

**IOWA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BUREAU**

IOWA UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

1977

ANNUAL RELEASE

VOLUME I

**STATISTICAL DATA PROVIDED BY COUNTY
AND CITY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES**

52801



Robert D. Ray
GOVERNOR

Charles W. Larson
COMMISSIONER

This is the second annual Iowa Uniform Crime Reports prepared and released by this Department. Those familiar with the first report will note several changes and improvements in this 1977 edition:

- a. The addition of data on the nature of homicides, taken from supplementary homicide reports;
- b. Additional analysis of SMSA/Other Cities/Rural crime rates, comparing Iowa with national figures;
- c. Analysis of juveniles' contribution to arrest rates;
- d. A change from judicial districts to geographical districts in analyzing state trends; and
- e. A change from the presentation of the top and bottom ten jurisdictions to a complete rank ordering of jurisdictions irrespective of size.

NCJRS

DEC 11 1978

ACQUISITIONS

I wish to express my sincere thanks and appreciation to the 221 law enforcement agencies contributing statistics for this report. One effect of the increased cooperation we have received from local departments is the more timely release of this year's report.

Although this report has been constructed to facilitate comparisons between and among jurisdictions, one should take caution in comparing the crime problems of different areas, even when jurisdictions possess similarity in population, geography, or other characteristics. Crime statistics can be affected by so many variables that a seemingly valid comparison may in fact be significantly biased. Local law enforcement officials are best suited to assess the data for their agency, and those desiring such an assessment should contact the appropriate city or county law enforcement administrator.

Sincerely,

CHARLES W. LARSON
Commissioner

IOWA UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS
1977
ANNUAL RELEASE

VOLUME I:

ANALYSIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DATA
ON CRIMES REPORTED, ARRESTS, AND
ASSAULTS ON OFFICERS

Prepared By The Iowa Department
of Public Safety
Bureau of Research and Development

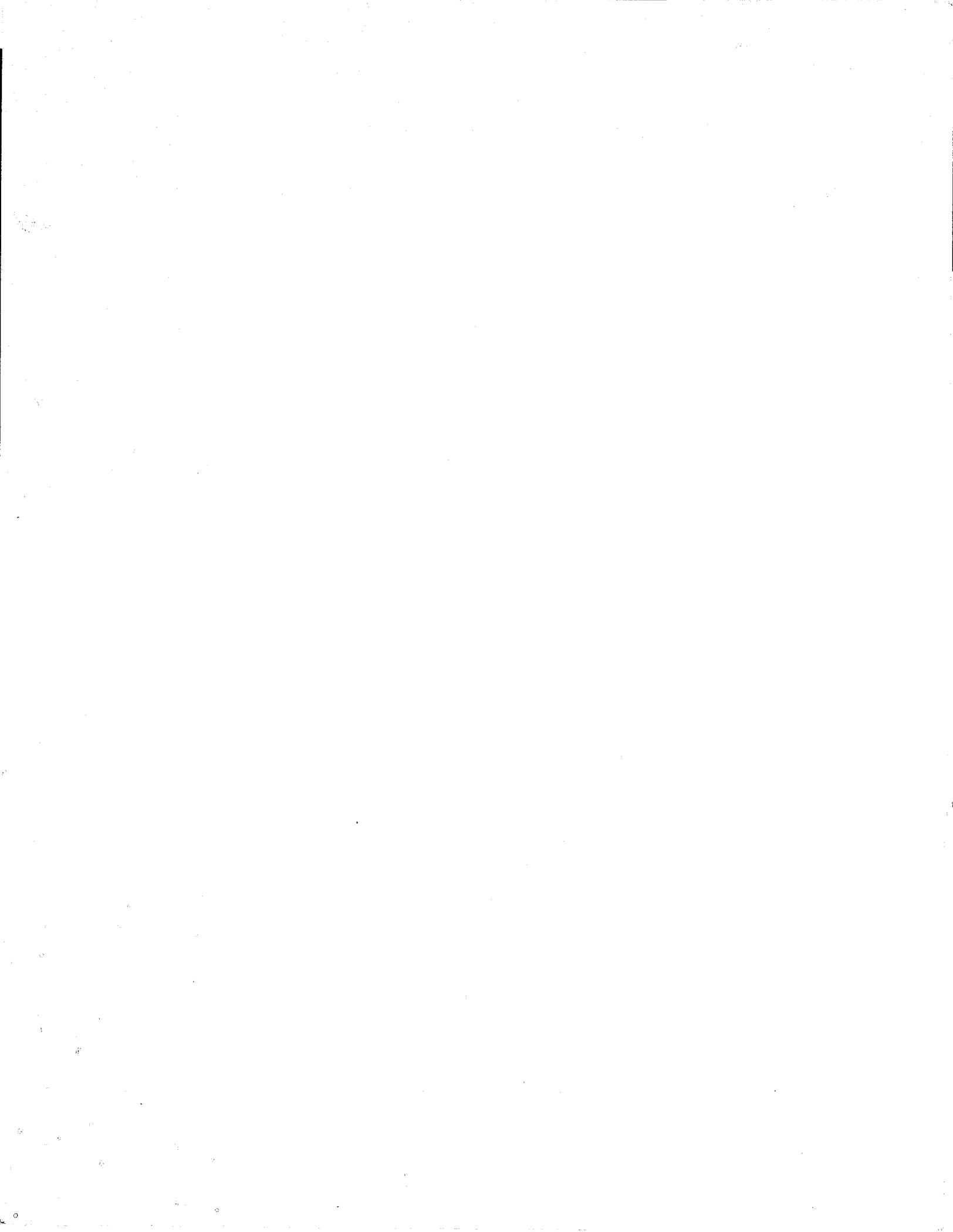


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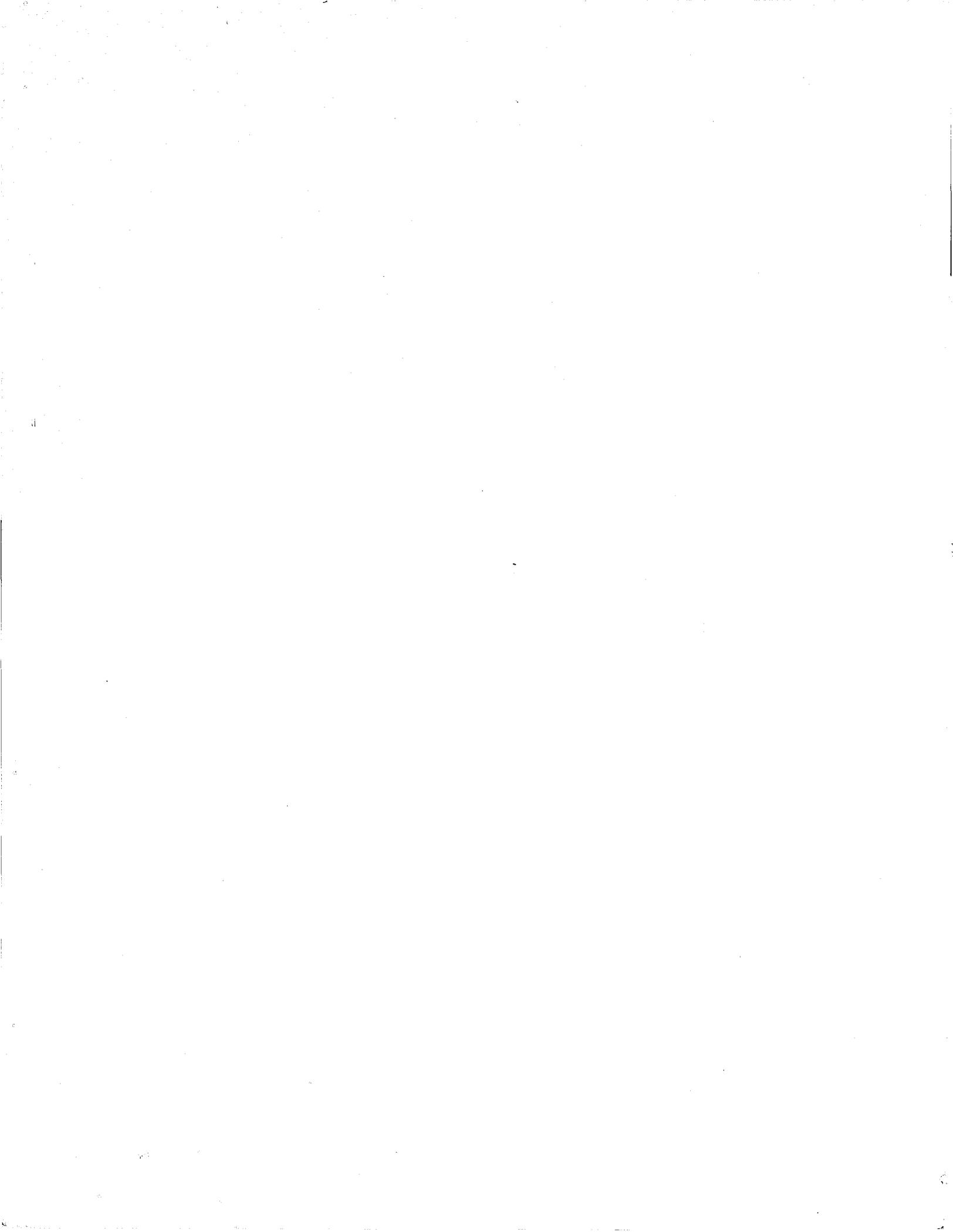
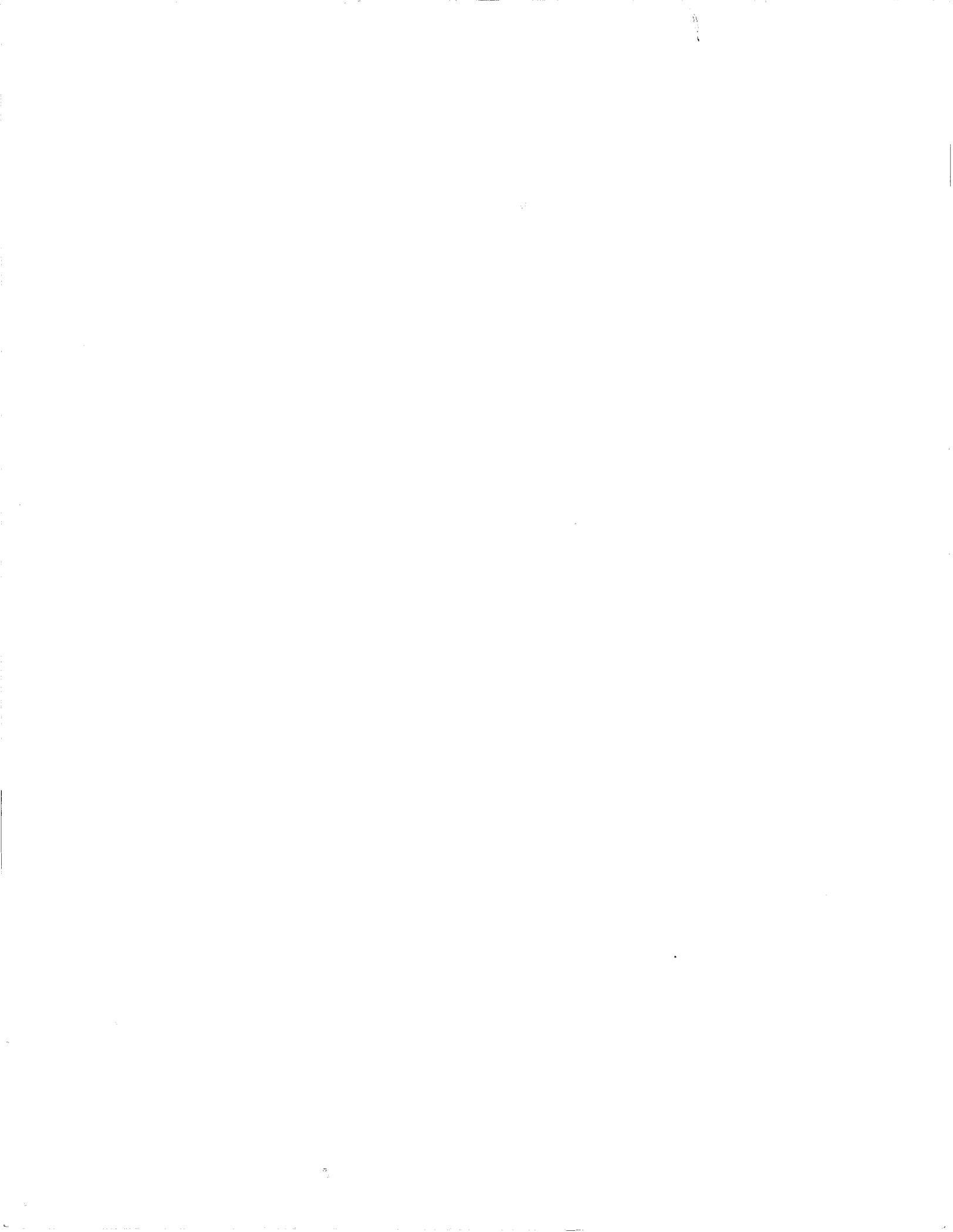


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I. INTRODUCTION

A. Background

The 65th Iowa General Assembly enacted into law Chapter 749B of the Iowa Code requiring law enforcement agencies to submit reports of crime and arrests to the Bureau of Criminal Investigation. The following is a reprint of a portion of this law concerning Uniform Crime Reports.

When it comes to the attention of a sheriff, police department, or other law enforcement agency that a public offense has been committed in its jurisdiction, it shall be the duty of the law enforcement agency to report information concerning such crimes to the Bureau on a form to be furnished by the Bureau not more than thirty five (35) days from the time the crime first comes to the attention of such law enforcement agency. These reports shall be used to generate crime statistics. The Bureau shall submit statistics to the Governor, Legislature and Crime Commission on a quarterly and yearly basis.

During December 1974, the Iowa Bureau of Criminal Investigation, assisted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, conducted schools throughout the State in the proper completion of Uniform Crime Reports. The schools were attended by most law enforcement agencies that were to contribute Uniform Crime Reports. On January 1, 1975, the Iowa Uniform Crime Reporting program was implemented, with forms being sent to 210 agencies. Forms provided by the Federal Bureau of Investigation were used in implementing this program since most contributing agencies had previously submitted these forms to the FBI. Monthly reports were received from 209 agencies throughout 1975 and 1976. In 1977, the number of agencies submitting reports grew to 221, and for the first time all agencies submitted complete data.

In 1977 the responsibility for Uniform Crime Reports was transferred from the Bureau of Criminal Investigation to the Department of Public Safety's Administrative Services Division (which maintains UCR field personnel, receives raw data from contributing agencies, and performs computer analysis of data) and the Bureau of Research and Development (which further analyzes data, prepares the quarterly and

annual reports, and responds to information requests). Questions concerning this report or addressing the topic of crime in Iowa should be addressed to the latter.

B. Method of Reporting

Iowa sheriffs' offices and police departments each month report the offenses, arrests and clearances known to them within their jurisdictions. Crimes handled by State and Federal agencies are reported by the local jurisdictions in which the crimes have occurred. County sheriffs report activity occurring outside the jurisdiction of direct contributing police departments. With two exceptions; these direct contributors are police departments in communities having populations of 2,500 or greater.

C. Offense Classifications

The Iowa Department of Public Safety forwards Iowa crime figures to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for development of nationwide statistics. Because the national program receives reports from law enforcement agencies throughout the nation, uniformity of classification and reporting procedures are necessary to overcome variations in the definitions of criminal offenses among states. For this reason, UCR definitions do not necessarily conform to the definitions set forth in the Code of Iowa.

The criminal offense information contained in the Uniform Crime Reports is divided into Part I and Part II Crimes. Part I Crimes are generally those crimes that are considered most serious in nature, occur with regularity, and are most frequently reported to law enforcement agencies. For the purpose of analysis, Part I Crimes are further divided into violent and property crimes¹:

Violent Crimes

Murder - the willful, non-negligent killing of one human being by another.

Forcible Rape - the carnal knowledge or attempted carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

¹These are also frequently called "crimes against persons" and "crimes against property", respectively.

Robbery - the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by violence or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault - an unlawful attack or attempt by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury.

Property Crimes

Burglary - Breaking or Entering - the unlawful entry or attempted entry of a structure to commit a felony or a larceny.

Larceny (except motor vehicle thefts) - the unlawful taking of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Motor Vehicle Theft - the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. Farm equipment, construction equipment, boats and airplanes are specifically excluded from this category and are included under larceny.

Part II crimes are all those not included in the Part I category. Figures for Part II crimes reported to police are not provided in the UCR system, as is the case for Part I crimes. However, arrests for Part II crimes are included, and an estimate of total crime in a jurisdiction may be reached by combining Part I crimes reported and Part II arrests. Most reports of crime, however, deal exclusively with Part I crimes, and these receive primary attention here.

D. Methodology

Contributing agencies submit monthly crime reports to the Department of Public Safety usually within approximately ten days of the end of the month. In instances in which incomplete or erroneous reports are received, corrected reports are normally submitted within approximately one month following the month in question.

In the case of the annual report, estimations are developed for agencies for which complete data have not been received for a given year, with estimates based whenever possible upon the monthly reports which have been provided. While estimations were not required for the 1977 data, the 1976 data of approximately 20 agencies required estimation. These are noted in tables when appropriate.

Upon receipt of the 1977 annual printout; the Research and Development Bureau of the Department of Public Safety commenced analysis of the data. Initial steps involved inspection of the data to locate inaccuracies which might necessitate alteration of figures. Because of the excellent performance of the Data Processing Bureau, little alteration was necessary.

Following this inspection, all agencies within a population category were rank ordered according to offenses reported, rates per 100,000 population, and clearance rates. The same process occurred for counties and SMSAs. A majority of the time devoted to analysis was spent on three tables in the printout, those dealing with reported crime by agency, the monthly trend of offenses, and reported crime and clearance rates by population groups.

While the bulk of this report is made up of tables, a considerable effort has been made 1) to make the tables understandable, 2) to put them in the most logical format and 3) to make them useful to local law enforcement officials and others who might find them of use. Liberal use has been made of graphs to visually portray the more significant results in the tables. Because of Iowa's strong county orientation, an attempt has been made to permit easy comparison between and among counties and law enforcement agencies. While such comparisons should be made with care, they should permit a rapid understanding of crime patterns within the State as well as by county and jurisdiction.

The rank-ordering included here is not necessarily done to point out communities and agencies with either "good" or "bad" crime or arrest rates. Rather, it was done as a service, and because agencies and the news media are likely to compare jurisdictions regardless of the manner in which the data are presented. Those constructing this report felt an obligation to facilitate comparison and to ensure that such comparisons are accurately made.

The organization of this report runs generally from large jurisdictions to small, beginning with analysis of State level data in which individual jurisdictions are not identified. The second portion of the report deals with jurisdictional information, beginning with counties and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (both of which in most instances include more than one jurisdiction), and then moving to individual large cities down to the smaller rural areas. To ensure understanding of some of the city and county groupings included here, the following definitions are presented:

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas - areas including a core city of at least 50,000 population, and frequently consisting of additional smaller surrounding jurisdictions.

Suburban Cities - those cities in a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area of less than 50,000 population. In this volume, in addition to the cities fitting that definition, three cities which would otherwise be likely to be classified as "suburban" are also included in some suburban tables, and noted when appropriate. These three cities are Coralville, West Burlington and Camanche.

Suburban Areas - all jurisdictions (including the sheriff) within an SMSA with the exception of the core city.

Rural Areas - those areas in non-SMSA counties which are served by the county sheriff or other agencies which do not report directly to the Uniform Crime Reporting system.

In addition to the tables presented last year, tables pertaining to the operation of suburban sheriffs' offices and university police have been added this year.

Several methods exist to check the accuracy of "crimes reported" categories by using city and county groupings. The total crimes reported for all cities, for example, should be the sum of crimes reported for suburban cities and non-suburban cities. The state total of crimes reported can be reached in several ways:

1. Adding the SMSA total to the non-suburban city total, the rural areas total, and the university police total.
2. Adding the city total to the suburban sheriff, rural areas, and university police totals.

Obviously, where suburban and non-suburban cities are broken down by population (e.g., cities from 5,000-10,000), adding comparable suburban and non-suburban groups should yield the state total for that particular group.

This year, in addition to listing cities by population, the total population of city or county group is also presented in all tables containing the number of crimes reported. This step was taken to assist in checking population figures and to provide the reader with the means to check crime rate tables and, if desired, construct tables not presented here. Say, for example, that an individual was desirous of knowing the difference in crime rate for all suburban cities under 10,000 in population and comparable non-suburban cities. After finding the number of crimes reported in the 5,000-10,000 population categories and the under 5,000 population categories, one could then use the listed populations in determining the rates:

Crimes reported, non-suburban cities less than 5,000	:	3,993
Crimes reported, non-suburban cities 5,000-10,000	:	8,689
Total Crimes reported, non-suburban cities less than 10,000:		12,682
Crimes reported, suburban cities less than 5,000	:	1,154
Crimes reported, suburban cities 5,000-10,000	:	778
Total Crimes reported, suburban cities less than 10,000	:	1,932
Population, non-suburban cities less than 5,000	:	153,694
Population, non-suburban cities 5,000-10,000	:	244,479
Total Population, non-suburban cities less than 10,000	:	398,173
Population, suburban cities less than 5,000	:	34,764
Population, suburban cities 5,000-10,000	:	26,789
Total Population, suburban cities less than 10,000	:	61,553
$12,682 \div 3.98173 = 3185.0$		= Non-suburban city rate
$1,932 \div .61553 = 3138.8$		= Suburban city rate

While few people are likely to be interested in such comparisons, the table construction in this year's report makes such manipulation much simpler than was the case in the 1976 volume.

E. Factors Related to Crime

Caution should be exercised in making direct comparisons of crime and arrest data reported by different law enforcement agencies. Crimes reported relate to events

while arrests relate to persons. A single reported offense may involve several crimes, several offenders, and several victims. Many arrests may involve only one such offense. Listed below are some additional conditions which can affect the crime and arrests that occur in different jurisdictions. The same conditions may also affect the amount and type of crime reported.

1. Density of population and geographic size of community.
2. Composition of the population with reference particularly to sex, age and race.
3. Economic status and mores of the population.
4. Mobility of the population.
5. Climate.
6. Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.
7. Policies, effective strength, and standards governing appointment to law enforcement agencies.
8. Policies of the prosecuting officials, courts and correctional agencies.
9. Attitudes of the public toward crime and law enforcement agencies.
10. The degree to which law enforcement agencies adhere to crime reporting standards.

F. Limitations of this Report

Inadequacies of the Uniform Crime Reporting System have been debated extensively. Relying on the reports of citizens, the figures included in Uniform Crime Reports are subject to wide variation due to the degree to which citizens report crime. Citizens may not report all crimes to law enforcement agencies, believing that there is nothing the police can do, fearing retaliation from offenders or embarrassment in revealing their own involvement in the offense or in other crimes.

The degree to which crimes are reported by citizens varies considerably from offense to offense and from area to area. According to victimization studies completed in metropolitan areas, the percentage of actual crimes reported has

varied between 19% (for larceny) to 97% (for commercial robbery), depending on such factors as:

1. the seriousness of the crime and/or value of goods lost;
2. the victim's perception of the likelihood of apprehending the suspect;
3. the presence or absence of insurance on property.

Thus the Uniform Crime Reports do not purport to contain a complete itemization of crime within jurisdictions. Without ongoing statewide victimization studies, however -- like those noted above -- the UCR system constitutes the best network of State and national crime figures currently available.

The UCR system has been developed to serve as a tool to assist jurisdictions obtain comparative information which can assist in allocation of personnel, budgeting, deployment of resources, and the like. Under ideal circumstances, the system can be of great benefit to criminal justice agencies, other public and private agencies, and to citizens. As in other such systems, however, accuracy of data rests upon proper use of the system. Misuse of the system is possible, and can affect accuracy of the data.

A more likely source of inaccuracy here has been the admitted inadequacy of record-keeping systems in past years. Within the past decade, and particularly during the past six years, dramatic improvements in law enforcement record-keeping and reporting systems have occurred which have probably had a considerable effect on the amount of crime reported within some jurisdictions. While major metropolitan areas were in the forefront of this improvement -- obtaining sophisticated computer systems to record and keep track of crimes reported -- since the development of the Iowa UCR system the most notable changes have been observed in some of the smaller jurisdictions, particularly in rural areas. It is in these areas that crime typically has not been a major problem and that the necessity for accurate record keeping has in the past been least visible.

Without possessing conclusive information on the subject, it is possible that at least a portion of the increase in crime reported during the past few years is due to improvements in record keeping, particularly in the rural areas which have experienced the largest percentage increase in crime since 1972. Further, because these rural jurisdictions started with low levels of crime -- both in raw numbers and rate per population -- large percentage increases can take place without great numerical increases.

Changes in crime rates can be affected by fluctuations which may be due to improvements or deterioration in record-keeping or to probability. Statistical theory indicates that the smaller the number in a sample - e.g., the smaller the number of reported crimes in a jurisdiction in a given year - the more susceptible the sample is to great variation in mean (average) and standard deviation. What this means, in layman's terms, is that reported crimes in smaller jurisdictions will vary more from year to year -- without necessarily showing a trend -- than will reported crimes in larger jurisdictions containing more crime.

The murder rate provides a good illustration of this susceptibility to fluctuation. While monthly trends are quite evident in some of the more frequent crimes (larceny, for example), a monthly comparison between 1976 and 1977 murders yields little in the way of a pattern, with great fluctuations from month to month. Further, 1977 saw SMSAs showing a large increase in murder in 1977, while non-suburban cities and rural areas showed a decrease which was almost as large.

While this report contains information both on the raw number of crimes reported and the rate of crime per 100,000 population, much more attention has been given to rates per population than to raw figures. The latter, obviously, are significantly affected by population, even within groupings of cities of a given size. Thus, on the basis of raw figures, Davenport, with 6,834 reported Part I offenses in 1977, possesses a larger crime problem than Council Bluffs, which

reported 5,599 offenses. Using rates per population, however, one finds that Council Bluffs, with 9,026.9 crimes per 100,000 population, possesses the highest crime rate for cities of more than 50,000 population, while Davenport's rate of 6,845.2 is below the average.

G. Population Estimations

Because of questionable accuracy with previous population estimations provided by the FBI, during 1977 each reporting agency was requested to provide a current estimation of local population which reflected local input. A high percentage of these agencies responded to this request, obtaining estimates from city and county assessors, special censuses, local audits, and the like. Others provided 1970 census figures. New population estimates were also obtained from the FBI, using estimations developed by the Bureau of the Census.

When differences occurred among these sources, the following rules were followed:

1. 1970 Census data were not used in any case.
2. Where local agencies developed figures which relied on information more current than the 1970 Census, these figures were used.
3. In all other cases, the FBI-Census Bureau data were used.

The result of this combination is a State population figure which inspires more confidence than the 1976 total. The only estimate which yields much speculation is Des Moines', which dropped to 195,000 from the 211,117 reported in 1976.

Because of this drop, the crime rate in Des Moines in 1977 was higher than in 1976, even though a decrease occurred in the number of crimes reported. It is suspected that one of these population estimates is not very accurate.

Because of admitted inaccuracies in population estimates, as well as inaccuracies in some reported crime, it is suggested that the crime rates presented here not be considered definitive. While they constitute the best available source of

crime data, as a management tool and indicator of communities' well-being their accuracy leaves much to be desired.

H. Corrections in 1976 Data

A comparison of the 1976 figures presented here and those found in the 1976 Iowa Uniform Crime Reports will show that several corrections have been made in either the number of crimes reported or population figures for the following agencies:

1. Clayton County, in which the estimate of Part I crime reported was revised to 254 from 170.
2. Urbandale Part I crime reported revised to 758 from 765.
3. Wapello County estimate revised to 1,445 from 1,436.
4. Pleasant Hill, which the original 1976 population of 1,596 has been corrected to 3,000.
5. Delaware County population corrected to 18,979 from 18,903.
6. Dubuque County population corrected to 93,306 from 93,382.
7. Fayette County population corrected to 26,500 from 28,961.
8. Cherokee County population corrected to 16,594 from 17,869.
9. Osceola County population corrected to 8,865 from 11,820.
10. Lucas County population corrected to 10,200 from 10,210.
11. Tama County population corrected to 20,271, from 22,652.

While only in the case of Pleasant Hill and Clayton County did these modifications make any significant changes in agencies' rates, a desire existed to make figures presented here to be as precise as possible in light of available information.

When 1976 population groupings are presented in this report, figures include estimates, which was not the case in the 1976 report. Because those agencies for which estimates were necessary have typically maintained lower crime rates than comparable jurisdictions, failure to include those agencies in grouped figures in 1976 produced artificially high rates in some categories. The rural areas rate

per 100,000 population in 1976 without the estimated agencies was 1,577.6, for example, but dropped to 1,524.8 when estimated agencies were included. A desire for greater accuracy and comparability, then, has led to this change.

Since the release of the 1976 report, new rank orderings of cities and counties have also been prepared which take into account estimated agencies and the corrections noted above. For this reason, when a comparison is presented here between 1976 and 1977 rank orderings, it may be found that an agency's 1976 rank may not be identical to that contained in the 1976 report. Henceforth, estimated agencies will also be included in rank orderings, with notation of these agencies occurring when appropriate.

On the subject of estimations, 1977 marks the first year in which estimations have not been necessary in the compilation of yearly statistics. EVERY DIRECT REPORTING AGENCY IN 1977 SUBMITTED REPORTS FOR EACH MONTH IN THE YEAR, a fact for which this Department is extremely grateful. Not only does this facilitate preparation of this report, it also should increase public confidence in the accuracy of the Uniform Crime Reporting System in Iowa. In any event, a vote of thanks is due to each Direct Reporting Agency.

II. STATE LEVEL DATA AND ANALYSIS

A. Total Crimes Reported

Iowa residents in 1977 reported an estimated 111,275 crimes to local law enforcement officials, down from the 116,183 estimated in 1976. While an increase was noted in the number of violent crimes reported to law enforcement authorities, a decrease in property crimes was responsible for a decrease in total crime.

As shown in Table I, a majority of crime in Iowa (81.7%) was reported in cities, with only 13.5% occurring in rural areas. Crime in Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSAs)--Polk/Warren, Linn, Pottawattamie, Woodbury, Black Hawk, Dubuque, and Scott Counties--accounted for 56.0% of the total.

Comparing cities in suburban and non-suburban categories, suburban cities accounted for 6.3% of the State's reported crimes, while non-suburban cities, having a much larger population, accounted for 29.9% of the total.

Figure 1 presents a visual portrayal

**Crimes Reported,
By Population Category
1977**

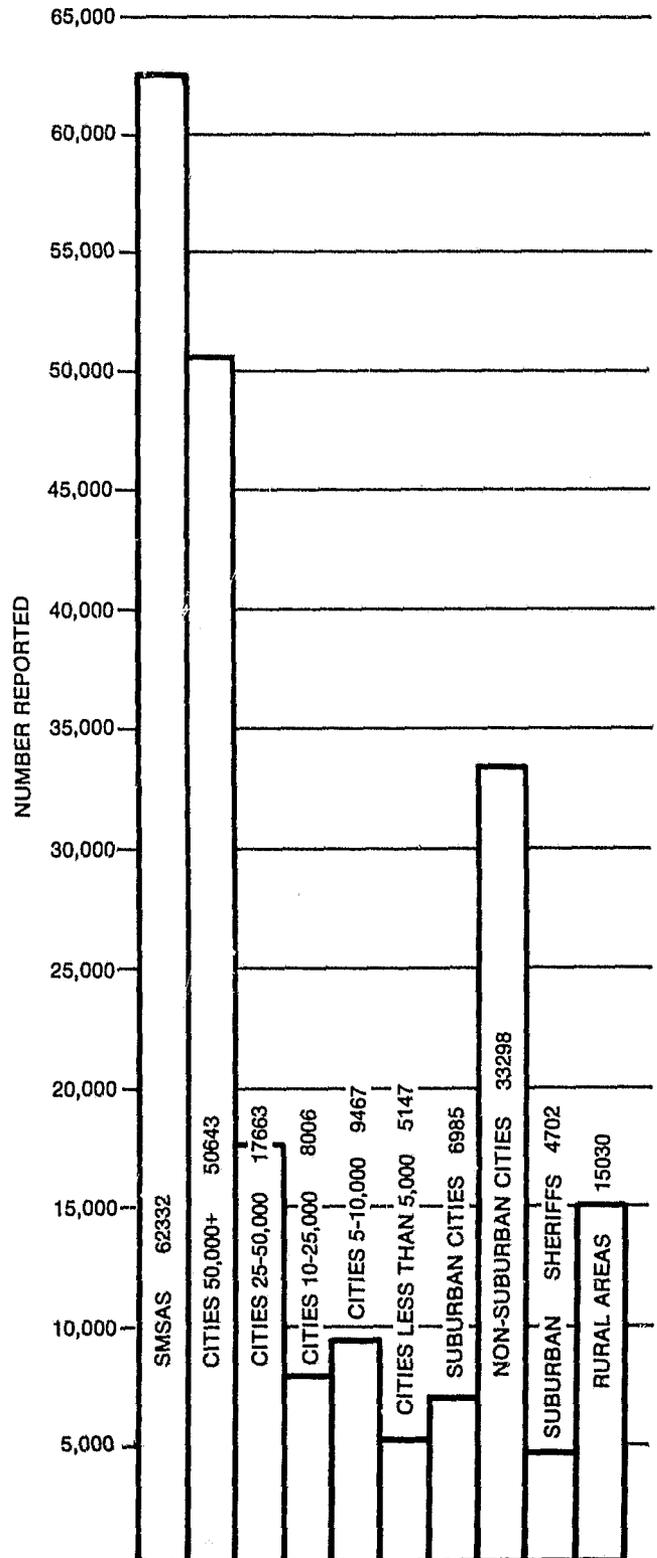


FIGURE 1

TABLE I
OFFENSES KNOWN
BY POPULATION CATEGORY
1977

<u>Population Categories</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent Crime</u>	<u>Property Crime</u>
State of Iowa	2,900,134	111,275	4,132	107,143
Total for all Cities	1,671,238	90,929	3,530	87,399
SMSAs	1,070,078	62,333	2,905	59,428
Cities Over 50,000	687,146	50,646	2,350	48,296
Cities 25,000-50,000 Total	344,730	17,663	584	17,079
Cities 10,000-25,000 Total	179,636	8,006	189	7,817
Cities 5,000-10,000 Total	271,268	9,467	240	9,227
Cities Under 5,000 Total	188,458	5,147	167	4,980
Suburban Cities ¹				
Cities 25,000-50,000	60,772	2,213	112	2,101
Cities 10,000-25,000	75,465	2,840	87	2,753
Cities 5,000-10,000	26,789	778	30	748
Cities Under 5,000	34,764	1,154	55	1,099
Suburban Cities Total	197,790	6,985	284	6,701
Non-Suburban Cities				
Cities 25,000-50,000	283,958	15,450	472	14,978
Cities 10,000-25,000	104,171	5,166	102	5,064
Cities 5,000-10,000	244,479	8,689	210	8,479
Cities Under 5,000	153,694	3,993	112	3,881
Non-Suburban Cities Total	786,302	33,298	896	32,402
University Police	23,000	614	7	607
Suburban Sheriffs	185,142	4,702	271	4,431
Suburban Areas Total	382,932	11,687	55	11,132
Rural Areas Total	1,020,754	15,030	324	14,706

¹includes only SMSA suburbs

<u>Murder</u>	<u>Forcible Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Aggravated Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
67	305	1,189	2,571	23,367	77,435	6,341
53	225	1,103	2,149	16,347	65,842	5,210
46	191	992	1,676	11,888	43,871	3,669
41	143	877	1,289	9,547	35,764	2,985
8	43	113	420	2,692	13,288	1,099
2	6	53	128	1,304	6,122	391
1	19	37	183	1,708	7,089	430
1	14	23	129	1,096	3,579	305
2	3	26	81	303	1,701	97
1	0	27	59	405	2,235	113
0	3	7	20	81	624	43
0	6	15	34	208	823	68
3	12	75	194	997	5,383	321
6	40	87	339	2,389	11,587	1,002
1	6	26	69	899	3,887	278
1	16	30	163	1,627	6,465	387
1	8	8	95	888	2,756	237
9	70	151	666	5,803	24,695	1,904
0	0	1	6	137	464	6
2	36	40	193	1,344	2,724	363
5	48	115	387	2,341	8,107	687
12	44	45	223	5,539	8,405	762

of the number of crimes reported in each population category.

B. Total Crime Rate

Looking at the State's crime rate per 100,000 population, one finds a State total of 3,836.9 reported crimes per 100,000 population. This finding is presented in Table II, which contains crime rates by population groupings. The most noteworthy findings contained in Table II are:

1. the larger a population group, the higher the crime rate;
2. the finding that non-suburban cities maintained higher crime rates than suburban cities;
3. suburban cities' not adhering to the statewide trend in not showing a relationship between population and crime rate; and
4. rural areas' having crime rates of less than half the State total and approximately half the rate for the smallest cities.

These findings are illustrated at the right.

The relationship between crime rates of suburban and non-suburban cities is visually portrayed in Figure 3.

Total Crime Rate Per 100,000 Population By Population Category 1977

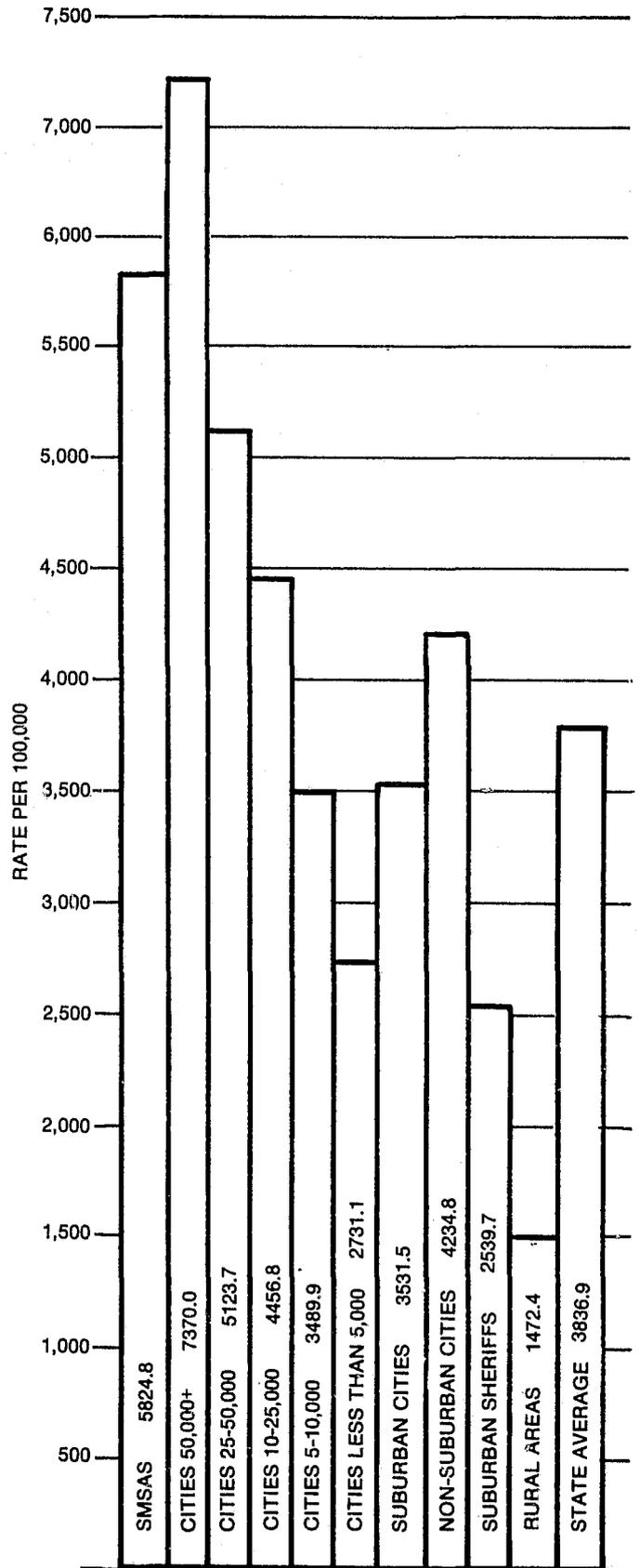


TABLE II
 CRIME RATES AND PERCENT CHANGES
 BY POPULATION CATEGORIES
 1976-1977

Population Category	Crime Index			Violent Crime		
	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
State of Iowa	3,836.9	4,046.2	-5.2	142.5	132.1	+7.9
Total for all Cities	5,440.8	5,772.5	-5.7	211.2	188.8	+11.9
SMSAs	5,825.1	6,181.5	-5.8	271.5	249.5	+8.8
Cities 50,000+	7,370.5	7,670.6	-3.9	342.0	312.7	+9.4
25,000-50,000 Total	5,123.7	5,670.5	-9.6	169.4	137.0	+23.6
10,000-25,000 Total	4,456.8	4,930.7	-9.6	105.2	83.4	+26.1
5,000-10,000 Total	3,489.9	3,375.9	+3.4	88.5	57.9	+52.8
Under 5,000 Total	2,731.1	2,899.2	-5.8	88.6	96.7	-8.4
Suburban Cities						
Cities 25,000-50,000	3,641.5	4,516.6	-19.4	184.3	159.3	+15.7
Cities 10,000-25,000	3,763.3	4,102.8	-8.3	115.3	93.1	+23.8
Cities 5,000-10,000	2,904.2	3,311.9	-12.3	112.0	32.6	+243.6
Cities Under 5,000	3,319.5	4,065.9	-18.4	158.2	231.2	-31.6
Suburban Cities Total	3,531.5	4,133.9	-14.6	143.6	131.0	+9.6
Non-Suburban Cities						
Cities 25,000-50,000	5,440.9	5,912.8	-8.0	166.2	132.4	+25.5
Cities 10,000-25,000	4,959.2	5,479.1	-9.5	97.9	76.9	+27.3
Cities 5,000-10,000	3,554.1	3,381.6	+5.1	85.9	60.1	+42.9
Cities Under 5,000	2,598.0	2,626.6	-1.1	72.9	68.4	+6.6
Non-Suburban Cities Total	4,234.8	4,434.9	-4.5	114.0	90.0	+26.7
University Police	2,669.6	---	---	30.4	---	---
Suburban Sheriffs	2,539.7	2,660.4	-4.5	146.4	129.7	+12.9
Suburban Areas Total	3,052.0	3,377.6	-9.6	144.9	130.4	+11.1
Rural Areas Total	1,472.4	1,524.8	-3.4	31.7	41.2	-23.1

Property Crime			Murder			Forcible Rape		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
3,694.4	3,914.1	-5.6	2.3	2.2	+4.5	10.5	10.6	-0.9
5,229.6	5,583.7	-6.3	3.2	2.5	+28.0	13.5	13.2	+2.3
5,553.6	5,932.0	-6.4	4.3	3.1	+38.7	17.8	18.5	-3.8
7,028.5	7,357.8	-4.5	6.0	3.7	+62.2	20.8	21.4	-2.8
4,954.3	5,533.5	-10.5	2.3	2.4	-4.2	12.5	10.1	+23.8
4,351.6	4,847.4	-10.2	1.1	3.4	-67.6	3.3	6.3	-47.6
3,401.4	3,318.0	+2.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	7.0	4.6	+52.2
2,642.5	2,780.5	-5.0	0.5	0.6	-16.7	7.4	6.7	+10.4
3,457.2	4,357.3	-20.7	3.3	1.7	+94.1	4.9	3.4	+44.1
3,648.0	4,009.7	-9.0	1.3	1.4	-7.1	0.0	8.6	-100.0
2,792.2	3,279.3	-14.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.2	4.7	+138.3
3,161.3	3,834.7	-17.6	0.0	3.2	-100.0	17.3	12.8	+35.2
3,387.9	4,002.8	-15.4	1.5	1.7	-11.8	6.1	7.2	-15.3
5,274.7	5,780.4	-8.7	2.1	2.5	-16.0	14.1	11.5	+22.6
4,861.2	5,402.2	-10.0	1.0	4.7	-78.7	5.8	4.7	+23.4
3,468.2	3,321.5	+4.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	6.5	4.6	+41.3
2,525.1	2,558.2	-1.3	0.7	0.0	---	5.2	5.4	-3.7
4,120.8	4,344.8	-5.2	1.1	1.7	-35.3	8.9	7.3	+21.9
2,639.1	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---
2,393.3	2,530.7	-5.4	1.1	2.1	-47.6	19.4	18.3	+6.0
2,907.0	3,247.2	-10.5	1.3	1.9	-31.6	12.5	12.9	-3.1
1,440.7	1,483.6	-2.9	1.2	1.8	-33.3	4.3	4.8	-10.4

Robbery			Aggravated Assault			Burglary		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
41.0	41.0	0.0	88.7	78.4	+13.1	805.7	826.4	-2.5
66.0	66.6	-0.9	128.6	106.5	+20.7	978.1	1,019.8	-4.1
92.7	88.9	+4.3	156.6	139.1	+12.6	1,110.9	1,135.8	-2.2
127.6	125.2	+1.9	187.6	162.4	+15.5	1,389.4	1,380.5	+0.6
32.8	44.9	-26.9	121.8	79.7	+52.8	780.9	978.6	-20.2
29.5	13.1	+125.2	71.3	60.5	+17.9	725.9	756.0	-4.0
13.6	6.9	+97.1	67.5	46.1	+46.4	629.6	576.2	+9.3
12.2	17.9	-31.8	68.5	71.6	-4.3	581.6	593.9	-2.1
42.8	36.0	+18.9	133.3	118.2	+12.8	498.6	851.6	-41.5
35.8	10.0	+258.0	78.2	73.1	+7.0	536.7	495.8	+8.2
26.1	4.7	+455.3	24.7	23.3	+6.0	302.4	395.9	-23.6
43.1	54.6	-21.1	97.8	160.6	-39.1	598.3	780.4	-23.3
37.9	25.4	+49.2	98.1	96.8	+1.3	504.1	647.5	-22.1
30.6	46.8	-34.6	119.4	71.6	+66.8	841.3	1,005.2	-16.3
25.0	15.2	+64.5	66.2	52.2	+26.8	863.0	928.4	-7.0
12.3	7.1	+73.2	66.7	48.1	+38.7	665.5	592.8	+12.3
5.2	10.2	-49.0	61.8	52.8	+17.0	577.8	554.6	+4.2
19.2	23.1	-16.9	84.7	58.0	+46.0	738.0	779.8	-5.4
4.3	---	---	26.1	---	---	595.7	---	---
21.6	15.7	+37.6	104.2	93.6	+11.3	725.9	700.4	+3.6
30.0	20.4	+47.1	101.1	95.2	+6.2	611.3	674.9	-9.4
4.4	4.4	0.0	21.8	30.3	-28.1	542.6	538.5	+0.8

<u>Larceny</u>		
<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
2,670.0	2,880.5	-7.3
3,939.7	4,263.0	-7.6
4,099.8	4,466.2	-8.2
5,204.7	5,557.8	-6.4
3,854.6	4,267.8	-9.7
3,408.0	3,861.2	-11.7
2,613.3	2,581.0	+1.3
1,899.1	2,048.5	-7.3
2,799.0	3,346.4	-16.4
2,961.6	3,329.0	-11.0
2,329.3	2,692.4	-13.5
2,367.4	2,880.8	-17.8
2,721.6	3,180.0	-14.4
4,080.5	4,461.2	-8.5
3,731.4	4,213.8	-11.4
2,644.4	2,571.1	+2.9
1,793.2	1,873.0	-4.3
3,140.7	3,342.3	-6.0
2,017.4	---	---
1,471.3	1,681.7	-12.5
2,117.1	2,410.7	-12.2
823.4	877.9	-6.2

<u>Motor Vehicle Theft</u>		
<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
218.6	207.2	+5.5
311.7	300.9	+3.6
342.9	330.1	+3.9
434.4	419.5	+3.6
318.8	287.2	+11.0
217.7	230.1	-5.4
158.5	160.4	-1.2
161.8	138.1	+17.2
159.6	159.4	+0.1
149.7	184.9	-19.0
160.5	191.0	-16.0
195.6	173.4	+12.8
162.3	175.3	-7.4
352.9	314.0	+12.4
266.9	260.1	+2.6
158.3	157.6	+0.4
154.2	130.7	+18.0
242.1	222.8	+8.7
26.1	---	---
196.1	148.6	+32.0
179.4	161.6	+11.0
74.7	67.3	+11.0

It is evident from the figure that non-suburban cities, in general, possess higher crime rates than their suburban counterparts, a pattern followed in each population category save cities of less than 5,000 population. Although a

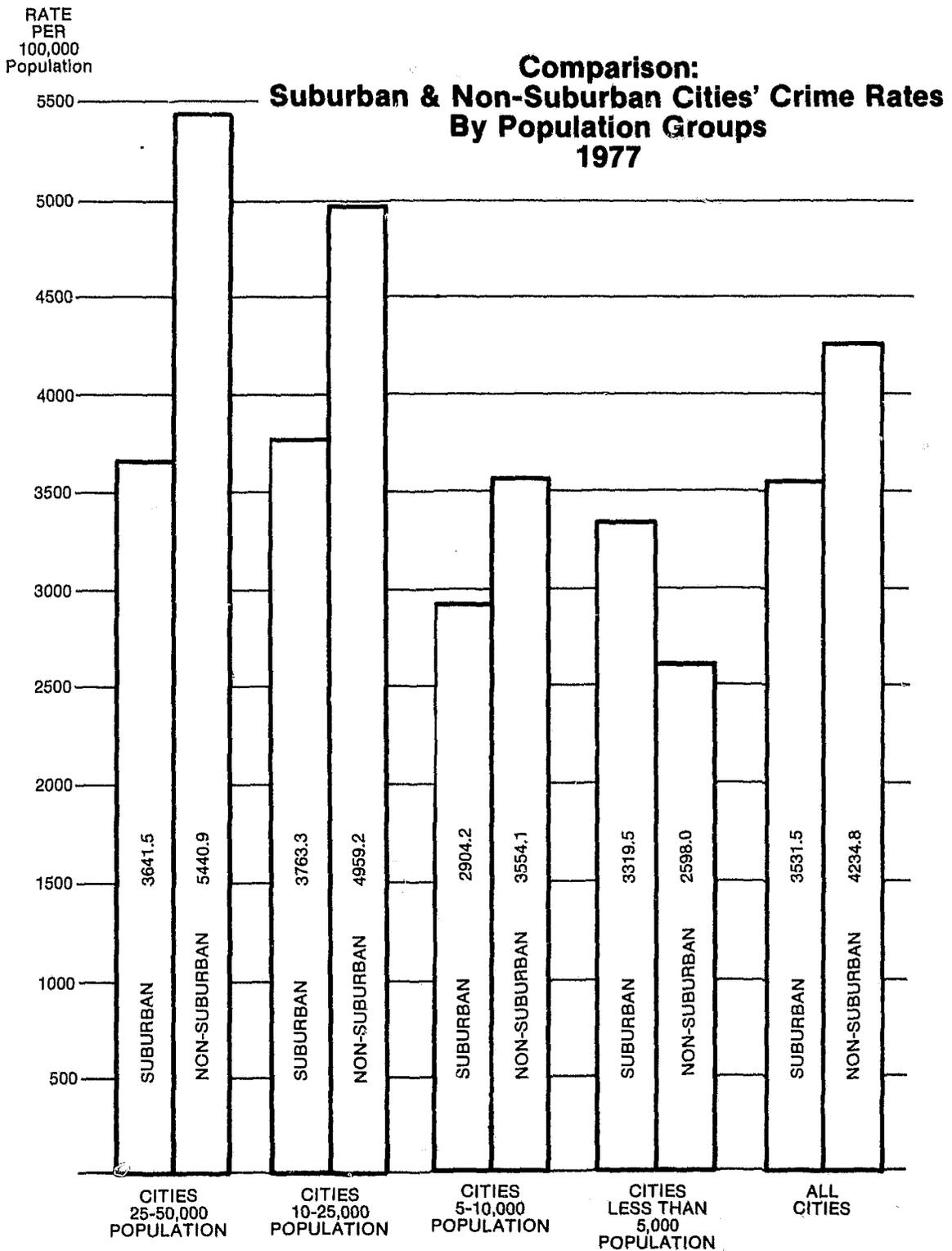


FIGURE 3

similar pattern is evident using 1976 data, it would be premature at this time to speculate as to the reasons for this phenomenon.

Examining the rate of violent crime, one finds a picture similar to that of the total crime index, with the following exceptions:

1. cities under 5,000 population maintained a slightly higher violent crime rate than cities ranging from 5,000 to 10,000 population;
2. suburban cities of less than 5,000 population maintained violent crime rates higher than all but the largest suburban cities; and
3. suburban sheriffs' offices approximated the violent crime rate of suburban cities, although such a comparison does not hold for the total crime index.

Also of note is that suburban cities in each population group reported higher violent crime rates than their non-suburban counterparts, in contrast to the pattern for the crime index.

The lowest violent crime rate was found in the rural areas and universities with the highest rate by far in the cities of over 50,000 population.

Because the total crime index is made up predominately of property crime, findings for property crime are essentially similar to those for the total crime index.

Murder rates in 1977 were found to be highest in the largest cities, with Des Moines having a substantial impact on these figures. The next highest group was suburban cities of 25,000-50,000, which reported a rate only slightly higher than half of the large cities' rate. Three categories -- the two smallest suburban categories and university police -- reported no murders in 1977.

The highest rate of reported Forcible Rape in 1977 was found in cities having populations over 50,000, with the jurisdictions of suburban sheriffs coming in a close second. The lowest rates were reported by university police, suburban cities from 10,000-25,000, and rural areas.

Cities over 50,000 in population maintained the highest crime rates for robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft. Lowest rates were found predominantly in the rural areas or universities, with aggravated assault and larceny having their lowest incidence in the former, and robbery and motor vehicle theft in the latter. Burglary was lowest in suburban cities from 5,000-10,000 population, as was the case in 1976.

Suburban cities maintained lower rates than their non-suburban counterparts in rape and each of the property crimes. This is consistent with findings reported for 1976.

**Changes In Crime Rate,
1976-1977, By Population Category,
In Percent**

Table II also presents percentage change in rates from 1976 to 1977, and shows that the State's change in crime rate in 1977 was -5.2%. One finds, as well, great variation in percentage changes from one area to another: the only increases were reported in non-suburban cities from 5,000-10,000 and the total 5,000-10,000 population group. These two categories, incidentally, showed decreases in 1976. The only category to show the same pattern in 1976 and 1977 were cities over 50,000, which showed a very slight decrease in 1976 and a larger decrease in 1977. Suburban cities experienced decreases in each population category, while non-suburban cities reported increases only in the 5,000-10,000 population category. These percent changes are also illustrated in Figure 4.

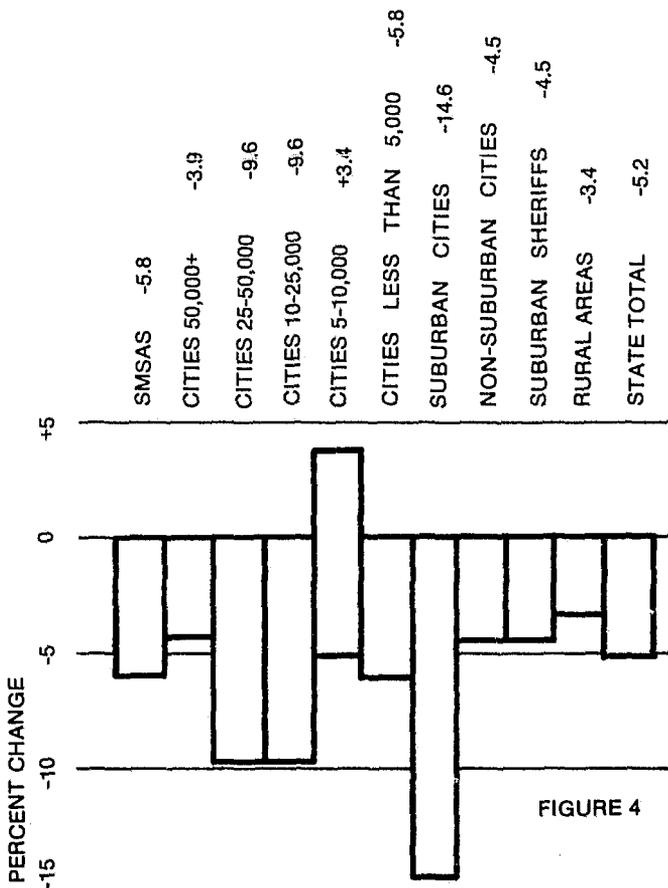


FIGURE 4

It is in the violent crime categories that one encounters the most discouraging findings in crime rate in Iowa. In 1976 the State experienced a 6.6% decrease in violent crime, with cities experiencing a 12.9% decrease. In 1977 the opposite was true, as the violent crime rate exceeds the 1975 rate, which had been the highest in recent years. The only areas to show decreases were the rural areas, suburban cities under 5,000, and the total under 5,000 category. Again, in contrast, each of these groups showed large increases in 1976. The only areas showing percentage change in the same direction for the two years were suburban cities from 10,000-25,000 population, the total suburban city category, and suburban areas, all of which increased each year.

Because property crime is much more voluminous than violent crime, one notices considerably less fluctuation in rate changes. On a statewide basis, a 5.6% decrease in property crime was reported, ranging from a 20.7% decrease in the largest suburbs to a 4.4% increase in non-suburban cities from 5,000-10,000 population. Changes in each property crime category essentially mirrored those in the total crime index category, and were opposite to findings reported for 1976.

With murder -- the least frequently reported Part I crime -- one notices extreme fluctuations in percentage changes. It is suggested that one not try to draw conclusions from these changes due to that crime's infrequency, save to note a 4.5% increase statewide in 1977.

The same suggestion holds true for rape, which, like robbery, showed no change statewide in 1977. Decreases were reported for the second straight year in the suburban cities category, in cities over 50,000, and cities from 10,000-25,000.

Robbery figures showed no change in 1977 after dropping considerably in 1976.

Of the four violent crimes, aggravated assault experienced the largest increase in 1977, as it did in 1976. Again in contrast with 1976, non-suburban cities

experienced the most dramatic increase in assault during 1977, after experiencing decreases in 1976. Suburban cities, on the other hand, experienced much smaller increases, with the exception of the smallest cities, which reported a large drop.

In burglary, one finds a pattern of decrease in 1977, as was the case in 1976. Most categories showed decreases with suburban cities experiencing the largest drop.

Larceny, because it is the most frequently committed and reported Part I crime in Iowa, accounted for increases paralleling those found in the crime index category. It is the crime of larceny which most accounts for the decrease in crime in 1977 in Iowa, as larceny makes up over 69% of the reported Part I crime, and experienced a 7.3% drop in 1977. As will be shown later, this drop is directly attributable to two specific types of larceny.

Motor Vehicle Theft was second to robbery in its reported increase in 1977, a 5.5% jump from 1976. No particular pattern is evident in the data.

Figures 5 through 8, pie-graphs illustrating the distribution of reported offenses statewide, in SMSAs, non-suburban cities, and rural areas in 1977 visually portrays the makeup of Part I offenses reported in 1977. Larceny, with 69.6% of the total was reported almost three times as frequently as all other crimes combined. This is true in each area except rural areas, which tend to have a great proportion of burglaries. In each area, however, larceny and burglary combine to account for about 90% of reported Part I crime.

The next two most frequent crimes were burglary, accounting for 21.0% of Part I crimes in the States, and motor vehicle theft, accounting for 5.7%. Violent crimes totaled only 3.7% of the Part I crime reported in Iowa in 1977, up slightly from the 3.3% reported in 1976. Homicide and rape, incidentally, account for much less than 1% of the total, even in the relatively more violent SMSAs.

Distribution Of Iowa Part I Crime, By Area, 1977

STATE TOTAL

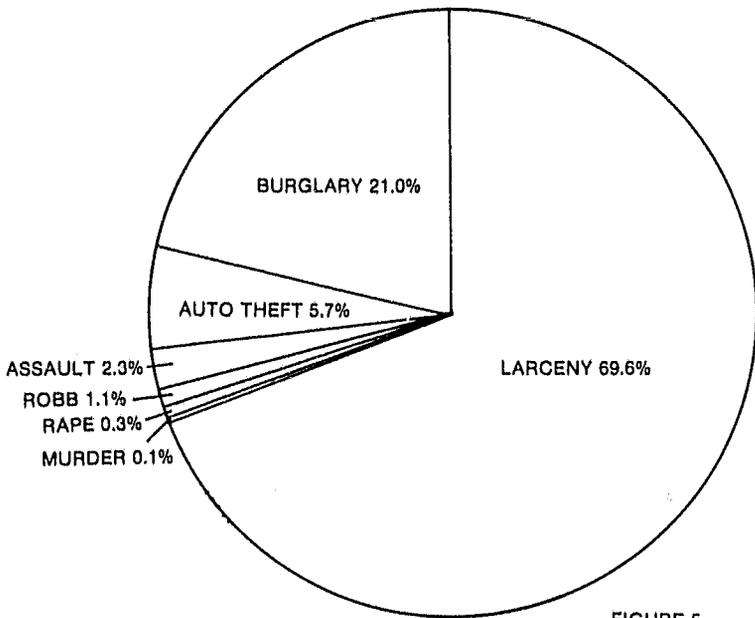


FIGURE 5

SMSAS

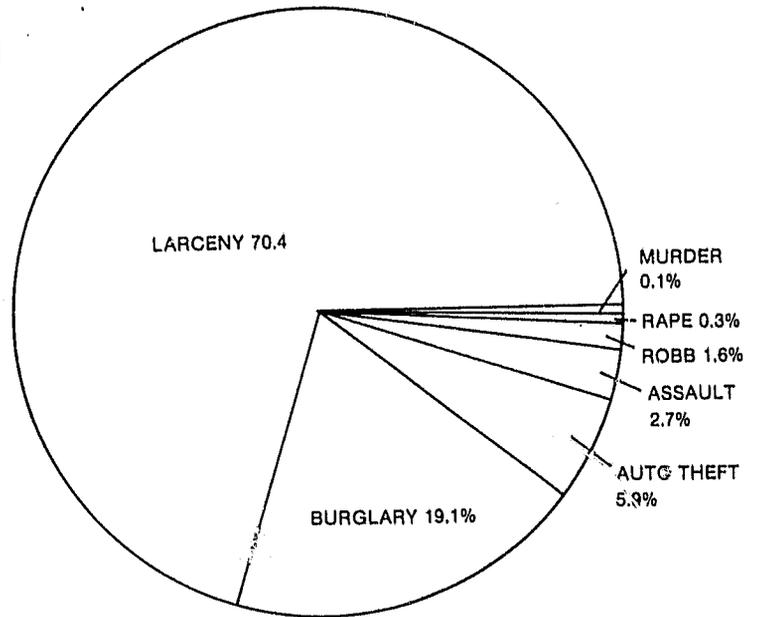


FIGURE 6

NON-SUBURBAN CITIES

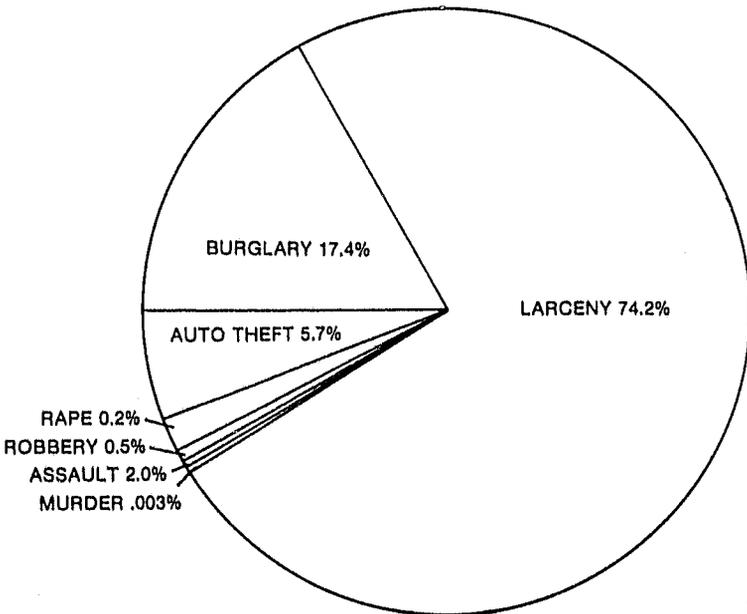


FIGURE 7

RURAL AREAS

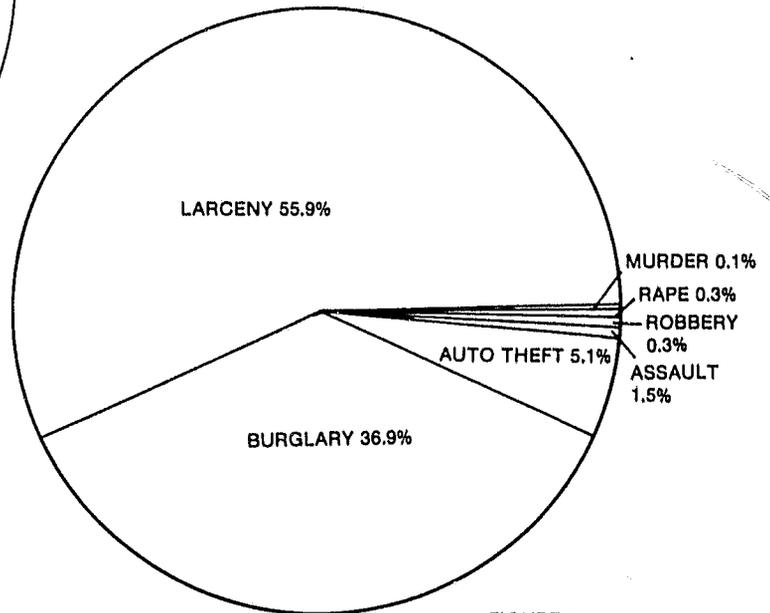


FIGURE 8

C. Monthly Offense Pattern and Offense Characteristics

Figure 9 presents the monthly trend of offenses during 1976 and 1977, and indicates that the decrease in crime in 1977 was due predominately to the early and middle months of the year, as reported crime during three of the last four months of 1977 was slightly higher than in 1976. It is evident from this graph, as was the case in 1976, that it is during the summer months in which the highest reporting of crime occurs in Iowa.

It is more difficult to discern a trend when looking at the graph presenting a monthly summary of violent crime (Figure 10), although the greatest number of offenses did occur during the summer months of 1977. Because of the relatively small volume of violent crime in Iowa, it is not surprising that comparison of monthly trends of 1976 and 1977 results in no real pattern.

Figure 11, which presents the monthly pattern of property offenses, closely parallels the trend for all Part I crime, as expected because of the predominance of property crime in the total crime index.

Figure 12 presents an illustration of the type and value of property stolen and recovered in the State of Iowa during 1977. As noted in the graph, property valued at \$30,936,352 was reported stolen in Iowa during 1977, an increase of 8.1% from the \$28,624,618 reported stolen during 1976. Recovered property was valued at \$11,520,777, also an increase over 1976. The percentage of property recovered also rose in 1977 to 37.2% from the 33.5% returned in 1976.

