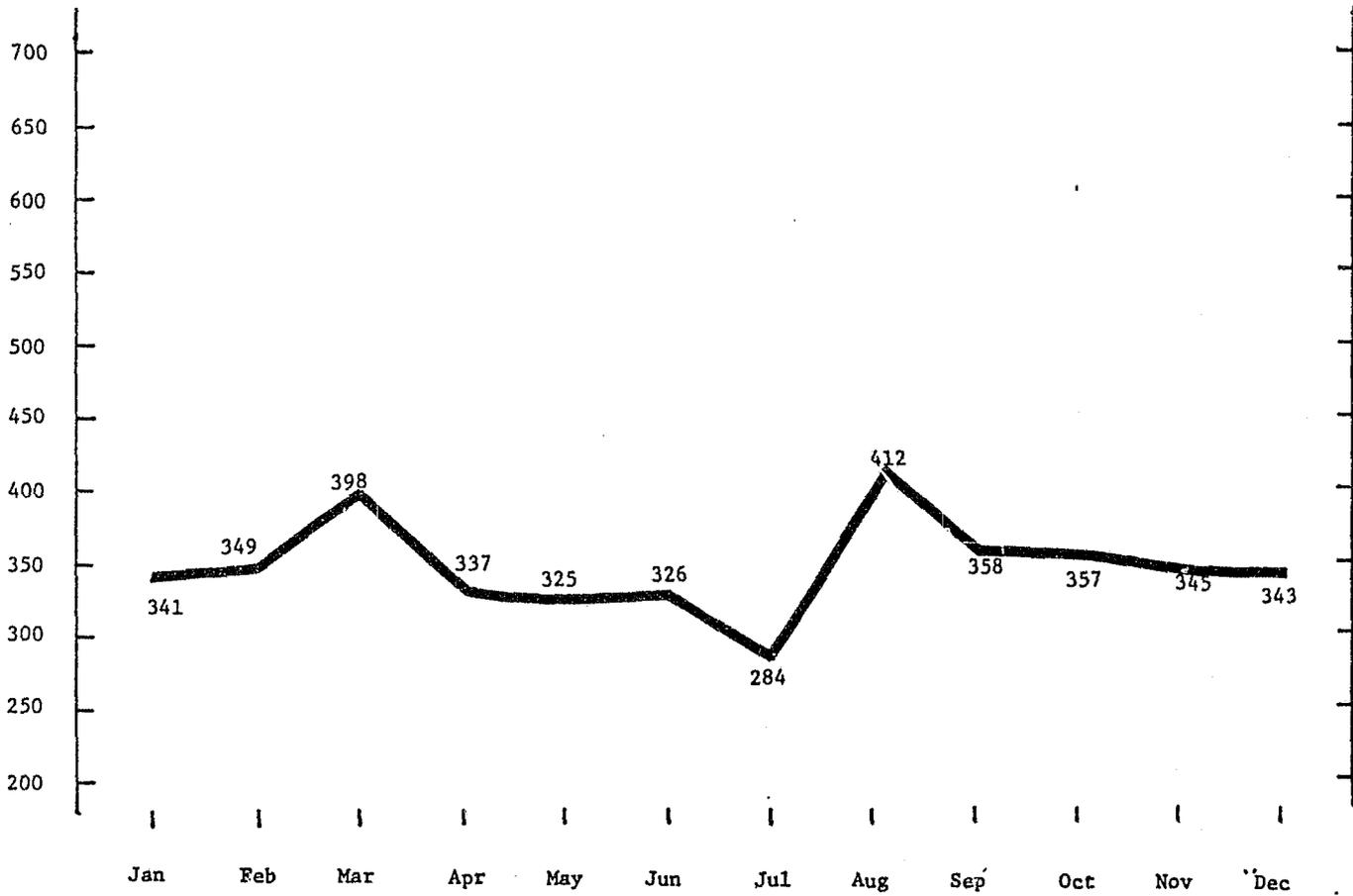
1 9 7 7



BURGLARY

RESIDENTIAL and COMMERCIAL

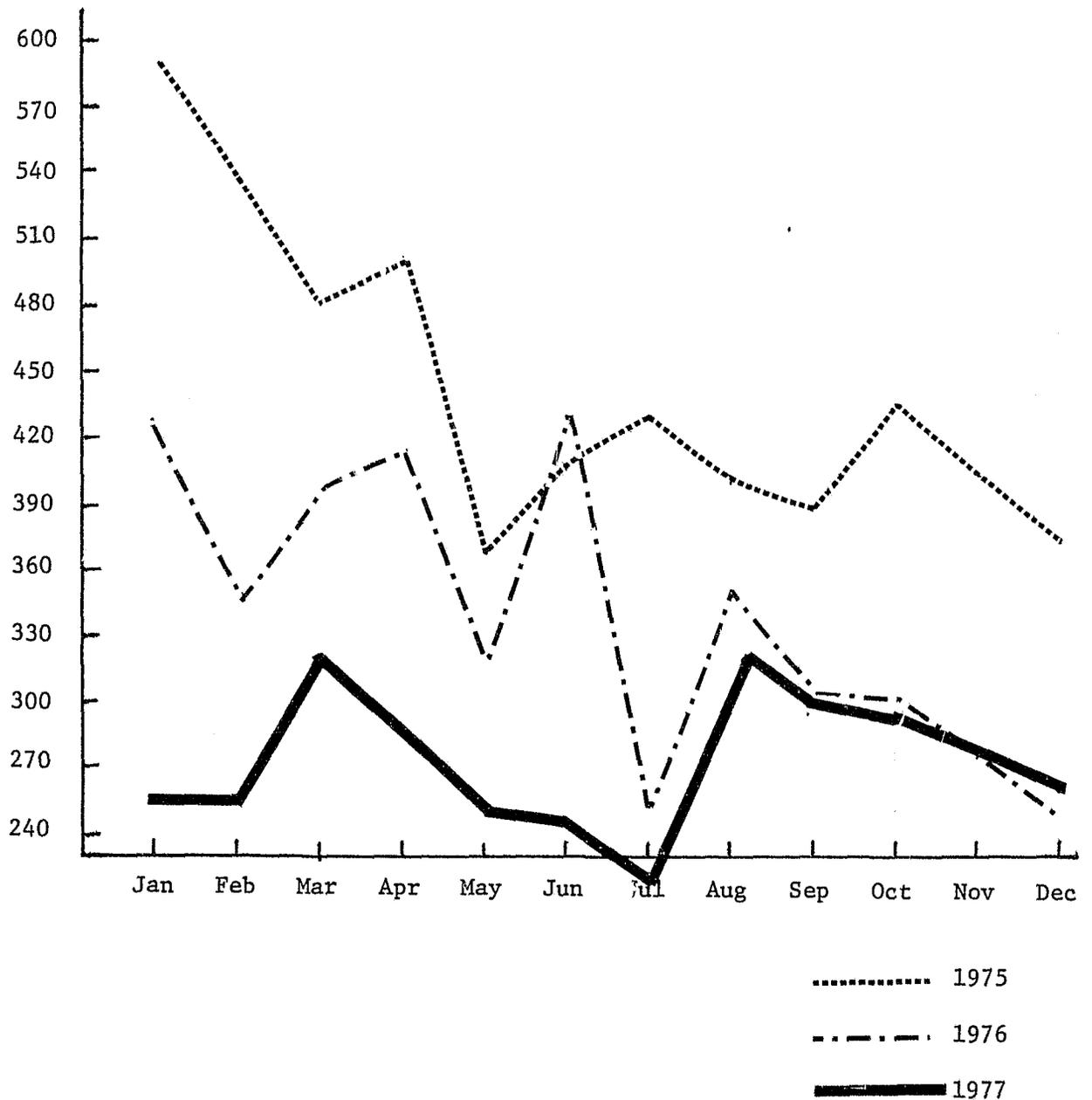
1 9 7 7





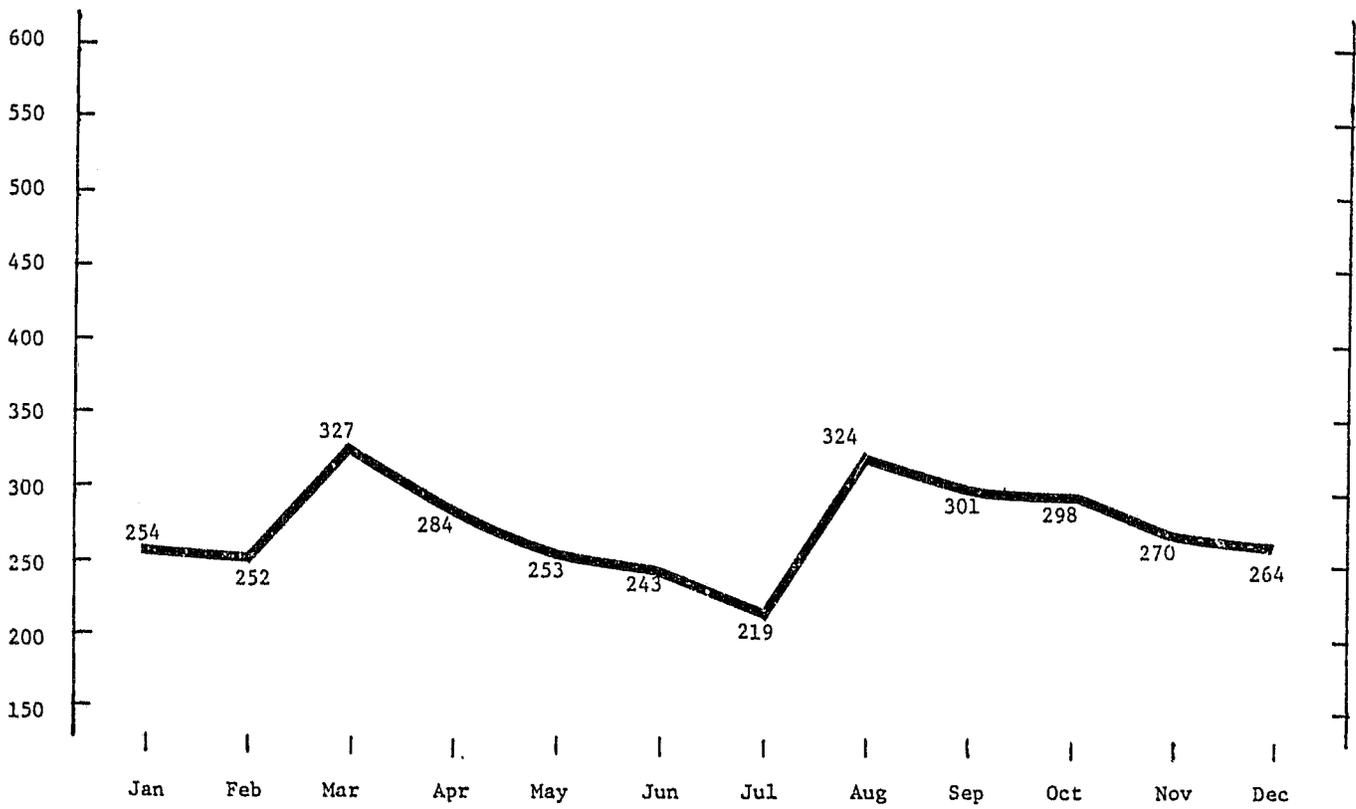
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY



RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

1 9 7 7



## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

3289 citizens were victims of a residential burglary during 1977. The greatest volume was reported in March, the least in June. Property losses soared to \$711,759 with only \$63,789 worth recovered. This represents a per capita loss of \$3.01 for the residents of St. Petersburg.

Daytime incidents represented 32% of the total burglaries; nighttime accounted for 30%. Significant time lapses preclude determining the hour in the remaining cases.

In 61% of the incidents, suspects entered the premise via doors. One out of every five doors had been conveniently left unlocked; one in four responded to prying.

Windows were entry points for 34% of the suspects. They generally yielded to a minimum of push/pull effort. The remainder were opened by prying frames or cutting screens.

In a small percentage of cases, suspects entered through the roof, floor, or wall.

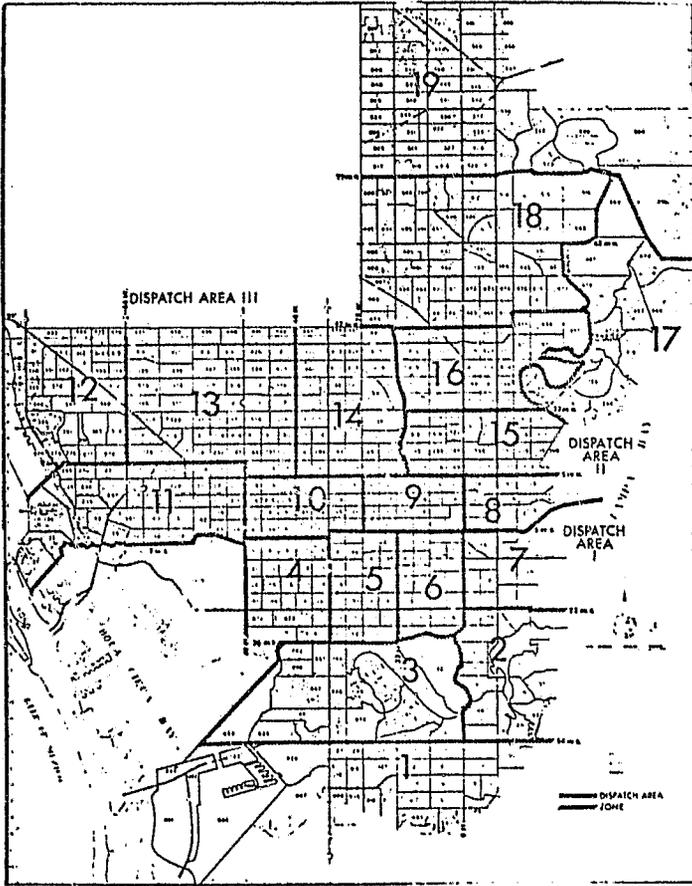
Stolen property and values varied greatly depending on the area of the city. No losses were recorded in 30% of the burglaries.

19% of the cases (632) were cleared; 78% by arrest and 22% through lack of prosecution. 283 were closed through the apprehension of juveniles.

While the aforementioned generalities were noted through the City as a whole, each area recorded distinct and varying factors, as follows:

BEAT OVERVIEW - RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

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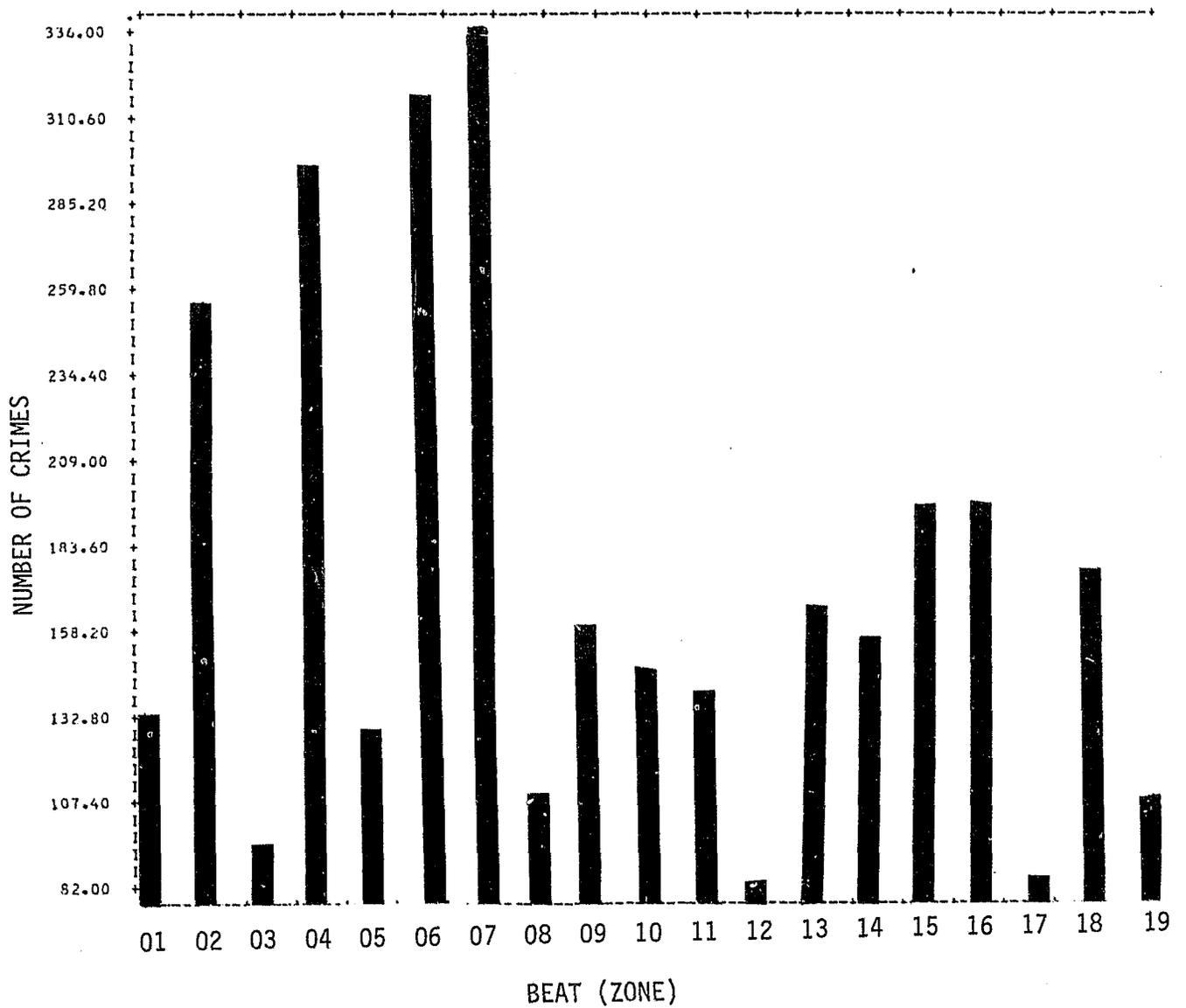


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY					
ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	134	15.5	4.1	LOW	-21.2
02	256	34.8	7.8	HIGH	-23.8
03	96	12.1	2.9	LOW	-18.6
04	296	32.8	9.0	HIGH	-28.8
05	132	13.5	4.0	LOW	-39.7
06	318	19.0	9.7	HIGH	-30.5
07	336	30.5	10.2	HIGH	-15.8
08	109	8.1	3.3	LOW	28.2
09	163	14.2	5.0	MODERATE	-26.2
10	143	16.9	4.3	LOW	-5.3
11	140	24.4	4.3	LOW	-14.1
12	82	6.8	2.5	LOW	-41.4
13	165	20.5	5.0	MODERATE	-16.2
14	154	17.3	4.7	MODERATE	0.0
15	198	20.3	6.0	MODERATE	-20.2
16	195	20.9	5.9	MODERATE	11.4
17	87	27.6	2.6	LOW	-10.3
18	177	16.5	5.4	MODERATE	-11.9
19	108	17.1	3.3	LOW	1.9
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	3289	18.6	100.0		-19.0

BEAT OVERVIEW - RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

1 9 7 7





## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 01

4% of the City's burglaries, 134 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 1.9 out of every 100 homes.

37% were daytime breaks, while 27% occurred during hours of darkness. In 36% of the cases, time could not be determined. Saturdays were the most active days; 1300-1500 hours the most vulnerable time period.

93% of those victimized were white; 7% black. Suspects were not indicated in 80% of the cases, while white males were described in 12%, white females in 2%, and black males in 6% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors. Keys were utilized in 5% of the cases. Windows were pushed open in 16%.

Cash and televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 22% of the burglaries.

### Beat 02

8% of the City's burglaries, 256 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 5.4 out of every 100 homes.

22% were daytime breaks, while 37% occurred during hours of darkness. In 41% of the cases, time could not be determined. Mondays were the most active days; 2100-2300 hours the most vulnerable time period.

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 02 - continued

87% of those victimized were white; 13% black. Suspects were not indicated in 85% of the cases, while black males were described in 10% and white males in 5% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through pried or unlocked front doors. Windows were pushed open in 28% of the cases.

Cash and televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 33% of the burglaries.

### Beat 03

3% of the City's burglaries, 96 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2.7 out of every 100 homes.

46% were daytime breaks, while 27% occurred during hours of darkness. In 27% of the cases, time could not be determined. Mondays were the most active days; 1600-1800 the most active time period.

76% of those victimized were white; 24% black. Suspects were not indicated in 78% of the cases, while black males were described in 17%, and white males in 5% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked doors. Doors responded to prying in 22% of the cases.

Cash and jewelry proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 27% of the burglaries.

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 04

9% of the City's burglaries, 296 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 8.8 out of every 100 homes.

33% were daytime breaks, while 27% occurred during hours of darkness. In 40% of the cases, time could not be determined. Mondays and Tuesdays were the most active days; 1500-1800 hours the most active daylight hours, 2000-2100 the most vulnerable nighttime period.

70% of those victimized were white; 30% black. Suspects were not indicated in 80% of the cases, while black males were described in the remainder.

The residence was the most frequently entered through rear windows affording easy push/pull access.

Televisions and cash proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 37% of the burglaries.

### Beat 05

4% of the City's burglaries, 132 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 3.6 out of every 100 homes.

40% were daytime breaks, while 36% occurred during hours of darkness. In 24% of the cases, time could not be determined. Wednesday was the most active day; 1400-1600 hours the most vulnerable time period.

8% of those victimized were white; 92% black. Suspects were not

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

Beat 05 - continued

indicated in 70% of the cases, while black males were described in 27%, and black females in 3% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through windows affording easy push/pull access.

Televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 30% of the burglaries.

Beat 06

10% of the City's burglaries, 318 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 6.6 out of every 100 homes.

44% were daytime breaks, while 28% occurred during hours of darkness. In 28% of the cases, time could not be determined. Tuesdays and Wednesdays were the most active days; 1300-1700 hours the most vulnerable time period.

16% of those victimized were white, 84% black. Suspects were not indicated in 74% of the cases, while black males and females were described in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through rear windows, easily pushed open.

Cash and televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 28% of the burglaries.

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 07

10% of the City's burglaries, 336 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 8.1 out of every 100 homes.

29% were daytime breaks, while 41% occurred during hours of darkness. In 30% of the cases, time could not be determined. Thursdays were slightly favored days; 2200-0100 hours the most vulnerable time period.

73% of those victimized were white, 27% black. Suspects were not indicated in 80% of the cases, while white males were described in 4% and black males and females in 16% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through windows easily pushed open. Prying was necessary in 22% of the cases.

Cash and televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 28% of the burglaries.

### Beat 08

3% of the City's burglaries, 109 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2.4 out of every 100 homes.

38% were daytime breaks, while 37% occurred during hours of darkness. In 25% of the cases, time could not be determined. Thursdays were slightly favored days; 1300-1500 hours the most vulnerable time period.

96% of those victimized were white; 4% black. Suspects were not indicated in 78% of the cases, while white males were described in 12%,

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 08 - continued

black males in 10% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked doors and windows.

Cash proved to be the most popular theft object. No losses were reported in 24% of the burglaries.

### Beat 09

5% of the City's burglaries, 163 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 4.3 out of every 100 homes.

38% were daytime breaks, while 31% occurred during hours of darkness. In 31% of the cases, time could not be determined. Saturdays and Sundays were the most active days; 1500-1700 hours the most vulnerable time period.

45% of those victimized were white, 54% black. Suspects were not indicated in 76% of the cases, while black males were described in 16% and white males in 8% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors.

Cash and stereos proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 24% of the burglaries.

### Beat 10

4% of the City's burglaries, 143 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 3.9 out of

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 10 - continued

every 100 homes.

41% were daytime breaks, while 28% occurred during hours of darkness. In 31% of the cases, time could not be determined. Day of the week was evenly distributed; 2000-2300 hours the most vulnerable time period.

79% of those victimized were white; 21% were black. Suspects were not indicated in 83% of the cases, while white males were described in 3% and black males in 14% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked rear doors.

Cash and televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 30% of the burglaries.

### Beat 11

4% of the City's burglaries, 140 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2.1 out of every 100 homes.

31% were daytime breaks, while 29% occurred during hours of darkness. In 40% of the cases, time could not be determined. Tuesdays were the most active days; 1100-1300 hours the most vulnerable time period.

All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 85% of the cases, while black males were described in 5% and white males in 10% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors. Prying also afforded entrance in 25% of the cases.

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 11 - continued

Cash and televisions proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 31% of the burglaries.

### Beat 12

3% of the City's burglaries, 82 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 1.6 out of every 100 homes.

21% were daytime breaks, while 37% occurred during hours of darkness. In 42% of the cases, time could not be determined. Saturdays were the most active days; 2100-2300 hours the most vulnerable time period.

All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 84% of the cases, while white males and females were described in equal proportions in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors.

Cash and bicycles proved to be the most popular theft object. No losses were reported in 30% of the burglaries.

### Beat 13

5% of the City's burglaries, 165 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 1.5 out of every 100 homes.

31% were daytime breaks, while 32% occurred during hours of dark-

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 13 - continued

ness. In 37% of the cases, time could not be determined. Mondays were the most active days; 1600-1800 hours the most vulnerable time period.

All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 83% of the cases, while white males were most often described in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors.

Bicycles and cash proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 38% of the burglaries.

### Beat 14

5% of the City's burglaries, 154 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2.4 out of every 100 homes.

27% were daytime breaks, while 26% occurred during hours of darkness. In 47% of the cases, time could not be determined. Thursdays were the most active days; 2100-2300 hours the most vulnerable time period.

99% of those victimized were white, 1% black. Suspects were not indicated in 84% of the cases, while white males were most often described in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through pried front doors.

Cash, jewelry, and tools proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 26% of the burglaries.

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 15

6% of the City's burglaries, 198 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2 out of every 100 homes.

27% were daytime breaks, while 34% occurred during hours of darkness. In 39% of the cases, time could not be determined. Tuesdays were the most active days; 2100-2300 the most active hours.

All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 83% of the cases, while white males were most often described in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors.

Cash proved to be the most popular theft object. No losses were reported in 24% of the burglaries.

### Beat 16

6% of the City's burglaries, 195 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2.3 out of every 100 homes.

35% were daytime breaks, while 24% occurred during hours of darkness. In 41% of the cases, time could not be determined. Mondays were the most active days; 1400-1600 the most vulnerable time period.

All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 77% of the cases, while 18% were white males and females, and 5% were

## RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

### Beat 16 - continued

black.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked doors.

Bicycles and cash proved to be the most popular theft object. No losses were reported in 31% of the burglaries.

### Beat 17

3% of the City's burglaries, 87 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 2 out of every 100 homes.

31% were daytime breaks, while 22% occurred during hours of darkness. In 47% of the cases, time could not be determined. Fridays were slightly favored days of the week; 1800-2000 hours the most vulnerable time period.

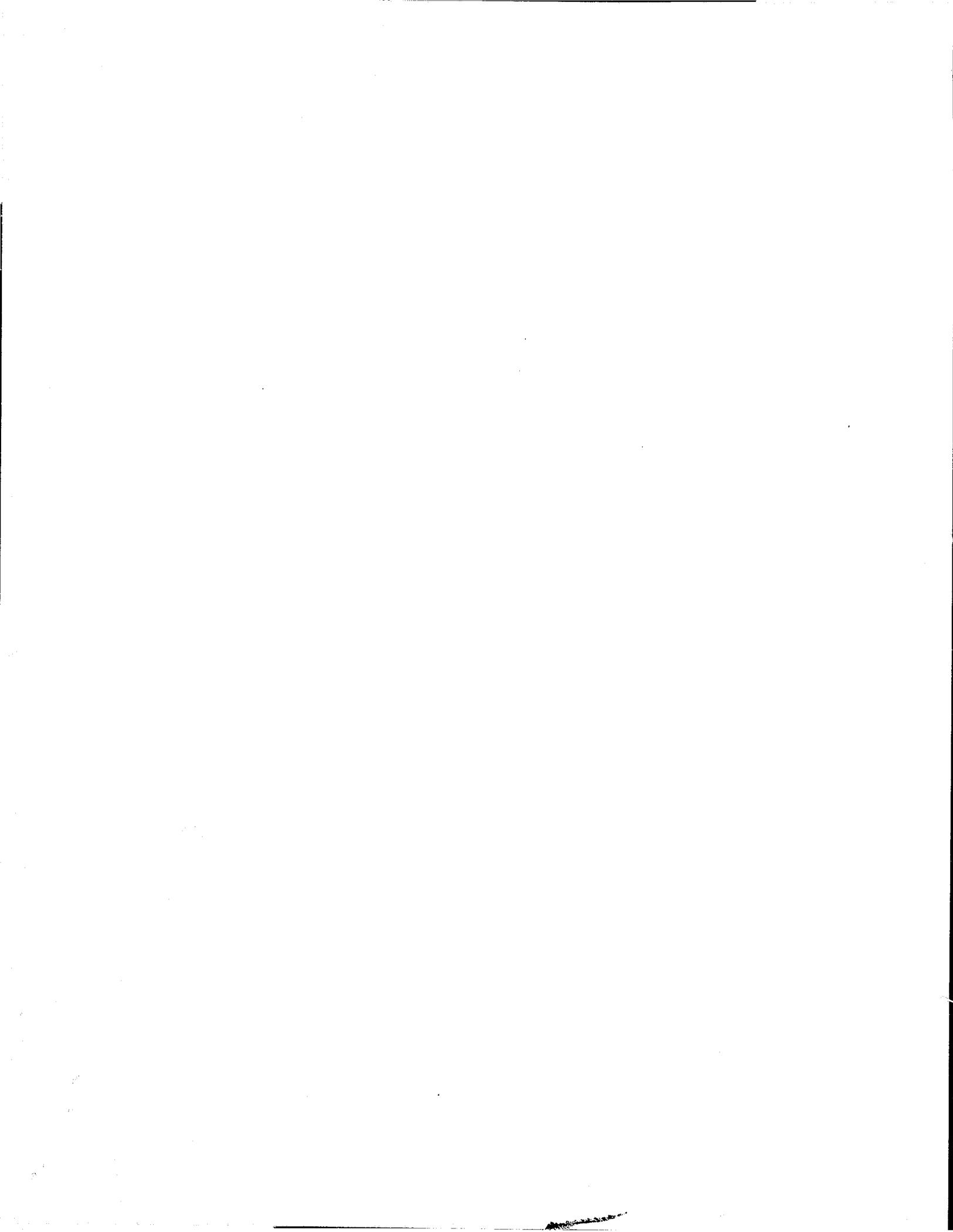
All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 86% of the cases, while white males were described in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors. Prying doors afforded entrance in another 21% of the cases. Cash and hand tools proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 35% of the burglaries.

### Beat 18

5% of the City's burglaries, 177 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 1.4 out of every 100 homes.

21% were daytime breaks, while 34% occurred during hours of darkness. In 45% of the cases, time could not be determined. Fridays were the most



**CONTINUED**

**1 OF 3**

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY

Beat 18 - continued

active days of the week; 2100-2300 hours the most vulnerable time period.

All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 79% of the cases, while white males were described in 15%, and black males in 6% of the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through unlocked front doors and windows easily pushed open.

Cash and hand tools proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 33% of the burglaries.

Beat 19

3% of the City's burglaries, 108 incidents, were reported in this area. In terms of rate per dwelling units, this represents 1.6 out of every 100 homes.

43% were daytime breaks, while 22% occurred during hours of darkness. In 35% of the cases, time could not be determined. Thursdays were the most active days; 1500-1700 hours the most vulnerable time period.