The category experiencing the greatest dollar loss in 1977 was locally stolen motor vehicles, as was the case in 1976. The value of these was \$11,600,667, with 80% of this value, or \$9,281,820 being returned. This was a rise of almost 5% over 1976. The lowest percentage of return occurred in categories in which property is easily distributed and difficult to trace: jewelry and precious metals (6.2%), audio-visual equipment (8.0%), currency and notes (8.4%), and

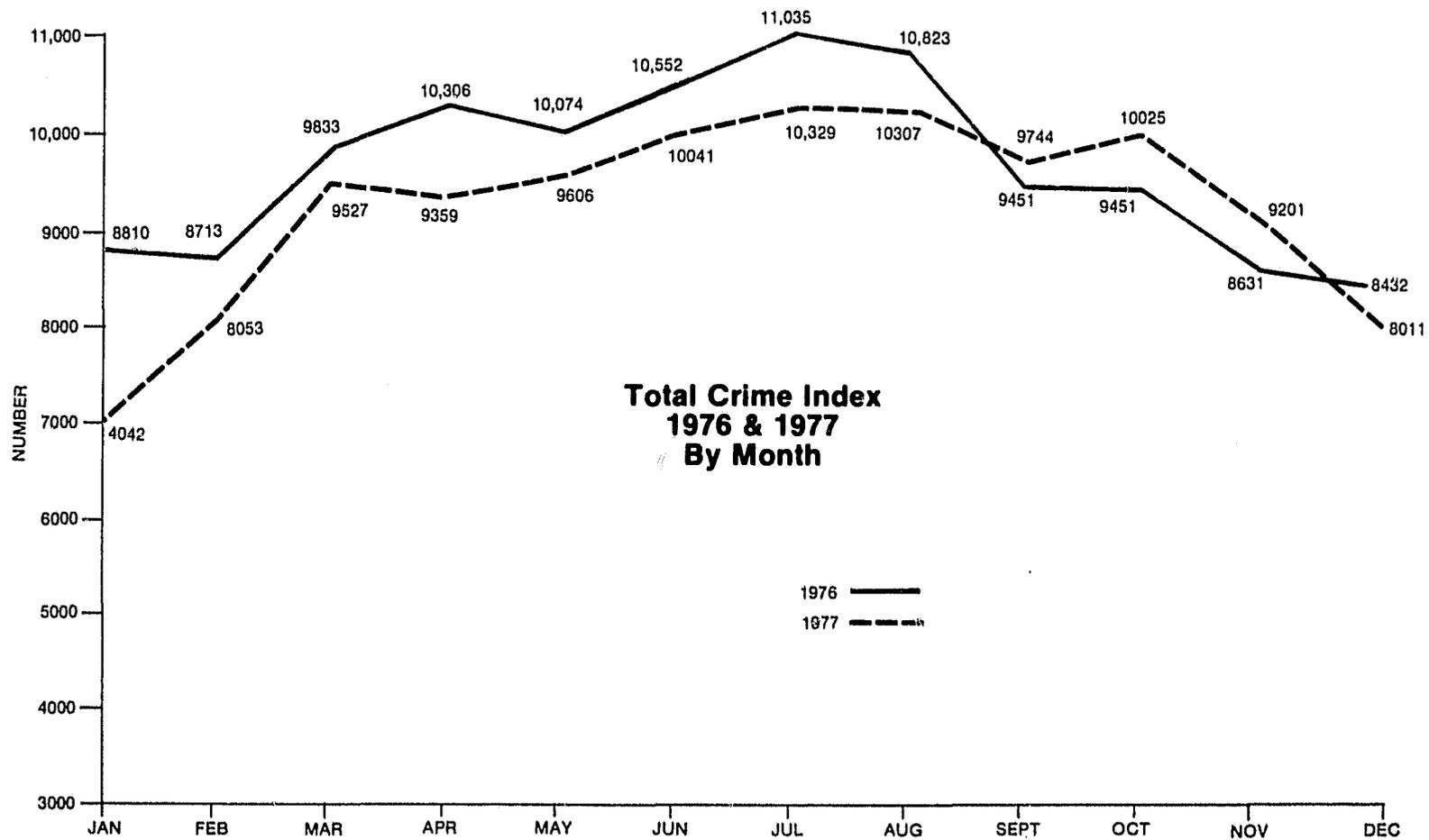


FIGURE 9

Violent Crime 1976 & 1977 By Month

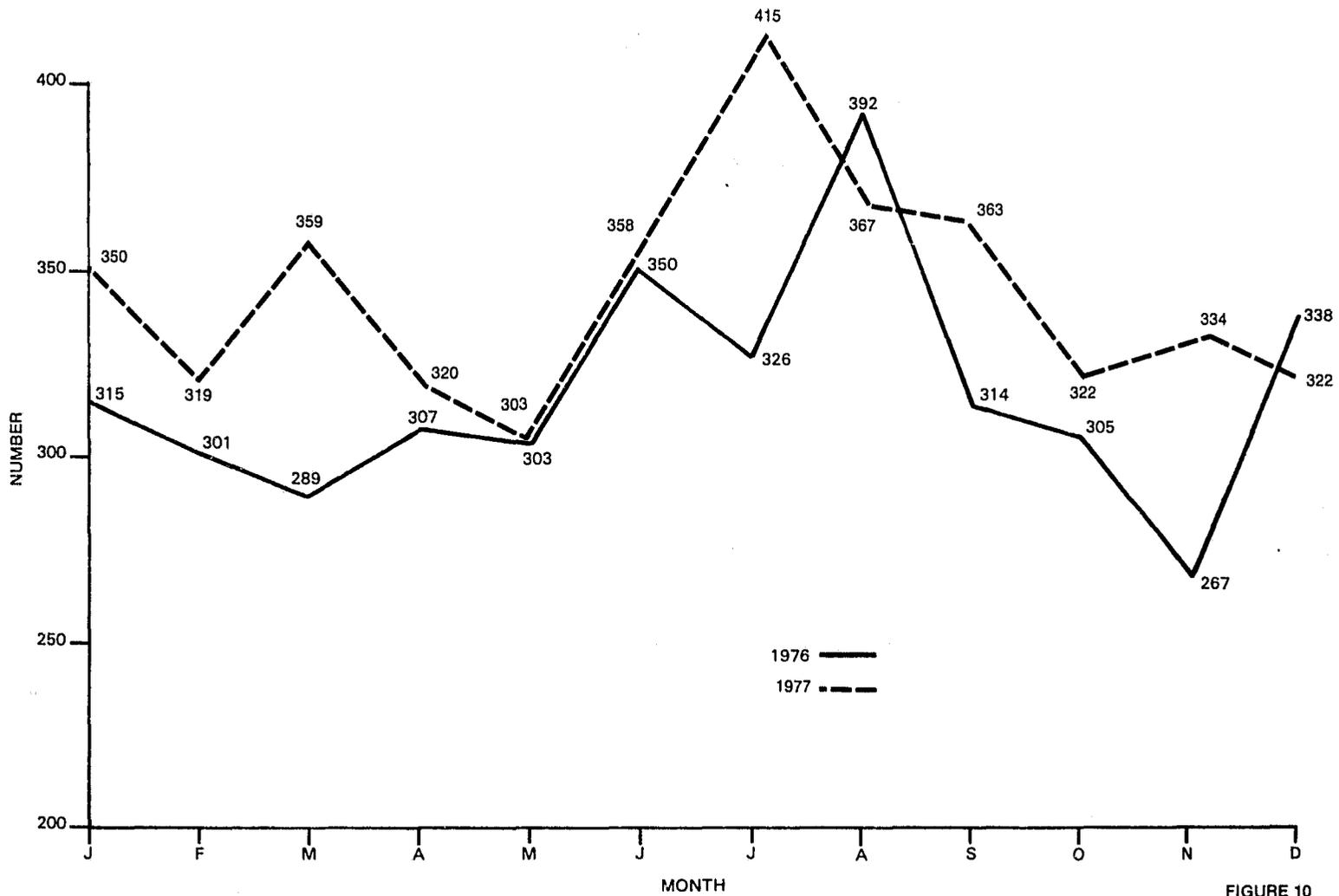


FIGURE 10

Property Crime 1976 & 1977 By Month

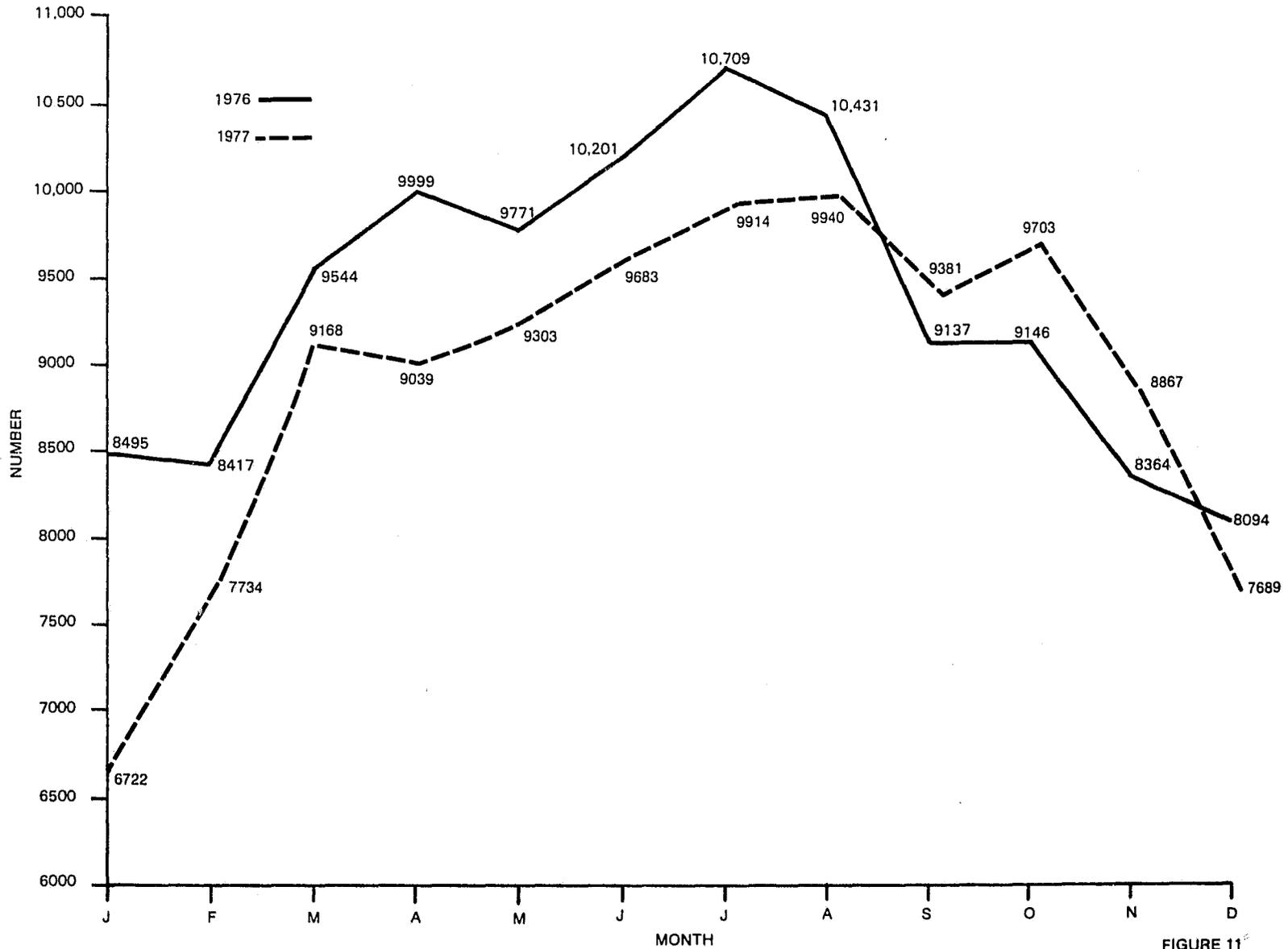


FIGURE 11

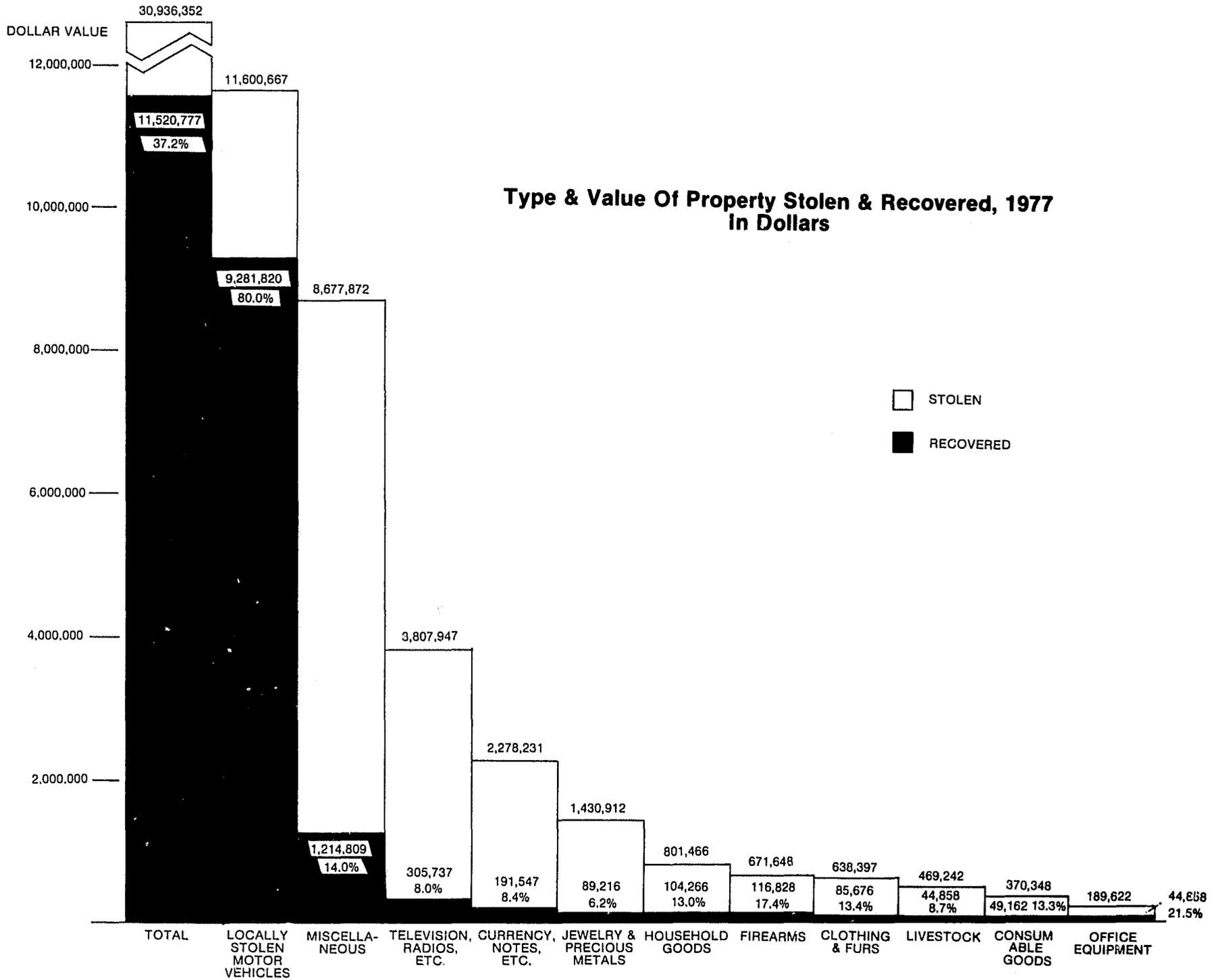


FIGURE 12

Dollar Value Of Property Stolen 1977

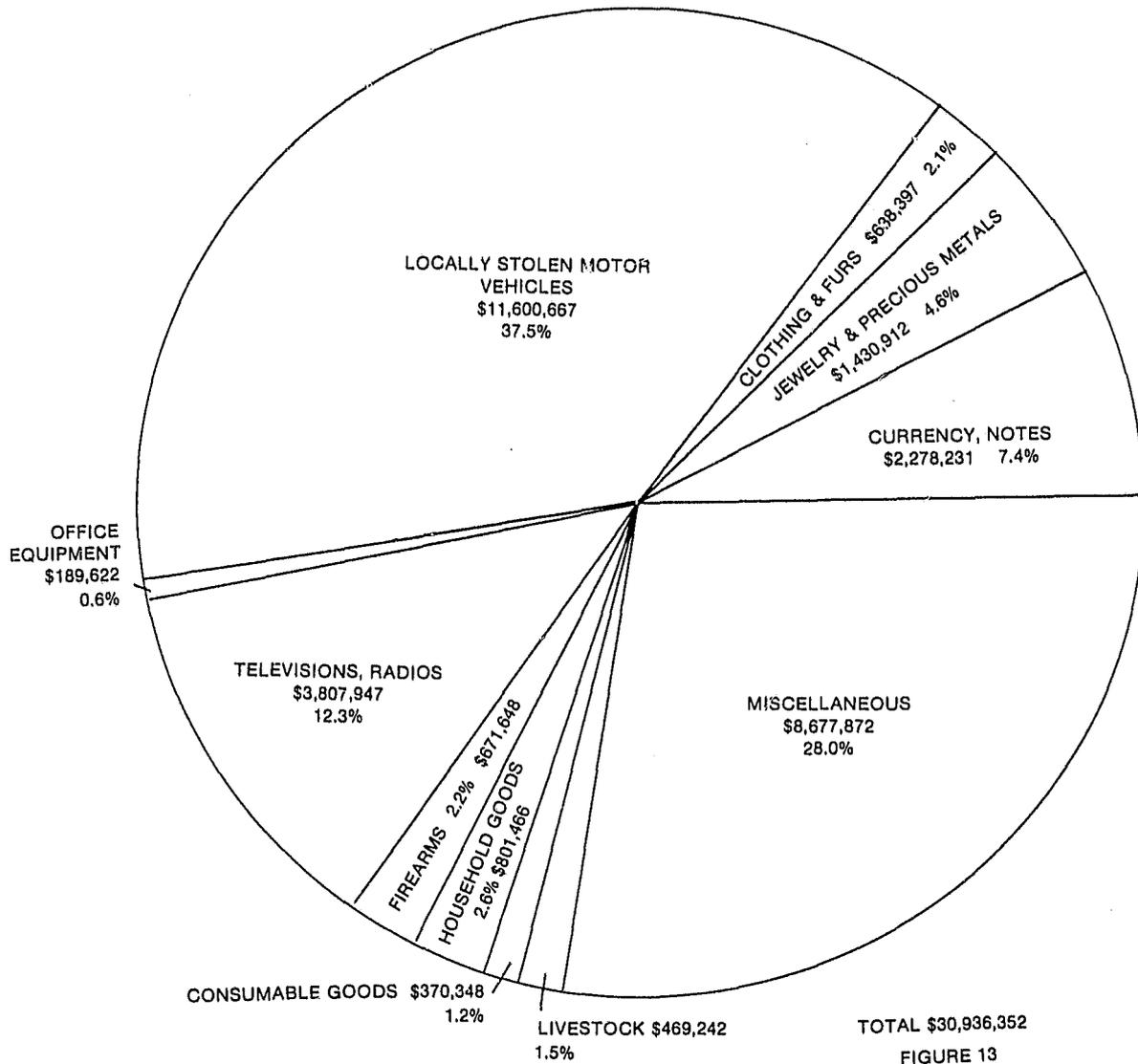


FIGURE 13

livestock (8.7%). It is interesting to note that, despite the rural nature of the state, only 1.2% of the dollar value of thefts in Iowa was accounted for by livestock. A pie-graph showing the distribution of losses from thefts is shown in Figure 13.

The monthly trend of offenses for murder (Figure 14) shows great fluctuation, with little similarity occurring between 1976 and 1977. This was also true in comparing 1975 and 1976. As noted in last year's report, murder apparently occurs too infrequently in Iowa to establish any identifiable trends.

**Murder
1976 & 1977
By Month**

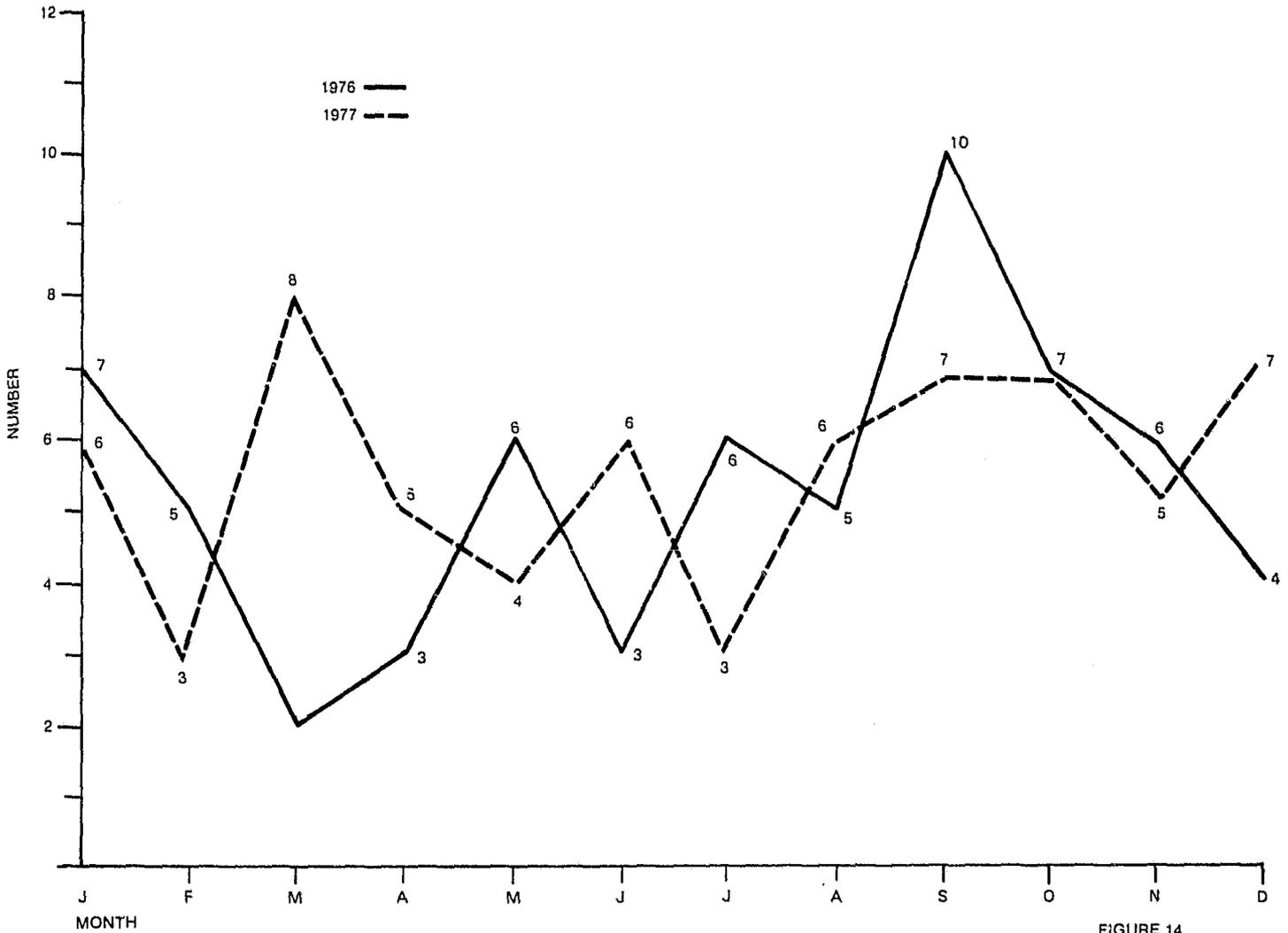


FIGURE 14

There were 67 offenses of murder reported in 1977, an increase of 4.7% over the 64 murders reported in 1976.

The 67 murder victims are presented in Figure 15 by various age groupings. Of the total victims, 12 (or 17.9%) were 18 years of age or younger; 12 (or 17.9%) were 19-25 years of age; and the majority, 43 (or 64.2%) were 25 years of age or older. As shown in Figures 16 and 17, male victims accounted for 66% of the

PERCENT

20

16

12

8

4

0

Murder Victim Profile By Age Groups 1977

YOUNGEST VICTIM: AGE 7 MONTHS
OLDEST VICTIM: AGE 81 YEARS

N=67

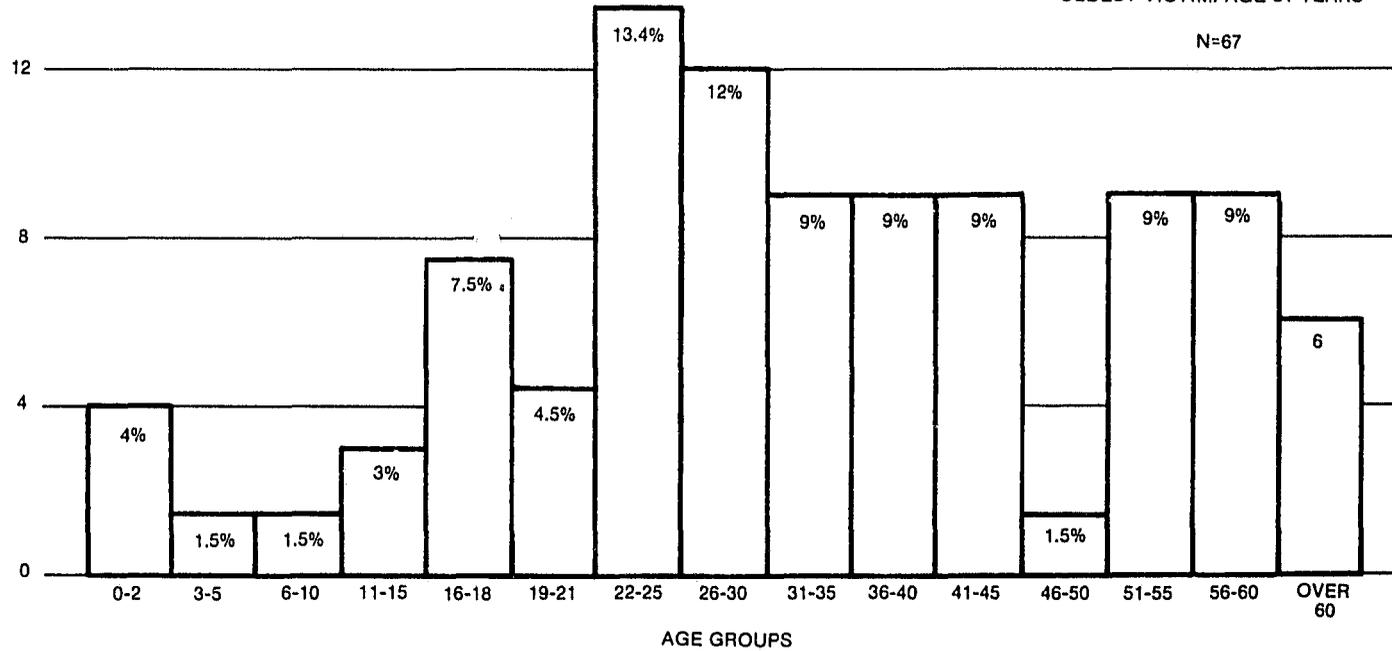


FIGURE 15



Murder: Victim Profile By Race, 1977

Murder: Victim Profile By Sex, 1977

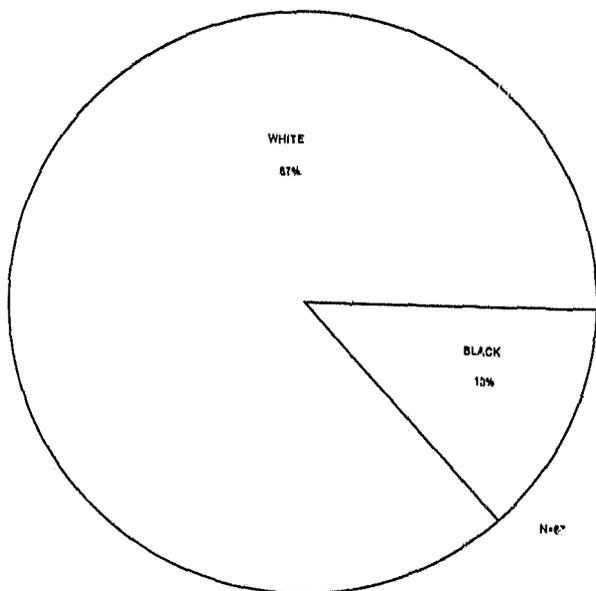


FIGURE 16

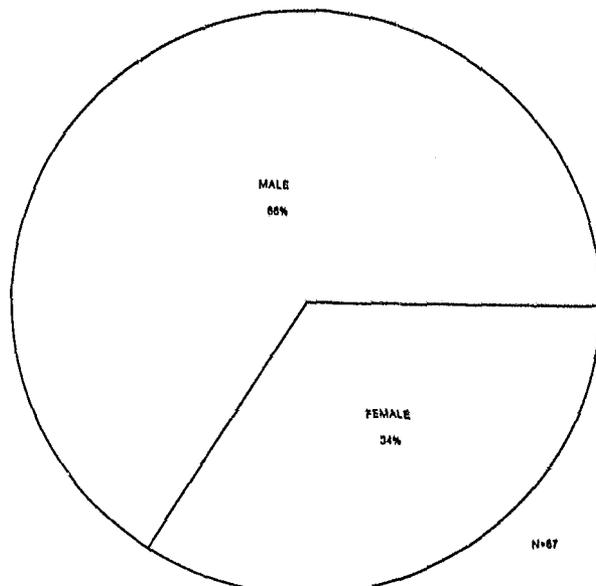


FIGURE 17

total with the remaining 34% female, while 87% of the victims were white with the remaining 13% black.

The fifty known murder suspects are presented in Figures 18 through 20 by various age groupings, sex, and race. Of the total 50 known offenders, 90% were male, the remaining 10% female. Of the total known offenders, 68% were white, 22% black, 4% Native American, and 6% other.

Of the total known offenders, almost half were age 25 or younger, while 24 (or 46.0%) were 26-45 years of age, and 3 (or 6.0%) were 46-61 years of age. The youngest offender was 14 years of age and the oldest offender was 61 years.

Of the known victim relationships to offender, 45 victims (or 67.1%) knew the offender, as shown in Figure 21. The majority of these (22, or 32.8%) were friends or acquaintances, while family members accounted for 13.4% and neighbors for 10.4%. Situations having a romantic nature accounted for another 10.4%. In only 12% of the cases were murders committed by persons unknown to the victim, and while most of the cases in which the relationship between victim and offender is unknown are likely to belong in this category, it appears that stranger-to-stranger murder in Iowa is unusual.

Murder Offender Profile By Age Groups 1977

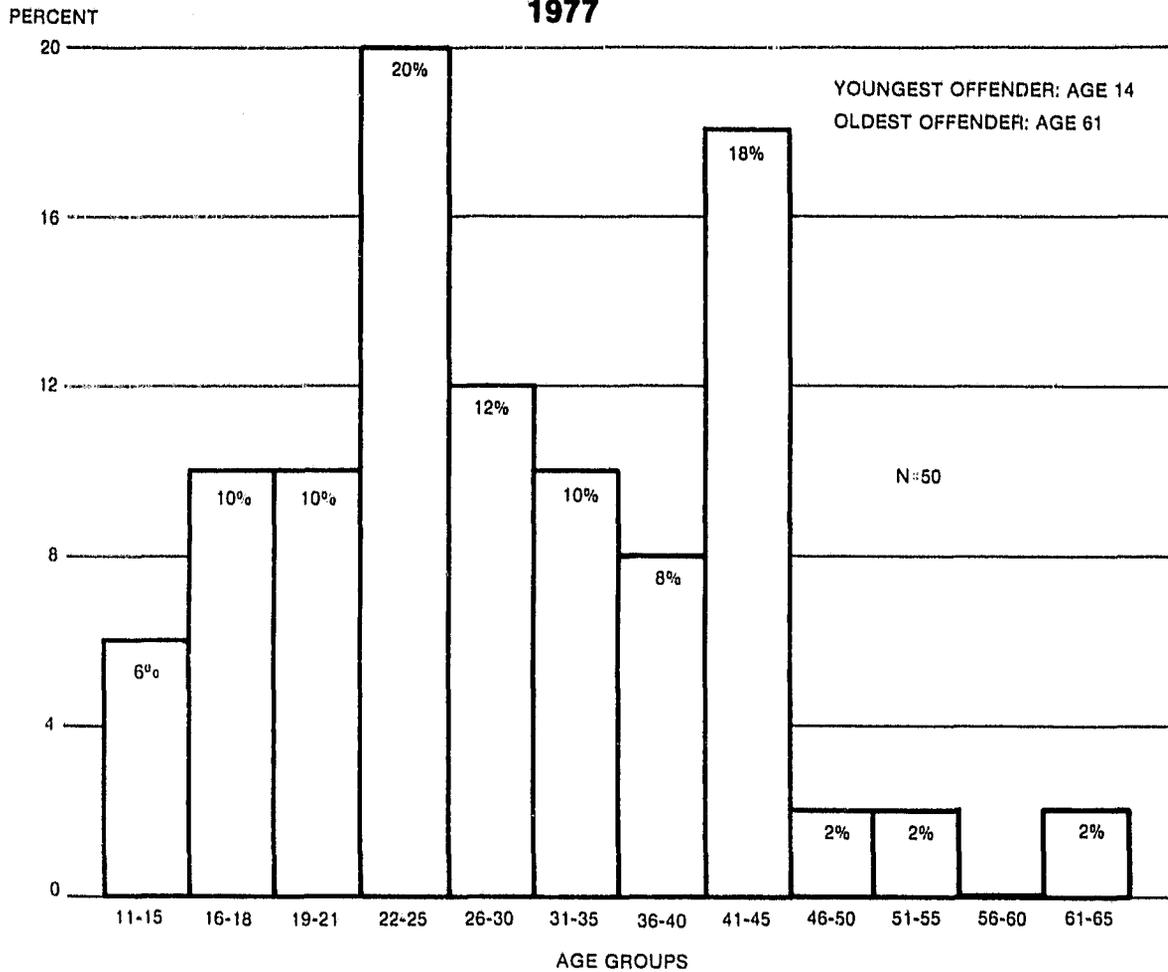


FIGURE 18

Murder: Offender Profile By Race, 1977

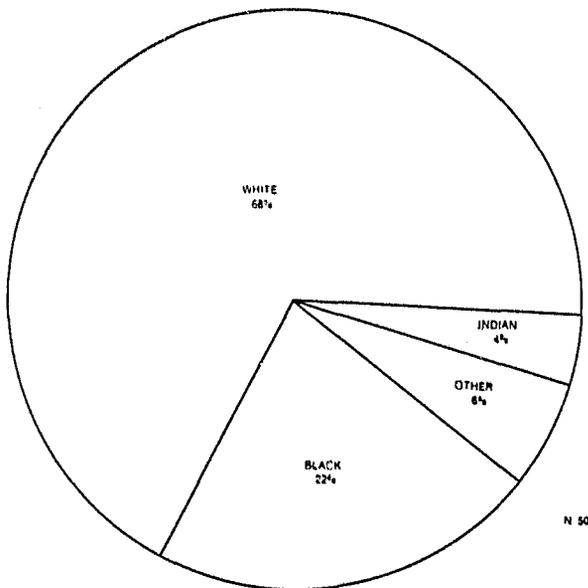


FIGURE 19

Murder: Offender Profile BY Sex, 1977

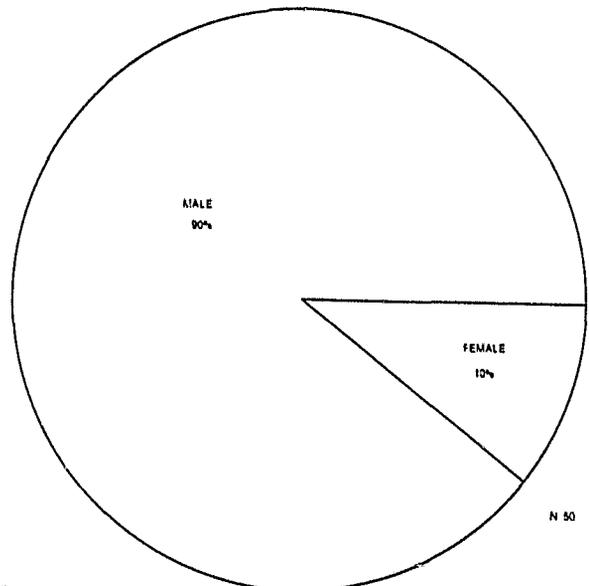
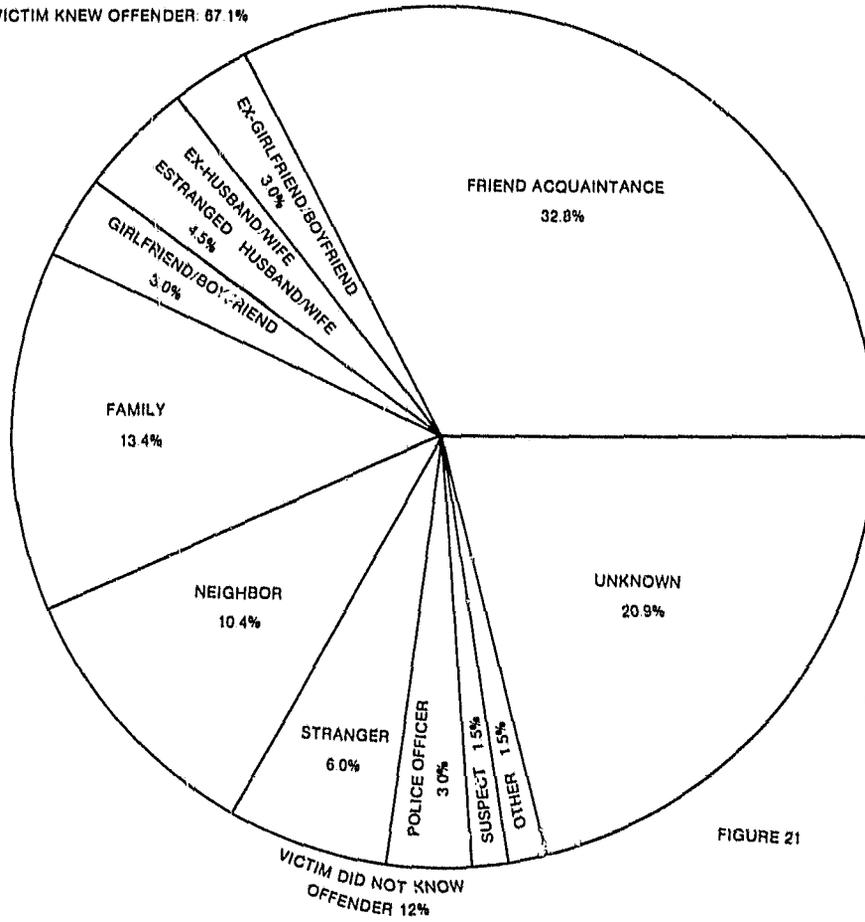


FIGURE 20

Murder: Relationship Of Victim To Offender, 1977

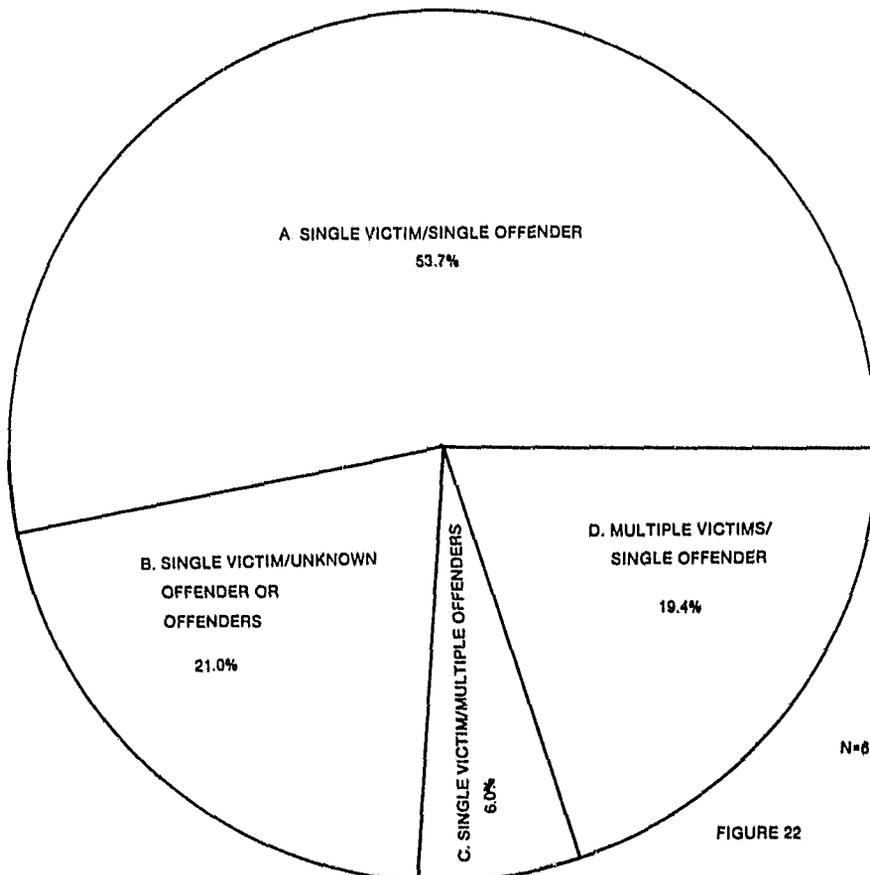
VICTIM KNEW OFFENDER: 87.1%



N=67

FIGURE 21

Murder Situations, 1977



N=67

FIGURE 22

Areas In Which Murders Discovered, 1977

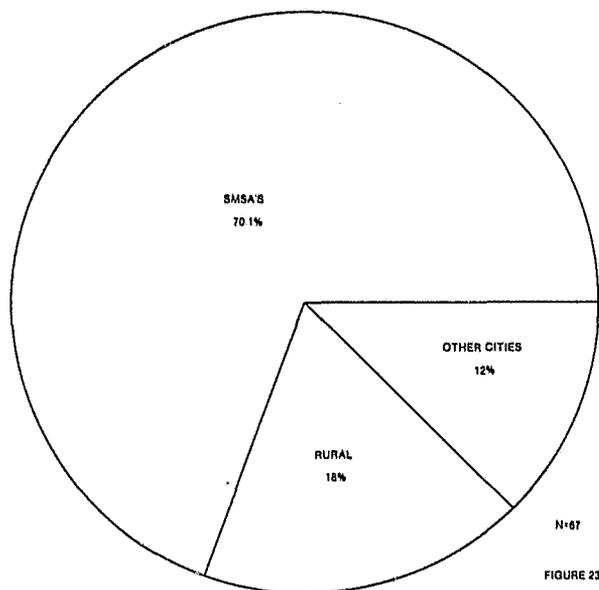


Figure 22 provides further information on the nature of murders in the State in 1977. In Figure 23, the locations of murders are graphically portrayed.

The number of murders by type of weapon used is shown in Figure 24. Of the 67 murders reported, 15 (or 22.4%) were committed by handgun; 7 (or 10.4%) by rifle; 13 (or 19.4%) by shotgun; and 2 (or 3.6%) committed by unknown firearms.

Two (or 3.0%) murders were committed with multiple weapons; one by handgun and shotgun, one by handgun and axe. Including the two multiple weapons murders, 39 (or 58.2%) murders were committed by firearm. The remaining 28 murders (or 41.8%) were committed using the following weapons: 12 (or 8.0%) by knife; 8 (or 12.0%) by hands, fists, feet; 6 (or 9.0%) by fire; 1 (or 1.5%) by other (poolstick), and 1 (or 1.5%) unknown.

Figure 25 presents the circumstances surrounding murders in Iowa in 1977. Without comparative data, few conclusions can be drawn from this, save that citizen perception of the likelihood of being killed in connection with another felony would appear to be largely out of agreement with these figures. Only 12 murders in 1977 in Iowa occurred in connection with another felony.

Of the 60 murder offenses in which age of victim and offender was known, in 29 (48.3%) of the cases the offender was older than the victim. In 27 cases (45.0%) the offender was younger than the victim. In 3 cases (5.0%) there was no age difference in victim and offender and in 1 case (1.7%) the offender's age was unknown. In 21 (35.0%) of the cases, the difference in age of victim to offender

Murder Situations, 1977

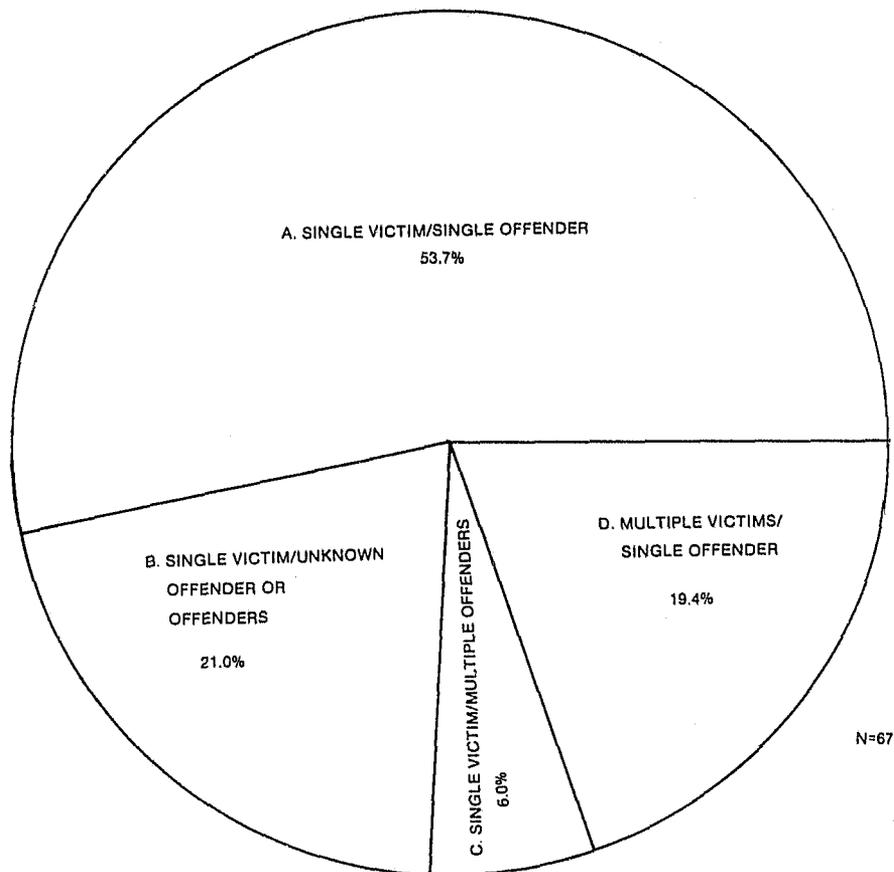
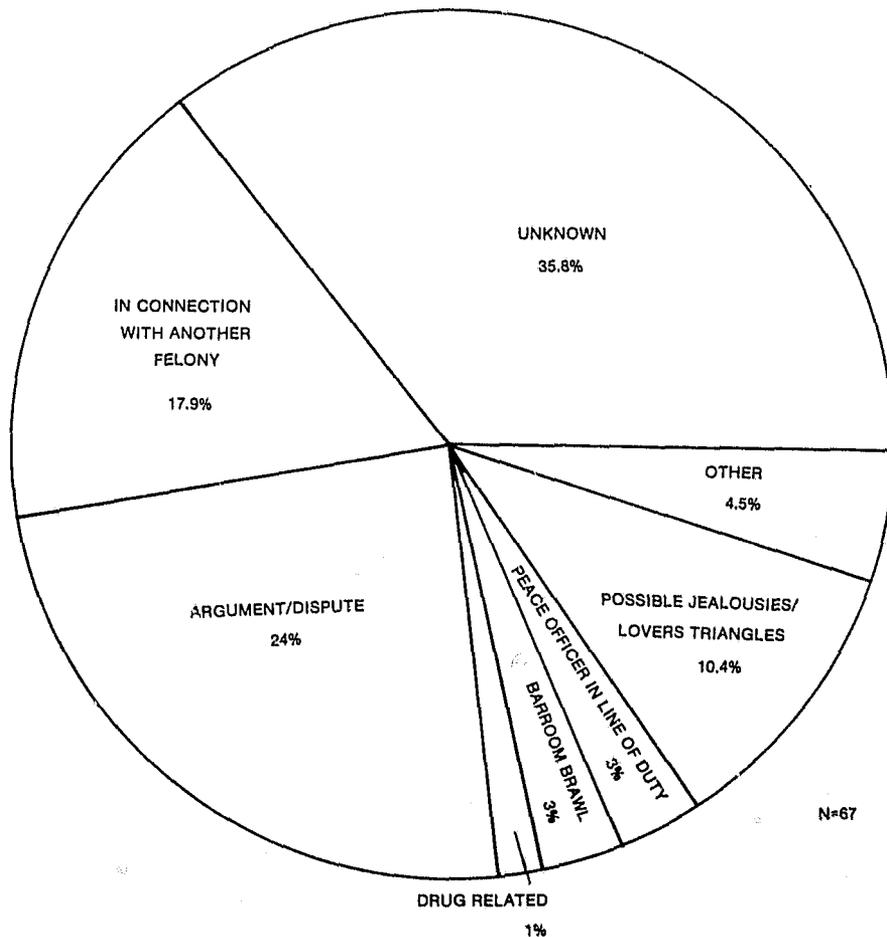


FIGURE 24

Murder Circumstances, 1977



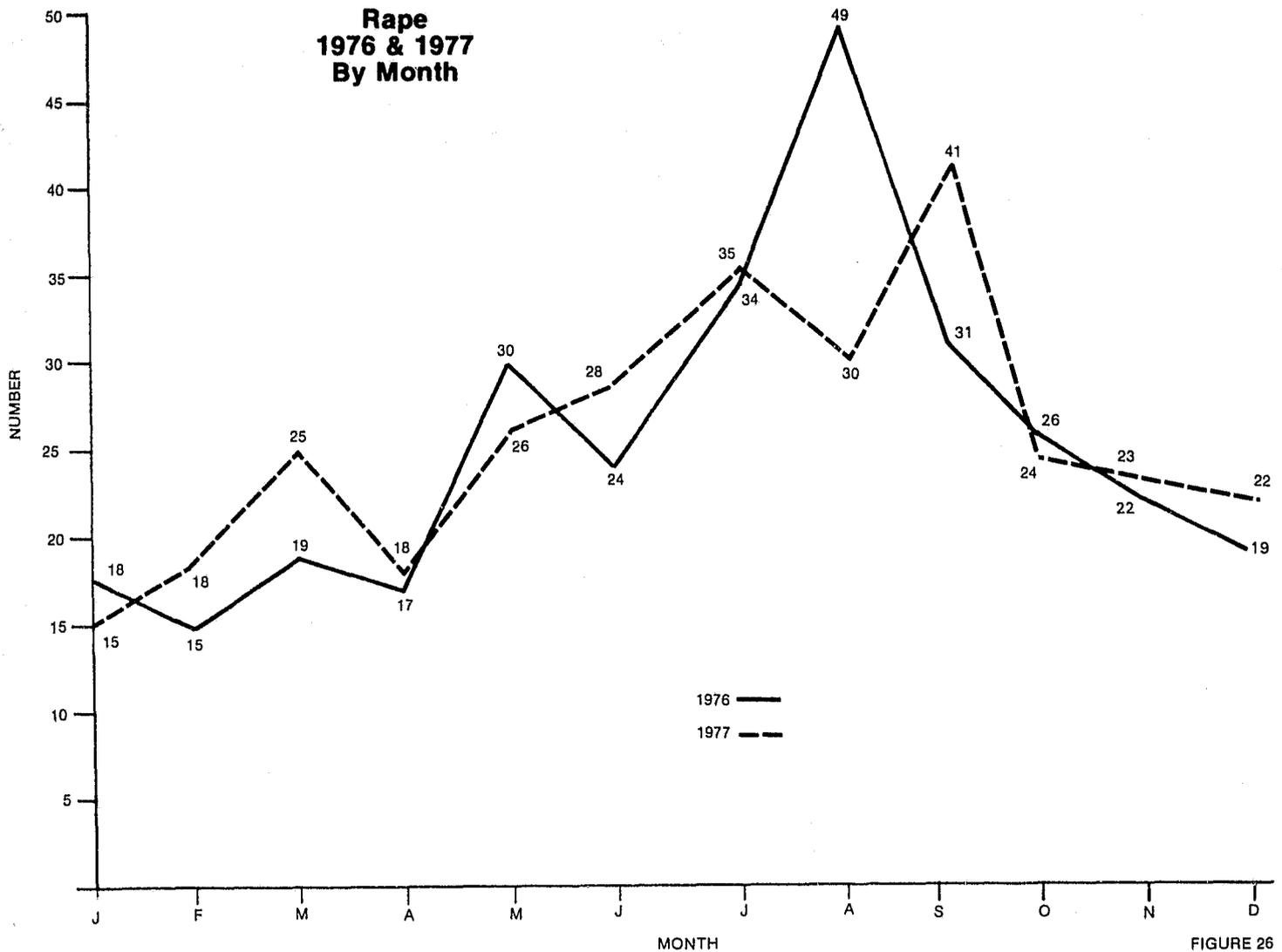


FIGURE 26

was 1-5 years; in 10 (16.6%) of the cases the difference in ages was 11-15 years; in 7 (11.6%) of the cases there was a 16-20 year difference in ages.

The monthly pattern for rape, traditionally considered to be one of the most under-reported of crimes, is contained in Figure 26. The monthly patterns for 1976 and 1977 are quite similar, with 1976 peak occurring in August and the 1977 peak occurring in September. These are relatively consistent with the pattern found earlier for 1975.

Figure 27, presenting the monthly trend for robbery, shows that robbery is one of the few Part I crimes that does not tend to peak during the summer. The pattern for 1976 and 1977 is similar, and shows that 1977, with the exception of January, tended to report numbers of robberies slightly smaller than in 1976. It is noteworthy that the month reporting the greatest number of robberies -- January of 1977 -- was particularly cold. Thus, it would appear that particularly bitter

**Robbery
1976 & 1977
By Month**

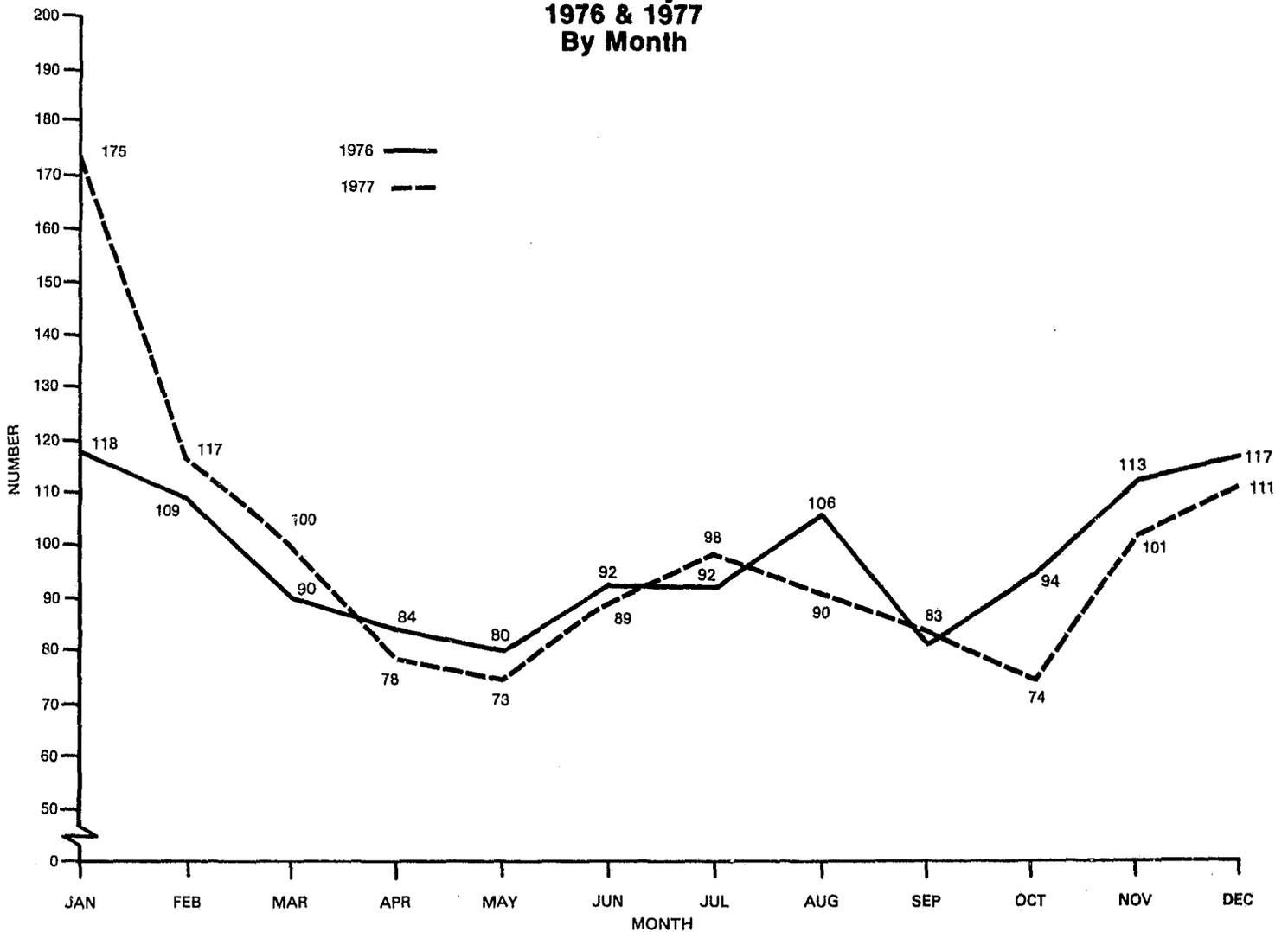


FIGURE 27

weather does not tend to deter robbery, but may in fact encourage it. This is probably due to individuals' being able to mask their identifies during cold weather without raising great suspicion.

An illustration of the monthly distribution of robbery by weapons used is presented in Figure 28, and shows that during the winter months a higher proportion of robberies involve use of firearms. While during the summer months the number of strong-arm and firearm-related robberies is similar, during cold weather the number of robberies involving firearms is much higher. Because this is the first year these data have been available, it cannot yet be said if this pattern holds true every year.

Weapons Used In Robberies 1977, By Month

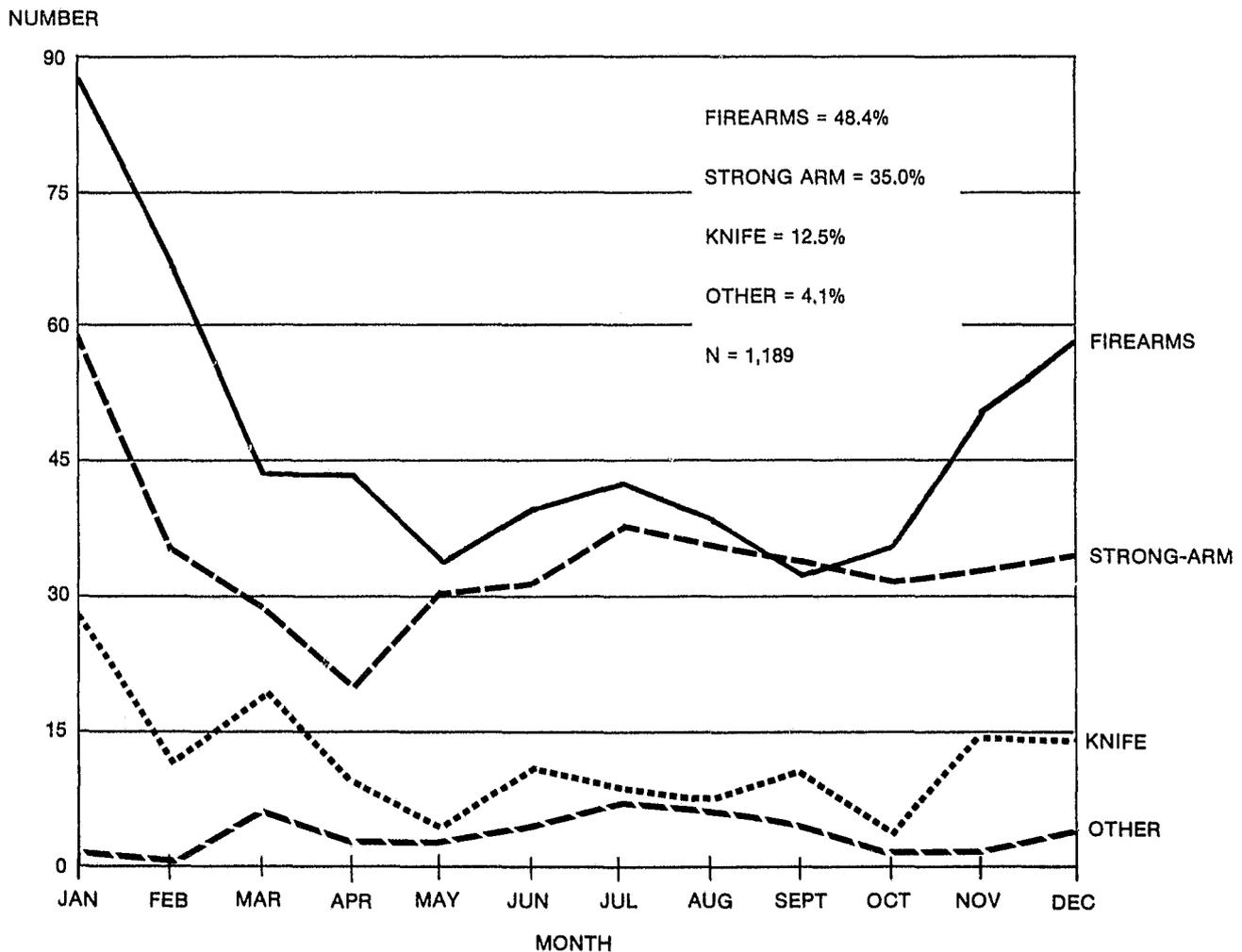


FIGURE 28

The distribution of robbery in 1977 is illustrated in Figure 29, and shows that highway robbery was the most frequently reported type in 1977, as was the case in 1976. Robberies from commercial houses (businesses) were next most frequent, followed by chain stores, gas and service stations, residences, miscellaneous, and banks. With the exception of an increase in the percentage of robberies occurring at chain stores -- the 5th most frequently reported robbery in 1976, this ranking is identical to that reported in 1976.

Distribution Of Robbery, 1977



FIGURE 29

Figure 30 presents dollar losses from robbery in 1977, and, as was the case in 1976, there is little similarity to Figure 29. This figure also bears a similarity to its counterpart in 1976, when dollar losses from robbery were greatest from residences. While in 1976, 47.1% of the dollar loss of robbery occurred in residences and 17.3% in commercial houses, in 1977 commercial houses accounted for 33.8% and residences for only 12.1%. Other substantial changes in 1977 involved chain stores, which accounted for only 2.9% in 1976 and increased to 16.5% in 1977.

Dollar Losses From Robbery, 1977

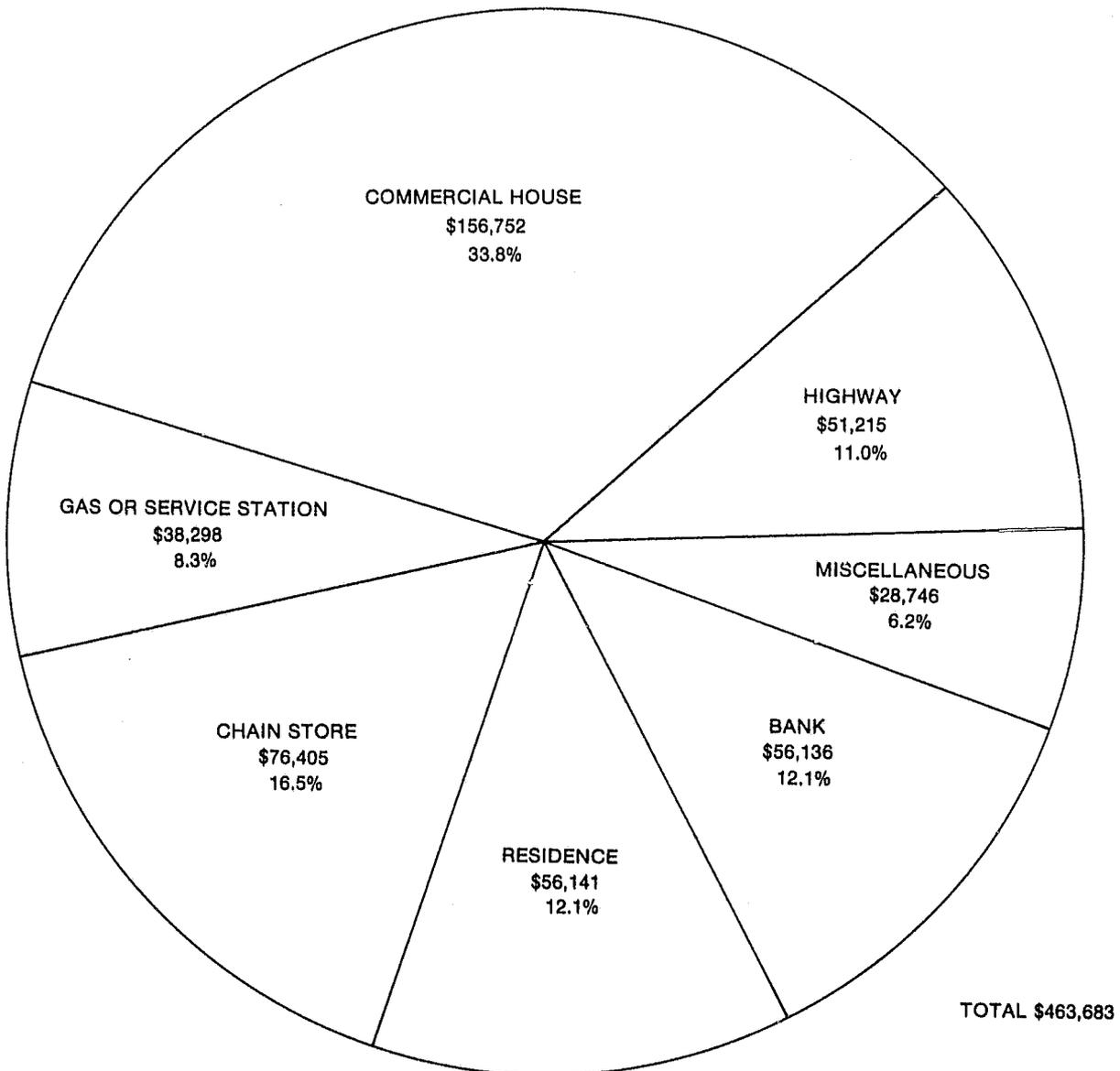


FIGURE 30

Because of the dissimilarity between dollar losses experienced in 1976 and 1977, Table III was prepared, which presents the percentage change in dollar value of robbery between 1976 and 1977. The table shows a substantial drop in the dollar value of goods stolen in robberies from residences during 1977, as well as a drop in the dollars lost in bank robberies. The size of these decreases resulted in overall drop in the losses resulting from robberies in 1977.

TABLE III

PERCENT CHANGE IN DOLLAR VALUE OF ROBBERY
1976-1977, BY TYPE

	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>Average Dollar Loss</u>		
				<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
Commercial	156,752	83,458	+87.8	670	435	+54.0
Highway	51,215	33,502	+52.9	128	81	+58.0
Miscellaneous	28,746	25,477	+12.8	293	236	+24.2
Bank	56,136	72,262	-22.3	4,678	3,142	+48.9
Residential	56,141	227,106	-75.3	460	1,556	-70.4
Chain Store	76,405	13,915	+449.1	469	105	+346.7
Gas Station	<u>38,298</u>	<u>26,420</u>	<u>+45.0</u>	<u>238</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>+43.4</u>
Total	463,683	482,140	-3.8	390	411	-5.1

Looking at average dollar losses, however, only residences showed a decrease in 1977. With the size of this drop, however, -- 70.4% -- an overall decrease in the average dollar loss to robberies was noted. All other categories experienced substantial increases, particularly chain stores, in which the average dollar loss in 1977 was 346.7% greater than in 1976.

Figure 31, which presents the monthly pattern of aggravated assaults in 1976 and 1977, again shows the summer months of 1977 experiencing the greatest number of reported offenses. The distribution of assault, presented in Figure 32, is essentially similar to that reported in 1976, with very slight increases in assaults with hands, fists, and other dangerous weapons, and slight decreases in assaults with knives and firearms.

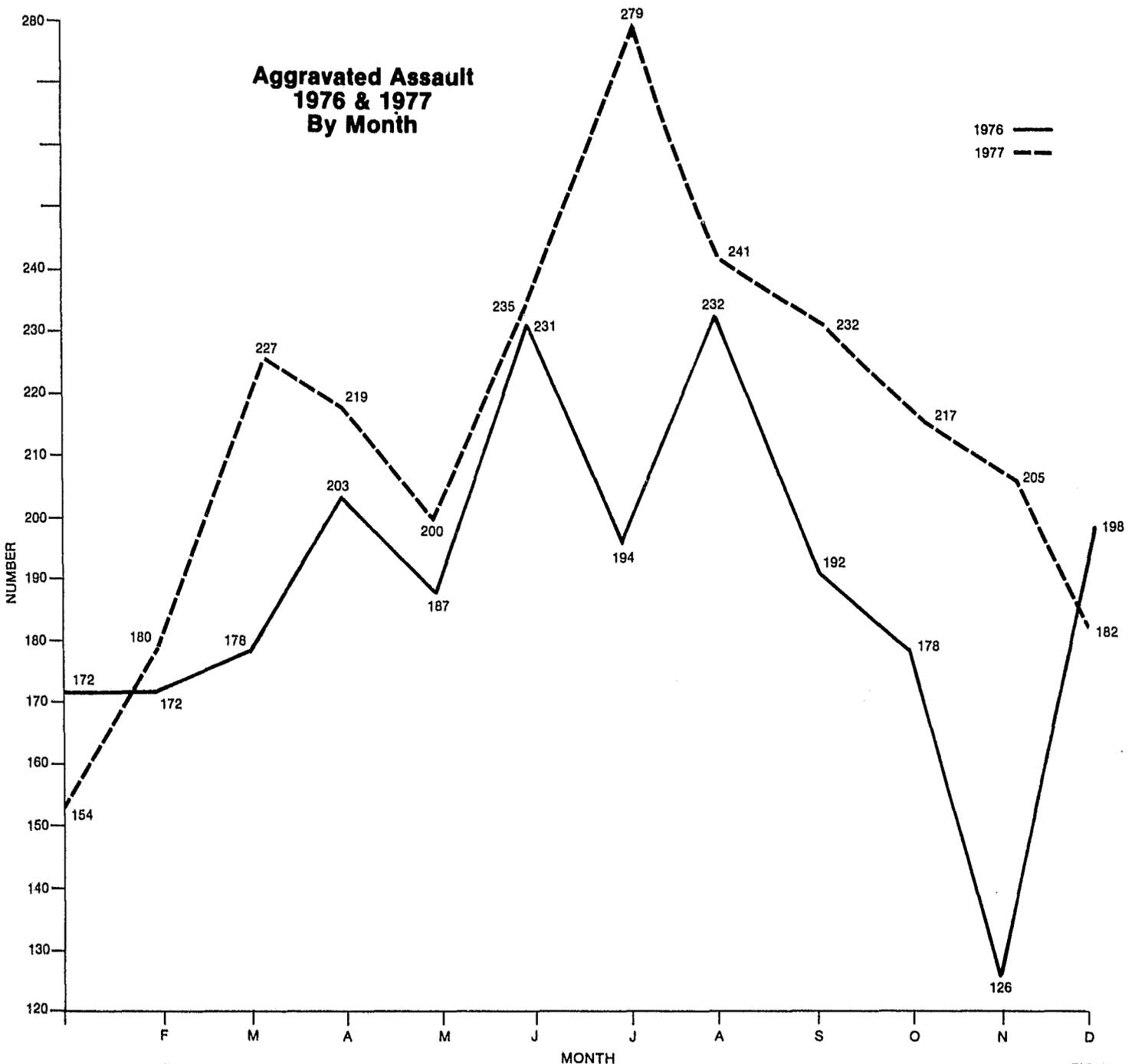


FIGURE 31

Weapons Used In Aggravated Assault 1977

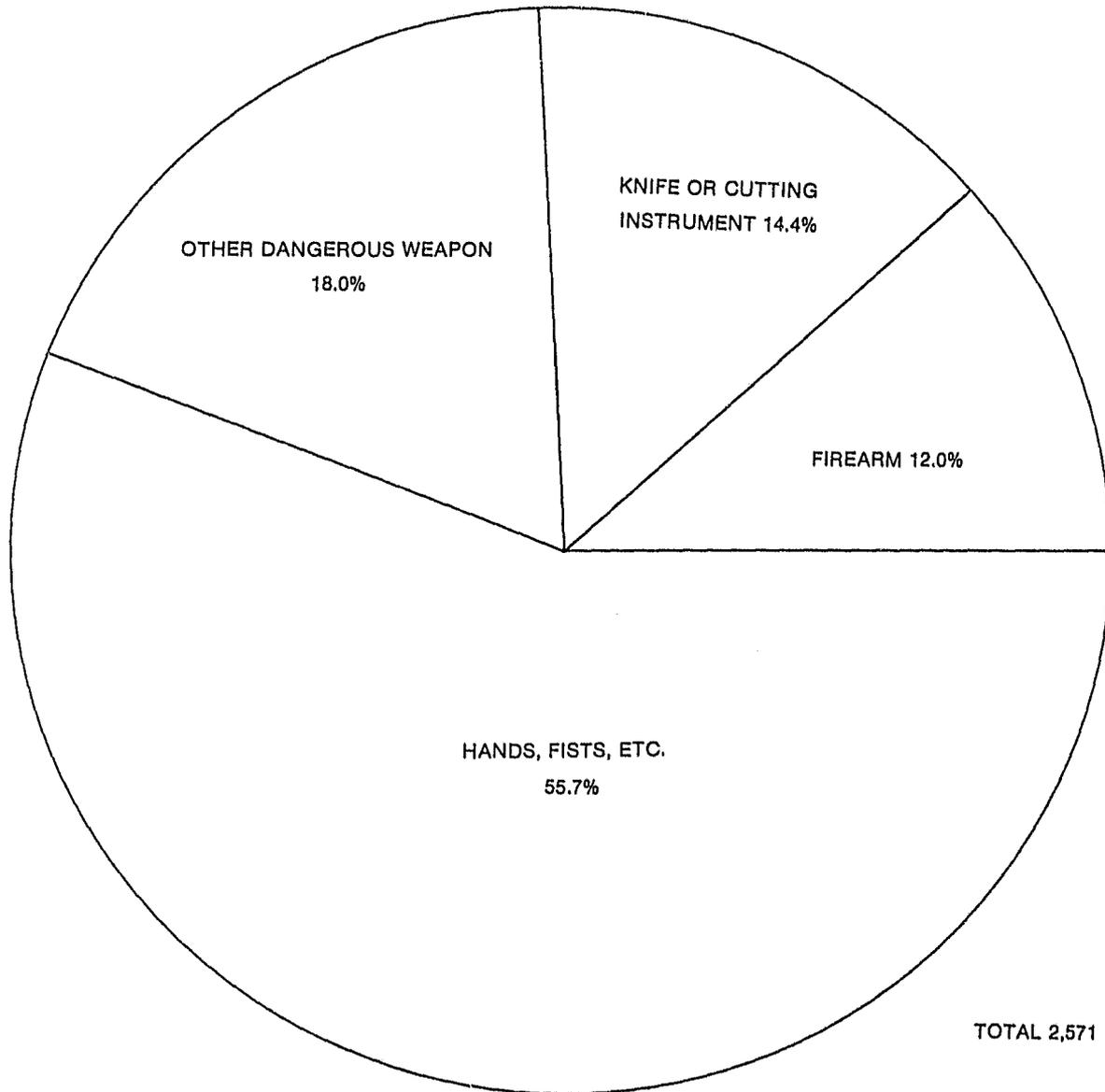


FIGURE 32

The monthly offense trend for burglary (Figure 33), like that reported last year, indicates no discernable patterns. While there was an overall drop in burglary in 1977, and that year showed 7 months with fewer burglaries than reported in the same month the previous year, no particular seasonal pattern is evident.

Burglary 1976 & 1977 By Month

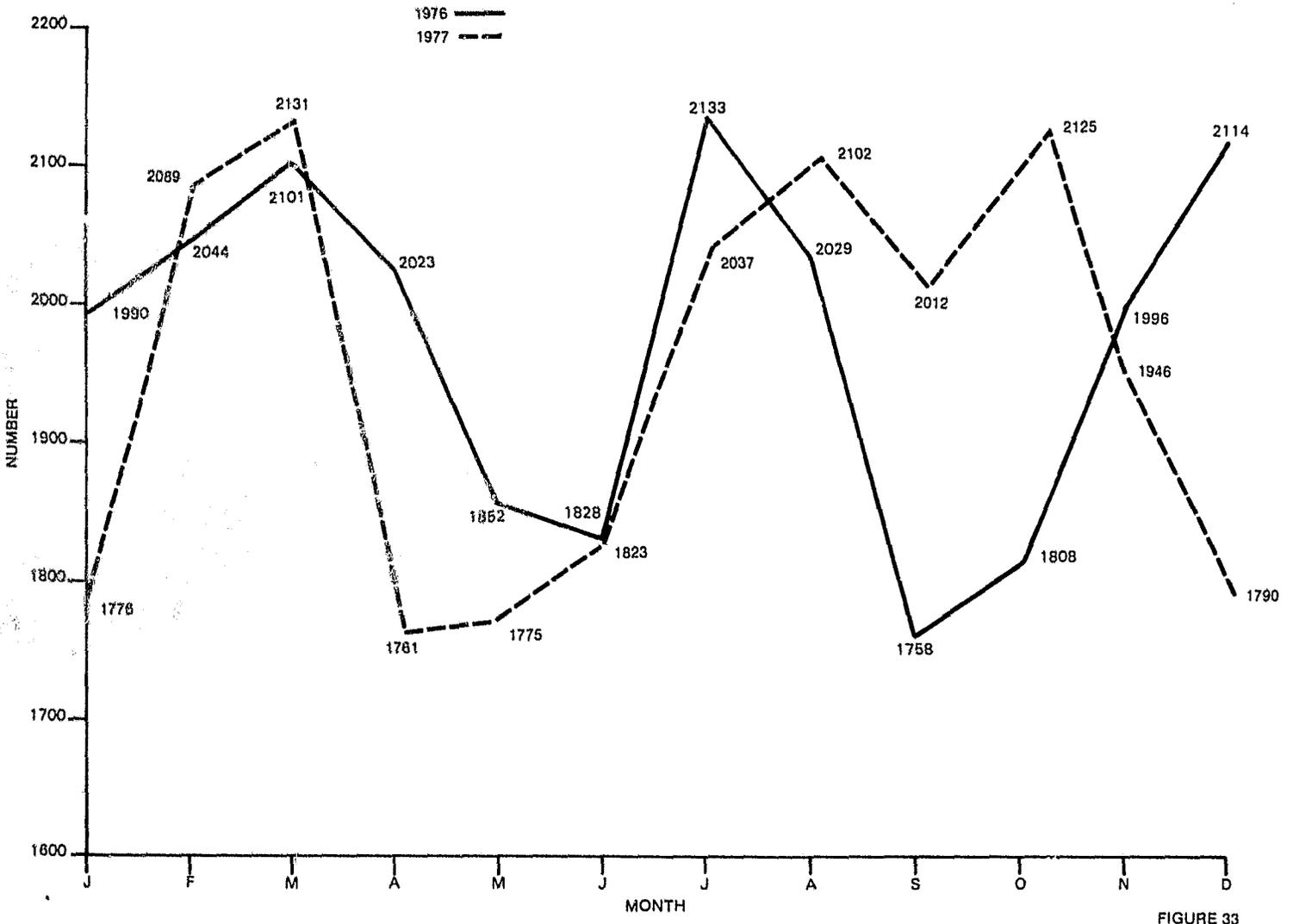


FIGURE 33

Figure 34 presents a distribution of burglary in 1977. Residential burglary increased to 58.1% of the total in 1977 from the 55.7% reported in 1976. Burglary occurring in night time was predominant both for residences and for non-residences, with the unknown category being second most frequent for both burglary types. Not surprisingly, non-residential burglary in the day time is quite infrequent.

Distribution Of Burglary, 1977

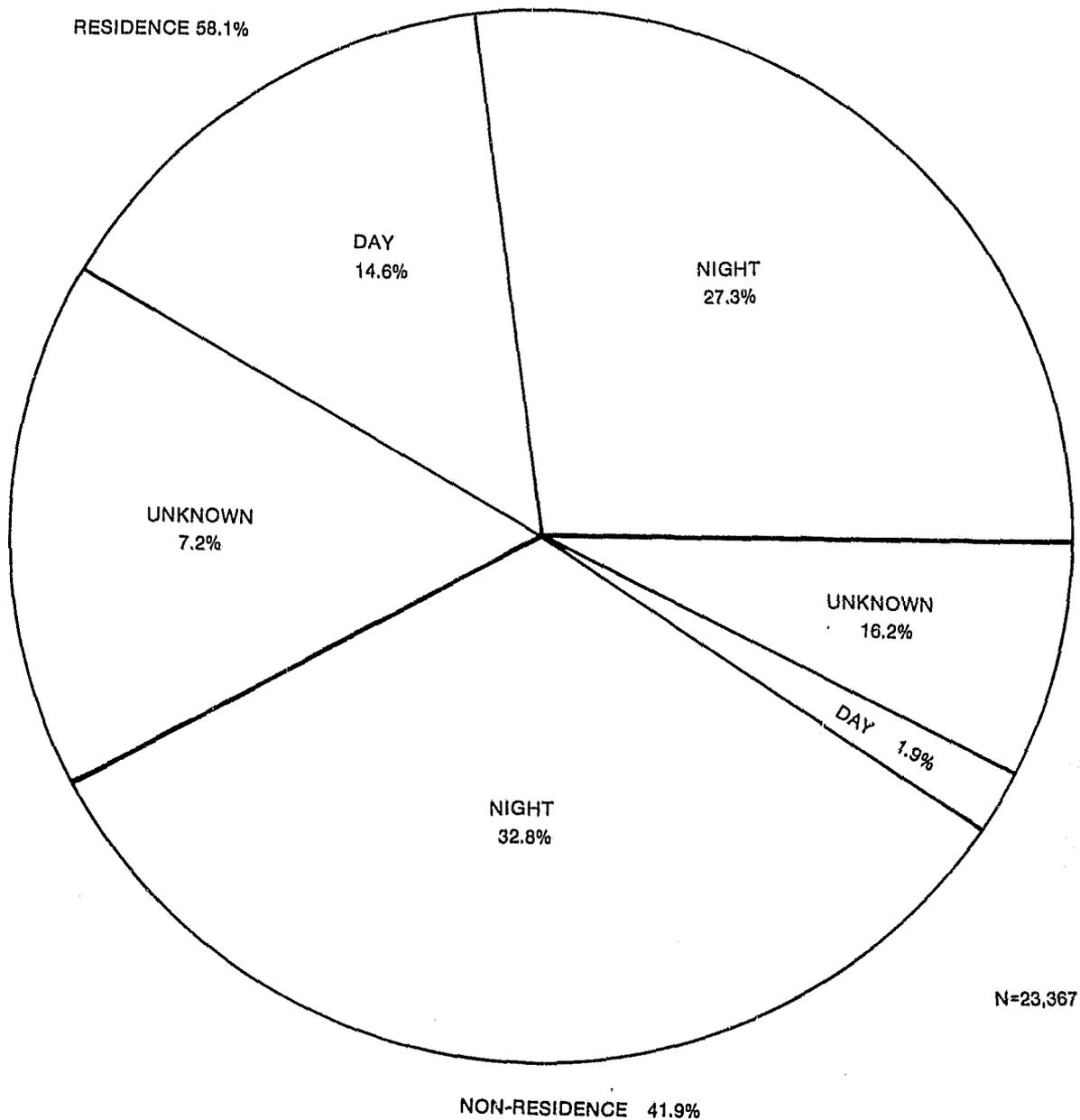


FIGURE 34

As shown in Figure 35, the distribution of dollar loss from burglary is essentially the same as the general distribution of burglary. This was also the case in 1976.

The types of entry occurring in burglary in 1977 are presented in Figure 36, and are distributed similarly to 1976 findings.

Dollar Losses From Burglary, 1977

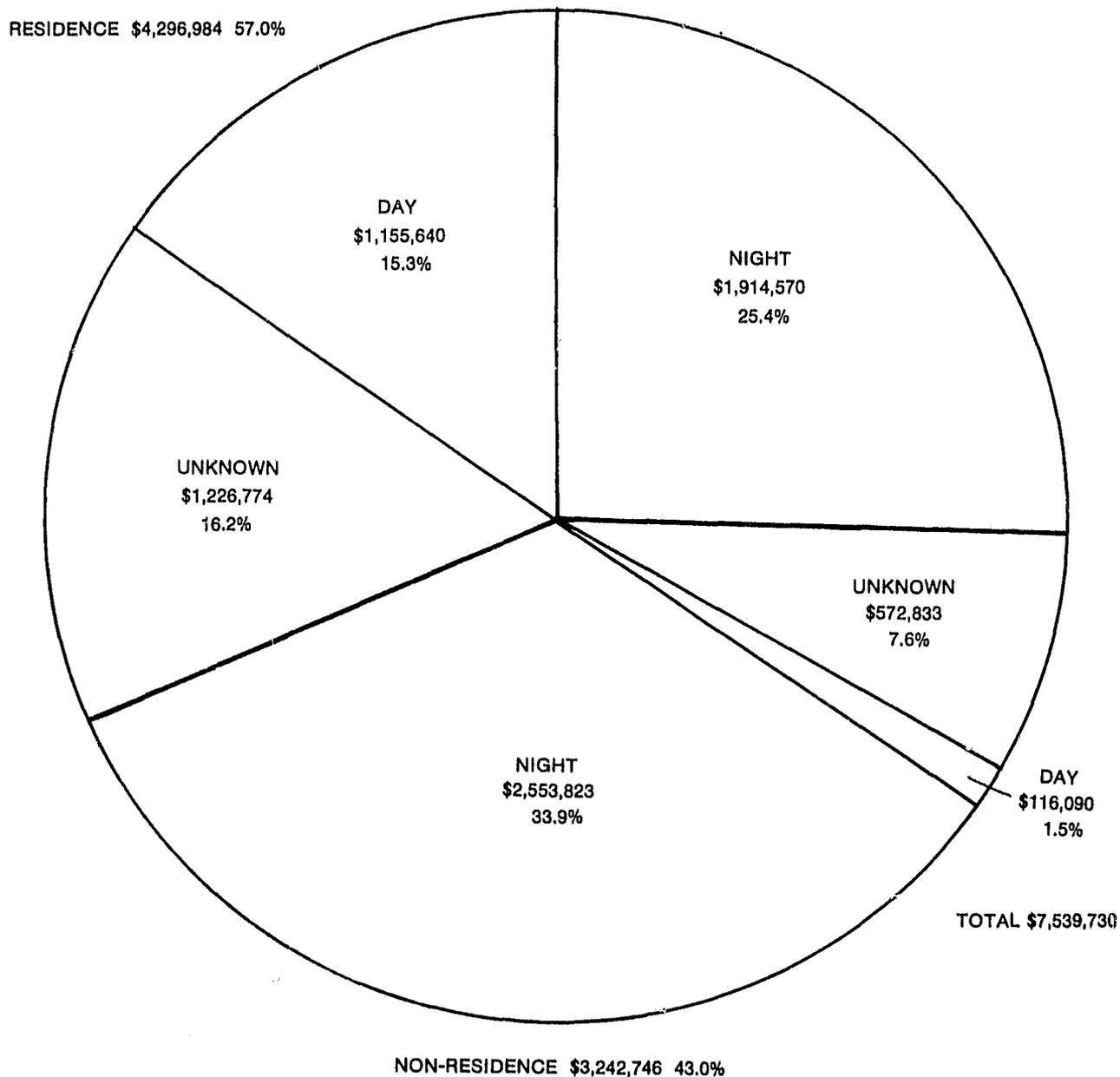


FIGURE 35

Types Of Entry, Burglary 1977

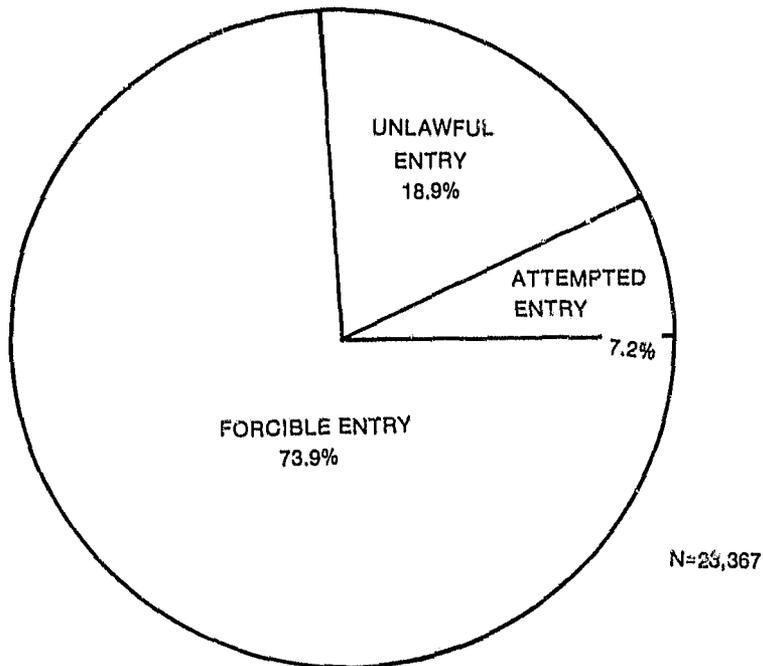


FIGURE 36

The monthly offense pattern for larceny (Figure 37) is essentially the same as that for the total crime index, as larceny accounts for approximately 70% of total Part I crime. It is evident from this figure that the general drop in Part I crime during 1977 was attributable to larceny.

Figure 38 presents the distribution of larceny in Iowa in 1977. It is in this figure that one notes some significant changes from 1976, and also discovers the apparent cause of the decrease in larceny in Iowa during 1977.

Larceny 1976 & 1977 By Month

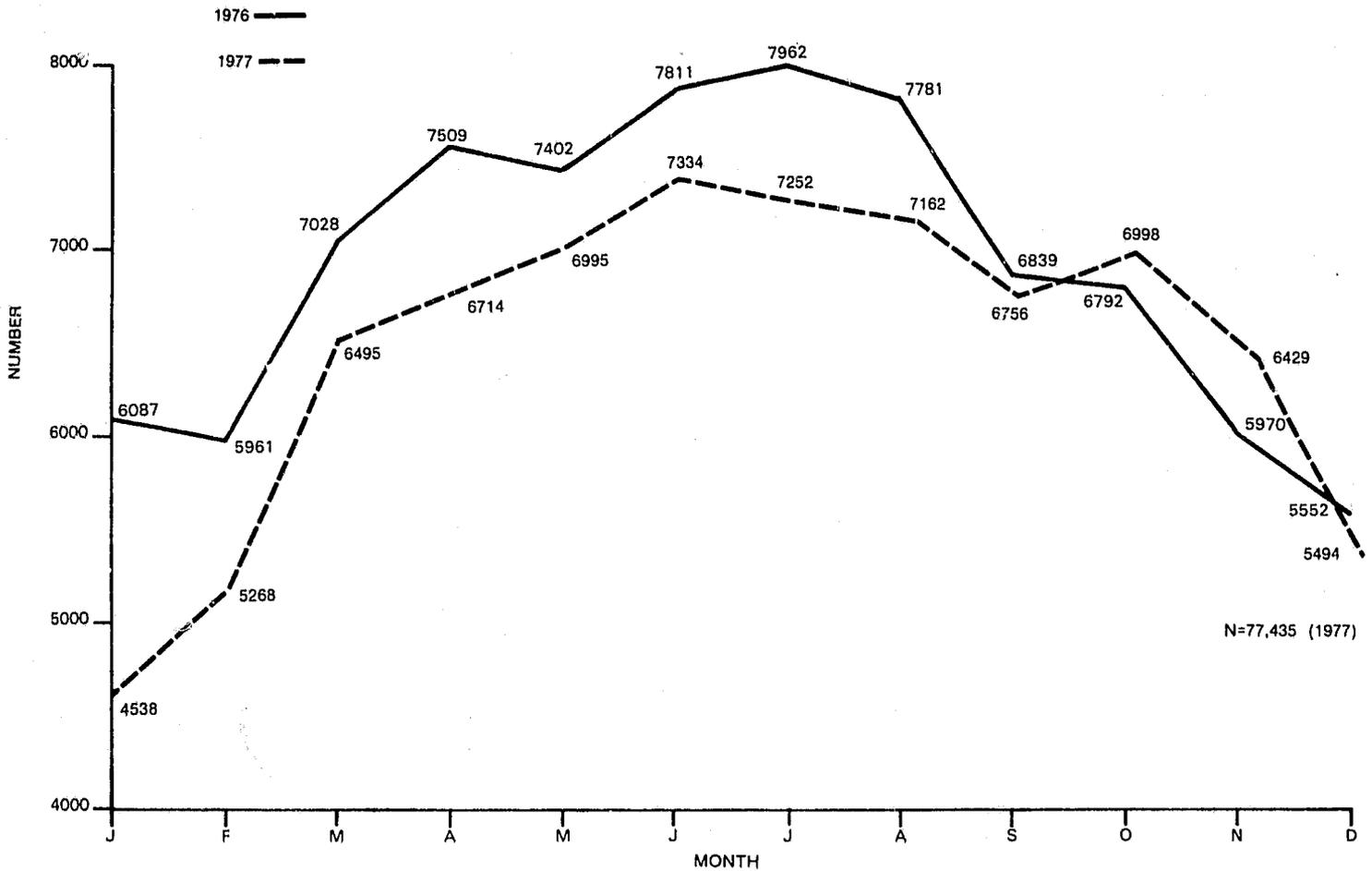


FIGURE 37

In contrast to 1976, larcenies from buildings were the most frequent type in 1977, with over 20% of all larcenies falling into this category. Thefts in the miscellaneous category were the second most frequent, followed by motor vehicle accessories, bicycles, thefts from motor vehicles, and shoplifting. Thefts from coin-operated machines, purse snatching, and pocketpicking were comparatively rare.

Distribution Of Larceny 1977

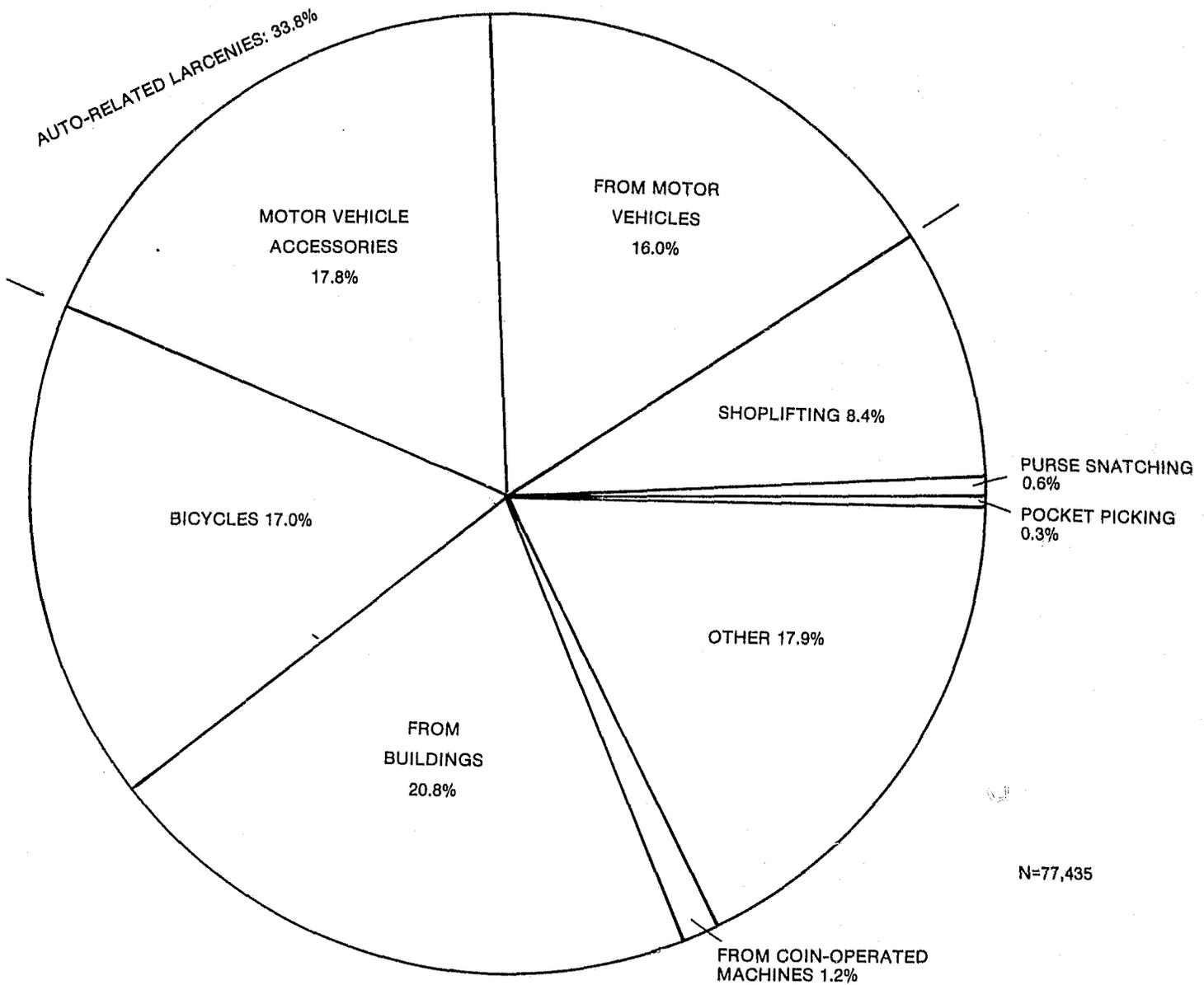


FIGURE 38

Whereas in 1976 thefts of motor vehicle accessories and from motor vehicles combined to account for over 39% of all larcenies, in 1977 this figure dropped to less than 34%. While this may not appear to be a significant decrease, given the volume of larceny in Iowa, such a shift can be significant. Because of this, Figure 39 was prepared, which presents the percent change in larceny in 1976 to 1977, by type.

Percent Change In Larceny, 1976-1977

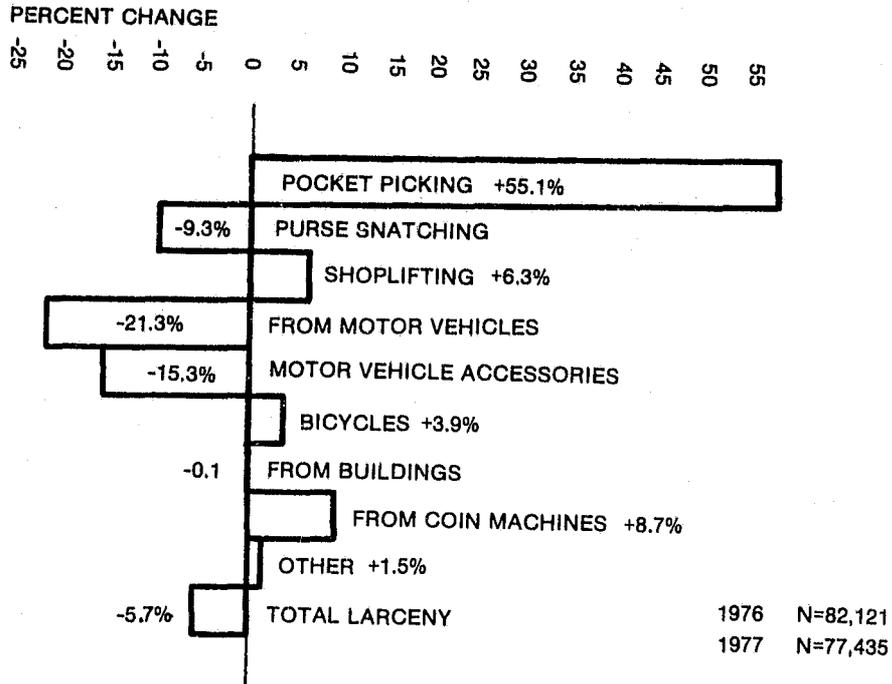


FIGURE 39

While the figure notes that pocketpicking experienced the largest percentage increase in 1977, due to the relatively small volume of pocketpicking in Iowa, this increase is not especially noteworthy. Given the volume of thefts from motor vehicles and motor vehicle accessories, however, the 21 and 15 percent decreases experienced in these categories, respectively, is significant. In illustrating this, it can be noted that the numerical decrease of larcenies in these two categories was greater than the actual decrease in all Part I crimes in Iowa in 1977. In other words, if thefts from motor vehicles and motor vehicle accessories had not decreased in 1977, an increase in Part I crime would have been noted in the State.

Speculation as to the reasons for this drop relates to the market for stolen goods. Law enforcement officials have suggested that the increase in larceny occurring in 1975 and 1976 was largely attributable to the burgeoning Citizens Band radio market. Similarly, it would appear that the saturation of the illicit CB market is responsible for the substantial decrease in thefts occurring in 1977. The guess is, then, that most of those wishing to buy stolen citizen band radios have by now obtained them. Thus, because it is more difficult to sell stolen radios, those engaging in such thefts have looked elsewhere for property to steal.

TABLE IV
DISTRIBUTION OF IOWA LARCENY, IN PERCENT
1973-1977

	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>1974</u>	<u>1973</u>
Pocket Picking	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
Purse Snatching	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.8
Shoplifting	8.4	7.4	9.4	10.5	11.0
From Autos	16.0	19.2	18.1	16.5	15.2
Auto Accessories	17.8	19.9	17.2	12.3	13.5
Total Auto-Related	33.8	39.1	35.3	28.8	28.7
Bicycles	17.0	15.5	18.1	21.1	20.7
From Buildings	20.8	19.6	19.2	20.6	22.0
Coin Machines	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2
Other	17.9	16.6	16.0	16.8	15.5
Base N	77,435	82,121	66,998	50,713	31,981

TABLE V
PERCENT CHANGE IN LARCENY
1975-1977, BY TYPE

	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>1975</u>	<u>Percent</u>
	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>Change</u>
Pocket Picking	245	158	134	+82.8
Purse Snatching	456	503	469	-2.8
Shoplifting	6,488	6,103	6,298	+3.0
From Autos	12,390	15,751	12,126	+2.2
Auto Accessories	13,809	16,302	11,524	+19.8
Total Auto-Related	26,199	32,053	23,650	+10.8
Bicycles	13,170	12,696	12,126	+8.6
From Buildings	16,111	16,120	12,864	+25.2
Coin Machines	915	842	737	+24.2
Other	<u>13,851</u>	<u>13,645</u>	<u>10,720</u>	<u>+29.2</u>
Total	<u>77,435</u>	<u>82,121</u>	<u>66,998</u>	<u>+15.6</u>

Figure 40 reports the dollar losses from larceny in 1977. As would be expected, this distribution is similar to the actual distribution of larceny. Increases were experienced in 1977 in the categories of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, larcenies from coin machines, shoplifting, and miscellaneous, while decreases were experienced only in the categories of motor vehicle accessories and thefts from motor vehicles. No significant change is evident in the purse snatching and pocketpicking categories.

Dollar Losses From Larceny, 1977

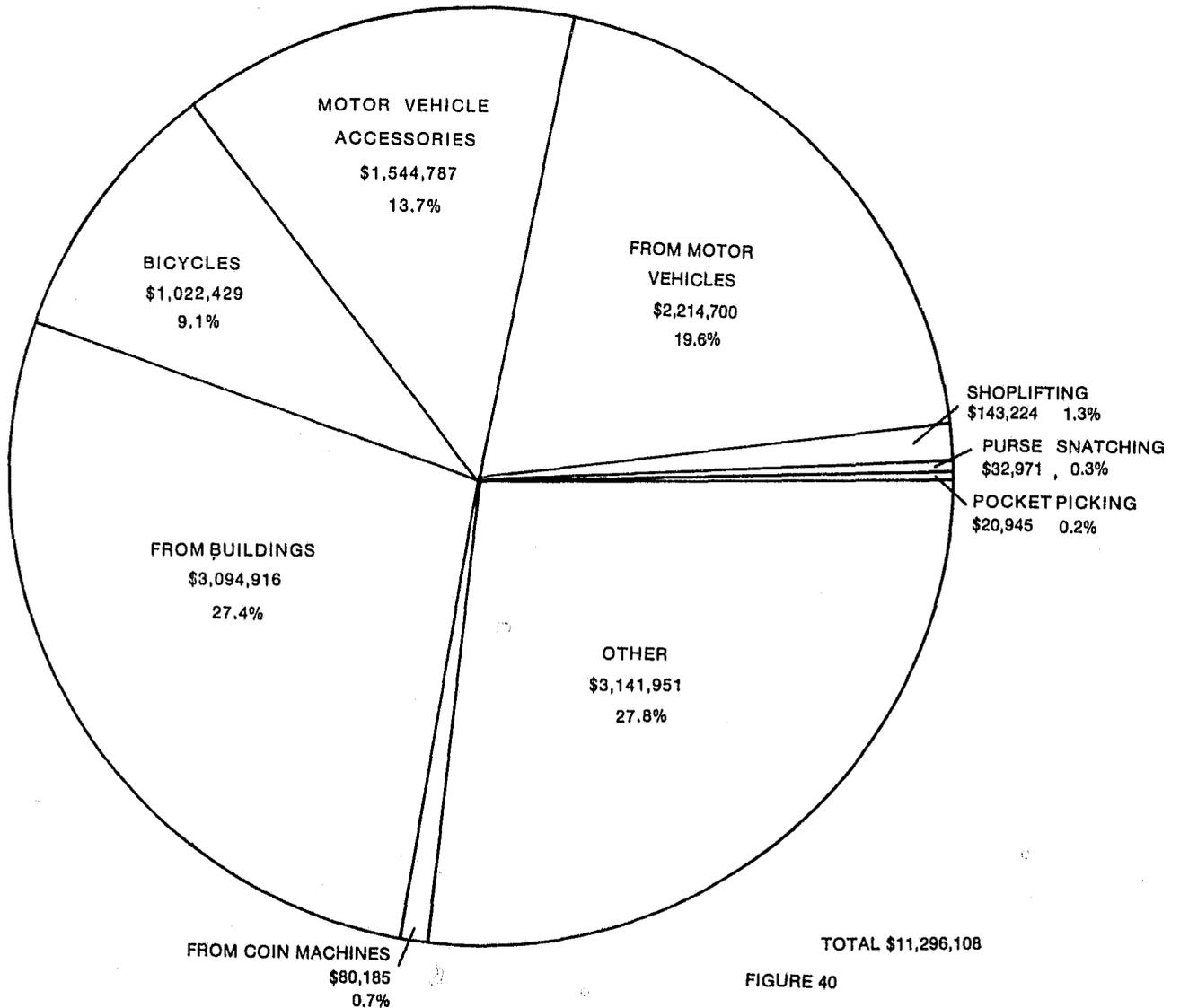


FIGURE 40

Figure 41 presents the average dollar losses from robbery, burglary and larceny in 1977, by types. It is evident that the most remunerative property crime is bank robbery, the average dollar loss of which was \$4,678, in 1977. Robberies as a rule were more profitable than either burglaries or larcenies, although highway robberies, robberies from gas stations, and miscellaneous robberies more resembled

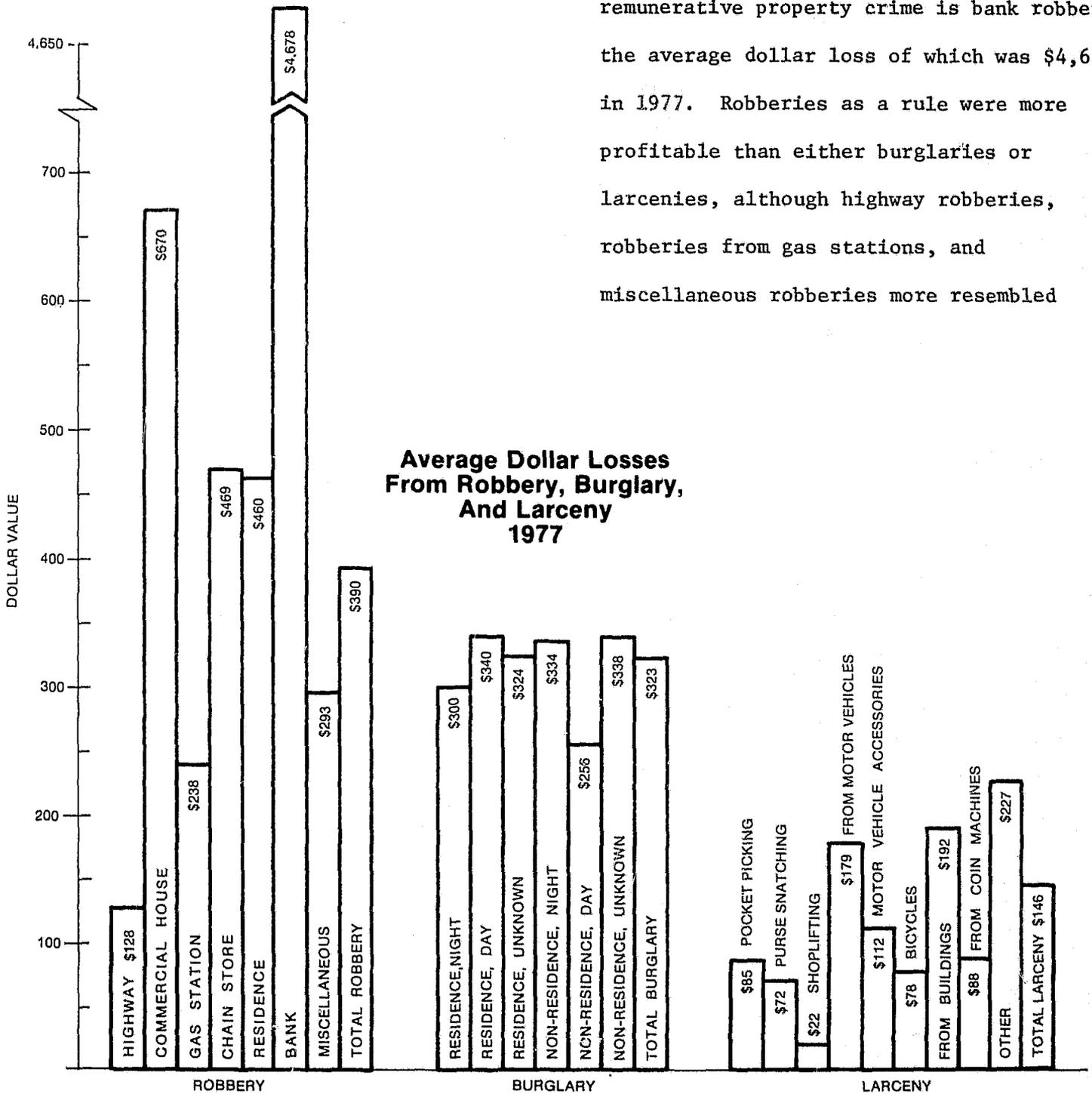


FIGURE 41

dollar losses from burglaries and larcenies than they did other robberies. One other figure of note is the small average dollar loss occurring from shoplifting. It is evident that other types of property crime are much more profitable while involving less risk of apprehension.

The monthly trend for motor vehicle theft is found in Figure 42, and shows a seasonal variation similar to that shown for larceny, with distinct peaking occurring in the summer months.

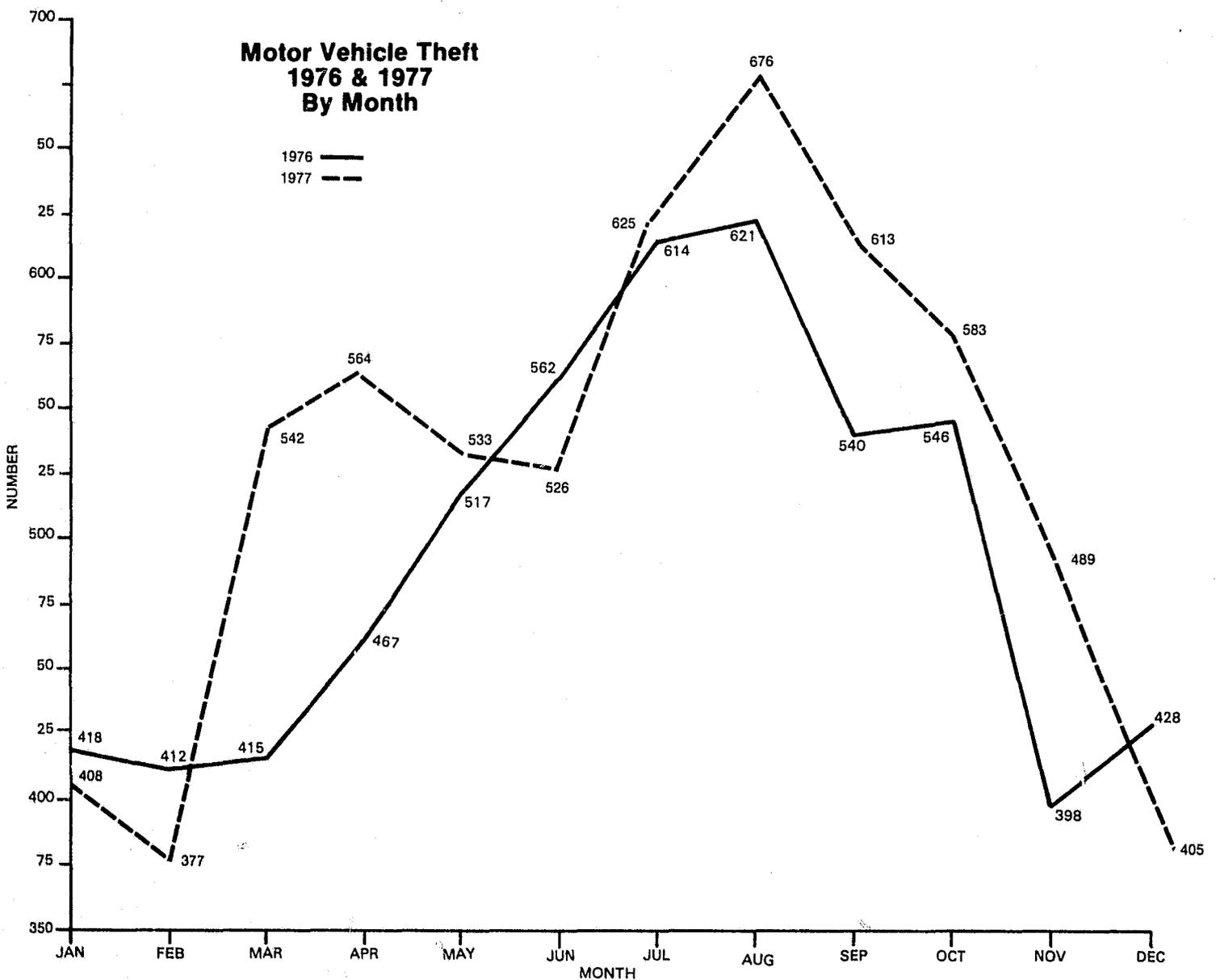


FIGURE 42

To further analyze motor vehicle theft, Figure 43 was prepared showing the type of motor vehicle stolen by month in 1977. In essence, this figure indicates that the seasonal pattern shown in the previous figure is due to great seasonal variation in thefts of motorcycles rather than a general variation in all types of motor vehicle thefts. It will be noted that thefts of automobiles stays relatively stable during the year, as do thefts of trucks and buses and other thefts. Theft of motorcycles, however, ranged in 1977 from 17 in January to 209 in August.

Type Of Vehicle Stolen, By Month 1977

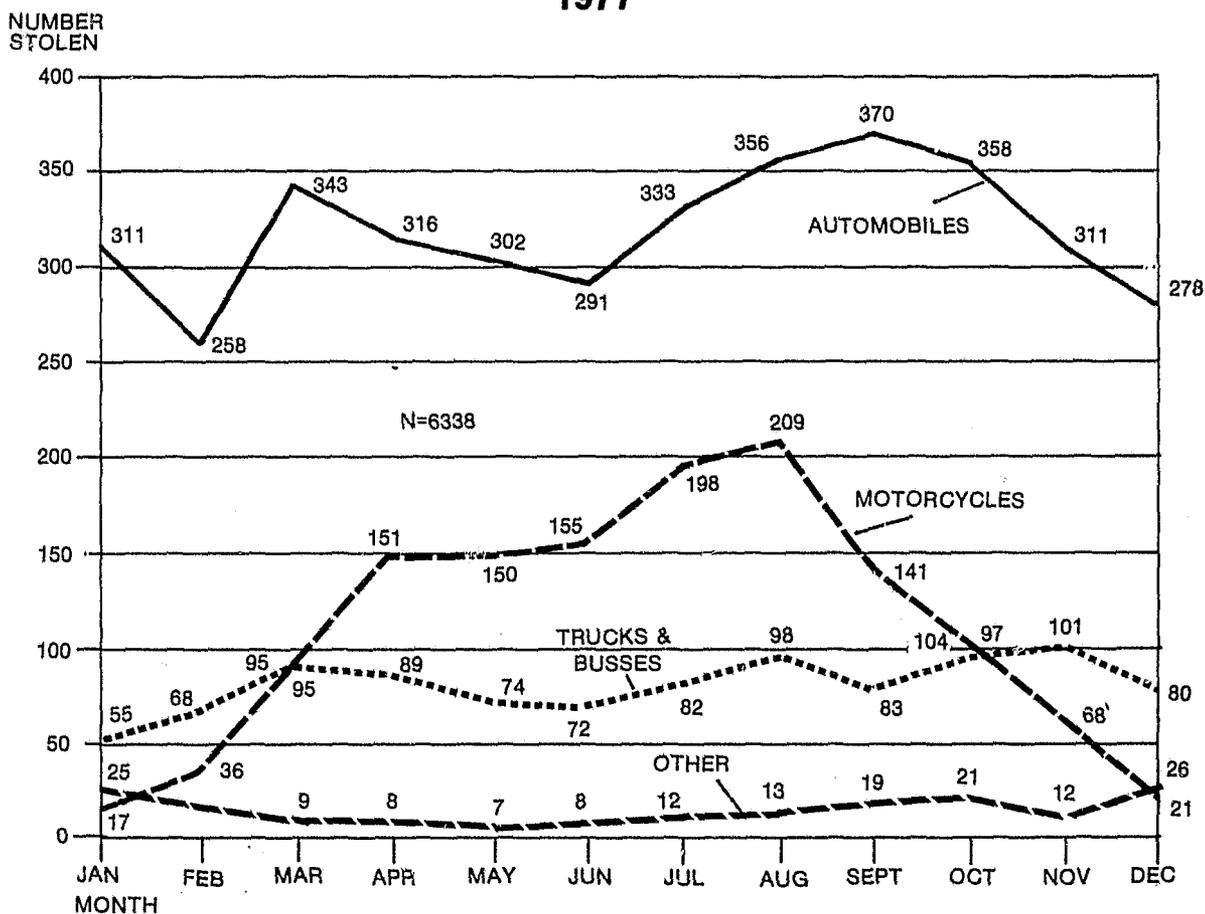


FIGURE 43

Figure 44 is a pie-graph illustrating the distribution of vehicles stolen in 1977. Automobiles are the most frequently stolen motor vehicle, followed by motorcycles, trucks and buses, and other. It should be remembered, however, that during the summer months, thefts of motorcycles account for more than half the total accounted for by automobiles. Thus, given a warmer climate, one would expect the distribution of vehicles stolen in Iowa to be significantly different.

Types Of Vehicles Stolen

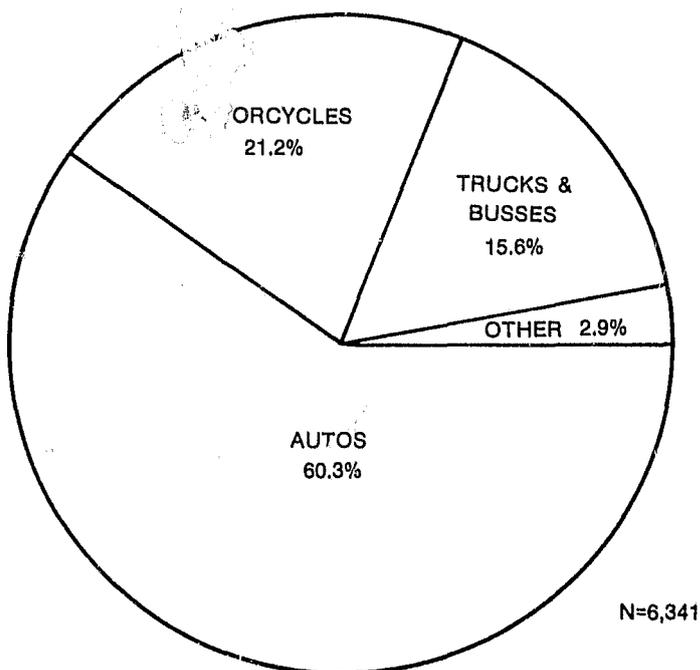


FIGURE 44

D. Rate of Change, by Population Category

Tables VI and VII contain another presentation by percentage change data, this time for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, non-suburban cities (also referred to in Uniform Crime Reports as "Other Cities"), and rural areas. One of these tables presents the raw number of offenses and the crime rates for each of these areas for the total crime index, violent crime, and property crime, while the other presents percentage changes during the past five years for each Part I offense. Table VI, containing percentage change both in the raw number of offenses and in offense rate, illustrates how population shifts can affect crime data. In the SMSAs and non-suburban cities, populations have risen in Iowa since 1972, resulting in a raw numerical percentage increase which is larger than the rate increase. In rural areas, the opposite is true.

In the total crime index category, it is evident that the rural areas have experienced the largest percentage increase, although one will note that the raw numerical increase over the 5 year time span is much smaller in the rural areas than it is in the urban areas.

In the violent crime category, however, SMSAs have showed by far the largest increase, both in percent and raw number, with non-suburban cities and rural areas showing much smaller increases. Looking at the raw numerical increase, there were only 55 more violent crimes reported in rural areas in 1977 than there were in 1972. If one starts in the rural areas in 1973, in fact, one notes a decrease through 1977.

Non-suburban cities also experienced the smallest increase in the property crime category, with rural areas, as in the total crime index, showing the greatest percentage change. As noted in the introductory section of this report, however, it is likely that a greater proportion of this increase in the rural areas is attributable to improvements in reporting and record keeping than is the case for the urban areas.

The second table in this series presents the rate of change of crime rates by area, and crime in percent from 1972 to 1977. It should be noted that figures before 1975 were developed from data presented in the FBI Uniform Crime Report. Data from 1975, 1976, and 1977 are taken from Iowa figures, and may differ slightly from those found in the FBI Uniform Crime Report. Patterns are difficult to discern in this particular table and little analysis will be provided here other than to note the following:

1. a general pattern of increase is evident in each of the areas during the 5-year period;
2. although this pattern of increase exists, only two crime categories show an increase during every year presented; burglaries in rural areas, and assaults in SMSAs. The latter in these is the most disturbing in that a 111% increase is shown over the period and because it is the most numerous of the violent crimes. This crime is perhaps the best indicator of the violence level evident in any segment of the population.

TABLE VI

TOTAL, VIOLENT, AND PROPERTY CRIME INDEXES
BY TYPE OF AREATOTAL CRIME INDEX, BY TYPE OF AREA, 1972-1977

	1977		1976	1975	1974	1973	1972	CHANGE	
	N	RATE						N	%
SMSAs	62333	5825.1	66280	64622	54235	44903	40080	22253	55.5
NON-SUBURBAN CITIES	33298	4234.8	34243	34424	30748	26201	23621	9677	41.0
TOTAL URBAN AREAS	95631	5151.5	100523	99046	84983	71105	63701	31920	50.1
RURAL AREAS	15030	1472.4	15660	13135	12477	11125	9273	5757	62.1
								618.5	72.4

VIOLENT CRIME INDEX, BY TYPE OF AREA, 1972-1977

	1977		1976	1975	1974	1973	1972	CHANGE	
	N	RATE						N	%
SMSAs	2905	271.5	2675	2919	2402	1890	1579	1326	84.0
NON-SUBURBAN CITIES	896	114.0	695	794	699	750	671	225	33.5
TOTAL URBAN AREAS	3801	204.8	3370	3713	3101	2640	2250	1551	68.9
RURAL AREAS	324	31.7	423	326	354	330	269	55	20.4
								6.9	27.8

PROPERTY CRIME INDEX, BY TYPE OF AREA, 1972-1977

	1977		1976	1975	1974	1973	1972	CHANGE	
	N	RATE						N	%
SMSAs	59428	5553.6	63605	61703	51833	43014	38501	20927	54.4
NON-SUBURBAN CITIES	32402	4120.8	33548	33630	30049	25451	22965	9437	41.1
TOTAL URBAN AREAS	91830	4946.7	97153	95333	81882	68465	61466	30364	49.4
RURAL AREAS	14706	1440.7	15237	12809	12123	10795	9004	5702	63.3
								611.6	73.8

TABLE VII

 RATE OF CHANGE OF CRIME RATES
 BY AREA, IN PERCENT
 1972-1977

	<u>76-77</u>	<u>75-76</u>	<u>74-75</u>	<u>73-74</u>	<u>72-73</u>	<u>72-77</u>
CRIME IN SMSAs						
Murder	+38.7	-11.4	+9.4	+6.7	-11.8	+26.5
Rape	-3.8	-4.6	+13.5	-1.2	+21.8	+25.4
Robbery	+4.3	-27.3	+14.8	+50.3	+16.3	+52.2
Assault	+12.6	+7.2	+28.0	+18.5	+15.4	+111.3
Total Violent	+8.8	-9.2	+20.4	+29.2	+15.7	+77.9
Burglary	-2.2	-0.2	+5.1	+27.6	+19.2	+56.0
Larceny	-8.2	+4.2	+24.1	+22.5	+4.9	+52.4
Auto Theft	+3.8	-16.2	+2.4	+9.4	+10.3	+7.5
Total Property	-6.4	+1.9	+18.2	+22.4	+8.1	+49.3
TOTAL SMSAs	-5.8	+1.4	+18.3	+22.7	+8.4	+50.4
CRIME IN OTHER CITIES						
Murder	-35.3	-22.7	+175.0	-33.3	+33.3	+22.2
Rape	+21.9	+2.8	-10.1	-28.2	+46.7	+18.7
Robbery	-16.9	-8.7	-7.0	+37.4	+32.0	+28.0
Assault	+46.0	-15.2	+18.8	-14.3	+3.9	+30.9
Total Violent	+26.7	-12.7	+10.3	-5.7	+12.6	+29.4
Burglary	-5.4	-8.3	+1.3	+16.6	+25.2	+28.2
Larceny	-6.0	+2.0	+10.5	+19.9	+8.7	+38.0
Auto Theft	+8.7	-6.0	+11.5	+23.3	+6.5	+49.5
Total Property	-5.2	-0.5	+8.6	+19.4	+11.7	+36.7
TOTAL OTHER CITIES	-4.5	-0.7	+8.6	+18.7	+11.7	+36.6
RURAL CRIME						
Murder	-33.3	+28.6	+7.7	-35.0	+185.7	+71.4
Rape	-10.4	+33.3	-21.7	-19.3	+39.0	+4.9
Robbery	0.0	+7.3	-34.9	+46.5	+79.2	+83.3
Assault	-28.1	+36.5	+3.7	+15.1	+5.7	+23.9
Total Violent	-23.1	+31.2	-6.5	+9.8	+23.4	+27.8
Burglary	+0.8	+15.3	+0.3	+29.2	+19.3	+79.5
Larceny	-6.2	+23.2	+13.8	+4.8	+20.5	+66.2
Auto Theft	+11.0	+20.2	-3.9	+32.5	+39.7	+137.1
Total Property	-2.9	+20.1	+7.4	+14.8	+20.8	+73.8
TOTAL RURAL	-3.4	+20.4	+7.0	+14.7	+20.9	+72.4
STATEWIDE TOTAL						
	-5.2	+3.5	+14.5	+20.6	+11.8	+51.6

E. Geographical District Data

Table VIII presents crimes reported, crime rates, and crime rate percent change by geographical district in 1977. This table replaces the comparable table prepared in 1976 for Judicial Districts, which are not laid out in a geographical manner conducive to drawing analytical conclusions. Thus, the geographical districts presented in Figure 45 were developed for analysis.

It is evident from the table presenting crimes reported approximately one-quarter of Part I crime reported in Iowa occurred in geographical district five, the counties in central Iowa surrounding Des Moines. The fewest number of crimes reported, not surprisingly, occurred in district nine, the agricultural counties between the Missouri border and Adair, Madison, Warren, and Marion Counties. This area, incidentally, is also by far the least populated geographical district.

Because of the nature of geographical district nine, it similarly is not surprising to find it reporting the lowest crime rate of any of the districts. Although there appears to be a relationship between population density and crime rate, this relationship is not perfect: geographical district six, which possesses the highest crime rate, does not possess the highest population density, which is found in district seven. The three districts possessing the lowest population density are also the three having the lowest crime rates. Note, however, that the three densest districts also possess the three highest violent crime rates.

Looking at the percentage change table, seven of the nine districts experienced overall reductions in crime in 1977. All, however, reported reductions in property crime, while only districts one and two, the northeast and north central areas, reported decreases in violent crime.

TABLE VIII

CRIMES REPORTED, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRICTS, 1977

	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
District 1 Total	409,746	13,554	455	13,099	5	33	108	309	2,600	9,803	696
2	302,211	8,982	156	8,826	2	14	29	111	2,190	6,023	613
3	398,295	10,716	295	10,421	9	37	57	192	2,236	7,524	661
4	200,644	9,000	307	8,693	3	22	93	189	2,514	5,505	674
5	617,757	28,687	1,335	27,352	33	81	440	781	4,731	21,165	1,456
6	318,953	16,525	610	15,915	2	50	138	420	3,415	11,625	873
7	314,315	13,044	691	12,353	7	43	261	380	2,908	8,657	788
8	267,797	9,173	244	8,929	6	21	53	164	2,255	6,187	487
9	70,416	1,594	39	1,555	0	4	10	25	518	946	91
Total	2,900,134	111,275	4,132	107,143	67	305	1,189	2,571	23,367	77,435	6,341

CRIME RATES, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRICTS, 1977

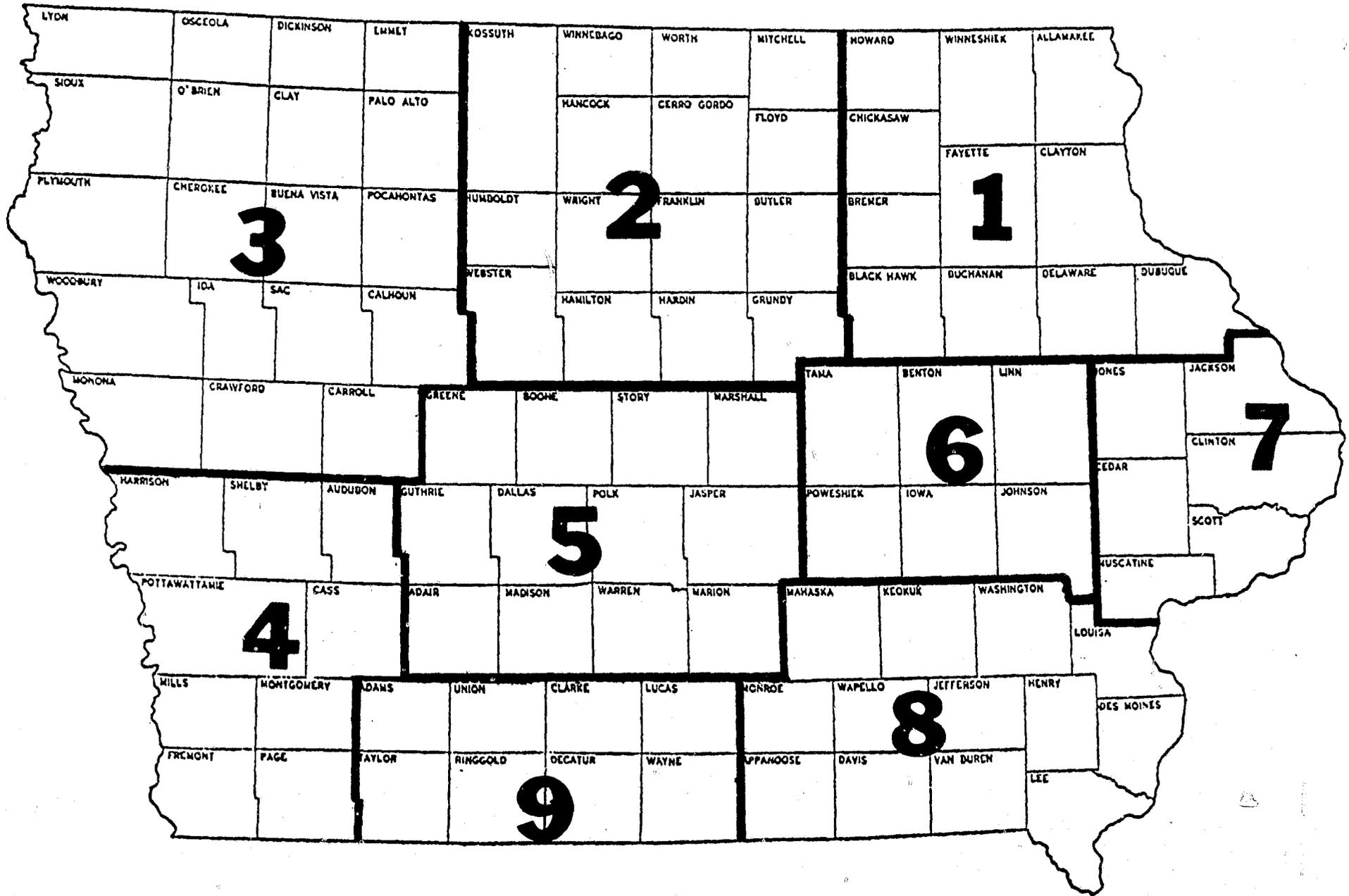
District 1 Total	3,307.9	111.0	3,196.9	1.2	8.1	26.4	75.4	634.5	2,392.5	169.9
2	2,972.1	51.6	2,920.5	0.7	4.6	9.6	36.7	724.7	1,993.0	202.8
3	2,690.5	74.1	2,616.4	2.3	9.3	14.3	48.2	561.4	1,889.1	166.0
4	4,485.6	153.0	4,332.5	1.5	11.0	46.4	94.2	1,253.0	2,743.7	335.9
5	4,643.7	216.1	4,427.6	5.3	13.1	71.2	126.4	765.8	3,426.1	235.7
6	5,181.0	191.3	4,989.8	0.6	15.7	43.3	131.7	1,070.7	3,644.7	274.3
7	4,150.0	219.8	3,930.1	2.2	13.7	83.0	120.9	925.2	2,754.2	250.7
8	3,425.4	91.1	3,334.2	2.2	7.8	19.8	61.2	842.1	2,310.3	181.9
9	2,263.7	55.4	2,208.3	0.0	5.7	14.2	35.5	735.6	1,343.4	129.2
Average	3,833.9	142.5	3,694.3	2.3	10.5	41.0	88.7	805.7	2,670.0	218.5

CRIME RATES PERCENT CHANGE, BY GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRICTS, 1976-1977

District 1 Total	-5.5	-10.8	-5.3	-20.0	-10.0	-37.3	+5.0	-3.8	-6.2	+2.3
2	-10.6	-16.5	-10.5	-30.0	-46.5	-41.1	+2.2	-19.9	-7.2	-2.5
3	-2.6	+16.5	-3.1	+187.5	0.0	+19.2	+15.9	-5.6	-2.8	+2.2
4	-3.3	+14.4	-3.9	-40.0	+20.9	+27.8	+9.9	+17.9	-12.5	+9.2
5	-8.0	+8.5	-8.6	+96.3	-11.5	+11.6	+7.2	-2.6	-10.0	-6.9
6	-2.1	+0.6	-2.2	-72.7	-5.4	-29.8	+20.1	+1.0	-4.1	+14.2
7	-10.4	+25.7	-11.9	-33.3	+20.2	+20.5	+32.6	-9.0	-14.9	+22.4
8	+0.2	+9.9	-0.1	-42.1	+160.0	+8.2	+5.9	+10.7	-4.2	+10.1
9	+0.1	+23.7	-0.4	-100.0	+307.1	*	-12.1	-13.3	+4.0	+65.6
Total	-5.2	+7.9	-5.6	+4.5	-0.9	0.0	+13.1	-2.5	-7.3	+5.5

*No robberies reported in 1976

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRICTS, 1977



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FIGURE 45

F. National Comparison

Table IX presents Iowa crimes reported, crime rate, and national ranking from 1971 through 1977. The national ranking presented here is the result of other analyses performed utilizing the FBI Uniform Crime Reports.