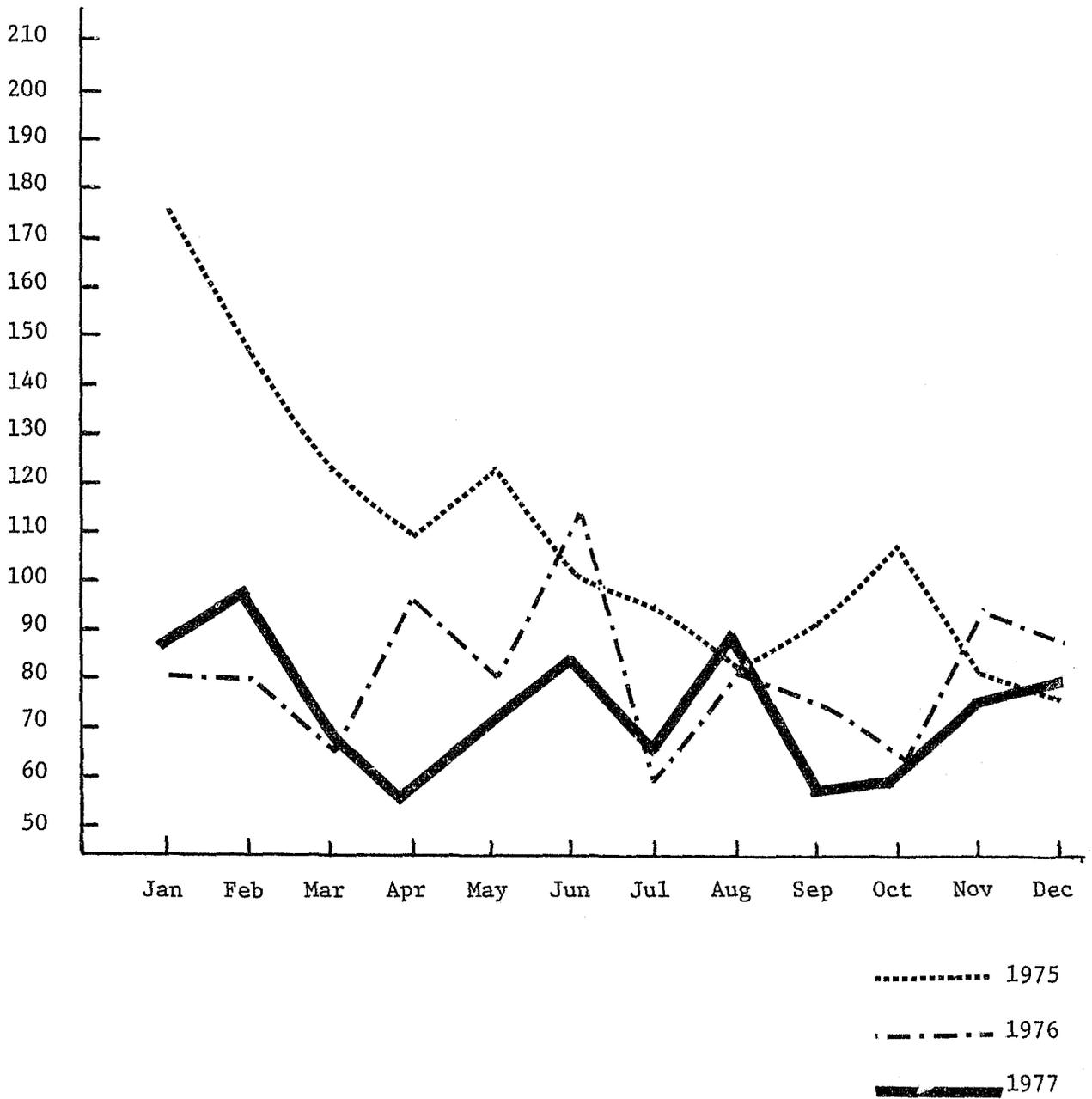
All of those victimized were white. Suspects were not indicated in 93% of the cases, while white males and females were described in the remainder.

The residence was most frequently entered through pried front doors.

Cash and jewelry proved to be the most popular theft objects. No losses were reported in 39% of the burglaries.

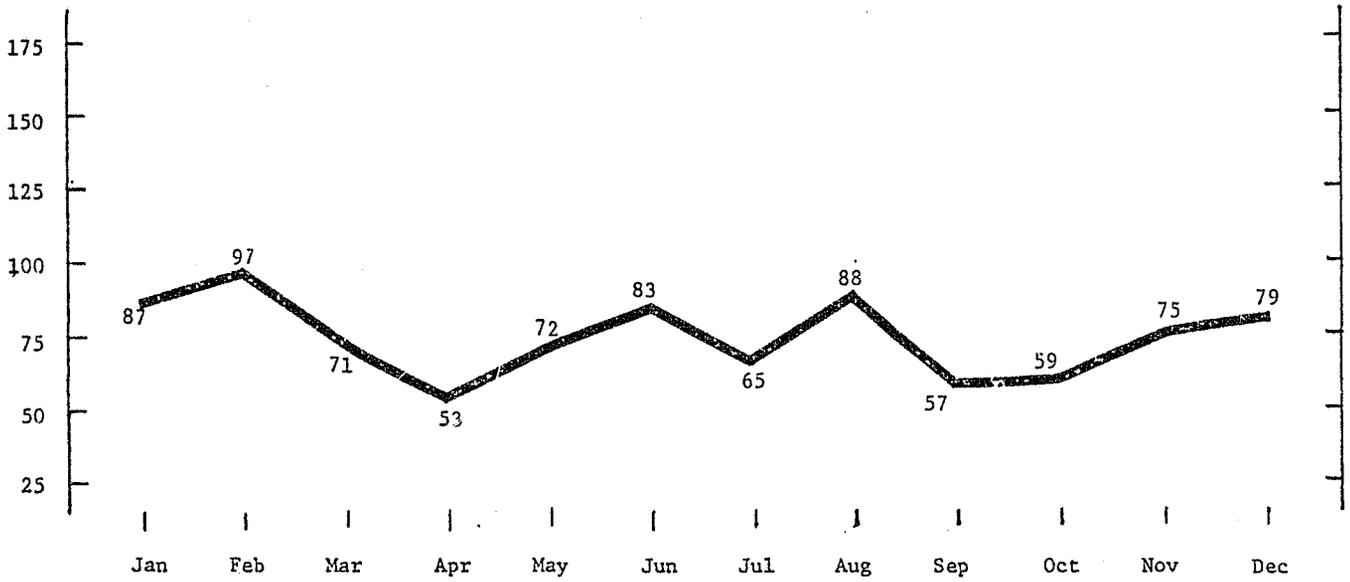
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

COMMERCIAL BURGLARY



COMMERCIAL BREAKING & ENTERING

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## COMMERCIAL BREAKING AND ENTERING

During 1977, commercial establishments recorded 886 burglaries. February reflected the highest number (97); April the least (53). Companies sustained losses totalling \$182,223, revealing a citywide loss of \$18.22 per business. Recovery levels were a low 15%, with only \$26,627 returned to companies.

It was impossible to establish the time of occurrence in many of the incidents; however, nighttime was favored over daytime 46% to 9%. Approximately one-half were weekend incidents, 18% of which were not discovered until Monday at the opening of business.

Suspects were not cited in 80% of the incidents. Of the 20% described, 8% were white males, 11% black males, and 1% black females.

The type of business victimized varied greatly. Those representing the most frequent targets were: schools 11%, churches 7%, restaurants 5%, service stations 5%, and food stores 5%.

Businesses were entered through doors in 48% of the cases. Pried rear doors were the most frequent entry points. Pried front doors were the next most popular mode of entry. Smashed front windows were also common. Roofs were used as entrances in 12 cases; walls in 21.

Cash was the most frequently stolen item, food and alcoholic beverages second. No losses were recorded in 36% of the cases; in another 10% the value of articles stolen was not significant enough to record a dollar figure.

237 cases, or 27% of the total, were cleared during the year; 80% through arrest, 20% due to lack of prosecution. 93 closures were made through the apprehension of juvenile suspects.

## COMMERCIAL BREAKING AND ENTERING

The police reporting areas with the greatest number of B&E's were Beats 05 and 06, accounting for 25% of the City's activity.

148 breaks were reported in Beat 06. A vast variety of businesses were victimized.

Schools were the most frequent and consistent targets, totalling 27 incidents and accounting for 28% of all commercial burglaries in the area. Restaurants and food and convenience stores accounted for 30% of the activity, and bars an additional 7%.

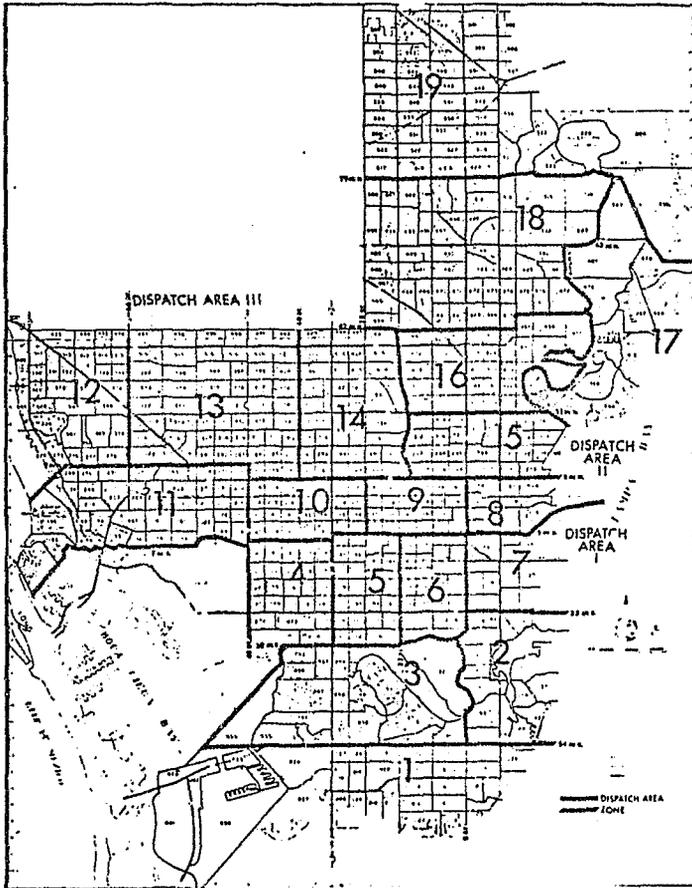
Mode of entry was generally a pried rear door or smashed rear window. Nighttime incidents greatly outnumbered those occurring during daylight hours (4 to 1). Weekends accounted for half of the offenses, with Saturday night the most active.

Cash, food and alcoholic beverages were most frequently taken. No losses were sustained in 33% of the breaks. Suspects were not indicated in 71% of the cases. Teenage black males were described in the remainder.

In Beat 05, 77 B&E's were recorded. Schools claimed 29 incidents, representing 38% of all commercial burglaries in the area. Service stations were the second most frequent target, accounting for 6% of the total. Circumstances surrounding the breaks related very closely to the incidents in Beat 06.

BEAT OVERVIEW - COMMERCIAL BREAKING & ENTERING

1 9 7 7



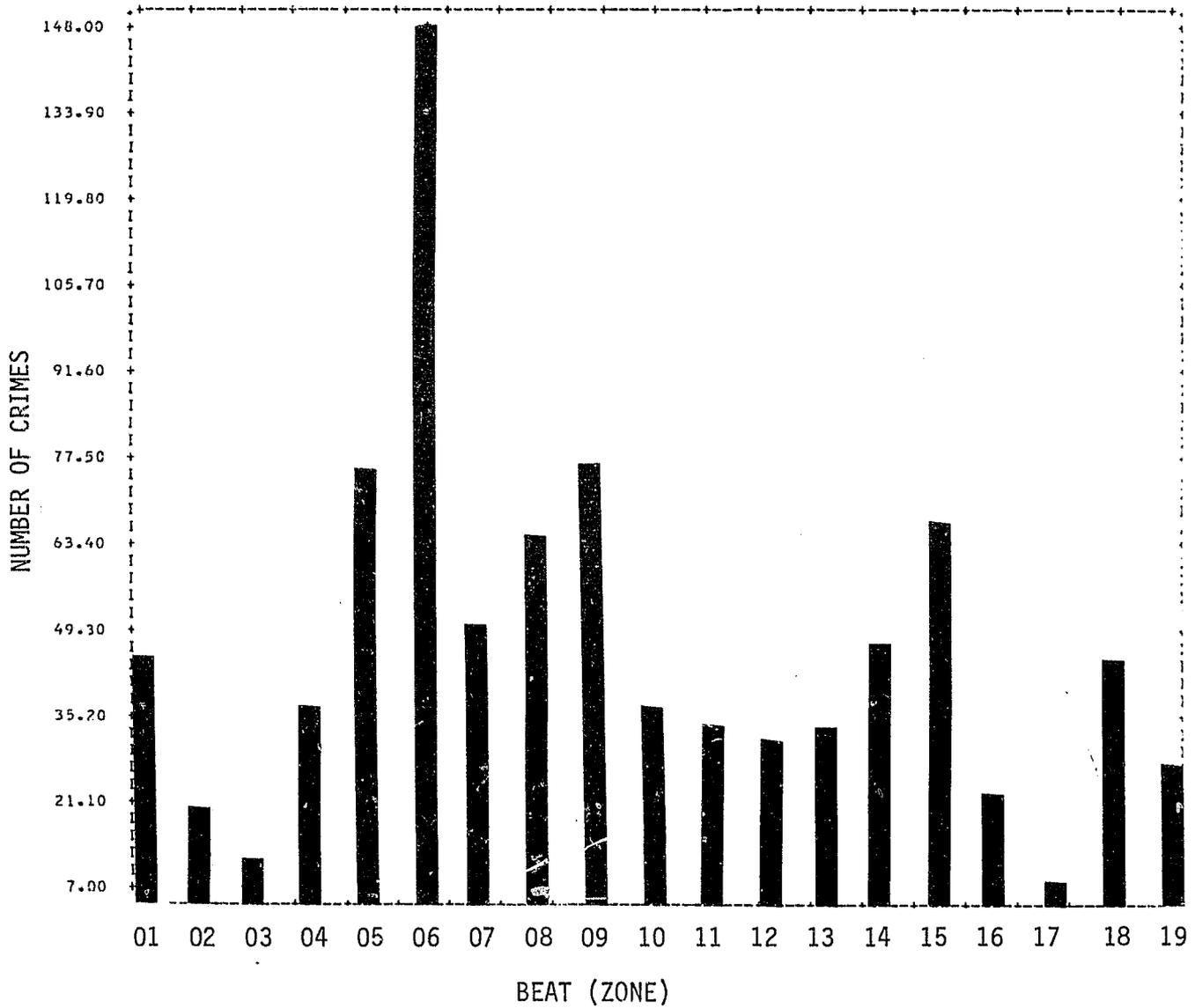
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

COMMERCIAL BREAKING & ENTERING

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	44	5.1	5.0	MODERATE	-15.4
02	20	2.7	2.3	LOW	81.3
03	10	1.6	1.1	LOW	-60.0
04	37	4.1	4.2	LOW	0.0
05	77	7.9	8.7	HIGH	-27.4
06	148	8.8	16.7	HIGH	24.4
07	51	4.6	5.8	MODERATE	27.5
08	65	4.8	7.3	HIGH	-3.0
09	76	6.6	8.6	HIGH	-5.0
10	38	4.5	4.3	LOW	-34.5
11	34	5.9	3.8	LOW	-34.6
12	30	2.5	3.4	LOW	-40.0
13	33	4.1	3.7	LOW	6.5
14	49	5.5	5.5	MODERATE	2.1
15	69	7.1	7.8	HIGH	-1.4
16	23	2.5	2.6	LOW	-25.8
17	7	2.2	0.6	LOW	-36.4
18	46	4.3	5.2	MODERATE	-23.3
19	29	4.6	3.3	LOW	16.0
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	886	5.0	100.0		-8.9

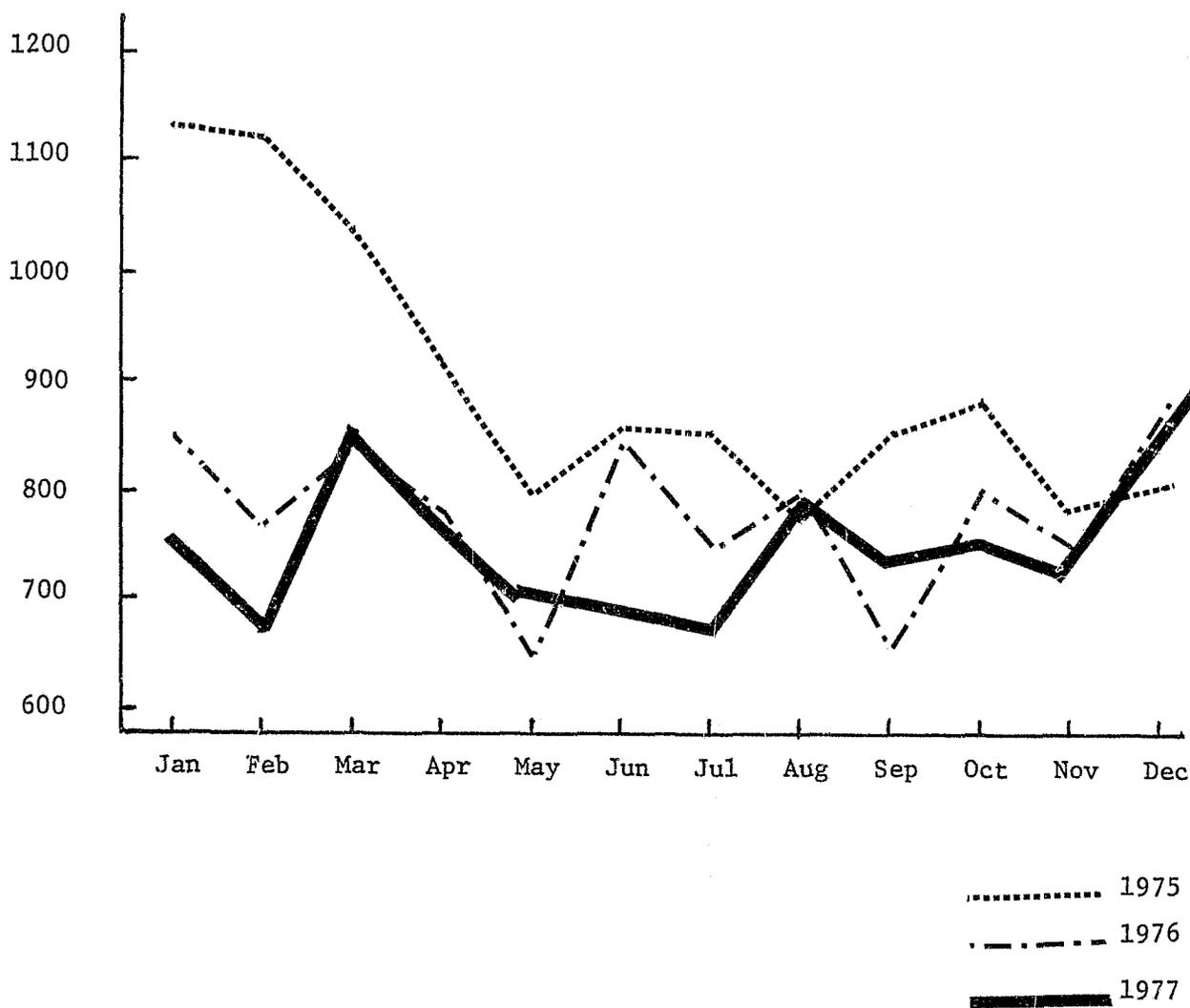
BEAT OVERVIEW - COMMERCIAL BREAKING & ENTERING

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THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

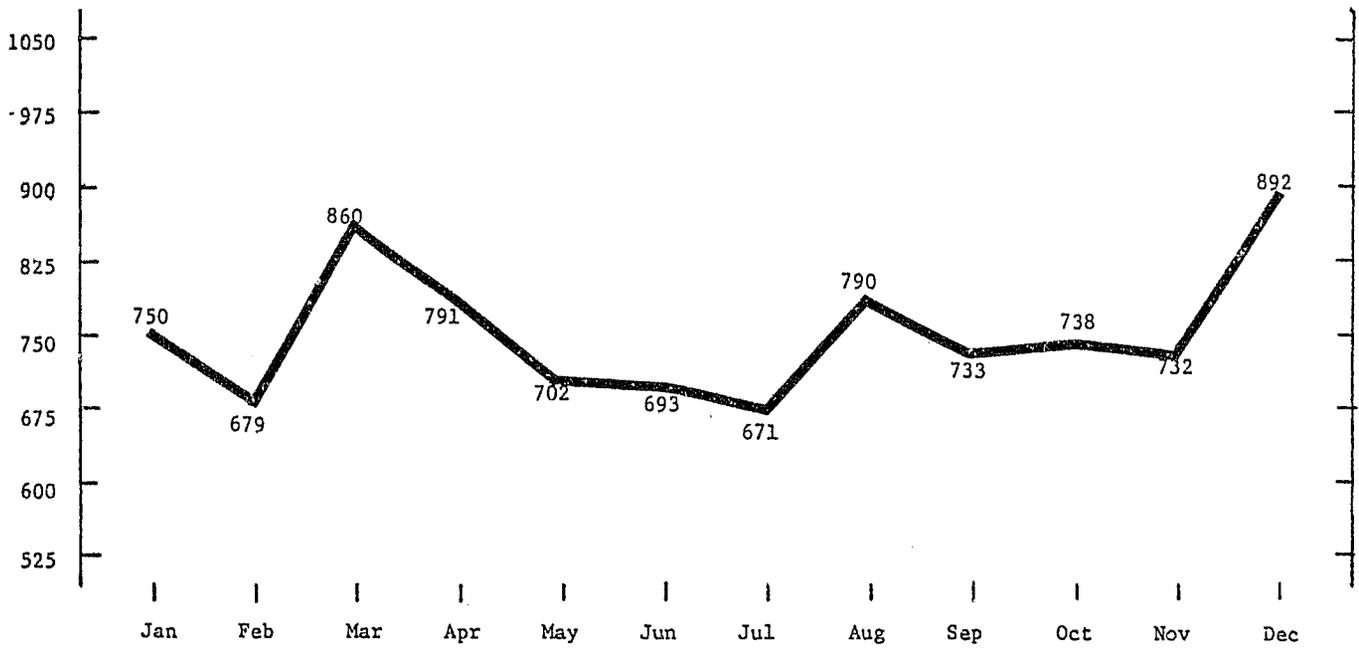
LARCENY



L A R C E N Y

TOTAL

1 9 7 7



## L A R C E N Y

A Larceny has been committed when a person unlawfully takes property from the possession of another. All thefts and attempted thefts which are not part of a robbery, burglary, or motor vehicle theft fall within this classification.

9045 incidents of a larceny nature occurred during 1977. 407 of these were attempts only. Due to the broad definition and the diversity of thefts included, incidents are categorized into nine sections, as follows:

<u>Larceny Type</u>	<u>Incidents 1977</u>
Pickpocket	66
Purse Snatch	111
Shoplifting	1781
Thefts from Auto (Auto B&E)	840
Auto Parts & Accessories	1886
Bicycle Theft	1110
Theft from Buildings	827
Thefts from Coin-op Machines	125
Other	<u>2299</u>
Total - Larceny Cases	9045

Each category will be defined, discussed, and analyzed separately in subsequent sections.

The total value of property lost through larceny was \$969,643. Recovery levels reached 15% overall, with \$142,980 worth returned to the victims.

Categorized according to the value of items taken per incident:

In 942 cases, property losses totalled \$200 or more; 1033 cases recorded \$100 to \$200 losses; 1658 cases recorded \$50 to \$100 losses.

## L A R C E N Y

The largest grouping was in the \$50 or less range, applicable in 5015 larcenies. The remaining 407 incidents were attempts only and no losses were reported.

The recorded clearance rate was 29% (2656 cases). 78% were closed by arrest, while 22% were cleared through lack of prosecution. Rates varied within the different types of larceny, ranging from a low of 8% in Bicycle Theft and Auto Parts, to a high of 87% in Shoplifting.

2377 persons were arrested for an act of larceny: 1225 adults and 1152 juveniles.

L A R C E N Y

PICKPOCKET

There were 66 crimes classified as LARCENY PICKPOCKET during 1977. The majority of the victims were white males 40-55 years of age. Of the suspects detected, 40% were black males, 12% white males, 17% were black females and 2% were white females. Most were in their 20's.

The most vulnerable day, proved to be Saturday. The most active time frames were 1400-1700 hours. 30% of the incidents occurred within a department store or bar.

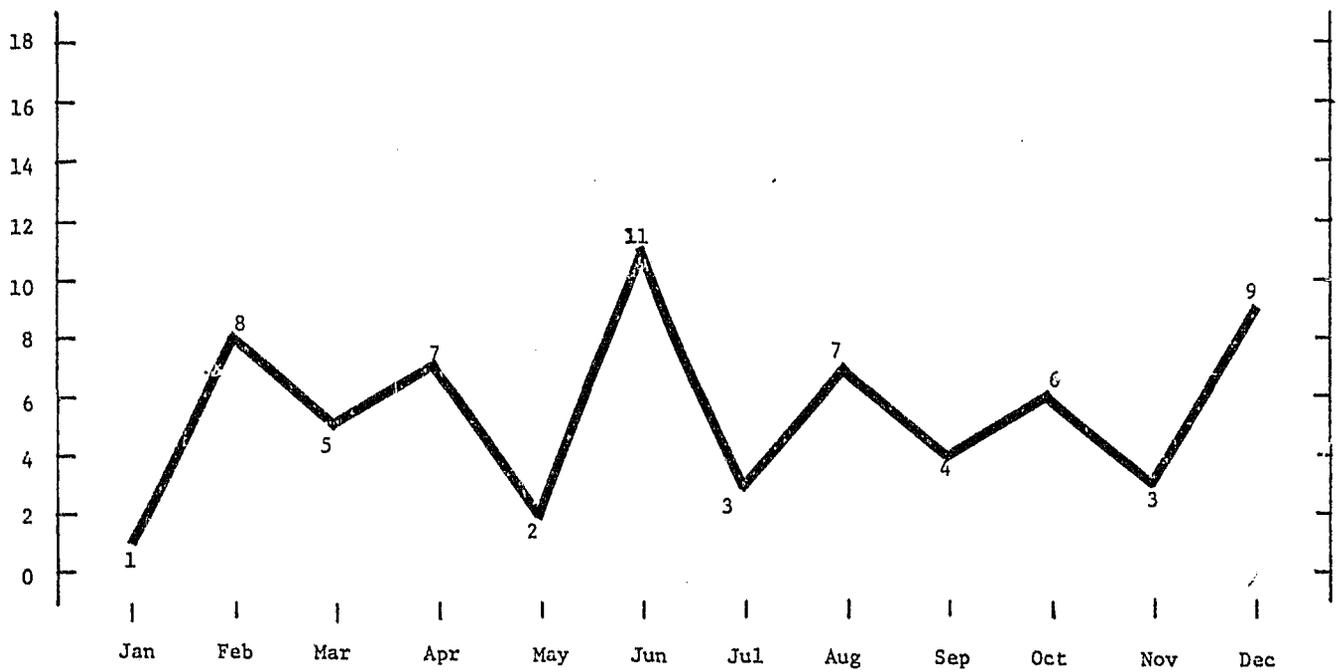
Losses totalled \$4,773 for the year, with only \$298 recovered. 8 cases, 12% of the total, were cleared - 2 by arrest and 6 through lack of prosecution. One incident was cleared by the apprehension of juveniles, 7 by adults.

Beats 08 and 09 accounted for 54% of the incidents.

L A R C E N Y

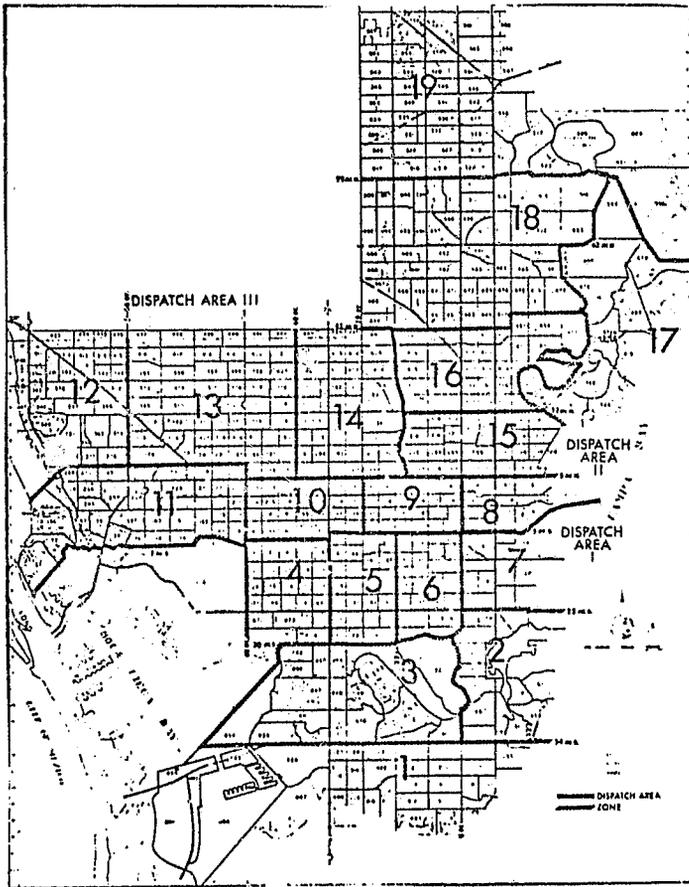
PICKPOCKET

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BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - PICKPOCKET

1977

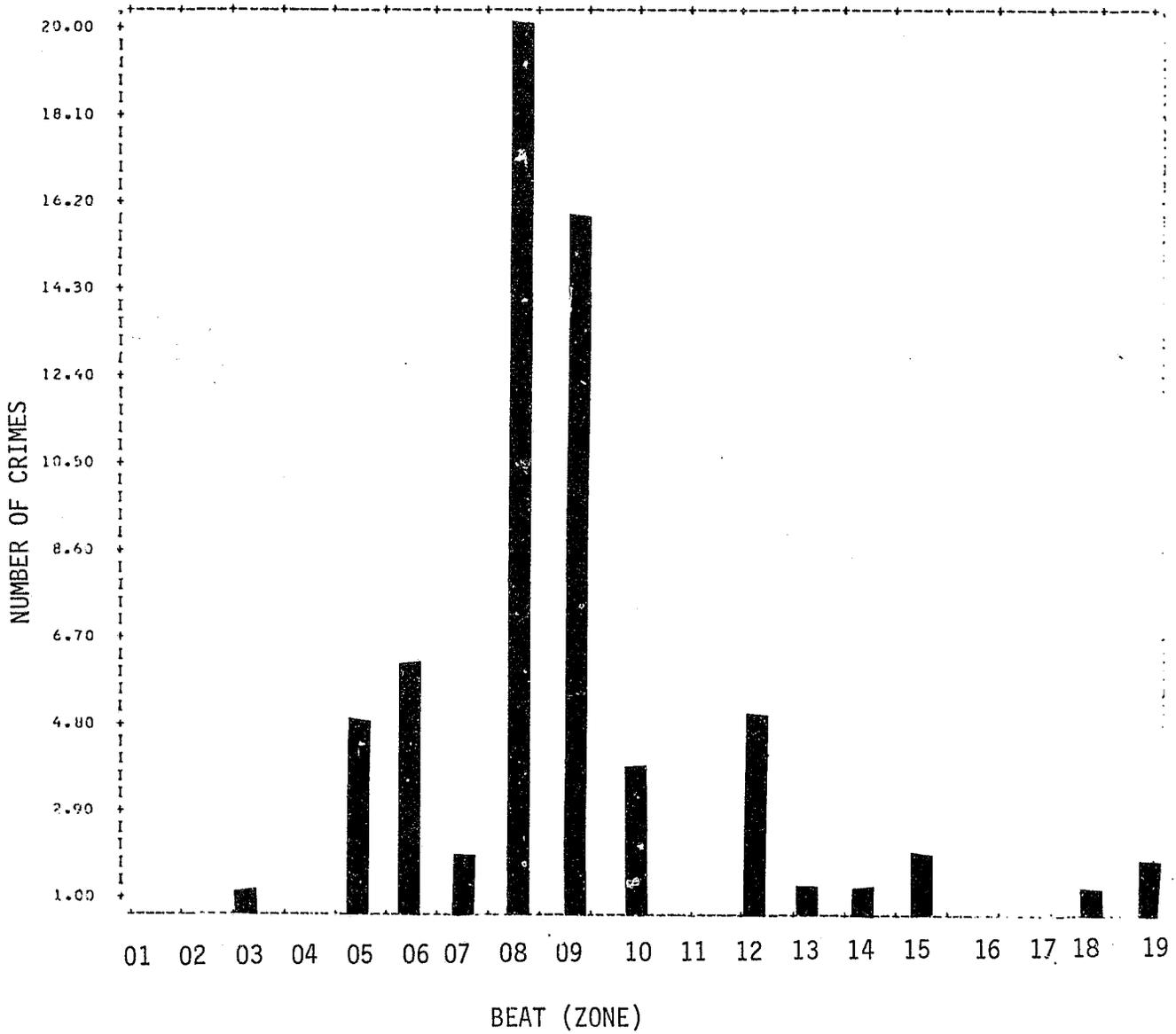


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LARCENY - PICKPOCKET					
ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
02	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
03	1	0.2	1.5	LOW	0.0
04	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
05	5	0.5	7.6	HIGH	-28.6
06	6	0.4	9.1	HIGH	-40.0
07	2	0.2	3.0	LOW	0.0
08	20	1.0	30.3	HIGH	100.0
09	16	1.4	24.2	HIGH	0.0
10	4	0.5	6.1	HIGH	33.3
11	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
12	5	0.4	7.6	HIGH	25.0
13	1	0.1	1.5	LOW	0.0
14	1	0.1	1.5	LOW	0.0
15	2	0.2	3.0	LOW	-50.0
16	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
17	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
18	1	0.1	1.5	LOW	-50.0
19	2	0.3	3.0	LOW	0.0
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		-100.0
CITY	66	0.4	100.0		-1.5

BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - PICKPOCKET

1 9 7 7



## L A R C E N Y

### PURSE SNATCH

Incidents of PURSE SNATCH totalled 111 during 1977. Elderly white females (84%) walking along downtown sidewalks were easy targets for young black males (74%).