The rationale behind these rankings is that, while crime in Iowa has experienced increases during the past few years, the speculation was that other states had been experiencing similar increases, as the national crime rate has also increased. Thus, to determine Iowa's relative position, all states have been rank ordered for each of the Part I offenses back to 1971. Thus, the hope is to obtain a more relative idea of Iowa's position on each of the Part I crimes.

There are a number of conclusions that can be drawn from the table. The first is that Iowa's position has slipped somewhat during the past six years, apparently because of increases in larceny. In each of the crime categories save those affected by larceny (the larceny rate itself and the property crime category) Iowa's national ranking during the past six years has been generally among the lowest ten in the nation. In the violent crime category, for example, Iowa ranked fourth lowest in 1976. Comparing Iowa's 1976 rate to average rates for the nation, one also finds that larceny is the only rate in which Iowa approaches the national average. Of the other Part I crimes, only with burglary is the Iowa rate even more than half the national average. With crimes such as murder and assault, Iowa's rate has generally been about one-quarter of that found nationally. The conclusion that can be reached from this is that if Iowa desires to cut its crime rate and improve its national position, larceny is the logical place to begin. As noted earlier, the decrease in Iowa crime experienced in 1977 was solely due to larceny, in fact two specific types of larceny: thefts of motor vehicle accessories and thefts from motor vehicles. Only through reduction of larceny can Iowa reduce its crime rate.

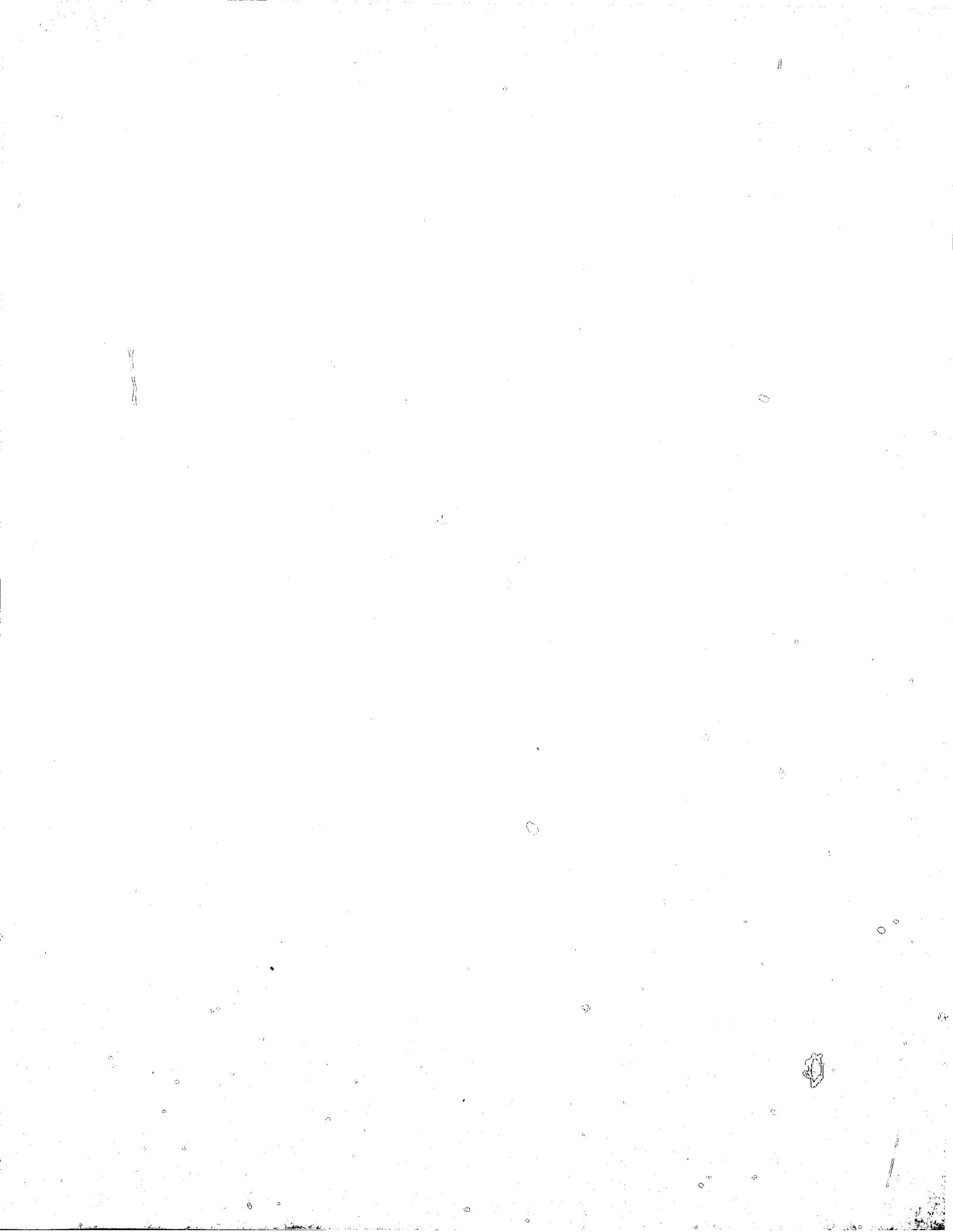


TABLE IX

IOWA
NUMBER OF CRIMES
CRIME RATE
NATIONAL RANK (1=lowest)
1971-1977

	Preliminary 1977	1976	1975	1974	1973	1972	1971	% INCREASE	
								TOTAL	PER YEAR
TOTAL CRIME N	111275	116183	112181	97460	82230	72990	76500	42.7	7.1
RATE	3836.9	4046.2	3908.7	3413.7	2831.6	2531.7	2682.3		
RANK		15	13	12	14	12	**		
VIOLENT CRIME N	4132	3793	4039	3455	2970	2519	2822	44.1	7.3
RATE	142.5	132.1	140.7	121.0	102.3	87.4	98.9		
RANK		4	4	4	4	3	7		
PROPERTY CRIME N	107143	112390	108142	94005	79260	70471	73678	43.0	7.2
RATE	3694.4	3914.1	3768.0	3292.6	2729.3	2444.4	2583.4		
RANK		19	15	14	14	14	**		
MURDER N	67	64	69	54	63	50	52	27.8	4.6
RATE	2.3	2.2	2.4	1.9	2.2	1.7	1.8		
RANK		3	3	2	T4	T4	4		
RAPE N	305	303	297	287	329	248	255	19.1	3.2
RATE	10.6	10.6	10.3	10.1	11.3	8.6	8.9		
RANK		6	4	6	9	7	7		
ROBBERY N	1189	1176	1536	1390	954	770	866	34.9	5.8
RATE	41.0	41.0	53.5	48.7	32.9	26.7	30.4		
RANK		10	10	11	T8	7	9		
ASSAULT N	2571	2250	2135	1724	1624	1451	1649	53.5	8.9
RATE	88.7	78.4	74.4	60.4	55.9	50.3	57.8		
RANK		5	6	6	4	4	5		
BURGLARY N	23367	23729	23452	22597	18412	15037	15160	51.6	8.6
RATE	805.7	826.4	818.5	791.5	634.0	521.6	531.6		
RANK		7	6	6	4	4	5		
LARCENY N	77435	82711	78057	65153	55310	50560	53847	41.4	6.9
RATE	2670.0	2880.5	2719.8	2282.1	1904.6	1753.7	1888.0		
RANK		29	26	23	24	22	**		
AUTO THEFT N	6341	5950	6593	6255	5538	4874	4372	42.5	7.1
RATE	218.6	207.2	229.7	219.1	190.7	169.1	153.3		
RANK		8	10	11	10	10	9		

**=Ranking not appropriate due to category differences

III. JURISDICTIONAL DATA

A. Crimes Reported

Table X presents a series of tables dealing with the number of crimes reported by jurisdictions, beginning with counties and ending with rural areas. Jurisdictions within these tables are presented in rank order by the number of crimes reported. It will be noted, however, that this series tends to follow population rank because of a high association between crimes reported and population.

Table X-A presents crimes reported for counties during 1976 and shows, not surprisingly, that the State's most populous counties reported the most crimes during 1976.

Throughout this series of tables there is a tendency for the most populous jurisdictions in a given population category to contain the largest raw number of crimes, and the smallest to contain the fewest reported crimes. Exceptions to this rule are found, however, as shown by the following:

1. Dubuque County, which reported by far the fewest crimes of any SMSA;
2. Council Bluffs, the smallest city of the over 50,000 population category, which reported more crimes than three of the other large cities;
3. Ames, which reported only about half as many crimes as Iowa City while maintaining a similar population;
4. Marion, one of the largest cities in the 10,000-25,000 population category, which reported the third lowest number of Part I offenses in that group;
5. The unincorporated area of Polk County, which was the second least populous suburban sheriff's department, and reported by far the largest number of offenses;
6. In the rural areas, in which no discernable patterns are evident.

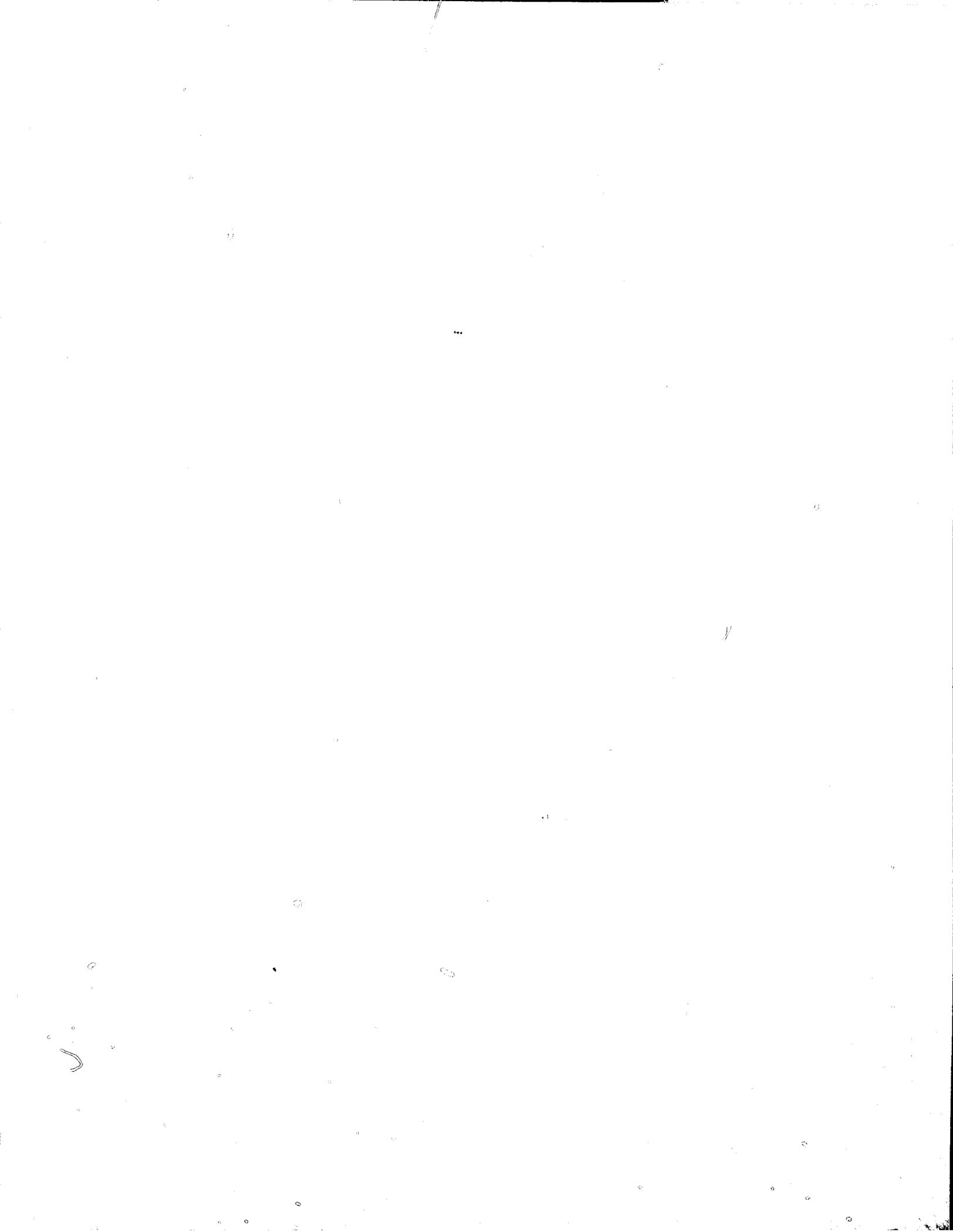
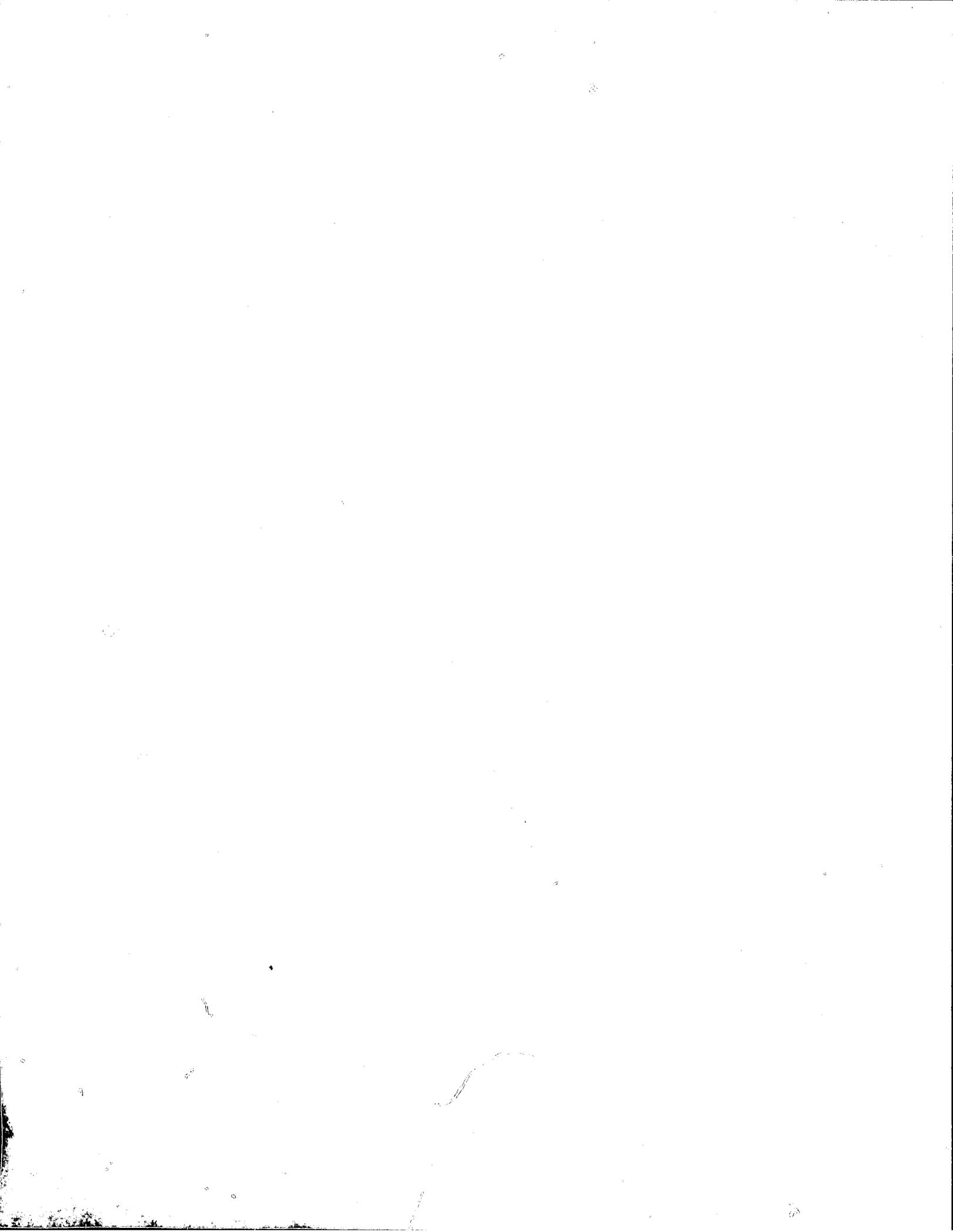


TABLE X-A

CRIMES REPORTED, COUNTIES
BY RANK

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Polk	287,211	19,698	1,093	18,605	29	60	400	604	2,773	14,772	1,060
Linn	166,600	10,834	404	10,430	1	16	115	272	2,154	7,691	585
Scott	157,500	8,330	568	7,762	4	38	235	291	2,051	5,221	490
Black Hawk	142,000	6,810	285	6,525	5	22	84	174	1,246	4,992	287
Pottawattamie	89,142	6,405	258	6,147	3	16	92	147	1,871	3,739	537
Woodbury	103,216	5,702	199	5,503	4	29	47	119	1,073	4,023	407
Johnson	75,025	4,289	175	4,114	0	31	13	131	813	3,093	208
Dubuque	90,660	3,749	73	3,676	0	5	17	51	558	2,865	253
Cerro Gordo	48,935	3,019	34	2,985	1	3	12	18	699	2,080	206
Clinton	57,827	2,610	83	2,527	1	4	18	60	368	1,994	165
Story	91,106	2,576	87	2,489	0	4	5	78	423	1,994	72
Des Moines	45,123	2,352	92	2,260	3	7	11	71	368	1,747	145
Webster	47,215	2,152	13	2,139	0	1	6	6	422	1,503	214
Lee	41,924	1,729	29	1,700	1	6	8	14	420	1,184	96
Marshall	41,076	1,535	37	1,498	3	0	16	18	261	1,148	89
Wapello	42,149	1,315	38	1,277	1	3	14	20	337	829	111
Muscatine	39,030	1,172	23	1,149	1	0	6	16	288	797	64
Jasper	35,364	1,146	26	1,120	0	5	7	14	296	769	55
Clay	17,865	839	18	821	2	3	1	12	116	666	39
Boone	28,000	838	27	811	0	0	2	25	196	576	39
Warren	33,749	805	25	780	0	5	2	18	162	568	50
Mahaska	21,661	798	28	770	0	1	5	22	190	544	36
Fayette	26,898	679	34	645	0	5	1	28	176	433	36
Marion	27,451	669	16	653	1	2	2	11	118	496	39
Buchanan	22,116	664	5	659	0	0	2	3	261	364	34
Washington	18,766	614	25	589	0	1	3	21	217	340	32
Dallas	27,223	593	7	586	0	2	2	3	190	374	22
Hamilton	17,868	527	3	524	0	1	0	2	173	324	27
Buena Vista	20,640	497	1	496	0	0	0	1	71	404	21
Appanoose	14,873	478	9	469	0	1	1	7	133	327	9
Mills	12,412	472	18	454	0	2	0	16	128	302	24
Page	18,703	453	22	431	0	2	0	20	80	326	25
Hardin	22,040	451	20	431	0	0	2	18	101	306	24
Kossuth	22,659	434	2	432	0	0	1	1	130	287	15



CONTINUED

1 OF 4

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Carroll	23,158	432	2	430	0	0	1	1	104	298	28
Union	13,076	429	15	414	0	2	4	9	130	255	29
Jefferson	14,105	429	5	424	0	0	5	0	77	333	14
Poweshiek	18,803	424	6	418	0	0	2	4	133	268	17
Winneshiek	21,526	411	16	395	0	0	0	16	71	304	20
Cass	17,300	399	1	398	0	0	0	1	102	283	13
Cherokee	17,500	379	6	373	0	0	1	5	96	251	26
Dickinson	13,337	369	2	367	0	0	0	2	77	281	9
Greene	12,716	366	2	364	0	0	1	1	128	226	10
Louisa	11,200	366	4	362	0	0	1	3	91	261	10
Jones	20,529	362	4	358	1	1	0	2	53	276	29
Henry	17,568	361	4	357	1	1	1	1	145	204	8
Benton	23,500	361	7	354	1	1	1	4	115	203	36
Harrison	16,594	350	2	348	0	0	0	2	124	200	24
Tama	19,565	344	15	329	0	2	4	9	129	179	21
Jackson	21,960	324	6	318	0	0	1	5	61	248	9
Plymouth	25,340	321	2	319	0	1	0	1	64	239	16
Montgomery	12,978	317	1	316	0	0	1	0	50	241	25
Winnebago	13,658	316	33	283	0	2	0	31	57	208	18
Floyd	19,860	313	4	309	0	0	3	1	62	237	10
Palo Alto	13,176	305	2	303	0	0	0	2	125	150	28
O'Brien	17,402	304	7	297	0	1	2	4	78	212	7
Shelby	15,249	301	1	300	0	0	0	1	78	211	11
Wright	16,670	300	10	290	0	0	3	7	67	205	18
Bremer	23,957	292	3	289	0	0	0	3	64	211	14
Hancock	13,500	284	14	270	0	3	0	11	89	164	17
Decatur	9,782	273	2	271	0	0	1	1	90	163	18
Iowa	15,460	273	3	270	0	0	3	0	71	191	8
Allamakee	15,000	267	8	259	0	0	0	8	50	188	21
Humboldt	12,547	265	2	263	0	1	0	1	96	150	17
Lucas	10,200	253	16	237	0	1	1	14	54	174	9
Keokuk	13,943	249	2	247	0	0	1	1	97	147	3
Cedar	17,469	246	7	239	0	0	1	6	87	121	31
Monroe	9,600	245	4	241	0	0	0	4	67	159	15

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Sioux	29,237	241	15	226	0	2	0	13	63	144	19
Calhoun	13,675	235	0	235	0	0	0	0	101	126	8
Franklin	13,502	222	7	215	0	1	0	6	70	130	15
Crawford	19,116	220	19	201	0	0	1	18	31	165	5
Butler	17,174	210	2	208	0	0	1	1	84	114	10
Mitchell	13,108	192	2	190	0	0	0	2	31	157	2
Worth	9,500	190	4	186	1	2	0	1	80	95	11
Davis	8,585	188	3	185	0	0	3	0	106	72	7
Delaware	19,043	186	14	172	0	0	1	13	62	106	4
Guthrie	12,178	181	8	173	0	3	1	4	55	105	13
Clayton	22,000	179	10	169	0	0	2	8	44	113	12
Chickasaw	15,346	179	6	173	0	1	1	4	44	117	12
Emmet	13,576	178	10	168	1	0	3	6	18	145	5
Clarke	7,814	177	3	174	0	0	2	1	62	100	12
Sac	14,942	168	1	167	0	0	0	1	56	105	6
Fremont	9,282	163	2	161	0	1	0	1	45	109	7
Adair	9,383	158	5	153	0	0	1	4	67	83	3
Pocahontas	12,793	142	5	137	2	0	0	3	66	65	6
Audubon	8,984	140	2	138	0	1	0	1	36	94	8
Howard	11,200	138	1	137	0	0	0	1	24	110	3
Ida	9,300	135	2	133	0	0	1	1	40	90	3
Adams	7,000	134	2	132	0	1	1	0	33	94	5
Wayne	8,185	133	0	133	0	0	0	0	34	89	10
Madison	12,300	122	2	120	0	0	1	1	62	54	4
Grundy	13,975	107	6	101	0	0	1	5	29	63	9
Ringgold	6,373	106	1	105	0	0	1	0	93	6	6
Monona	11,579	97	1	96	0	0	0	1	26	56	14
Osceola	9,000	90	1	89	0	0	0	1	24	56	9
Taylor	7,986	89	0	89	0	0	0	0	22	65	2
Lyon	13,443	62	2	60	0	1	0	1	7	48	5
Van Buren	8,300	49	1	48	0	1	0	0	7	40	1
Total	2,900,134	111,275	4,132	107,143	67	305	1,189	2,571	23,367	77,435	6,341

TABLE X-B
 CRIMES REPORTED, SMSAs,
 BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Polk/Warren	320,960	20,503	1,118	19,385	29	65	402	622	2,935	15,340	1,110
Linn	166,600	10,834	404	10,430	1	16	115	272	2,154	7,691	585
Scott	157,500	8,330	568	7,762	4	38	235	291	2,051	5,221	490
Black Hawk	142,000	6,810	285	6,525	5	22	84	174	1,246	4,992	287
Pottawattamie	89,142	6,405	258	6,147	3	16	92	147	1,871	3,739	537
Woodbury	103,216	5,702	199	5,503	4	29	47	119	1,073	4,023	407
Dubuque	<u>90,660</u>	<u>3,749</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>3,676</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>558</u>	<u>2,865</u>	<u>253</u>
Total	1,070,078	62,333	2,905	59,428	46	191	992	1,676	11,888	43,871	3,669

TABLE X-C

CRIMES REPORTED, CITIES 50,000+
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Des Moines	195,000	15,164	841	14,323	27	41	341	432	2,022	11,485	816
Cedar Rapids	108,000	9,400	366	9,034	1	14	108	243	1,741	6,799	494
Davenport	99,836	6,834	526	6,308	4	35	213	274	1,708	4,186	414
Council Bluffs	62,026	5,599	207	5,392	3	12	77	115	1,622	3,297	473
Sioux City	87,940	5,413	188	5,225	3	28	46	111	958	3,875	392
Waterloo	72,035	5,173	159	5,014	3	11	77	68	1,049	3,778	187
Dubuque	<u>62,309</u>	<u>3,063</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>447</u>	<u>2,344</u>	<u>209</u>
Total	687,146	50,646	2,350	48,296	41	143	877	1,289	9,547	35,764	2,985

TABLE X-D

CRIMES REPORTED, CITIES 25,000-50,000
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Iowa City	49,500	3,234	133	3,101	0	26	9	98	494	2,467	140
Mason City	32,225	2,294	27	2,267	1	0	12	14	525	1,571	171
Clinton	34,544	2,102	72	2,030	0	3	10	51	257	1,626	147
Burlington	33,500	1,951	90	1,861	3	6	11	70	257	1,489	115
Fort Dodge	30,939	1,873	9	1,864	0	0	6	3	268	1,393	203
Ames	45,750	1,604	76	1,528	0	4	4	68	133	1,341	54
Marshalltown	27,500	1,327	31	1,296	1	0	14	16	189	1,030	77
Cedar Falls	33,772	1,252	81	1,171	2	3	6	70	126	983	62
Ottumwa	30,000	1,065	34	1,031	1	1	13	19	266	670	95
Bettendorf	<u>27,000</u>	<u>961</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>930</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>177</u>	<u>718</u>	<u>35</u>
Total	344,730	17,663	584	17,079	8	43	113	420	2,692	13,288	1,099

TABLE X-E

CRIMES REPORTED, CITIES 10,000-25,000
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
West Des Moines	22,000	1,035	49	986	1	0	14	34	164	779	43
Keokuk	15,500	1,008	5	1,003	0	0	4	1	221	728	54
Muscatine	23,000	993	18	975	0	0	5	13	189	728	58
Urbandale	17,965	820	29	791	0	0	7	22	101	664	26
Newton	15,765	758	16	742	0	2	7	7	99	602	41
Spencer	10,510	675	5	670	1	0	0	4	65	578	27
Oskaloosa	10,932	639	25	614	0	1	4	20	143	438	33
Boone	13,956	613	17	596	0	0	2	15	77	488	31
Marion	21,000	495	6	489	0	0	4	2	94	367	28
Ankeny	14,500	490	3	487	0	0	2	1	46	425	16
Fort Madison	<u>14,508</u>	<u>480</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>464</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>34</u>
Total	179,636	8,006	189	7,817	2	6	53	128	1,304	6,122	391

TABLE X-F

CRIMES REPORTED, CITIES 5,000-10,000
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Coralville	6,600	556	31	525	0	5	4	22	142	347	36
Washington	6,300	422	13	409	0	0	2	11	143	252	14
Clear Lake	6,876	411	5	406	0	1	0	4	52	339	15
Storm Lake	8,591	385	1	384	0	0	0	1	38	336	10
Webster City	9,342	363	1	362	0	1	0	0	78	269	15
Creston	8,423	348	9	339	0	1	4	4	105	209	25
Independence	6,000	346	3	343	0	0	2	1	106	221	16
Fairfield	8,800	334	2	332	0	0	2	0	29	292	11
Centerville	7,500	314	8	306	0	0	1	7	92	206	8
Perry	7,200	310	3	307	0	0	1	2	68	229	10
Oelwein	7,732	309	5	304	0	2	1	2	37	254	13
Carroll	9,156	289	2	287	0	0	1	1	44	222	21
Decorah	7,703	287	8	279	0	0	0	8	31	236	12
Pella	8,000	273	11	262	0	2	0	9	25	219	18
Indianola	9,611	269	3	266	0	1	1	1	24	230	12
Grinnell	8,685	261	2	259	0	0	0	2	67	182	10
Charles City	9,119	258	3	255	0	0	3	0	31	218	6
Mount Pleasant	7,200	223	1	222	0	1	0	0	70	147	5
Cherokee	7,962	221	4	217	0	0	1	3	44	154	19
Atlantic	7,324	220	0	220	0	0	0	0	44	170	6
Iowa Falls	6,700	219	10	209	0	0	1	9	23	178	8
Algona	6,054	218	1	217	0	0	1	0	58	149	10
Clarinda	5,100	208	19	189	0	1	0	18	41	129	19
Red Oak	6,500	208	1	207	0	0	1	0	28	166	13
Le Mars	9,000	207	2	205	0	1	0	1	15	180	10
Maquoketa	6,000	204	3	201	0	0	0	3	25	171	5
Glenwood	5,001	204	14	190	0	0	0	14	40	142	8
Altoona	5,172	194	1	193	0	0	1	0	21	163	9
Windsor Heights	6,506	179	6	173	0	0	4	2	24	139	10

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Chariton	5,035	175	15	160	0	1	0	14	19	133	8
Knoxville	7,703	174	4	170	0	0	2	2	39	115	16
Harlan	5,252	168	1	167	0	0	0	1	37	124	6
Estherville	8,656	146	9	137	1	0	3	5	12	121	4
Shenandoah	6,242	139	0	139	0	0	0	0	8	131	0
Evansdale	5,500	136	20	116	0	2	1	17	12	92	12
Waverly	7,205	135	1	134	0	0	0	1	27	102	5
Denison	6,218	115	18	97	0	0	0	18	3	91	3
Nevada	5,300	39	0	39	0	0	0	0	6	31	2
Total	271,268	9,467	240	9,227	1	19	37	183	1,708	7,089	430

TABLE X-G

CRIMES REPORTED, CITIES UNDER 5,000
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Carter Lake	3,900	234	27	207	0	2	8	17	62	127	18
Emmetsburg	4,058	224	2	222	0	0	0	2	45	150	27
Clive	4,389	222	9	213	0	2	6	1	26	173	14
Jefferson	4,900	213	2	211	0	0	1	1	51	156	4
Sheldon	4,564	190	4	186	0	1	1	2	48	134	4
Spirit Lake	3,415	189	0	189	0	0	0	0	39	142	8
Camanche	4,367	170	1	169	1	0	0	0	13	153	3
Forest City	4,505	161	17	144	0	0	0	17	25	111	8
Eagle Grove	4,327	157	1	156	0	0	0	1	22	126	8
Missouri Valley	3,600	154	0	154	0	0	0	0	49	92	13
Hampton	4,450	149	6	143	0	0	0	6	29	106	8
Mount Vernon	3,311	147	1	146	0	0	0	1	9	131	6
Humboldt	4,572	143	2	141	0	1	0	1	46	87	8
Vinton	4,962	126	2	124	0	0	1	1	43	67	14
Monticello	3,606	114	3	111	0	1	0	2	9	96	6
Albia	4,500	114	0	114	0	0	0	0	11	95	8
Pleasant Hill	3,500	107	4	103	0	0	0	4	25	72	6
Garner	2,500	106	10	96	0	1	0	9	24	66	6
Bloomfield	2,845	103	0	103	0	0	0	0	44	55	4
Carlisle	3,000	102	5	97	0	1	0	4	9	81	7
Le Claire	2,600	99	2	97	0	1	0	1	24	67	6
West Burlington	3,375	99	0	99	0	0	0	0	9	85	5
Waukon	3,986	98	6	92	0	0	0	6	10	70	12
Anamosa	4,509	98	0	98	0	0	0	0	11	80	7
Tama	2,932	96	4	92	0	1	2	1	36	45	11
Osage	3,932	92	2	90	0	0	0	2	12	78	0
Manchester	4,931	90	1	89	0	0	1	0	20	66	3
Eldora	3,206	89	10	79	0	0	1	9	14	60	5
Cresco	3,927	83	1	82	0	0	0	1	6	73	3
Hiawatha	4,500	83	5	78	0	0	1	4	27	49	2
DeWitt	3,667	78	2	76	0	0	0	2	22	50	4

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Fayette	2,534	76	16	60	0	1	0	15	20	27	13
Osceola	3,375	75	1	74	0	0	0	1	26	41	7
Belle Plaine	2,800	74	0	74	0	0	0	0	19	54	1
Sac City	3,200	67	0	67	0	0	0	0	26	38	3
Eldridge	3,200	67	1	66	0	0	0	1	11	52	3
Dyersville	3,714	58	0	58	0	0	0	0	12	44	2
Winterset	4,118	57	1	56	0	0	0	1	26	29	1
Clarion	2,900	56	4	52	0	0	0	4	1	46	5
Tipton	2,844	55	2	53	0	0	0	2	12	37	4
Sioux Center	4,218	51	0	51	0	0	0	0	10	39	2
Hawarden	2,599	43	3	40	0	0	0	3	19	21	0
Audubon	2,815	42	1	41	0	1	0	0	9	26	6
West Union	2,800	41	2	39	0	0	0	2	11	25	3
Colfax	2,300	40	3	37	0	0	0	3	23	11	3
New Hampton	3,793	39	0	39	0	0	0	0	11	25	3
Onawa	3,154	37	0	37	0	0	0	0	10	23	4
Norwalk	2,650	35	1	34	0	0	0	1	3	27	4
Adel	2,771	28	1	27	0	0	0	1	6	20	1
Grundy Center	2,623	24	0	24	0	0	0	0	1	22	1
Orange City	4,034	21	0	21	0	0	0	0	5	16	0
Rock Rapids	2,705	17	1	16	0	1	0	0	3	12	1
Belmond	2,475	14	1	13	0	0	1	0	12	1	0
Total	188,458	5,147	167	4,980	1	14	23	129	1,096	3,579	305

TABLE X-H

CRIMES REPORTED, SUBURBAN CITIES
BY RANK

Agency	Population	Crime Index	Violent	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	M.V. Theft
Cedar Falls	33,772	1,252	81	1,171	2	3	6	70	126	983	62
West Des Moines	22,000	1,035	49	986	1	0	14	34	164	779	43
Bettendorf	27,000	961	31	930	0	0	20	11	177	718	35
Urbandale	17,965	820	29	791	0	0	7	22	101	664	26
Marion	21,000	495	6	489	0	0	4	2	94	367	28
Ankeny	14,500	490	3	487	0	0	2	1	46	425	16
Indianola	9,611	269	3	266	0	1	1	1	24	230	12
Carter Lake	3,900	234	27	207	0	2	8	17	62	127	18
Clive	4,389	222	9	213	0	2	6	1	26	173	14
Altoona	5,172	194	1	193	0	0	1	0	21	163	9
Windsor Heights	6,506	179	6	173	0	0	4	2	24	139	10
Mount Vernon	3,311	147	1	146	0	0	0	1	9	131	6
Evansdale	5,500	136	20	116	0	2	1	17	12	92	12
Pleasant Hill	3,500	107	4	103	0	0	0	4	25	72	6
Carlisle	3,000	102	5	97	0	1	0	4	9	81	7
Le Claire	2,600	99	2	97	0	1	0	1	24	67	6
Hiawatha	4,500	83	5	78	0	0	1	4	27	49	2
Eldridge	3,200	67	1	66	0	0	0	1	11	52	3
Dyersville	3,714	58	0	58	0	0	0	0	12	44	2
Norwalk	2,650	35	1	34	0	0	0	1	3	27	4
Total SMSA Suburbs	197,790	6,985	284	6,701	3	12	75	194	997	5,383	321
Non-SMSA Suburbs											
Coralville	6,600	556	31	525	0	5	4	22	142	347	36
Camanche	4,367	170	1	169	1	0	0	0	13	153	3
West Burlington	3,375	99	0	99	0	0	0	0	9	85	5
Total Non-SMSA Suburbs	14,342	825	32	793	1	5	4	22	164	585	44
Total	212,132	7,810	316	7,494	4	17	79	216	1,161	5,968	365

TABLE X-I
 CRIMES REPORTED, SUBURBAN SHERIFFS
 BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Polk	18,179	1,487	151	1,336	1	17	25	108	344	872	120
Linn	29,789	709	26	683	0	2	2	22	283	345	55
Dubuque	24,637	628	10	618	0	3	2	5	99	477	42
Pottawattamie	23,216	572	24	548	0	2	7	15	187	315	46
Warren	18,488	399	16	383	0	3	1	12	126	230	27
Scott	24,864	369	8	361	0	2	2	4	131	198	32
Woodbury	15,276	289	11	278	1	1	1	8	115	148	15
Black Hawk	<u>30,693</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>224</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>139</u>	<u>26</u>
Total	185,142	4,702	271	4,431	2	36	40	193	1,344	2,724	363

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TABLE X-J

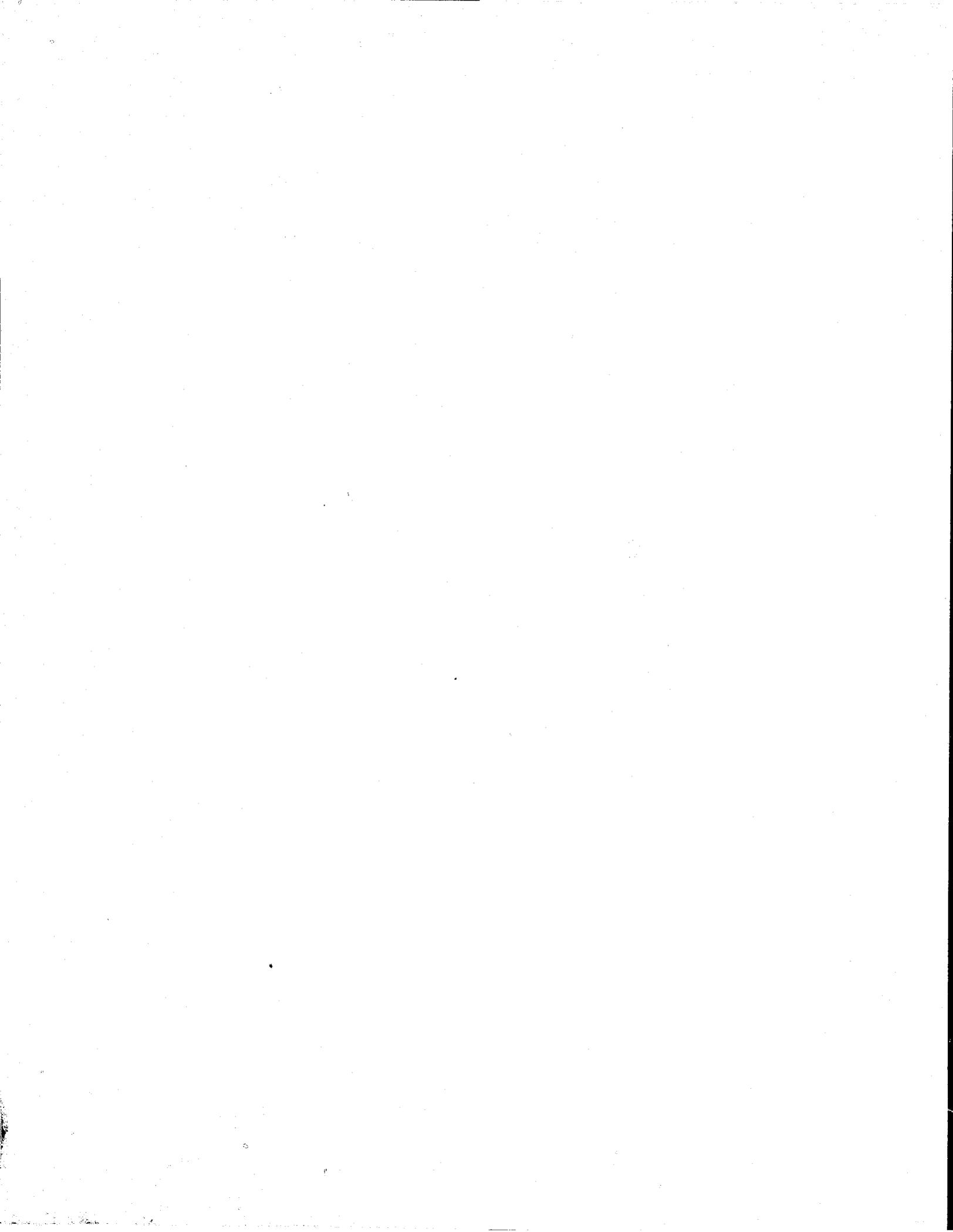
CRIMES REPORTED, RURAL AREAS
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Johnson	18,925	499	11	488	0	0	0	11	177	279	32
Louisa	11,200	366	4	362	0	0	1	3	91	261	10
Jasper	17,299	348	7	341	0	3	0	4	174	156	11
Story	17,056	319	4	315	0	0	0	4	147	158	10
Buchanan	16,116	318	2	316	0	0	0	2	155	143	18
Cerro Gordo	9,834	314	2	312	0	2	0	0	122	170	20
Des Moines	8,248	302	2	300	0	1	0	1	102	173	25
Webster	16,276	279	4	275	0	1	0	3	154	110	11
Decatur	9,782	273	2	271	0	0	1	1	90	163	18
Iowa	15,460	273	3	270	0	0	3	0	71	191	8
Mills	7,411	268	4	264	0	2	0	2	88	160	16
Clinton	15,249	260	8	252	0	1	0	7	76	165	11
Dallas	17,252	255	3	252	0	2	1	0	116	125	11
Fayette	13,832	253	11	242	0	2	0	9	108	127	7
Wapello	12,149	250	4	250	0	2	1	1	71	159	16
Keokuk	13,943	249	2	247	0	0	1	1	97	147	3
Tama	16,633	248	11	237	0	1	2	8	93	134	10
Calhoun	13,675	235	0	235	0	0	0	0	101	126	8
Boone	14,044	225	10	215	0	0	0	10	119	88	8
Marion	11,748	222	1	221	1	0	0	0	54	162	5
Kossuth	16,605	216	1	215	0	0	0	1	72	138	5
Butler	17,174	210	2	208	0	0	1	1	84	114	10
Marshall	13,576	208	6	202	2	0	2	2	72	118	12
Harrison	12,994	196	2	194	0	0	0	2	75	108	11
Washington	12,466	192	12	180	0	1	1	10	74	88	18
Cedar	14,625	191	5	186	0	0	1	4	75	84	27
Worth	9,500	190	4	186	1	2	0	1	80	95	11
Guthrie	12,178	181	8	173	0	3	1	4	55	105	13
Dickinson	9,922	180	2	178	0	0	0	2	38	139	1
Cass	9,976	179	1	178	0	0	0	1	58	113	7
Muscatine	16,030	179	5	174	1	0	1	3	99	69	6
Clayton	22,000	179	10	169	0	0	2	8	44	113	12
Hancock	11,000	178	4	174	0	2	0	2	65	98	11

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Allamakee	11,014	169	2	167	0	0	0	2	40	118	9
Clay	7,355	164	13	151	1	3	1	8	51	88	12
Appanoose	7,373	164	1	163	0	1	0	0	41	121	1
Hamilton	8,526	164	2	162	0	0	0	2	95	55	12
Fremont	9,282	163	2	161	0	1	0	1	45	109	7
Poweshiek	10,118	163	4	159	0	0	2	2	66	86	7
Benton	15,738	161	5	156	1	1	0	3	53	82	21
Mahaska	10,729	159	3	156	0	0	1	2	47	106	3
Adair	9,383	158	5	153	0	0	1	4	67	83	3
Cherokee	9,538	158	2	156	0	0	0	2	52	97	7
Bremer	16,752	157	2	155	0	0	0	2	37	109	9
Winnebago	9,153	155	16	139	0	2	0	14	32	97	10
Greene	7,816	153	0	153	0	0	0	0	77	70	6
Lee - North	9,808	152	5	147	0	2	0	3	53	90	4
Jones	12,414	150	1	149	1	0	0	0	33	100	16
Hardin	12,134	143	0	143	0	0	0	0	64	68	11
Carroll	14,002	143	0	143	0	0	0	0	60	76	7
Pocahontas	12,793	142	5	137	2	0	0	3	66	65	6
Chickasaw	11,553	140	6	134	0	1	1	4	33	92	9
Henry	10,368	138	3	135	1	0	1	1	75	57	3
Ida	9,300	135	2	133	0	0	1	1	40	90	3
Adams	7,000	134	2	132	0	1	1	0	33	94	5
Wayne	8,185	133	0	133	0	0	0	0	34	89	10
Shelby	9,997	133	0	133	0	0	0	0	41	87	5
Monroe	5,100	131	4	127	0	0	0	4	56	64	7
Sioux	18,386	126	12	114	0	2	0	10	29	68	17
Winneshiek	13,823	124	8	116	0	0	0	8	40	68	8
Humboldt	7,975	122	0	122	0	0	0	0	50	63	9
Jackson	15,960	120	3	117	0	0	1	2	36	77	4
O'Brien	12,838	114	3	111	0	0	1	2	30	78	3
Plymouth	16,340	114	0	114	0	0	0	0	49	59	6
Buena Vista	12,049	112	0	112	0	0	0	0	33	68	11
Montgomery	6,478	109	0	109	0	0	0	0	22	75	12
Ringgold	6,373	106	1	105	0	0	1	0	93	6	6
Page	7,361	106	3	103	0	1	0	2	31	66	6

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<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Crawford	12,898	105	1	104	0	0	1	0	28	74	2
Clarke	4,439	102	2	100	0	0	2	0	36	59	5
Sac	11,742	101	1	100	0	0	0	1	30	67	3
Mitchell	9,176	100	0	100	0	0	0	0	19	79	2
Audubon	6,169	98	1	97	0	0	0	1	27	68	2
Delaware	14,112	96	13	83	0	0	0	13	42	40	1
Jefferson	5,305	95	3	92	0	0	3	0	48	41	3
Osceola	9,000	90	1	89	0	0	0	1	24	56	9
Lee - South	2,108	89	3	86	1	1	0	1	41	41	4
Taylor	7,986	89	0	89	0	0	0	0	22	65	2
Davis	5,740	85	3	82	0	0	3	0	62	17	3
Grundy	11,352	83	6	77	0	0	1	5	28	41	8
Union	4,653	81	6	75	0	1	0	5	25	46	4
Palo Alto	9,118	81	0	81	0	0	0	0	80	0	1
Lucas	5,165	78	1	77	0	0	1	0	35	41	1
Wright	6,968	73	4	69	0	0	2	2	32	32	5
Franklin	9,052	73	1	72	0	1	0	0	41	24	7
Madison	8,182	65	1	64	0	0	1	0	36	25	3
Monona	8,425	60	1	59	0	0	0	1	16	33	10
Howard	7,273	55	0	55	0	0	0	0	18	37	0
Floyd	10,741	55	1	54	0	0	0	1	31	19	4
Van Buren	8,300	49	1	48	0	1	0	0	7	40	1
Lyon	10,738	45	1	44	0	0	0	1	4	36	4
Emmet	4,920	32	1	31	0	0	0	1	6	24	1
Total	1,020,754	15,030	324	14,706	12	44	45	223	5,539	8,405	762



B. Crime Rates by Population

The series of tables labeled Table XI presents information similar to the Table X series, this time, however, using crime rates rather than raw number of crimes reported. As was the case with the number of crimes reported, the Table XI series tends to indicate a relationship between crime rate and population. To assist in understanding this series, Figures 46 and 47 are presented, which portray crime rates by county and for rural areas.

Few trends are evident in Figure 46, save that crime rates tend to be lowest in the northeast and northwest corners of the state, that crime tends to be higher in the more urban counties, and that high crime rates in one county do not mean similarly high rates in adjacent counties.

Figure 47 is similar to Figure 46 except that the former deals solely with crime reported by local sheriffs' offices. This figure shows that rural areas in the northern half of the State tend to have lower crime rates than those in the south.

TABLE XI-A

CRIME RATES, COUNTIES
BY POPULATION

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M. V. Theft</u>
Polk	287,211	6,858.4	380.6	6,477.8	10.1	20.9	139.3	210.3	965.5	5,143.3	369.1
Linn	166,600	6,503.0	242.5	6,260.5	0.6	9.6	69.0	163.3	1,292.9	4,616.4	351.1
Scott	157,500	5,288.9	360.6	4,928.3	2.5	24.1	149.2	184.8	1,302.2	3,314.9	311.1
Black Hawk	142,000	4,795.8	200.7	4,595.1	3.5	15.5	59.2	122.5	877.5	3,515.5	202.1
Woodbury	103,216	5,524.3	192.8	5,331.5	3.9	28.1	45.5	115.3	1,039.6	3,897.7	394.3
Story	91,106	2,827.5	95.5	2,732.0	0.0	4.4	5.5	85.6	464.3	2,188.7	79.0
Dubuque	90,660	4,135.2	80.5	4,054.7	0.0	5.5	18.8	56.3	615.5	3,160.2	279.1
Pottawattamie	89,142	7,185.2	289.4	6,895.7	3.4	17.9	103.2	164.9	2,098.9	4,194.4	602.4
Johnson	75,025	5,716.8	233.3	5,483.5	0.0	41.3	17.3	174.6	1,083.6	4,122.6	277.2
Clinton	57,827	4,513.5	143.5	4,369.9	1.7	6.9	31.1	103.8	636.4	3,448.2	285.3
Cerro Gordo	48,935	6,169.4	69.5	6,099.9	2.0	6.1	24.5	36.8	1,428.4	4,250.5	421.0
Webster	47,215	4,557.9	27.5	4,530.3	0.0	2.1	12.7	12.7	893.8	3,183.3	453.2
Des Moines	45,123	5,212.4	203.9	5,008.5	6.6	15.5	24.4	157.3	815.5	3,871.6	321.3
Wapello	42,149	3,119.9	90.2	3,029.7	2.4	7.1	33.2	47.5	799.5	1,966.8	263.4
Lee	41,924	4,124.1	69.2	4,055.0	2.4	14.3	19.1	33.4	1,001.8	2,824.2	229.0
Marshall	41,076	3,737.0	90.1	3,646.9	7.3	0.0	39.0	43.8	635.4	2,794.8	216.7
Muscatine	39,030	3,002.8	58.9	2,943.9	2.6	0.0	15.4	41.0	737.9	2,042.0	164.0
Jasper	35,364	3,240.6	73.5	3,167.1	0.0	14.1	19.8	39.6	837.0	2,174.5	155.5
Warren	33,749	2,385.3	74.1	2,311.2	0.0	14.8	5.9	53.3	480.0	1,683.0	148.2
Sioux	29,237	824.3	51.3	773.0	0.0	6.8	0.0	44.5	215.5	492.5	65.0
Boone	28,000	2,992.9	96.4	2,896.4	0.0	0.0	7.1	89.3	700.0	2,057.1	139.3
Marion	27,451	2,437.1	58.3	2,378.8	3.6	7.3	7.3	40.1	429.9	1,806.9	142.1
Dallas	27,223	2,178.3	25.7	2,152.6	0.0	7.3	7.3	11.0	697.9	1,373.8	80.8
Fayette	26,898	2,524.4	126.4	2,397.9	0.0	18.6	3.7	104.1	654.3	1,609.8	133.8
Plymouth	25,340	1,266.8	7.9	1,258.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	3.9	252.6	943.2	63.1
Bremer	23,957	1,218.9	12.5	1,206.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.5	267.1	880.7	58.4
Benton	23,500	1,536.2	29.8	1,506.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	17.0	489.4	863.8	153.2
Carroll	23,158	1,865.4	8.6	1,856.8	0.0	0.0	4.3	4.3	449.1	1,286.8	120.9
Kossuth	22,659	1,915.4	8.8	1,906.5	0.0	0.0	4.4	4.4	573.7	1,266.6	66.2
Buchanan	22,116	3,002.4	22.6	2,979.7	0.0	0.0	9.0	13.6	1,180.1	1,645.9	153.7
Hardin	22,040	2,046.3	90.7	1,955.5	0.0	0.0	9.1	81.7	458.3	1,388.4	108.9
Clayton	22,000	813.6	45.5	768.2	0.0	0.0	9.1	36.4	200.0	513.6	54.5
Jackson	21,960	1,475.4	27.3	1,448.1	0.0	0.0	4.6	22.8	277.8	1,129.3	41.0
Mahaska	21,661	3,684.0	129.3	3,554.8	0.0	4.6	23.1	101.6	877.2	2,511.4	166.2
Winneshiek	21,526	1,909.3	74.3	1,835.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.3	329.8	1,412.2	92.9

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Buena Vista	20,640	2,407.9	4.8	2,403.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	344.0	1,957.4	101.7
Jones	20,529	1,763.4	19.5	1,743.9	4.9	4.9	0.0	9.7	258.2	1,344.4	141.3
Floyd	19,860	1,576.0	20.1	1,555.9	0.0	0.0	15.1	5.0	312.2	1,193.4	50.4
Tama	19,565	1,758.2	76.7	1,681.6	0.0	10.2	20.4	46.0	659.3	914.9	107.3
Crawford	19,116	1,150.9	99.4	1,051.5	0.0	0.0	5.2	94.2	162.2	863.2	26.2
Delaware	19,043	976.7	73.5	903.2	0.0	0.0	5.3	68.3	325.6	556.6	21.0
Poweshiek	18,803	2,255.0	31.9	2,223.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	21.3	707.3	1,425.3	90.4
Washington	18,766	3,271.9	133.2	3,138.7	0.0	5.3	16.0	111.9	1,156.3	1,811.8	170.5
Page	18,703	2,422.1	117.6	2,304.4	0.0	10.7	0.0	106.9	427.7	1,743.0	133.7
Hamilton	17,868	2,949.4	16.8	2,932.6	0.0	5.6	0.0	11.2	968.2	1,813.3	151.1
Clay	17,865	4,696.3	100.8	4,595.6	11.2	16.8	5.6	67.2	649.3	3,728.0	218.3
Henry	17,568	2,054.9	22.8	2,032.1	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	825.4	1,161.2	45.5
Cherokee	17,500	2,165.7	34.3	2,131.4	0.0	0.0	5.7	28.6	548.6	1,434.3	148.6
Cedar	17,469	1,408.2	40.1	1,368.1	0.0	0.0	5.7	34.3	498.0	692.7	177.5
O'Brien	17,402	1,746.9	40.2	1,706.7	0.0	5.7	11.5	23.0	448.2	1,218.3	40.2
Cass	17,300	2,306.4	5.8	2,300.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8	589.6	1,635.8	75.1
Butler	17,174	1,222.8	11.6	1,211.1	0.0	0.0	5.8	5.8	489.1	663.8	58.2
Wright	16,670	1,799.6	60.0	1,739.7	0.0	0.0	18.0	42.0	401.9	1,229.8	108.0
Harrison	16,594	2,109.2	12.1	2,097.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.1	747.3	1,205.3	144.6
Iowa	15,460	1,765.8	19.4	1,746.4	0.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	459.2	1,235.4	51.7
Chickasaw	15,346	1,166.4	39.1	1,127.3	0.0	6.5	6.5	26.1	286.7	762.4	78.2
Shelby	15,249	1,973.9	6.6	1,967.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	511.5	1,383.7	72.1
Allamakee	15,000	1,780.0	53.3	1,726.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.3	333.3	1,253.3	140.0
Sac	14,942	1,124.3	6.7	1,117.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	374.8	702.7	40.2
Appanoose	14,873	3,213.9	60.5	3,153.4	0.0	6.7	6.7	47.1	894.2	2,198.6	60.5
Jefferson	14,105	3,041.5	35.4	3,006.0	0.0	0.0	35.4	0.0	545.9	2,360.9	99.3
Grundy	13,975	765.7	42.9	722.7	0.0	0.0	7.2	35.8	207.5	450.8	64.4
Keokuk	13,943	1,785.8	14.3	1,771.5	0.0	0.0	7.2	7.2	695.7	1,054.3	21.5
Calhoun	13,675	1,718.5	0.0	1,718.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	738.6	921.4	58.5
Winnebago	13,658	2,313.7	241.6	2,072.0	0.0	14.6	0.0	227.0	417.3	1,522.9	130.8
Emmet	13,576	1,311.1	73.7	1,237.5	7.4	0.0	22.1	44.2	132.6	1,068.1	36.8
Franklin	13,502	1,644.2	51.8	1,592.4	0.0	7.4	0.0	44.4	518.4	962.8	111.1
Hancock	13,500	2,103.7	103.7	2,000.0	0.0	22.2	0.0	81.5	659.3	1,214.8	125.9
Lyon	13,443	461.2	14.9	446.3	0.0	7.4	0.0	7.4	52.1	357.1	37.2
Dickinson	13,337	2,766.7	15.0	2,751.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	577.3	2,106.9	67.5

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Palo Alto	13,176	2,314.8	15.2	2,299.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.2	948.7	1,138.4	212.5
Mitchell	13,108	1,464.8	15.3	1,449.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3	236.5	1,197.7	15.3
Union	13,076	3,280.8	114.7	3,166.1	0.0	15.3	30.6	68.8	994.2	1,950.1	221.8
Montgomery	12,978	2,442.6	7.7	2,434.9	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	385.3	1,857.0	192.6
Pocahontas	12,793	1,110.0	39.1	1,070.9	15.6	0.0	0.0	23.5	515.9	508.1	46.9
Greene	12,716	2,878.3	15.7	2,862.5	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9	1,006.6	1,777.3	78.6
Humboldt	12,547	2,112.1	15.9	2,096.1	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	765.1	1,195.5	135.5
Mills	12,412	3,802.8	145.0	3,657.8	0.0	16.1	0.0	128.9	1,031.3	2,433.1	193.4
Madison	12,300	991.9	16.3	975.6	0.0	0.0	8.1	8.1	504.1	439.0	32.5
Guthrie	12,178	1,486.3	65.7	1,420.6	0.0	0.0	8.2	32.8	451.6	862.2	106.7
Monona	11,579	837.7	8.6	829.1	0.0	24.6	0.0	8.6	224.5	483.6	120.9
Louisa	11,200	3,267.9	35.7	3,232.1	0.0	0.0	8.9	26.8	812.5	2,330.4	89.3
Howard	11,200	1,232.1	8.9	1,223.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.9	214.3	982.1	26.8
Lucas	10,200	2,480.4	156.9	2,323.5	0.0	9.8	9.8	137.3	529.4	1,705.9	88.2
Decatur	9,782	2,790.8	20.4	2,770.4	0.0	0.0	10.2	10.2	920.1	1,666.3	184.0
Monroe	9,600	2,552.1	41.7	2,510.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.7	697.9	1,656.3	156.3
Worth	9,500	2,000.0	42.1	1,957.9	10.5	21.1	0.0	10.5	842.1	1,000.0	115.8
Adair	9,383	1,683.9	53.3	1,630.6	0.0	0.0	10.7	42.6	714.1	884.6	32.0
Ida	9,300	1,451.6	21.5	1,430.1	0.0	0.0	10.8	10.8	430.1	967.7	32.3
Fremont	9,282	1,756.1	21.5	1,734.5	0.0	10.8	0.0	10.8	484.8	1,174.3	75.4
Osceola	9,000	1,000.0	11.1	988.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	266.7	622.2	100.0
Audubon	8,984	1,558.3	22.3	1,536.1	0.0	11.1	0.0	11.1	400.7	1,046.3	89.0
Davis	8,585	2,189.9	34.9	2,154.9	0.0	0.0	34.9	0.0	1,234.7	838.7	81.5
Van Buren	8,300	590.4	12.0	578.3	0.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	84.3	481.9	12.0
Wayne	8,185	1,624.9	0.0	1,624.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	415.4	1,087.4	122.2
Taylor	7,986	1,114.5	0.0	1,114.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	275.5	813.9	25.0
Clarke	7,814	2,265.2	38.4	2,226.8	0.0	0.0	25.6	12.8	793.4	1,279.8	153.6
Adams	7,000	1,914.3	28.6	1,885.7	0.0	14.3	14.3	0.0	471.4	1,342.9	71.4
Ringgold	6,373	1,663.3	15.7	1,647.6	0.0	0.0	15.7	0.0	1,459.3	94.1	94.1
Average		3,836.8	142.5	3,694.3	2.3	10.5	41.0	88.7	805.7	2,670.0	218.5

TABLE XI-B
 CRIME RATES, SMSAs,
 BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Polk/Warren	320,960	6,388.0	348.3	6,039.7	9.0	20.3	125.2	193.8	914.4	4,779.4	345.8
Linn	166,600	6,503.0	242.5	6,260.5	0.6	9.6	69.0	163.3	1,292.9	4,616.4	351.1
Scott	157,500	5,288.9	360.6	4,928.3	2.5	24.1	149.2	184.8	1,302.2	3,314.9	311.1
Black Hawk	142,000	4,795.8	200.7	4,595.1	3.5	15.5	59.2	122.5	877.5	3,515.5	202.1
Woodbury	103,216	5,524.3	192.8	5,331.5	3.9	28.1	45.5	115.3	1,039.6	3,897.7	394.3
Dubuque	90,660	4,135.2	80.5	4,054.7	0.0	5.5	18.8	56.3	615.5	3,160.2	279.1
Pottawattamie	<u>89,142</u>	<u>7,185.2</u>	<u>289.4</u>	<u>6,895.7</u>	<u>3.4</u>	<u>17.9</u>	<u>103.2</u>	<u>164.9</u>	<u>2,098.9</u>	<u>4,194.4</u>	<u>602.4</u>
Average	1,070,078	5,825.1	271.5	5,553.6	4.3	17.8	92.7	156.6	1,110.9	4,099.8	342.9

TABLE XI-C
CRIME RATES, CITIES 50,000+
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Des Moines	195,000	7,776.4	431.3	7,345.1	13.8	21.0	174.9	221.5	1,036.9	5,889.7	418.5
Cedar Rapids	108,000	8,703.7	338.9	8,364.8	0.9	13.0	100.0	225.0	1,612.0	6,295.4	457.4
Davenport	99,836	6,845.2	526.9	6,318.4	4.0	35.1	213.3	274.5	1,710.8	4,192.9	414.7
Sioux City	87,940	6,155.3	213.8	5,941.6	3.4	31.8	52.3	126.2	1,089.4	4,406.4	445.8
Waterloo	72,035	7,181.2	220.7	6,960.5	4.2	15.3	106.9	94.4	1,456.2	5,244.7	259.6
Dubuque	62,309	4,915.8	101.1	4,814.7	0.0	3.2	24.1	73.8	717.4	3,761.9	335.4
Council Bluffs	<u>62,026</u>	<u>9,026.9</u>	<u>333.7</u>	<u>8,693.1</u>	<u>4.8</u>	<u>19.3</u>	<u>124.1</u>	<u>185.4</u>	<u>2,615.0</u>	<u>5,315.5</u>	<u>762.6</u>
Average	687,146	7,370.5	342.0	7,028.5	6.0	20.8	127.6	187.6	1,389.4	5,204.7	434.4

TABLE XI-D

CRIME RATES, CITIES 25,000-50,000
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Iowa City	49,500	6,533.3	268.7	6,264.6	0.0	52.5	18.2	198.0	998.0	4,983.8	282.8
Ames	45,750	3,506.0	166.1	3,339.9	0.0	8.7	8.7	148.6	290.7	2,931.1	118.0
Clinton	34,544	6,085.0	208.4	5,876.6	0.0	8.7	52.1	147.6	744.0	4,707.0	425.5
Burlington	33,500	5,823.9	268.7	5,555.2	9.0	17.9	32.8	209.0	767.2	4,444.8	343.3
Cedar Falls	33,772	3,707.2	239.8	3,467.4	5.9	8.9	17.8	207.3	373.1	2,910.7	183.6
Mason City	32,225	7,118.7	83.8	7,034.9	3.1	0.0	37.2	43.4	1,629.2	4,875.1	530.6
Fort Dodge	30,939	6,053.8	29.1	6,024.8	0.0	0.0	19.4	9.7	866.2	4,502.4	656.1
Ottumwa	30,000	3,550.0	113.3	3,436.7	3.3	3.3	43.3	63.3	886.7	2,233.3	316.7
Marshalltown	27,500	4,825.5	112.7	4,712.7	3.6	0.0	50.9	58.2	687.3	3,745.5	280.0
Bettendorf	<u>27,000</u>	<u>3,559.3</u>	<u>114.8</u>	<u>3,444.4</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>74.1</u>	<u>40.7</u>	<u>655.6</u>	<u>2,659.3</u>	<u>129.6</u>
Average	344,730	5,123.7	169.4	4,954.3	2.3	12.5	32.8	121.8	780.9	3,854.6	318.8

TABLE XI-E

CRIME RATES, CITIES 10,000-25,000
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Muscatine	23,000	4,317.4	78.3	4,239.1	0.0	0.0	21.7	56.5	821.7	3,165.2	252.2
West Des Moines	22,000	4,704.5	222.7	4,481.8	4.5	0.0	63.6	154.5	745.5	3,540.9	195.5
Marion	21,000	2,357.1	28.6	2,328.6	0.0	0.0	19.0	9.5	447.6	1,747.6	133.3
Urbandale	17,965	4,564.4	161.4	4,403.0	0.0	0.0	39.0	122.5	562.2	3,696.1	144.7
Newton	15,765	4,808.1	101.5	4,706.6	0.0	12.7	44.4	44.4	628.0	3,818.6	260.1
Keokuk	15,500	6,503.2	32.3	6,471.0	0.0	0.0	25.8	6.5	1,425.8	4,696.8	348.4
Fort Madison	14,508	3,308.5	110.3	3,198.2	0.0	20.7	27.6	62.0	723.7	2,240.1	234.4
Ankeny	14,500	3,379.3	20.7	3,358.6	0.0	0.0	13.8	6.9	317.2	2,931.0	110.3
Boone	13,956	4,392.4	121.8	4,270.6	0.0	0.0	14.3	107.5	551.7	3,496.7	222.1
Oskaloosa	10,932	5,845.2	228.7	5,616.5	0.0	9.1	36.6	182.9	1,308.1	4,006.6	301.9
Spencer	<u>10,510</u>	<u>6,422.5</u>	<u>47.6</u>	<u>6,374.9</u>	<u>9.5</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>38.1</u>	<u>618.5</u>	<u>5,499.5</u>	<u>256.9</u>
Average	179,636	4,456.8	105.2	4,351.6	1.1	3.3	29.5	71.3	725.9	3,408.0	217.7

TABLE XI-F

CRIME RATES, CITIES 5,000-10,000
BY POPULATION

Agency	Population	Crime Index	Violent	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	M.V. Theft
Indianola	9,611	2,798.9	31.2	2,767.7	0.0	10.4	10.4	10.4	249.7	2,393.1	124.9
Webster City	9,342	3,885.7	10.7	3,875.0	0.0	10.7	0.0	0.0	834.9	2,879.5	160.6
Carroll	9,156	3,156.4	21.8	3,134.6	0.0	0.0	10.9	10.9	480.6	2,424.6	229.4
Charles City	9,119	2,829.3	32.9	2,796.4	0.0	0.0	32.9	0.0	339.9	2,390.6	65.8
Le Mars	9,000	2,300.0	22.2	2,277.8	0.0	11.1	0.0	11.1	166.7	2,000.0	111.1
Fairfield	8,800	3,795.5	22.7	3,772.7	0.0	0.0	22.7	0.0	329.5	3,318.2	125.0
Grinnell	8,685	3,005.2	23.0	2,982.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.0	771.4	2,095.6	115.1
Estherville	8,656	1,686.7	104.0	1,582.7	11.6	0.0	34.7	57.8	138.6	1,397.9	46.2
Storm Lake	8,591	4,481.4	11.6	4,469.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.6	442.3	3,911.1	116.4
Creston	8,423	4,131.5	106.9	4,024.7	0.0	11.9	47.5	47.5	1,246.6	2,481.3	296.8
Pella	8,000	3,412.5	137.5	3,275.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	112.5	312.5	2,737.5	225.0
Cherokee	7,962	2,775.7	50.2	2,725.4	0.0	0.0	12.6	37.7	552.6	1,934.2	238.6
Oelwein	7,732	3,996.4	64.7	3,931.7	0.0	25.9	12.9	25.9	478.5	3,285.0	168.1
Decorah	7,703	3,725.8	103.9	3,622.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	103.9	402.4	3,063.7	155.8
Knoxville	7,703	2,258.9	51.9	2,206.9	0.0	0.0	26.0	26.0	506.3	1,492.9	207.7
Centerville	7,500	4,186.7	106.7	4,080.0	0.0	0.0	13.3	93.3	1,226.7	2,746.7	106.7
Atlantic	7,324	3,003.8	0.0	3,003.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	600.8	2,321.1	81.9
Waverly	7,205	1,873.7	13.9	1,859.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.9	374.7	1,415.7	69.4
Perry	7,200	4,305.6	41.7	4,263.9	0.0	0.0	13.9	27.8	944.4	3,180.6	138.9
Mount Pleasant	7,200	3,097.2	13.9	3,083.3	0.0	13.9	0.0	0.0	972.2	2,041.7	69.4
Clear Lake	6,876	5,977.3	72.7	5,904.6	0.0	14.5	0.0	58.2	756.3	4,930.2	218.2
Iowa Falls	6,700	3,268.7	149.3	3,119.4	0.0	0.0	14.9	134.3	343.3	2,656.7	119.4
Coralville	6,600	8,424.2	469.7	7,954.5	0.0	75.8	60.6	333.3	2,151.5	5,257.6	545.5
Windsor Heights	6,506	2,751.3	92.2	2,659.1	0.0	0.0	61.5	30.7	368.9	2,136.5	153.7
Red Oak	6,500	3,200.0	15.4	3,184.6	0.0	0.0	15.4	0.0	430.8	2,553.8	200.0
Washington	6,300	6,698.4	206.3	6,492.1	0.0	0.0	31.7	174.6	2,269.8	4,000.0	222.2
Shenandoah	6,242	2,226.9	0.0	2,226.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	128.2	2,098.7	0.0
Denison	6,218	1,849.5	289.5	1,560.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	289.5	48.2	1,463.5	48.2
Algona	6,054	3,600.9	16.5	3,584.4	0.0	0.0	16.5	0.0	958.0	2,461.2	165.2
Independence	6,000	5,766.7	50.0	5,716.7	0.0	0.0	33.3	16.7	1,766.7	3,516.7	266.7
Maquoketa	6,000	3,400.0	50.0	3,350.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	416.7	2,850.0	83.3
Evansdale	5,500	2,472.7	363.6	2,109.1	0.0	36.4	18.2	309.1	218.2	1,672.7	218.2
Nevada	5,300	735.8	0.0	735.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	113.2	584.9	37.7
Harlan	5,252	3,198.8	19.0	3,179.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.0	704.5	2,361.0	114.2
Altoona	5,172	3,751.0	19.3	3,731.6	0.0	0.0	19.3	0.0	406.0	3,151.6	174.0
Clarinda	5,100	4,078.4	372.5	3,705.9	0.0	19.6	0.0	352.9	803.9	2,529.4	372.5
Chariton	5,035	3,475.7	297.9	3,177.8	0.0	19.9	0.0	278.1	377.4	2,641.5	158.9
Glenwood	5,001	4,079.2	279.9	3,799.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	279.9	799.8	2,839.4	160.0
Average	271,268	3,489.9	88.5	3,401.4	0.4	7.0	13.6	67.5	629.6	2,613.3	158.5

TABLE XI-G

CRIME RATES, CITIES UNDER 5,000
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Vinton	4,962	2,539.3	40.3	2,499.0	0.0	0.0	20.2	20.2	866.0	1,350.3	282.1
Manchester	4,931	1,825.2	20.3	1,804.9	0.0	0.0	20.3	0.0	405.6	1,338.5	60.8
Jefferson	4,900	4,346.9	40.8	4,306.1	0.0	0.0	20.4	20.4	1,040.8	3,183.7	81.6
Humboldt	4,572	3,127.7	43.7	3,084.0	0.0	21.9	0.0	21.9	1,006.1	1,902.9	175.0
Sheldon	4,564	4,163.0	87.6	4,075.4	0.0	21.9	21.9	43.8	1,051.7	2,936.0	87.6
Anamosa	4,509	2,173.4	0.0	2,173.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	244.0	1,774.2	155.2
Forest City	4,505	3,573.8	377.4	3,196.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	377.4	554.9	2,463.9	177.6
Hiawatha	4,500	1,844.4	111.1	1,733.3	0.0	0.0	22.2	88.9	600.0	1,088.9	44.4
Albia	4,500	2,533.3	0.0	2,533.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	244.4	2,111.1	177.8
Hampton	4,450	3,348.3	134.8	3,213.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	134.8	651.7	2,382.0	179.8
Clive	4,389	5,058.1	205.1	4,853.0	0.0	45.6	136.7	22.8	592.4	3,941.7	319.0
Camanche	4,367	3,892.8	22.9	3,869.9	22.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	297.7	3,503.5	68.7
Eagle Grove	4,327	3,628.4	23.1	3,605.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	508.4	2,911.9	184.9
Sioux Center	4,218	1,209.1	0.0	1,209.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	237.1	924.6	47.4
Winterset	4,118	1,384.2	24.3	1,359.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.3	631.4	704.2	24.3
Emmetsburg	4,058	5,520.0	49.3	5,470.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	49.3	1,108.9	3,696.4	665.4
Orange City	4,034	520.6	0.0	520.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	123.9	396.6	0.0
Waukon	3,986	2,458.6	150.5	2,308.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	150.5	250.9	1,756.1	301.1
Osage	3,932	2,339.8	50.9	2,288.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.9	305.2	1,983.7	0.0
Cresco	3,927	2,113.6	25.5	2,088.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.5	152.8	1,858.9	76.4
Carter Lake	3,900	6,000.0	692.3	5,307.7	0.0	51.3	205.1	435.9	1,589.7	3,256.4	461.5
New Hampton	3,793	1,028.2	0.0	1,028.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	290.0	659.1	79.1
Dyersville	3,714	1,561.7	0.0	1,561.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	323.1	1,184.7	53.9
DeWitt	3,667	2,127.1	54.5	2,072.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.5	599.9	1,363.5	109.1
Monticello	3,606	3,161.4	83.2	3,078.2	0.0	27.7	0.0	55.5	249.6	2,662.2	166.4
Missouri Valley	3,600	4,277.8	0.0	4,277.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,361.1	2,555.6	361.1
Pleasant Hill	3,500	3,057.1	114.3	2,942.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	114.3	714.3	2,057.1	171.4
Spirit Lake	3,415	5,534.4	0.0	5,534.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,142.0	4,158.1	234.3
West Burlington	3,375	2,933.3	0.0	2,933.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	266.7	2,518.5	148.1
Osceola	3,375	2,222.2	29.6	2,192.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.6	770.4	1,214.8	207.4
Mount Vernon	3,311	4,439.7	30.2	4,409.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.2	271.8	3,956.5	181.2
Eldora	3,206	2,776.0	311.9	2,464.1	0.0	0.0	31.2	280.7	436.7	1,871.5	156.0
Sac City	3,200	2,093.8	0.0	2,093.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	812.5	1,187.5	93.8
Eldridge	3,200	2,093.8	31.3	2,062.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.3	343.8	1,625.0	93.8

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Onawa	3,154	1,173.1	0.0	1,173.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	317.1	729.2	126.8
Carlisle	3,000	3,400.0	166.7	3,233.3	0.0	33.3	0.0	133.3	300.0	2,700.0	233.3
Tama	2,932	3,274.2	136.4	3,137.8	0.0	34.1	68.2	34.1	1,227.8	1,534.8	375.2
Clarion	2,900	1,931.0	137.9	1,793.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	137.9	34.5	1,586.2	172.4
Bloomfield	2,845	3,620.4	0.0	3,620.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,546.6	1,933.2	140.6
Tipton	2,844	1,933.9	70.3	1,863.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.3	421.9	1,301.0	140.6
Audubon	2,815	1,492.0	35.5	1,456.5	0.0	35.5	0.0	0.0	319.7	923.6	213.1
West Union	2,800	1,464.3	71.4	1,392.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.4	392.9	892.9	107.1
Belle Plaine	2,800	2,642.9	0.0	2,642.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	678.6	1,928.6	35.7
Adel	2,771	1,010.5	36.1	974.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.1	216.5	721.8	36.1
Rock Rapids	2,705	628.5	37.0	591.5	0.0	37.0	0.0	0.0	110.9	443.6	37.0
Norwalk	2,650	1,320.8	37.7	1,283.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.7	113.2	1,018.9	150.9
Grundy Center	2,623	915.0	0.0	915.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.1	838.7	38.1
Le Claire	2,600	3,807.7	76.9	3,730.8	0.0	38.5	0.0	38.5	923.1	2,576.9	230.8
Hawarden	2,599	1,654.5	115.4	1,539.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	115.4	731.1	808.0	0.0
Fayette	2,534	2,999.2	631.4	2,367.8	0.0	39.5	0.0	591.9	789.3	1,065.5	513.0
Garner	2,500	4,240.0	400.0	3,840.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	360.0	960.0	2,640.0	240.0
Belmond	2,475	565.7	40.4	525.3	0.0	0.0	40.4	0.0	484.8	40.4	0.0
Colfax	<u>2,300</u>	<u>1,739.1</u>	<u>130.4</u>	<u>1,608.7</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>0.0</u>	<u>130.4</u>	<u>1,000.0</u>	<u>478.3</u>	<u>130.4</u>
Average	188,458	2,731.1	88.6	2,642.5	0.5	7.4	12.2	68.5	581.6	1,899.1	161.8

TABLE XI-H

CRIME RATES, SUBURBAN CITIES,
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Cedar Falls	33,772	3,707.2	239.8	3,467.4	5.9	8.9	17.8	207.3	373.1	2,910.7	183.6
Bettendorf	27,000	3,559.3	114.8	3,444.4	0.0	0.0	74.1	40.7	655.6	2,059.3	129.6
West Des Moines	22,000	4,704.5	222.7	4,481.8	4.5	0.0	63.6	154.5	745.5	3,540.9	195.5
Marion	21,000	2,357.1	28.6	2,328.6	0.0	0.0	19.0	9.5	447.6	1,747.6	133.3
Urbandale	17,965	4,564.4	161.4	4,403.0	0.0	0.0	39.0	122.5	562.2	3,696.1	144.7
Ankeny	14,500	3,379.3	20.7	3,358.6	0.0	0.0	13.8	6.9	317.2	2,931.0	110.3
Indianola	9,611	2,798.9	31.2	2,767.7	0.0	10.4	10.4	10.4	249.7	2,393.1	124.9
Windsor Heights	6,506	2,751.3	92.2	2,659.1	0.0	0.0	61.5	30.7	368.9	2,136.5	153.7
Evansdale	5,500	2,472.7	363.6	2,109.1	0.0	36.4	18.2	309.1	218.2	1,672.7	218.2
Altoona	5,172	3,751.0	19.3	3,731.6	0.0	0.0	19.3	0.0	406.0	3,151.6	174.0
Hiawatha	4,500	1,844.4	111.1	1,733.3	0.0	0.0	22.2	88.9	600.0	1,088.9	44.4
Clive	4,389	5,058.1	205.1	4,853.0	0.0	45.6	136.7	22.8	592.4	3,941.7	319.0
Carter Lake	3,900	6,000.0	692.3	5,307.7	0.0	51.3	205.1	435.9	1,589.7	3,256.4	461.5
Dyersville	3,714	1,561.7	0.0	1,561.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	323.1	1,184.7	53.9
Pleasant Hill	3,500	3,057.1	114.3	2,942.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	114.3	714.3	2,057.1	171.4
Mount Vernon	3,311	4,439.7	30.2	4,409.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.2	271.8	3,956.5	181.2
Eldridge	3,200	2,093.8	31.3	2,062.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.3	343.8	1,625.0	93.8
Le Claire	2,600	3,807.7	76.9	3,730.8	0.0	38.5	0.0	38.5	923.1	2,576.9	230.8
Average SMSA Suburbs	174,753	3,997.1	162.5	3,834.6	1.7	6.9	42.9	111.0	570.5	3,080.3	183.7
Coralville	6,600	8,424.2	469.7	7,954.5	0.0	75.8	60.6	333.3	2,151.5	5,257.6	545.5
Camanche	4,367	3,892.8	22.9	3,869.9	22.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	297.7	3,503.5	68.7
West Burlington	3,375	2,933.3	0.0	2,933.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	266.7	2,518.5	148.1
Average Non-SMSA	14,342	5,752.3	223.1	5,529.2	7.0	34.9	27.9	153.4	1,143.5	4,078.9	306.8
Average (Total)	189,095	4,130.2	167.1	3,963.1	2.1	9.0	41.8	114.2	614.0	3,156.1	193.0

TABLE XI-I

CRIME RATES, SUBURBAN SHERIFFS,
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Black Hawk	29,683	838.9	84.2	754.6	0.0	20.2	0.0	64.0	198.8	468.3	87.6
Linn	27,910	2,540.3	93.2	2,447.2	0.0	7.2	7.2	78.8	1,014.0	1,236.1	197.1
Scott	24,864	1,484.1	32.2	1,451.9	0.0	8.0	8.0	16.1	526.9	796.3	128.7
Dubuque	24,637	2,549.0	40.6	2,508.4	0.0	12.2	8.1	20.3	401.8	1,936.1	170.5
Pottawattamie	23,216	2,463.8	103.4	2,360.4	0.0	8.6	30.2	64.6	805.5	1,356.8	198.1
Warren	18,488	2,158.2	86.5	2,071.6	0.0	16.2	5.4	64.9	681.5	1,244.1	146.0
Polk	18,179	8,179.8	830.6	7,349.1	5.5	93.5	137.5	594.1	1,892.3	4,796.7	660.1
Woodbury	<u>15,276</u>	<u>1,891.9</u>	<u>72.0</u>	<u>1,819.8</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>6.5</u>	<u>52.4</u>	<u>752.8</u>	<u>968.8</u>	<u>98.2</u>
Average	182,253	2,579.9	148.7	2,431.2	1.1	19.8	21.9	105.9	737.4	1,494.6	199.2

TABLE XI-J

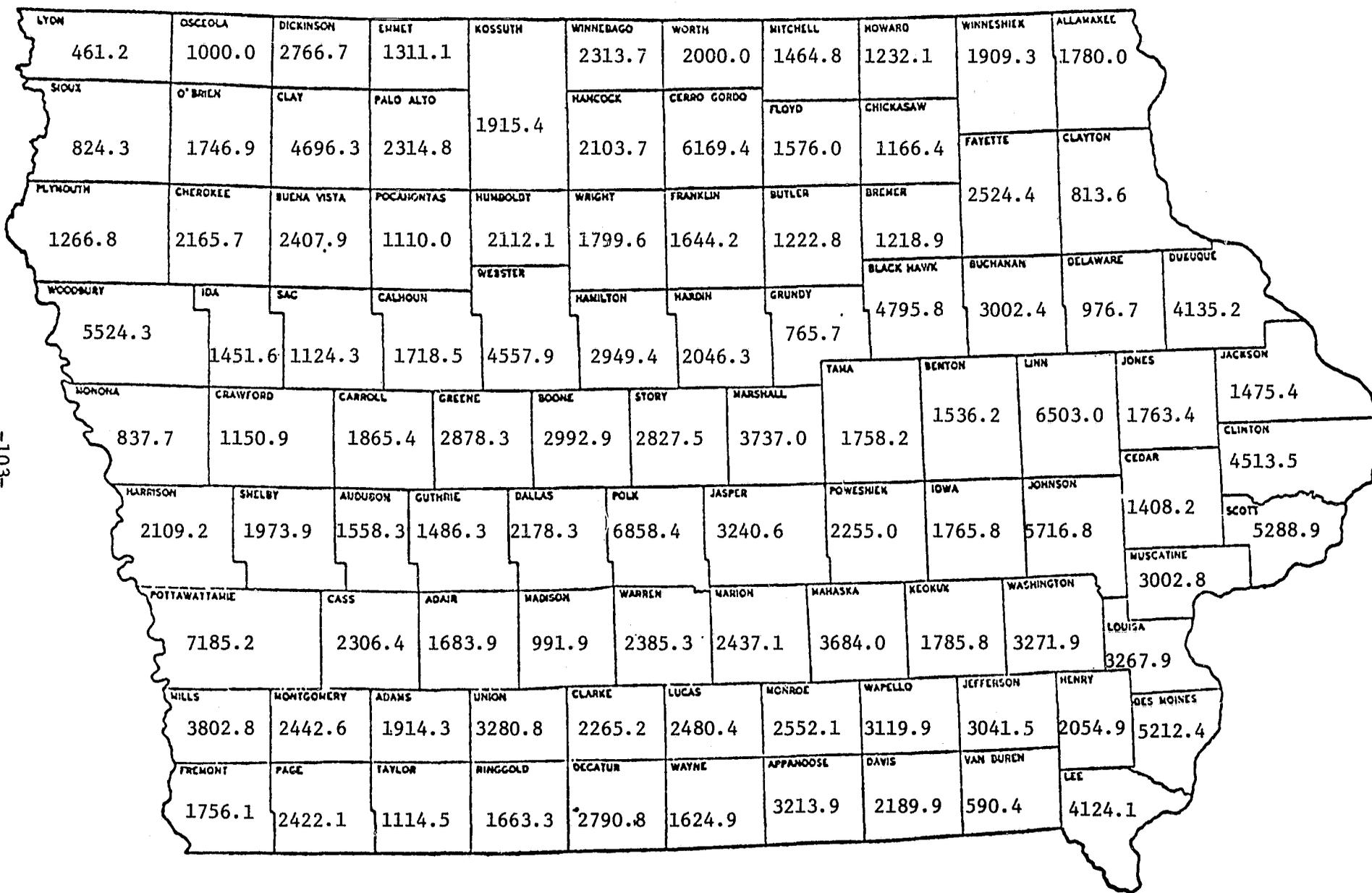
CRIME RATES, RURAL AREAS
BY POPULATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Clayton	22,000	813.6	45.5	768.2	0.0	0.0	9.1	36.4	200.0	513.6	54.5
Johnson	18,925	2,636.7	58.1	2,578.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.1	935.3	1,474.2	169.1
Sioux	18,386	685.3	65.3	620.0	0.0	10.9	0.0	54.4	157.7	369.8	92.5
Jasper	17,299	2,011.7	40.5	1,971.2	0.0	17.3	0.0	23.1	1,005.8	901.8	63.6
Dallas	17,252	1,478.1	17.4	1,460.7	0.0	11.6	5.8	0.0	672.4	724.6	63.8
Butler	17,174	1,222.8	11.6	1,211.1	0.0	0.0	5.8	5.8	489.1	663.8	58.2
Story	17,056	1,870.3	23.5	1,846.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.5	861.9	926.4	58.6
Bremer	16,752	937.2	11.9	925.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	220.9	650.7	53.7
Tama	16,633	1,491.0	66.1	1,424.9	0.0	6.0	12.0	48.1	559.1	805.6	60.1
Kossuth	16,605	1,300.8	6.0	1,294.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	433.6	831.1	30.1
Plymouth	16,340	697.7	0.0	697.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	299.9	361.1	36.7
Webster	16,276	1,714.2	24.6	1,689.6	0.0	6.1	0.0	18.4	946.2	675.8	67.6
Buchanan	16,116	1,973.2	12.4	1,960.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.4	961.8	887.3	111.7
Muscatine	16,030	1,116.7	31.2	1,085.5	6.2	0.0	6.2	18.7	617.6	430.4	37.4
Jackson	15,960	751.9	18.8	733.1	0.0	0.0	6.3	12.5	225.6	482.5	25.1
Benton	15,738	1,023.0	31.8	991.2	6.4	6.4	0.0	19.1	336.8	521.0	133.4
Iowa	15,460	1,765.8	19.4	1,746.4	0.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	459.2	1,235.4	51.7
Clinton	15,249	1,705.0	52.5	1,652.6	0.0	6.6	0.0	45.9	498.4	1,082.0	72.1
Cedar	14,625	1,306.0	34.2	1,271.8	0.0	0.0	6.8	27.4	512.8	574.4	184.6
Delaware	14,112	680.3	92.1	588.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	92.1	297.6	283.4	7.1
Boone	14,044	1,602.1	71.2	1,530.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.2	847.3	626.6	57.0
Carroll	14,002	1,021.3	0.0	1,021.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	428.5	542.8	50.0
Keokuk	13,943	1,785.8	14.3	1,771.5	0.0	0.0	7.2	7.2	695.7	1,054.3	21.5
Fayette	13,832	1,829.1	79.5	1,749.6	0.0	14.5	0.0	65.1	780.8	918.2	50.6
Winneshiek	13,823	897.1	57.9	839.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	57.9	289.4	491.9	57.9
Calhoun	13,675	1,718.5	0.0	1,718.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	738.6	921.4	58.5
Marshall	13,576	1,532.1	44.2	1,487.9	14.7	0.0	14.7	14.7	530.3	869.2	88.4
Harrison	12,994	1,508.4	15.4	1,493.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	577.2	831.2	84.7
Crawford	12,898	814.1	7.8	806.3	0.0	0.0	7.8	0.0	217.1	573.7	15.5
O'Brien	12,838	888.0	23.4	864.6	0.0	0.0	7.8	15.6	233.7	607.6	23.4
Pocahontas	12,793	1,110.0	39.1	1,070.9	15.6	0.0	0.0	23.5	515.9	508.1	46.9
Washington	12,466	1,540.2	96.3	1,443.9	0.0	8.0	8.0	80.2	593.6	705.9	144.4
Jones	12,414	1,208.3	8.1	1,200.3	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	265.8	805.5	128.9
Guthrie	12,178	1,486.3	65.7	1,420.6	0.0	24.6	8.2	32.8	451.6	862.2	106.7

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Wapello	12,149	2,057.8	32.9	2,024.9	0.0	16.5	8.2	8.2	584.4	1,308.7	131.7
Hardin	12,134	1,178.5	0.0	1,178.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	527.4	560.4	90.7
Buena Vista	12,049	929.5	0.0	929.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	273.9	564.4	91.3
Marion	11,748	1,889.7	8.5	1,881.2	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	459.7	1,379.0	42.6
Sac	11,742	860.2	8.5	851.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	255.5	570.6	25.5
Chickasaw	11,553	1,211.8	51.9	1,159.9	0.0	8.7	8.7	34.6	285.6	796.3	77.9
Grundy	11,352	731.1	52.9	678.3	0.0	0.0	8.8	44.0	246.7	361.2	70.5
Louisa	11,200	3,267.9	35.7	3,232.1	0.0	0.0	8.9	26.8	812.5	2,330.4	89.3
Allamakee	11,014	1,534.4	18.2	1,516.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	363.2	1,071.4	81.7
Hancock	11,000	1,618.2	36.4	1,581.8	0.0	18.2	0.0	18.2	590.9	890.9	100.0
Floyd	10,741	512.1	9.3	502.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	288.6	176.9	37.2
Lyon	10,738	419.1	9.3	409.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	37.3	335.3	37.3
Mahaska	10,729	1,482.0	28.0	1,454.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	18.6	438.1	988.0	28.0
Henry	10,368	1,331.0	28.9	1,302.1	9.6	0.0	9.6	9.6	723.4	549.8	28.9
Poweshiek	10,118	1,611.0	39.5	1,571.5	0.0	0.0	19.8	19.8	652.3	850.0	69.2
Shelby	9,997	1,330.4	0.0	1,330.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	410.1	870.3	50.0
Cass	9,976	1,794.3	10.0	1,784.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	581.4	1,132.7	70.2
Dickinson	9,922	1,814.2	20.2	1,794.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.2	383.0	1,400.9	10.1
Cerro Gordo	9,834	3,193.0	20.3	3,172.7	0.0	20.3	0.0	0.0	1,240.6	1,728.7	203.4
Lee - North	9,808	1,549.8	51.0	1,498.8	0.0	20.4	0.0	30.6	540.4	917.6	40.8
Decatur	9,782	2,790.8	20.4	2,770.4	0.0	0.0	10.2	10.2	920.1	1,666.3	184.0
Cherokee	9,538	1,656.5	21.0	1,635.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	545.2	1,017.0	73.4
Worth	9,500	2,000.0	42.1	1,957.9	10.5	21.1	0.0	10.5	842.1	1,000.0	115.8
Adair	9,383	1,683.9	53.3	1,630.6	0.0	0.0	10.7	42.6	714.1	884.6	32.0
Ida	9,300	1,451.6	21.5	1,430.1	0.0	0.0	10.8	10.8	430.1	967.7	32.3
Fremont	9,282	1,756.1	21.5	1,734.5	0.0	10.8	0.0	10.8	484.8	1,174.3	75.4
Mitchell	9,176	1,089.8	0.0	1,089.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	207.1	860.9	21.8
Winnebago	9,153	1,693.4	174.8	1,518.6	0.0	21.9	0.0	153.0	349.6	1,059.8	109.3
Palo Alto	9,118	888.4	0.0	888.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	877.4	0.0	11.0
Franklin	9,052	806.5	11.0	795.4	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	452.9	265.1	77.3
Osceola	9,000	1,000.0	11.1	988.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	266.7	622.2	100.0
Hamilton	8,526	1,923.5	23.5	1,900.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.5	1,114.2	645.1	140.7
Monona	8,425	712.2	11.9	700.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	189.9	391.7	118.7
Van Buren	8,300	590.4	12.0	578.3	0.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	84.3	481.9	12.0

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Des Moines	8,248	3,661.5	24.2	3,637.2	0.0	12.1	0.0	12.1	1,236.7	2,097.5	303.1
Wayne	8,185	1,624.9	0.0	1,624.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	415.4	1,087.4	122.2
Madison	8,182	794.4	12.2	782.2	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	440.0	305.5	36.7
Taylor	7,986	1,114.5	0.0	1,114.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	275.5	813.9	25.0
Humboldt	7,975	1,529.8	0.0	1,529.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	627.0	790.0	112.9
Greene	7,816	1,957.5	0.0	1,957.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	985.2	895.6	76.8
Mills	7,411	3,616.2	54.0	3,562.3	0.0	27.0	0.0	27.0	1,187.4	2,159.0	215.9
Appanoose	7,373	2,224.3	13.6	2,210.8	0.0	13.6	0.0	0.0	556.1	1,641.1	13.6
Page	7,361	1,440.0	40.8	1,399.3	0.0	13.6	0.0	27.2	421.1	896.6	81.5
Clay	7,355	2,229.8	176.8	2,053.0	13.6	40.8	13.6	108.8	693.4	1,196.5	163.2
Howard	7,273	756.2	0.0	756.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	247.5	508.7	0.0
Adams	7,000	1,914.3	28.6	1,885.7	0.0	14.3	14.3	0.0	471.4	1,342.9	71.4
Wright	6,968	1,047.6	57.4	990.2	0.0	0.0	28.7	28.7	459.2	459.2	71.8
Montgomery	6,478	1,682.6	0.0	1,682.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	339.6	1,157.8	185.2
Ringgold	6,373	1,663.3	15.7	1,647.6	0.0	0.0	15.7	0.0	1,459.3	94.1	94.1
Audubon	6,169	1,588.6	16.2	1,572.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	437.7	1,102.3	32.4
Davis	5,740	1,480.8	52.3	1,428.6	0.0	0.0	52.3	0.0	1,080.1	296.2	52.3
Jefferson	5,305	1,790.8	56.6	1,734.2	0.0	0.0	56.6	0.0	904.8	772.9	56.6
Lucas	5,165	1,510.2	19.4	1,490.8	0.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	677.6	793.8	19.4
Monroe	5,100	2,568.6	78.4	2,490.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	78.4	1,098.0	1,254.9	137.3
Emmet	4,920	650.4	20.3	630.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.3	122.0	487.8	20.3
Union	4,653	1,740.8	128.9	1,611.9	0.0	21.5	0.0	107.5	537.3	988.6	86.0
Clarke	4,439	2,297.8	45.1	2,252.8	0.0	0.0	45.1	0.0	811.0	1,329.1	112.6
Lee - South	2,108	4,222.0	142.3	4,079.7	47.4	47.4	0.0	47.4	1,945.0	1,945.0	189.8
Average	1,020,754	1,472.4	31.7	1,440.7	1.2	4.3	4.4	21.8	542.6	823.4	74.7

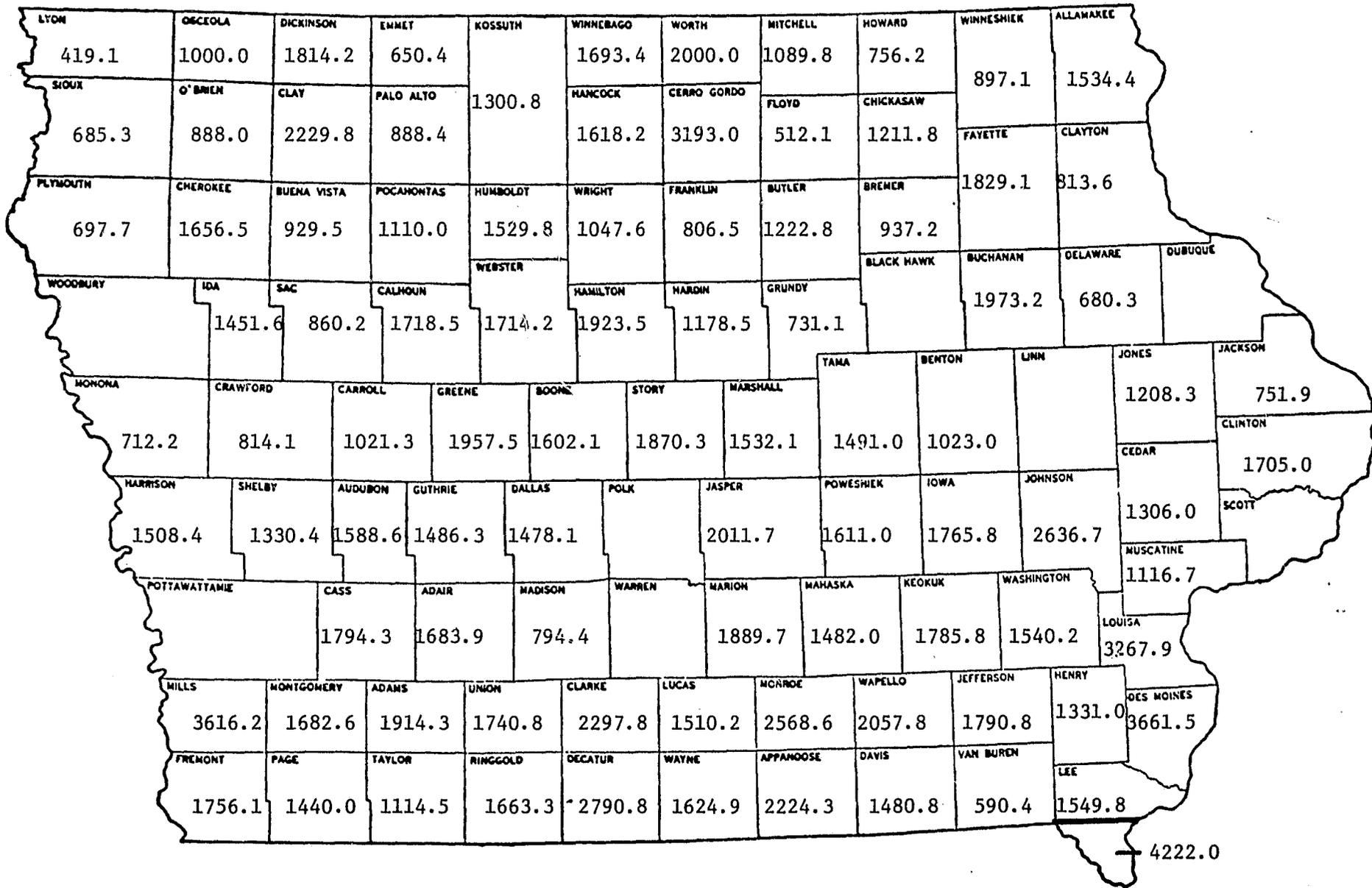
TOTAL CRIME RATE, BY COUNTY
1977



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FIGURE 46

RURAL AREAS' CRIME RATES
(SHERIFFS' OFFICES)
1977



-104-

FIGURE 47



C. Crime Rates by Rank

More easily analyzed data presented in the Table XII series, in which jurisdictions are ranked by crime rate rather than by population. The first table in this series again indicates the higher rates of the more populous counties; however, the county gaining the dubious honor of having the State's highest rate in 1977 was Pottawattamie County, the eighth most populous county in the state. Although it might be argued that, because Pottawattamie County is part of a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area also including Omaha, its population is greater than that residing solely in Iowa, it is difficult to adjust this county's rate to take this into account.

The county reporting the highest crime rate in 1976, Cerro Gordo County, experienced a reduction in 1977 which made it fourth in terms of crime rate rank. Polk County, the only large county to experience an increase in 1977, reported the State's second highest crime rate.

Story County's rate is worthy of mention, in that it is the only county of over 45,000 population to possess a below-average crime rate. This may be true in part to the adjustment of that county's 1977 population to include the 23,000 students residing in Iowa State University facilities. The Story County rate, without inclusion of these 23,000 students, would have been 3,782.3, still below-average for the State.

Moving to Table XII-B, which presents crime rates for the SMSAs, one again finds Pottawattamie County containing the highest crime rate, with Dubuque County reporting the lowest. This rank ordering is quite similar to that found for 1976, in which Pottawattamie, Linn, Polk/Warren, and Scott Counties were above average for SMSAs, and Woodbury, Black Hawk, and Dubuque Counties below the average. Note, however, that the rank ordering for the crime index is not similar to the rank ordering for violent crimes: Scott County reported the highest violent crime

rate, with Polk/Warren second.

Moving to Table XII-C, which presents crime rates for cities having populations of greater than 50,000, one finds Council Bluffs reporting the highest crime rate and Dubuque the lowest. In 1976, Cedar Rapids reported the highest crime rate in this group. Council Bluffs, however, reported the highest 1977 rate on the basis of a high property crime rate, as its burglary and motor vehicle theft rates were the highest for these cities. Cedar Rapids reported the highest larceny rate, as was the case last year. Des Moines reported the highest rate in only one category: murder. Davenport reported the highest violent crime rate for these cities, with its rape, robbery, and assault rates being the highest. Dubuque reported the lowest rates by large margins, and did not report the lowest rate only for motor vehicle theft.

In the 25,000-50,000 population category, Mason City topped the list by a wide margin, as was the case in 1976. Ames, Ottumwa, Bettendorf and Cedar Falls all had rates which were considerably below those of the other cities. No city reported the highest rate in more than two categories, as Mason City reported the highest burglary rate, Iowa City the highest rape and larceny rates, Fort Dodge the highest motor vehicle theft rate, Burlington the highest murder rate, Cedar Falls the highest assault rate and Bettendorf the highest robbery rate.

In the 10,000-25,000 population category, Keokuk reported the highest crime rate, also the case in 1976. Interestingly, Keokuk also reported one of the lowest violent crime rates in this city grouping, with only Marion and Ankeny reporting lower rates. Marion, one of the larger cities in this category, reported the lowest crime rate by a wide margin.

Figure 48 again presents a State map, this time with cities of populations of more than 10,000 presented, and distinguishes among cities having crime rates

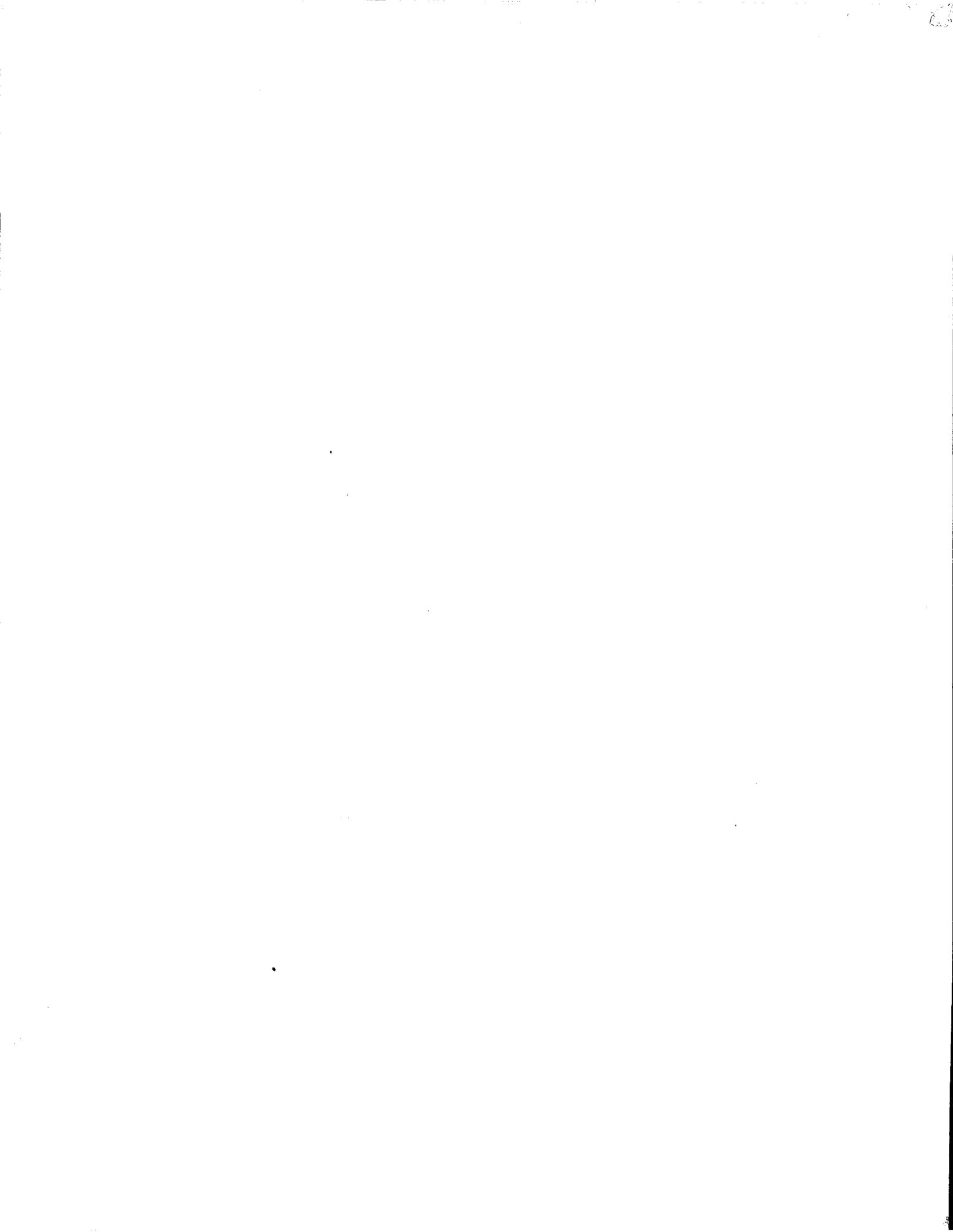


TABLE XII-A

CRIME RATES, COUNTIES
BY RANK

County	Population	Crime Index	Violent	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	M.V. Theft
Pottawattamie	89,142	7,185.2	289.4	6,895.7	3.4	17.9	103.2	164.9	2,098.9	4,194.4	602.4
Polk	287,211	6,858.4	380.6	6,477.8	10.1	20.9	139.3	210.3	965.5	5,143.3	369.1
Linn	166,600	6,501.2	242.5	6,258.7	0.6	9.6	69.0	163.3	1,292.9	4,616.4	349.3
Cerro Gordo	48,935	6,169.4	69.5	6,099.9	2.0	6.1	24.5	36.8	1,428.4	4,250.5	421.0
Johnson	75,025	5,716.8	233.3	5,483.5	0.0	41.3	17.3	174.6	1,083.6	4,122.6	277.2
Woodbury	103,216	5,524.3	192.8	5,331.5	3.9	28.1	45.5	115.3	1,039.6	3,897.7	394.3
Scott	157,500	5,288.9	360.6	4,928.3	2.5	24.1	149.2	184.8	1,302.2	3,314.9	311.1
Des Moines	45,123	5,212.4	203.9	5,008.5	6.6	15.5	24.4	157.3	815.5	3,871.6	321.3
Black Hawk	142,000	4,795.8	200.7	4,595.1	3.5	15.5	59.2	122.5	877.5	3,515.5	202.1
Clay	17,865	4,696.3	100.8	4,595.6	11.2	16.8	5.6	67.2	649.3	3,728.0	218.3
Webster	47,215	4,557.9	27.5	4,530.3	0.0	2.1	12.7	12.7	893.8	3,183.3	453.2
Clinton	57,827	4,513.5	143.5	4,369.9	1.7	6.9	31.1	103.8	636.4	3,448.2	285.3
Dubuque	90,660	4,135.2	80.5	4,054.7	0.0	5.5	18.8	56.3	615.5	3,160.2	279.1
Lee	41,924	4,124.1	69.2	4,055.0	2.4	14.3	19.1	33.4	1,001.8	2,824.2	229.0
Average		3,836.8	142.5	3,694.3	2.3	10.5	41.0	88.7	805.7	2,670.0	218.5
Mills	12,412	3,802.8	145.0	3,657.8	0.0	16.1	0.0	128.9	1,031.3	2,433.1	193.4
Marshall	41,076	3,737.0	90.1	3,646.9	7.3	0.0	39.0	43.8	635.4	2,794.8	216.7
Mahaska	21,661	3,684.0	129.3	3,554.8	0.0	4.6	23.1	101.6	877.2	2,511.4	166.2
Union	13,076	3,280.8	114.7	3,166.1	0.0	15.3	30.6	68.8	994.2	1,950.1	221.8
Washington	18,766	3,271.9	133.2	3,138.7	0.0	5.3	16.0	111.9	1,156.3	1,811.8	170.5
Louisa	11,200	3,267.9	35.7	3,232.1	0.0	0.0	8.9	26.8	812.5	2,330.4	89.3
Jasper	35,364	3,240.6	73.5	3,167.1	0.0	14.1	19.8	39.6	837.0	2,174.5	155.5
Appanoose	14,873	3,213.9	60.5	3,153.4	0.0	6.7	6.7	47.1	894.2	2,198.6	60.5
Wapello	42,149	3,119.9	90.2	3,029.7	2.4	7.1	33.2	47.5	799.5	1,966.8	263.4
Jefferson	14,105	3,041.5	35.4	3,006.0	0.0	0.0	35.4	0.0	545.9	2,360.9	99.3
Muscataine	39,030	3,002.8	58.9	2,943.9	2.6	0.0	15.4	41.0	737.9	2,042.0	164.0
Buchanan	22,116	3,002.4	22.6	2,979.7	0.0	0.0	9.0	13.6	1,180.1	1,645.9	153.7
Boone	28,000	2,992.9	96.4	2,896.4	0.0	0.0	7.1	89.3	700.0	2,057.1	139.3
Hamilton	17,868	2,949.4	16.8	2,932.6	0.0	5.6	0.0	11.2	968.2	1,813.3	151.1
Greene	12,716	2,878.3	15.7	2,862.5	0.0	0.0	7.9	7.9	1,006.6	1,777.3	78.6
Story	91,106	2,827.5	95.5	2,732.0	0.0	4.4	5.5	85.6	464.3	2,188.7	79.0
Decatur	9,782	2,790.8	20.4	2,770.4	0.0	0.0	10.2	10.2	920.1	1,666.3	184.0
Dickinson	13,337	2,766.7	15.0	2,751.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.0	577.3	2,106.9	67.5

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<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Monroe	9,600	2,552.1	41.7	2,510.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.7	697.9	1,656.3	156.3
Fayette	26,898	2,524.4	126.4	2,397.9	0.0	18.6	3.7	104.1	654.3	1,609.8	133.8
Lucas	10,200	2,480.4	156.9	2,323.5	0.0	9.8	9.8	137.3	529.4	1,705.9	88.2
Montgomery	12,978	2,442.6	7.7	2,434.9	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	385.3	1,857.0	192.6
Marion	27,451	2,437.1	58.3	2,378.8	3.6	7.3	7.3	40.1	429.9	1,806.9	142.1
Page	18,703	2,422.1	117.6	2,304.4	0.0	10.7	0.0	106.9	427.7	1,743.0	133.7
Buena Vista	20,640	2,407.9	4.8	2,403.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	344.0	1,957.4	101.7
Warren	33,749	2,385.3	74.1	2,311.2	0.0	14.8	5.9	53.3	480.0	1,683.0	148.2
Palo Alto	13,176	2,314.8	15.2	2,299.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.2	948.7	1,138.4	212.5
Winnebago	13,658	2,313.7	241.6	2,072.0	0.0	14.6	0.0	227.0	417.3	1,522.9	130.8
Cass	17,300	2,306.4	5.8	2,300.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8	589.6	1,635.8	75.1
Clarke	7,814	2,265.2	38.4	2,226.8	0.0	0.0	25.6	12.8	793.4	1,279.8	153.6
Poweshiek	18,803	2,255.0	31.9	2,223.0	0.0	0.0	10.6	21.3	707.3	1,425.3	90.4
Davis	8,585	2,189.9	34.9	2,154.9	0.0	0.0	34.9	0.0	1,234.7	838.7	81.5
Dallas	27,223	2,178.3	25.7	2,152.6	0.0	7.3	7.3	11.0	697.9	1,373.8	80.8
Cherokee	17,500	2,165.7	34.3	2,131.4	0.0	0.0	5.7	28.6	548.6	1,434.3	148.6
Humboldt	12,547	2,112.1	15.9	2,096.1	0.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	765.1	1,195.5	135.5
Harrison	16,594	2,109.2	12.1	2,097.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.1	747.3	1,205.3	144.6
Hancock	13,500	2,103.7	103.7	2,000.0	0.0	22.2	0.0	81.5	659.3	1,214.8	125.9
Henry	17,568	2,054.9	22.8	2,032.1	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	825.4	1,161.2	45.5
Hardin	22,040	2,046.3	90.7	1,955.5	0.0	0.0	9.1	81.7	458.3	1,388.4	108.9
Worth	9,500	2,000.0	42.1	1,957.9	10.5	21.1	0.0	10.5	842.1	1,000.0	115.8
Shelby	15,249	1,973.9	6.6	1,967.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.6	511.5	1,383.7	72.1
Kossuth	22,659	1,915.4	8.8	1,906.5	0.0	0.0	4.4	4.4	573.7	1,266.6	66.2
Adams	7,000	1,914.3	28.6	1,885.7	0.0	14.3	14.3	0.0	471.4	1,342.9	71.4
Winneshiek	21,526	1,909.3	74.3	1,835.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.3	329.8	1,412.2	92.9
Carroll	23,158	1,865.4	8.6	1,856.8	0.0	0.0	4.3	4.3	449.1	1,286.8	120.9
Wright	16,670	1,799.6	60.0	1,739.7	0.0	0.0	18.0	42.0	401.9	1,229.8	108.0
Keokuk	13,943	1,785.8	14.3	1,771.5	0.0	0.0	7.2	7.2	695.7	1,054.3	21.5
Allamakee	15,000	1,780.0	53.3	1,726.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.3	333.3	1,253.3	140.0
Iowa	15,460	1,765.8	19.4	1,746.4	0.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	459.2	1,235.4	51.7
Jones	20,529	1,763.4	19.5	1,743.9	4.9	4.9	0.0	9.7	258.2	1,344.4	141.3
Tama	19,565	1,758.2	76.7	1,681.6	0.0	10.2	20.4	46.0	659.3	914.9	107.3
Fremont	9,282	1,756.1	21.5	1,734.5	0.0	10.8	0.0	10.8	484.8	1,174.3	75.4

<u>County</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
O'Brien	17,402	1,746.9	40.2	1,706.7	0.0	5.7	11.5	23.0	448.2	1,218.3	40.2
Calhoun	13,675	1,718.5	0.0	1,718.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	738.6	921.4	58.5
Adair	9,383	1,683.9	53.3	1,630.6	0.0	0.0	10.7	42.6	714.1	884.6	32.0
Ringgold	6,373	1,663.3	15.7	1,647.6	0.0	0.0	15.7	0.0	1,459.3	94.1	94.1
Franklin	13,502	1,644.2	51.8	1,592.4	0.0	7.4	0.0	44.4	518.4	962.8	111.1
Wayne	8,185	1,624.9	0.0	1,624.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	415.4	1,087.4	122.2
Floyd	19,860	1,576.0	20.1	1,555.9	0.0	0.0	15.1	5.0	312.2	1,193.4	50.4
Audubon	8,984	1,558.3	22.3	1,536.1	0.0	11.1	0.0	11.1	400.7	1,046.3	89.0
Benton	23,500	1,536.2	29.8	1,506.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	17.0	489.4	863.8	153.2
Guthrie	12,178	1,486.3	65.7	1,420.6	0.0	0.0	8.2	32.8	451.6	862.2	106.7
Jackson	21,960	1,475.4	27.3	1,448.1	0.0	0.0	4.6	22.8	277.8	1,129.3	41.0
Mitchell	13,108	1,464.8	15.3	1,449.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3	236.5	1,197.7	15.3
Ida	9,300	1,451.6	21.5	1,430.1	0.0	0.0	10.8	10.8	430.1	967.7	32.3
Cedar	17,469	1,408.2	40.1	1,368.1	0.0	0.0	5.7	34.3	498.0	692.7	177.5
Emmet	13,576	1,311.1	73.7	1,237.5	7.4	0.0	22.1	44.2	132.6	1,068.1	36.8
Plymouth	25,340	1,266.8	7.9	1,258.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	3.9	252.6	943.2	63.1
Howard	11,200	1,232.1	8.9	1,223.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.9	214.3	982.1	26.8
Butler	17,174	1,222.8	11.6	1,211.1	0.0	0.0	5.8	5.8	489.1	663.8	58.2
Bremer	23,957	1,218.9	12.5	1,206.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.5	267.1	880.7	58.4
Chickasaw	15,346	1,166.4	39.1	1,127.3	0.0	6.5	6.5	26.1	286.7	762.4	78.2
Crawford	19,116	1,150.9	99.4	1,051.5	0.0	0.0	5.2	94.2	162.2	863.2	26.2
Sac	14,942	1,124.3	6.7	1,117.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	374.8	702.7	40.2
Taylor	7,986	1,114.5	0.0	1,114.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	275.5	813.9	25.0
Pocahontas	12,793	1,110.0	39.1	1,070.9	15.6	0.0	0.0	23.5	515.9	508.1	46.9
Osceola	9,000	1,000.0	11.1	988.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	266.7	622.2	100.0
Madison	12,300	991.9	16.3	975.6	0.0	0.0	8.1	8.1	504.1	439.0	32.5
Delaware	19,043	976.7	73.5	903.2	0.0	0.0	5.3	68.3	325.6	556.6	21.0
Monona	11,579	837.7	8.6	829.1	0.0	24.6	0.0	8.6	224.5	483.6	120.9
Clayton	22,000	813.6	45.5	768.2	0.0	0.0	9.1	36.4	200.0	513.6	54.5
Sioux	29,237	824.3	51.3	773.0	0.0	6.8	0.0	44.5	215.5	492.5	65.0
Grundy	13,975	765.7	42.9	722.7	0.0	0.0	7.2	35.8	207.5	450.8	64.4
Van Buren	8,300	590.4	12.0	578.3	0.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	84.3	481.9	12.0
Lyon	13,443	461.2	14.9	446.3	0.0	7.4	0.0	7.4	52.1	357.1	37.2

TABLE XII-B

CRIME RATES, SMSAs,
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Pottawattamie	89,142	7,185.2	289.4	6,895.7	3.4	17.9	103.2	164.9	2,098.9	4,194.4	602.4
Linn	166,600	6,503.0	242.5	6,260.5	0.6	9.6	69.0	163.3	1,292.9	4,616.4	351.1
Polk/Warren	320,960	6,388.0	348.3	6,039.7	9.0	20.3	125.2	193.8	914.4	4,779.4	345.8
Average		5,825.1	271.5	5,553.6	4.3	17.8	92.7	156.6	1,110.9	4,099.8	342.9
Woodbury	103,216	5,524.3	192.8	5,331.5	3.9	28.1	45.5	115.3	1,039.6	3,897.7	394.3
Scott	157,500	5,288.9	360.6	4,928.3	2.5	24.1	149.2	184.8	1,302.2	3,314.9	311.1
Black Hawk	142,000	4,795.8	200.7	4,595.1	3.5	15.5	59.2	122.5	877.5	3,515.5	202.1
Dubuque	90,660	4,135.2	80.5	4,054.7	0.0	5.5	18.8	56.3	615.5	3,160.2	279.1

TABLE XII-C

CRIME RATES, CITIES 50,000+
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Council Bluffs	62,026	9,026.9	333.7	8,693.1	4.8	19.3	124.1	185.4	2,615.0	5,315.5	762.6
Cedar Rapids	108,000	8,703.7	338.9	8,364.8	0.9	13.0	100.0	225.0	1,612.0	6,295.4	457.4
Des Moines	195,000	7,776.4	431.3	7,345.1	13.8	21.0	174.9	221.5	1,036.9	5,889.7	418.5
Average		7,370.5	342.0	7,028.5	6.0	20.8	127.6	187.6	1,389.4	5,204.7	434.4
Waterloo	72,035	7,181.2	220.7	6,960.5	4.2	15.3	106.9	94.4	1,456.2	5,244.7	259.6
Davenport	99,836	6,845.2	526.9	6,318.4	4.0	35.1	213.3	274.5	1,710.8	4,192.9	414.7
Sioux City	87,940	6,155.3	213.8	5,941.6	3.4	31.8	52.3	126.2	1,089.4	4,406.4	445.8
Dubuque	62,309	4,915.8	101.1	4,814.7	0.0	3.2	24.1	73.8	717.4	3,761.9	335.4

TABLE XII-D
CRIME RATES, CITIES 25,000-50,000
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Mason City	32,225	7,118.7	83.8	7,034.9	3.1	0.0	37.2	43.4	1,629.2	4,875.1	530.6
Iowa City	49,500	6,533.3	268.7	6,264.6	0.0	52.5	18.2	198.0	998.0	4,983.8	282.8
Clinton	34,544	6,085.0	208.4	5,876.6	0.0	8.7	52.1	147.6	744.0	4,707.0	425.5
Fort Dodge	30,939	6,053.8	29.1	6,024.8	0.0	0.0	19.4	9.7	866.2	4,502.4	656.1
Burlington	33,500	5,823.9	268.7	5,555.2	9.0	17.9	32.8	209.0	767.2	4,444.8	343.3
Average		5,123.7	169.4	4,954.3	2.3	12.5	32.8	121.8	780.9	3,854.6	318.8
Marshalltown	27,500	4,825.5	112.7	4,712.7	3.6	0.0	50.9	58.2	687.3	3,745.5	280.0
Cedar Falls	33,772	3,707.2	289.8	3,467.4	5.9	8.9	17.8	207.3	373.1	2,910.7	183.6
Bettendorf	27,000	3,559.3	114.8	3,444.4	0.0	0.0	74.1	40.7	655.6	2,659.3	129.6
Ottumwa	30,000	3,550.0	113.3	3,436.7	3.3	3.3	43.3	63.3	886.7	2,233.3	316.7
Ames	45,750	3,506.0	166.1	3,339.9	0.0	8.7	8.7	148.6	290.7	2,931.1	118.0

TABLE XII-E

CRIME RATES, CITIES 10,000-25,000
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Keokuk	15,500	6,503.2	32.3	6,471.0	0.0	0.0	25.8	6.5	1,425.8	4,696.8	348.4
Spencer	10,510	6,422.5	47.6	6,374.9	9.5	0.0	0.0	38.1	618.5	5,499.5	256.9
Oskaloosa	10,932	5,845.2	228.7	5,616.5	0.0	9.1	36.6	182.9	1,308.1	4,006.6	301.9
Newton	15,765	4,808.1	101.5	4,706.6	0.0	12.7	44.4	44.4	628.0	3,818.6	260.1
West Des Moines	22,000	4,704.5	222.7	4,481.8	4.5	0.0	63.6	154.5	745.5	3,540.9	195.5
Urbandale	17,965	4,564.4	161.4	4,403.0	0.0	0.0	39.0	122.5	562.2	3,696.1	144.7
Average		4,456.8	105.2	4,351.6	1.1	3.3	29.5	71.3	725.9	3,408.0	217.7
Boone	13,956	4,392.4	121.8	4,270.6	0.0	0.0	14.3	107.5	551.7	3,496.7	222.1
Muscatine	23,000	4,317.4	78.3	4,239.1	0.0	0.0	21.7	56.5	821.7	3,165.2	252.2
Ankeny	14,500	3,379.3	20.7	3,358.6	0.0	0.0	13.8	6.9	317.2	2,931.0	110.3
Fort Madison	14,508	3,308.5	110.3	3,198.2	0.0	20.7	27.6	62.0	723.7	2,240.1	234.4
Marion	21,000	2,357.1	28.6	2,328.6	0.0	0.0	19.0	9.5	447.6	1,747.6	133.3

TABLE XII-F

CRIME RATES, CITIES 5,000-10,000
BY RANK

Agency	Population	Crime Index	Violent	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	M.V. Theft
Coralville	6,600	8,424.2	469.7	7,954.5	0.0	75.8	60.6	333.3	2,151.5	5,257.6	545.5
Washington	6,300	6,698.4	206.3	6,492.1	0.0	0.0	31.7	174.6	2,269.8	4,000.0	222.2
Clear Lake	6,876	5,977.3	72.7	5,904.6	0.0	14.5	0.0	58.2	756.3	4,930.2	218.2
Independence	6,000	5,766.7	50.0	5,716.7	0.0	0.0	33.3	16.7	1,766.7	3,516.7	266.7
Storm Lake	8,591	4,481.4	11.6	4,469.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.6	442.3	3,911.1	116.4
Perry	7,200	4,305.6	41.7	4,263.9	0.0	0.0	13.9	27.8	944.4	3,180.6	138.9
Centerville	7,500	4,186.7	106.7	4,080.0	0.0	0.0	13.3	93.3	1,226.7	2,746.7	106.7
Creston	8,423	4,131.5	106.9	4,024.7	0.0	11.9	47.5	47.5	1,246.6	2,481.3	296.8
Glenwood	5,001	4,079.2	279.9	3,799.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	279.9	799.8	2,839.4	160.0
Clarinda	5,100	4,078.4	372.5	3,705.9	0.0	19.6	0.0	352.9	803.9	2,529.4	372.5
Oelwein	7,732	3,996.4	64.7	3,931.7	0.0	25.9	12.9	25.9	478.5	3,285.0	168.1
Webster City	9,342	3,885.7	10.7	3,875.0	0.0	10.7	0.0	0.0	834.9	2,879.5	160.6
Fairfield	8,800	3,795.5	22.7	3,772.7	0.0	0.0	22.7	0.0	329.5	3,318.2	125.0
Altoona	5,172	3,751.0	19.3	3,731.6	0.0	0.0	19.3	0.0	406.0	3,151.6	174.0
Decorah	7,703	3,725.8	103.9	3,622.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	103.9	402.4	3,063.7	155.8
Algona	6,054	3,690.9	16.5	3,584.4	0.0	0.0	16.5	0.0	958.0	2,461.2	165.2
Average		3,489.9	88.5	3,401.4	0.4	7.0	13.6	67.5	629.6	2,613.3	158.5
Chariton	5,035	3,475.7	297.9	3,177.8	0.0	19.9	0.0	278.1	377.4	2,641.5	158.9
Pella	8,000	3,412.5	137.5	3,275.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	112.5	312.5	2,737.5	225.0
Maquoketa	6,000	3,400.0	50.0	3,350.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	416.7	2,850.0	83.3
Iowa Falls	6,700	3,268.7	149.3	3,119.4	0.0	0.0	14.9	134.3	343.3	2,656.7	119.4
Red Oak	6,500	3,200.0	15.4	3,184.6	0.0	0.0	15.4	0.0	430.8	2,553.8	200.0
Harlan	5,252	3,198.8	19.0	3,179.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.0	704.5	2,361.0	114.2
Carroll	9,156	3,156.4	21.8	3,134.6	0.0	0.0	10.9	10.9	480.6	2,424.6	229.4
Mount Pleasant	7,200	3,097.2	13.9	3,083.3	0.0	13.9	0.0	0.0	972.2	2,041.7	69.4
Grinnell	8,685	3,005.2	23.0	2,982.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.0	771.4	2,095.6	115.1
Atlantic	7,324	3,003.8	0.0	3,003.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	600.8	2,321.1	81.9
Charles City	9,119	2,829.3	32.9	2,796.4	0.0	0.0	32.9	0.0	339.9	2,390.6	65.8
Indianola	9,611	2,798.9	31.2	2,767.7	0.0	10.4	10.4	10.4	249.7	2,393.1	124.9
Cherokee	7,962	2,775.7	50.2	2,725.4	0.0	0.0	12.6	37.7	552.6	1,934.2	238.6
Windsor Heights	6,506	2,751.3	92.2	2,659.1	0.0	0.0	61.5	30.7	368.9	2,136.5	153.7
Evansdale	5,500	2,472.7	363.6	2,109.1	0.0	36.4	18.2	309.1	218.2	1,672.7	218.2
Le Mars	9,000	2,300.0	22.2	2,277.8	0.0	11.1	0.0	11.1	166.7	3,000.0	111.1
Kronville	7,703	2,258.9	51.9	2,206.9	0.0	0.0	26.0	26.0	506.3	1,492.9	207.7
Shenandoah	6,242	2,226.9	0.0	2,226.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	128.2	2,098.7	0.0
Waverly	7,205	1,873.7	13.9	1,859.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.9	374.7	1,415.7	69.4
Denison	6,218	1,849.5	289.5	1,560.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	289.5	48.2	1,463.5	48.2
Estherville	8,656	1,686.7	104.0	1,582.7	11.6	0.0	34.7	57.8	138.6	1,397.9	46.2
Nevada	5,300	735.8	0.0	735.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	113.2	584.9	37.7