Fridays and Saturdays were favored days. 39% occurred between 1300-1500 hours.

The police reporting area designated as Beat 08 accounted for the greatest number of incidents, 22% of the City's total. Saturday was a heavy activity day; 1300-1400 hours the most frequent times, accounting for approximately 29% of the activity.

Beat 07, also a downtown zone, recorded 13% of the city's PURSE SNATCHES. Saturdays again, were days of heavy activity, 1800-1900 hours being most popular.

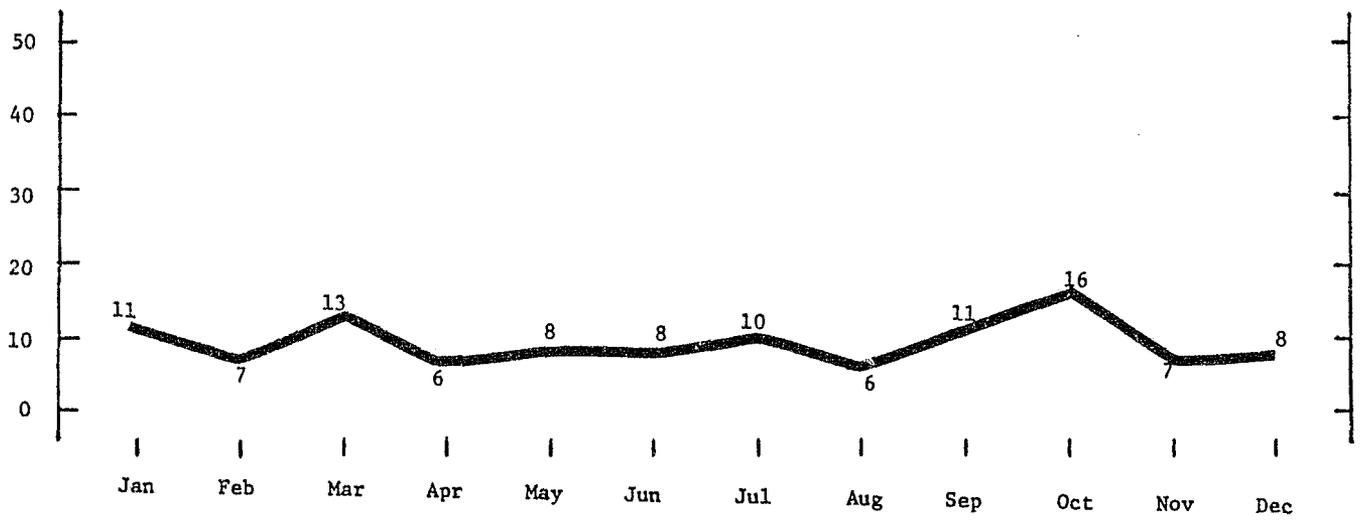
City wide losses from purse-snatching totalled \$5,670, an average of \$51.08 per victim. Only \$618 was recovered.

15 cases, 13% of the total, were cleared - 11 through arrest, 4 through lack of prosecution. 5 incidents were closed by juvenile suspects, 10 by adults.

L A R C E N Y

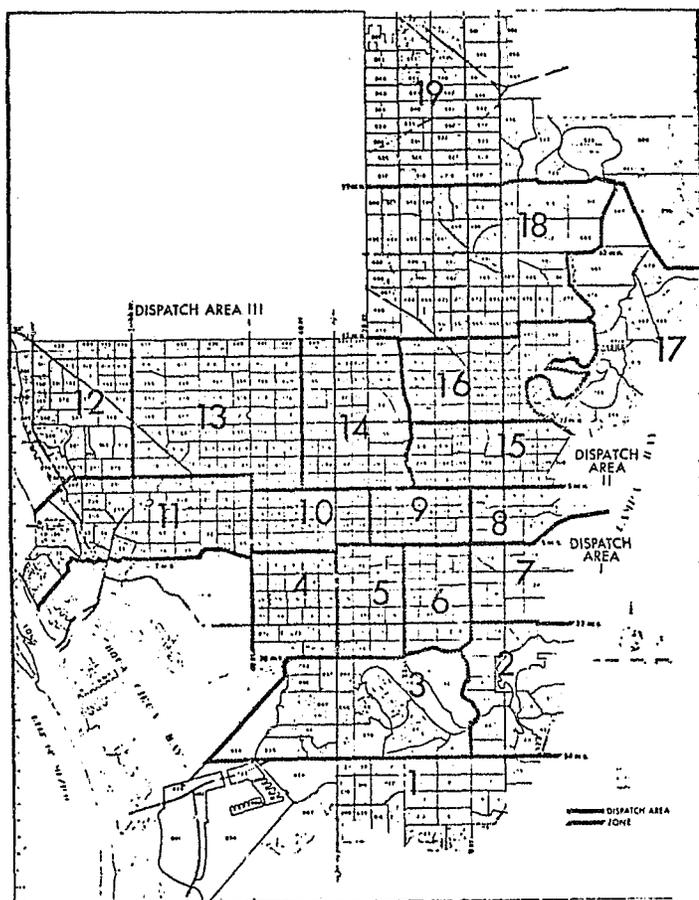
PURSE SNATCH

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BEAT OVERVIEW - PURSE SNATCH

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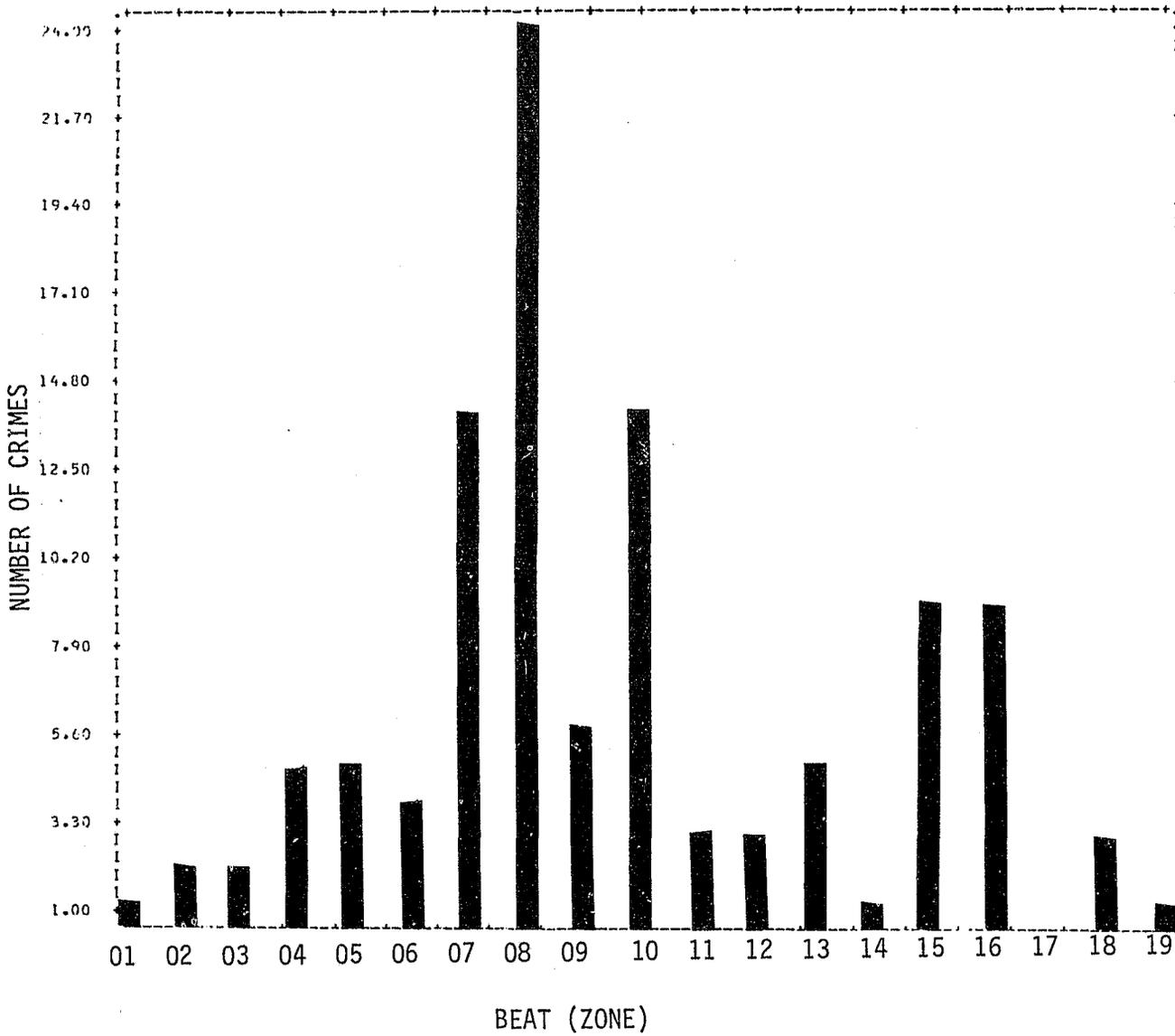
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LARCENY - PURSE SNATCH

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	1	0.1	0.9	LCW	0.0
02	2	0.3	1.8	LCW	-66.7
03	2	0.3	1.8	LCW	100.0
04	5	0.6	4.5	LCW	-16.7
05	5	0.5	4.5	LCW	-37.5
06	4	0.2	3.6	LCW	-50.0
07	14	1.3	12.6	HIGH	27.3
08	24	1.8	21.6	HIGH	-25.0
09	6	0.5	5.4	MODERATE	-40.0
10	14	1.7	12.6	HIGH	55.6
11	3	0.5	2.7	LCW	0.0
12	3	0.2	2.7	LCW	-57.1
13	5	0.6	4.5	LCW	-28.6
14	1	0.1	0.9	LCW	-66.7
15	9	0.9	8.1	HIGH	-10.0
16	9	1.0	8.1	HIGH	50.0
17	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
18	3	0.3	2.7	LCW	-25.0
19	1	0.2	0.9	LOW	0.0
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	111	0.6	100.0		-14.0

BEAT OVERVIEW - PURSE SNATCH

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## L A R C E N Y

### SHOPLIFTING

SHOPLIFTING totals reached 1781 during the year. Favored premises included: Department Stores, (53%), food stores (23%), and convenience stores (9%). An amazing variety of articles were taken, but the two major categories were food (19%) and clothing (25%).

Daylight hours (1400-1600) were the most popular times; Monday and Saturday were favored days. Males outnumbered females 3 to 2, and whites outnumbered blacks in approximately the same ratio. White males were the most frequent suspects (34% of the cases).

The fourth quarter of the year (Oct-Dec) was the most active, with holiday shopping in December boosting that monthly total to 213.

Businesses sustained losses amounting to \$42,690. While the apprehension level reached 87%, only \$27,917 worth of merchandise was recovered.

1553 cases, 87% of the total, were cleared - 92% by arrest, 8% through lack of prosecution. 559 were closed by juvenile perpetrators, 994 by adults.

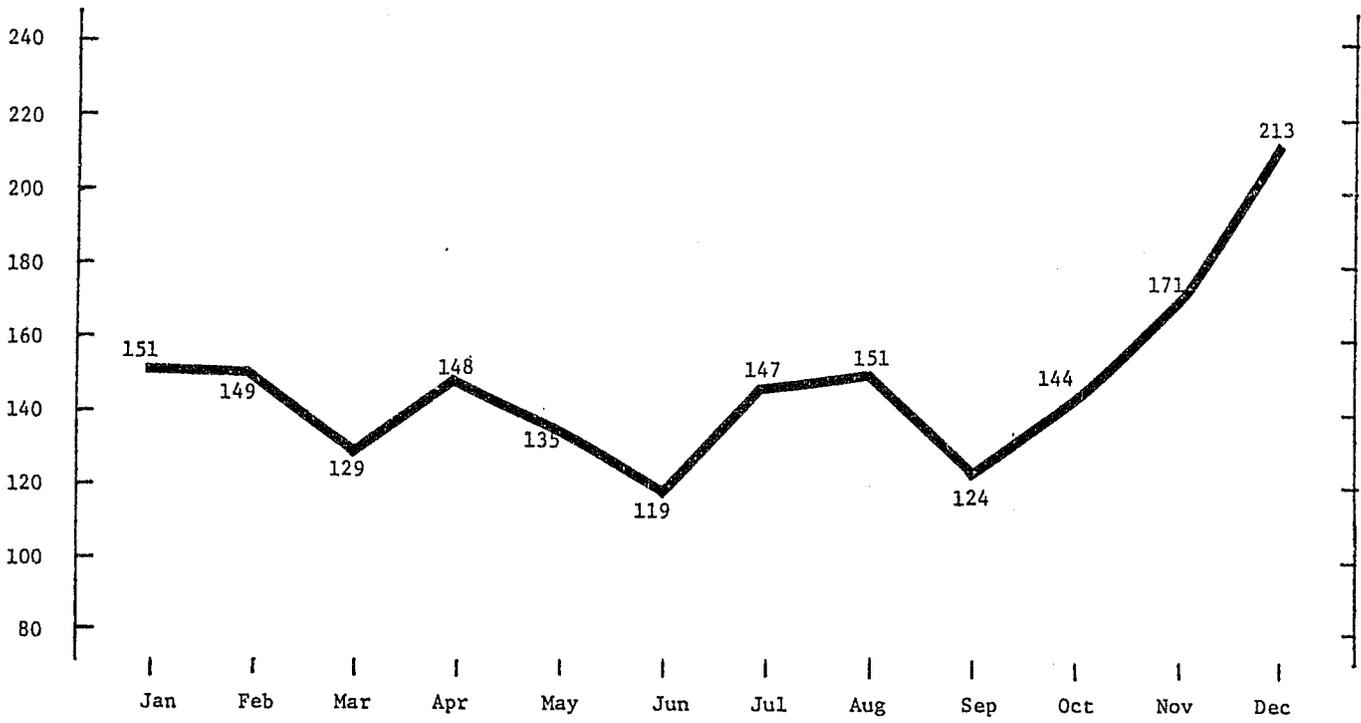
Two police reporting areas are worthy of note: Beat 12 and Beat 08. Shoplifting incidents in Beat 08 represented 22% of the City's totals. Food was the major item taken. Blacks were suspect in 39% of the cases, whites in 47%. Apprehension levels reached 92%.

Beat 12 accounted for 24% of the City's totals, with clothing being the most popular theft object. White females were suspect in 36% of the incidents, white males in 32%. 98% were apprehended.

L A R C E N Y

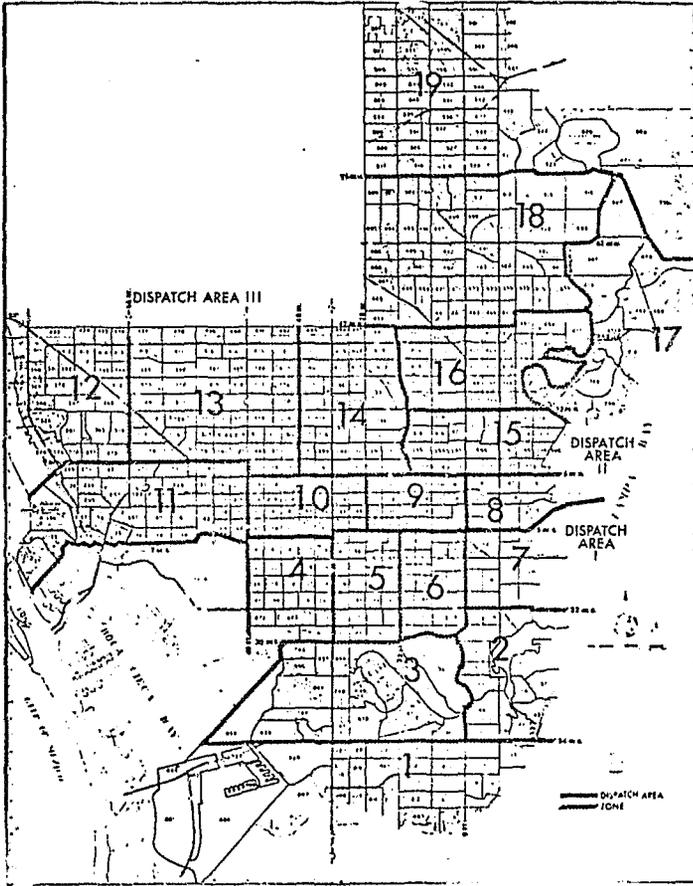
SHOPLIFTING

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BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - SHOPLIFTING

1977



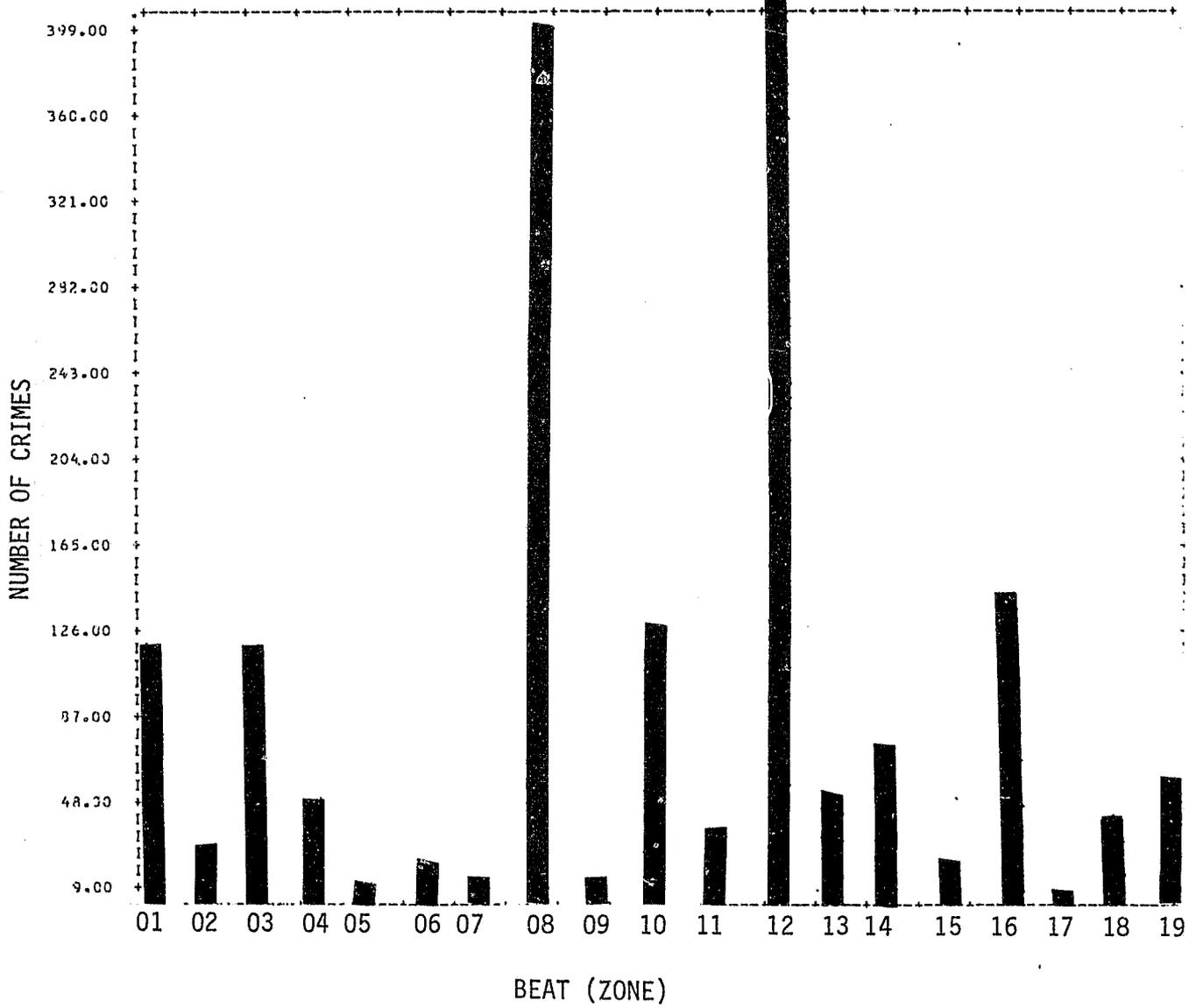
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LARCENY - SHOPLIFTING

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	124	14.3	7.0	HIGH	15.9
02	31	4.2	1.7	LOW	-24.4
03	122	19.2	6.9	HIGH	67.1
04	52	5.6	2.9	LOW	33.3
05	9	0.9	0.5	LOW	-59.1
06	20	1.2	1.1	LOW	53.8
07	16	1.5	0.9	LOW	220.0
08	399	29.6	27.4	HIGH	4.5
09	16	1.4	0.9	LOW	-30.4
10	127	15.0	7.1	HIGH	-35.2
11	37	6.4	2.1	LOW	-14.0
12	425	35.2	23.9	HIGH	7.1
13	52	6.5	2.9	LOW	-7.1
14	75	3.4	4.2	LOW	-10.7
15	20	2.1	1.1	LOW	-51.2
16	145	15.6	8.1	HIGH	22.9
17	3	1.0	0.2	LOW	-50.0
18	47	4.4	2.6	LOW	2.2
19	61	9.7	3.4	LOW	-16.4
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	1781	10.1	100.0		0.9

BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - SHOPLIFTING

1 9 7 7



L A R C E N Y

FROM VEHICLES (AUTO B&E)

Incidents of AUTO B&E numbered 840 during 1977. This total is based on Uniform Crime Reporting specifications and differs significantly from Departmental Activity records.

Time of occurrence varied greatly both in day of week and hour of the incident. Monday and Saturday were favored slightly. Most incidents occurred overnight, with 2100-2300 hours an especially vulnerable time span.

Approximately 16 incidents per week are reported. January and March were the months of heaviest activity, possibly the result of the increased number of tourists and vehicles on shopping center parking lots. The majority occur on commercial premises: 45% in business and shopping center parking lots, and 7% on streets in business districts. Incidents occurring on residential premises have increased significantly during the past few years. 12% on private driveways, 13% on residential streets, 8% in residential yards, and 12% in apartment parking lots.

Purses were the most popular theft object, with tools second. No losses were reported in 23% of the incidents.

\$82,133 worth of items were taken, only \$7,352 of which were recovered. 168 cases, 20% of the total, were cleared - 151 by arrest and 17 due to lack of prosecution. 78 incidents were closed by juvenile suspects, the remaining 90 by adults.

L A R C E N Y

FROM VEHICLES (AUTO B&E)

Two police beats were particularly active: Beat 12 and Beat 13. Each area is especially vulnerable due to the shopping facilities, Tyrone Square Mall in Beat 12 and Crossroads Shopping Center in Beat 13.

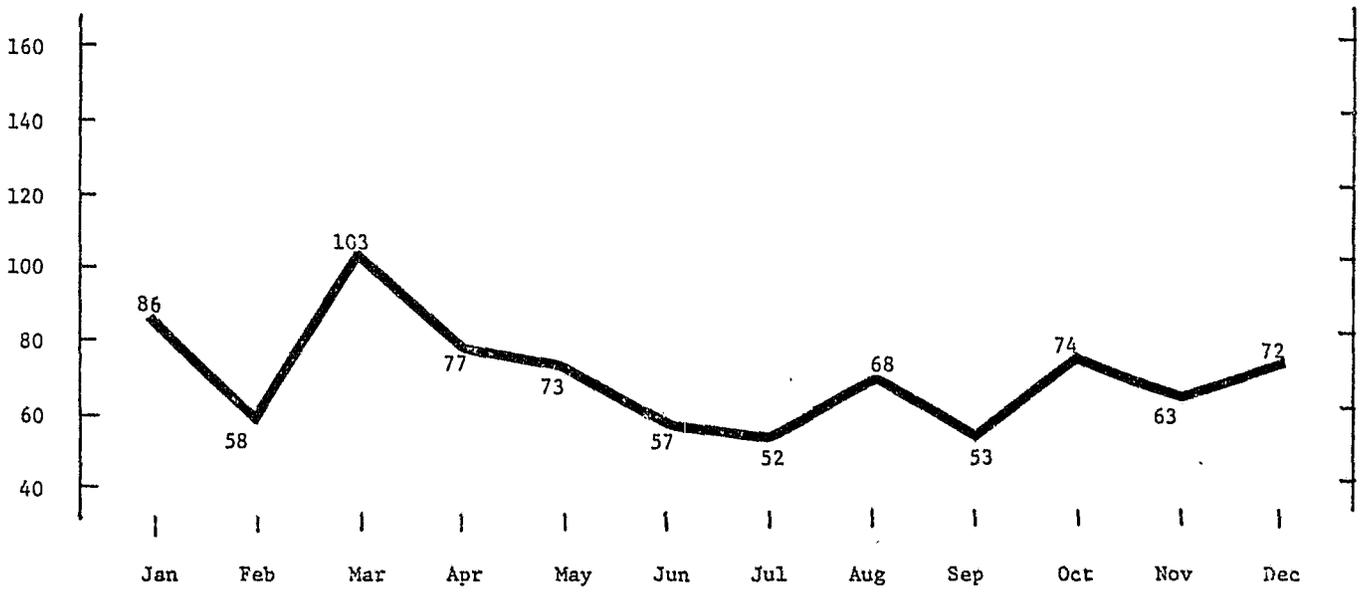
Beat 12 recorded 83 Auto breaks. Monday appeared the busiest day; 1600-1900 hours the most active time frame. 20% of the breaks occurred in April. Cash, clothing, and hand tools were popular theft items. No losses were recorded in 40% of the incidents.

Beat 13 recorded 64 thefts of this type. Thursdays were the busiest days; time spans varied significantly. Purses and clothing were most frequently taken. No losses were reported in 36% of the incidents.

L A R C E N Y

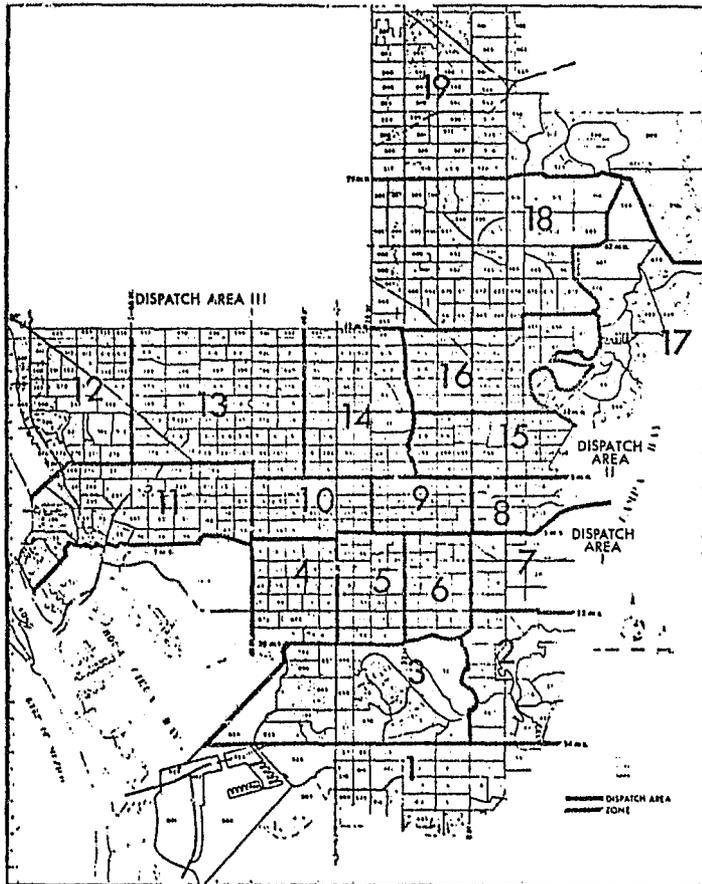
AUTO BURGLARY

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BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - AUTO B&E

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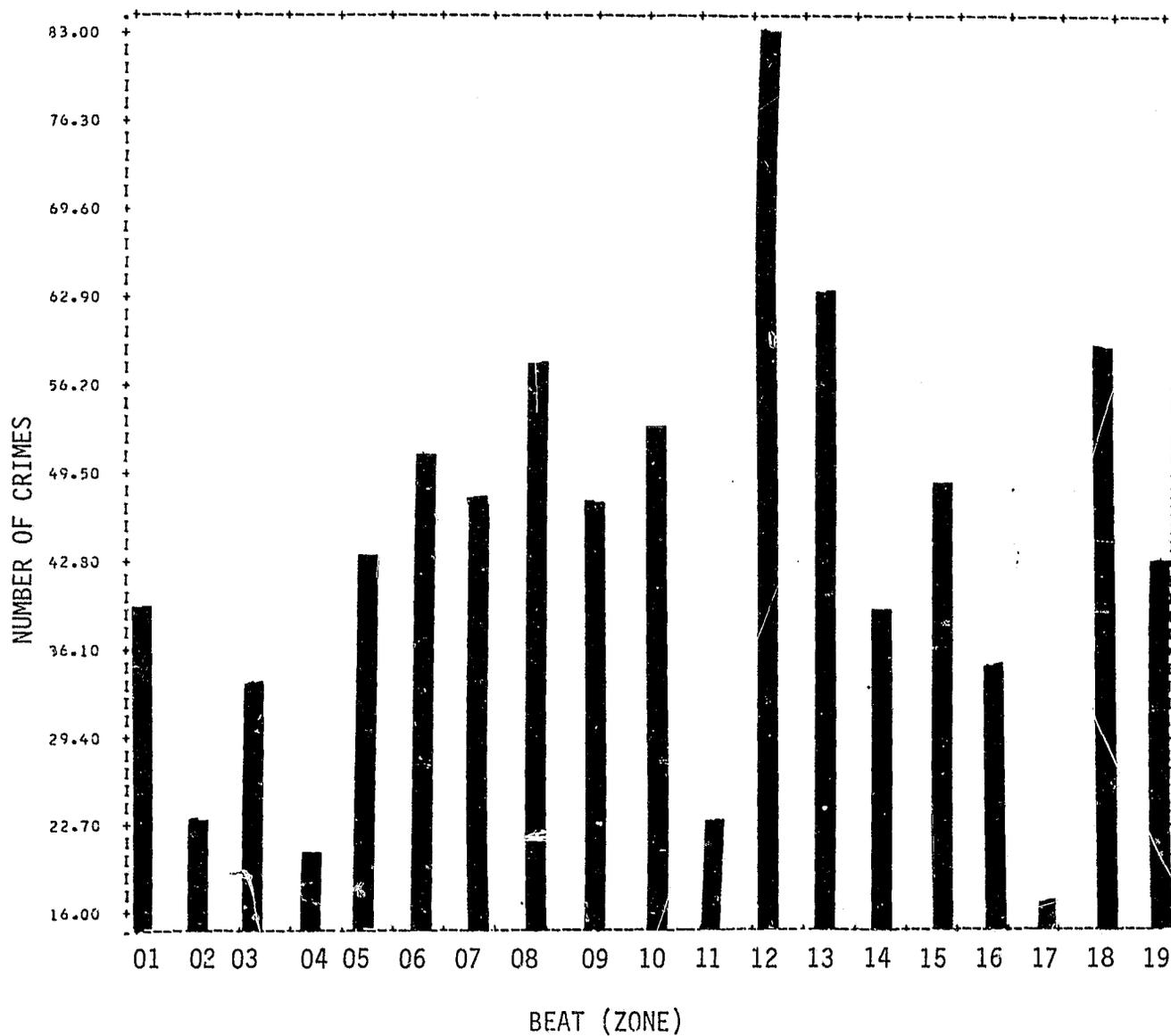


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LARCENY - AUTO B&E					
ZCNE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZCNE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	39	4.5	4.6	MODERATE	-29.1
02	24	3.3	2.9	LOW	4.3
03	34	5.3	4.0	LOW	21.4
04	21	2.3	2.5	LOW	-53.3
05	44	4.5	5.2	MODERATE	-27.9
06	52	3.1	6.2	HIGH	-24.6
07	48	4.4	5.7	MODERATE	-15.8
08	58	4.3	6.9	HIGH	-24.7
09	47	4.1	5.6	MODERATE	-44.7
10	53	6.3	6.3	HIGH	12.8
11	23	4.0	2.7	LOW	-52.1
12	83	6.9	9.9	HIGH	9.2
13	64	8.0	7.6	HIGH	23.1
14	39	4.4	4.6	MODERATE	-20.4
15	49	5.0	5.8	MODERATE	-30.0
16	36	3.9	4.3	LOW	-14.3
17	16	5.1	1.9	LOW	23.1
18	60	5.6	7.1	HIGH	-10.4
19	43	6.8	5.1	MODERATE	0.0
UNK.	7	43.8	0.8		250.0
CITY	840	4.8	100.0		-16.7

BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - AUTO B&E

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## L A R C E N Y

### AUTO PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

A total of 1886 larcenies of this type were recorded during 1977. As with AUTO B&E's, specifics were difficult to establish. Day of week varied significantly, and time of day was generally impossible to pinpoint. 2100-2300 hours appeared most frequently. Of the incidents, 46% occurred during the hours of darkness, 17% during daylight. The remainder were indeterminable. December was the most active month.