TABLE XII-G

CRIME RATES, CITIES UNDER 5,000
BY RANK

Agency	Population	Crime Index	Violent	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Assault	Burglary	Larceny	M.V. Theft
Carter Lake	3,900	6,000.0	692.3	5,307.7	0.0	51.3	205.1	435.9	1,589.7	3,256.4	461.5
Spirit Lake	3,415	5,534.4	0.0	5,534.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,142.0	4,158.1	234.3
Emmetsburg	4,058	5,520.0	49.3	5,470.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	49.3	1,108.9	3,696.4	665.4
Clive	4,389	5,058.1	205.1	4,853.0	0.0	45.6	136.7	22.8	592.4	3,941.7	319.0
Mount Vernon	3,311	4,439.7	30.2	4,409.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.2	271.8	3,956.5	181.2
Jefferson	4,900	4,346.9	40.8	4,306.1	0.0	0.0	20.4	20.4	1,040.8	3,183.7	81.6
Missouri Valley	3,600	4,277.8	0.0	4,277.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,361.1	2,555.6	361.1
Garner	2,500	4,240.0	400.0	3,840.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	360.0	960.0	2,640.0	240.0
Sheldon	4,564	4,163.0	87.6	4,075.4	0.0	21.9	21.9	43.8	1,051.7	2,936.0	87.6
Camanche	4,367	3,892.8	22.9	3,869.9	22.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	297.7	3,503.5	68.7
Le Claire	2,600	3,807.7	76.9	3,730.8	0.0	38.5	0.0	38.5	923.1	2,576.9	230.8
Eagle Grove	4,327	3,628.4	23.1	3,605.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.1	508.4	2,911.9	184.9
Bloomfield	2,845	3,620.4	0.0	3,620.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,546.6	1,933.2	140.6
Forest City	4,505	3,573.8	377.4	3,196.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	377.4	554.9	2,463.9	177.6
Carlisle	3,000	3,400.0	166.7	3,233.3	0.0	33.3	0.0	133.3	300.0	2,700.0	233.3
Hampton	4,450	3,348.3	134.8	3,213.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	134.8	651.7	2,382.0	179.8
Tama	2,932	3,274.2	136.4	3,137.8	0.0	34.1	68.2	34.1	1,227.8	1,534.8	375.2
Monticello	3,606	3,161.4	83.2	3,078.2	0.0	27.7	0.0	55.5	249.6	2,662.2	166.4
Humboldt	4,572	3,127.7	43.7	3,084.0	0.0	21.9	0.0	21.9	1,006.1	1,902.9	175.0
Pleasant Hill	3,500	3,057.1	114.3	2,942.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	114.3	714.3	2,057.1	171.4
Fayette	2,534	2,999.2	631.4	2,367.8	0.0	39.5	0.0	591.9	789.3	1,065.5	513.0
West Burlington	3,375	2,933.3	0.0	2,933.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	266.7	2,518.5	148.1
Eldora	3,206	2,770.0	311.9	2,464.1	0.0	0.0	31.2	280.7	436.7	1,871.5	156.0
Average		2,731.1	88.6	2,642.5	0.5	7.4	12.2	68.5	581.6	1,899.1	161.8
Belle Plaine	2,800	2,642.9	0.0	2,642.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	678.6	1,928.6	35.7
Vinton	4,962	2,539.3	40.3	2,499.0	0.0	0.0	20.2	20.2	866.0	1,356.3	282.1
Albia	4,500	2,533.3	0.0	2,533.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	244.4	2,111.1	177.8
Waukon	3,986	2,458.6	150.5	2,308.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	150.5	250.9	1,756.1	301.1
Osage	3,932	2,339.8	50.9	2,288.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.9	305.2	1,983.7	0.0
Osceola	3,375	2,222.2	29.6	2,192.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.6	770.4	1,214.8	207.4
Anamosa	4,509	2,173.4	0.0	2,173.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	244.0	1,774.2	155.2
DeWitt	3,667	2,127.1	54.5	2,072.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.5	599.9	1,363.5	109.1
Cresco	3,927	2,113.6	25.5	2,088.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.5	152.8	1,858.9	76.4

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Sac City	3,200	2,093.8	0.0	2,093.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	812.5	1,187.5	93.8
Eldridge	3,200	2,093.8	31.3	2,062.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.3	343.8	1,625.0	93.8
Tipton	2,844	1,933.9	70.3	1,863.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.3	421.9	1,301.0	140.6
Clarion	2,900	1,931.0	137.9	1,793.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	137.9	34.5	1,586.2	172.4
Hiawatha	4,500	1,844.4	111.1	1,733.3	0.0	0.0	22.2	88.9	600.0	1,088.9	44.4
Manchester	4,931	1,825.2	20.3	1,804.9	0.0	0.0	20.3	0.0	405.6	1,338.5	60.8
Colfax	2,300	1,739.1	130.4	1,608.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	130.4	1,000.0	478.3	130.4
Hawarden	2,599	1,654.5	115.4	1,539.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	115.4	731.1	808.0	0.0
Dyersville	3,714	1,561.7	0.0	1,561.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	323.1	1,184.7	53.9
Audubon	2,815	1,492.0	35.5	1,456.5	0.0	35.5	0.0	0.0	319.7	923.6	213.1
West Union	2,800	1,464.3	71.4	1,392.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.4	392.9	892.9	107.1
Winterset	4,118	1,384.2	24.3	1,359.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	24.3	631.4	704.2	24.3
Norwalk	2,650	1,320.8	37.7	1,283.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.7	113.2	1,018.9	150.9
Sioux Center	4,218	1,209.1	0.0	1,209.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	237.1	924.6	47.4
Onawa	3,154	1,173.1	0.0	1,173.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	317.1	729.2	126.8
New Hampton	3,793	1,028.2	0.0	1,028.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	290.0	659.1	79.1
Adel	2,771	1,010.5	36.1	974.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.1	216.5	721.8	36.1
Grundy Center	2,623	915.0	0.0	915.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.1	838.7	38.1
Rock Rapids	2,705	628.5	37.0	591.5	0.0	37.0	0.0	0.0	110.9	443.6	37.0
Belmond	2,475	565.7	40.4	525.3	0.0	0.0	40.4	0.0	484.8	40.4	0.0
Orange City	4,034	520.6	0.0	520.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	123.9	396.6	0.0

TABLE XII-H
CRIME RATES, SUBURBAN CITIES,
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Carter Lake	3,900	6,000.0	692.3	5,307.7	0.0	51.3	205.1	435.9	1,589.7	3,256.4	461.5
Clive	4,389	5,058.1	205.1	4,853.0	0.0	45.6	136.7	22.8	592.4	3,941.7	319.0
West Des Moines	22,000	4,704.5	222.7	4,481.8	4.5	0.0	63.6	154.5	745.5	3,540.9	195.5
Urbandale	17,965	4,564.4	161.4	4,403.0	0.0	0.0	39.0	122.5	562.2	3,696.1	144.7
Mount Vernon	3,311	4,439.7	30.2	4,409.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.2	271.8	3,956.5	181.2
Average SMSA Suburbs		3,997.1	162.5	3,834.6	1.7	6.9	42.9	111.0	570.5	3,080.3	183.7
Le Claire	2,600	3,807.7	76.9	3,730.8	0.0	38.5	0.0	38.5	923.1	2,576.9	230.8
Altoona	5,172	3,751.0	19.3	3,731.6	0.0	0.0	19.3	0.0	406.0	3,151.6	174.0
Cedar Falls	33,772	3,707.2	239.8	3,467.4	5.9	8.9	17.8	207.3	373.1	2,910.7	183.6
Bettendorf	27,000	3,559.3	114.8	3,444.4	0.0	0.0	74.1	40.7	655.6	2,659.3	129.6
Ankeny	14,500	3,379.3	20.7	3,358.6	0.0	0.0	13.8	6.9	317.2	2,931.0	110.3
Pleasant Hill	3,500	3,057.1	114.3	2,942.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	114.3	714.3	2,057.1	171.4
Indianola	9,611	2,798.9	31.2	2,767.7	0.0	10.4	10.4	10.4	249.7	2,393.1	124.9
Windsor Heights	6,506	2,751.3	92.2	2,659.1	0.0	0.0	61.5	30.7	368.9	2,136.5	153.7
Evansdale	5,500	2,472.7	363.6	2,109.1	0.0	36.4	18.2	309.1	218.2	1,672.7	218.2
Marion	21,000	2,357.1	28.6	2,328.6	0.0	0.0	19.0	9.5	447.6	1,747.6	133.3
Eldridge	3,200	2,093.8	31.3	2,062.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.3	343.8	1,625.0	93.8
Hiawatha	4,500	1,844.4	111.1	1,733.3	0.0	0.0	22.2	88.9	600.0	1,088.9	44.4
Dyersville	3,714	1,561.7	0.0	1,561.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	323.1	1,184.7	53.9
Coralville	6,600	8,424.2	469.7	7,954.5	0.0	75.8	60.6	333.3	2,151.5	5,257.6	545.5
Average Non-SMSA		5,752.3	223.1	5,529.2	7.0	34.9	27.9	153.4	1,143.5	4,078.9	306.8
Camanche	4,367	3,892.8	22.9	3,869.9	22.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	297.7	3,503.5	68.7
West Burlington	3,375	2,933.3	0.0	2,933.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	266.7	2,518.5	148.1

TABLE XII-I

CRIME RATES, SUBURBAN SHERIFFS,
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Polk	18,179	8,179.8	830.6	7,349.1	5.5	93.5	137.5	594.1	1,892.3	4,796.7	660.1
Average		2,579.9	148.7	2,431.2	1.1	19.8	21.9	105.9	737.4	1,494.6	199.2
Dubuque	24,637	2,549.0	40.6	2,508.4	0.0	12.2	8.1	20.3	401.8	1,936.1	170.5
Linn	27,910	2,540.3	93.2	2,447.2	0.0	7.2	7.2	78.8	1,014.0	1,236.1	197.1
Pottawattamie	23,216	2,463.8	103.4	2,360.4	0.0	8.6	30.2	64.6	805.5	1,356.8	198.1
Warren	18,488	2,158.2	86.5	2,071.6	0.0	16.2	5.4	64.9	681.5	1,244.1	146.0
Woodbury	15,276	1,891.9	72.0	1,819.8	6.5	6.5	6.5	52.4	752.8	968.8	98.2
Scott	24,864	1,484.1	32.2	1,451.9	0.0	8.0	8.0	16.1	526.9	796.3	128.7
Black Hawk	29,683	838.9	84.2	754.6	0.0	20.2	0.0	64.0	198.8	468.3	87.6

TABLE XII-J
CRIME RATES, RURAL AREAS
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Lee - South	2,108	4,222.0	142.3	4,079.7	47.4	47.4	0.0	47.4	1,945.0	1,945.0	189.8
Des Moines	8,248	3,661.5	24.2	3,637.2	0.0	12.1	0.0	12.1	1,236.7	2,097.5	303.1
Mills	7,411	3,616.2	54.0	3,562.3	0.0	27.0	0.0	27.0	1,187.4	2,159.0	215.9
Louisa	11,200	3,267.9	35.7	3,232.1	0.0	0.0	8.9	26.8	812.5	2,330.4	89.3
Cerro Gordo	9,834	3,193.0	20.3	3,172.7	0.0	20.3	0.0	0.0	1,240.6	1,728.7	203.4
Decatur	9,782	2,790.8	20.4	2,770.4	0.0	0.0	10.2	10.2	920.1	1,666.3	184.0
Johnson	18,925	2,636.7	58.1	2,578.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	58.1	935.3	1,474.2	169.1
Monroe	5,100	2,568.6	78.4	2,490.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	78.4	1,098.0	1,254.9	137.3
Clarke	4,439	2,297.8	45.1	2,252.8	0.0	0.0	45.1	0.0	811.0	1,329.1	112.6
Clay	7,355	2,229.8	176.8	2,053.0	13.6	40.8	13.6	108.8	693.4	1,196.5	163.2
Appanoose	7,373	2,224.3	13.6	2,210.8	0.0	13.6	0.0	0.0	556.1	1,641.1	13.6
Wapello	12,149	2,057.8	32.9	2,024.9	0.0	16.5	8.2	8.2	584.4	1,308.7	131.7
Jasper	17,299	2,011.7	40.5	1,971.2	0.0	17.3	0.0	23.1	1,005.8	901.8	63.6
Worth	9,500	2,000.0	42.1	1,957.9	10.5	21.1	0.0	10.5	842.1	1,000.0	115.8
Buchanan	16,116	1,973.2	12.4	1,960.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.4	961.8	887.3	111.7
Greene	7,816	1,957.5	0.0	1,957.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	985.2	895.6	76.8
Hamilton	8,526	1,923.5	23.5	1,900.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.5	1,114.2	645.1	140.7
Adams	7,000	1,914.3	28.6	1,885.7	0.0	14.3	14.3	0.0	471.4	1,342.9	71.4
Marion	11,748	1,889.7	8.5	1,881.2	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	459.7	1,379.0	42.6
Story	17,056	1,870.3	23.5	1,846.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.5	861.9	926.4	58.6
Fayette	13,832	1,829.1	79.5	1,749.6	0.0	14.5	0.0	65.1	780.8	918.2	50.6
Dickinson	9,922	1,814.2	20.2	1,794.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.2	383.0	1,400.9	10.1
Cass	9,976	1,794.3	10.0	1,784.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	581.4	1,132.7	70.2
Jefferson	5,305	1,790.8	56.6	1,734.2	0.0	0.0	56.6	0.0	904.8	772.9	56.6
Keokuk	13,943	1,785.8	14.3	1,771.5	0.0	0.0	7.2	7.2	695.7	1,054.3	21.5
Iowa	15,460	1,765.8	19.4	1,746.4	0.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	459.2	1,235.4	51.7
Fremont	9,282	1,756.1	21.5	1,734.5	0.0	10.8	0.0	10.8	484.8	1,174.3	75.4
Union	4,653	1,740.8	128.9	1,611.9	0.0	21.5	0.0	107.5	537.3	988.6	86.0
Calhoun	13,675	1,718.5	0.0	1,718.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	738.6	921.4	58.5
Webster	16,276	1,714.2	24.6	1,689.6	0.0	6.1	0.0	18.4	946.2	675.8	67.6
Clinton	15,249	1,705.0	52.5	1,652.6	0.0	6.6	0.0	45.9	498.4	1,082.0	72.1
Winnebago	9,153	1,693.4	174.8	1,518.6	0.0	21.9	0.0	153.0	349.6	1,059.8	109.3
Adair	9,383	1,683.9	53.3	1,630.6	0.0	0.0	10.7	42.6	714.1	884.6	32.0
Montgomery	6,478	1,682.6	0.0	1,682.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	339.6	1,157.8	185.2

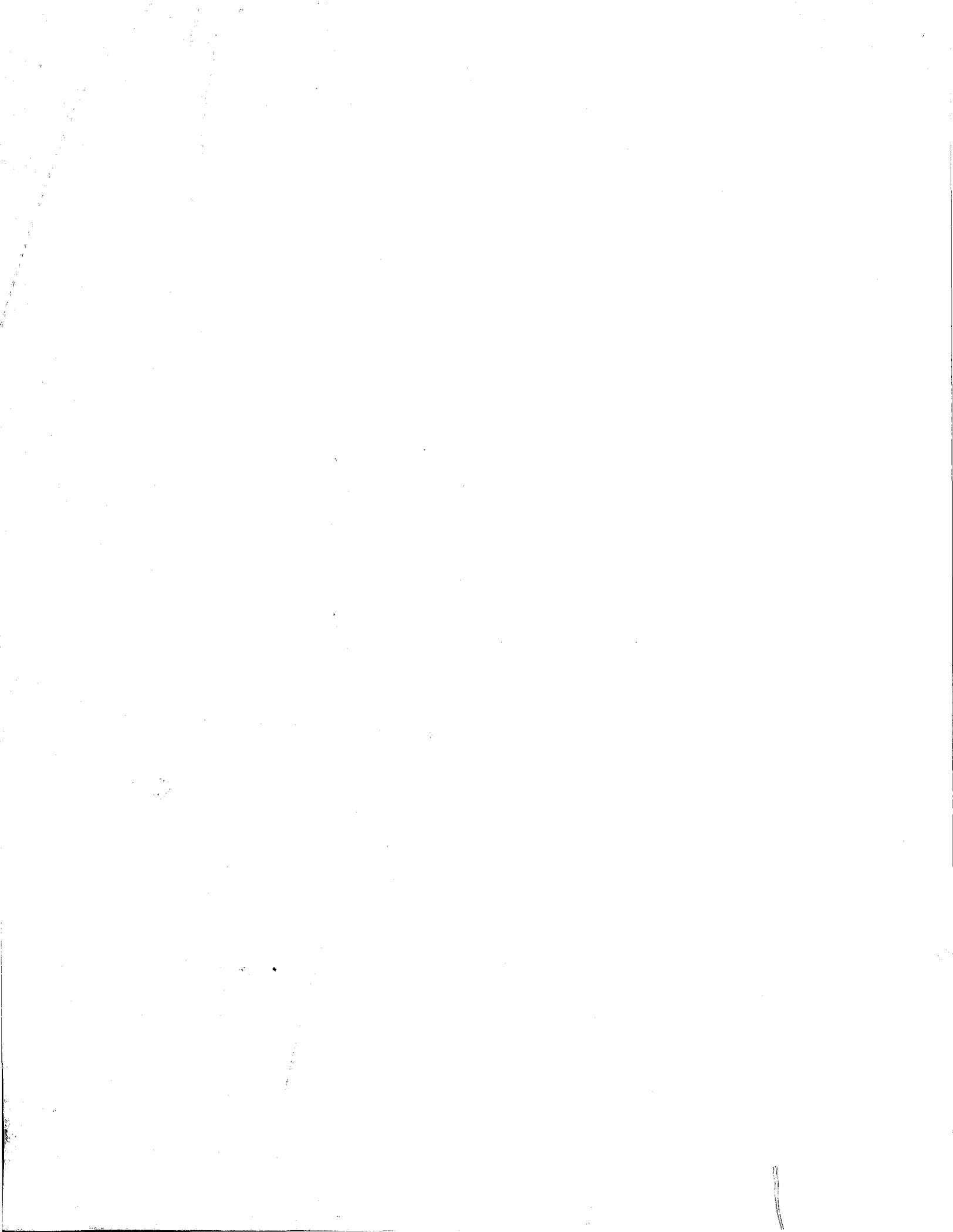


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<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Ringgold	6,373	1,663.3	15.7	1,647.6	0.0	0.0	15.7	0.0	1,459.3	94.1	94.1
Cherokee	9,538	1,656.5	21.0	1,635.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.0	545.2	1,017.0	73.4
Wayne	8,185	1,624.9	0.0	1,624.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	415.4	1,087.4	122.2
Hancock	11,000	1,618.2	36.4	1,581.8	0.0	18.2	0.0	18.2	590.9	890.9	100.0
Poweshiek	10,118	1,611.0	39.5	1,571.5	0.0	0.0	19.8	19.8	652.3	850.0	69.2
Boone	14,044	1,602.1	71.2	1,530.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.2	847.3	626.6	57.0
Audubon	6,169	1,588.6	16.2	1,572.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	437.7	1,102.3	32.4
Lee - North	9,808	1,549.8	51.0	1,498.8	0.0	20.4	0.0	30.6	540.4	917.6	40.8
Washington	12,466	1,540.2	96.3	1,443.9	0.0	8.0	8.0	80.2	593.6	705.9	144.4
Allamakee	11,014	1,534.4	18.2	1,516.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.2	363.2	1,071.4	81.7
Marshall	13,576	1,532.1	44.2	1,487.9	14.7	0.0	14.7	14.7	530.3	869.2	88.4
Humboldt	7,975	1,529.8	0.0	1,529.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	627.0	790.0	112.9
Lucas	5,165	1,510.2	19.4	1,490.8	0.0	0.0	19.4	0.0	677.6	793.8	19.4
Harrison	12,994	1,508.4	15.4	1,493.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	577.2	831.2	84.7
Tama	16,633	1,491.0	66.1	1,424.9	0.0	6.0	12.0	48.1	559.1	805.6	60.1
Guthrie	12,178	1,486.3	65.7	1,420.6	0.0	24.6	8.2	32.8	451.6	862.2	106.7
Mahaska	10,729	1,482.0	28.0	1,454.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	18.6	438.1	988.0	28.0
Davis	5,740	1,480.8	52.3	1,428.6	0.0	0.0	52.3	0.0	1,080.1	296.2	52.3
Dallas	17,252	1,478.1	17.4	1,460.7	0.0	11.6	5.8	0.0	672.4	724.6	63.8
Average		1,472.4	31.7	1,440.7	1.2	4.3	4.4	21.8	542.6	823.4	74.7
Ida	9,300	1,451.6	21.5	1,430.1	0.0	0.0	10.8	10.8	430.1	967.7	32.3
Page	7,361	1,440.0	40.8	1,399.3	0.0	13.6	0.0	27.2	421.1	896.6	81.5
Henry	10,368	1,331.0	28.9	1,302.1	9.6	0.0	9.6	9.6	723.4	549.8	28.9
Shelby	9,997	1,330.4	0.0	1,330.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	410.1	870.3	50.0
Cedar	14,625	1,306.0	34.2	1,271.8	0.0	0.0	6.8	27.4	512.8	574.4	184.6
Kossuth	16,605	1,300.8	6.0	1,294.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	433.6	831.1	30.1
Butler	17,174	1,222.8	11.6	1,211.1	0.0	0.0	5.8	5.8	489.1	663.8	58.2
Chickasaw	11,553	1,211.8	51.9	1,159.9	0.0	8.7	8.7	34.6	285.6	796.3	77.9
Jones	12,414	1,208.3	8.1	1,200.3	8.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	265.8	805.5	128.9
Hardin	12,134	1,178.5	0.0	1,178.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	527.4	560.4	90.7
Muscatine	16,030	1,116.7	31.2	1,085.5	6.2	0.0	6.2	18.7	617.6	430.4	37.4
Taylor	7,986	1,114.5	0.0	1,114.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	275.5	813.9	25.0

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Pocahontas	12,793	1,110.0	39.1	1,070.9	15.6	0.0	0.0	23.5	515.9	508.1	46.9
Mitchell	9,176	1,089.8	0.0	1,089.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	207.1	860.9	21.8
Wright	6,968	1,047.6	57.4	990.2	0.0	0.0	28.7	28.7	459.2	459.2	71.8
Benton	15,738	1,023.0	31.8	991.2	6.4	6.4	0.0	19.1	336.8	521.0	133.4
Carroll	14,002	1,021.3	0.0	1,021.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	428.5	542.8	50.0
Osceola	9,000	1,000.0	11.1	988.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	266.7	622.2	100.0
Bremer	16,752	937.2	11.9	925.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	220.9	650.7	53.7
Buena Vista	12,049	929.5	0.0	929.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	273.9	564.4	91.3
Winnesheik	13,823	897.1	57.9	839.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	57.9	289.4	491.9	57.9
Palo Alto	9,118	888.4	0.0	888.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	877.4	0.0	11.0
O'Brien	12,838	888.0	23.4	864.6	0.0	0.0	7.8	15.6	233.7	607.6	23.4
Sac	11,742	860.2	8.5	851.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.5	255.5	570.6	25.5
Crawford	12,898	814.1	7.8	806.3	0.0	0.0	7.8	0.0	217.1	573.7	15.5
Clayton	22,000	813.6	45.5	768.2	0.0	0.0	9.1	36.4	200.0	513.6	54.5
Franklin	9,052	806.5	11.0	795.4	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	452.9	265.1	77.3
Madison	8,182	794.4	12.2	782.2	0.0	0.0	12.2	0.0	440.0	305.5	36.7
Howard	7,273	756.2	0.0	756.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	247.5	508.7	0.0
Jackson	15,960	751.9	18.8	733.1	0.0	0.0	6.3	12.5	225.6	482.5	25.1
Grundy	11,352	731.1	52.9	678.3	0.0	0.0	8.8	44.0	246.7	361.2	70.5
Monona	8,425	712.2	11.9	700.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	189.9	391.7	118.7
Plymouth	16,340	697.7	0.0	697.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	299.9	361.1	36.7
Sioux	18,386	685.3	65.3	620.0	0.0	10.9	0.0	54.4	157.7	369.8	92.5
Delaware	14,112	680.3	92.1	588.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	92.1	297.6	283.4	7.1
Emmet	4,920	650.4	20.3	630.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.3	122.0	487.8	20.3
Van Buren	8,300	590.4	12.0	578.3	0.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	84.3	481.9	12.0
Floyd	10,741	512.1	9.3	502.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	288.6	176.9	37.2
Lyon	10,738	419.1	9.3	409.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.3	37.3	335.3	37.3



above and below the average for cities of comparable size. More of a trend is evident in this figure in 1977 than was the case in 1976, when every SMSA city above the average reported suburbs below the average and vice versa. This year, however, the major cities in both Black Hawk and Scott Counties reported rates below the average for cities of comparable size, while three of the four major Polk County cities reported rates above average. Table XIII was constructed to assist in interpretation of this figure, and indicates the above or below average status of each of these major cities in 1976 and 1977.

TABLE XIII
MAJOR CITIES' CRIME RATES
1976 AND 1977

	<u>1976</u>	<u>1977</u>		<u>1976</u>	<u>1977</u>
Dubuque	-	-	Clinton	-	+
Bettendorf	-	-	Burlington	-	+
Fort Madison	-	-	Des Moines	-	+
Ottumwa	-	-	Urbandale	-	+
Marion	-	-	Keokuk	+	+
Cedar Falls	-	-	Iowa City	+	+
Ankeny	-	-	Cedar Rapids	+	+
Ames	-	-	Oskaloosa	+	+
Boone	-	-	Newton	+	+
Sioux City	-	-	Mason City	+	+
Davenport	+	-	West Des Moines	+	+
Muscatine	+	-	Fort Dodge	+	+
Waterloo	+	-	Spencer	+	+
Marshalltown	+	-	Council Bluffs	+	+

+ = Above average for comparable cities
- = Below average for comparable cities.

The table illustrates that cities possessing below average rates during both years were Dubuque, Bettendorf, Fort Madison, Ottumwa, Marion, Cedar Falls, Ankeny, Ames, Boone, and Sioux City, while cities possessing above average rates for both years were Keokuk, Iowa City, Cedar Rapids, Oskaloosa, Newton, Mason City, West Des Moines, Fort Dodge, Spencer, and Council Bluffs. All other cities showed above average rates one year and below average rates the other.

Looking at Table XII-H, one finds discrepancies from a trend noted previously. Less of a relationship exists in this table between population and crime rank, as three of the largest cities in this category -- Carroll, Charles City, and Indianola possessed rates below average for the category, but only one of the largest cities, Webster City, reported an above average rate. Similar trend is noted for the smallest cities: while Chariton, Harlan, Evansdale, and Nevada reported below average rates, Glenwood, Clarinda, and Altoona reported above average rates. Unlike another previously-noted trend, Coralville, the city with the highest rate in this category, reported highest rates both in the violent and property crime categories, as its rates for rape, larceny, and motor vehicle theft were the highest. Coralville also reported the second highest rates for assault and robbery.

It is more difficult to identify trends for cities reporting low rates in the violent crime categories, as many cities reported no crimes in one or more of these categories. For property crime, however, Denison reported the lowest burglary rate, Nevada the lowest larceny rate, and Shenandoah the lowest motor vehicle theft rate.

In Table XII-H, one finds Carter Lake reporting the highest rate, as was the case in 1976. Pleasant Hill, which reported one of the highest rates in 1976, dropped considerably in 1977 in large part due to what is thought to be a more accurate population estimate.

Carter Lake also reported the highest rates in the violent crime category, rape, robbery and burglary. Spirit Lake reported the highest rate for property crimes and, it logically follows, larceny. Emmetsburg topped the list for motor vehicle theft, and Fayette for assault.

In the violent crimes, a trend again is difficult to identify, as 14 of the cities reported no violent crime in 1977. Clarion, however, reported the lowest burglary rate, Belmond the lowest larceny rate, and Osage, Hawarden, Belmond, and Orange City the lowest motor vehicle theft rates.

Table XII-H presents rank order crime rates for SMSA and non-SMSA suburbs. One will note that, in the suburban category at least, there appears to be little relationship between population and total crime index.

Table XII-J is a new table not presented in 1976, and contains rank order rates for suburban sheriffs for 1977. The table is interesting in that it demonstrates the difference between the unincorporated areas of Polk County and the unincorporated areas in other SMSAs. The rate reported by the Polk County sheriff is more than three times the rate of the next highest rate, reported by the Dubuque County sheriff. In fact, it is in the unincorporated areas of Polk County in which that county's highest crime rate apparently occurs. The Polk sheriff also reported the highest rates in the violent and property crime categories, for rape, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft. The only rate which was not highest in Polk County was for murder, in which the Woodbury County rate slightly exceeded Polk County's. It is also of note that the Dubuque County sheriff's rate is the second highest in the suburban sheriffs category as, it will be remembered, Dubuque reported the lowest crime rate for SMSAs.

Table XII-K presents crime rates for the rural areas of the state. It is evident from the table that, with few exceptions, the rural areas of the state contain

relatively low crime rates, as the average for the rural areas is little more than half the average for the next highest category, cities of less than 5,000 population. This is particularly true for violent crime, as the average for rural areas is well under half the next lowest average for any category.

D. Rank Ordering of Cities and Counties Regardless of Size

This section replaces the section of the 1976 Annual Uniform Crime Report which presented the top and bottom ten cities and counties of the state, regardless of size. This year a complete itemization of cities and counties in rank order is presented, along with a notation of each jurisdiction's ranking for 1976. This permits easy comparison of a jurisdiction's relative position in 1976 and 1977.

Extensive analysis of these tables will not be attempted, save to say that for counties the most urban counties show a strong tendency to have the highest rates, and the most rural counties the lowest rates. For cities, particularly at the top end of the scale, there appears to be a relationship between crime rate and population. Cities and counties having a high rank in 1976 also tended to have high ranks in 1977, as is also the case at the bottom end of the scale.

Those jurisdictions showing a large change in rank between 1976 and 1977 may tend to have rates which are not completely accurate for one year or the other: Adel, for example, which reported a high ranking in 1976 and low ranking in 1977, also had a change in police chief which apparently resulted in the loss of some crime figures. Thus, it is entirely possible that the figures reported for 1977 for Adel are incomplete.

One trend noted in the tables this year was identified last year: that some of the more rural counties tend to have high burglary rates accompanied by very low larceny rates. Union and Ringgold Counties are of particular note in this respect, reporting the second and the third highest burglary rates in the state and the second and third lowest larceny rates. It would appear that the ratio between reported burglary and reported larceny is considerably different in the rural areas than it is in the urban areas of the state.

TABLE XIV-A

TOTAL CRIME INDEX, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Crime Index	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Crime Index	1976 Rank
1	Pottawattamie	7,185.2	2	50	Harrison	2,109.2	55
2	Polk	6,858.4	4	51	Hancock	2,103.7	36
3	Linn	6,501.2	3*	52	Henry	2,054.9	65
4	Cerro Gordo	6,169.4	1	53	Hardin	2,046.3	56
5	Johnson	5,716.8	9	54	Worth	2,000.0	58
6	Woodbury	5,524.3	6	55	Shelby	1,973.9	59
7	Scott	5,288.9	5	56	Kossuth	1,915.4	45
8	Des Moines	5,212.4	11	57	Adams	1,914.3	51
9	Black Hawk	4,795.8	7	58	Winneshiek	1,909.3	79
10	Clay	4,696.3	14	59	Carroll	1,865.4	56
11	Webster	4,557.9	8	60	Wright	1,799.6	46*
12	Clinton	4,513.5	16	61	Keokuk	1,785.8	74
13	Dubuque	4,135.2	12	62	Allamakee	1,780.0	62
14	Lee	4,124.1	10	63	Iowa	1,765.8	75
15	Mills	3,802.8	28	64	Jones	1,763.4	66
16	Marshall	3,737.0	13	65	Tama	1,758.2	48
17	Mahaska	3,684.0	15	66	Fremont	1,756.1	49
18	Union	3,280.8	19	67	O'Brien	1,746.9	77*
19	Washington	3,271.9	44	68	Calhoun	1,718.5	61
20	Louisa	3,267.9	22	69	Adair	1,683.9	81
21	Jasper	3,240.6	24	70	Ringgold	1,663.3	60
22	Appanoose	3,213.9	23	71	Franklin	1,644.2	70
23	Wapello	3,119.9	21*	72	Wayne	1,624.9	76
24	Jefferson	3,041.5	40*	73	Floyd	1,576.0	99
25	Muscatine	3,002.8	17	74	Audubon	1,558.3	68
26	Buchanan	3,002.4	50	75	Benton	1,536.2	72
27	Boone	2,992.9	26	76	Guthrie	1,486.3	86
28	Hamilton	2,949.4	29	77	Jackson	1,475.4	69
29	Greene	2,878.3	25	78	Mitchell	1,464.8	64
30	Story	2,827.5	18	79	Ida	1,451.6	78
31	Decatur	2,790.8	37	80	Cedar	1,408.2	82
32	Dickinson	2,766.7	27	81	Emmet	1,311.1	34*
33	Monroe	2,552.1	41	82	Plymouth	1,266.8	80*
34	Fayette	2,524.4	71*	83	Howard	1,232.1	88
35	Lucas	2,480.4	63*	84	Butler	1,222.8	89
36	Montgomery	2,442.6	20	85	Bremer	1,218.9	92
37	Marion	2,437.1	39	86	Chickasaw	1,166.4	67
38	Page	2,422.1	32	87	Crawford	1,150.9	90
39	Buena Vista	2,407.9	33	88	Sac	1,124.3	73
40	Warren	2,385.3	38	89	Taylor	1,114.5	85*
41	Palo Alto	2,314.8	53	90	Pocahontas	1,110.0	84
42	Winnebago	2,313.7	31	91	Osceola	1,000.0	91
43	Cass	2,306.4	35	92	Madison	991.9	87
44	Clarke	2,265.2	42*	93	Delaware	976.7	96*
45	Poweshiek	2,255.0	43	94	Monona	837.7	93*
46	Davis	2,189.9	52	95	Clayton	813.6	83*
47	Dallas	2,178.3	30*	96	Sioux	824.3	9*
48	Cherokee	2,165.7	54	97	Grundy	765.7	95
49	Humboldt	2,112.1	47	98	Van Buren	590.4	94
				99	Lyon	461.2	98

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-B

VIOLENT RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Violent Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Violent Rate	1976 Rank
1	Polk	380.6	1	50	Chickasaw	39.1	41
2	Scott	360.6	2	51	Pocahontas	39.1	75
3	Pottawattamie	289.4	4	52	Clarke	38.4	83*
4	Linn	242.5	3*	53	Louisa	35.7	24
5	Winnebago	241.6	12	54	Jefferson	35.4	80*
6	Johnson	233.3	8	55	Davis	34.9	42
7	Des Moines	203.9	6	56	Cherokee	34.3	53
8	Black Hawk	200.7	5	57	Poweshiek	31.9	26
9	Woodbury	192.8	9	58	Benton	29.8	51
10	Lucas	156.9	29*	59	Adams	28.6	10
11	Mills	145.0	20	60	Webster	27.5	58
12	Clinton	143.5	21	61	Jackson	27.3	73
13	Washington	133.2	14	62	Dallas	25.7	16*
14	Mahaska	129.3	43	63	Henry	22.8	87
15	Fayette	126.4	40*	64	Buchanan	22.6	25
16	Page	117.6	59	65	Audubon	22.3	96
17	Union	114.7	57	66	Fremont	21.5	50
18	Hancock	103.7	7	67	Ida	21.5	86
19	Clay	100.8	66	68	Decatur	20.4	89
20	Crawford	99.4	88	69	Floyd	20.1	72
21	Boone	96.4	37	70	Jones	19.5	94
22	Story	95.5	39	71	Iowa	19.4	82
23	Hardin	90.7	27	72	Hamilton	16.8	69
24	Wapello	90.2	38*	73	Madison	16.3	77
25	Marshall	90.1	13	74	Humboldt	15.9	55
26	Dubuque	80.5	19	75	Greene	15.7	54
27	TAMA	76.7	56	76	Ringgold	15.7	95
28	Winneshiek	74.3	65	77	Mitchell	15.3	68
29	Warren	74.1	28	78	Palo Alto	15.2	31
30	Emmet	73.7	60*	79	Dickinson	15.0	23
31	Jasper	73.5	30	80	Lyon	14.9	90
32	Delaware	73.5	93*	81	Keokuk	14.3	79
33	Cerro Gordo	69.5	18	82	Bremer	12.5	71
34	Lee	69.2	33	83	Harrison	12.1	74
35	Guthrie	65.7	98	84	Van Buren	12.0	84
36	Appanoose	60.5	81	85	Butler	11.6	64
37	Wright	60.0	32*	86	Osceola	11.1	97
38	Muscatine	58.9	22	87	Howard	8.9	49
39	Marion	58.3	48	88	Kossuth	8.8	67
40	Allamakee	53.3	17	89	Carroll	8.6	44
41	Adair	53.3	63	90	Monona	8.6	76*
42	Franklin	51.8	45	91	Plymouth	7.9	99*
43	Sioux	51.3	70*	92	Montgomery	7.7	62
44	Clayton	45.5	35*	93	Sac	6.7	46
45	Grundy	42.9	92	94	Shelby	6.6	47
46	Worth	42.1	15	95	Cass	5.8	61
47	Monroe	41.7	11	96	Buena Vista	4.8	52
48	O'Brien	40.2	36*	97	Taylor	0.0	34*
49	Cedar	40.1	78	98	Wayne		85
				99	Calhoun		91

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-C

PROPERTY RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Property Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Property Rate	1976 Rank
1	Pottawattamie	6,895.7	2	50	Winnebago	2,072.0	32
2	Polk	6,477.8	4	51	Henry	2,032.1	65
3	Linn	6,260.5	3*	52	Hancock	2,000.0	39
4	Cerro Gordo	6,099.9	1	53	Shelby	1,967.3	58
5	Johnson	5,483.5	9	54	Worth	1,957.9	61
6	Woodbury	5,331.5	6	55	Hardin	1,955.5	56
7	Des Moines	5,008.5	11	56	Kossuth	1,906.5	44
8	Scott	4,928.3	5	57	Adams	1,885.7	53
9	Clay	4,595.6	14	58	Carroll	1,856.8	54
10	Black Hawk	4,595.1	7	59	Winneshiek	1,835.0	78
11	Webster	4,530.3	8	60	Keokuk	1,771.5	71
12	Clinton	4,369.9	16	61	Iowa	1,746.4	72
13	Lee	4,055.0	10	62	Jones	1,743.9	66
14	Dubuque	4,054.7	12	63	Wright	1,739.7	48*
15	Mills	3,657.8	29	64	Fremont	1,734.5	47
16	Marshall	3,646.9	13	65	Allamakee	1,726.7	63
17	Mahaska	3,554.8	15	66	Calhoun	1,718.5	57
18	Louisa	3,232.1	23	67	O'Brien	1,706.7	79*
19	Jasper	3,167.1	24	68	Tama	1,681.6	59
20	Union	3,166.1	19	69	Ringgold	1,647.6	55
21	Appanoose	3,153.4	22	70	Adair	1,630.6	81
22	Washington	3,138.7	45	71	Wayne	1,624.9	76
23	Wapello	3,029.7	21*	72	Franklin	1,592.4	70
24	Jefferson	3,006.0	37*	73	Floyd	1,555.9	99
25	Buchanan	2,979.7	49	74	Audubon	1,536.1	67
26	Muscatine	2,943.9	17	75	Benton	1,506.4	74
27	Hamilton	2,932.6	28	76	Mitchell	1,449.5	62
28	Boone	2,896.4	26	77	Jackson	1,448.1	69
29	Greene	2,862.5	25	78	Ida	1,430.1	77
30	Decatur	2,770.4	36	79	Guthrie	1,420.6	84
31	Dickinson	2,751.7	27	80	Cedar	1,368.1	82
32	Story	2,732.0	18	81	Plymouth	1,258.9	80*
33	Monroe	2,510.4	42	82	Emmet	1,237.5	34*
34	Montgomery	2,434.9	20	83	Howard	1,223.2	88
35	Buena Vista	2,403.1	33	84	Butler	1,211.1	87
36	Fayette	2,397.9	73*	85	Bremer	1,206.3	90
37	Marion	2,378.8	40	86	Chickasaw	1,127.3	68
38	Lucas	2,323.5	64*	87	Sac	1,117.7	75
39	Warren	2,311.2	38	88	Taylor	1,114.5	86*
40	Page	2,304.4	31	89	Pocahontas	1,070.9	83
41	Cass	2,300.6	35	90	Crawford	1,051.5	89
42	Palo Alto	2,299.6	52	91	Osceola	988.9	93
43	Clarke	2,226.8	41*	92	Madison	975.6	85
44	Poweshiek	2,223.0	43	93	Delaware	903.2	96*
45	Davis	2,154.9	50	94	Monona	829.1	92*
46	Dallas	2,152.6	30*	95	Sioux	773.0	97*
47	Cherokee	2,131.4	60	96	Clayton	768.2	91*
48	Harrison	2,097.1	51	97	Grundy	722.7	94
49	Humboldt	2,096.1	46	98	Van Buren	578.3	95
				99	Lyon	446.3	98

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-D

MURDER RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Murder Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Murder Rate	1976 Rank
1	Pocahontas	15.6	47	50	Lyon		57
2	Clay	11.2	77	51	Hancock		59
3	Worth	10.5	40	52	Franklin		58
4	Polk	10.1	21	53	Winnebago		60
5	Emmet	7.4	62*	54	Calhoun		61
6	Marshall	7.3	8	55	Keokuk		5
7	Des Moines	6.6	17	56	Grundy		63
8	Henry	5.7	14	57	Jefferson		64*
9	Jones	4.9	80	58	Appanoose		65
10	Benton	4.3	91	59	Sac		66
11	Woodbury	3.9	30	60	Allamakee		67
12	Marion	3.6	20	61	Shelby		9
13	Black Hawk	3.5	29	62	Chickasaw		10
14	Pottawattamie	3.4	15	63	Iowa		68
15	Muscatine	2.6	26	64	Harrison		70
16	Scott	2.5	11	65	Wright		72*
17	Lee	2.4	6	66	Butler		12
18	Wapello	2.4	25*	67	Cass		71
19	Cerro Gordo	2.0	97	68	O'Brien		76*
20	Clinton	1.7	98	69	Cedar		75
21	Linn	0.6	22*	70	Cherokee		69
22	Ringgold	0.0	31	71	Hamilton		73
23	Adams		32	72	Page		79
24	Clarke		2*	73	Washington		13
25	Taylor		4*	74	Poweshiek		81
26	Wayne		33	75	Delaware		78*
27	Van Buren		3	76	Crawford		74
28	Davis		34	77	Tama		83
29	Audubon		38	78	Floyd		82
30	Osceola		36	79	Buena Vista		85
31	Fremont		37	80	Winneshiek		87
32	Ida		35	81	Mahaska		88
33	Adair		41	82	Jackson		86
34	Monroe		42	83	Clayton		84*
35	Decatur		39	84	Hardin		16
36	Lucas		43*	85	Buchanan		89
37	Howard		44	86	Kossuth		90
38	Louisa		45	87	Carroll		92
39	Monona		46*	88	Bremer		18
40	Guthrie		55	89	Plymouth		93*
41	Madison		48	90	Fayette		94*
42	Mills		52	91	Dallas		19*
43	Humboldt		50	92	Boone		7
44	Greene		49	93	Sioux		95*
45	Montgomery		53	94	Warren		96
46	Union		54	95	Jasper		23
47	Mitchell		51	96	Webster		27
48	Palo Alto		1	97	Johnson		24
49	Dickinson		56	98	Dubuque		28
				99	Story		99

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-E

RAPE RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Rape Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Rape Rate	1976 Rank
1	Johnson	41.3	3	50	Ringgold		52
2	Woodbury	28.1	6	51	Taylor		55*
3	Monona	24.6	11*	52	Wayne		56
4	Scott	24.1	8	53	Davis		57
5	Hancock	22.2	27	54	Osceola		59
6	Worth	21.1	1	55	Ida		58
7	Polk	20.9	5	56	Adair		64
8	Fayette	18.6	98*	57	Monroe		65
9	Pottawattamie	17.9	15	58	Decatur		63
10	Clay	16.8	87	59	Howard		67
11	Mills	16.1	74	60	Louisa		68
12	Des Moines	15.5	51	61	Guthrie		76
13	Black Hawk	15.5	9	62	Madison		70
14	Union	15.3	75	63	Greene		71
15	Warren	14.8	14	64	Pocahontas		69
16	Winnebago	14.6	28	65	Montgomery		24
17	Lee	14.3	50	66	Mitchell		73
18	Adams	14.3	13	67	Palo Alto		4
19	Jasper	14.1	23	68	Dickinson		16
20	Van Buren	12.0	54	69	Emmet		30*
21	Audubon	11.1	62	70	Calhoun		31
22	Fremont	10.8	60	71	Keokuk		29
23	Page	10.7	41	72	Grundy		79
24	Tama	10.2	92	73	Jefferson		80*
25	Lucas	9.8	66*	74	Sac		7
26	Linn	9.6	10*	75	Allamakee		82
27	Humboldt	8.0	72	76	Shelby		33
28	Lyon	7.4	77	77	Iowa		83
29	Franklin	7.4	25	78	Harrison		37
30	Dallas	7.3	17*	79	Wright		2*
31	Marion	7.3	99	80	Butler		19
32	Wapello	7.1	20*	81	Cass		38
33	Clinton	6.9	32	82	Cedar		40
34	Sioux	6.8	48*	83	Cherokee		36
35	Appanoose	6.7	81	84	Poweshiek		90
36	Chickasaw	6.5	34	85	Delaware		88*
37	Cerro Gordo	6.1	12	86	Crawford		86
38	O'Brien	5.7	78*	87	Floyd		91
39	Henry	5.7	85	88	Buena Vista		93
40	Hamilton	5.6	39	89	Winneshiek		96
41	Dubuque	5.5	35	90	Jackson		95
42	Washington	5.3	84	91	Clayton		94*
43	Jones	4.9	89	92	Hardin		97
44	Mahaska	4.6	43	93	Buchanan		21
45	Story	4.4	26	94	Kossuth		22
46	Benton	4.3	44	95	Carroll		45
47	Plymouth	3.9	61*	96	Bremer		47
48	Webster	2.1	46	97	Boone		18
49	Clarke	0.0	53*	98	Muscatine		49
				99	Marshall		42

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-F

ROBBERY RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Robbery Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Robbery Rate	1976 Rank
1	Scott	149.2	1	50	Appanoose	6.7	83
2	Polk	139.3	2	51	Chickasaw	6.5	24
3	Pottawattamie	103.2	5	52	Warren	5.9	55
4	Linn	69.0	3*	53	Butler	5.8	86
5	Black Hawk	59.2	4	54	Cedar	5.7	48
6	Woodbury	45.5	10	55	Cherokee	5.7	25
7	Marshall	39.0	6	56	Henry	5.7	88
8	Jefferson	35.4	23*	57	Clay	5.6	91
9	Davis	34.9	17	58	Story	5.5	56
10	Wapello	33.2	16*	59	Delaware	5.3	92*
11	Clinton	31.1	11	60	Crawford	5.2	90
12	Union	30.6	75	61	Jackson	4.6	96
13	Clarke	25.6	59*	62	Kossuth	4.4	33
14	Cerro Gordo	24.5	7	63	Carroll	4.3	53
15	Des Moines	24.4	8	64	Benton	4.3	34
16	Mahaska	23.1	30	65	Fayette	3.7	27*
17	Emmet	22.1	81*	66	Taylor	0.0	61*
18	Tama	20.4	29	67	Wayne		62
19	Jasper	19.8	46	68	Van Buren		60
20	Iowa	19.4	85	69	Audubon		66
21	Lee	19.1	51	70	Osceola		64
22	Dubuque	18.8	9	71	Fremont		65
23	Wright	18.0	45*	72	Worth		68
24	Johnson	17.3	12	73	Monroe		28
25	Washington	16.0	26	74	Howard		13
26	Ringgold	15.7	57	75	Monona		71*
27	Muscatine	15.4	14	76	Mills		36
28	Floyd	15.1	93	77	Humboldt		35
29	Adams	14.3	58	78	Pocahontas		72
30	Webster	12.7	15	79	Mitchell		74
31	O'Brien	11.5	47*	80	Palo Alto		39
32	Ida	10.8	63	81	Dickinson		77
33	Adair	10.7	69	82	Lyon		78
34	Poweshiek	10.6	20	83	Hancock		41
35	Decatur	10.2	67	84	Franklin		38
36	Lucas	9.8	70*	85	Winnebago		40
37	Clayton	9.1	94*	86	Calhoun		80
38	Hardin	9.1	52	87	Sac		42
39	Buchanan	9.0	32	88	Allamakee		84
40	Louisa	8.9	31	89	Shelby		43
41	Guthrie	8.2	76	90	Harrison		44
42	Madison	8.1	19	91	Cass		87
43	Greene	7.9	73	92	Hamilton		89
44	Montgomery	7.7	37	93	Page		49
45	Dallas	7.3	54*	94	Jones		50
46	Marion	7.3	22	95	Buena Vista		95
47	Keokuk	7.2	79	96	Winneshiek		18
48	Grundy	7.2	82	97	Bremer		97
49	Boone	7.1	21	98	Plymouth		98*
				99	Sioux		99*

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-G

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Assault Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Assault Rate	1976 Rank
1	Winnebago	227.0	10	50	Chickasaw	26.1	42
2	Polk	210.3	1	51	Pocahontas	23.5	67
3	Scott	184.8	5	52	O'Brien	23.0	25*
4	Johnson	174.6	13	53	Jackson	22.8	64
5	Pottawattamie	164.9	2	54	Poweshiek	21.3	22
6	Linn	163.3	3*	55	Benton	17.0	50
7	Des Moines	157.3	6	56	Mitchell	15.3	61
8	Lucas	137.3	19*	57	Palo Alto	15.2	49
9	Mills	128.9	16	58	Dickinson	15.0	20
10	Black Hawk	122.5	9	59	Buchanan	13.6	23
11	Woodbury	115.3	15	60	Clarke	12.8	88*
12	Washington	111.9	12	61	Webster	12.7	82
13	Page	106.9	59	62	Bremer	12.5	72
14	Fayette	104.1	32*	63	Harrison	12.1	83
15	Clinton	103.8	34	64	Hamilton	11.2	68
16	Mahaska	101.6	40	65	Audubon	11.1	91
17	Crawford	94.2	76	66	Osceola	11.1	90
18	Boone	89.3	46	67	Dallas	11.0	14*
19	Story	85.6	31	68	Fremont	10.8	37
20	Hardin	81.7	21	69	Ida	10.8	75
21	Hancock	81.5	4	70	Worth	10.5	17
22	Winneshiek	74.3	78	71	Decatur	10.2	77
23	Union	68.8	43	72	Jones	9.7	98
24	Delaware	68.3	86*	73	Howard	8.9	65
25	Clay	67.2	57	74	Monona	8.6	92*
26	Dubuque	56.3	35	75	Madison	8.1	93
27	Warren	53.3	29	76	Humboldt	8.0	47
28	Allamakee	53.3	11	77	Greene	7.9	39
29	Wapello	47.5	48*	78	Lyon	7.4	80
30	Appanoose	47.1	70	79	Keokuk	7.2	95
31	Tama	46.0	52	80	Sac	6.7	62
32	Sioux	44.5	66*	81	Shelby	6.6	58
33	Franklin	44.4	44	82	Butler	5.8	74
34	Emmet	44.2	53*	83	Cass	5.8	55
35	Marshall	43.8	33	84	Henry	5.7	84
36	Adair	42.6	51	85	Floyd	5.0	63
37	Wright	42.0	41*	86	Buena Vista	4.8	38
38	Monroe	41.7	8	87	Kossuth	4.4	79
39	Muscatine	41.0	26	88	Carroll	4.3	36
40	Marion	40.1	56	89	Plymouth	3.9	99*
41	Jasper	39.6	27	90	Ringgold	0.0	87
42	Cerro Gordo	36.8	54	91	Adams		7
43	Clayton	36.4	24*	92	Taylor		28*
44	Grundy	35.8	81	93	Wayne		73
45	Cedar	34.3	85	94	Van Buren		89
46	Lee	33.4	30	95	Davis		45
47	Guthrie	32.8	94	96	Montgomery		69
48	Cherokee	28.6	60	97	Calhoun		96
49	Louisa	26.8	18	98	Jefferson		97*
				99	Iowa		71

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-H

BURGLARY RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Burglary Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Burglary Rate	1976 Rank
1	Pottawattamie	2,098.9	3	50	Cherokee	548.6	17
2	Union	1,950.1	6	51	Jefferson	545.9	44*
3	Ringgold	1,459.3	2	52	Lucas	529.4	36*
4	Cerro Gordo	1,428.4	1	53	Franklin	518.4	62
5	Scott	1,302.2	4	54	Pocahontas	515.9	61
6	Linn	1,292.9	5*	55	Shelby	511.5	58
7	Davis	1,234.7	39	56	Madison	504.1	77
8	Buchanan	1,180.1	30	57	Cedar	498.0	50
9	Washington	1,156.3	54	58	Benton	489.4	67
10	Johnson	1,083.6	41	59	Butler	489.1	65
11	Woodbury	1,039.6	10	60	Fremont	484.8	70
12	Mills	1,031.3	16	61	Warren	480.0	69
13	Greene	1,006.6	9	62	Adams	471.4	32
14	Lee	1,001.8	21	63	Story	464.3	53
15	Hamilton	968.2	14	64	Iowa	459.2	74
16	Polk	965.5	18	65	Hardin	458.3	59
17	Palo Alto	948.7	38	66	Guthrie	451.6	78
18	Decatur	920.1	37	67	Carroll	449.1	63
19	Appanoose	894.2	34	68	O'Brien	448.2	86*
20	Webster	893.8	8	69	Ida	430.1	60
21	Black Hawk	877.5	15	70	Marion	429.9	66
22	Mahaska	877.2	12	71	Page	427.7	68
23	Worth	842.1	25	72	Winnebago	417.3	76
24	Jasper	837.0	19	73	Wayne	415.4	52
25	Henry	825.4	87	74	Wright	401.9	51*
26	Des Moines	815.5	29	75	Audubon	400.7	84
27	Louisa	812.5	7	76	Montgomery	385.3	49
28	Wapello	799.5	11*	77	Sac	374.8	56
29	Clarke	793.4	27*	78	Buena Vista	344.0	75
30	Humboldt	765.1	47	79	Allamakee	333.3	81
31	Harrison	747.3	46	80	Winneshek	329.8	88
32	Calhoun	738.6	26	81	Delaware	325.6	93*
33	Muscatine	737.9	20	82	Floyd	312.2	96
34	Adair	714.1	48	83	Chickasaw	286.7	72
35	Poweshiek	707.3	28	84	Jackson	277.8	92
36	Boone	700.0	31	85	Taylor	275.5	82*
37	Dallas	697.9	22*	86	Bremer	267.1	91
38	Monroe	697.9	42	87	Osceola	266.7	99
39	Keokuk	695.7	57	88	Jones	258.2	85
40	Tama	659.3	23	89	Plymouth	252.6	89*
41	Hancock	659.3	13	90	Mitchell	236.5	83
42	Fayette	654.3	71*	91	Monona	224.5	80*
43	Clay	649.3	45	92	Sioux	215.5	94*
44	Clinton	636.4	64	93	Howard	214.3	79
45	Marshall	635.4	24	94	Grundy	207.5	73
46	Dubuque	615.5	43	95	Clayton	200.0	55*
47	Cass	589.6	40	96	Crawford	162.2	98
48	Dickinson	577.3	35	97	Emmet	132.6	95*
49	Kossuth	573.7	33	98	Van Buren	84.3	97
				99	Lyon	52.1	90

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-I

LARCENY RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Larceny Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Larceny Rate	1976 Rank
1	Polk	5,143.3	1	50	Carroll	1,286.8	50
2	Linn	4,616.4	2*	51	Clarke	1,279.8	41*
3	Cerro Gordo	4,250.5	3	52	Kossuth	1,266.6	45
4	Pottawattamie	4,194.4	4	53	Allamakee	1,253.3	57
5	Johnson	4,122.6	8	54	Iowa	1,235.4	65
6	Woodbury	3,897.7	7	55	Wright	1,229.8	42*
7	Des Moines	3,871.6	12	56	O'Brien	1,218.3	70*
8	Clay	3,728.0	13	57	Hancock	1,214.8	56
9	Black Hawk	3,515.5	6	58	Harrison	1,205.3	47
10	Clinton	3,448.2	16	59	Mitchell	1,197.7	49
11	Scott	3,314.9	5	60	Humboldt	1,195.5	46
12	Webster	3,183.3	11	61	Floyd	1,193.4	98
13	Dubuque	3,160.2	10	62	Fremont	1,174.3	40
14	Lee	2,824.2	9	63	Henry	1,161.2	53
15	Marshall	2,794.8	15	64	Palo Alto	1,138.4	58
16	Mahaska	2,511.4	20	65	Jackson	1,129.3	54
17	Mills	2,433.1	31	66	Wayne	1,087.4	79
18	Jefferson	2,360.9	39*	67	Emmet	1,068.1	24*
19	Louisa	2,330.4	29	68	Keokuk	1,054.3	71
20	Appanoose	2,198.6	17	69	Audubon	1,046.3	59
21	Story	2,188.7	14	70	Worth	1,000.0	75
22	Jasper	2,174.5	22	71	Howard	982.1	86
23	Dickinson	2,106.9	21	72	Ida	967.7	77
24	Boone	2,057.1	25	73	Franklin	962.8	74
25	Muscatine	2,042.0	19	74	Plymouth	943.2	72*
26	Wapello	1,966.8	23*	75	Calhoun	921.4	68
27	Buena Vista	1,957.4	32	76	Tama	914.9	64
28	Montgomery	1,857.0	18	77	Adair	884.6	87
29	Hamilton	1,813.8	33	78	Bremer	880.7	85
30	Washington	1,811.8	43	79	Benton	863.8	78
31	Marion	1,806.9	35	80	Crawford	863.2	80
32	Greene	1,777.3	30	81	Guthrie	862.2	84
33	Page	1,743.0	27	82	Davis	838.7	60
34	Lucas	1,705.9	69*	83	Taylor	813.9	82*
35	Warren	1,683.0	36	84	Chickasaw	762.4	67
36	Decatur	1,666.3	38	85	Sac	702.7	76
37	Monroe	1,656.3	44	86	Cedar	692.7	88
38	Buchanan	1,645.9	61	87	Butler	663.8	90
39	Cass	1,635.8	37	88	Osceola	622.2	81
40	Fayette	1,609.8	63*	89	Delaware	556.6	93*
41	Winnebago	1,522.9	28	90	Clayton	513.6	92*
42	Cherokee	1,434.3	73	91	Pocahontas	508.1	91
43	Poweshiek	1,425.3	51	92	Sioux	492.5	94*
44	Winneshiek	1,412.2	66	93	Monona	483.6	95*
45	Hardin	1,388.4	52	94	Van Buren	481.9	89
46	Shelby	1,383.7	48	95	Grundy	450.8	97
47	Dallas	1,373.8	34*	96	Madison	439.0	83
48	Jones	1,344.4	55	97	Lyon	357.1	96
49	Adams	1,342.9	62	98	Union	214.1	26
				99	Ringgold	94.1	99

*Estimated

TABLE XIV-J

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE, COUNTIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	M.V. Theft Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	M.V. Theft Rate	1976 Rank
1	Pottawattamie	602.4	1	50	Wright	108.0	72*
2	Webster	453.2	3	51	Tama	107.3	46
3	Cerro Gordo	421.0	2	52	Guthrie	106.7	64
4	Woodbury	394.3	4	53	Buena Vista	101.7	37
5	Polk	369.1	6	54	Osceola	100.0	94
6	Linn	351.1	7*	55	Jefferson	99.3	43*
7	Des Moines	321.3	17	56	Ringgold	94.1	52
8	Scott	311.1	8	57	Winneshiek	92.9	78
9	Clinton	285.3	14	58	Poweshiek	90.4	44
10	Dubuque	279.1	9	59	Louisa	89.3	50
11	Johnson	277.2	11	60	Audubon	89.0	70
12	Wapello	263.4	10*	61	Lucas	88.2	84*
13	Lee	229.0	11	62	Davis	81.5	26
14	Union	221.8	23	63	Dallas	80.8	38*
15	Clay	218.3	13	64	Story	79.0	51
16	Marshall	216.7	16	65	Greene	78.6	32
17	Palo Alto	212.5	80	66	Chickasaw	78.2	40
18	Black Hawk	202.1	12	67	Fremont	75.4	35
19	Mills	193.4	30	68	Cass	75.1	45
20	Montgomery	192.6	5	69	Shelby	72.2	83
21	Decatur	184.0	65	70	Adams	71.4	63
22	Cedar	177.5	67	71	Dickinson	67.5	75
23	Washington	170.5	34	72	Kossuth	66.2	62
24	Mahaska	166.2	21	73	Sioux	65.0	88*
25	Muscatine	164.0	19	74	Grundy	64.4	81
26	Monroe	156.3	22	75	Plymouth	63.1	60*
27	Jasper	155.5	42	76	Appanoose	60.5	49
28	Buchanan	153.7	29	77	Calhoun	58.5	76
29	Clarke	153.6	48*	78	Bremer	58.4	85
30	Benton	153.2	24	79	Butler	58.2	90
31	Hamilton	151.1	20	80	Clayton	54.5	59*
32	Cherokee	148.6	53	81	Iowa	51.7	77
33	Warren	148.2	33	82	Floyd	50.4	57
34	Harrison	144.6	74	83	Pocahontas	46.9	27
35	Marion	142.1	56	84	Henry	45.5	28
36	Jones	141.3	41	85	Jackson	41.0	91
37	Allamakee	140.0	31	86	O'Brien	40.2	58*
38	Boone	139.3	18	87	Sac	40.2	69
39	Humboldt	135.5	54	88	Lyon	37.2	93
40	Fayette	133.8	73*	89	Emmet	36.8	96*
41	Page	133.7	36	90	Madison	32.5	82
42	Winnebago	130.8	25	91	Ida	32.3	89
43	Hancock	125.9	71	92	Adair	32.0	79
44	Wayne	122.2	92	93	Howard	26.8	87
45	Carroll	120.9	47	94	Crawford	26.2	98
46	Monona	120.9	61*	95	Taylor	25.0	97*
47	Worth	115.8	55	96	Keokuk	21.5	95
48	Franklin	111.1	68	97	Delaware	21.0	86*
49	Hardin	108.9	39	98	Mitchell	15.3	66
				99	Van Buren	12.0	99

*Estimated

TABLE XV-A

TOTAL CRIME INDEX, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Crime Index	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Crime Index	1976 Rank
1	Council Bluffs	9,026.9	4	46	Altoona	3,751.0	47
2	Cedar Rapids	8,703.7	2	47	Decorah	3,725.8	75
3	Coralville	8,424.2	18	48	Cedar Falls	3,707.2	34
4	Des Moines	7,776.4	8	49	Eagle Grove	3,628.4	55
5	Waterloo	7,181.2	7	50	Bloomfield	3,620.4	63
6	Mason City	7,118.7	3	51	Algona	3,600.9	32
7	Davenport	6,845.2	6	52	Forest City	3,573.8	30
8	Washington	6,698.4	73	53	Bettendorf	3,559.3	41
9	Iowa City	6,533.3	14	54	Ottumwa	3,550.0	40
10	Keokuk	6,503.2	5	55	Ames	3,506.0	27
11	Spencer	6,422.5	19	56	Chariton	3,475.7	97
12	Sioux City	6,155.3	12	57	Pella	3,412.5	67
13	Clinton	6,085.0	22	58	Carlisle	3,400.0	--
14	Fort Dodge	6,053.8	11	59	Maquoketa	3,400.0	65
15	Carter Lake	6,000.0	1	60	Ankeny	3,379.3	46
16	Clear Lake	5,977.3	9	61	Hampton	3,348.3	69
17	Oskaloosa	5,845.2	16	62	Fort Madison	3,308.5	50
18	Burlington	5,823.9	26	63	Tama	3,274.2	54
19	Independence	5,766.7	48	64	Iowa Falls	3,268.7	66
20	Spirit Lake	5,534.4	10	65	Red Oak	3,200.0	28
21	Emmetsburg	5,520.0	37	66	Harlan	3,198.8	83
22	Clive	5,058.1	17	67	Monticello	3,161.4	68
23	Dubuque	4,915.8	23	68	Carroll	3,156.4	61
24	Marshalltown	4,825.5	15	69	Humboldt	3,127.7	70
25	Newton	4,808.1	21	70	Mount Pleasant	3,097.2	71
26	West Des Moines	4,704.5	24	71	Pleasant Hill	3,057.1	44
27	Urbandale	4,564.4	45	72	Grinnell	3,005.2	74
28	Storm Lake	4,481.4	36	73	Atlantic	3,003.8	51
29	Mount Vernon	4,439.7	53	74	Fayette	2,999.2	110*
30	Boone	4,392.4	31	75	West Burlington	2,933.3	92
31	Jefferson	4,346.9	39	76	Charles City	2,829.3	113
32	Muscatine	4,317.4	25	77	Indianola	2,798.9	85
33	Perry	4,305.6	42	78	Eldora	2,776.0	89
34	Missouri Valley	4,277.8	57	79	Cherokee	2,775.7	84
35	Garner	4,240.0	--	80	Windsor Heights	2,751.3	43
36	Sheldon	4,163.0	60*	81	Belle Plaine	2,642.9	109
37	Centerville	4,186.7	20	82	Vinton	2,539.3	78
38	Creston	4,131.5	29	83	Albia	2,533.3	62
39	Glenwood	4,079.2	59	84	Evansdale	2,472.7	64
40	Clarinda	4,078.4	33	85	Waukon	2,458.6	80
41	Oelwein	3,996.4	56	86	Marion	2,357.1	77
42	Camanche	3,892.8	52	87	Osage	2,339.8	79
43	Webster City	3,885.7	35	88	Le Mars	2,300.0	82
44	Le Claire	3,807.7	38	89	Knoxville	2,258.9	81
45	Fairfield	3,795.5	76	90	Shenandoah	2,226.9	72

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Crime</u> <u>Index</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Osceola	2,222.2	104*
92	Anamosa	2,173.4	87
93	DeWitt	2,127.1	98
94	Cresco	2,113.6	101
95	Sac City	2,093.8	49
96	Eldridge	2,093.8	86
97	Tipton	1,933.9	95
98	Clarion	1,931.0	90
99	Waverly	1,873.7	102
100	Denison	1,849.5	105
101	Hiawatha	1,844.4	91*
102	Manchester	1,825.2	94
103	Colfax	1,739.1	--
104	Estherville	1,686.7	58*
105	Hawarden	1,654.5	--
106	Dyersville	1,561.7	100
107	Audubon	1,492.0	103
108	West Union	1,464.3	106
109	Winterset	1,384.2	88
110	Norwalk	1,320.8	--
111	Sioux Center	1,209.1	99
112	Onawa	1,173.1	--
113	New Hampton	1,028.2	93
114	Adel	1,010.5	13*
115	Grundy Center	915.0	112
116	Nevada	735.8	107
117	Rock Rapids	628.5	108
118	Belmond	565.7	96*
119	Orange City	520.6	111

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-B

VIOLENT RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Violent Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Violent Rate	1976 Rank
1	Carter Lake	692.3	1	46	Estherville	104.9	59*
2	Fayette	631.4	4*	47	Decorah	103.9	62
3	Davenport	526.9	3	48	Newton	101.5	66
4	Coralville	469.7	18	49	Dubuque	101.1	33
5	Des Moines	431.3	6	50	Windsor Heights	92.2	96
6	Garner	400.0	--	51	Sheldon	87.6	69*
7	Forest City	377.4	30	52	Mason City	83.8	31
8	Clarinda	372.5	63	53	Monticello	83.2	107
9	Evansdale	363.6	13	54	Muscatine	78.3	34
10	Cedar Rapids	338.9	5	55	Le Claire	76.9	26
11	Council Bluffs	333.7	7	56	Clear Lake	72.7	79
12	Eldora	311.9	32	57	West Union	71.4	74
13	Chariton	297.9	24	58	Tipton	70.3	104
14	Denison	289.5	81	59	Oelwein	64.7	47
15	Glenwood	279.9	71	60	DeWitt	54.5	84
16	Iowa City	268.7	17	61	Knoxville	51.9	73
17	Burlington	268.7	10	62	Osage	50.9	48
18	Cedar Falls	239.8	12	63	Cherokee	50.2	70
19	Oskaloosa	228.7	39	64	Independence	50.0	11
20	West Des Moines	222.7	16	65	Maquoketa	50.0	67
21	Waterloo	220.7	9	66	Emmetsburg	49.3	19
22	Sioux City	213.8	22	67	Spencer	47.6	86
23	Clinton	208.4	29	68	Humboldt	43.7	89
24	Washington	206.3	94	69	Perry	41.7	21
25	Clive	205.1	52	70	Jefferson	40.8	68
26	Carlisle	166.7	--	71	Belmond	40.4	42*
27	Ames	166.1	43	72	Vinton	40.3	55
28	Urbandale	161.4	38	73	Norwalk	37.7	--
29	Waukon	150.5	8	74	Rock Rapids	37.0	101
30	Iowa Falls	149.3	95	75	Adel	36.1	15*
31	Clarion	137.9	75	76	Audubon	35.5	103
32	Pella	137.5	41	77	Charles City	32.9	99
33	Tama	136.4	76	78	Keokuk	32.3	80
34	Harpton	134.8	35	79	Eldridge	31.3	27
35	Colfax	130.4	--	80	Indianola	31.2	91
36	Boone	121.8	36	81	Mount Vernon	30.2	105
37	Hawarden	115.4	--	82	Osceola	29.6	106*
38	Bettendorf	114.8	58	83	Fort Dodge	29.1	65
39	Pleasant Hill	114.3	2	84	Marion	28.6	88
40	Getumwa	113.3	60	85	Cresco	25.5	61
41	Marshalltown	112.7	23	86	Winterset	24.3	64
42	Hiawatha	111.1	45*	87	Eagle Grove	23.1	53
43	Fort Madison	110.3	40	88	Grinnell	23.0	20
44	Creston	106.9	54	89	Camanche	22.9	87
45	Centerville	106.7	83	90	Fairfield	22.7	98

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Violent</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Le Mars	22.2	113
92	Carroll	21.8	37
93	Ankeny	20.7	72
94	Manchester	20.3	111
95	Altoona	19.3	46
96	Harlan	19.0	93
97	Algona	16.5	77
98	Red Oak	15.4	57
99	Mount Pleasant	13.9	112
100	Waverly	13.9	97
101	Storm Lake	11.6	51
102	Webster City	10.7	90
103	Grundy Center	0.0	100
104	Belle Plaine		102
105	Bloomfield		49
106	Onawa		--
107	Sac City		25
108	West Burlington		28
109	Spirit Lake		56
110	Missouri Valley		82
111	Dyersville		85
112	New Hampton		108
113	Orange City		109
114	Sioux Center		50
115	Albia		14
116	Anamosa		110
117	Nevada		92
118	Shenandoah		78
119	Atlantic		44

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-C

PROPERTY RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Property Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Property Rate	1976 Rank
1	Council Bluffs	8,693.1	4	46	Clarinda	3,705.9	34
2	Cedar Rapids	8,364.8	2	47	Decorah	3,622.0	74
3	Coralville	7,954.5	19	48	Bloomfield	3,620.4	61
4	Des Moines	7,345.1	8	49	Eagle Grove	3,605.3	55
5	Mason City	7,034.9	1	50	Algona	3,584.4	32
6	Waterloo	6,960.5	7	51	Cedar Falls	3,467.1	37
7	Washington	6,492.1	72	52	Bettendorf	3,444.4	42
8	Keokuk	6,471.0	5	53	Ottumwa	3,436.7	40
9	Spencer	6,374.9	18	54	Ankeny	3,358.6	45
10	Davenport	6,318.4	6	55	Maquoketa	3,350.0	64
11	Iowa City	6,264.6	14	56	Ames	3,339.9	26
12	Fort Dodge	6,024.8	11	57	Pella	3,275.0	67
13	Sioux City	5,941.6	12	58	Carlisle	3,233.3	--
14	Clear Lake	5,904.6	9	59	Hampton	3,213.5	70
15	Clinton	5,876.6	22	60	Fort Madison	3,198.2	52
16	Independence	5,716.7	53	61	Forest City	3,196.4	30
17	Oskaloosa	5,616.5	16	62	Red Oak	3,184.6	27
18	Burlington	5,555.2	29	63	Harlan	3,179.7	82
19	Spirit Lake	5,534.4	10	64	Chariton	3,177.8	102
20	Emmetsburg	5,470.7	36	65	Tama	3,137.8	54
21	Carter Lake	5,307.7	3	66	Carroll	3,134.6	62
22	Clive	4,853.0	17	67	Iowa Falls	3,119.4	63
23	Dubuque	4,814.7	23	68	Humboldt	3,084.0	69
24	Marshalltown	4,712.7	15	69	Mount Pleasant	3,083.3	71
25	Newton	4,706.6	21	70	Monticello	3,078.2	66
26	West Des Moines	4,481.8	25	71	Atlantic	3,003.8	50
27	Storm Lake	4,469.8	35	72	Grinnell	2,982.2	76
28	Mount Vernon	4,409.5	49	73	Pleasant Hill	2,942.9	47
29	Urbandale	4,403.0	43	74	West Burlington	2,933.3	93
30	Jefferson	4,306.1	38	75	Charles City	2,796.4	112
31	Missouri Valley	4,277.8	56	76	Indianola	2,767.7	84
32	Boone	4,270.6	31	77	Cherokee	2,725.4	83
33	Perry	4,263.9	44	78	Windsor Heights	2,659.1	41
34	Muscatine	4,239.1	24	79	Belle Plaine	2,642.9	109
35	Centerville	4,080.0	20	80	Albia	2,533.3	65
36	Sheldon	4,075.4	60*	81	Vinton	2,499.0	78
37	Creston	4,024.7	28	82	Eldora	2,464.1	91
38	Oelwein	3,931.7	57	83	Fayette	2,367.8	113*
39	Webster City	3,875.0	33	84	Marion	2,328.6	77
40	Camanche	3,869.9	48	85	Waukon	2,308.1	85
41	Garner	3,840.0	--	86	Osage	2,288.9	79
42	Glenwood	3,799.2	59	87	Le Mars	2,277.8	81
43	Fairfield	3,772.7	75	88	Shenandoah	2,226.9	73
44	Altoona	3,731.6	46	89	Knoxville	2,206.9	80
45	Le Claire	3,730.8	39	90	Osceola	2,192.6	104*

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Property</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Anamosa	2,173.4	86
92	Evansdale	2,109.1	68
93	Sac City	2,093.8	51
94	Cresco	2,088.1	100
95	DeWitt	2,072.5	96
96	Eldridge	2,062.5	89
97	Tipton	1,863.6	95
98	Waverly	1,859.8	101
99	Manchester	1,804.9	94
100	Clarion	1,793.1	88
101	Hiawatha	1,733.3	92*
102	Colfax	1,608.7	--
103	Estherville	1,582.7	58*
104	Dyersville	1,561.7	99
105	Denison	1,560.0	105
106	Hawarden	1,539.1	--
107	Audubon	1,456.5	103
108	West Union	1,392.9	106
109	Winterset	1,359.9	87
110	Norwalk	1,283.0	--
111	Sioux Center	1,209.1	98
112	Onawa	1,173.1	--
113	New Hampton	1,028.2	90
114	Adel	974.4	13*
115	Grundy Center	915.0	111
116	Nevada	735.8	107
117	Rock Rapids	591.5	108
118	Belmond	525.3	97*
119	Orange City	520.6	110

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-D

MURDER RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Murder Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Murder Rate	1976 Rank
1	Camanche	22.9	56	46	Dyersville		46
2	Des Moines	13.8	13	47	New Hampton		48
3	Estherville	11.6	97*	48	Carter Lake		38
4	Spencer	9.5	104	49	Cresco		47
5	Burlington	9.0	7	50	Osage		49
6	Cedar Falls	5.9	111	51	Waukon		50
7	Council Bluffs	4.8	9	52	Orange City		51
8	West Des Moines	4.5	109	53	Emmetsburg		52
9	Waterloo	4.2	18	54	Winterset		53
10	Davenport	4.0	4	55	Sioux Center		54
11	Marshalltown	3.6	14	56	Eagle Grove		60
12	Sioux City	3.4	20	57	Clive		55
13	Ottumwa	3.3	16	58	Hampton		57
14	Mason City	3.1	110	59	Albia		61
15	Cedar Rapids	0.9	15	60	Hiawatha		1*
16	Colfax	0.0	--	61	Forest City		59
17	Belmond		21*	62	Anamosa		58
18	Garner		--	63	Sheldon		64*
19	Fayette		22*	64	Humboldt		65
20	Hawarden		--	65	Jefferson		63
21	Le Claire		23	66	Manchester		66
22	Grundy Center		24	67	Vinton		68
23	Norwalk		--	68	Glenwood		71
24	Rock Rapids		26	69	Chariton		69
25	Adel		25*	70	Clarinda		73
26	Belle Plaine		30	71	Altoona		70
27	West Union		28	72	Harlan		72
28	Audubon		31	73	Nevada		67
29	Tipton		32	74	Evansdale		62
30	Bloomfield		29	75	Maquoketa		78
31	Clarion		34	76	Independence		76
32	Tama		35	77	Algona		75
33	Carlisle		--	78	Denison		85
34	Onawa		--	79	Shenandoah		77
35	Eldridge		27	80	Washington		74
36	Sac City		36	81	Red Oak		83
37	Eldora		37	82	Windsor Heights		81
38	Mount Vernon		39	83	Coralville		82
39	Osceola		41*	84	Iowa Falls		80
40	West Burlington		42	85	Clear Lake		79
41	Spirit Lake		40	86	Mount Pleasant		89
42	Pleasant Hill		33	87	Perry		84
43	Missouri Valley		43	88	Waverly		3
44	Monticello		44	89	Atlantic		88
45	DeWitt		45	90	Centerville		87

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Murder</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Knoxville		93
92	Decorah		91
93	Oelwein		92
94	Cherokee		90
95	Pella		86
96	Creston		94
97	Storm Lake		95
98	Grinnell		96
99	Fairfield		100
100	Le Mars		98
101	Charles City		103
102	Carroll		99
103	Webster City		101
104	Indianola		102
105	Oskaloosa		105
106	Boone		2
107	Ankeny		106
108	Fort Madison		6
109	Keokuk		5
110	Newton		107
111	Urbandale		8
112	Marion		--
113	Muscatine		10
114	Bettendorf		12
115	Fort Dodge		17
116	Clinton		112
117	Ames		113
118	Iowa City		11
119	Dubuque		19

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-E

RAPE RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Rape Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Rape Rate	1976 Rank
1	Coralville	75.8	10	46	Adel		2*
2	Iowa City	52.5	5	47	Belle Plaine		49
3	Carter Lake	51.3	56	48	West Union		47
4	Clive	45.6	72	49	Tipton		51
5	Garner	40.0	--	50	Bloomfield		48
6	Fayette	39.5	44*	51	Clarion		53
7	Le Claire	38.4	1	52	Onawa		--
8	Rock Rapids	37.0	46	53	Eldridge		6
9	Evansdale	36.4	78	54	Sac City		8
10	Audubon	35.5	50	55	Eldora		55
11	Davenport	35.1	13	56	Mount Vernon		57
12	Tama	34.1	54	57	Osceola		59*
13	Carlisle	33.3	--	58	West Burlington		60
14	Sioux City	31.8	12	59	Spirit Lake		58
15	Monticello	27.7	62	60	Pleasant Hill		52
16	Oelwein	25.9	102	61	Missouri Valley		61
17	Pella	25.0	96	62	DeWitt		63
18	Sheldon	21.9	80*	63	Dyersville		64
19	Humboldt	21.9	81	64	New Hampton		66
20	Des Moines	21.0	14	65	Cresco		65
21	Fort Madison	20.7	112	66	Osage		67
22	Chariton	19.9	84	67	Waukon		68
23	Clarinda	19.6	18	68	Orange City		69
24	Council Bluffs	19.3	17	69	Emmetsburg		3
25	Burlington	17.9	42	70	Winterset		70
26	Waterloo	15.3	9	71	Sioux Center		71
27	Clear Lake	14.5	91	72	Eagle Grove		4
28	Mount Pleasant	13.9	99	73	Camanche		73
29	Cedar Rapids	13.0	15	74	Hampton		74
30	Newton	12.7	35	75	Albia		77
31	Creston	11.9	104	76	Hiawatha		11*
32	Le Mars	11.1	107	77	Forest City		76
33	Webster City	10.7	27	78	Anamosa		75
34	Indianola	10.4	28	79	Jefferson		79
35	Cedar Falls	9.6	41	80	Manchester		82
36	Oskaloosa	9.1	111	81	Vinton		16
37	Clinton	8.7	30	82	Glenwood		86
38	Ames	8.7	23	83	Altoona		85
39	Ottumwa	3.3	40	84	Harlan		87
40	Dubuque	3.2	31	85	Nevada		83
41	Colfax	0.0	--	86	Maquoketa		90
42	Belmond		43*	87	Independence		19
43	Hawarden		--	88	Algona		7
44	Grundy Center		45	89	Denison		95
45	Norwalk		--	90	Shenandoah		89

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Rape</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Washington		88
92	Red Oak		20
93	Windsor Heights		93
94	Iowa Falls		92
95	Perry		94
96	Waverly		98
97	Atlantic		22
98	Centerville		97
99	Knoxville		103
100	Decorah		101
101	Cherokee		100
102	Storm Lake		105
103	Estherville		24*
104	Grinnell		106
105	Fairfield		108
106	Charles City		109
107	Carroll		26
108	Spencer		110
109	Boone		21
110	Ankeny		32
111	Keokuk		33
112	Urbandale		25
113	Marion		36
114	West Des Moines		29
115	Muscatine		37
116	Bettendorf		38
117	Marshalltown		39
118	Fort Dodge		113
119	Mason City		34

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-F

ROBBERY RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Robbery Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Robbery Rate	1976 Rank
1	Davenport	213.3	2	46	Algona	16.5	91
2	Carter Lake	205.1	1	47	Red Oak	15.4	42
3	Des Moines	174.9	3	48	Iowa Falls	14.9	95
4	Clive	136.7	75	49	Boone	14.3	43
5	Council Bluffs	124.1	9	50	Perry	13.9	97
6	Waterloo	106.9	5	51	Ankeny	13.8	50
7	Cedar Rapids	100.0	4	52	Centerville	13.3	100
8	Bettendorf	74.1	39	53	Oelwein	12.9	46
9	Tama	68.2	27	54	Cherokee	12.6	104
10	West Des Moines	63.6	44	55	Carroll	10.9	48
11	Windsor Heights	61.5	96	56	Indianola	10.4	110
12	Coralville	60.6	30	57	Ames	8.7	53
13	Sioux City	52.3	17	58	Colfax	0.0	--
14	Clinton	52.1	12	59	Garner		--
15	Marshalltown	50.9	6	60	Fayette		55*
16	Creston	47.5	105	61	Hawarden		--
17	Newton	44.4	51	62	Le Claire		19
18	Ottumwa	43.3	31	63	Grundy Center		56
19	Belmond	40.4	54*	64	Norwalk		--
20	Urbandale	39.0	47	65	Rock Rapids		57
21	Mason City	37.2	8	66	Adel		20*
22	Oskaloosa	36.6	41	67	Belle Plaine		59
23	Estherville	34.7	107*	68	West Union		23
24	Independence	33.3	28	69	Audubon		60
25	Charles City	32.9	111	70	Tipton		61
26	Burlington	32.8	10	71	Bloomfield		24
27	Washington	31.7	90	72	Clarion		26
28	Eldora	31.2	62	73	Carlisle		--
29	Fort Madison	27.6	45	74	Onawa		--
30	Knoxville	26.0	33	75	Eldridge		58
31	Keokuk	25.8	113	76	Sac City		29
32	Dubuque	24.1	14	77	Mount Vernon		63
33	Fairfield	22.7	49	78	Osceola		65*
34	Hiawatha	22.2	69*	79	West Burlington		7
35	Sheldon	21.9	82*	80	Spirit Lake		64
36	Muscatine	21.7	21	81	Pleasant Hill		25
37	Jefferson	20.4	81	82	Missouri Valley		66
38	Manchester	20.3	84	83	Monticello		67
39	Vinton	20.2	86	84	DeWitt		68
40	Fort Dodge	19.4	18	85	Dyersville		32
41	Altoona	19.3	38	86	New Hampton		70
42	Marion	19.0	52	87	Cresco		11
43	Iowa City	18.2	22	88	Osage		71
44	Evansdale	18.2	37	89	Waukon		72
45	Cedar Falls	17.8	15	90	Orange City		73

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Robbery</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Emmetsburg		34
92	Winterset		16
93	Sioux Center		74
94	Eagle Grove		80
95	Camanche		76
96	Hampton		77
97	Albia		36
98	Forest City		79
99	Anamosa		78
100	Humboldt		83
101	Glenwood		88
102	Chariton		87
103	Clarinda		40
104	Harlan		89
105	Nevada		85
106	Maquoketa		93
107	Denison		98
108	Shenandoah		92
109	Clear Lake		94
110	Mount Pleasant		103
111	Waverly		102
112	Atlantic		101
113	Decorah		13
114	Pella		99
115	Storm Lake		106
116	Grinnell		35
117	Le Mars		108
118	Webster City		109
119	Spencer		112

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-G

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Assault Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Assault Rate	1976 Rank
1	Fayette	591.9	3*	46	Clear Lake	58.2	63
2	Carter Lake	435.9	1	47	Estherville	57.8	52*
3	Forest City	377.4	18	48	Muscataine	56.5	36
4	Garner	360.0	--	49	Monticello	55.5	100
5	Clarinda	352.9	79	50	DeWitt	54.5	69
6	Coralville	333.3	20	51	Osage	50.9	31
7	Evansdale	309.1	5	52	Maquoketa	50.0	51
8	Denison	289.5	66	53	Emmetsburg	49.3	23
9	Eldora	280.7	19	54	Creston	47.5	45
10	Glenwood	279.9	57	55	Newton	44.4	60
11	Chariton	278.1	16	56	Sheldon	43.8	54*
12	Davenport	274.5	7	57	Mason City	43.4	59
13	Cedar Rapids	225.0	6	58	Bettendorf	40.7	64
14	Des Moines	221.5	8	59	Le Claire	38.5	58
15	Burlington	209.0	13	60	Spencer	38.1	71
16	Cedar Falls	207.3	10	61	Cherokee	37.7	56
17	Iowa City	198.0	24	62	Norwalk	37.7	--
18	Council Bluffs	185.4	11	63	Adel	36.1	32*
19	Oskaloosa	182.9	30	64	Tama	34.1	97
20	Washington	174.6	80	65	Eldridge	31.3	22
21	West Des Moines	154.5	15	66	Windsor Heights	30.7	82
22	Waukon	150.5	4	67	Mount Vernon	30.2	98
23	Ames	148.6	40	68	Osceola	29.6	99*
24	Clinton	147.6	34	69	Perry	27.8	14
25	Clarion	137.9	96	70	Knoxville	26.0	84
26	Hampton	134.8	21	71	Oelwein	25.9	43
27	Iowa Falls	134.3	81	72	Cresco	25.5	102
28	Carlisle	133.3	--	73	Winterset	24.3	105
29	Colfax	130.4	--	74	Eagle Grove	23.1	74
30	Sioux City	126.2	26	75	Grinnell	23.0	17
31	Urbandale	122.5	42	76	Clive	22.8	39
32	Hawarden	115.4	--	77	Humboldt	21.9	75
33	Pleasant Hill	114.3	2	78	Jefferson	20.4	53
34	Pella	112.5	28	79	Vinton	20.2	55
35	Boone	107.5	47	80	Harlan	19.0	78
36	Decorah	103.9	111	81	Independence	16.7	9
37	Waterloo	94.4	25	82	Waverly	13.9	109
38	Centerville	93.3	68	83	Storm Lake	11.6	38
39	Hiawatha	88.9	70*	84	Le Mars	11.1	112
40	Dubuque	73.8	50	85	Carroll	10.9	33
41	West Union	71.4	92	86	Indianola	10.4	87
42	Tipton	70.3	95	87	Fort Dodge	9.7	89
43	Ottumwa	63.3	76	88	Marion	9.5	85
44	Fort Madison	62.0	37	89	Ankeny	6.9	72
45	Marshalltown	58.2	44	90	Keokuk	6.5	83

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Assault</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Belmond	0.0	29*
92	Grundy Center		90
93	Rock Rapids		91
94	Belle Plaine		93
95	Audubon		94
96	Bloomfield		61
97	Onawa		--
98	Sac City		27
99	West Burlington		48
100	Spirit Lake		46
101	Missouri Valley		67
102	Dyersville		101
103	New Hampton		103
104	Orange City		104
105	Sioux Center		35
106	Camanche		73
107	Albia		12
108	Anamosa		106
109	Manchester		107
110	Altoona		49
111	Nevada		77
112	Algona		108
113	Shenandoah		62
114	Red Oak		65
115	Mount Pleasant		110
116	Atlantic		41
117	Fairfield		113
118	Charles City		88
119	Webster City		86

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-H

BURGLARY RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Burglary Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Burglary Rate	1976 Rank
1	Council Bluffs	2,615.0	4	46	Hawarden	731.1	--
2	Washington	2,269.8	49	47	Fort Madison	723.7	42
3	Coralville	2,151.5	31	48	Dubuque	717.4	37
4	Independence	1,766.7	52	49	Pleasant Hill	714.3	34
5	Davenport	1,710.8	3	50	Harlan	704.5	70
6	Mason City	1,629.2	1	51	Marshalltown	687.3	27
7	Cedar Rapids	1,612.0	5	52	Belle Plaine	678.6	88
8	Carter Lake	1,589.7	2	53	Bettendorf	655.6	41
9	Bloomfield	1,546.6	60	54	Hampton	651.7	56
10	Waterloo	1,456.2	11	55	Winterset	631.4	98
11	Keokuk	1,425.8	16	56	Newton	628.0	21
12	Missouri Valley	1,361.1	38	57	Spencer	618.5	48
13	Oskaloosa	1,308.1	12	58	Atlantic	600.8	35
14	Creston	1,246.6	6	59	Hiawatha	600.0	62*
15	Tama	1,227.8	8	60	DeWitt	599.9	93
16	Centerville	1,226.7	22	61	Clive	592.4	47
17	Spirit Lake	1,142.0	13	62	Urbandale	562.2	72
18	Emmetsburg	1,108.9	26	63	Forest City	554.9	73
19	Sioux City	1,089.4	17	64	Cherokee	552.6	28
20	Sheldon	1,051.7	55*	65	Boone	551.7	75
21	Jefferson	1,040.8	30	66	Eagle Grove	508.4	64
22	Des Moines	1,036.9	24	67	Knoxville	506.3	86
23	Humboldt	1,006.1	40	68	Belmond	484.8	32*
24	Colfax	1,000.0	--	69	Carroll	480.6	59
25	Iowa City	998.0	43	70	Oelwein	478.5	69
26	Mount Pleasant	972.2	99	71	Marion	447.6	90
27	Garner	960.0	--	72	Storm Lake	442.3	76
28	Algona	958.0	10	73	Eldora	436.7	91
29	Perry	944.4	36	74	Red Oak	430.8	74
30	Le Claire	923.1	7	75	Tipton	421.9	44
31	Ottumwa	886.7	19	76	Maquoketa	416.7	92
32	Vinton	866.6	53	77	Altoona	406.0	107
33	Fort Dodge	866.2	15	78	Manchester	405.6	82
34	Webster City	834.9	14	79	Decorah	402.4	79
35	Muscatine	821.7	23	80	West Union	392.9	109
36	Sac City	812.5	18	81	Chariton	377.4	51
37	Clarinda	803.9	20	82	Waverly	374.7	89
38	Glenwood	799.8	29	83	Cedar Falls	373.1	25
39	Fayette	789.3	94*	84	Windsor Heights	368.9	33
40	Grinnell	771.4	80	85	Eldridge	343.8	81
41	Osceola	770.4	87*	86	Iowa Falls	343.3	71
42	Burlington	767.2	39	87	Charles City	339.9	113
43	Clear Lake	756.3	67	88	Fairfield	329.5	68
44	West Des Moines	745.5	57	89	Dyersville	323.1	83
45	Clinton	744.0	58	90	Audubon	319.7	84

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Burglary</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Ankeny	317.2	65
92	Onawa	317.1	--
93	Pella	312.5	85
94	Osage	305.2	78
95	Carlisle	300.0	--
96	Camanche	297.7	97
97	Ames	290.7	61
98	New Hampton	290.0	50
99	Mount Vernon	271.8	46
100	West Burlington	266.7	100
101	Waukon	250.9	77
102	Indianola	249.7	101
103	Monticello	249.6	102
104	Albia	244.4	45
105	Anamosa	244.0	63
106	Sioux Center	237.1	95
107	Evansdale	218.2	108
108	Adel	216.5	9*
109	Le Mars	166.7	105
110	Cresco	152.8	54
111	Estherville	138.6	104*
112	Shenandoah	128.2	111
113	Orange City	123.9	106
114	Norwalk	115.2	--
115	Nevada	113.2	96
116	Rock Rapids	110.9	66
117	Denison	48.2	112
118	Grundy Center	38.1	103
119	Clarion	34.5	110

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-I

LARCENY RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	Larceny Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	Larceny Rate	1976 Rank
1	Cedar Rapids	6,295.4	1	46	Glenwood	2,839.4	70
2	Des Moines	5,889.7	7	47	Centerville	2,746.7	20
3	Spencer	5,499.5	13	48	Pella	2,737.5	61
4	Council Bluffs	5,315.5	6	49	Carlisle	2,700.0	--
5	Coralville	5,257.6	17	50	Monticello	2,662.2	59
6	Waterloo	5,244.7	4	51	Bettendorf	2,659.3	34
7	Iowa City	4,983.8	10	52	Iowa Falls	2,656.7	62
8	Clear Lake	4,930.2	8	53	Chariton	2,641.5	105
9	Mason City	4,875.1	3	54	Garner	2,640.0	--
10	Clinton	4,707.0	18	55	Le Claire	2,571.9	58
11	Keokuk	4,696.8	2	56	Missouri Valley	2,555.6	61
12	Fort Dodge	4,502.4	15	57	Red Oak	2,553.8	27
13	Burlington	4,444.8	30	58	Clarinda	2,529.4	36
14	Sioux City	4,406.4	16	59	West Burlington	2,518.5	88
15	Davenport	4,192.9	9	60	Creston	2,481.3	46
16	Spirit Lake	4,158.1	11	61	Forest City	2,463.9	25
17	Oskaloosa	4,006.6	24	62	Algona	2,461.2	45
18	Washington	4,000.0	75	63	Carroll	2,424.6	64
19	Mount Vernon	3,956.5	49	64	Indianola	2,393.1	79
20	Clive	3,941.7	12	65	Charles City	2,390.6	112
21	Storm Lake	3,911.1	29	66	Hampton	2,382.0	67
22	Newton	3,818.6	21	67	Harlan	2,361.0	81
23	Dubuque	3,761.9	26	68	Atlantic	2,321.1	53
24	Marshalltown	3,745.5	14	69	Fort Madison	2,240.1	56
25	Emmetsburg	3,696.4	33	70	Ottumwa	2,233.3	47
26	Urbandale	3,696.1	32	71	Windsor Heights	2,136.5	40
27	West Des Moines	3,540.9	22	72	Albia	2,111.1	74
28	Independence	3,516.7	55	73	Shenandoah	2,098.7	54
29	Camanche	3,503.5	43	74	Grinnell	2,095.6	76
30	Boone	3,496.7	28	75	Pleasant Hill	2,057.1	48
31	Fairfield	3,318.2	77	76	Mount Pleasant	2,041.7	63
32	Oelwein	3,285.0	51	77	Le Mars	2,000.0	72
33	Carter Lake	3,256.4	5	78	Osage	1,983.7	78
34	Jefferson	3,183.7	38	79	Cherokee	1,934.2	91
35	Perry	3,180.6	41	80	Bloomfield	1,933.2	66
36	Muscatine	3,165.2	31	81	Belle Plaine	1,928.6	108
37	Altoona	3,151.6	35	82	Humboldt	1,902.9	73
38	Decorah	3,063.7	71	83	Eldora	1,871.5	89
39	Sheldon	2,936.0	65*	84	Cresco	1,858.9	103
40	Ames	2,931.1	19	85	Anamosa	1,774.2	90
41	Ankeny	2,931.0	37	86	Waukon	1,756.1	86
42	Eagle Grove	2,911.9	50	87	Marion	1,747.6	69
43	Cedar Falls	2,910.7	39	88	Evansdale	1,672.7	57
44	Webster City	2,879.5	42	89	Eldridge	1,625.0	87
45	Maquoketa	2,850.0	52	90	Clarion	1,586.2	82

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Larceny</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Tama	1,534.8	83
92	Knoxville	1,492.9	80
93	Denison	1,463.5	99
94	Waverly	1,415.7	97
95	Estherville	1,397.9	44*
96	DeWitt	1,363.5	93
97	Vinton	1,350.3	85
98	Manchester	1,338.5	92
99	Tipton	1,301.0	102
100	Osceola	1,214.8	101*
101	Sac City	1,187.5	68
102	Dyersville	1,184.7	98
103	Hiawatha	1,088.9	95*
104	Fayette	1,065.5	113*
105	Norwalk	1,018.9	--
106	Sioux Center	924.6	94
107	Audubon	923.6	100
108	West Union	892.9	104
109	Grundy Center	838.7	111
110	Hawarden	808.0	--
111	Onawa	729.2	--
112	Adel	721.8	23*
113	Winterset	704.2	84
114	New Hampton	659.1	96
115	Nevada	584.9	106
116	Colfax	478.3	--
117	Rock Rapids	443.6	109
118	Orange City	396.6	110
119	Belmond	40.4	107*

*Estimated in 1976

TABLE XV-J

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATE, CITIES
BY RANK

1977 Rank	Agency	M.V. Theft Rate	1976 Rank	1977 Rank	Agency	M.V. Theft Rate	1976 Rank
1	Council Bluffs	762.6	1	46	Osceola	207.4	100*
2	Emmetsburg	665.4	82	47	Red Oak	200.0	5
3	Fort Dodge	656.1	3	48	West Des Moines	195.5	23
4	Coralville	545.5	47	49	Eagle Grove	184.9	96
5	Mason City	530.6	4	50	Cedar Falls	183.6	46
6	Fayette	513.0	110*	51	Mount Vernon	181.2	106
7	Carter Lake	461.5	2	52	Hampton	179.8	85
8	Cedar Rapids	457.4	8	53	Albia	177.8	45
9	Sioux City	445.8	6	54	Forest City	177.6	35
10	Clinton	425.5	18	55	Humboldt	175.0	108
11	Des Moines	418.5	7	56	Altoona	174.0	14
12	Davenport	414.7	13	57	Clarion	172.4	97
13	Tama	375.2	98	58	Pleasant Hill	171.4	105
14	Clarinda	372.5	34	59	Oelwein	168.1	80
15	Missouri Valley	361.1	74	60	Monticello	166.4	28
16	Keokuk	348.4	11	61	Algona	165.2	41
17	Burlington	343.3	37	62	Webster City	160.6	43
18	Dubuque	335.4	12	63	Glenwood	160.0	59
19	Clive	319.0	56	64	Chariton	158.9	99
20	Ottumwa	316.7	22	65	Eldora	156.0	48
21	Oskaloosa	301.9	16	66	Decorah	155.8	79
22	Waukon	301.1	24	67	Anamosa	155.2	54
23	Creston	296.8	31	68	Windsor Heights	153.7	50
24	Iowa City	282.8	30	69	Norwalk	150.9	--
25	Vinton	282.1	10	70	West Burlington	148.1	86
26	Marshalltown	280.0	25	71	Urbandale	144.7	51
27	Independence	266.7	27	72	Tipton	140.6	95
28	Newton	260.1	67	73	Bloomfield	140.6	15
29	Waterloo	259.6	21	74	Perry	138.9	87
30	Spencer	256.9	29	75	Marion	133.3	66
31	Muscatine	252.2	26	76	Colfax	130.4	--
32	Garner	240.0	--	77	Bettendorf	129.6	75
33	Cherokee	238.6	84	78	Onawa	126.8	--
34	Fort Madison	234.4	32	79	Fairfield	125.0	64
35	Spirit Lake	234.3	71	80	Indianola	124.9	62
36	Carlisle	233.3	--	81	Iowa Falls	119.4	58
37	Le Claire	230.8	73	82	Ames	118.0	72
38	Carroll	229.4	49	83	Storm Lake	116.4	42
39	Pella	225.0	55	84	Grinnell	115.1	38
40	Washington	222.2	61	85	Harlan	114.2	109
41	Boone	222.1	20	86	Le Mars	111.1	63
42	Clear Lake	218.2	9	87	Ankeny	110.3	57
43	Evansdale	218.2	17	88	DeWitt	109.1	76
44	Audubon	213.1	92	89	West Union	107.1	77
45	Knoxville	207.7	44	90	Centerville	106.7	52

<u>1977</u> <u>Rank</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>M. V.</u> <u>Theft</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>1976</u> <u>Rank</u>
91	Sac City	93.8	36
92	Eldridge	93.8	104
93	Sheldon	87.6	33*
94	Maquoketa	83.3	102
95	Atlantic	81.9	68
96	Jefferson	81.6	39
97	New Hampton	79.1	78
98	Cresco	76.4	90
99	Mount Pleasant	69.4	40
100	Waverly	69.4	94
101	Camanche	68.7	93
102	Charles City	65.8	70
103	Manchester	60.8	69
104	Dyersville	53.9	89
105	Denison	48.2	111
106	Sloux Center	47.4	83
107	Estherville	46.2	107*
108	Hiawatha	44.4	60*
109	Grundy Center	38.1	113
110	Nevada	37.7	88
111	Rock Rapids	37.0	103
112	Adel	36.1	19*
113	Belle Plaine	35.7	112
114	Winterset	24.3	101
115	Belmond	0.0	53*
116	Hawarden		--
117	Osage		91
118	Orange City		81
119	Shenandoah		65

*Estimated in 1976

E. Percent Change in Crime Rates

The Table XVI series presents percent changes for total crime rate, violent crime rate, and property crime rate in 1977 over 1976. As noted in the introduction, one should take particular care in interpreting these results because of the possibility of under-reporting crime in 1976 which would lead to huge increases in 1977. This is particularly true in the violent crime category, even among some of the larger cities: Ottumwa, for example, reported a 102% increase of violent crime in 1977, Oskaloosa a 142% increase, and Newton a 111% increase. Some of the increases in violent crime in the smaller cities were even more astronomical. These should be taken with a grain of salt, as variations in the degree to which these crimes are reported can have a large impact here, and normal variation of small figures from year to year can show large percentage changes.

Figures 49, 50, and 51 are provided as a supplement to Table XVI, and visually illustrate percentage changes for counties from 1976.

TABLE XVI-A

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

COUNTIES

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Floyd	+213.2	+1.0	+221.9
Fayette	+60.3	+103.2	+58.5
Washington	+44.8	+10.3	+46.7
Buchanan	+40.0	-73.5	+44.7
Delaware**	+38.3	+1,286.8	+28.9
Lucas**	+36.8	+100.1	+33.9
Winneshiek	+32.6	+165.4	+30.0
Adair	+28.7	+76.5	+27.6
Sioux**	+28.3	+149.0	+24.3
Jefferson**	+25.9	+154.7	+24.8
Guthrie	+25.6	*	+20.1
O'Brien**	+20.3	-43.5	+23.6
Henry	+18.0	+101.8	+17.5
Bremer	+17.7	-39.3	+18.9
Mills	+17.7	+53.8	+16.6
Johnson	+16.5	+53.5	+15.4
Keokuk	+16.0	-3.4	+16.2
Des Moines	+15.9	+3.1	+16.5
Iowa	+15.7	+51.6	+15.4
Clinton	+15.4	+53.1	+14.4
Cedar	+15.2	+144.5	+13.5
Clay	+14.2	+276.1	+12.5
Palo Alto	+11.6	-80.1	+15.1
Decatur	+11.4	+90.7	+11.1
Wayne	+11.2	-100.0	+12.1
Howard	+11.1	-80.4	+15.0
Butler	+10.5	-60.5	+12.5
Crawford	+8.4	+803.6	0.0
Monroe	+6.1	-69.9	+10.7
Cherokee	+5.1	-18.7	+5.6
Davis	+3.9	-41.0	+5.7
Monona**	+3.0	-48.8	+4.1
Jones	+2.6	+282.4	+1.7
Harrison	+2.5	-32.0	+2.8
Franklin	+2.0	-2.3	+2.2
Worth	+1.6	-63.6	+5.7
Polk*	+1.1	+18.5	+0.3
Hardin	+1.0	+10.2	+0.6
Marion	+0.8	+27.9	+0.3
Shelby	+0.7	-85.7	+2.8
Ida	+0.3	+90.3	-0.4
Grundy	-0.5	+495.8	-5.2
Woodbury	-0.6	+27.9	-1.4
Benton	-0.9	-31.7	-0.1
Humboldt	-2.2	-60.2	-1.1
Pottawattamie	-2.4	+12.3	-3.0
Poweshiek	-2.5	-62.5	-0.2
Warren	-2.9	-6.7	-2.8

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Allamakee	-3.6	-49.7	-0.8
Audubon	-3.7	*	-5.1
Osceola	-4.7	*	-5.7
Clarke	-4.9	+202.4	-6.0
Dubuque	-5.2	-17.4	-4.9
Plymouth**	-5.6	*	-6.2
Taylor**	-6.2	-100.0	-0.1
Buena Vista	-6.8	-88.9	-5.4
Mahaska	-7.2	+136.8	-9.2
Carroll	-7.3	-84.6	-5.1
Hamilton	-7.6	-24.3	-7.5
Pocahontas	-8.1	+132.7	-10.1
Jasper	-8.1	-5.5	-8.1
Linn**	-8.3	-12.1	-8.1
Jackson	-8.6	+43.7	-9.2
Webster	-8.6	-28.4	-8.5
Boone	-9.0	+37.7	-10.1
Louisa	-9.2	-60.6	-7.9
Adams	-9.3	-80.4	-4.0
Appanoose	-9.7	+354.9	-11.1
Cass	-10.3	-83.3	-9.3
Calhoun	-11.1	-100.0	+33.9
Black Hawk	-12.4	-12.6	-12.4
Marshall	-13.3	-30.2	-12.8
Union	-13.5	+196.4	-15.7
Lee	-14.2	-6.2	-14.3
Page	-14.3	+220.4	-17.4
Ringgold	-14.6	*	+20.1
Kossuth	-14.7	-66.5	-14.1
Greene	-15.3	-61.9	-41.7
Dickinson	-15.6	-83.6	-13.7
Wapello**	-15.7	+30.5	-16.6
Madison	-16.1	-1.2	-16.3
Scott	-16.4	+23.9	-18.3
Hancock	-17.1	-37.2	-15.7
Wright**	-17.2	-19.7	-17.1
Mitchell	-17.5	-35.7	-17.2
Tama	-18.1	+94.2	-20.2
Winnebago	-18.1	+80.0	-23.0
Fremont	-18.1	-51.4	-17.5
Cerro Gordo	-20.5	-34.3	-20.3
Lyon	-21.4	+96.1	-23.0
Muscatine	-22.8	-36.3	-22.5
Van Buren	-23.4	-3.2	-23.7
Story	-26.9	+38.4	-28.1
Sac	-27.3	-85.7	-25.5
Dallas**	-27.8	-77.0	-26.1
Chickasaw	-29.9	-40.6	-29.5
Clayton**	-33.2	-36.7	-32.9
Montgomery	-34.2	-75.3	-33.9
Emmet**	-49.1	+101.9	-51.2

*No 1976 Violent

**Estimated 1976 Rate

TABLE XVI-B

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

SMSAs

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Polk/Warren	+0.3	+16.9	-0.5
Woodbury	-0.6	+27.9	-1.4
Pottawattamie	-2.4	+13.2	-3.0
Dubuque	-5.2	-17.4	-4.9
Linn	-8.3	-12.1	-8.1
Black Hawk	-12.4	-12.6	-12.4
Scott	-16.4	+23.9	-18.3
<hr/>			
Average	-5.8	+8.9	-6.4

TABLE XVI-C

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

CITIES 50,000+

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Des Moines	+3.8	+15.5	+3.2
Council Bluffs	+3.4	+16.3	+2.9
Sioux City	-2.7	+26.2	-3.5
Dubuque	-6.2	-15.7	-6.0
Waterloo	-8.4	-19.4	-8.0
Cedar Rapids	-9.0	-11.2	-8.9
Davenport	-15.1	+29.1	-17.5
<hr/>			
Average	-4.2	+9.2	-4.7

TABLE XVI-D

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

CITIES 25,000-50,000

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Burlington	+14.8	+7.2	+15.2
Clinton	+14.1	+52.7	+13.1
Iowa City	+7.7	+49.9	+6.4
Fort Dodge	-5.4	-40.4	-5.1
Bettendorf	-17.4	+99.0	-19.0
Ottumwa	-18.3	+102.0	-19.8
Marshalltown	-19.6	-29.4	-19.4
Cedar Falls	-20.9	-0.5	-22.0
Mason City	-22.9	-33.2	-22.8
Ames	-30.5	+101.1	-32.7
Average	-9.6	+23.6	-10.5

TABLE XVI-E

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

CITIES 10,000-25,000

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Spencer	+13.8	+81.0	+13.5
Urbandale	+7.2	+69.0	+5.8
Oskaloosa	+0.8	+141.8	-1.5
Boone	-8.4	+17.7	-9.0
Fort Madison	-9.0	+20.3	-9.7
West Des Moines	-9.8	+18.4	-10.8
Newton	-11.1	+111.0	-12.2
Marion	-13.0	+30.0	-13.4
Muscatine	-16.5	-32.9	-16.1
Ankeny	-16.9	-46.0	-16.6
Keokuk	-20.9	+12.9	-21.0
Average	-9.6	+26.1	-10.2

TABLE XVI-F

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

CITIES 5,000-10,000

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Charles City	+537.1	+225.7	+544.3
Washington	+131.5	+1,135.3	+125.7
Chariton	+100.5	+86.9	+101.9
Independence	+54.4	-79.3	+63.7
Denison	+50.9	+915.8	+30.3
Coralville	+47.8	+162.3	+44.0
Fairfield	+39.6	+110.2	+39.3
Decorah	+34.1	+100.2	+32.9
Harlan	+33.3	0.0	+33.6
Glenwood	+23.6	+625.1	+16.5
Indianola	+18.7	+53.7	+18.4
Waverly	+17.7	+2.2	+17.9
Cherokee	+16.4	+26.4	+16.3
Oelwein	+15.2	-16.7	+15.9
Pella	+9.7	+62.7	+8.2
Maquoketa	+8.2	+5.0	+8.2
Mount Pleasant	+6.6	*	+6.1
Iowa Falls	+4.9	+863.2	+0.6
Grinnell	+4.4	-86.7	+10.2
Perry	+0.2	-75.7	+3.4
Carroll	-3.3	-77.7	-1.0
Storm Lake	-3.9	-83.4	-2.7
Altoona	-4.4	-75.3	-2.9
Le Mars	-7.1	*	-8.0
Clear Lake	-9.8	+133.0	-10.5
Knoxville	-11.0	+38.4	-11.7
Clarinda	-13.1	+620.5	-20.1
Creston	-16.6	+77.9	-17.7
Webster City	-16.8	-49.8	-16.6
Atlantic	-17.3	-100.0	-15.4
Centerville	-23.1	+283.8	-24.7
Shenandoah	-23.2	-100.0	-22.3
Evansdale	-23.6	+51.2	-29.6
Algona	-23.7	-49.7	-23.5
Nevada	-35.2	-100.0	-34.0
Windsor Heights	-35.6	+498.7	-37.5
Red Oak	-35.9	-74.2	-35.4
Estherville**	-49.5	+81.8	-51.8
Average	+3.4	+52.8	+2.5

*No 1976 Violent Crime

**1976 Crime Estimated

TABLE XVI-G

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

CITIES UNDER 5,000

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Fayette**	+269.0	+55.4	+482.8
Belle Plaine	+175.8	0.0	+175.8
Grundy Center	+70.6	0.0	+70.6
Osceola	+59.6	*	+57.4
West Burlington	+48.9	-100.0	+60.9
Eldora	+35.5	+151.1	+28.0
Cresco	+28.0	-52.1	+30.7
Sheldon**	+27.4	+105.2	+26.4
Mount Vernon	+24.6	*	+23.8
Missouri Valley	+24.5	-100.0	+25.5
DeWitt	+23.4	+98.9	+22.2
West Union	+21.9	+96.2	+19.5
Emmetsburg	+18.6	-71.6	+22.1
Bloomfield	+11.4	-100.0	+13.9
Hampton	+10.6	+19.3	+10.3
Tipton	+10.5	*	+6.5
Camanche	+8.5	0.0	+8.6
Humboldt	+6.1	+104.2	+5.4
Eagle Grove	+4.4	-65.2	+5.7
Clarion	+4.2	+317.9	-9.5
Monticello	+3.6	*	+0.9
Anamosa	+3.3	0.0	+3.3
Manchester	+0.8	*	-0.3
Eldridge	-1.7	-79.1	+4.1
Jefferson	-2.3	-5.6	-2.3
Audubon	-2.9	*	-5.2
Waukon	-4.2	-45.1	+0.7
Vinton	-4.6	-32.8	-3.9
Dyersville	-5.4	-100.0	-3.9
Hiawatha**	-6.9	+38.4	-8.8
Tama	-7.0	+314.6	-10.1
Osage	-9.3	-33.6	-8.6
Clive	-11.7	+197.2	-14.2
Orange City	-12.9	0.0	-12.9
Spirit Lake	-13.8	-100.0	-13.0
Le Claire	-15.8	-49.9	-14.7
Albia	-22.1	-100.0	-17.0
Forest City	-27.1	+183.3	-33.0
Pleasant Hill	-28.3	-78.6	-25.2
Sioux Center	-29.5	-100.0	-26.4
Winterset	-33.3	-50.8	-32.8
Carter Lake	-38.0	-25.3	-39.3

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Rock Rapids	-42.8	*	-46.2
Sac City	-43.5	-100.0	-40.9
New Hampton	-47.1	0.0	-47.1
Belmond**	-67.7	-51.5	-68.5
Adel**	-83.5	-81.0	-83.6
Garner***			
Carlisle***			
Norwalk***			
Hawarden***			
Colfax***			
Onawa***			
Average	-5.0	-8.4	-4.9

*No 1976 Violent Crime

**1976 Rate Estimated

***New Agency, 1976 Data Not Available

TABLE XVI-H

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

SUBURBAN CITIES

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Mount Vernon	+24.6	*	+23.8
Indianola	+18.7	+53.7	+18.4
Urbandale	+7.2	+69.0	+5.8
Eldridge	-1.7	-79.1	+4.1
Altoona	-4.4	-75.3	-2.9
Dyersville	-5.4	-100.0	-3.9
Hiawatha**	-6.9	+38.4	-8.8
West Des Moines	-9.8	+18.4	-10.8
Clive	-11.7	+197.2	-14.2
Marion	-13.0	+30.0	-13.4
Le Claire	-15.8	-49.9	-14.7
Ankeny	-16.9	-46.0	-16.6
Bettendorf	-17.4	+99.0	-19.0
Cedar Falls	-20.9	-0.5	-22.0
Evansdale	-23.6	+51.2	-29.6
Pleasant Hill	-28.3	-78.6	-25.2
Windsor Heights	-35.6	+498.7	-37.5
Carter Lake	-38.0	-25.3	-39.3
Average (SMSA Only)	-14.6	+9.6	-15.4

NON-SMSA SUBURBS

West Burlington	+48.9	-100.0	+60.9
Coralville	+47.8	+162.3	+44.0
Camanche	+8.5	0.0	+8.6
Average (Non-SMSA)	+37.4	+79.5	+36.1
Average (Total)	-0.2	+27.9	-1.1

*No 1976 Violent Crime

**1976 Crime Estimated

TABLE XVI-I

CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

SUBURBAN SHERIFFS' OFFICES

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Woodbury	+22.5	+35.1	+22.0
Polk	+13.7	+70.2	+9.6
Linn	+1.0	-27.6	+2.6
Dubuque	-8.0	-29.1	-7.0
Scott	-9.7	-59.1	-7.2
Warren	-13.7	-18.5	-13.5
Pottawattamie	-15.3	+79.2	-17.2
Black Hawk	-30.1	-27.2	-30.4
<hr/>			
Average	-3.0	+14.6	-3.9

TABLE XVI-J

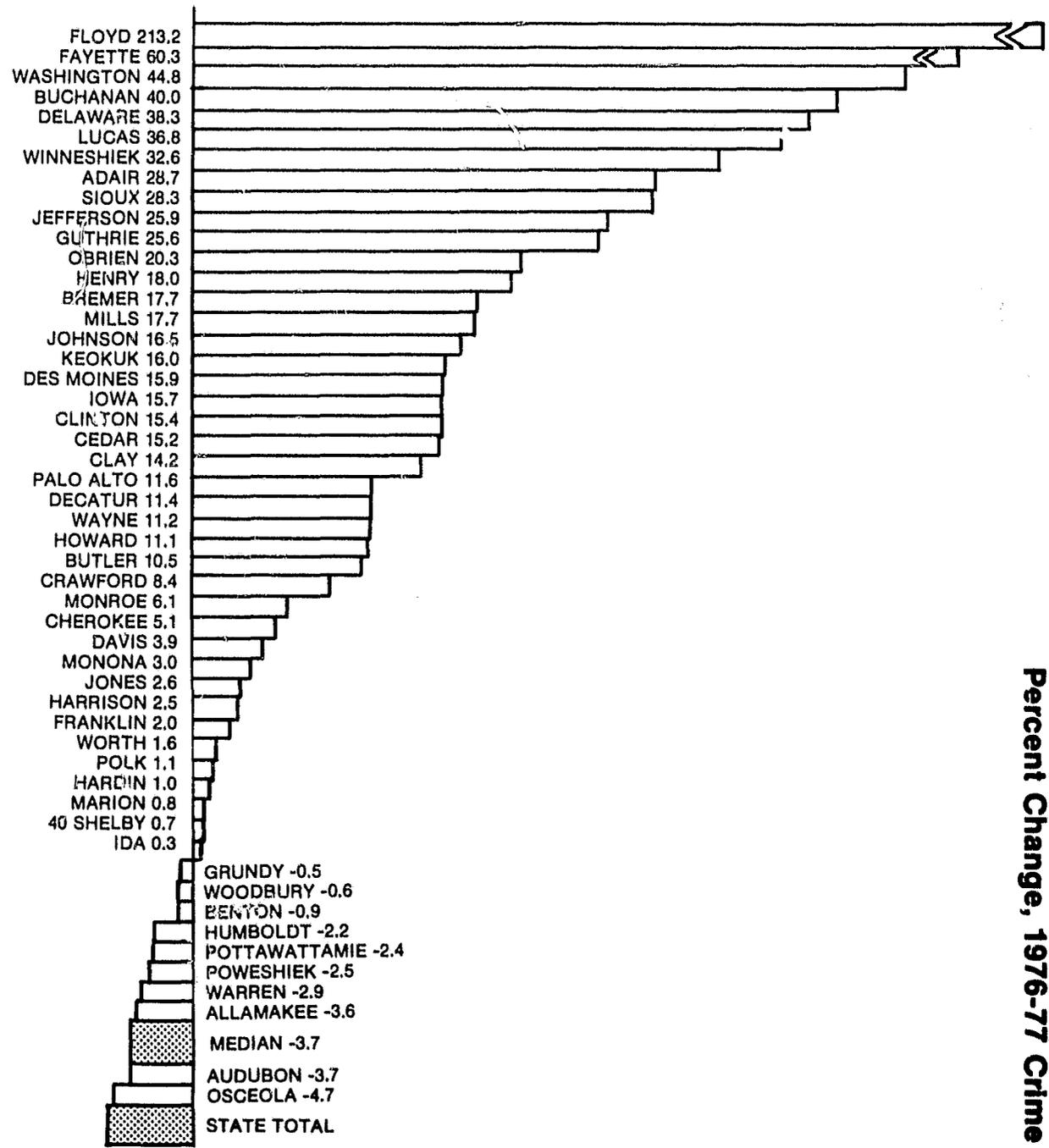
CHANGE IN TOTAL CRIME RATE, VIOLENT CRIME RATE,
AND PROPERTY CRIME RATE, IN PERCENT,
BY JURISDICTION

RURAL AREAS

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Delaware**	+112.7	+1,197.2	+88.0
Fayette	+83.8	+974.3	+77.1
Sioux**	+57.4	+353.5	+47.2
Henry	+50.7	+47.4	+50.7
Monroe	+49.3	-12.5	+52.7
Johnson	+47.2	-23.2	+50.3
Clinton	+30.0	+59.1	+29.3
Winneshiek	+29.9	+299.3	+24.2
Clay	+29.9	+542.9	+21.6
Buchanan	+29.1	-50.2	+30.5
Adair	+28.7	+76.5	+27.6
Lee - South	+27.1	+105.6	+25.4
Guthrie	+25.6	*	+20.1
Hamilton	+22.3	+0.9	+22.6
Appanoose	+22.2	*	+21.4
Bremer	+18.2	-49.8	+20.2
Page	+17.8	+43.7	+17.2
Cedar	+16.7	+74.5	+15.7
Keokuk	+16.0	-3.4	+16.2
Iowa	+15.7	+15.6	+15.4
Mills	+13.6	-59.3	+16.8
Des Moines	+12.6	+108.6	+12.2
Decatur	+11.4	+90.7	+11.1
Wayne	+11.2	-100.0	+12.1
Butler	+10.5	-60.5	+12.5
Marshall	+9.4	-42.1	+12.3
Madison	+8.3	*	+6.7
O'Brien	+7.6	-71.1	+16.1
Jasper	+5.5	-60.8	+9.3
Wapello	+5.2	-68.5	+9.3
Story	+4.3	-52.5	+5.9
Shelby	+4.1	-100.0	-20.2
Jones	+3.5	-2.4	+3.6
Union	+2.6	*	-5.0
Worth	+1.6	-63.6	+5.7
Ida	+0.3	+90.3	-0.4
Cass	0.0	*	-0.5
Kossuth	-3.2	-74.9	-1.9
Allamakee	-3.3	-59.6	-1.7
Davis	-3.9	-1.5	-4.0
Palo Alto	-4.0	-100.0	-0.5
Audubon	-4.1	*	-5.1
Plymouth**	-4.3	0.0	-4.3
Winnebago	-4.5	+29.8	-7.3
Jefferson**	-4.5	+193.3	-6.5

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Total Change</u>	<u>Violent Change</u>	<u>Property Change</u>
Marion	-4.5	-71.5	-3.4
Osceola	-4.7	*	-5.7
Taylor**	-6.2	-100.0	-0.1
Cherokee	-7.5	-52.5	-6.4
Pocahontas	-8.1	+132.7	-10.1
Lyon	-8.5	-2.1	-8.6
Howard	-8.7	-100.0	-3.9
Floyd	-8.7	-68.5	-5.4
Louisa	-9.2	-60.6	-7.9
Adams	-9.3	-80.4	-4.0
Humboldt	-9.5	-100.0	-6.7
Franklin	-10.3	-51.8	-9.2
Boone	-10.6	+94.0	-12.8
Harrison	-10.6	+2.0	-10.8
Calhoun	-11.1	-100.0	-10.7
Grundy	-11.2	+501.1	-16.7
Sac	-11.4	-49.7	-10.7
Monona**	-12.5	-29.2	-12.1
Poweshiek	-14.2	+123.2	-15.5
Carroll	-14.3	-100.0	-12.2
Ringgold	-14.6	*	-15.4
Crawford	-15.0	*	-15.9
Cerro Gordo	-15.3	-77.6	-13.8
Dickinson	-17.6	-80.3	-14.6
Buena Vista	-17.8	-100.0	-16.0
Fremont	-18.1	-51.4	-17.5
Hardin	-18.4	-100.0	-11.9
Washington	-20.1	-45.1	-17.6
Lucas**	-20.2	*	-21.2
Benton	-21.0	-31.2	-20.5
Tama	-21.7	+62.8	-23.5
Jackson	-21.8	+176.5	-23.2
Lee - North	-22.3	-55.5	-20.2
Mahaska	-22.7	+188.7	-23.7
Mitchell	-22.9	0.0	-22.9
Chickasaw	-22.9	-40.6	-21.9
Van Buren	-23.4	-3.2	-23.7
Webster	-25.7	+32.3	-26.2
Clarke	-26.6	+102.2	-27.5
Dallas	-27.0	-77.0	-25.0
Montgomery	-27.1	0.0	-27.1
Greene	-28.8	-100.0	-27.7
Clayton	-33.2	-32.2	-33.2
Wright	-33.8	-38.9	-33.5
Hancock	-36.3	-78.0	-33.4
Muscatine	-39.3	-41.7	-39.2
Emmet	-47.0	*	-48.7
Average	-3.4	-23.1	-2.9

*No 1976 Violent Crime
**1976 Crime Estimated



Percent Change, 1976-77 Crime

Rates, By County, By Rank

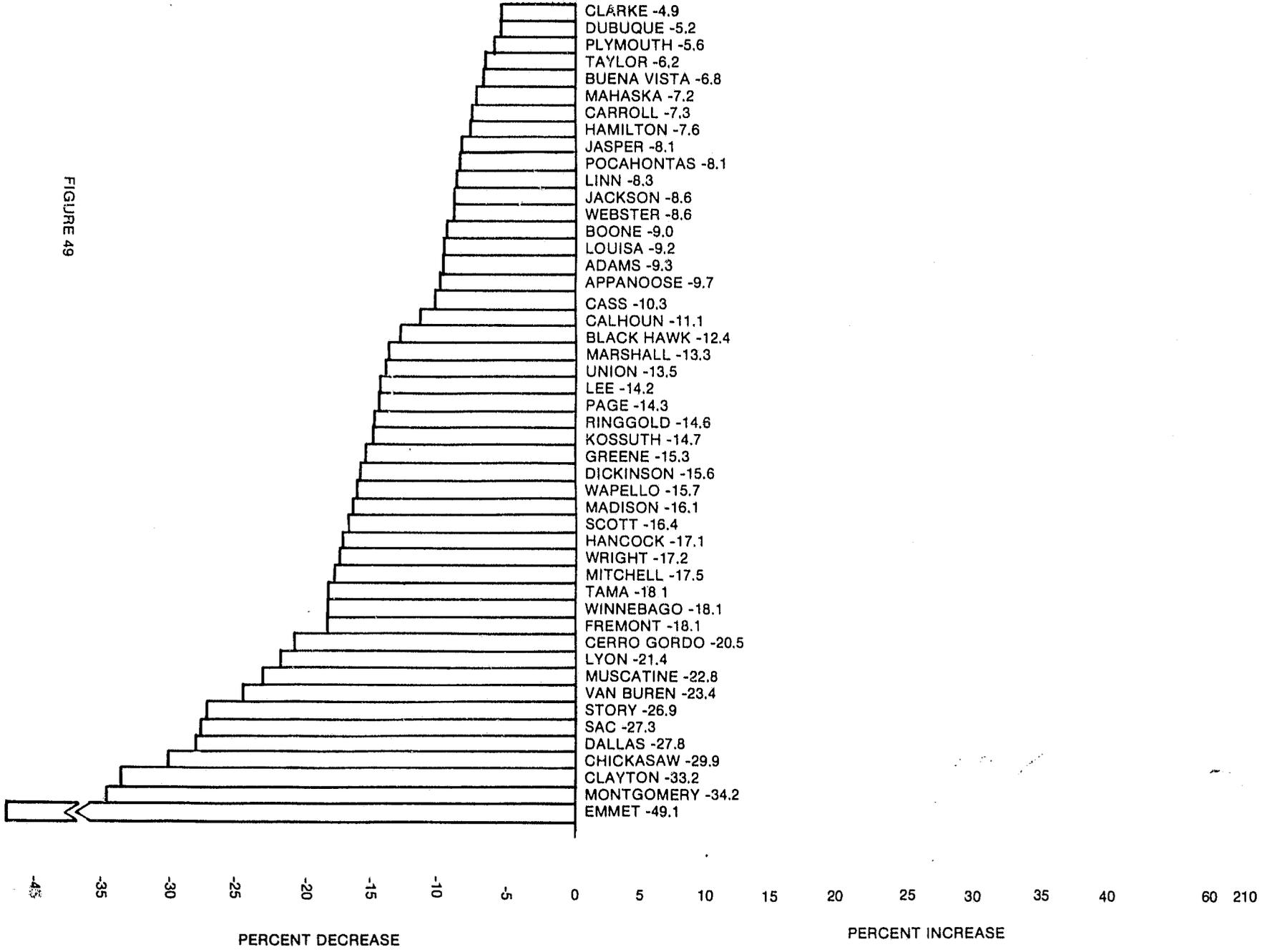
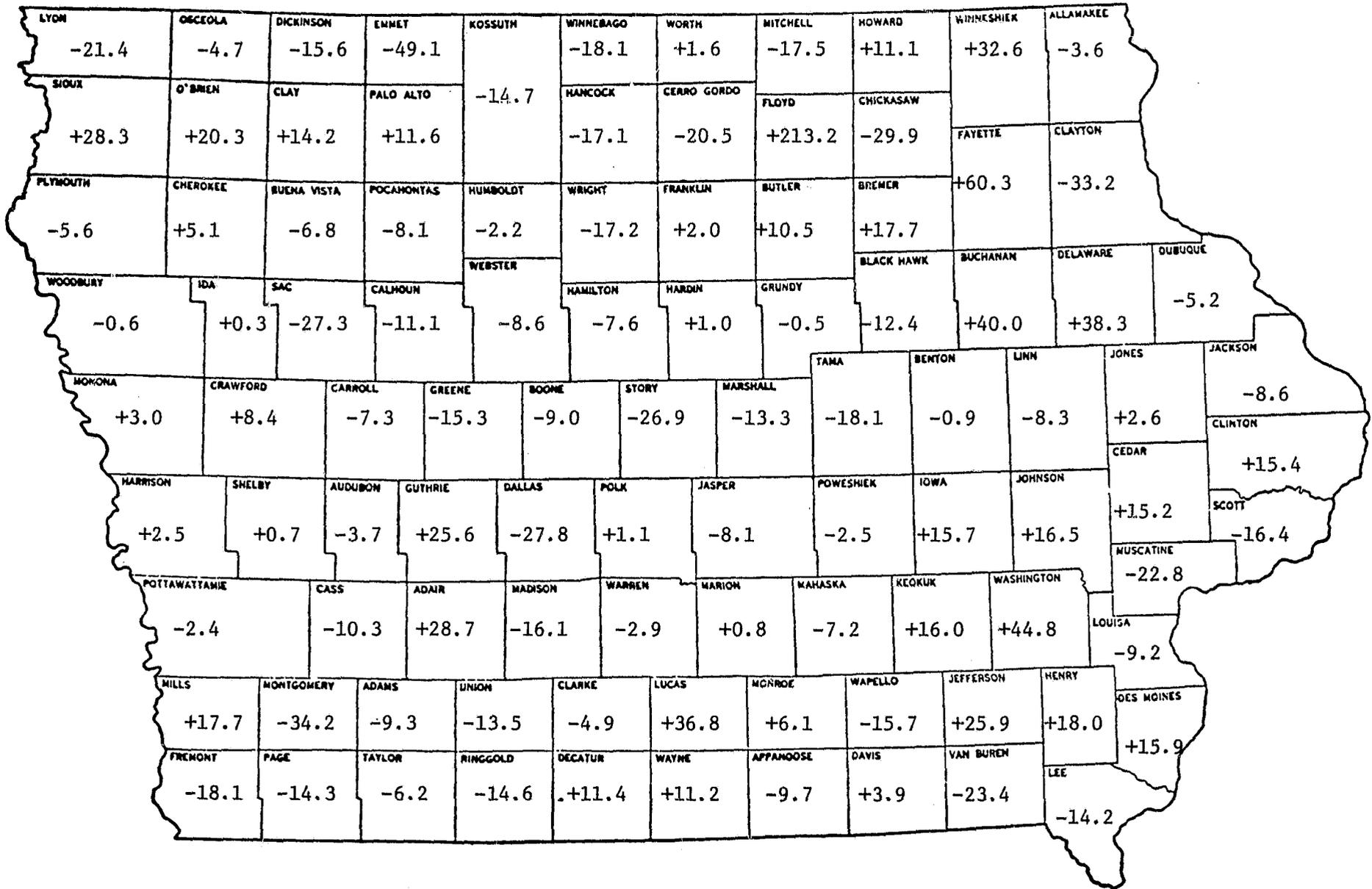


FIGURE 49

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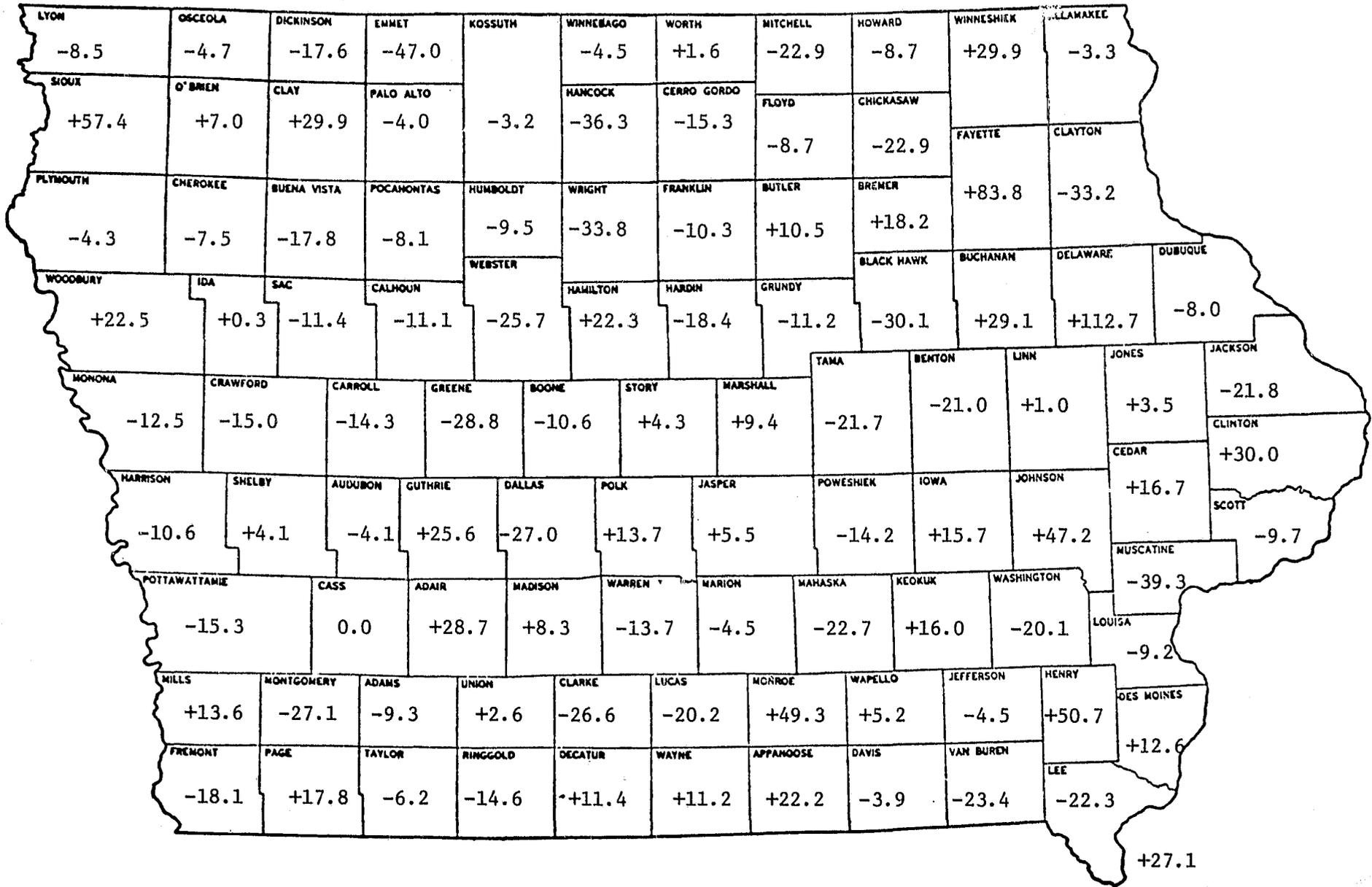
PERCENT CHANGE, TOTAL CRIME RATE
1976-77, BY COUNTY



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FIGURE 50

PERCENT CHANGE, TOTAL CRIME RATE,
1976-1977,
RURAL AREAS



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FIGURE 51

F. Comparison: Crime Rate Versus Population Density

Table XVII is included for those more interested in some of the theoretical aspects of population and criminality, presenting a comparison between the crime rate rank in 1977 with county's population density. While the relationship between the crime rate rank and density is not perfect, strong positive correlation exists between the two. It is particularly true that jurisdictions with high crime rates tend to have the highest densities in a state.