Residential and apartment parking facilities accounted for over 50% of the sites of occurrence.

CB radios (396 cases), gasoline (155 cases), and tire/hubcaps (317 cases) were frequently stolen articles. License plates and inspection stickers continue to be popular theft items, 180 cases were recorded during the year.

Losses totalled \$142,446, recoveries \$6,224. 160 cases, 8% of the total were cleared - 128 through arrest, 32 due to lack of prosecution. Juveniles were apprehended in 55 of the incidents, adults in 105.

Beat 12 recorded the greatest number of incidents with 168 cases. Saturdays were slightly favored. 1900-2100 hours proved to be the most vulnerable time span.

Hubcaps and CB radios were taken most frequently, together accounting for 48% of the stolen property.

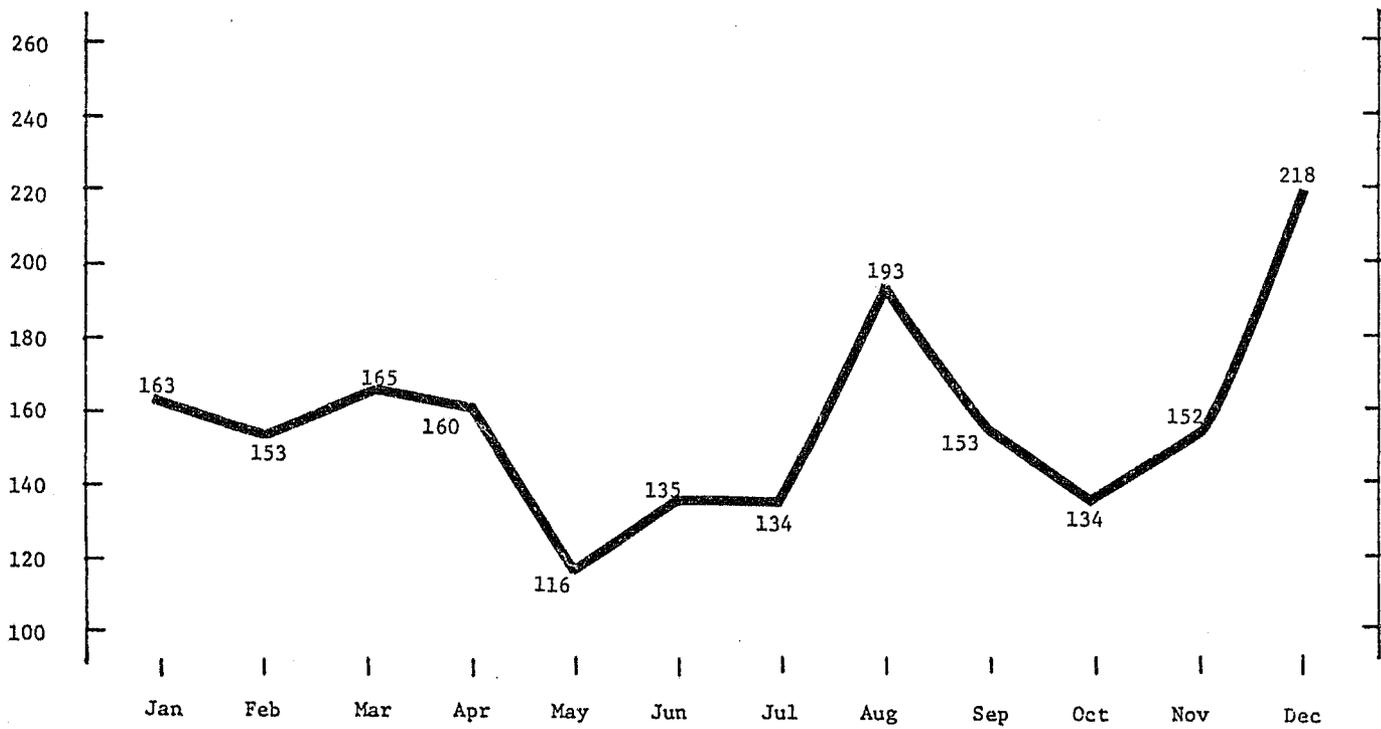
Beat 07 and 18 were the next most active areas, with 138 and 136 reported incidents respectively. Both the day of week and the hour of occurrence varied significantly.

CB radios were the favored theft commodity in one in every five cases. Hubcaps and gasoline accounted for another 25%.

L A R C E N Y

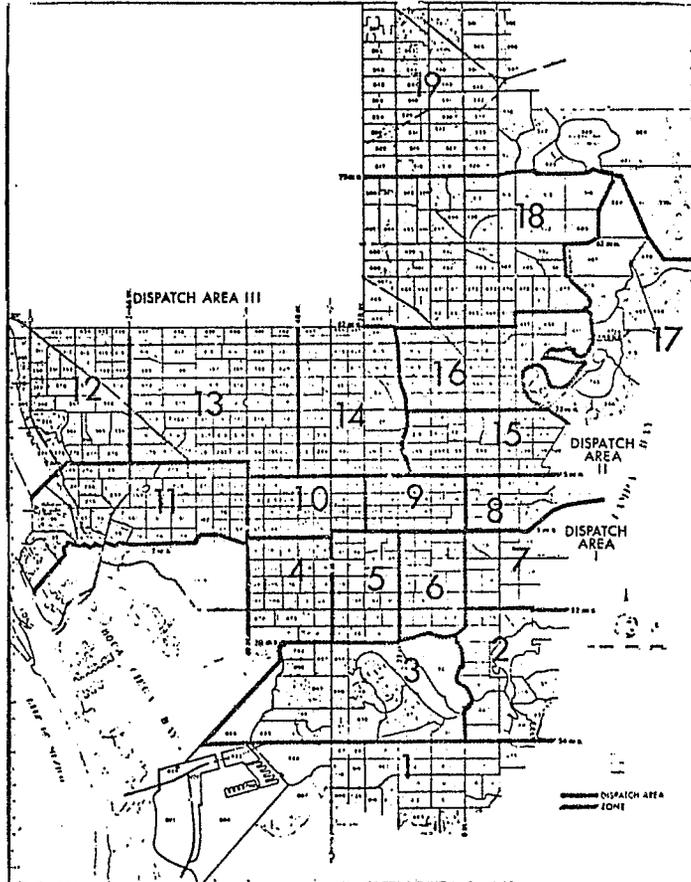
VEHICLE PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

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BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - AUTO PARTS & ACCESSORIES

1 9 7 7



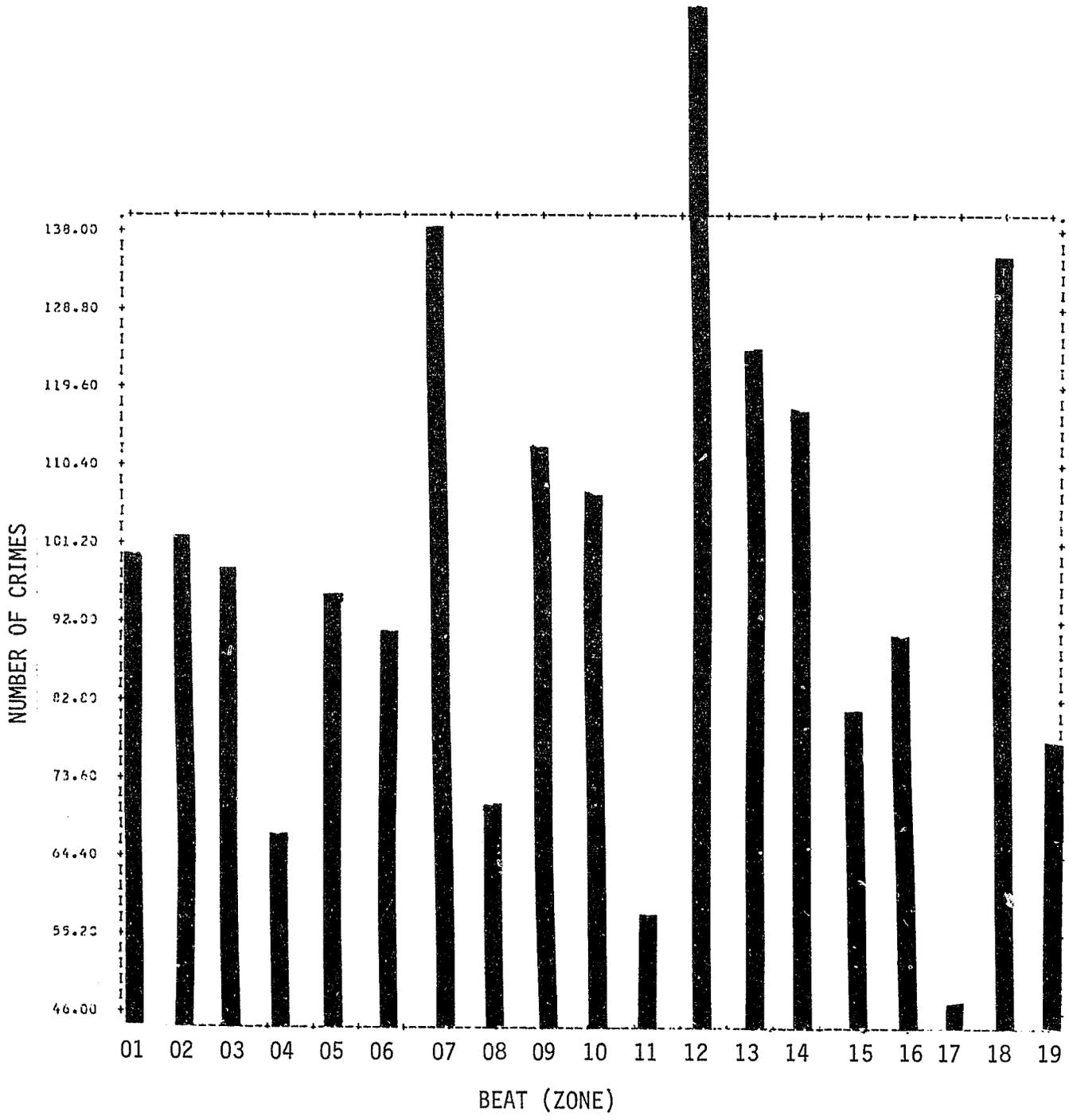
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LARCENY - AUTO PARTS & ACCESS.

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	101	11.7	5.4	MODERATE	9.8
02	103	14.0	5.5	MODERATE	145.2
03	98	15.4	5.2	MODERATE	7.7
04	68	7.5	3.6	LOW	0.0
05	95	9.7	5.0	MODERATE	-5.0
06	91	5.4	4.8	MODERATE	-20.9
07	130	12.5	7.3	HIGH	68.3
08	70	5.2	3.7	LOW	-30.0
09	114	9.9	6.0	MODERATE	-21.9
10	108	12.7	5.7	MODERATE	5.9
11	59	10.1	3.1	LOW	-22.7
12	168	13.9	8.9	HIGH	-5.1
13	124	15.4	6.6	HIGH	-6.8
14	116	13.1	6.2	HIGH	5.5
15	82	8.4	4.3	LOW	-3.5
16	91	9.8	4.8	MODERATE	11.0
17	46	14.6	2.4	LOW	-13.2
18	136	12.7	7.2	HIGH	-18.6
19	78	12.4	4.1	LOW	-38.1
UNK.	1	6.3	0.1		-83.3
CITY	1886	10.7	100.0		-3.4

BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - AUTO PARTS & ACCESSORIES

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## L A R C E N Y

### BICYCLE THEFT

There were 1110 bicycles reported stolen during 1977. Monthly totals varied from a low of 64 in February to a high of 117 in April. Approximately 41% were bicycles taken from residential premises. Approximately 16% were removed from schools, 5% from recreation center premises.

The most popular time of day for thefts of this type was 1500-1700 hours. At least 48% of the incidents occurred during daylight hours. Mondays and Tuesdays were the days of heaviest activity.

Bicycles valued at a total of \$75,527 were stolen during the year. \$16,805 worth were recovered.

Apprehension levels were low in this crime category. Only 98 cases, or 9% of the total were cleared - 72 by arrest, 26 through lack of prosecution. Juveniles were responsible in 86 of the 98 cases.

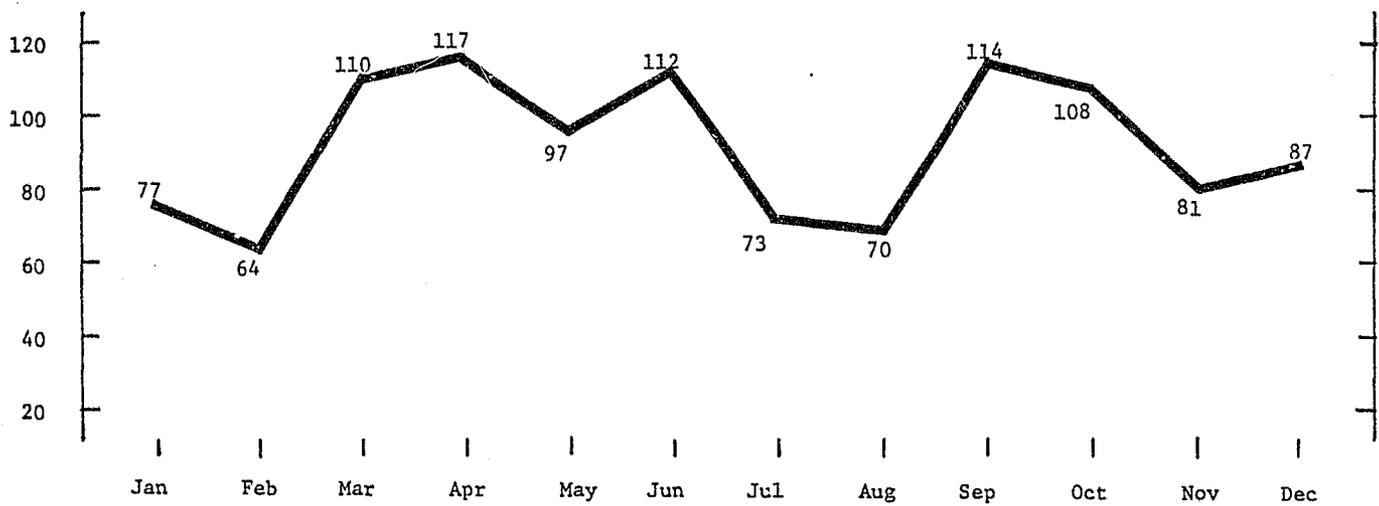
Beat 18 reported the highest volume of thefts, accounting for 12% of the City's total. Bicycles were most frequently removed from residential yards (46%) and school premises (26%). Mondays and Tuesdays were the most active days between the hours of 1500-1700. White males were generally victims; and no suspect information was available in 84% of the incidents.

Beat 01 also reported numerous thefts, 11% of the City's total. Incidents most often occurred on Tuesdays between the hours of 1500-1700. Bicycles were taken mostly from outdoor residential premises (24%) and schools (51%).

LARCENY

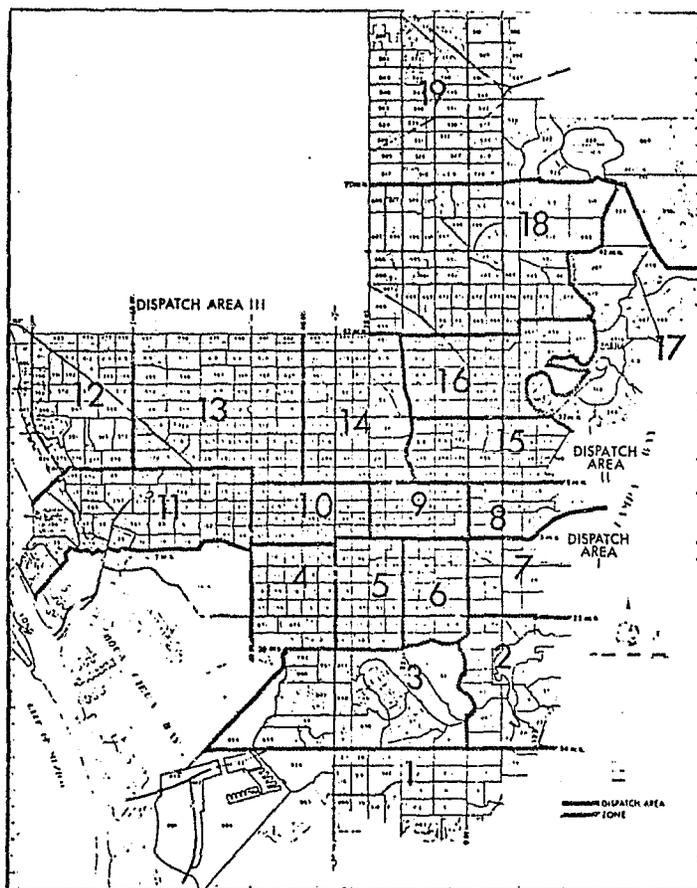
BICYCLE THEFT

1977



# BEAT OVERVIEW - BICYCLE THEFT

1977



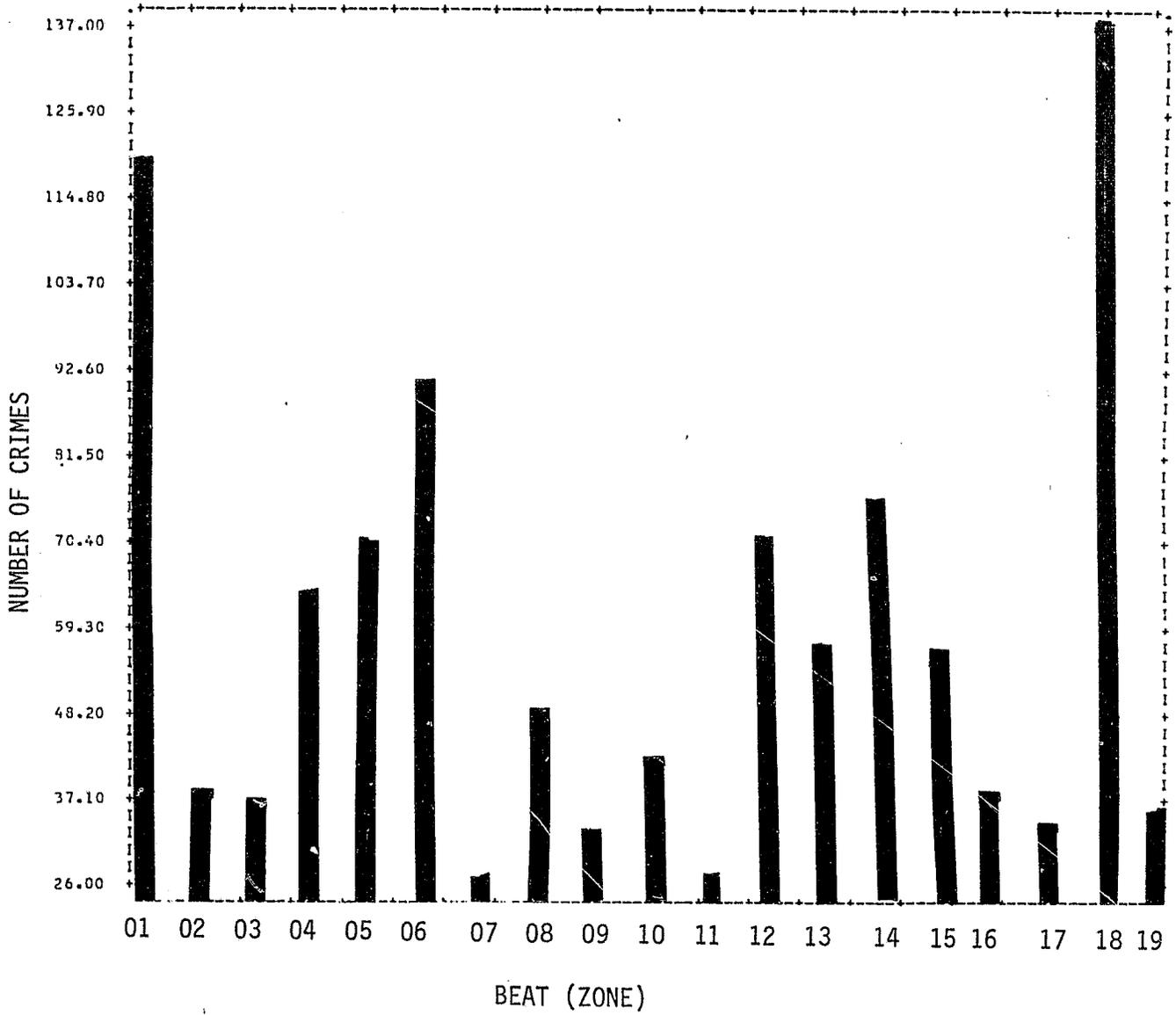
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

## LARCENY - BICYCLE THEFT

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	121	14.0	10.9	HIGH	-15.4
02	39	5.3	3.5	LOW	11.4
03	37	5.8	3.3	LOW	-30.2
04	64	7.1	5.8	MODERATE	52.4
05	72	7.4	6.5	HIGH	20.0
06	92	5.5	8.3	HIGH	73.6
07	26	2.4	2.3	LOW	-33.3
08	45	3.6	4.4	LOW	11.4
09	33	2.9	3.0	LOW	32.0
10	43	5.1	3.9	LOW	115.0
11	28	4.5	2.5	LOW	-28.2
12	72	6.0	6.5	HIGH	-25.0
13	58	7.2	5.2	MODERATE	-39.6
14	77	8.7	6.9	HIGH	57.1
15	55	5.7	5.0	MODERATE	27.9
16	38	4.1	3.4	LOW	-2.6
17	34	10.8	3.1	LOW	17.2
18	137	12.8	12.3	HIGH	2.2
19	35	5.6	3.2	LOW	-20.5
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	1110	6.3	100.0		2.5

BEAT OVERVIEW - BICYCLE THEFT

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L A R C E N Y

FROM BUILDINGS

A theft occurring within a building which is open to the general public, and to which the offender has legal access, is categorized a "larceny from building." This includes thefts from such places as churches, restaurants, schools, libraries, public buildings, and other public and professional offices during the hours when such facilities are open to the public. Incidents of shoplifting or thefts from coin-operated machines do not fall within this category. 827 such incidents occurred during 1977.

The favored premises included: schools (10%), bars (6%), department stores (6%), Hotels/Motels (3%), hospitals (6%), and service stations (5%). In 63% of the incidents, cash was taken. Clothing and office supplies were other frequently stolen items.

Property stolen added up to \$225,333 during the year. Recovery was less than 5%, with only \$9,298 returned to victims.

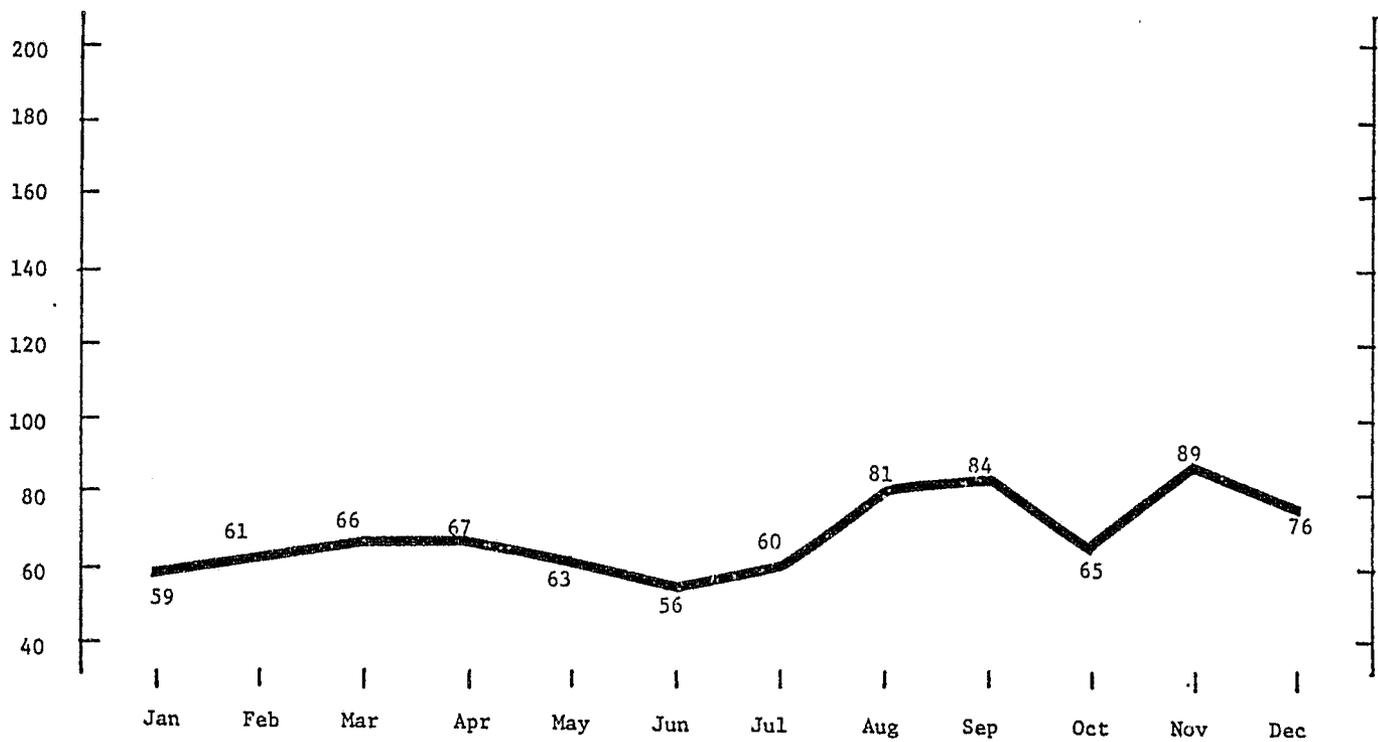
96 cases, 12% of the total, were cleared - 51 by arrest and 45 due to lack of prosecution. Juveniles were implicated in 38 of the incidents, adults in the other 58.

Beat 08 recorded the most incidents of this type (161).

L A R C E N Y

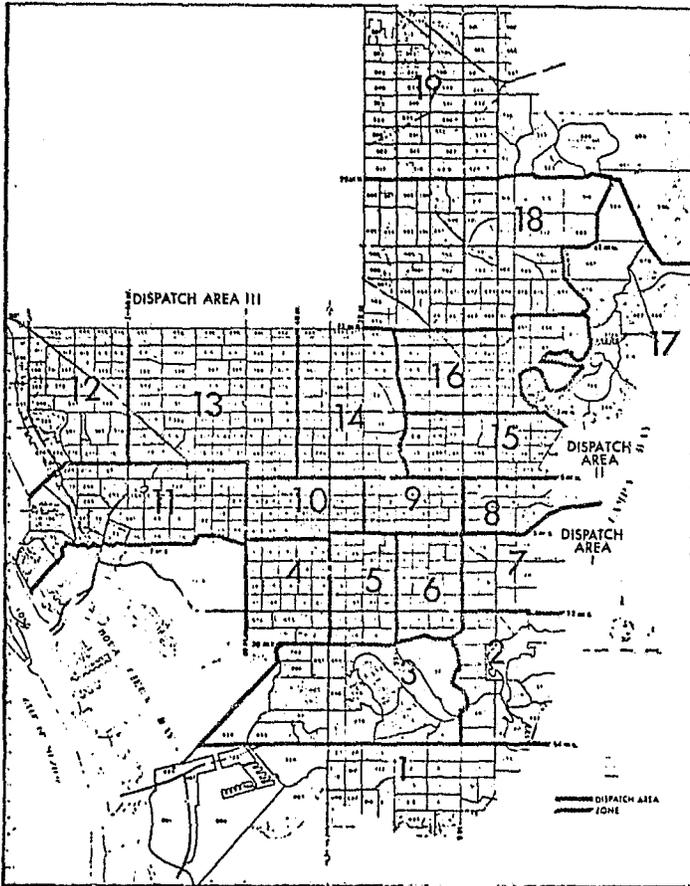
FROM BUILDINGS

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BEAT OVERVIEW - FROM BUILDINGS

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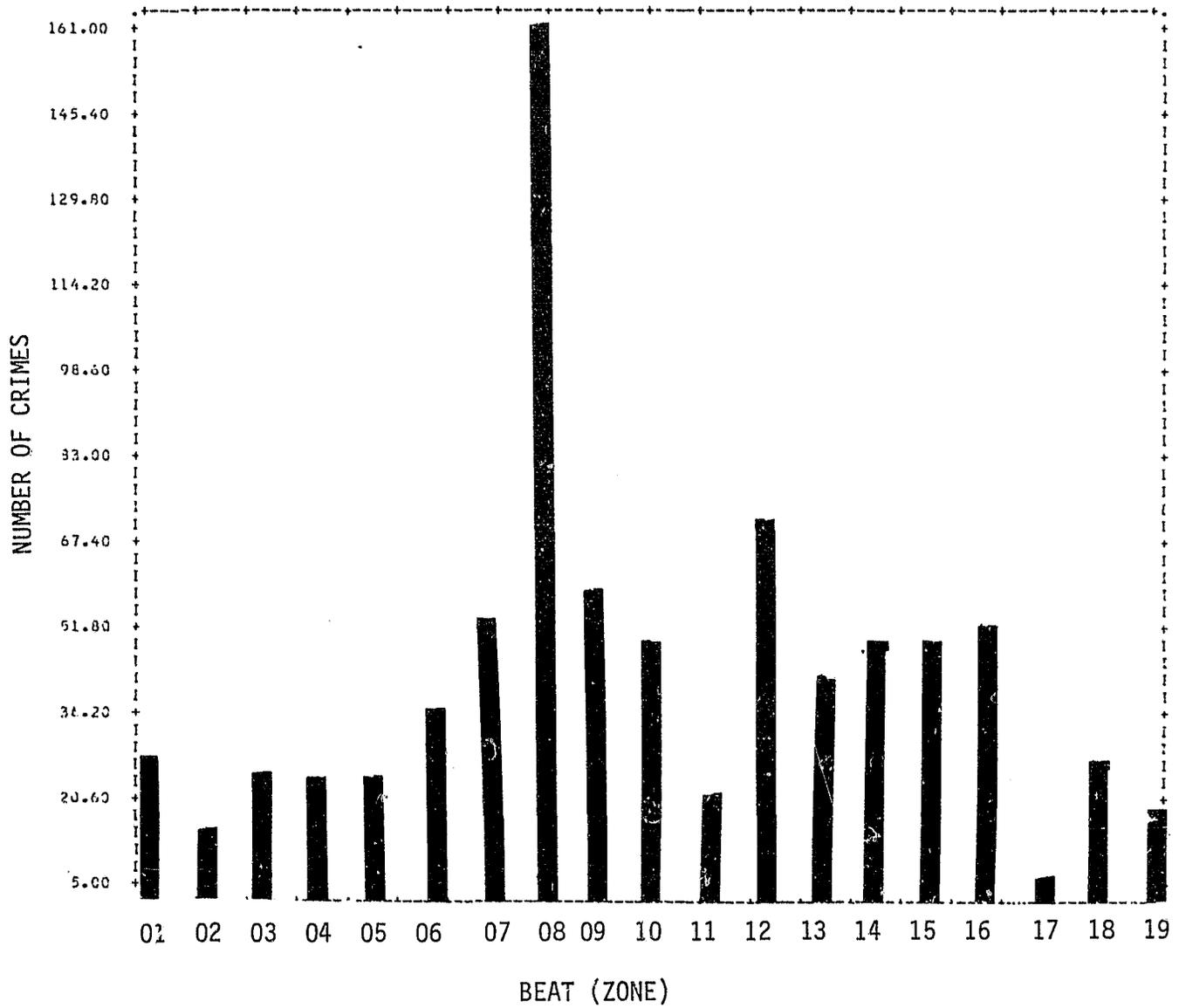
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LAPCENY - FROM BUILDINGS

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	29	3.4	3.5	LOW	-5.5
02	16	2.2	1.9	LOW	45.5
03	25	3.9	3.0	LOW	4.2
04	25	2.8	3.0	LOW	38.9
05	26	2.7	3.1	LOW	8.3
06	38	2.3	4.6	MODERATE	5.6
07	54	4.9	6.5	HIGH	20.0
08	161	12.0	19.5	HIGH	22.0
09	59	5.1	7.1	HIGH	51.3
10	50	5.9	6.0	MODERATE	25.0
11	21	3.7	2.5	LOW	10.5
12	72	6.0	8.7	HIGH	18.0
13	43	5.3	5.2	MODERATE	16.2
14	51	5.7	6.2	HIGH	8.5
15	49	5.0	5.9	MODERATE	88.5
16	54	5.8	6.5	HIGH	184.2
17	5	1.0	3.6	LOW	25.0
18	29	2.7	3.5	LOW	-34.1
19	20	3.2	2.4	LOW	-9.1
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	827	4.7	103.0		21.8

BEAT OVERVIEW - FROM BUILDINGS

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L A R C E N Y

FROM COIN-OPERATED MACHINES

A theft from a device or machine which is operated or activated by the use of a coin is classified as a "larceny from a coin-operated machine." Examples of such machines include cigarette and food vending machines, parking meters, newspaper racks, and laundry machines. 125 cases of LARCENY FROM COIN-OPERATED MACHINES occurred during 1977.

Beat 06 and Beat 19 recorded the greatest number of incidents with 15 and 16 respectively.

Favored premises for these incidents included: service stations (17%), laundromats (21%), and sidewalks (ie: newspaper racks) (10%).

Cash was taken in 56% of the larcenies, food in 8%, and no losses were recorded in 30%.

March was the month of heaviest activity with 31 cases, or 25% of the total.

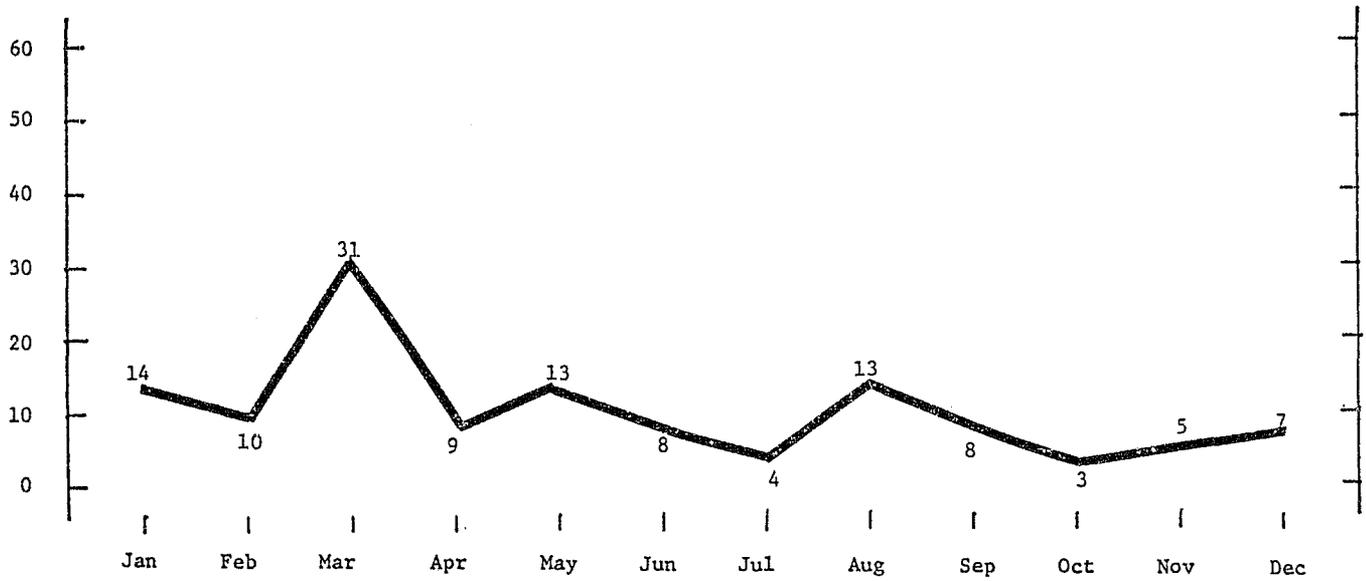
Total property taken was valued at \$3,970; only \$222 worth was recovered.

40 cases, 32% of the total, were cleared - 33 by arrest, 7 due to lack of prosecution. Juveniles were apprehended in 17 of these incidents, adults in 23.

L A R C E N Y

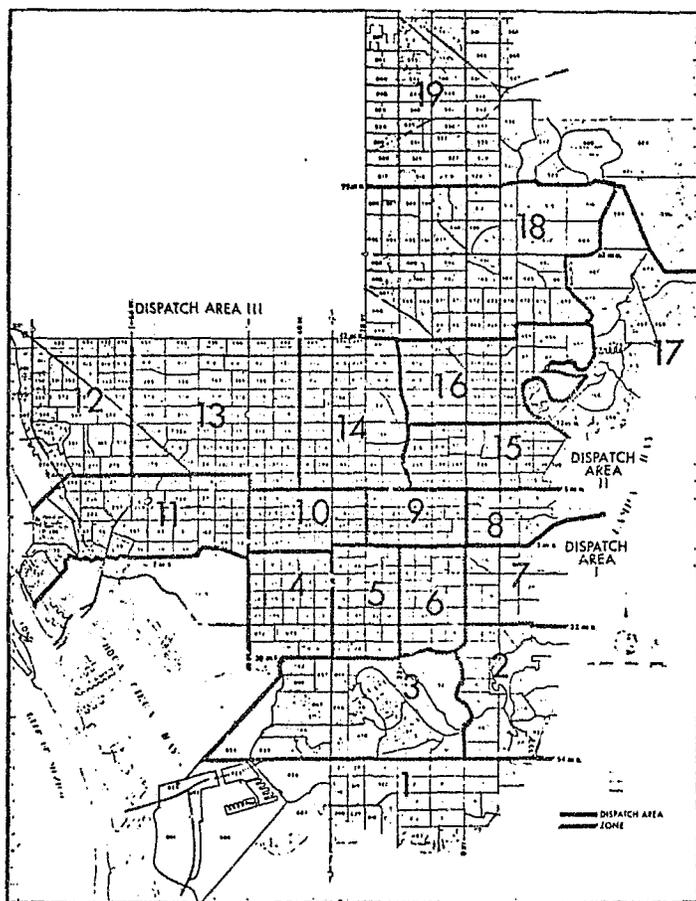
COIN-OPERATED MACHINES

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BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - FROM COIN-OP MACHINES

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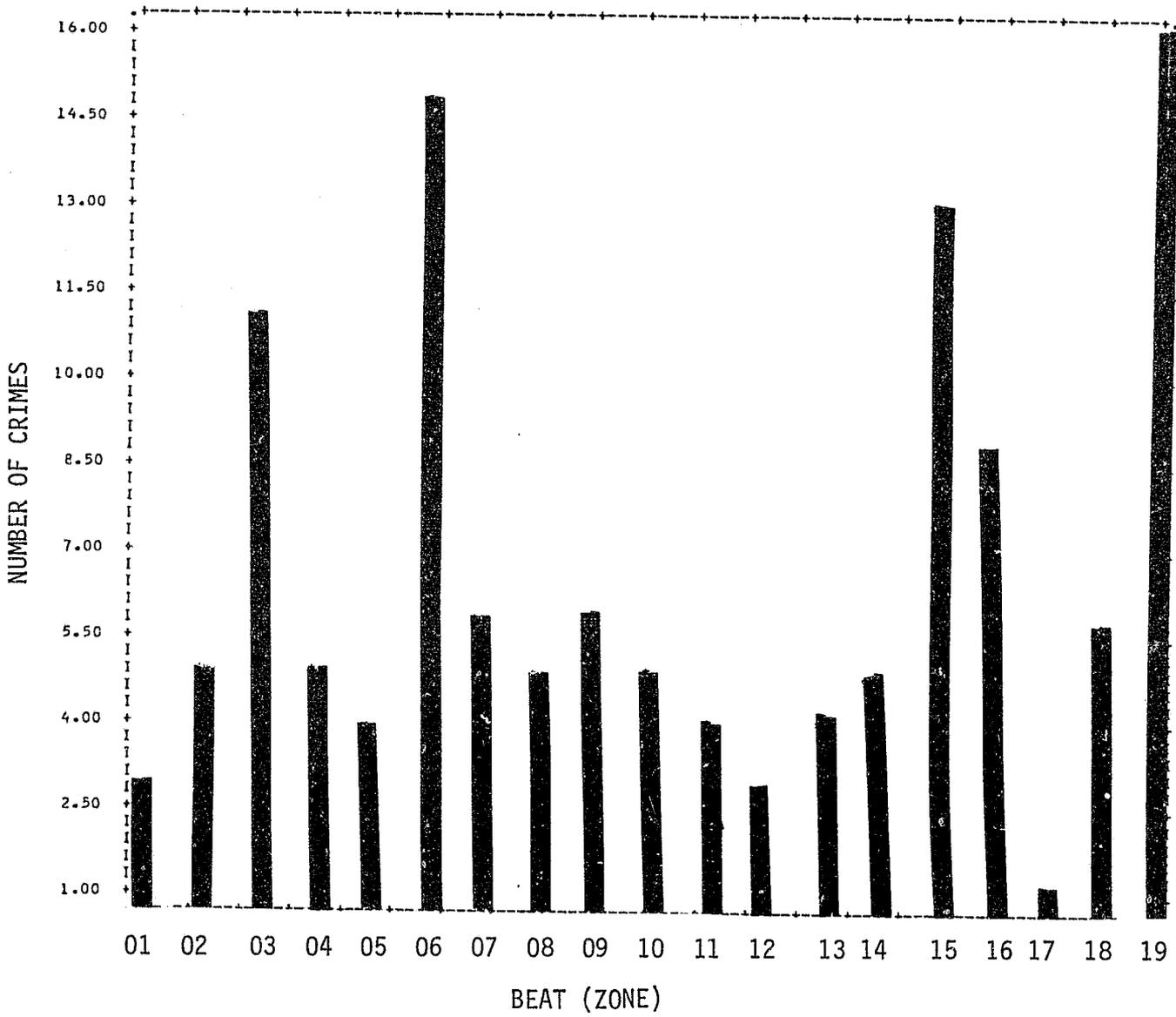
St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

LARCENY - FROM COIN-OP MACHINES

ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	3	0.3	2.4	LCW	-70.0
02	5	0.7	4.0	LOW	66.7
03	11	1.7	8.8	HIGH	57.1
04	5	0.6	4.0	LCW	66.7
05	4	0.4	3.2	LOW	-33.3
06	15	0.9	12.0	HIGH	-6.3
07	6	0.5	4.8	MODERATE	50.0
08	5	0.4	4.0	LOW	-54.5
09	6	0.5	4.8	MODERATE	-40.0
10	5	0.6	4.0	LCW	-61.5
11	4	0.7	3.2	LOW	100.0
12	3	0.2	2.4	LOW	0.0
13	4	0.5	3.2	LOW	-33.3
14	4	0.5	3.2	LOW	-50.0
15	13	1.3	10.4	HIGH	30.0
16	9	1.0	7.2	HIGH	-47.1
17	1	0.3	0.8	LOW	0.0
18	6	0.6	4.8	MODERATE	-71.4
19	16	2.5	12.8	HIGH	-40.7
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	125	0.7	100.0		-29.4

BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - FROM COIN-OP MACHINES

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## L A R C E N Y

### OTHER

Any theft which does not fit the specifications of the previous larceny categories is classified as a "Larceny - Other." This includes such thefts as lawn furniture stolen from residential yards, boating equipment, mail, pets, clothing taken from clothes lines, etc.

2299 such incidents occurred during 1977. Monthly totals fluctuate from 161 reported in November, to 238 occurring in March.

Residential premises, including apartments, single family dwellings, garages, and surrounding yards and driveways, accounted for over 1400 larceny sites, or 62% of the total. 79 incidents occurred on boats or docking areas.

Commercial premises repeatedly noted were: construction sites (47 cases), service stations (34 cases), schools (31 cases), and Hotel/Motels (55 cases).

The two most favored theft items were plants (360 incidents) and cash (330 incidents). Lawn furniture (114), boating equipment (101), clothing (93), and jewelry (92) represented another 17% of total losses.

Articles valued at \$387,101 were taken during the year. \$74,246 worth of property was recovered.

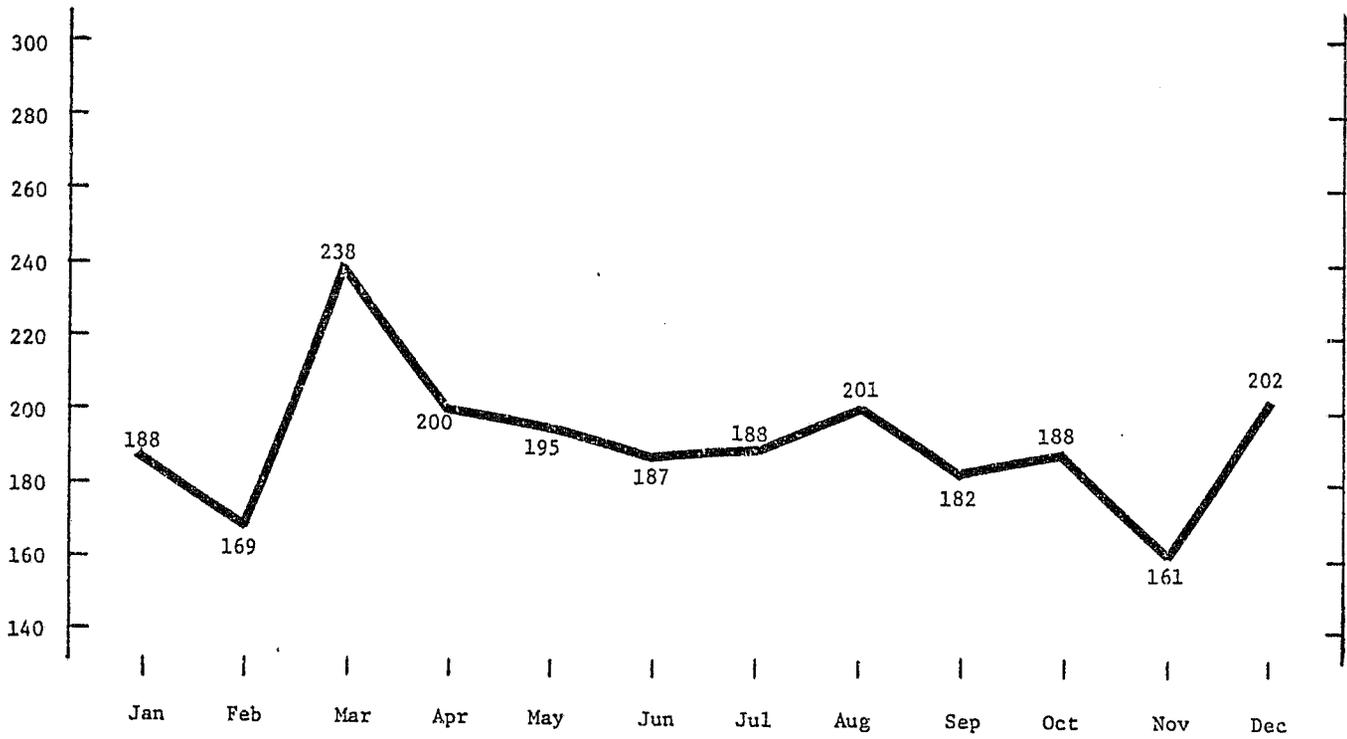
518 cases, 23% of the total, were cleared - 189 by arrest, 329 due to lack of prosecution. Juvenile perpetrators were responsible for 147 of these incidents, adults for 371.

Beat 15 was the reporting area of greatest activity with 182 larcenies; Beat 18 followed closely with 180.

L A R C E N Y

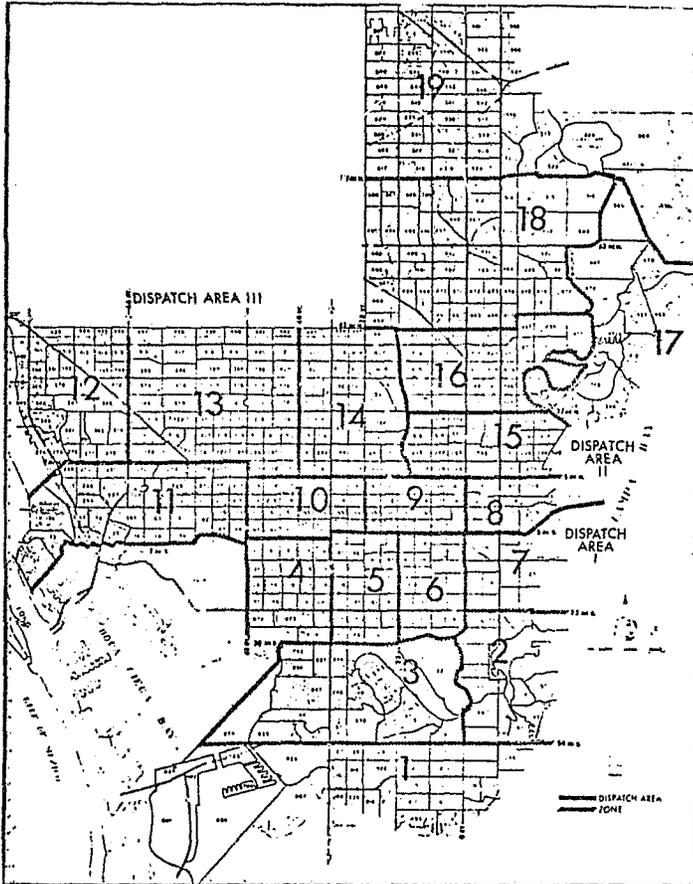
OTHER

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BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - OTHER

1977

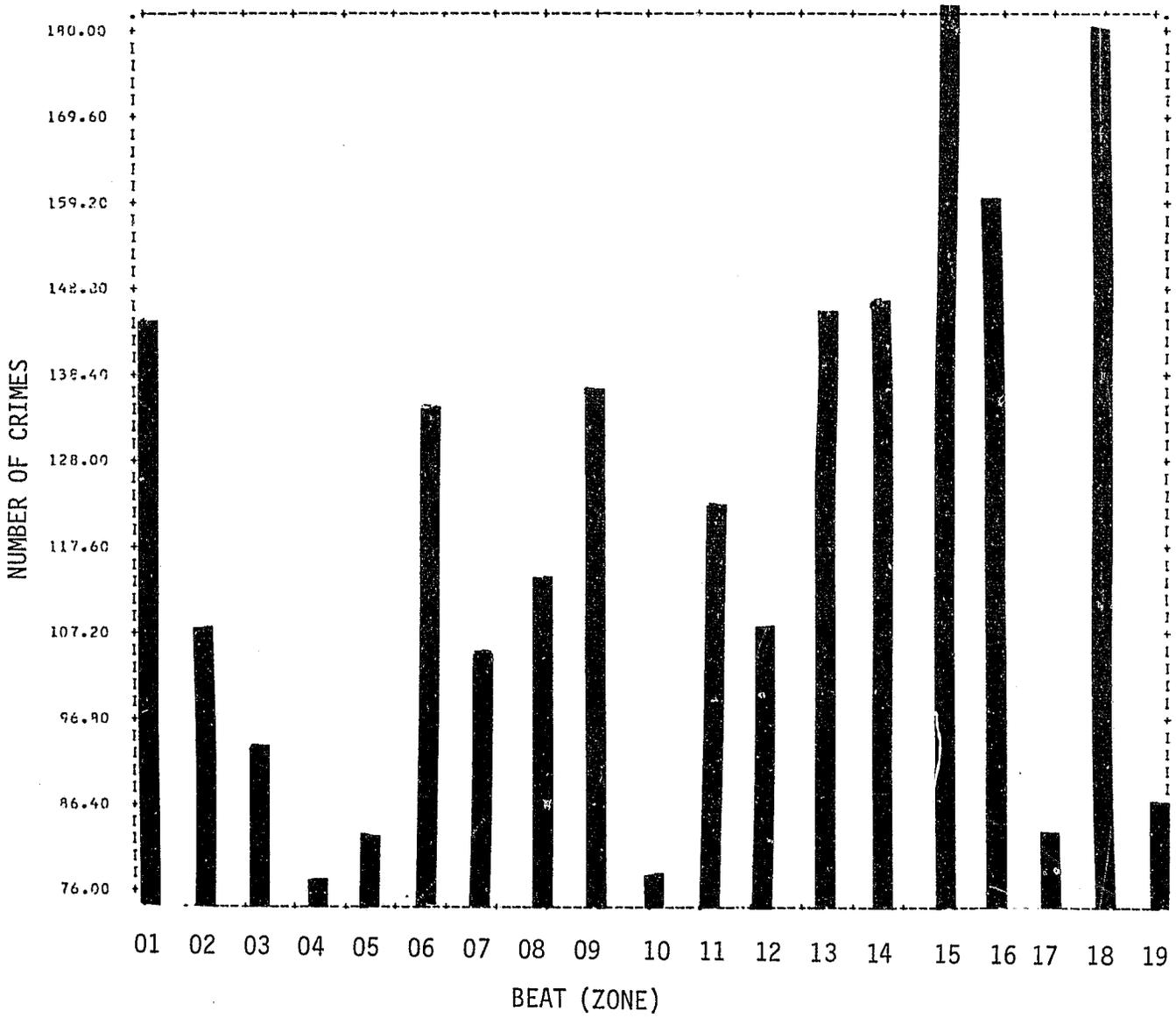


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

ZONE NUMBER	LARCENY - OTHER				
	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976	
01	145	16.8	6.3	HIGH	-15.2
02	108	14.7	4.7	MODERATE	-15.0
03	93	14.6	4.0	LOW	-7.0
04	76	8.4	3.3	LOW	-24.0
05	84	8.6	3.7	LOW	-26.3
06	136	8.1	5.9	MODERATE	-23.6
07	105	9.5	4.6	MODERATE	-13.2
08	114	8.5	5.0	MODERATE	-14.3
09	138	12.0	6.0	MODERATE	-0.7
10	77	9.1	3.3	LOW	-24.5
11	123	21.4	5.4	MODERATE	0.0
12	109	9.0	4.7	MODERATE	3.8
13	145	18.0	6.3	HIGH	-10.5
14	148	16.7	6.4	HIGH	5.7
15	182	18.7	7.9	HIGH	-6.7
16	161	17.3	7.0	HIGH	-10.6
17	83	26.3	3.6	LOW	-12.6
18	180	16.8	7.8	HIGH	4.0
19	88	14.0	3.8	LOW	-17.8
UNK.	4	25.0	0.2		33.3
CITY	2299	13.0	100.0		-10.5

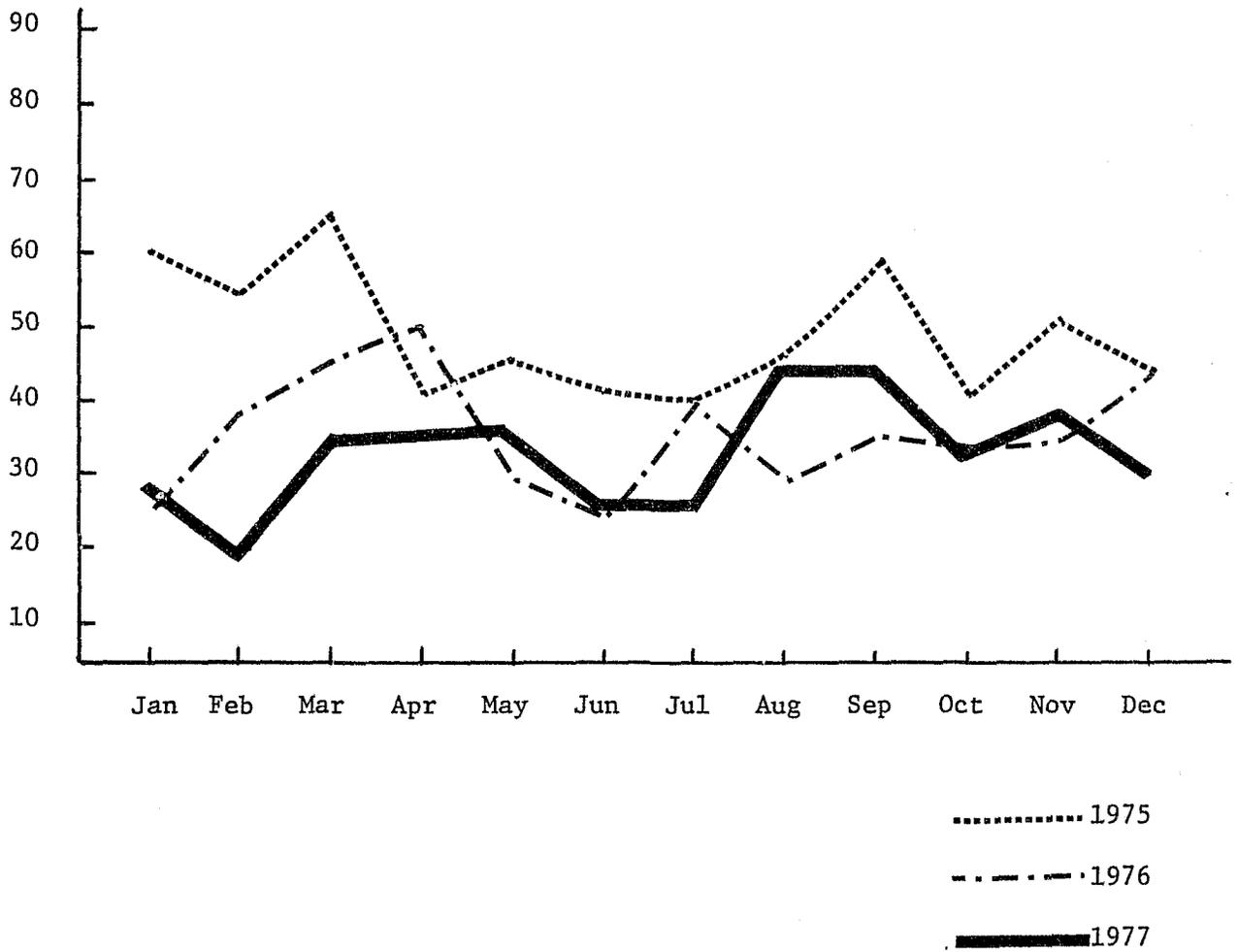
BEAT OVERVIEW - LARCENY - OTHER

1 9 7 7



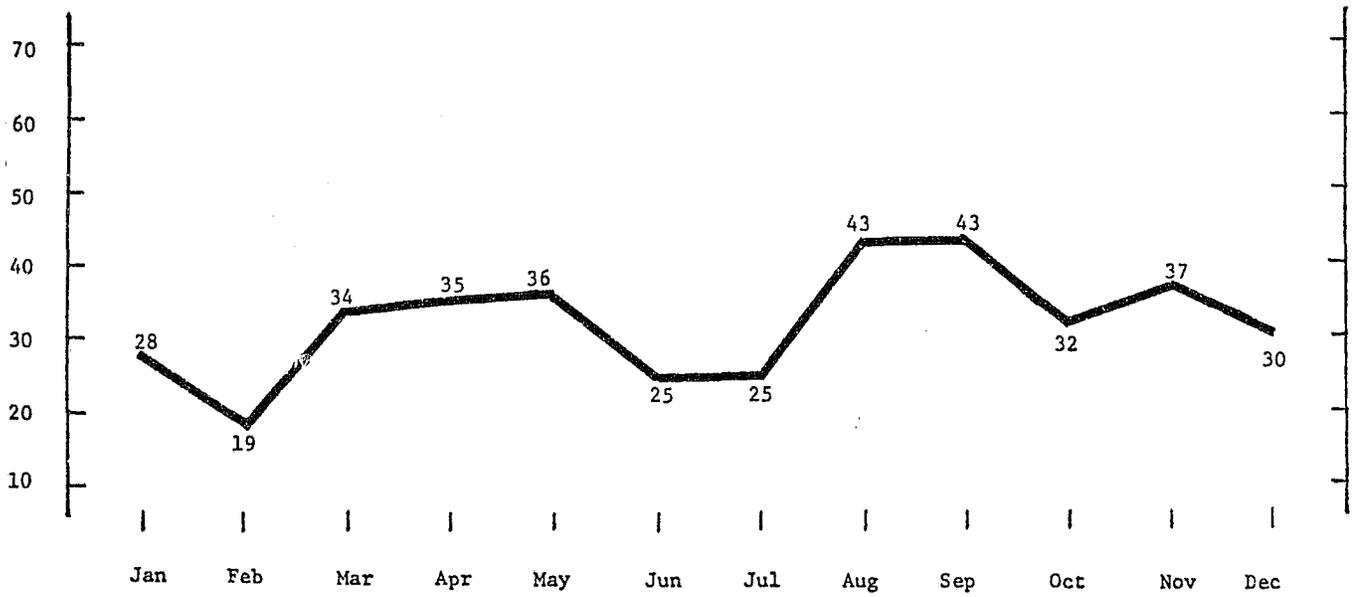
THREE-YEAR CRIME PATTERN  
1975-1977

AUTO THEFT



AUTO THEFT

1 9 7 7



## AUTO THEFT

387 motor vehicles were reported stolen during 1977. August and September were the months of heaviest activity, with 86 vehicles stolen. Losses the entire year soared to \$596,718, a citywide per capita loss of \$2.52. Recovery levels were high, however, with \$427,625 in vehicles returned to victim owners. This registers a 77% recovery rate.

Of the thefts, 71% were automobiles, 20% motorcycles and minibikes, and 9% trucks or vans.

Approximately 53% of the automobile owners facilitated the theft by leaving their vehicles unlocked. One-fourth of them further assisted the culprit by leaving the keys in the ignition or somewhere within the vehicle.

73% of the victims were white, the majority in the 35-45 age bracket. Suspects went unnoticed in 70% of the cases. When observed, they were described most frequently as white male teenagers.

Vehicles were most often removed from business parking lots (19%). Apartment parking lots and residential streets claimed another 23%. The most vulnerable time span appeared to be 2000-2300 hours. Many, however, were not discovered until morning, and actual time of occurrence was impossible to establish. Sundays were the most popular theft days, accounting for 17% of the incidents.

148 cases, 38% of the total, were cleared - 94 by arrest and 54 due to lack of prosecution. 48 of these thefts were closed by the apprehension of juveniles, 100 by adults.

Beats 18 and 19 were the areas of greatest activity, recording 76 thefts during the year. 50% of the incidents transpired on either a Thursday or

## AUTO THEFT

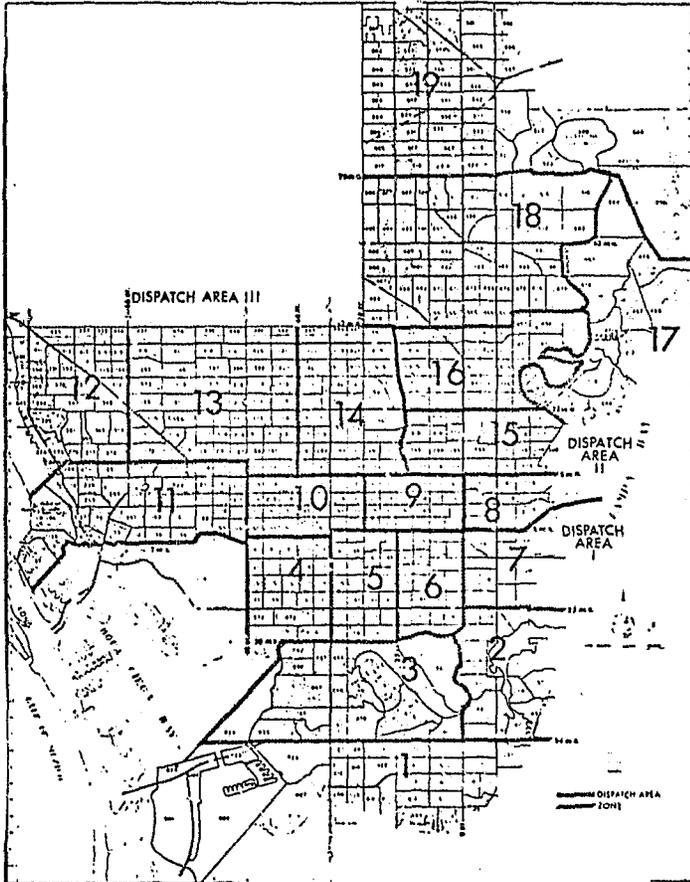
a Sunday. Nighttime thefts were twice as frequent as daytime thefts. 2300-0100 was a particularly vulnerable time period.

Vehicle owners assisted the culprits by leaving their vehicles unlocked in approximately 46% of the incidents. Suspects went undetected 78% of the time.

Motorcycles were the favored theft object in this area, representing 35% of the vehicles stolen. Apartment parking lots were the most active premises for auto thefts in Beats 18 and 19.

BEAT OVERVIEW - AUTO THEFT

1 9 7 7

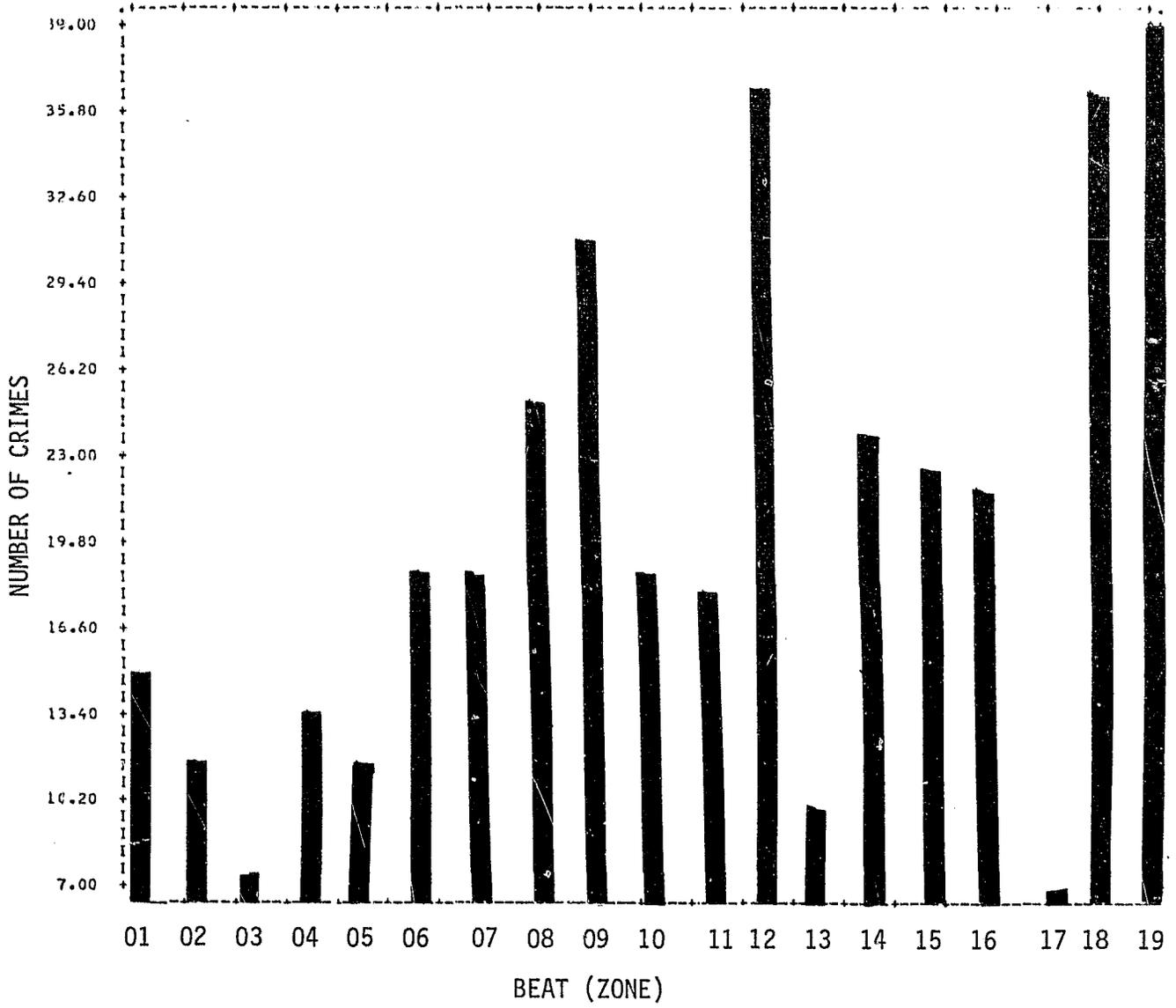


St. Petersburg  
Police Beats  
(Zones)

AUTO THEFT					
ZONE	NUMBER	PERCENT OF ZONE TOTAL	PERCENT OF CRIME TOTAL	VOLUME	PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1976
01	15	1.7	3.9	LOW	15.4
02	12	1.6	3.1	LOW	100.0
03	7	1.1	1.8	LOW	-46.2
04	14	1.6	3.6	LOW	16.7
05	12	1.2	3.1	LOW	-57.1
06	19	1.1	4.9	MODERATE	-32.1
07	19	1.1	4.9	MODERATE	-20.9
08	25	1.9	6.5	HIGH	8.7
09	31	2.7	8.0	HIGH	-16.2
10	19	2.2	4.9	MODERATE	-48.6
11	18	3.1	4.7	MODERATE	29.0
12	37	3.1	9.6	HIGH	23.3
13	10	1.2	2.6	LOW	-54.5
14	24	2.7	6.2	HIGH	-37.3
15	23	2.4	5.9	MODERATE	53.3
16	22	2.4	5.7	MODERATE	46.7
17	4	1.3	1.0	LOW	0.0
18	37	3.5	9.6	HIGH	-2.6
19	39	6.2	10.1	HIGH	34.5
UNK.	0	0.0	0.0		0.0
CITY	387	2.2	100.0		-8.7

BEAT OVERVIEW - AUTO THEFT

1 9 7 7



AGGREGATE CRIME COMPARISONS

CITY - COUNTY - STATE - NATION

SECTION D



INDEX CRIME TOTALS

1976 - 1977

	1977		1976		76/77 % Change
	No. of Incidents	% of Total	No. of Incidents	% of Total	
HOMICIDE	20	.1	18	.1	+ 11
RAPE TOTAL	93	.6	106	.6	- 12
Forcible	67	.4	72	.4	- 7
Attempt	26	.2	34	.2	- 23
ROBBERY TOTAL	503	3	555	3	- 9
Armed	196	1	202	1	- 3
Strongarm	307	2	353	2	- 13
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1159	7	1268	7	- 9
Gun	238	1	290	2	- 18
Knife	397	3	412	2	- 4
Other	446	3	486	3	- 8
Hands	78	.5	80	.5	- 3
BURGLARY	4175	27	5033	30	- 17
Residential	3289	21	4060	24	- 19
Commercial	886	6	973	6	- 9
LARCENY	9045	59	9429	56	- 4
Pickpocket	66	.4	67	.4	- 1
Purse Snatch	111	.7	129	.8	- 14
Shoplifting	1781	11	1765	10	+ 1
Auto Burglary	840	5	1009	6	- 17
Auto Larceny	1886	12	1952	12	- 3
Bike Theft	1110	7	1083	6	+ 2
Building Larc	827	5	679	4	+ 22
Coin-Op Mach	125	1	177	1	- 29
Other	2299	15	2568	15	- 10
AUTO THEFT	387	3	424	3	- 9
TOTAL	15382		16833		- 9

C R I M E C L O C K S

		<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>
Homicide	One every	18 days	20 days
Rape		4 days	3½ days
Robbery		17½ hours	16 hours
Armed		2 days	2 days
Unarmed		28½ hours	25 hours
Aggravated Assault		7½ hours	7 hours
Burglary		2 hours	2 hours
Residential		2½ hours	2 hours
Commercial		10 hours	9 hours
Larceny		58 minutes	55 minutes
Pickpocket		5½ days	5½ days
Purse Snatch		3 days	3 days
Shoplifting		5 hours	5 hours
Auto Burglary		10½ hours	8½ hours
Auto Larceny		4½ hours	4½ hours
Bicycle Theft		8 hours	8 hours
Building Larc.		10½ hours	13 hours
Coin-op Machines		3 days	2 days
Other		4 hours	3½ hours
Auto Theft		22½ hours	21 hours

MAJOR METROPOLITAN AREAS OF PINELLAS COUNTY\*

INDEX CRIMES 1977

	<u>Index Crime</u>	<u>Estimated Population</u>	<u>Rate Per 1000</u>	<u>Rate Per 100</u>
St. Petersburg Police Department	15382	237,000	64.9	6.5
Pinellas County Sheriff's Office	7697	207,000	37.2	3.7
Clearwater Police Department	6446	87,000	74.1	7.4
Largo Police Department	2331	60,000	38.8	3.9
Pinellas Park Police Department	1834	35,000	52.4	5.2
Gulfport Police Department	689	13,000	53.0	5.3
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	34379	639,000	53.8	5.4

	<u>% of Area Population</u>	<u>% of All Index Crime</u>
St. Petersburg	37%	45%
Pinellas County	32%	22%
Clearwater	14%	19%
Largo	9%	7%
Pinellas Park	6%	5%
Gulfport	2%	2%
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	100%	100%

\* These six areas of jurisdiction represent 84% of the total population of Pinellas County. (760,000)

INDEX CRIMES - FLORIDA CITIES

1 9 7 7

<u>City Population</u>	<u>Orlando 120,000</u>	<u>Holly- wood 128,000</u>	<u>Hialeah 150,000</u>	<u>Ft. Laud- erdale 158,000</u>	<u>Tampa 292,000</u>	<u>Miami 344,000</u>	<u>Jackson- ville 578,000</u>	<u>ST. PETERSBURG 237,000</u>
HOMICIDE	15	15	13	25	32	81	91	20
RAPE	85	30	17	48	191	176	396	93
ROBBERY	274	270	136	392	1057	2467	1589	503
AGG ASSAULT	769	369	443	221	1838	2585	2177	1159
BURGLARY	2957	2234	1351	4616	7030	10048	10591	4175
LARCENY	6451	7116	3977	9243	14155	16545	20339	9045
AUTO THEFT	539	723	590	832	1131	2276	1908	387
T O T A L	11090	10757	6527	15377	25434	34178	37091	15382
% Change 76/77	-4%	-6%	-3%	-5%	-10%	-7%	-8%	-9%
RATE* *Per 1,000	92.4	84.0	43.5	97.3	87.1	99.3	64.1	64.9

NATIONAL METROPOLITAN CRIME COMPARISONS

1 9 7 7

The nineteen cities charted on the following page were selected for comparison with St. Petersburg on the basis of population. They were ranked by the 1976 World Almanac as all U. S. cities in the 200,000 to 300,000 population range. Migration has resulted in some fluctuation with the most current estimates listed on the chart.

The total number of Index Crimes for 1977 and 1976 are recorded. The change experienced between these time spans is provided, as well as the Uniform Crime Reporting Clearance rate. The City's population composition, crime rate per 1,000, and an estimated number of sworn officers are also included.

Only 3 of the cities are still realizing a rise in crime, ranging from 1-13%. Decreases vary from -1 to -17%. St. Petersburg reported a drop of 9%.

Clearance rates also differ greatly. The highest percentage, 32%, was recorded by two cities: St. Petersburg, and Rochester, New York.

NATIONWIDE METROPOLITAN CRIME COMPARISONS

1 9 7 7

CITY	POPULATION	POPULATION COMPOSITION			INDEX CRIMES		RATE PER 1,000	# SWORN OFFICERS	% CHANGE		UCR CLEARANCE RATE
		WHT	BLK	*	1977	1976			'75-76	'76-77	
Charlotte, N. Carolina	305,000	67%	33%	-	22,993	23,655	75.4	555	- 2%	- 3%	22%
St. Paul, Minnesota	304,651	93%	7%	-	20,559	24,276	67.5	540	+ 7%	-15%	21%**
Austin, Texas	300,400	75%	12%	13%	23,536	24,098	61.9	460	+20%	- 2%	30%
Birmingham, Alabama	300,000	55%	45%	-	24,977	26,074	83.2	675	+ 2%	- 4%	20%
Albuquerque, N. Mexico	294,000	46%	10%	44%	23,958	28,425	81.5	491	+12%	-16%	25%
Tampa, Florida	292,013	75%	14%	11%	25,434	28,203	87.1	648	- 7%	-10%	27%
Norfolk, Virginia	290,000	55%	45%	-	19,444	21,152	67.0	570	- 6%	- 8%	27%
Akron, Ohio	276,450	80%	20%	-	17,690	21,221	64.0	470	- 9%	-17%	20%
Rochester, New York	275,000	80%	20%	-	26,507	26,056	96.4	611	+11%	+ 2%	32%
Wichita, Kansas	263,499	77%	23%	-	20,504	20,259	77.8	380	- 4%	+ 1%	27%
Sacramento, California	260,713	75%	11%	14%	26,999	28,522	103.5	524	+ 7%	- 5%	15%
Jersey City, New Jersey	260,548	68%	32%	-	15,039	17,690	57.7	977	+ 3%	-15%	9%**
Richmond, Virginia	233,100	63%	35%	2%	18,014	18,213	77.3	508	-10%	- 1%	26%
Corpus Christi, Texas	220,000	37%	12%	51%	16,766	17,417	76.2	324	+ 4%	- 4%	20%
Dayton, Ohio	205,986	67%	33%	-	24,286	25,385	117.9	462	- 8%	- 4%	28%
Yonkers, New York	210,000	89%	9%	2%	11,329	11,644	53.9	484	+10%	- 3%	10%
Des Moines, Iowa	200,000	98%	1%	1%	15,156	15,680	75.8	323	+ 2%	- 3%	22%
Syracuse, New York	183,000	78%	22%	-	13,285	13,807	72.6	483	+ 9%	- 4%	24%**
Grand Rapids, Michigan	193,500	84%	16%	-	14,657	13,015	75.7	310	+21%	+13%	15%
ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA	236,413	84%	16%	-	15,382	16,833	65.1	444	-17%	- 9%	32%

\* Mexican, Spanish, or Indian

\*\* 1976 clearance rate, current figures not available

VICTIM/SUSPECT ANALYSIS

SECTION E

CRIME BY VICTIM/SUSPECT TYPOLOGY

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	Total 1977	V I C T I M					S U S P E C T				
		Sex		Commercial	Race		Sex		Unknown	Race	
		% M	% F		% Wht	% Blk	% M	% F		% Wht	% Blk
HOMICIDE	20	70	30	0	55	45	45	20	35	25	40
RAPE - Actual	67	0	100	0	60	40	100	0	0	45	55
RAPE - Attempt	26	0	100	0	65	35	96	4	0	42	58
ROBBERY - Armed	196	35	10	55	35	10	94	6	0	36	64
ROBBERY - Unarmed	307	47	50	3	79	18	93	5	2	23	75
ASSAULT - Aggravated	1159	61	39	0	40	60	79	19	2	34	64
ASSAULT - Simple	2268	42	58	0	58	42	89	11	0	49	51
BURGLARY - RESIDENTIAL	3289	52	48	0	77	23	19	1	80	8	11
BURGLARY - COMMERCIAL	886	0	0	100	0	0	20	0	80	8	12
BURGLARY - AUTO	840	55	35	10	78	11	29	1	70	18	12
LARCENY	8205	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pickpocket	66	68	32	0	73	27	52	18	30	14	56
Purse Snatch	111	7	93	0	89	11	94	2	4	21	75
Shoplifting	1781	0	0	100	0	0	61	37	2	58	40
Auto Parts	1886	62	29	9	76	15	11	0	89	6	5
Bicycle Theft	1110	74	26	0	76	24	15	1	84	5	11
From Buildings	827	19	50	31	61	8	32	4	64	11	25
Coin-Op Machines	125	2	0	98	2	0	40	0	60	26	14
Other	2299	42	39	19	66	15	28	7	65	20	15
AUTO THEFT	387	63	24	13	73	14	27	3	70	22	8
T O T A L	17650	42	36	22	57	21	41	8	51	23	26
Population:	236,413										
White/Black:	84%/16%										
Male/Female:	46%/54%										



CLEARANCE, CLOSURE, AND ARREST  
INFORMATION

SECTION F



A R R E S T S

INDEX CRIMES

1977

<u>Crime</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Sex</u>		<u>Race</u>	
		<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>White</u>	<u>Black</u>
HOMICIDE	19	13	6	12	7
Adult	18	12	6	11	7
Juvenile	1	1	0	1	0
SEXUAL BATTERY	38	37	1	18	20
Adult	34	33	1	18	16
Juvenile	4	4	0	0	4
ROBBERY	119	109	10	47	72
Adult	81	77	4	35	46
Juvenile	38	32	6	12	26
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	390	331	59	156	234
Adult	317	275	42	122	195
Juvenile	73	56	17	34	39
BURGLARY	776	707	69	382	394
Adult	271	247	24	140	131
Juvenile	505	460	45	242	263
LARCENY	2377	1591	786	1448	929
Adult	1225	786	439	836	389
Juvenile	1152	805	347	612	540
AUTO THEFT	96	84	12	71	25
Adult	46	41	5	32	14
Juvenile	50	43	7	39	11
T O T A L	3815	2872	943	2134	1681
Adult	1992	1471	521	1194	798
Juvenile	1823	1401	422	940	883
PERCENTAGE TOTALS:		75%	25%	56%	44%
Adult	52%				
Juvenile	48%				

A R R E S T S

1 9 7 7

PART II OFFENSES

	<u>Adults</u>	<u>Juveniles</u>	<u>Total</u>
MANSLAUGHTER	0	1	1
SIMPLE ASSAULT	291	165	456
ARSON	9	11	20
FORGERY & COUNTERFEITING	88	1	89
FRAUD	95	2	97
WORTHLESS CHECKS	95	0	95
EMBEZZLEMENT	1	0	1
STOLEN PROPERTY	46	80	126
VANDALISM	23	214	237
WEAPONS POSSESSION	97	25	122
PROSTITUTION	87	5	92
SEX OFFENSES	95	14	109
NARCOTICS-SALE	117	28	145
NARCOTICS-POSSESSION	450	194	644
GAMBLING	114	0	114
OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY	10	0	10
DWI	1003	25	1028
LIQUOR LAWS	66	146	212
DRUNKENNESS	711	52	763
DISORDERLY CONDUCT	71	79	150
VAGRANCY	124	7	131
CURFEW-LOITERING	---	64	64
RUNAWAY	---	1319	1319
OTHER	690	1104	1794
T O T A L	4283	3536	7819

PERCENTAGE OF INDEX CRIMES CLEARED\*

UNIFORM CRIME REPORT

	<u>St. Petersburg 1977</u>	<u>St. Petersburg 1976</u>	<u>Florida 1976</u>	<u>United States 1976</u>
HOMICIDE	55%	83%	81%	79%
RAPE	67%	56%	53%	52%
ROBBERY	36%	44%	29%	27%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	80%	84%	64%	63%
BURGLARY	21%	26%	19%	17%
LARCENY	29%	28%	18%	19%
AUTO THEFT	38%	50%	20%	14%
T O T A L	32%	33%	22%	21%

\* Clearance rates reflect the percentage of offenses cleared either by arrest or exceptional means. A crime is "cleared by arrest" when at least one subject is arrested, charged with the commission of the offense, and turned over to the court for prosecution. An "exceptional clearance" occurs when investigation has definitely established the identity of the offender and, while there is enough information to support a charge, some reason outside police control prohibits arrest and/or prosecution.

CLOSURE RATES

Departmental Activity Sheet

1 9 7 7

The activity chart below may be interpreted in the following manner -/- = Closures/Total Offenses  
% = Percentage Closed

Offense	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
HOMICIDE	3/3 100%	1/1 100%	2/4 50%	1/1 100%	2/4 50%	0/1 0%	1/2 50%	1/2 50%	1/3 33%	0/0 ---	0/0 ---	2/3 67%	14/24 58%
SEXUAL BATTERY	9/10 90%	4/6 67%	10/12 83%	8/8 100%	3/3 100%	7/12 58%	9/10 90%	4/6 67%	9/9 100%	4/10 40%	8/15 53%	6/8 75%	81/109 74%
ROBBERY	21/43 49%	10/39 26%	23/56 41%	17/36 47%	10/24 42%	7/19 37%	10/32 31%	9/31 29%	5/31 16%	9/37 24%	34/58 59%	14/45 31%	169/451 37%
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	64/74 86%	73/84 87%	77/84 92%	80/106 75%	80/95 84%	109/129 85%	73/90 81%	93/106 88%	96/102 94%	84/96 87%	59/99 60%	80/89 90%	968/1154 84%
BREAKING & ENTERING	126/549 23%	96/501 19%	133/621 21%	105/514 20%	108/472 23%	115/469 25%	105/442 24%	116/586 20%	98/540 18%	103/531 19%	128/514 25%	119/530 22%	1352/6269 21%
LARCENY	244/663 37%	253/631 40%	234/658 35%	248/728 34%	223/605 37%	218/646 34%	229/609 38%	250/620 40%	201/657 31%	221/699 32%	204/682 30%	232/670 35%	2757/7868 35%
AUTO THEFT	18/38 47%	17/20 85%	38/55 69%	23/45 51%	26/57 46%	14/29 48%	20/29 69%	32/58 55%	24/46 52%	25/40 63%	28/47 60%	19/39 49%	284/503 56%
T O T A L	485/1380 35%	454/1282 35%	517/1490 35%	482/1438 33%	452/1260 36%	470/1305 36%	447/1214 37%	505/1409 36%	434/1388 31%	446/1413 31%	461/1415 33%	472/1384 34%	5625/16378 34%

\* Closure rates reflect the percentage of cases closed as the result of departmental investigation. Totals are not consistent with clearances recorded in this Report under "Percentage of Index Crimes Cleared - Uniform Crime Report," as offenses are categorized according to Florida law rather than Uniform Crime Reporting specifications. As police officials process numerous reports which are not even classified by UCR, monthly closure rates serve as an internal measure of activity. (These figures include cases investigated by both the Criminal Investigation Division and Youth Services.)

BEAT ANALYSIS

SECTION G



BEAT SUMMATION - 1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	B E A T   O F   O C C U R R E N C E																			UNK.	TOTAL
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	2	2	3	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	2	0	20
RAPE	1	4	3	5	9	17	9	2	7	2	3	1	1	6	6	7	0	4	4	2	93
ARMED ROBBERY	11	4	4	13	23	21	9	14	17	20	7	4	4	11	8	9	0	12	5	0	196
UNARMED ROBBERY	3	14	7	21	19	30	30	51	42	42	1	8	5	7	18	5	0	0	4	0	307
AGG. ASSAULT	20	31	24	80	155	291	79	39	126	33	20	27	27	34	60	40	7	44	22	0	1159
SIMPLE ASSAULT	74	66	62	119	203	377	159	140	249	70	54	78	64	91	129	87	20	151	73	2	2268
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	134	256	96	296	132	318	336	109	163	143	140	82	165	154	198	195	87	177	108	0	3289
COMMERCIAL B&E	44	20	10	37	77	148	51	65	76	38	34	30	33	49	69	23	7	46	29	0	886
PICKPOCKET	0	0	1	0	5	6	2	20	16	4	0	5	1	1	2	0	0	1	2	0	66
PURSE SNATCH	1	2	2	5	5	4	14	24	6	14	3	3	5	1	9	9	0	3	1	0	111
SHOPLIFTING	124	31	122	52	9	20	16	399	16	127	37	425	52	75	20	145	3	47	61	0	1781
AUTO BURGLARY	39	24	34	21	44	52	48	58	47	53	23	83	64	39	49	36	16	60	43	7	840
AUTO LARCENY	101	103	98	68	95	91	138	70	114	108	58	168	124	116	82	91	46	136	78	1	1886
BICYCLE THEFT	121	39	37	64	72	92	26	49	33	43	28	72	58	77	55	38	34	137	35	0	1110
BUILDING LARCENY	29	16	25	25	26	38	54	161	59	50	21	72	43	51	49	54	5	29	20	0	827
COIN-OP MACHINES	3	5	11	5	4	15	6	5	6	5	4	3	4	4	13	9	1	6	16	0	125
LARCENY-OTHER	145	108	93	76	84	136	105	114	138	77	123	109	145	148	182	161	83	180	88	4	2299
AUTO THEFT	15	12	7	14	12	19	19	25	31	19	18	37	10	24	23	22	4	37	39	0	387
T O T A L	865	735	636	903	976	1678	1102	1347	1149	848	574	1207	805	888	973	931	315	1072	630	16	17650

130

BEAT SUMMATION - 1 9 7 6\*

CRIME CATEGORY	B E A T O F O C C U R R E N C E																			UNK.	TOTAL	
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19			
HOMICIDE	0	1	0	2	4	4	2	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	18
RAPE	5	10	4	12	6	13	13	6	4	6	3	2	4	6	5	1	1	2	2	1	106	
ARMED ROBBERY	3	3	5	15	24	27	16	10	10	19	7	4	8	16	10	14	0	5	6	0	202	
UNARMED ROBBERY	6	23	6	44	21	38	53	58	42	10	0	5	6	3	22	11	1	4	0	0	353	
AGG. ASSAULT	32	46	18	86	210	317	65	54	175	32	13	22	22	20	42	20	17	54	22	1	1268	
SIMPLE ASSAULT	82	96	45	171	224	332	137	143	250	80	51	64	75	87	129	72	26	125	59	1	2249	
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	170	336	118	416	219	458	399	85	227	151	163	140	197	154	248	175	97	201	106	0	4060	
COMMERCIAL B&E	52	11	25	37	106	119	40	67	80	58	52	50	31	48	70	31	11	60	25	0	973	
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	1	7	10	2	10	16	3	0	4	1	1	4	3	0	2	2	1	67	
PURSE SNATCH	0	6	1	6	8	8	11	32	10	9	0	7	7	3	10	6	0	4	1	0	129	
SHOPLIFTING	107	41	73	39	22	13	5	382	23	196	43	397	56	84	41	118	6	46	73	0	1765	
AUTO BURGLARY	55	23	28	45	61	69	57	77	85	47	48	76	52	49	70	42	13	67	43	2	1009	
AUTO LARCENY	92	42	91	68	100	115	82	100	146	102	75	177	133	110	85	82	53	167	126	6	1952	
BICYCLE THEFT	143	35	53	42	60	53	39	44	25	20	39	96	96	49	43	39	29	134	44	0	1083	
BUILDING LARCENY	31	11	24	18	24	36	45	132	39	40	19	61	37	47	26	19	4	44	22	0	679	
COIN-OP MACHINES	10	3	7	3	6	16	4	11	10	13	2	3	6	8	10	17	0	21	27	0	177	
LARCENY-OTHER	171	127	100	100	114	178	121	133	139	102	123	105	162	140	195	180	95	173	107	3	2568	
AUTO THEFT	13	6	13	12	28	28	24	23	37	37	14	30	22	36	15	15	4	38	29	0	424	
T O T A L	972	820	611	1117	1244	1834	1115	1367	1320	926	653	1243	915	861	1026	845	357	1147	694	15	19082	

\* Zone configuration differs from that used in 1976. The nineteen Beat Structure was not implemented until September 1977, but totals for the first eight months of 1977, as well as 1976, were converted for ease in comparison.



PRIORITY RESPONSE TIME PROFILE\*

Priority response time serves as an important measurement of patrol performance. The significance of low response times can be illustrated by the following three relationships: 1). Rapid response to priority calls has been shown to enhance the likelihood of on-the-scene apprehension. 2). Prompt arrival to a call involving an injured person often provides that critical time needed to administer "life-saving" emergency treatment. 3). Citizen satisfaction of police service is influenced by quick response to an emergency call.

The table below depicts the geographic breakdown of the frequency and average response time to calls received during 1977. Average response times ranged from 4 minutes in Beat 09 to 8.4 minutes in Beat 17. The citywide average was 5.1 minutes. The current beat configuration (implemented 19 September 1977) should result in improved response times to emergency calls during 1978.

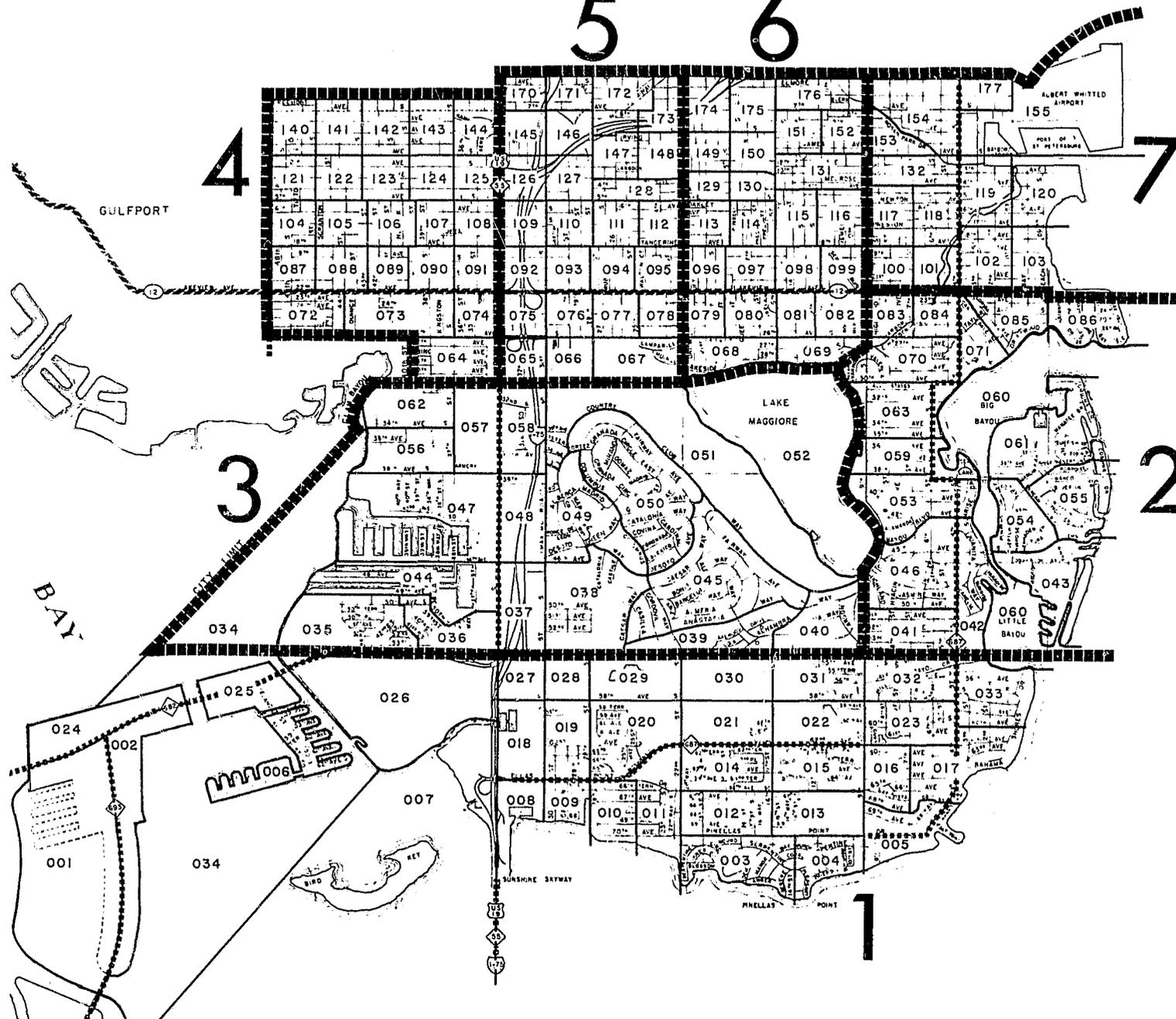
Number & Average Response Times  
of Priority Calls by Beat

	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Citywide
Total Priority Calls	441	431	351	561	879	1004	598	873	950	722	521	694	728	704	804	666	309	796	506	12538
Average Response Times	6.6	5.9	6.3	5.3	4.4	4.7	5.2	4.1	4.0	4.2	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.1	4.8	5.7	8.4	5.6	5.9	5.1

\* Response time is the time lapse from receipt of an emergency call to an officer's arrival at the scene.

# DISPATCH AREA I

## 5 6





B E A T 01

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 01 is located in the southern portion of the city. It encompasses the area south of 54 Avenue to Pinellas Point and the Sunshine Skyway. It extends east-west from Tampa Bay to Boca Ciega Bay.

The area is predominantly residential with a high presence of apartment complexes. It includes such neighborhood areas as Pinellas Point, Bayway Isles, Bahama Shores, and Bay Vista. Commercial property is limited primarily to the 34 Street area.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	15,291
Male:	46%
Female:	54%
White:	96%
Black:	4%
Under 18:	18.31% *
Over 62:	62.21% *
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	7,173
Single-Family:	3,625
Multi-Family:	3,544
Mobile Homes/other:	4
Vacant:	19%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 01 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
RAPE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-80
ARMED ROBBERY	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	3	2	11	+267
UNARMED ROBBERY	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	-50
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	0	1	3	2	4	1	1	4	0	2	1	1	20	-37
SIMPLE ASSAULT	1	2	5	8	14	8	0	8	6	5	7	9	74	-10
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	10	7	19	16	12	5	9	11	13	12	8	12	134	-21
COMMERCIAL B&E	2	4	2	2	6	1	4	5	3	2	5	8	44	-15
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	--
SHOPLIFTING	24	14	10	7	19	14	9	8	3	3	5	8	124	+16
AUTO BURGLARY	4	2	3	4	5	2	0	5	2	4	6	2	39	-29
AUTO LARCENY	6	6	12	11	7	4	4	16	9	12	13	6	101	+10
BICYCLE THEFT	2	6	13	12	22	5	7	7	12	16	8	11	121	-15
BUILDING LARCENY	4	3	2	4	1	2	1	4	1	3	2	2	29	- 6
COIN-OP MACHINES	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	-70
LARCENY-OTHER	8	5	14	19	13	22	13	10	14	10	11	6	145	-15
AUTO THEFT	2	2	1	1	1	1	0	1	2	1	3	0	15	+15
T O T A L	65	54	87	88	100	65	49	80	65	73	72	67	865	-11

B E A T 02

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 02 is located in the southeastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area east of 9 Street to Tampa Bay, between 22 Avenue and 54 Avenue, South.

The area is predominantly residential, mostly single family dwellings. It includes such neighborhood areas as Coquina Key, Driftwood, and Tropical Shores. This area also has a large number of trailer parks, most of them located just east of 9 Street. Apartment complexes are generally along the Bay. Commercial property is limited primarily to the 9 Street area.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	9,803
Male:	47%
Female:	53%
White:	89%
Black:	11%
Under 18:	22% *
Over 62:	37% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 4,774
Single-Family:	3,388
Multi-Family:	750
Mobile Homes/other:	636
Vacant:	9%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 02 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
RAPE	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	- 60
ARMED ROBBERY	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	+ 33
UNARMED ROBBERY	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	5	14	- 39
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	4	0	2	3	0	2	1	4	4	5	5	1	31	- 33
SIMPLE ASSAULT	7	4	7	4	10	3	6	5	4	7	6	3	66	- 31
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	15	22	30	22	13	11	17	24	29	28	20	25	256	- 24
COMMERCIAL B&E	0	0	3	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	2	0	20	+ 82
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	- 67
SHOPLIFTING	3	5	3	3	1	4	2	0	3	2	3	2	31	- 24
AUTO BURGLARY	2	0	2	0	3	0	5	2	2	3	3	2	24	+ 4
AUTO LARCENY	0	1	9	3	6	6	18	32	5	6	10	7	103	+145
BICYCLE THEFT	2	1	6	3	3	0	6	3	8	1	3	3	39	+ 11
BUILDING LARCENY	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	0	2	1	3	4	16	+ 45
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	5	+ 67
LARCENY-OTHER	9	4	7	8	8	10	13	11	10	6	16	6	108	- 15
AUTO THEFT	1	1	1	1	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	12	+100
T O T A L	44	39	72	55	54	40	73	85	75	65	71	62	735	- 10

B E A T 03

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 03 is located in the south central portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 9 Street, west to Boca Ciega Bay, between 30 Avenue and 54 Avenue, South. It includes such neighborhood areas as Lakewood Estates, Broadwater, and Maximo Moorings. The area is predominantly residential, with commercial property limited primarily to the 34 Street area. Apartment complexes are generally west of 34 Street.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	7,832
Male:	48%
Female:	52%
White:	83%
Black:	17%
Under 18:	31% *
Over 62:	21% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 3,544
Single-Family:	2,102
Multi-Family:	1,441
Mobile Homes/other:	1
Vacant:	18%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available

BEAT 03 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
RAPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3	- 25
ARMED ROBBERY	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	- 20
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	7	+ 17
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2	2	2	1	4	3	2	3	0	3	2	0	24	+ 33
SIMPLE ASSAULT	8	3	6	5	8	4	2	7	2	6	5	6	62	+ 38
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	4	13	12	10	5	6	12	8	5	7	7	7	96	- 19
COMMERCIAL B&E	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	0	10	- 60
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	+100
SHOPLIFTING	10	3	3	6	8	6	16	18	11	11	11	19	122	+ 49
AUTO BURGLARY	6	2	1	0	5	4	1	4	4	3	1	3	34	+ 21
AUTO LARCENY	6	12	8	14	9	2	0	6	11	6	10	14	98	+ 8
BICYCLE THEFT	3	5	6	4	3	6	0	3	1	3	1	2	37	- 30
BUILDING LARCENY	3	0	1	1	0	3	2	4	0	5	3	3	25	+ 4
COIN-OP MACHINES	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	5	1	0	1	0	11	+ 57
LARCENY-OTHER	5	1	11	3	9	11	6	9	7	15	7	9	93	- 7
AUTO THEFT	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	0	7	- 46
T O T A L	48	43	58	45	55	47	45	70	47	60	51	67	636	+ 4

B E A T 04

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 04 is located in the southwestern portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 34 Street to 49 Street, between Fairfield and 30 Avenues, South.

The area is predominantly residential, mostly single-family dwellings. Commercial property is located on 34 Street, 49 Street, and 22 Avenue, South.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	8,146
Male:	46%
Female:	54%
White:	49%
Black:	51%
Under 18:	19% *
Over 62:	32% *
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	3,374
Single-Family:	3,101
Multi-Family:	262
Mobile Homes/other	11
Vacant:	15%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 04 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2	--
RAPE	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	5	- 58
ARMED ROBBERY	0	1	1	2	2	0	1	1	1	3	0	1	13	- 13
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	2	1	2	0	3	3	3	3	1	3	21	- 52
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	3	10	5	7	11	13	4	6	7	2	11	1	80	- 7
SIMPLE ASSAULT	8	9	11	8	16	11	4	17	7	6	14	8	119	- 30
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	33	29	27	32	29	25	19	23	22	23	18	16	296	- 29
COMMERCIAL B&E	9	1	1	4	0	1	3	1	3	3	3	8	37	--
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	5	- 17
SHOPLIFTING	6	10	2	3	4	1	6	2	3	0	6	9	52	+ 33
AUTO BURGLARY	4	1	1	2	3	2	0	3	1	2	1	1	21	- 53
AUTO LARCENY	9	7	4	2	3	4	5	9	7	5	1	12	68	--
BICYCLE THEFT	7	8	7	4	7	4	4	4	5	5	3	6	64	+ 52
BUILDING LARCENY	1	1	2	3	1	5	5	3	0	1	1	2	25	+ 39
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	+ 67
LARCENY-OTHER	7	3	5	9	6	2	7	11	6	5	6	9	76	- 24
AUTO THEFT	0	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	14	+ 17
T O T A L	87	81	72	80	87	70	62	85	68	63	67	81	903	- 19

B E A T 05

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 05 is located in the southern portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 22 Street to 34 Street, between Emerson and 30 Avenues, South. The area is predominantly residential, both multi and single-family dwellings. Commercial property is located primarily along 22 Street, 34 Street, and 22 Avenue.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	11,002
Male:	45%
Female:	55%
White:	1%
Black:	99%
Under 18:	43% *
Over 62:	11% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 3,696
Single-Family:	3,284
Multi-Family	408
Mobile Homes/other	4
Vacant:	9%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 05 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	- 50
RAPE	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	9	+ 50
ARMED ROBBERY	2	2	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	10	2	23	- 4
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	4	0	2	0	1	0	1	4	3	0	4	19	- 9
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	14	12	10	8	14	14	9	16	18	15	10	15	155	- 26
SIMPLE ASSAULT	19	15	14	17	24	22	13	20	14	10	21	14	203	- 9
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	9	12	18	10	11	13	4	11	5	14	9	16	132	- 40
COMMERCIAL B&E	8	13	11	1	8	3	4	6	5	7	5	6	77	- 27
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	5	- 29
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	5	- 37
SHOPLIFTING	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	9	- 59
AUTO BURGLARY	2	2	5	2	4	4	3	3	3	6	6	4	44	- 28
AUTO LARCENY	11	3	1	5	4	12	7	6	12	8	8	18	95	- 5
BICYCLE THEFT	3	6	6	8	3	4	9	9	7	7	3	7	72	+ 20
BUILDING LARCENY	2	5	3	3	2	0	0	0	4	0	4	3	26	+ 8
COIN-OP MACHINES	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	- 33
LARCENY-OTHER	9	11	8	7	7	5	9	5	6	4	6	7	84	- 26
AUTO THEFT	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	12	- 57
T O T A L	86	86	81	66	79	82	66	82	83	80	86	99	976	- 21

B E A T 06

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 06 is located in the southern portion of the city. It encompasses the area south of Emerson/5 Avenue to 30 Avenue, South. It extends east-west between 9 and 22 Streets, South. The area is predominantly residential, both single-family & multi-family dwellings. Commercial property is located on 22, 16 and 9 streets; and 22 and 5 Avenues, South.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	13,820
Male:	46%
Female:	54%
White:	5%
Black:	95%
Under 18:	39% *
Over 62:	13% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 4,846
Single-Family:	3,642
Multi-Family:	1,148
Mobile Homes/other:	56
Vacant:	11%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.



**CONTINUED**

**2 OF 3**

BEAT 06 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	- 25
RAPE	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	0	3	0	2	17	+ 31
ARMED ROBBERY	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	0	1	4	4	21	- 22
UNARMED ROBBERY	3	3	2	0	1	0	6	3	3	5	2	2	30	- 27
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	18	24	19	34	24	30	20	29	19	19	29	26	291	- 8
SIMPLE ASSAULT	29	29	27	32	41	35	33	49	23	27	24	28	377	+ 13
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	31	21	27	21	28	26	19	27	38	32	26	22	318	- 31
COMMERCIAL B&E	15	11	9	11	11	21	14	19	7	8	14	8	148	+ 24
PICKPOCKET	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	6	- 40
PURSE SNATCH	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	4	- 50
SHOPLIFTING	1	2	2	2	0	2	0	1	2	1	4	3	20	+ 54
AUTO BURGLARY	8	3	3	4	12	2	4	2	2	6	4	2	52	- 25
AUTO LARCENY	8	9	7	8	4	6	5	3	7	15	6	13	91	- 21
BICYCLE THEFT	7	4	7	17	9	7	7	10	10	4	4	6	92	+ 73
BUILDING LARCENY	4	2	3	4	2	4	4	3	3	3	5	1	38	+ 5
COIN-OP MACHINES	1	0	0	1	0	3	1	2	4	0	0	3	15	- 6
LARCENY-OTHER	7	12	4	6	9	10	13	19	19	14	9	14	136	- 24
AUTO THEFT	0	0	2	1	1	3	1	1	2	3	3	2	19	- 32
T O T A L	135	125	118	144	146	153	130	171	140	142	136	138	1678	- 9

B E A T 07

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 07 is located in the southeastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 9 Street east to Tampa Bay, between 5 Avenue and 22 Avenues, South. The area is predominantly commercial, having such facilities as Bayfront Center, hospitals, the airport, and the Hilton Hotel. Apartments outnumber single-family dwellings. The residential properties are generally in the southwestern portion of the beat. It includes such neighborhood areas as Roser Park and Mound Park.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	7,291
Male:	47%
Female:	53%
White:	70%
Black:	30%
Under 18:	5% *
Over 62:	72% *
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	4,142
Single-Family:	1,991
Multi-Family:	2,108
Mobile Homes/other:	43%
Vacant:	21%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

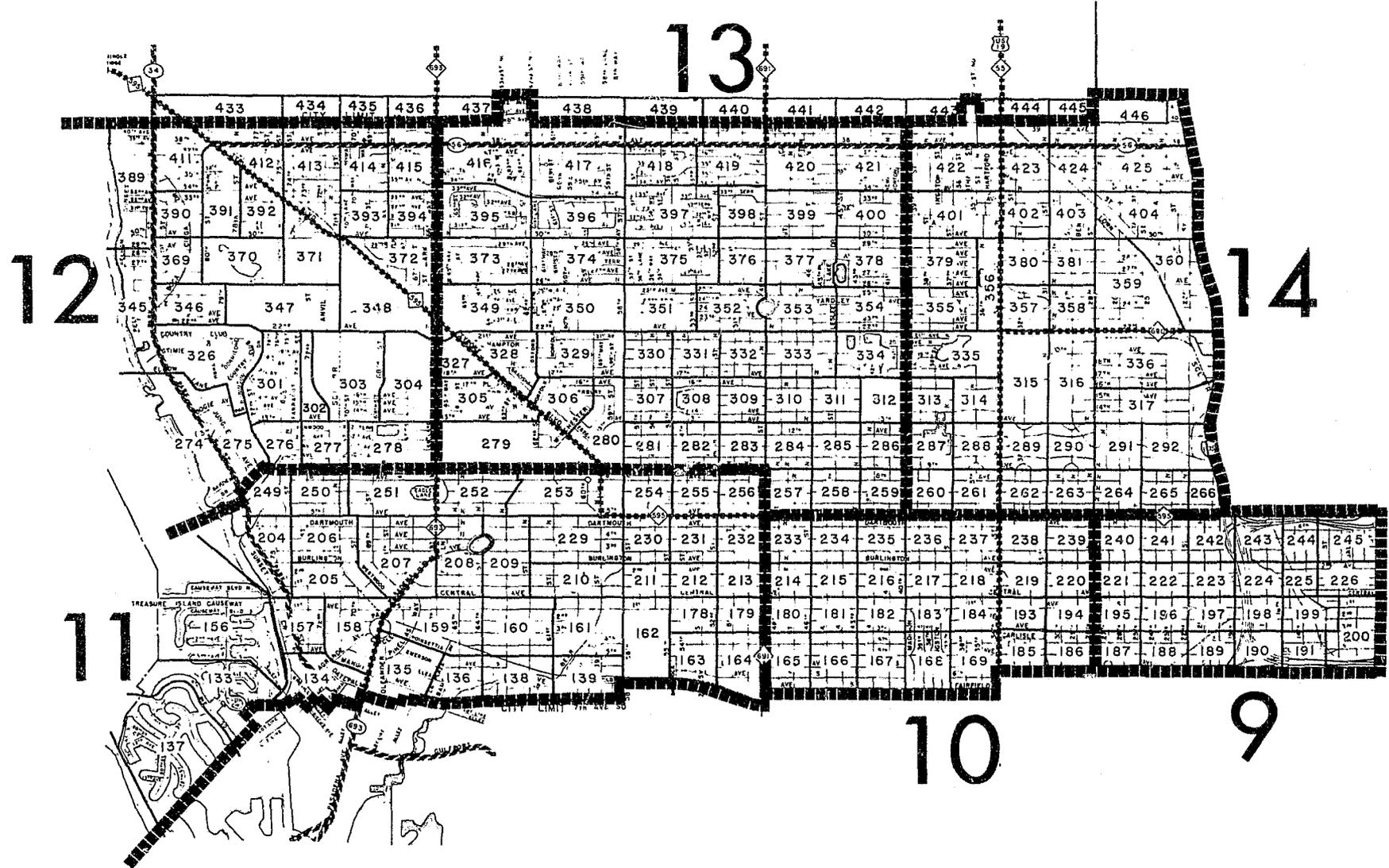
BEAT 07 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	- 50
RAPE	4	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	9	- 31
ARMED ROBBERY	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	2	1	9	- 44
UNARMED ROBBERY	4	3	4	2	0	2	2	2	0	3	2	6	30	- 43
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	6	4	4	10	6	10	7	8	6	6	2	10	79	+ 21
SIMPLE ASSAULT	13	10	16	11	10	21	18	19	13	10	14	4	159	+ 16
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	34	34	30	37	38	33	19	26	25	16	22	22	336	- 16
COMMERCIAL B&E	7	6	3	2	3	5	2	5	2	4	8	4	51	+ 27
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	2	0	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	14	+ 27
SHOPLIFTING	0	2	2	1	3	1	1	0	1	1	1	3	16	+220
AUTO BURGLARY	4	5	3	6	3	4	0	4	3	8	4	4	48	- 16
AUTO LARCENY	6	7	19	4	12	14	17	17	12	8	13	9	138	+ 68
BICYCLE THEFT	0	0	5	2	4	5	1	0	1	2	4	2	26	- 33
BUILDING LARCENY	1	4	0	2	7	1	7	7	13	6	4	2	54	+ 20
COIN-OP MACHINES	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	6	+ 50
LARCENY-OTHER	8	6	11	7	7	6	13	8	9	8	10	12	105	- 13
AUTO THEFT	3	2	4	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	19	- 21
T O T A L	92	85	103	88	100	108	89	99	89	76	90	83	1102	- 1



# DISPATCH AREA III





B E A T 09

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 09 is located in the center of the city. It encompasses the area from 5 Avenue North to Emerson/5 Avenue South; between 9 and 28 streets. The area is predominantly commercial, with business establishments along Central Avenue, 5 Avenue, 22 Street, and 9 Street. The residential area includes both multi- and single-family dwellings.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	6,623
Male:	45%
Female:	55%
White:	49%
Black:	51%
Under 18:	17%
Over 62:	42%
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 3,740
Single-family:	1,669
Multi-family:	2,065
Mobile homes/other:	6
 Vacant:	 15%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 09 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	+ 50
RAPE	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	7	+ 75
ARMED ROBBERY	0	0	1	3	0	3	2	1	1	0	4	2	17	+ 70
UNARMED ROBBERY	1	5	4	4	2	4	1	3	3	2	9	4	42	--
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	3	8	11	13	17	15	6	13	14	13	8	5	126	- 28
SIMPLE ASSAULT	12	24	27	18	19	20	16	20	32	19	20	22	249	--
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	14	9	11	16	10	15	15	17	9	9	14	24	163	- 28
COMMERCIAL B&E	8	20	5	8	7	7	6	2	1	2	3	7	76	- 5
PICKPOCKET	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	6	2	3	0	0	16	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	6	- 40
SHOPLIFTING	1	2	3	0	0	1	1	3	3	0	1	1	16	- 30
AUTO BURGLARY	10	1	2	2	3	3	6	4	3	6	3	4	47	- 45
AUTO LARCENY	8	8	8	11	7	7	5	17	12	6	11	14	114	- 22
BICYCLE THEFT	2	2	1	1	3	6	0	2	4	2	6	4	33	+ 32
BUILDING LARCENY	4	6	3	3	4	3	6	2	5	6	8	9	59	+ 51
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	- 40
LARCENY-OTHER	13	9	12	12	7	11	11	18	12	9	9	15	138	- 1
AUTO THEFT	4	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	3	3	3	3	31	- 16
T O T A L	82	97	99	95	83	99	81	110	104	82	101	116	1149	- 13

B E A T 10

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 10 is located in the central portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 5 Avenue North to Fairfield Avenue South, between 28 and 49 Streets. The area is predominantly commercial, with businesses along Central Avenue, Central Plaza, 49 Street, 34 Street, and 5 Avenue. Residential properties are generally on the perimeter areas of the zone, with single-family dwellings greatly outnumbering apartment houses.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	6,915
Male:	45%
Female:	55%
White:	83%
Black:	17%
Under 18:	18%*
Over 62:	38%*
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	3,665
Single-Family:	3,074
Multi-family:	588
Mobile homes/other:	3
Vacant:	11%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census data; current figures not available.

BEAT 10 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100%
RAPE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	- 67
ARMED ROBBERY	1	1	2	1	0	0	4	3	1	0	5	2	20	+ 5
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	1	4	2	6	2	6	8	2	3	5	3	42	+320
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	0	5	4	6	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	4	33	+ 3
SIMPLE ASSAULT	4	3	5	2	8	9	9	5	7	6	6	6	70	- 13
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	4	3	7	9	14	12	16	18	12	12	16	20	143	- 5
COMMERCIAL B&E	1	4	1	3	3	2	4	6	3	3	4	4	38	- 34
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	+ 33
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	1	2	1	4	0	1	2	2	1	14	+ 55
SHOPLIFTING	6	7	10	16	14	14	13	12	8	10	9	8	127	- 35
AUTO BURGLARY	3	3	10	4	3	5	3	2	3	4	5	8	53	+ 13
AUTO LARCENY	4	7	3	2	5	9	10	12	17	12	7	20	108	+ 6
BICYCLE THEFT	4	1	2	5	5	4	4	2	4	4	3	5	43	+115
BUILDING LARCENY	2	2	4	3	3	8	5	7	6	2	4	4	50	+ 25
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	5	- 61
LARCENY-OTHER	2	3	2	10	5	7	7	5	5	14	7	10	77	- 25
AUTO THEFT	0	1	2	0	5	1	0	3	2	1	1	3	19	- 49
T O T A L	31	42	57	65	76	77	86	86	74	76	76	102	848	- 8

## B E A T 11

### DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 11 is located in the western portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 49 Street west to the city limits, between 9 Avenue, North and 7 Avenue, South. The area is composed of an equal number of commercial and residential properties. Businesses are located along Central Avenue, Pasadena Avenue, 9 Avenue, and 49 and 58 Streets. Residential properties are mostly single-family dwellings. It includes such neighborhood areas as Pasadena, Yacht Club Estates, Eaglecrest, and West High.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	14,837
Male:	44%
Female:	56%
White:	99.7%
Black:	.3%
Under 18:	21%
Over 62:	34%
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	6,771
Single-family:	5,440
Multi-family:	1,324
Mobile homes/Other:	7
Vacant:	5%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census data; current figures not available.

BEAT 11 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
RAPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	--
ARMED ROBBERY	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	7	--
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	--
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1	2	1	1	3	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	20	+ 54
SIMPLE ASSAULT	4	6	6	4	7	4	3	5	4	3	6	2	54	+ 6
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	8	9	24	16	6	9	7	17	7	9	19	9	140	- 14
COMMERCIAL B&E	5	4	3	1	0	3	2	4	4	3	2	3	34	- 35
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	--
SHOPLIFTING	2	3	4	0	3	4	7	3	3	4	1	3	37	- 14
AUTO BURGLARY	1	5	4	2	2	0	0	2	1	1	2	3	23	- 52
AUTO LARCENY	7	11	12	4	3	6	2	3	2	2	1	5	58	- 23
BICYCLE THEFT	2	0	5	6	0	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	28	- 28
BUILDING LARCENY	0	2	1	2	0	1	0	2	4	1	7	1	21	+ 11
COIN-OP MACHINES	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	4	+100
LARCENY-OTHER	10	13	14	7	11	6	6	13	12	12	8	11	123	--
AUTO THEFT	2	2	2	0	1	0	2	0	4	3	1	1	18	+ 29
T O T A L	43	59	78	44	37	35	31	54	46	43	56	48	574	- 12

B E A T 12

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 12 is located in the northwestern portion of the city. It encompasses the area west of 66 Street, North, between 9 and 40 Avenues, North. The area is composed of an equal number of commercial and residential property. Commercial establishments are dense around the Tyrone Boulevard and 66 Street area. Tyrone Square Mall is located in this beat. The residential area includes such neighborhoods as Azalea, Crosswinds, and Jungle Terrace. Apartment complexes are located generally in the northern boundary of the beat and in the area of the mall.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	12,646
Male:	47%
Female:	53%
White:	99.6%
Black	.4%
Under 18:	31% *
Over 62:	22% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 5,178
Single-Family:	4,110
Multi-Family:	962
Mobile Homes/other	106
 Vacant:	 6%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 12 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	--
RAPE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	- 50
ARMED ROBBERY	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	--
UNARMED ROBBERY	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	8	+ 60
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	8	2	0	1	1	2	2	1	0	2	5	3	27	+ 23
SIMPLE ASSAULT	6	4	2	5	10	2	8	4	7	10	12	8	78	+ 22
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	4	11	9	7	4	5	10	9	7	6	5	5	82	- 42
COMMERCIAL B&E	1	3	3	1	2	1	0	6	4	4	2	3	30	- 40
PICKPOCKET	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	+ 25
PURSE SNATCH	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	- 57
SHOPLIFTING	23	28	26	32	24	34	36	37	32	35	50	68	425	+ 7
AUTO BURGLARY	5	10	2	16	6	9	4	5	6	3	3	14	83	+ 9
AUTO LARCENY	17	12	12	13	11	12	16	19	6	9	14	27	168	- 5
BICYCLE THEFT	6	6	4	9	2	9	5	5	7	7	5	7	72	- 25
BUILDING LARCENY	5	1	7	7	2	6	5	12	6	7	7	7	72	+ 18
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	--
LARCENY-OTHER	13	9	14	3	11	9	6	11	5	8	5	15	109	+ 4
AUTO THEFT	3	1	3	7	3	4	2	4	2	1	2	5	37	+ 23
T O T A L	97	92	86	104	76	93	95	113	82	93	110	166	1207	- 3

. B E A T 13

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 13 is located in the northwestern portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 9 to 40 Avenues, North, between 40 and 66 Streets. The area is predominantly residential, mostly single-family dwellings. It includes the neighborhood area referred to as Tyrone. Commercial property is dense along Tyrone Boulevard (Crossroads and Tyrone Shopping Centers), and 49 Street.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	23,867
Male:	46%
Female:	54%
White:	99.8%
Black:	.2%
Under 18:	17%*
Over 62:	44%*
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 10,612
Single-family:	9,145
Multi-family:	1,449
Mobile homes/other:	18
Vacant:	5%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census data: current figures not available.

BEAT 13 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
RAPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	- 75
ARMED ROBBERY	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	- 50
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	5	- 17
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2	1	2	2	2	0	2	5	5	2	4	0	27	+ 23
SIMPLE ASSAULT	8	5	4	7	6	6	5	1	4	8	5	5	64	- 15
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	14	13	28	17	9	10	11	19	5	14	10	15	165	- 16
COMMERCIAL B&E	3	2	2	1	5	6	2	2	0	3	3	4	33	+ 6
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	---
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	- 29
SHOPLIFTING	4	4	3	4	5	4	5	6	5	4	2	6	52	- 7
AUTO BURGLARY	8	5	29	8	1	3	1	3	1	0	3	2	64	+ 23
AUTO LARCENY	17	11	18	16	7	9	3	11	6	7	7	12	124	- 7
BICYCLE THEFT	5	2	3	9	9	5	4	3	3	6	3	6	58	- 39
BUILDING LARCENY	6	5	3	1	2	0	2	8	2	2	8	4	43	+ 16
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	- 33
LARCENY-OTHER	15	8	23	17	15	7	6	5	13	12	7	17	145	- 10
AUTO THEFT	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	0	1	10	- 54
T O T A L	84	57	124	84	63	51	42	64	48	62	53	73	805	- 12

B E A T 14

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 14 is located in the north central portion of the city. It encompasses the area west of the Interstate (approximately 22 Street) to 40 Street; between 5 and 40 Avenues, North. It is composed of both residential and commercial properties. Business establishments are located along 34 Street, 22 Street, 5 Avenue, 22 Avenue and 30 Avenue. Residential areas are mostly single-family dwellings. They include neighborhood areas such as Disston Heights and Ponce de Leon. There is also a large representation of mobile homes.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census data:

POPULATION:

Male:	45%
Female:	55%
White:	99.8%
Black:	.2%
Under 28:	17%
Over 62:	43%

HOUSING UNITS: 6,378

Single-family:	4,781
Multi-family:	1,180
Mobile homes/other:	417
Vacant:	9%

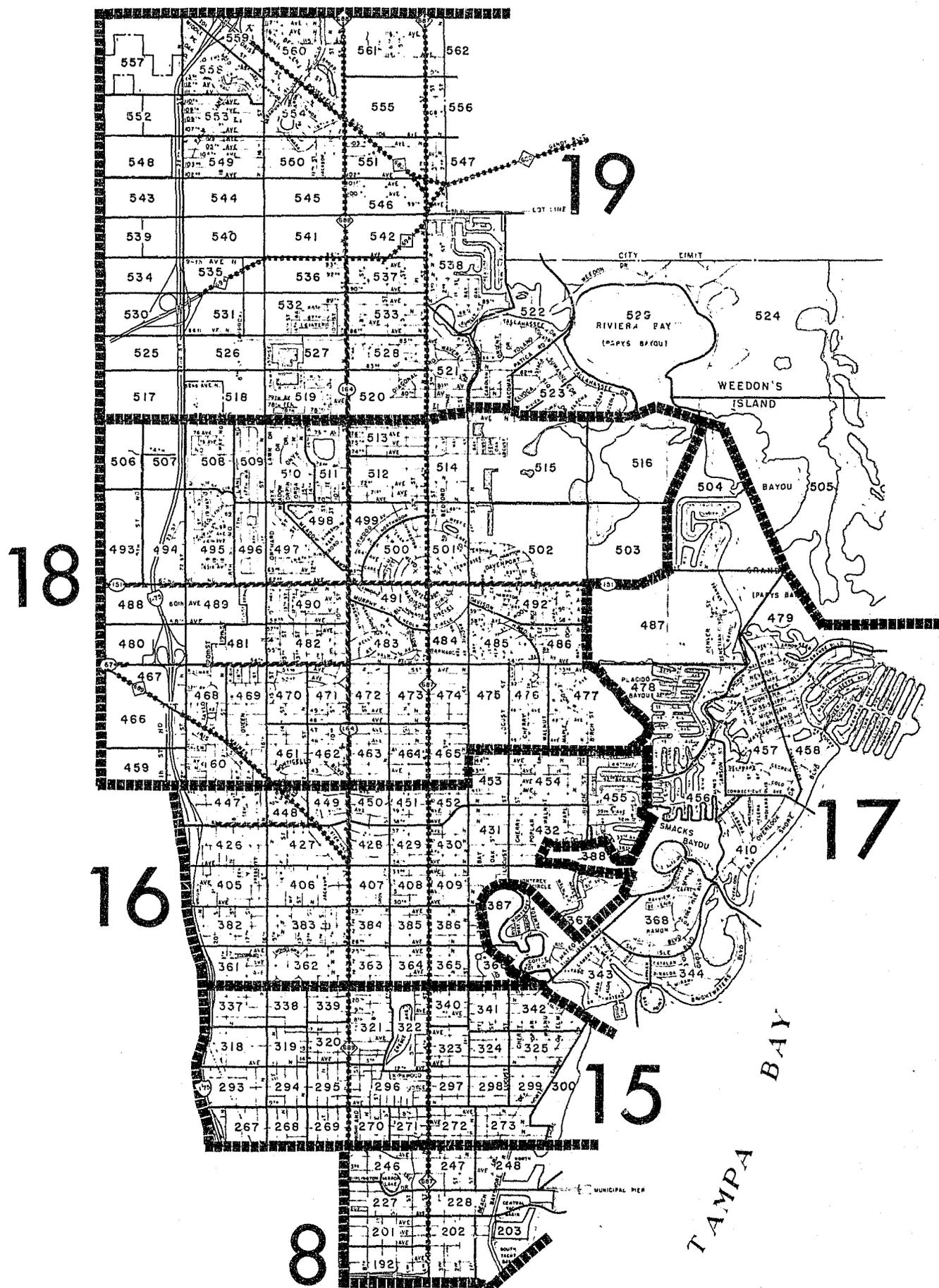
\* Estimated from the 1970 Census data; current figures not available.

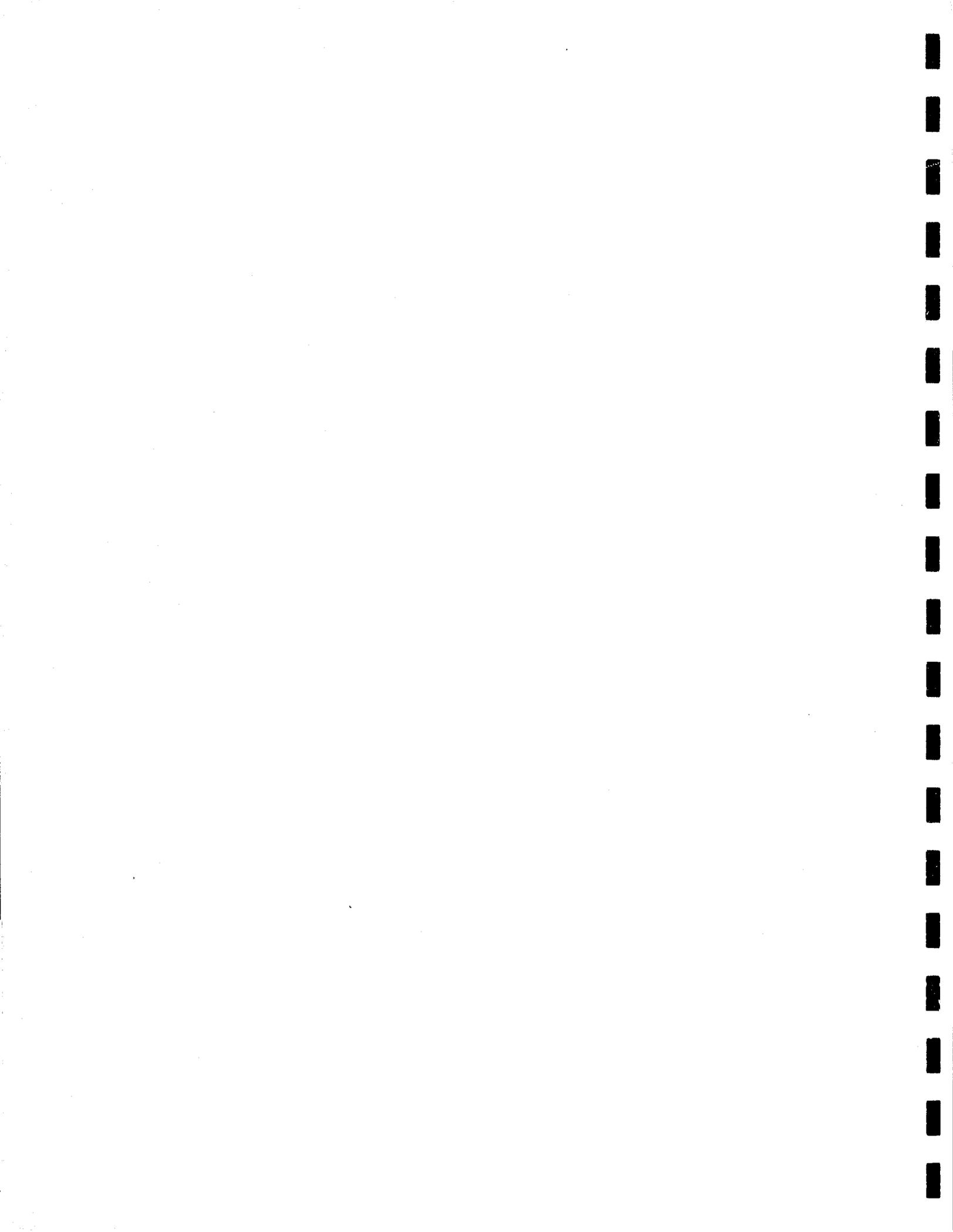
BEAT 14 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
RAPE	1	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	6	---
ARMED ROBBERY	1	0	1	0	0	1	2	1	2	0	2	1	11	- 31
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	0	7	+133
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	0	4	3	7	1	2	1	2	1	6	1	6	34	+ 70
SIMPLE ASSAULT	8	2	7	3	8	10	8	11	7	7	14	6	91	+ 8
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	12	8	12	12	12	8	10	13	17	16	19	15	154	---
COMMERCIAL B&E	6	4	2	3	2	5	3	3	5	4	3	9	49	+ 2
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	---
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	- 67
SHOPLIFTING	9	4	5	12	3	3	2	9	5	4	8	11	75	- 11
AUTO BURGLARY	3	3	6	6	3	3	2	0	2	3	4	4	39	- 20
AUTO LARCENY	12	10	6	16	10	9	5	8	8	7	8	17	116	+ 5
BICYCLE THEFT	3	6	7	3	4	15	2	4	6	13	11	3	77	+ 57
BUILDING LARCENY	6	4	7	4	2	2	1	1	9	5	5	5	51	+ 9
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	4	- 50
LARCENY-OTHER	20	9	22	10	15	12	10	15	12	3	8	12	148	+ 6
AUTO THEFT	1	1	1	2	3	3	2	1	1	1	5	3	24	- 33
T O T A L	82	56	80	81	63	73	50	70	76	73	91	93	888	+ 3

# DISPATCH AREA II





B E A T 08

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 08 is located in the eastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area east of 9 Street to Tampa Bay, between 5 Avenue, North and 5 Avenue, South. The area is predominantly commercial, representing downtown shopping facilities and tourist attractions, such as The Pier, The Bounty, Museum, and Webb's City. The residential area is generally in the northern portion of the zone, with apartment complexes greatly outnumbering single-family dwellings.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	6,284
Male:	41%
Female:	59%
White:	99%
Black:	1%
Under 18:	9% *
Over 62:	65% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 4,560
Single-Family:	300
Multi-Family:	4,260
Mobile Homes/other:	0
Vacant:	29%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 08 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	--
RAPE	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	- 67
ARMED ROBBERY	2	3	3	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	14	+ 40
UNARMED ROBBERY	7	6	6	6	2	2	1	4	5	7	2	3	51	- 12
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	4	2	1	6	4	1	2	6	5	3	3	2	39	- 28
SIMPLE ASSAULT	11	10	6	11	10	18	12	11	14	17	11	9	140	- 2
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	4	8	7	9	20	20	7	11	9	8	5	1	109	+ 28
COMMERCIAL B&E	5	10	10	4	7	5	6	4	3	1	6	4	65	- 3
PICKPOCKET	0	4	2	3	2	4	0	0	1	2	1	1	20	+100
PURSE SNATCH	3	2	0	2	3	3	1	2	4	2	1	1	24	- 25
SHOPLIFTING	32	30	37	31	36	18	26	34	30	46	40	39	399	+ 4
AUTO BURGLARY	5	5	4	3	7	5	4	4	4	7	7	3	58	- 25
AUTO LARCENY	6	8	7	3	4	9	4	2	8	3	9	7	70	- 30
BICYCLE THEFT	3	0	4	6	6	7	3	4	7	3	4	2	49	+ 11
BUILDING LARCENY	16	17	17	13	15	10	9	20	13	8	12	11	161	+ 22
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	5	- 55
LARCENY-OTHER	6	10	10	12	6	17	10	11	9	12	6	5	114	- 14
AUTO THEFT	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	3	4	4	0	25	+ 9
T O T A L	107	119	116	112	127	122	88	115	116	124	112	89	1347	- 1

B E A T 15

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 15 is located in the eastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area east of the Interstate (approximately 22 Street) to Tampa Bay; between 5 and 22 Avenues, North. The area is predominantly residential, mostly single-family dwellings. Commercial property is limited primarily to 4 and 9 Streets, North.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	14,772
Male:	44%
Female:	56%
White:	99.6%
Black:	.4%
Under 18:	9% *
Over 62:	65% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 9,700
Single-Family:	4,180
Multi-Family:	5,516
Mobile Homes/other:	4
 Vacant:	 20%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 15 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	---
RAPE	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	6	+ 20
ARMED ROBBERY	3	1	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	8	- 20
UNARMED ROBBERY	4	2	7	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	1	18	- 18
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	6	5	10	5	4	5	6	3	4	9	3	0	60	+ 43
SIMPLE ASSAULT	12	9	6	12	9	6	7	15	12	15	16	10	129	---
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	16	17	20	14	8	12	13	24	18	19	19	18	198	- 20
COMMERCIAL B&E	9	8	2	2	5	6	5	10	7	5	5	5	69	- 1
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	- 50
PURSE SNATCH	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	9	- 10
SHOPLIFTING	1	2	3	2	3	2	4	1	1	0	1	0	20	- 51
AUTO BURGLARY	6	3	8	2	6	2	2	5	2	5	4	4	49	- 30
AUTO LARCENY	10	5	8	16	1	3	5	7	3	8	8	8	82	- 3
BICYCLE THEFT	5	3	7	5	1	6	7	2	9	3	3	4	55	+ 28
BUILDING LARCENY	2	3	3	8	4	3	4	1	8	2	5	6	49	+ 88
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	13	+ 30
LARCENY-OTHER	14	22	17	14	24	12	12	10	14	15	16	12	182	- 7
AUTO THEFT	1	2	1	3	2	0	2	6	0	2	2	2	23	+ 53
T O T A L	91	86	109	85	67	57	70	87	81	83	85	72	973	- 5

B E A T 16

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 16 is located in the northeastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area east of the Interstate (approximately 22 Street) to 13 Street, North-east/Snell Isle Boulevard. Its north-south boundaries extend from 22 to 42 Avenues, North. The area is predominantly residential, mostly single-family dwellings. It includes the neighborhood area of Placido. Commercial property is located primarily along 4 and 9 Streets and 38 Avenue, North. The Northeast Shopping Center is within this area.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	16,249
Male:	45%
Female:	55%
White:	99.7%
Black:	.3%
Under 18:	15% *
Over 62:	47% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 8,465
Single-Family:	6,790
Multi-Family:	1,639
Mobile Homes/other:	36
Vacant:	9%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 16 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
RAPE	1	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	7	+600
ARMED ROBBERY	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	9	- 36
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	5	- 55
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	5	0	3	0	1	3	4	4	4	8	4	4	40	+100
SIMPLE ASSAULT	11	7	4	6	8	6	8	7	9	8	7	6	87	+ 21
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	14	12	13	10	12	10	12	25	27	23	26	11	195	+ 11
COMMERCIAL B&E	1	1	3	2	2	4	1	1	2	1	2	3	23	- 26
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
PURSE SNATCH	2	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	9	+ 50
SHOPLIFTING	18	23	12	21	6	7	6	7	4	17	16	8	145	+ 23
AUTO BURGLARY	1	2	4	5	3	0	3	5	4	1	1	7	36	- 14
AUTO LARCENY	9	7	6	9	8	6	10	6	6	2	11	11	91	+ 11
BICYCLE THEFT	1	3	4	3	1	1	4	4	7	4	2	4	38	- 3
BUILDING LARCENY	0	3	5	4	8	4	4	3	2	9	7	5	54	+184
COIN-OP MACHINES	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	9	- 47
LARCENY-OTHER	14	13	24	12	18	13	16	18	9	13	6	5	161	- 11
AUTO THEFT	4	0	3	2	0	2	2	3	2	2	2	0	22	+ 47
T O T A L	82	75	89	75	67	61	74	85	77	91	89	66	931	+ 10

B E A T 17

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 17 is located in the northeastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area east of Snell Isle Boulevard/13 Street, Northeast/ Birch Street/and Weedon Drive, Northeast. It extends from 22 to 77 Avenues, North. The area is predominantly residential, mostly single-family dwellings. It includes such neighborhood areas as Shore Acres, Snell Isle, and Venetian Isles. Very little commercial property is found within this beat.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	11,136
Male:	48%
Female:	52%
White:	99.4%
Black:	.6%
Under 18:	23% *
Over 65:	33% *
 <u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	 4,253
Single-Family:	3,617
Multi-Family:	627
Mobile Homes/other:	9
 Vacant:	 7%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 17 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	---
RAPE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
ARMED ROBBERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	1	0	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	- 59
SIMPLE ASSAULT	5	1	2	1	3	2	1	0	3	1	1	0	20	- 23
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	6	4	5	7	5	11	4	9	8	11	9	8	87	- 10
COMMERCIAL B&E	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	7	- 36
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---
SHOPLIFTING	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	- 50
AUTO BURGLARY	2	1	1	0	0	1	8	0	2	0	1	0	16	+ 23
AUTO LARCENY	5	4	3	3	4	2	4	6	3	2	5	5	46	- 13
BICYCLE THEFT	1	1	6	6	1	3	1	2	3	2	3	5	34	+ 17
BUILDING LARCENY	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	5	+ 25
COIN-OP MACHINES	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	---
LARCENY-OTHER	2	4	4	11	10	6	7	7	5	8	7	12	83	- 13
AUTO THEFT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	4	---
T O T A L	23	17	22	31	28	27	28	27	26	26	27	33	315	- 12

B E A T 18

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 18 is located in the northeastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area from 42 to 77 Avenues, North; between 28 Street and Weedon Drive/Birch Street, Northeast. The area is predominantly residential, mostly single-family dwellings. It includes the Meadowlawn neighborhood. This is also the beat with the greatest number of mobile homes. Apartment complexes also flourish along 4 and 9 Streets, North. Commercial property is located primarily along 4 and 9 Streets, and 62 Avenue, North.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	25,275
Male:	46%
Female:	54%
White:	99.5%
Black:	.5%
Under 18:	15% *
Over 62:	47% *
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	12,754
Single-Family:	7,028
Multi-Family:	3,650
Mobile Homes/other:	2,076
Vacant:	12%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 18 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	---
RAPE	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	+100
ARMED ROBBERY	4	1	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	12	+140
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-100
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	3	3	2	5	0	8	2	9	2	7	2	1	44	- 19
SIMPLE ASSAULT	16	11	16	7	12	15	13	15	9	12	12	13	151	+ 21
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	16	13	19	16	13	3	10	21	13	25	15	13	177	- 12
COMMERCIAL B&E	5	2	3	5	5	5	4	6	2	4	3	2	46	- 23
PICKPOCKET	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	- 50
PURSE SNATCH	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	- 25
SHOPLIFTING	2	4	3	2	3	0	3	4	4	0	5	14	47	+ 2
AUTO BURGLARY	6	4	8	1	4	6	6	10	5	7	1	2	60	- 10
AUTO LARCENY	17	21	16	16	9	8	8	8	10	7	6	10	136	- 19
BICYCLE THEFT	18	6	13	13	8	17	7	4	15	19	11	6	137	+ 2
BUILDING LARCENY	2	1	4	0	4	0	1	2	5	2	2	6	29	- 34
COPY-UP MACHINES	0	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	- 71
LARCENY-OTHER	14	23	25	21	7	16	13	9	11	15	8	18	180	+ 4
AUTO THEFT	2	0	3	3	2	2	3	9	4	4	4	1	37	- 3
T O T A L	110	89	117	93	73	80	73	97	80	102	70	88	1072	- 7

B E A T 19

DEMOGRAPHY

Beat 19 is located in the extreme northeastern portion of the city. It encompasses the area east of 28 Street to Tampa Bay, between 77 Avenue and 118 Avenue, North. The area is predominantly residential with a high preponderance of apartment complexes. The area includes such neighborhoods as Riviera Bay. There are also numerous mobile homes. Commercial property is limited mainly to 4 and 9 Streets. Gateway Mall is situated in this beat.

The following demography is based on the 1976 Special Census Data:

<u>POPULATION:</u>	12,595
Male:	48%
Female:	52%
White:	99%
Black:	1%
Under 18:	24% *
Over 62:	32% *
<u>HOUSING UNITS:</u>	6,547
Single-Family:	2,205
Multi-Family:	3,912
Mobile Homes/other:	430
Vacant:	15%

\* Estimated from the 1970 Census Data; current figures not available.

BEAT 19 SUMMATION

1 9 7 7

CRIME CATEGORY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	% CHANGE FROM 1976
HOMICIDE	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	--
RAPE	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	4	+100
ARMED ROBBERY	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	- 17
UNARMED ROBBERY	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	--
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	0	1	3	3	3	0	0	2	2	4	2	2	22	--
SIMPLE ASSAULT	4	7	7	7	7	8	3	5	8	4	7	6	73	+ 24
RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY	6	7	9	3	4	9	5	11	32	14	3	5	108	+ 2
COMMERCIAL B&E	2	2	6	1	2	3	1	3	2	3	3	1	29	+ 16
PICKPOCKET	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	--
PURSE SNATCH	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	--
SHOPLIFTING	4	5	0	5	3	3	9	5	5	5	7	10	61	- 16
AUTO BURGLARY	5	1	8	4	2	2	0	5	3	5	4	4	43	--
AUTO LARCENY	5	4	9	5	7	8	6	6	9	10	4	5	78	- 38
BICYCLE THEFT	3	4	4	1	6	6	1	0	3	4	2	1	35	- 20
BUILDING LARCENY	1	1	0	2	4	4	1	2	1	2	2	0	20	- 9
COIN-OP MACHINES	6	2	4	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	16	- 41
LARCENY-OTHER	12	4	11	11	7	5	9	5	4	4	9	7	88	- 18
AUTO THEFT	1	1	3	8	5	2	2	6	7	0	1	3	39	+ 34
T O T A L	49	41	69	54	52	51	37	54	76	58	44	45	630	- 9

INDEX

SECTION H



## INDEX

### A

#### Arrest Information and

Cleared Offenses - Section F - pp. 125-128

defined - p. 127

offenses cleared by  
index category

1977 p. 127

1976 offenses cleared,

St. Petersburg compared

to State of Florida - p. 127

#### Arrests

Part I offenses

1977 adult/juvenile

comparison - p. 125

Part II offenses,

1977 adult/juvenile

comparison - p. 126

Part I offenses

Arrests, juveniles, black/white comparison

1977 - p. 125

#### Assault, aggravated and simple

defined - p. 1

three year pattern, by month - p. 35

graphs, 1977 - pp. 36-37

narrative section - pp. 38-39

beat overview,

aggravated assaults - pp. 40-41

beat overview,

simple assaults - pp. 42-43

police officers assaulted - p. 44

#### Auto theft

defined - p. 2

three year pattern, by month (graph) - p. 112

graph, 1977 - p. 113

INDEX ( continued )

narrative section pp. 114-115  
beat overview - pp. 116-117

B

Beat analysis, demography  
and reported Part I crimes,  
1977 - pp. 129-173

- Beat 01
  - Dispatch Area I map - p. 133
  - demographic - p. 134
  - crime - p. 135
- Beat 02
  - demographic - p. 136
  - crime - p. 137
- Beat 03
  - demographic - p. 138
  - crime - p. 139
- Beat 04
  - demographic - p. 140
  - crime - p. 141
- Beat 05
  - demographic - p. 142
  - crime - p. 143
- Beat 06
  - demographic - p. 144
  - crime p. 145
- Beat 07
  - demographic - p. 146
  - crime - p. 147
- Beat 08
  - demographic - p. 162
  - crime - p. 163
- Beat 09
  - Dispatch Area III map - p. 148
  - demographic - p. 149
  - crime - p. 150
- Beat 10
  - demographic - p. 151
  - crime - p. 152
- Beat 11
  - demographic - p. 153
  - crime - p. 154

INDEX ( continued )

- Beat 12
  - demographic - p. 155
  - crime - p. 156
- Beat 13
  - demographic - 157
  - crime - p. 158
- Beat 14
  - demographic - p. 159
  - crime - p. 160
- Beat 15
  - Dispatch Area II map - p. 161
  - demographic - p. 164
  - crime - p. 165
- Beat 16
  - demographic - p. 166
  - crime - p. 167
- Beat 17
  - demographic - p. 168
  - crime - p. 169
- Beat 18
  - demographic - p. 170
  - crime - p. 171
- Beat 19
  - demographic - p. 172
  - crime - p. 173
  
- Beat Overview
  - defined - pp. 9-10
  
- Beat, Police
  - defined (map) - p. 129
  
- Beat, summary of
  - reported Part I crimes, 1977
  - per individual beat - p. 130
  - reported Part I Crimes, 1976
  - per individual beat - p. 131
  
- Bicycle theft - pp. 96-99
  
- Burglary, commercial
  - defined - p. 1
  - three year pattern
  - by month (graph) - p. 65
  - graph, 1977 - p. 66
  - narrative section pp. 67-68
  - beat overview - pp. 69-70

INDEX ( continued )

Burglary, residential, pp. 47-64

defined - p. 1

narrative (general) - p. 50

residential burglary, beat descriptions:

Beat 01 - p. 53

Beat 02 - pp. 53-54

Beat 03 - p. 54

Beat 04 - p. 55

Beat 05 - pp. 55-56

Beat 06 - p. 56

Beat 07 - p. 57

Beat 08 - pp. 57-58

Beat 09 - p. 58

Beat 10 - pp. 58-59

Beat 11 - pp. 59-60

Beat 12 - p. 60

Beat 13 - pp. 60-61

Beat 14 - p. 61

Beat 15 - p. 62

Beat 16 - pp. 62-63

Beat 17 - p. 63

Beat 18 - pp. 63-64

Beat 19 - p. 64

beat overview, residential burglaries - pp. 51-52

C

Clocks, crime - p. 119

Closure rates

defined - p. 128

offenses closed, by index category,

1977 - p. 128

H

Homicide

defined - p. 1

three year pattern

by month (graph) - p. 15

graph, 1977 - p. 16

narrative section - pp. 17-18

beat overview - pp. 19-20

INDEX ( continued )

I

- Index crimes, Section A, pp. 1-12
  - defined - p. 1
  - three year pattern (graph) - p. 4
  - three year, by month pattern (graph) - p. 5
  - St. Petersburg, 1976 compared to 1977 - p. 118
  - St. Petersburg, 1977 totals compared to Pinellas County - p. 120
  - St. Petersburg compared to major Florida cities - p. 121
  - St. Petersburg compared to national cities of comparable size - pp. 122-123

J

- Juveniles
  - arrests - pp. 125-128

L

- Larceny
  - defined - pp. 1-2
  - three year pattern, by month, p. 71
  - graph, 1977-p. 72
  - pickpocket - pp. 75-78
  - purse snatch - pp. 79-82
  - beat overview, pickpocketings - pp. 77-78
  - beat overview, purse snatches - pp. 81-82
  - shoplifting - pp. 83-86
  - beat overview, shoplifting - pp. 85-86
  - larceny from auto, or auto B&E's, pp. 87-91
  - beat overview, auto B&E's - pp. 90-91
  - larceny of auto parts and accessories - pp. 92-95
  - beat overview of larceny, auto parts and accessories - pp. 94-95
  - larceny, bicycle thefts - pp. 96-99
  - bicycle thefts, beat overview - pp. 98-99
  - larceny from building - pp. 100-103
  - larceny from coin-operated machines - pp. 104-107
  - beat overview of larceny from buildings - pp. 102-103
  - beat overview of coin-operated machines - pp. 106-107
  - larceny, miscellaneous - pp. 108-111
  - beat overview of miscellaneous larceny - pp. 110-111

INDEX ( continued )

M

Murder (see Homicide)

P

Persons, Crimes against, Section B, pp. 13-44  
defined - p. 1  
three year pattern, by month (graph) - p. 13  
(see individual crime headings for further information)  
graph, 1977 - p. 14

Pickpocketing - pp. 75-78

Property, Crimes against, Section C, pp. 45-117  
defined - pp. 102  
three year pattern, by month - p. 45  
graph, 1977 - p. 46

Purse snatching - pp. 79-82

R

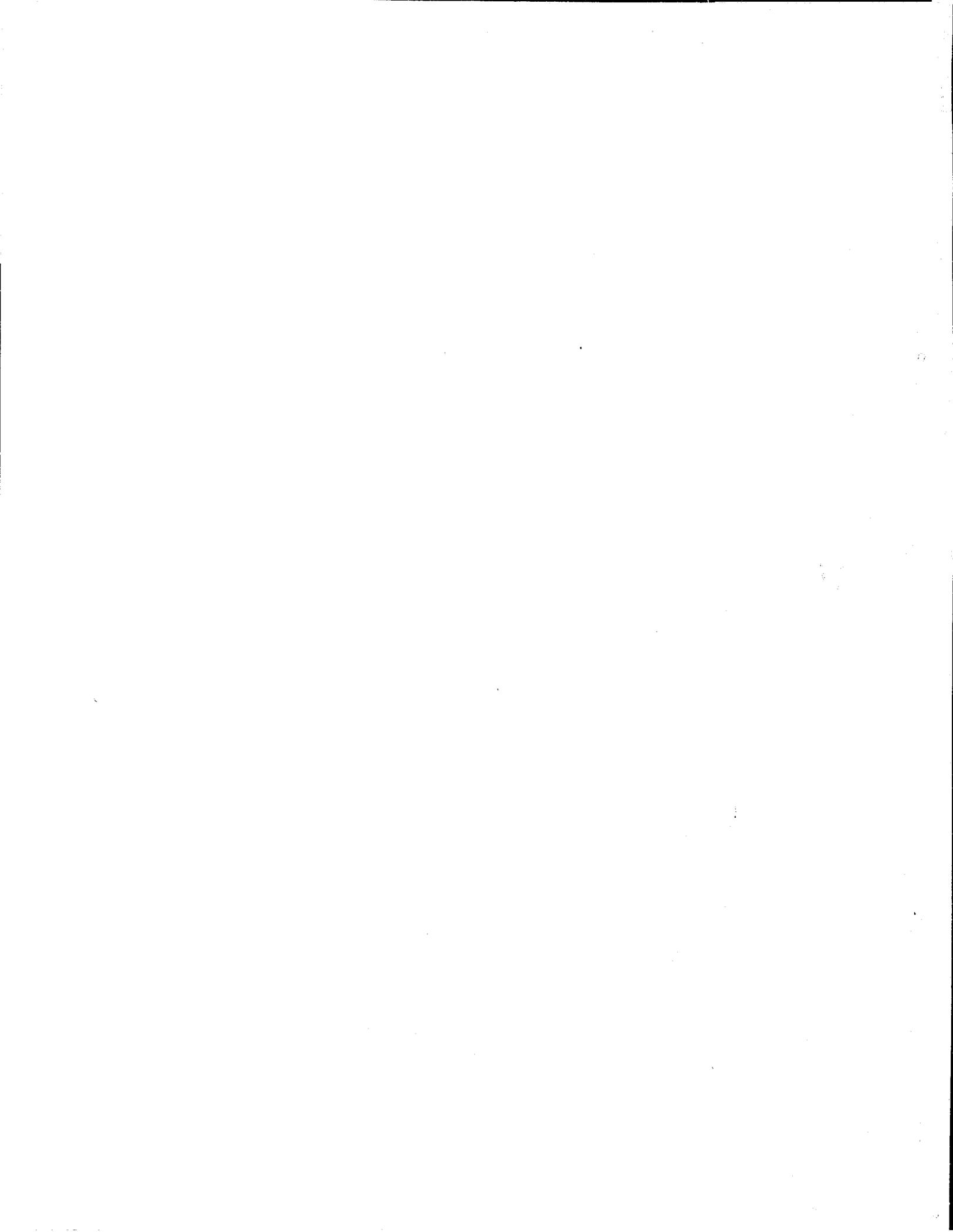
Rape  
defined - pp. 1,24  
three year pattern, by month (graph) - p. 21  
graph, 1977 - p. 22  
narrative section - pp. 23-24  
beat overview - pp. 25-26

Robbery - armed and unarmed  
defined - p. 1  
three year pattern, by month (graph) - p. 27  
graph, 1977 - p. 28  
narrative section - pp. 29-30  
beat overview, armed robberies - pp. 31-32  
beat overview, unarmed robberies - pp. 33-34

S

Sexual battery (see Rape)

Shoplifting - pp. 83-86



**END**