TABLE XVII

COMPARISON: CRIME RATE
AND POPULATION DENSITY

<u>County</u>	<u>1977 Population</u>	<u>Area In Square Miles</u>	<u>Persons Per Square Mile</u>	<u>Crime Rate Rank</u>	<u>Density Rank</u>
Adair	9,383	569	16.5	69	95
Adams	7,000	426	16.4	57	96
Allamakee	15,000	639	23.5	62	77
Appanoose	14,873	523	28.4	22	58
Audubon	8,984	448	20.1	74	88
Benton	23,500	718	32.7	75	41
Black Hawk	142,000	567	250.4	9	3
Boone	28,000	573	48.9	27	20
Bremer	23,957	439	54.6	85	19
Buchanan	22,116	569	38.9	26	27
Bueña Vista	20,640	573	36.0	39	32
Butler	17,174	582	29.5	84	54
Calhoun	13,675	572	23.9	68	70
Carroll	23,158	574	40.3	59	24
Cass	17,300	559	30.9	43	47
Cedar	17,469	585	29.9	80	53
Cerro Gordo	48,935	576	85.0	4	13
Cherokee	17,500	573	30.5	48	50
Chickasaw	15,346	505	30.4	86	51
Clarke	7,814	429	18.2	44	90
Clay	17,865	571	31.3	10	45
Clayton	22,000	778	28.3	95	59
Clinton	57,827	695	83.2	12	14
Crawford	19,116	716	26.7	87	65
Dallas	27,223	597	45.6	47	23
Davis	8,585	509	16.9	46	93
Decatur	9,782	530	18.5	31	89
Delaware	19,043	573	33.2	93	39
Des Moines	45,123	409	110.3	8	9
Dickinson	13,337	376	35.5	32	33
Dubuque	90,660	608	149.1	13	6
Emmet	13,576	395	34.4	81	36
Fayette	26,898	728	36.9	34	31
Floyd	19,860	503	39.5	73	26
Franklin	13,502	586	23.0	71	79
Fremont	9,282	523	17.7	66	91
Greene	12,716	569	22.3	29	82
Grundy	13,975	501	27.9	97	61
Guthrie	12,178	596	20.4	76	87
Hamilton	17,868	577	31.0	28	46
Hancock	13,500	570	23.7	51	74
Hardin	22,040	574	38.4	53	28
Harrison	16,594	695	23.9	50	71
Henry	17,568	440	39.9	52	25
Howard	11,200	471	23.8	83	72
Humboldt	12,547	435	28.8	49	57
Ida	9,300	431	21.6	79	86
Iowa	15,460	584	26.5	63	66
Jackson	21,960	644	34.1	77	37

<u>County</u>	<u>1977 Population</u>	<u>Area In Square Miles</u>	<u>Persons Per Square Mile</u>	<u>Crime Rate Rank</u>	<u>Density Rank</u>
Jasper	35,364	736	48.0	21	22
Jefferson	14,105	436	32.4	24	42
Johnson	75,025	617	121.6	5	7
Jones	20,529	585	35.1	64	34
Keokuk	13,943	579	24.1	61	69
Kossuth	22,659	979	23.1	56	78
Lee	41,924	522	80.3	14	15
Linn	166,600	713	233.7	3	4
Louisa	11,200	403	27.8	20	63
Lucas	10,200	433	23.6	35	75
Lyon	13,443	588	22.9	99	80
Madison	12,300	565	21.8	92	85
Mahaska	21,661	572	37.9	17	30
Marion	27,451	568	48.3	37	21
Marshall	41,076	574	71.6	16	16
Mills	12,412	446	27.8	15	62
Mitchell	13,108	467	28.1	78	60
Monona	11,579	697	16.6	94	94
Monroe	9,600	435	22.1	33	83
Montgomery	12,978	422	30.8	36	48
Muscatine	39,030	439	88.9	25	12
O'Brien	17,402	575	30.3	67	52
Osceola	9,000	397	22.7	91	81
Page	18,703	535	35.0	38	35
Palo Alto	13,176	561	23.5	41	76
Plymouth	25,340	863	29.4	82	55
Pocahontas	12,793	580	22.1	90	84
Polk	287,211	594	483.5	2	1
Pottawattamie	89,142	964	92.5	1	11
Poweshiek	18,803	589	31.9	45	43
Ringgold	6,373	538	11.8	70	99
Sac	14,942	578	25.9	88	68
Scott	157,500	453	347.7	7	2
Shelby	15,249	587	26.0	55	67
Sioux	29,237	766	38.2	96	29
Story	91,106	568	160.4	30	5
Tama	19,565	720	27.2	65	64
Taylor	7,986	528	15.1	89	98
Union	13,076	426	30.7	18	49
Van Buren	8,300	487	17.0	98	92
Wapello	42,149	437	96.5	23	10
Warren	33,749	572	59.0	40	18
Washington	18,766	568	33.0	19	40
Wayne	8,185	532	15.4	72	97
Webster	47,215	718	65.8	11	17
Winnebago	13,658	401	34.1	42	38
Winneshiek	21,526	688	31.3	58	44
Woodbury	103,216	871	118.5	6	8
Worth	9,500	400	23.8	54	73
Wright	16,670	577	28.9	60	56

IV. ARREST DATA

This chapter presents arrest data provided by contributing agencies, and deals with arrest rates per population, clearance rates, and demographic data pertaining to those arrested.

A. Part I Arrest Rates

Table XVIII contains arrest rates and percentage changes by population category and, not surprisingly, indicates that the highest arrest rates occur in cities over 50,000 population. Lowest arrest rates were found in the rural areas of the State. The greatest rise in arrest rates from 1976 to 1977 were found in non-suburban cities of less than 5,000, as that group and cities of over 50,000 were the only categories to show increases in 1977. Large reductions, however, were experienced in several city groups, notably the two smallest suburban categories and suburban sheriffs. Decreases, incidentally, were also found in most categories in 1976 as well.

TABLE XVIII

PART I
ARREST RATES AND PERCENT CHANGES
BY POPULATION CATEGORIES
1976-1977

Population Categories	Grand Total			Violent Crime		
	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
State of Iowa	585.4	606.7	-3.6	68.9	63.0	+9.4
Total for all Cities	859.5	877.5	-2.1	92.7	82.9	+8.8
Over 50,000 Total	1,213.9	1,196.2	+1.5	139.0	118.0	+17.8
25,000-50,000 Total	785.3	825.4	-4.9	79.0	81.7	-3.3
10,000-25,000 Total	629.6	689.1	-8.6	59.0	45.3	+30.2
5,000-10,000 Total	509.8	526.8	-3.2	41.4	42.0	-1.4
Under 5,000 Total	426.1	458.8	-7.1	56.3	48.8	+15.4
Suburban Cities						
Cities 25,000-50,000	784.9	809.6	-3.1	87.1	117.4	-25.8
Cities 10,000-25,000	628.1	665.1	-5.6	45.2	40.7	+11.1
Cities 5,000-10,000	574.9	795.4	-27.7	59.7	18.4	+224.5
Cities Under 5,000	417.1	721.4	-42.2	63.3	68.7	-7.9
Suburban Cities Total	632.0	714.0	-11.5	63.3	58.0	+9.1
Non-suburban Cities						
Cities 25,000-50,000	785.3	827.2	-5.1	77.1	77.7	-0.8
Cities 10,000-25,000	630.7	711.0	-11.3	69.1	49.3	+40.2
Cities 5,000-10,000	502.7	508.6	-1.2	39.2	43.5	-9.9
Cities Under 5,000	428.1	399.0	+7.3	54.6	44.5	+22.7
Non-suburban Cities Total	607.1	628.3	-3.4	59.8	56.7	+5.5
Suburban Sheriffs	339.2	461.4	-26.5	77.8	84.7	-8.1
Suburban Areas Total	491.2	584.5	-16.0	71.1	72.6	-2.1
Rural Areas Total	193.7	197.6	-2.0	29.1	26.9	+8.2

<u>Property Crime</u>			<u>Murder</u>			<u>Negligent Manslaughter</u>		
<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
516.6	543.6	-5.0	1.9	2.3	-17.4	0.4	0.4	0.0
766.8	794.6	-3.5	2.9	2.4	-83.3	0.4	0.2	+100.0
1,074.9	1,077.9	-0.3	6.0	4.6	+30.4	0.7	0.0	--
706.3	743.5	-5.0	1.5	1.6	-6.3	0.6	0.3	+100.0
570.6	643.9	-11.4	1.1	1.5	-26.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
468.6	484.9	-3.4	0.4	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	0.0
369.8	410.0	-9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	-100.0
697.8	692.2	+0.8	1.6	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	0.0
583.0	624.4	-6.6	2.7	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	0.0
515.2	777.1	-33.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
353.8	652.6	-45.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
568.7	656.0	-13.3	1.5	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	0.0
708.2	749.5	-5.5	1.4	1.8	-22.2	0.7	0.4	+75.0
561.5	661.7	-15.1	0.0	2.8	-100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
463.4	465.1	-0.4	0.4	0.0	--	0.0	0.0	0.0
373.5	354.6	+5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	-100.0
547.3	571.5	-4.2	0.6	1.0	-40.0	0.3	0.3	0.0
261.4	376.6	-30.6	0.5	4.7	-89.4			
420.2	512.0	-17.9	1.0	2.4	-58.3	0.8	0.8	0.0
164.5	170.8	-3.7	0.4	1.6	-75.0	0.2	0.5	-60.0

Forcible Rape			Robbery			Aggravated Assault		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
6.0	5.1	+17.6	16.9	16.9	0.0	43.7	38.3	+14.1
6.3	5.9	+6.8	23.3	24.9	6.4	59.8	49.5	+20.8
9.2	9.7	-5.2	41.3	44.0	-6.1	81.8	59.7	+37.0
5.5	3.5	+57.1	14.5	20.6	-29.6	56.9	55.7	+2.2
2.8	3.0	-6.7	12.8	8.0	+60.0	42.3	32.8	+29.0
5.2	2.7	+92.6	5.9	3.9	+51.3	29.9	35.4	-15.5
2.7	2.7	0.0	9.0	7.4	+21.6	44.6	38.2	+16.8
8.2	3.1	+164.5	21.4	30.9	-30.7	55.9	83.4	-33.0
2.7	2.1	+28.6	10.6	2.1	+404.8	29.2	36.5	-20.0
14.9	0.0	--	3.7	0.0	--	41.1	18.4	+123.4
2.9	5.7	-49.1	14.4	8.6	+67.4	46.0	54.4	-15.4
6.1	2.8	+117.9	13.7	8.4	+63.1	42.0	46.8	-10.3
4.9	3.6	+36.1	13.0	19.4	-33.0	57.1	52.5	+8.8
2.9	3.8	-23.7	14.4	13.3	+8.3	51.8	29.4	+76.2
4.1	2.9	+41.4	6.1	4.1	+48.8	28.6	36.5	-21.6
2.6	2.0	+30.0	7.8	7.2	+8.3	44.2	34.6	+27.7
3.9	3.1	+25.8	10.0	11.4	-12.3	45.0	40.9	+10.0
14.6	6.8	+114.7	12.4	20.9	-40.7	50.2	52.3	-40.0
10.2	4.9	+108.2	13.1	14.8	-11.5	46.0	49.7	-7.4
4.1	3.5	+17.1	7.4	3.4	+117.6	17.0	17.9	-5.0

Burglary			Larceny			Motor Vehicle Theft		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
102.7	115.1	-10.8	359.8	375.4	-4.2	54.1	53.1	+1.9
133.7	141.8	-5.7	564.9	584.8	-3.4	68.2	68.0	+0.3
183.5	179.6	+2.2	803.9	813.5	-1.2	87.5	84.8	+3.2
102.7	140.1	-26.7	534.6	530.6	+0.8	69.0	72.8	-5.2
82.4	110.4	-25.4	429.2	483.3	-11.2	59.0	50.2	+17.5
91.1	94.4	-3.5	332.5	345.4	-3.7	45.0	45.1	-0.2
118.9	102.5	+16.0	212.2	259.7	-18.3	38.7	47.8	-19.0
82.3	200.9	-59.0	562.8	435.7	+29.2	52.7	55.6	-5.2
64.9	75.2	-13.7	470.4	504.3	-6.7	47.7	44.9	+6.2
48.5	97.9	-50.5	403.2	667.0	-39.6	63.5	12.2	+420.5
146.7	160.3	-8.5	178.3	449.4	-60.3	28.8	42.9	-32.9
82.4	116.5	-29.3	438.3	496.0	-11.6	48.0	43.5	+10.3
107.1	133.1	-19.5	528.6	541.6	-2.4	72.5	74.8	-3.1
95.0	142.4	-33.3	399.3	464.2	-14.0	67.2	55.1	+22.0
95.7	94.2	+1.6	324.8	323.6	+0.4	42.9	47.3	-9.3
112.6	89.3	+26.1	219.9	216.4	+1.6	41.0	48.9	-16.2
103.0	113.6	-9.3	387.8	399.4	-2.9	56.5	58.5	-3.4
75.6	144.4	-47.6	118.3	180.5	-34.5	67.5	51.8	+30.3
79.1	130.9	-39.6	283.6	333.3	-14.9	57.5	47.8	+20.3
59.2	66.8	-11.4	75.6	74.7	+1.2	29.7	29.3	+1.4

B. Part II Arrest Rates

As shown in Table XIX, the pattern found for Part I arrests did not hold true in 1977 for Part II arrests: while a 3.6% drop was found in the former, a 5.9% increase is shown for the latter. While decreases were found in almost all categories for Part I arrest rates, increases were the rule in Part II arrests, particularly suburban cities from 25,000-50,000 and cities of over 50,000 population.

As a supplement to Table XIX, Table XX was prepared, containing percent changes in the raw numbers of Part II arrests in 1977. It will be noted that approximately two-thirds of the increase in arrests is due to increased OMVUI arrests, itself probably due to increased enforcement activity.

Figure 52 presents the monthly trend of Part I crimes reported and Part II arrests for 1976 and 1977. The graph shows that Part II arrests, unlike Part I crime, increased in 1977 over 1976, with only January containing fewer arrests in 1977. The surge of offenses reported in the summer is present in Part II arrests as well as Part I crimes.

Figure 53 follows Figure 52, and is a modification of a graph presented last year. Monthly trends for Part I and II arrests and Part I crimes reported are illustrated, with one particularly interesting finding: in 1977 the Part I offense trend shows little similarity to the Part I arrest trend. Rather, the Part I offense trend coincides well with the Part II arrest trend.

TABLE XIX

PART II
ARREST RATES AND PERCENT CHANGES
BY POPULATION CATEGORIES
1976-1977

<u>Population Categories</u>	<u>Grand Total</u>			<u>Other Assaults</u>		
	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
State of Iowa	2,128.5	2,009.1	+5.9	98.1	94.8	+3.5
Total for all Cities	2,836.6	2,648.7	+7.1	141.5	148.3	-4.6
Over 50,000 Total	3,255.8	2,836.2	+14.8	224.7	216.9	+3.6
25,000-50,000 Total	2,980.9	3,063.7	-2.7	104.7	128.5	-18.5
10,000-25,000 Total	2,568.0	2,459.2	+4.4	62.9	98.9	-36.4
5,000-10,000 Total	2,322.8	2,254.4	+3.0	72.3	74.2	-2.6
Under 5,000 Total	2,039.7	2,008.8	+1.5	79.6	79.7	-0.1
Suburban Cities						
Cities 25,000-50,000	2,252.7	1,409.1	+59.9	138.2	12.4	+1,014.5
Cities 10,000-25,000	2,016.8	2,109.0	-4.4	34.5	98.1	-64.8
Cities 5,000-10,000	2,747.4	2,465.9	+11.4	56.0	6.1	+818.0
Cities Under 5,000	2,876.5	3,191.7	-9.9	83.4	117.4	-29.0
Suburban Cities Total	2,339.3	2,226.1	+5.1	77.9	78.0	-0.1
Non-suburban Cities						
Cities 25,000-50,000	3,136.7	3,256.3	-3.7	97.5	142.1	-31.4
Cities 10,000-25,000	2,967.2	2,777.5	+6.8	83.5	99.7	-16.2
Cities 5,000-10,000	2,276.3	2,240.1	+1.6	74.0	78.8	-6.1
Cities Under 5,000	1,850.4	1,739.4	+6.4	78.7	71.1	+10.7
Non-suburban Cities Total	2,595.3	2,577.4	+0.7	84.7	102.7	-17.5
Suburban Sheriffs	2,357.1	2,452.2	-3.9	71.3	46.6	+53.0
Suburban Areas Total	2,347.9	2,342.7	+0.2	74.7	61.8	+20.9
Rural Areas Total	968.8	898.0	+7.9	34.1	28.9	+18.0

Arson			Forgery			Fraud		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
5.3	5.6	-5.4	27.0	27.6	-2.2	45.5	43.6	+4.4
6.2	6.4	-3.1	34.9	36.1	-3.3	52.5	49.8	+5.4
6.1	8.1	-24.7	45.7	50.7	-9.9	68.4	62.3	+9.8
8.1	5.2	+55.8	29.3	27.1	+8.1	70.8	63.1	+12.2
3.9	5.0	-22.0	43.4	40.3	+7.7	22.8	36.3	-37.2
8.1	4.7	+72.3	21.7	17.5	+24.0	37.6	36.5	+3.0
2.1	5.8	-63.8	16.4	18.1	-9.4	11.1	14.3	-22.4
6.6	0.0	--	29.6	40.2	-26.4	131.6	132.9	-1.0
1.3	7.3	-82.2	30.5	38.6	-21.0	33.1	54.3	-39.0
33.6	0.0	--	3.7	18.4	-79.9	7.5	0.0	--
8.6	17.2	-50.0	14.4	14.3	+0.7	14.4	22.9	-37.1
8.6	7.2	+19.4	23.8	32.3	-26.3	56.6	57.4	-1.4
8.5	5.8	+46.6	29.2	25.5	+14.5	57.8	55.0	+5.1
5.8	2.8	+107.1	52.8	41.8	+26.3	15.4	19.9	-22.6
5.3	5.0	+6.0	23.7	17.4	+36.2	40.9	39.0	+4.9
0.7	3.3	-78.8	16.9	18.9	-10.6	10.4	12.4	-16.1
5.6	4.6	+21.7	28.2	23.9	+18.0	37.6	36.9	+1.9
8.1	6.8	-19.1	10.3	27.7	-62.8	41.6	48.6	-14.4
8.4	7.0	+20.0	17.8	30.0	-40.7	49.4	52.9	-6.6
3.6	4.1	-12.2	17.6	14.0	+25.7	35.7	32.7	+9.2

<u>Embezzlement</u>			<u>Stolen Property</u>			<u>Vandalism</u>		
<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
5.1	4.8	+6.3	36.8	37.8	-2.6	80.7	80.0	+0.9
7.4	6.3	+17.6	48.0	49.3	-2.6	115.8	115.3	+0.4
13.1	10.1	+29.7	56.8	59.5	-4.6	149.3	135.5	+10.2
6.7	6.1	+9.8	55.7	49.6	+12.3	93.1	78.0	+19.4
2.8	5.5	-49.1	38.4	41.3	-7.0	89.6	101.4	-11.6
1.5	1.6	-6.3	38.0	43.1	-11.8	80.4	98.3	-18.2
1.1	0.0	--	26.0	28.1	-7.5	111.4	139.7	-20.3
13.2	6.2	112.9	11.5	24.7	-53.4	88.9	0.0	--
1.3	9.4	-86.2	35.8	44.9	-20.3	100.7	116.9	-13.9
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.6	-100.0	28.4	30.6	+156.2
0.0	0.0	0.0	48.9	57.3	-14.7	169.7	223.3	-24.0
4.6	6.1	-24.6	25.8	42.4	-39.2	106.2	108.7	-2.3
5.3	6.1	-13.1	65.2	52.5	+24.2	94.0	87.0	+8.0
3.8	1.9	+100.0	40.3	38.0	+6.1	81.6	87.3	-6.5
1.6	1.7	-5.9	42.1	44.0	-4.3	80.6	102.9	-21.7
1.3	0.0	--	20.8	21.5	-3.3	98.2	120.6	-18.6
3.2	3.0	+6.7	46.0	41.8	+10.0	89.0	98.6	-9.7
2.7	18.4	-67.9	28.1	46.0	-38.9	63.2	954.9	+15.1
3.7	7.3	-49.3	26.9	44.3	-39.3	85.4	81.0	+5.4
1.9	1.6	+18.8	20.6	17.6	+17.0	27.4	27.8	-1.4

Illegal Weapons			Commercial Vice			Sex Offenses		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
31.9	30.4	+4.9	2.8	3.4	-17.6	11.1	12.2	-9.0
44.2	43.9	+0.7	4.8	4.6	+4.3	17.0	17.8	-4.5
65.8	62.1	+6.0	10.3	10.0	+3.0	31.4	28.1	+11.7
28.7	30.3	-5.3	1.7	0.6	+183.3	9.0	14.5	-37.9
35.1	38.3	-8.4	0.0	2.0	-100.0	7.8	13.4	-41.8
29.1	26.0	+11.9	0.7	0.0	--	5.5	5.1	+7.8
24.4	28.7	-15.0	0.5	0.0	--	4.2	6.9	-39.1
44.4	27.8	+59.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.2	27.8	-70.5
35.8	33.4	+7.2	0.0	4.2	-100.0	6.6	16.7	-60.5
63.5	36.7	+73.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	18.7	12.2	+53.3
34.5	48.7	-29.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	14.3	-79.7
42.0	35.7	+17.6	0.0	2.2	-100.0	8.1	17.8	-54.5
25.4	30.6	-17.0	2.1	0.7	+200.0	9.2	12.9	-28.7
34.6	42.7	-19.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	10.4	-17.3
25.4	25.3	+0.4	0.8	0.0	--	4.1	4.6	-10.9
22.1	24.1	-8.3	0.7	0.0	--	4.6	5.2	-11.5
25.9	29.3	-11.6	1.1	0.3	+266.7	6.6	8.5	-22.4
38.9	28.8	+35.1	0.0	11.5	-100.0	7.6	9.9	-23.2
40.5	32.1	+26.2	0.0	7.0	-100.0	7.8	13.8	-43.5
11.2	9.0	+24.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	3.6	-38.9

Controlled Substance			Gambling			Family Offenses		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
156.9	148.2	+5.9	1.0	1.3	-23.1	6.0	8.9	-32.6
198.1	191.5	+3.4	1.3	2.1	-38.1	6.3	9.6	-34.4
188.6	193.1	-2.3	2.6	3.7	-29.7	2.6	11.4	-77.2
205.4	218.7	-6.1	0.0	1.9	-100.0	3.5	10.3	-66.0
242.7	190.9	+27.1	0.6	0.0	--	5.6	2.0	+180.0
191.3	182.2	+5.0	0.7	0.0	--	4.8	7.4	-35.1
186.8	154.0	+21.3	0.0	1.1	-100.0	28.1	12.7	+121.3
217.2	166.9	+30.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.9	24.7	-80.2
95.4	179.6	-46.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.3	2.1	+152.4
261.3	269.2	-2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.9	0.0	--
158.2	163.2	-3.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.4	0.0	--
166.3	182.3	-8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.1	5.6	+44.6
202.8	224.8	-9.8	0.0	2.2	-100.0	3.2	8.6	-62.8
349.4	201.2	+73.7	1.0	0.0	--	5.8	1.9	+205.3
183.7	176.3	+4.2	0.8	0.0	--	3.7	7.9	-53.2
193.2	151.9	+27.2	0.0	1.3	-100.0	31.2	15.6	+100.0
214.4	192.2	+11.6	0.4	1.0	-60.0	9.2	8.9	+3.4
151.8	160.1	-5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.6	26.7	-45.3
159.3	170.8	-6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.2	16.5	-32.1
93.6	76.4	+22.5	0.7	0.3	+133.3	4.1	4.4	-6.8

<u>Driving Under Influence</u>			<u>Liquor Laws</u>			<u>Drunkenness</u>		
<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
395.4	311.2	+27.1	156.4	162.3	-3.6	539.2	508.9	+6.0
445.7	319.2	+39.6	219.5	225.1	-2.5	761.4	696.4	+9.3
572.5	357.3	+60.2	142.0	137.1	+3.6	995.9	831.9	+19.7
380.3	261.6	+45.4	201.0	199.4	+0.8	656.7	711.3	-7.7
348.5	295.3	+18.0	279.5	281.9	-0.9	635.7	599.6	+6.0
352.1	326.3	+7.9	342.1	388.9	-12.0	578.0	525.6	+10.0
330.0	288.3	+14.5	302.5	310.6	-2.6	481.3	505.0	-4.7
273.2	197.8	+38.1	179.4	98.9	+81.4	488.7	398.6	+22.6
406.8	279.8	+45.4	229.2	241.2	-5.0	542.0	458.3	+18.3
742.8	673.1	+10.4	253.8	336.5	-24.6	955.6	703.7	+35.8
690.4	586.8	+17.7	526.4	635.5	-17.2	641.5	563.9	+13.8
461.1	360.6	+27.9	269.5	301.0	-10.5	579.1	490.5	+22.1
403.2	269.0	-19.9	205.7	211.1	-2.6	692.7	747.7	-7.4
306.2	309.5	-1.1	315.8	319.0	-1.0	703.7	728.1	-3.4
309.2	302.8	+2.1	351.8	392.4	-10.3	536.7	513.6	-1.5
248.5	220.4	+12.7	251.8	236.7	+6.4	445.0	491.6	-9.5
330.9	275.4	+20.2	274.7	286.9	-4.3	597.2	622.0	-4.0
1,084.0	918.0	+18.1	45.9	89.4	-48.7	461.8	558.7	-17.3
762.3	648.2	+17.6	161.4	191.9	-15.9	532.7	525.6	+1.4
196.0	185.7	+5.5	75.7	74.7	+1.3	199.9	197.9	+1.0

Disorderly Conduct			Vagrancy			Other Offenses		
1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change	1977	1976	Percent Change
104.0	112.6	-7.6	3.7	2.5	+48.0	421.7	409.1	+3.1
165.2	178.8	-7.6	1.7	1.7	0.0	565.0	546.4	+3.4
144.1	150.2	-4.1	0.3	1.3	-76.9	535.5	506.8	+5.7
159.8	236.5	-32.4	1.5	0.0	--	964.8	1,020.9	-5.5
179.8	228.2	-21.2	4.5	5.0	-10.0	564.5	473.8	+19.1
213.8	172.1	+24.2	2.9	2.7	+7.4	342.1	342.3	-0.1
168.2	146.0	+15.2	3.2	1.6	+100.0	262.7	268.2	-2.1
166.2	86.5	+92.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	450.9	163.8	+175.3
42.4	111.7	-62.0	9.3	1.0	+830.0	406.8	411.4	-1.1
138.1	238.6	-42.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	119.5	110.1	+8.5
109.3	214.7	-49.1	0.0	2.9	-100.0	359.6	509.5	-29.4
105.2	138.8	-24.2	3.5	1.1	+218.2	373.1	385.4	+4.1
158.5	253.9	-37.6	1.8	0.0	--	1,074.8	1,120.7	-4.1
279.3	334.1	-16.4	1.0	8.5	-88.2	678.7	530.6	+27.9
222.1	167.6	+32.5	3.3	2.9	+13.8	366.5	358.0	+2.4
181.5	130.4	+39.2	3.9	1.3	+200.0	240.7	213.2	+12.9
198.8	213.7	-7.0	2.5	2.3	+8.7	639.1	625.4	+2.2
11.9	31.4	-62.1	0.0	1.6	-100.0	314.4	377.1	-16.6
60.1	83.4	-27.9	1.8	1.3	+38.5	344.7	368.1	-6.4
22.7	21.3	+6.6	7.6	3.9	+94.9	214.3	194.2	+10.4

TABLE XX

PERCENT CHANGE IN PART II ARRESTS, BY OFFENSE
1976-1977

	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
Other Assaults	2,846	2,845	0.0
Arson	155	161	-3.7
Forgery	784	796	-1.5
Fraud	1,319	1,256	+5.0
Embezzlement	148	138	+7.2
Stolen Property	1,068	1,087	-1.7
Vandalism	2,339	2,302	+1.6
Illegal Weapons	925	875	+5.7
Commercial Vice	80	98	-18.4
Sex Offenses	322	351	-8.3
Controlled Substances	4,549	4,267	+6.6
Gambling	28	37	-24.3
Family Offenses	175	255	-31.4
OMVUI	11,466	8,959	+28.0
Liquor Laws	4,535	4,673	-3.0
Drunkenness	15,637	14,651	+6.7
Disorderly Conduct	3,016	3,242	-7.0
Vagrancy	107	72	+48.6
Other Offenses	<u>12,231</u>	<u>11,779</u>	<u>+3.8</u>
Total	61,730	57,844	+6.7

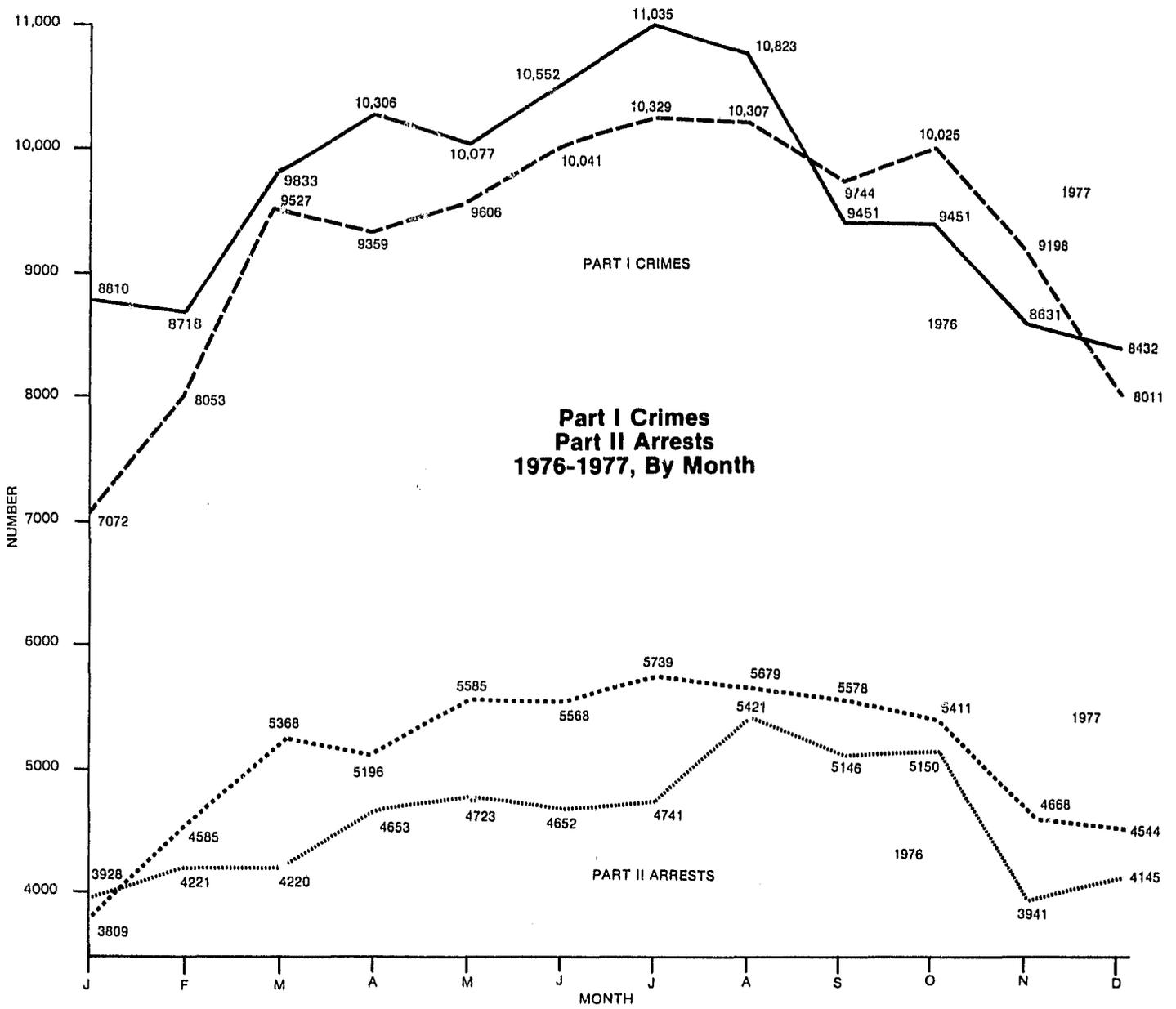


FIGURE 52

**Comparison: Part I Monthly Arrest
And Offense Trends
Vs. Part II Arrest Trend,
In Percent, 1977**

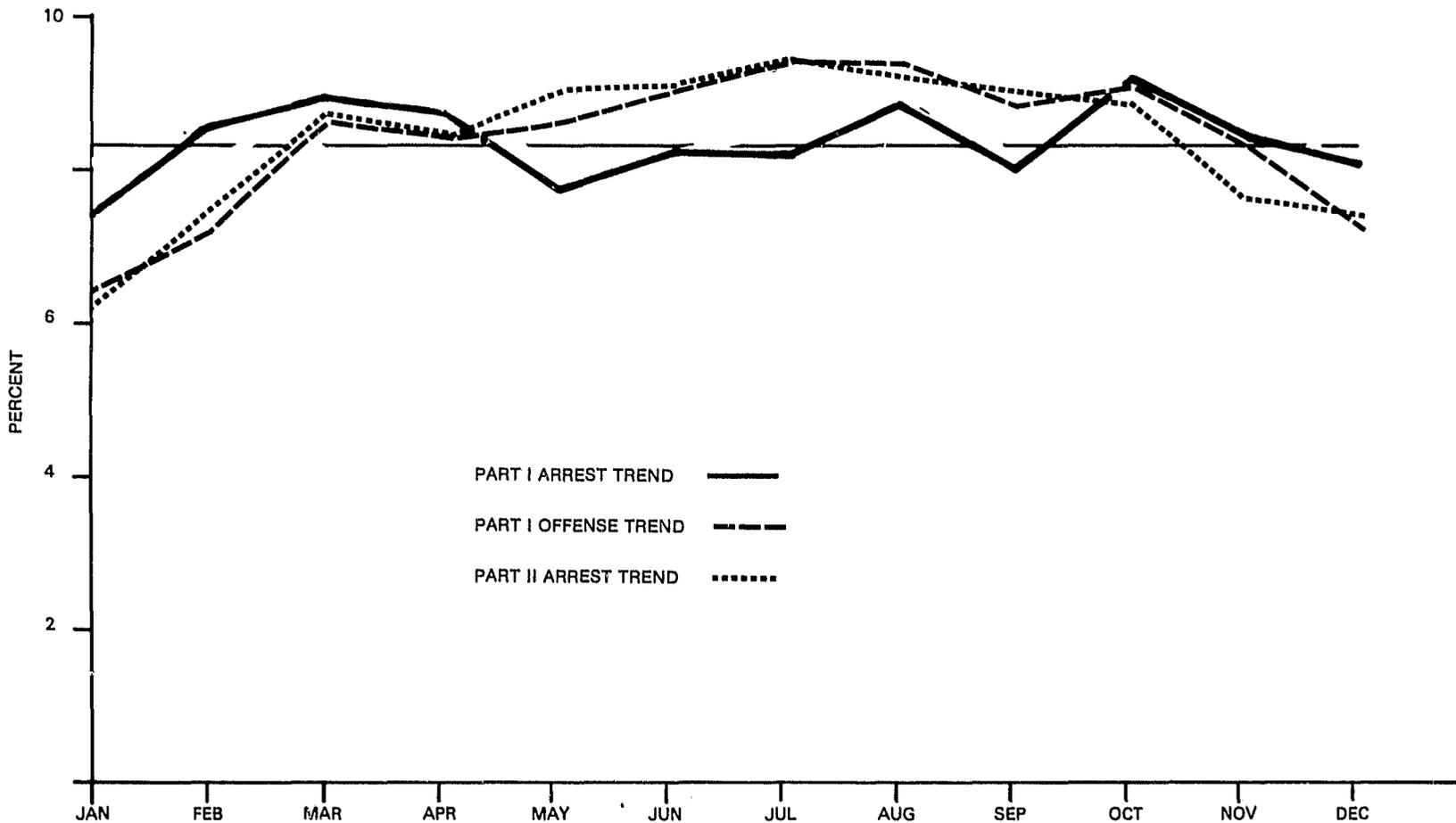


FIGURE 53



C. Clearance Rates

Figures 54 through 56, in addition to the series of Table XXI tables, deal with clearance rates, which have long been accepted as one of the few valid indicators of law enforcement agency performance. While clearance rates, as measures of performance, are not infallible, they are generally regarded as acceptable.

Clearance Rate, By Crime

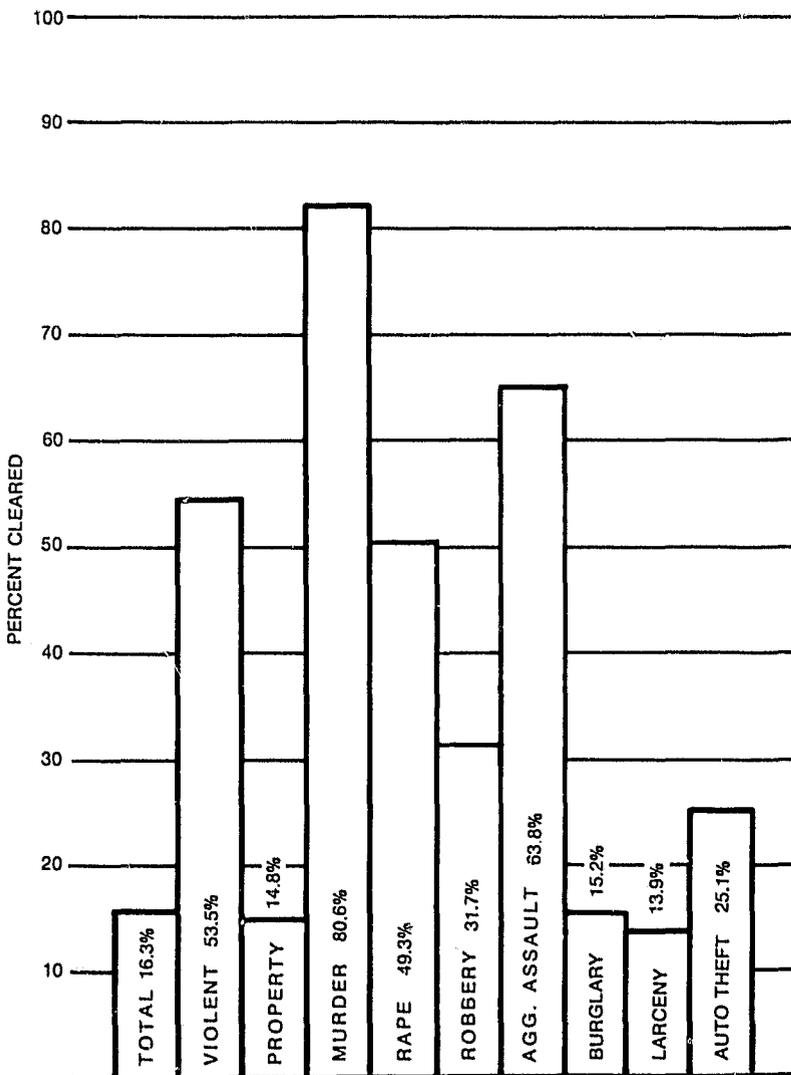


FIGURE 54

Figure 54 illustrates the fact that different clearance rates exist for different Part I crimes, with the violent crimes in particular having high rates of clearance. Homicide is cleared by arrest much more frequently than the other crimes, in part due to the seriousness of the crime, the desire of police officials to apprehend perpetrators, and the likelihood that a relationship existed between the perpetrator and the victim. The property crimes, on the other hand, present relatively "low risk" situations for offenders, as auto theft, the property crime most frequently cleared by arrests, possesses a clearance rate lower than the violent crime having the lowest clearance rate (robbery, at 31.7% cleared).

Figure 55 presents clearance rates for each population category, and

**Clearance Rates
By Population Category
1977**

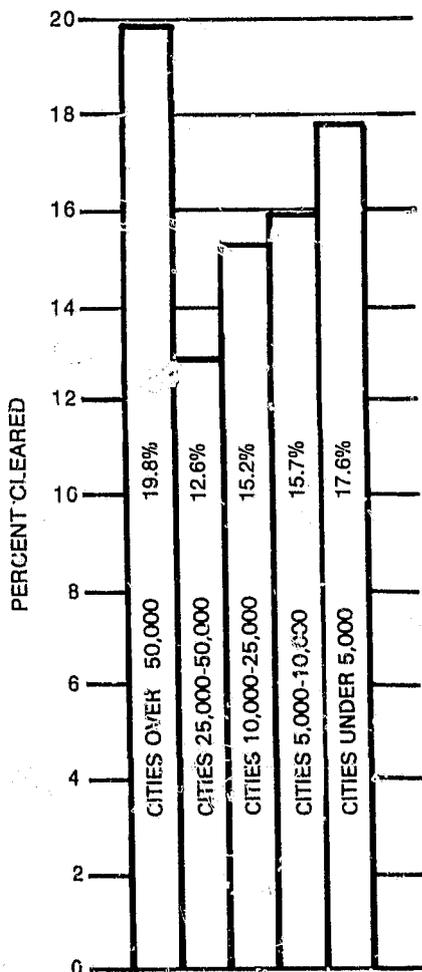


FIGURE 55

illustrates that an apparent relationship exists between clearance rate and city size. While cities of over 50,000 population reported the highest clearance rate in 1977 (19.8%), the relationship between city size and clearance rates for other cities was inverse: the larger the population category, the lower the clearance rate.

Figure 56 paints a rather different picture than its predecessor, and illustrates that suburban cities generally report higher clearance rates than their non-suburban counterparts. In the suburban cities, there does not appear to be a relationship between clearance rate and city size. With the non-suburban cities, however, a relationship identical to that found earlier was reported: the larger the population, the lower the clearance rate.

As is the case with crime rates, clearance rates may vary considerably from city to city even within population groups. In Table XXI-A, for example, Davenport reported only an 11.8% clearance rate, while Sioux City's figure was 24.3%. What this means is

**Clearance Rate
Suburban Cities
1977**

**Clearance Rate
Non-Suburban Cities
1977**

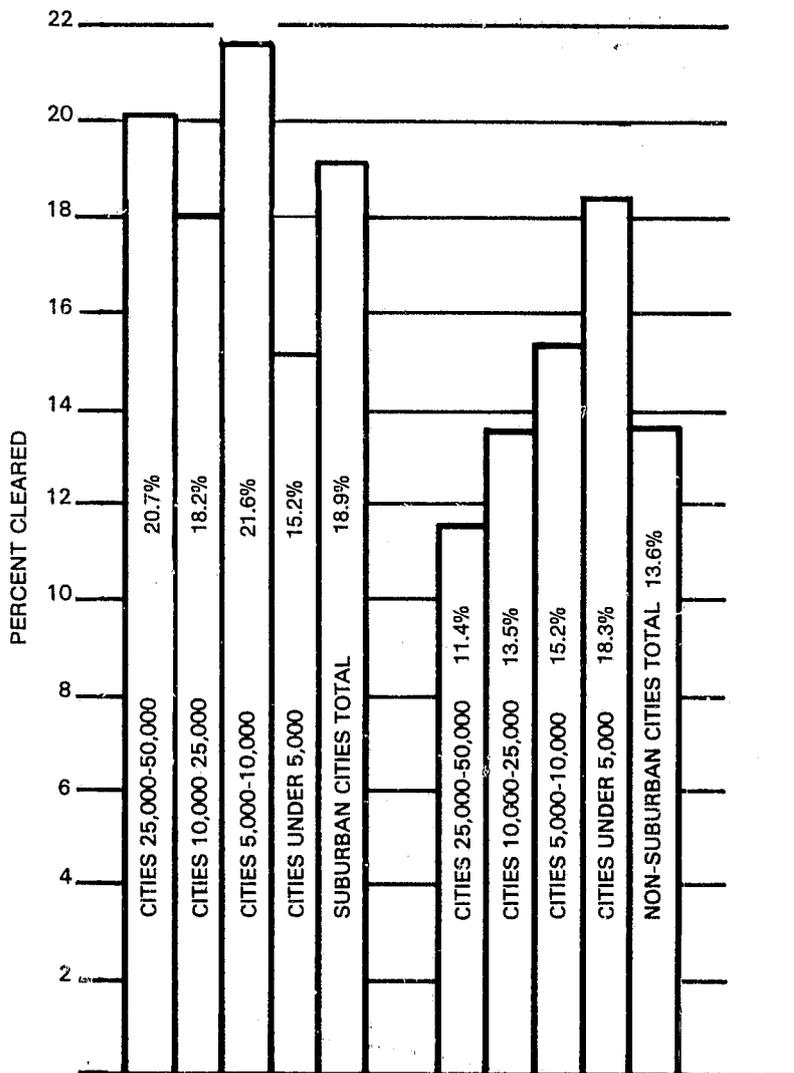


FIGURE 56

that Davenport cleared by arrest only about one Part I crime in nine, while Sioux City cleared about one in four. Both these figures are comparable to the figures reported by these agencies for 1976.

Some of the clearance rates in Table XXI can be classified as being excellent. Generally, a clearance rate greater than 20-25% is considered very good, and most police agencies regard clearance rates of this level as being acceptable. The best sources of information upon which to judge these rates are local police departments, however, and these should be contacted for other factors which might positively or negatively affect clearance rates.

TABLE XXI-A

CLEARANCE RATES, CITIES 50,000+
BY RANK

<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Sioux City	24.3	23.0	100.0	57.1	34.8	67.6	31.1	21.7	16.4
Dubuque	23.4	22.6	0.0	50.0	46.7	67.4	26.2	21.8	23.4
Des Moines	22.9	20.4	81.5	68.3	33.4	88.7	22.9	19.6	25.3
Cedar Rapids	18.9	17.8	100.0	57.1	54.6	42.8	17.3	17.6	21.5
Council Bluffs	18.0	16.5	100.0	53.8	27.3	77.6	15.8	16.9	15.5
Waterloo	17.8	17.1	33.3	36.4	36.4	44.1	36.9	11.4	21.0
Davenport	11.8	10.6	100.0	20.0	15.5	34.3	8.4	11.8	8.0
Offenses Known	50,645	48,293	41	144	877	1,290	9,547	35,764	2,982
Rate Per 100,000	7,370.3	7,028.1	6.0	21.0	127.6	187.7	1,389.4	5,204.7	434.0
Percent Cleared	19.8	18.2	85.4	49.3	31.7	62.6	20.6	17.6	19.0

TABLE XXI-B

CLEARANCE RATES, CITIES 25,000-50,000
BY RANK

<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Bettendorf	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	36.4	9.6	26.2	79.4
Clinton	20.4	18.9	0.0	33.3	5.6	86.3	17.1	18.0	32.6
Ottumwa	19.9	18.8	100.0	100.0	15.4	73.7	13.9	20.7	18.7
Cedar Falls	17.5	14.6	100.0	100.0	66.7	54.3	19.8	13.1	28.8
Marshalltown	14.9	13.6	100.0	0.0	42.9	87.5	10.6	12.6	33.8
Ames	12.7	11.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.2	12.8	11.3	16.7
Burlington	11.9	10.0	100.0	83.3	36.4	47.1	15.2	9.0	11.6
Iowa City	8.3	7.4	0.0	7.7	33.3	34.7	5.1	7.7	10.7
Mason City	8.0	7.6	0.0	0.0	16.7	71.4	5.5	8.1	8.4
Fort Dodge	2.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.7	2.2	2.0
Offenses Known	17,663	17,079	8	43	113	420	2,692	13,288	1,099
Rate Per 100,000	5,123.7	4,954.3	2.3	12.5	32.8	121.8	780.9	3,954.6	318.8
Percent Cleared	12.6	11.5	87.5	30.2	23.0	52.1	9.5	11.4	17.4

TABLE XXI-C

CLEARANCE RATES, CITIES 10,000-25,000
BY RANK

<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Urbandale	29.1	27.9	0.0	0.0	28.6	72.7	18.8	28.9	40.0
Boone	17.8	15.6	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0	26.0	12.5	38.7
Oskaloosa	16.9	13.9	0.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	18.2	11.6	25.0
Fort Madison	16.0	15.3	0.0	33.3	0.0	55.6	18.1	13.5	23.5
Marion	15.6	14.9	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0	20.2	13.4	17.9
West Des Moines	15.6	14.2	100.0	0.0	14.3	55.9	7.9	13.6	51.3
Keokuk	13.9	13.8	0.0	0.0	25.0	100.0	12.7	9.1	81.5
Newton	12.3	11.2	0.0	50.0	28.6	100.0	15.2	9.5	26.8
Muscatine	12.1	10.7	0.0	0.0	60.0	100.0	9.5	10.2	20.7
Ankeny	7.6	7.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0	17.4	6.1	10.0
Spencer	7.6	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	4.6	6.2	34.6
Offenses Known	8,006	7,817	2	6	53	128	1,304	6,122	391
Rate Per 100,000	4,456.8	4,351.6	1.1	3.3	29.5	71.3	725.9	3,408.0	217.7
Percent Cleared	15.1	13.9	50.0	50.0	30.2	79.7	14.4	12.4	35.8

TABLE XXI-D

CLEARANCE RATES, CITIES 5,000-10,000
BY RANK

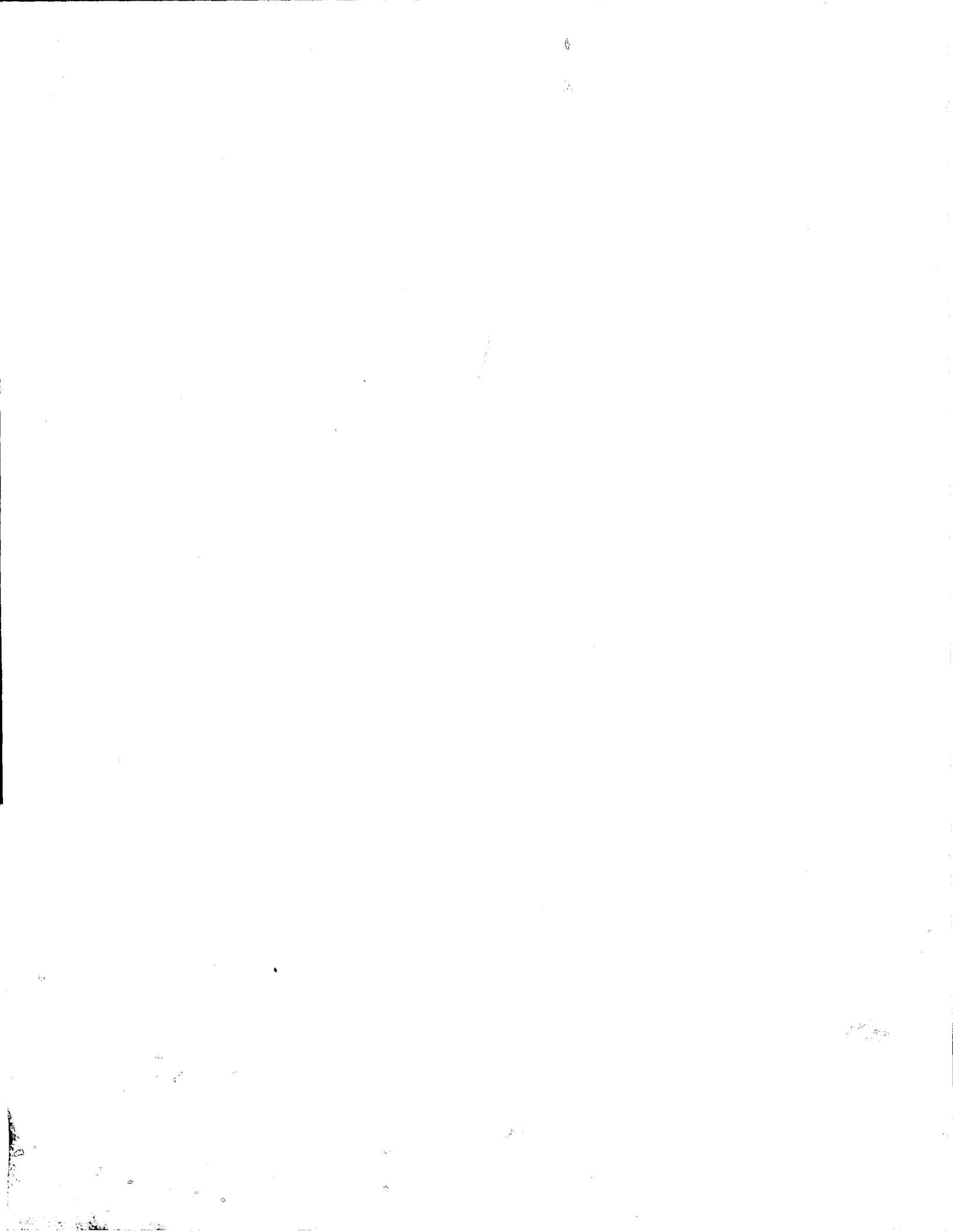
<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Chariton	45.7	41.9	0.0	100.0	0.0	85.7	21.1	42.1	87.5
Maquoketa	40.2	39.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	20.0	43.3	20.0
Le Mars	38.6	38.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	26.7	36.7	80.0
Cherokee	35.3	34.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	56.8	28.6	31.6
Windsor Heights	31.8	31.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	37.4	30.0
Denison	28.9	15.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	11.0	100.0
Storm Lake	26.0	25.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	23.7	24.1	90.0
Iowa Falls	25.6	22.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	21.7	18.5	100.0
Evansdale	23.9	14.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	76.5	0.0	9.8	70.0
Decorah	23.7	21.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	41.9	17.8	41.7
Indianola	21.6	21.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	4.2	20.4	72.7
Clear Lake	20.0	19.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	15.4	19.2	30.8
Carroll	18.0	17.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	20.5	18.9	0.0
Oelwein	17.5	16.4	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	5.4	16.9	38.5
Ciarinda	16.9	14.4	0.0	100.0	0.0	38.9	7.3	14.7	27.8
Estherville	15.8	10.2	100.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	8.3	9.1	50.0
Harlan	15.5	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	8.1	13.7	83.3
Independence	15.1	14.1	0.0	0.0	150.0	100.0	8.5	14.0	57.1
Fairfield	15.0	14.8	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	10.3	14.7	27.3
Knoxville	14.5	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	17.9	9.6	33.3
Centerville	14.0	11.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	10.9	12.6	0.0
Glenwood	13.7	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	7.5	6.3	25.0
Red Oak	12.5	12.1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	17.9	11.4	7.7
Grinnell	12.3	11.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	14.9	9.9	22.2
Creston	12.1	10.9	0.0	100.0	50.0	50.0	9.5	6.7	52.0
Altoona	9.8	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.0	5.5	66.7
Waverly	9.6	9.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.2	2.9	80.0
Atlantic	9.1	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	6.5	100.0
Nevada	7.7	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.5	50.0
Washington	7.1	5.6	0.0	0.0	50.0	54.5	10.5	2.4	14.3
Pella	7.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	12.0	4.1	5.6

<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Mount Pleasant	5.8	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1	0.7	0.0
Perry	5.8	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4.4	5.2	10.0
Webster City	4.7	4.4	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	10.3	1.5	26.7
Algona	3.2	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.7	0.0
Coralville	3.2	2.9	0.0	20.0	25.0	4.5	4.9	1.7	5.6
Shenandoah	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0	1.5	0.0
Charles City	1.9	1.6	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	12.9	0.0	0.0
Offenses Known	9,467	9,227	1	19	37	183	1,708	7,089	430
Rate Per 100,000	3,489.9	3,401.4	0.4	7.0	13.6	67.5	629.6	2,613.3	158.5
Percent Cleared	15.7	14.4	100.0	63.2	43.2	72.7	12.8	13.5	35.3

TABLE XXI-E

CLEARANCE RATES, CITIES UNDER 5,000
BY RANK

<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Hawarden	62.8	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	68.4	52.4	0.0
Rock Rapids	58.8	56.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	133.3	41.7	0.0
Fayette	52.6	46.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	15.0	59.3	69.2
Hiawatha	45.8	42.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	33.3	44.9	100.0
Winterset	45.6	44.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	76.9	13.8	100.0
Eldora	41.6	30.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	133.3	28.6	26.7	80.0
Belmond	35.7	30.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	25.0	100.0	0.0
Osage	31.5	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	75.0	23.1	0.0
Vinton	31.0	30.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	37.2	16.4	78.6
Carlisle	29.4	25.8	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	22.2	23.5	57.1
Tama	29.2	26.1	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	47.2	6.7	36.4
Norwalk	28.6	26.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	66.7	7.4	125.0
Garner	28.3	20.8	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	20.8	18.2	50.0
Forest City	28.1	19.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	28.0	18.0	14.3
Hampton	27.5	24.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	27.6	17.9	100.0
Onawa	24.3	24.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	30.4	25.0
Clarion	23.2	17.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	10.9	80.0
Sheldon	23.2	22.6	0.0	100.0	0.0	50.0	25.0	20.1	75.0
Manchester	22.2	21.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	30.0	18.2	33.3
Adel	21.4	18.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	16.7	15.0	100.0
Waukon	21.4	16.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	20.0	15.7	16.7
DeWitt	20.5	18.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	36.4	12.0	0.0
Pleasant Hill	20.2	17.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	19.4	100.0
Tipton	18.5	17.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	21.6	0.0
Colfax	17.9	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	8.7	18.2	0.0
Camanche	17.6	17.2	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	17.0	33.3
Cresco	16.9	15.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	50.0	13.7	0.0
Carter Lake	16.7	13.6	0.0	50.0	0.0	58.8	27.4	7.1	11.8
Emmetsburg	14.9	14.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	17.8	10.7	28.0
West Union	14.6	10.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	9.1	8.0	33.3
West Burlington	14.1	14.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3	20.0



CONTINUED

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<u>Cities</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Osceola	13.3	12.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	7.7	7.3	57.1
Grundy Center	12.5	12.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	100.0
Spirit Lake	11.6	11.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.8	11.3	12.5
Eagle Grove	10.8	10.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	11.1	25.0
Eldridge	10.4	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	7.7	66.7
Anamosa	10.2	10.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	10.0	14.3
Sioux Center	9.8	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	7.7	50.0
Orange City	9.5	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.0
Humboldt	9.1	8.5	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	6.5	5.7	50.0
Bloomfield	8.7	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	9.1	0.0
Sac City	7.5	7.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.5	2.6	33.3
Audubon	7.1	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	3.8	16.7
Le Claire	6.1	4.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	8.3	1.5	16.7
Monticello	6.1	3.6	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	11.1	1.0	33.3
Clive	5.4	4.7	0.0	0.0	16.7	100.0	0.0	4.6	14.3
Mount Vernon	5.4	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3.1	50.0
Jefferson	5.2	4.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	11.8	1.3	25.0
New Hampton	5.1	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0
Belle Plaine	4.1	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.5	1.9	0.0
Missouri Valley	3.9	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	2.2	7.7
Albia	3.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	12.5
Dyersville	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	0.0	0.0
Offenses Known	5,147	4,980	1	14	23	129	1,096	3,579	305
Rate Per 100,000	2,731.1	2,642.5	0.5	7.4	12.2	68.5	581.6	1,899.1	161.8
Percent Cleared	17.6	15.5	100.0	64.3	34.8	91.5	20.3	12.2	36.4

TABLE XXI-F

CLEARANCE RATES, SUBURBAN CITIES
BY RANK

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Hiawatha	45.8	42.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	33.3	44.9	100.0
Windsor Heights	31.8	31.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	37.4	30.0
Carlisle	29.4	25.8	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	22.2	23.5	57.1
Urbandale	29.1	27.9	0.0	0.0	28.6	72.7	18.8	28.9	40.0
Norwalk	28.6	26.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	66.7	7.4	125.0
Bettendorf	25.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	36.4	9.6	26.2	79.4
Evansdale	23.9	14.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	76.5	0.0	9.8	70.0
Indianola	21.6	21.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	4.2	20.4	72.7
Pleasant Hill	20.2	17.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	19.4	100.0
Cedar Falls	17.5	14.6	100.0	100.0	66.7	54.3	19.8	13.1	28.8
Carter Lake	16.7	13.6	0.0	50.0	0.0	58.8	27.4	7.1	11.8
Marion	15.6	14.9	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0	20.2	13.4	17.9
West Des Moines	15.6	14.2	0.0	0.0	14.3	55.9	7.9	13.6	51.3
Eldridge	10.4	9.1	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	7.7	66.7
Altoona	9.8	9.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.0	5.5	66.7
Ankeny	7.6	7.3	0.0	0.0	50.0	100.0	17.4	6.1	10.0
Le Claire	6.1	4.1	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	8.3	1.5	16.7
Mount Vernon	5.4	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	3.1	50.0
Clive	5.4	4.7	0.0	0.0	16.7	100.0	0.0	4.6	14.3
Dyersville	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	0.0	0.0
Total SMSA Suburbs	48.8	17.3	100.0	75.0	24.0	63.4	13.9	16.5	41.4
Non-SMSA Suburbs									
Camanche	17.6	17.2	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	17.0	33.3
West Burlington	14.1	14.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3	20.0
Coralville	3.2	2.9	0.0	20.0	25.0	4.5	4.9	1.7	5.6
Total Non-SMSA Suburbs	7.5	7.3	100.0	.20	.25	4.5	5.5	7.7	9.1
Total	17.6	16.3	100.0	58.8	24.1	56.9	12.7	15.6	37.5

TABLE XXI-G

CLEARANCE RATES, RURAL AREAS
BY RANK

<u>Counties</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Wright	67.1	65.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	71.9	53.1	100.0
Benton	45.0	43.9	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	28.3	40.2	100.0
Sioux	31.7	25.4	0.0	50.0	0.0	100.0	17.2	22.1	52.9
Osceola	28.9	29.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	10.7	88.9
Monona	25.0	23.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	12.5	24.2	40.0
Adair	24.1	22.2	0.0	0.0	100.0	75.0	23.9	19.3	66.7
Grundy	24.1	20.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.1	14.6	12.5
Buena Vista	23.6	23.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.4	10.3	77.8
Floyd	23.6	22.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	22.6	15.8	50.0
Clayton	23.0	19.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	75.0	20.5	15.0	63.6
Ida	22.2	21.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	22.5	18.9	100.0
Franklin	20.8	19.7	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	12.2	16.7	83.3
Fremont	19.6	18.6	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	15.6	16.5	71.4
Decatur	19.4	18.8	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	18.9	16.0	44.4
Chickasaw	19.3	16.4	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	21.2	10.9	55.6
Wayne	18.8	18.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	15.7	80.0
Story	18.2	17.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	17.7	15.8	30.0
Madison	16.9	15.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	8.3	20.0	66.7
Winnebago	16.6	6.7	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	1.9	0.9	0.0
Audubon	16.5	15.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	11.1	17.6	0.0
Lyon	15.6	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	8.3	75.0
Poweshiek	15.3	14.5	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	19.7	9.3	28.6
Muscatine	15.1	14.4	100.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	13.1	13.0	50.0
O'Brien	14.9	15.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.3	15.4	13.3
Fayette	14.6	12.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	77.8	7.4	14.2	42.9
Howard	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	38.9	2.7	0.0
Lee Co. - North	14.5	11.6	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	15.1	7.8	50.0
Johnson	14.1	13.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.5	22.0	6.1	25.8
Cedar	13.6	12.4	0.0	0.0	100.0	50.0	12.0	3.6	40.7
Clay	13.0	8.8	100.0	0.0	100.0	75.0	11.8	5.7	22.2
Pocahontas	12.7	10.2	50.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	12.1	6.2	33.3
Carroll	12.6	12.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.7	7.9	71.4
Tama	12.5	9.3	0.0	100.0	50.0	87.5	11.8	3.7	60.0

<u>Counties</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Guthrie	12.4	8.2	0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.8	5.7	70.0
Hamilton	12.3	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	11.6	5.5	36.4
Plymouth	12.3	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	8.5	100.0
Sac	11.9	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	6.7	11.9	33.3
Louisa	11.7	11.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	8.8	10.7	60.0
Boone	11.6	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.0	6.7	8.0	50.0
Buchanan	11.5	10.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	10.3	9.8	28.6
Des Moines	11.4	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	21.6	4.0	19.0
Butler	11.4	10.6	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	11.9	7.0	40.0
Hancock	11.4	9.9	0.0	50.0	0.0	100.0	18.5	4.1	11.1
Montgomery	11.1	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	4.0	72.7
Washington	10.9	6.7	0.0	100.0	0.0	80.0	5.4	4.5	22.2
Winneshiek	10.5	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.5	5.0	4.4	37.5
Van Buren	10.2	8.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0
Marshall	10.1	7.5	100.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	11.1	2.5	36.4
Jones	9.4	8.8	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.1	1.0	66.7
Lee Co. - South	9.0	7.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	9.8	2.4	25.0
Iowa	8.8	8.5	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	7.0	6.8	62.5
Crawford	8.6	7.7	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	7.1	6.8	50.0
Page	8.5	6.8	0.0	100.0	0.0	50.0	3.2	4.5	50.0
Cass	8.4	8.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.6	5.3	57.1
Shelby	8.3	8.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.1	4.6	0.0
Clinton	7.7	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	85.7	7.9	3.0	27.3
Monroe	7.6	6.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	1.8	6.3	42.9
Jasper	7.5	6.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	6.9	4.5	40.0
Worth	6.8	4.8	100.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	3.8	5.3	9.1
Miller	6.7	5.3	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	6.8	3.8	12.5
Delaware	6.3	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	2.4	7.5	0.0
Mahaska	6.3	5.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	6.4	3.8	66.7
Kossuth	6.0	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	3.6	80.0
Harrison	5.6	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	4.0	5.6	0.0
Allamakee	5.4	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	2.5	4.2	25.0

<u>Counties</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V Theft</u>
Jefferson	5.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	8.3	0.0	0.0
Adams	5.2	3.8	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	6.1	3.2	0.0
Keokuk	5.2	4.5	0.0	0.0	100.0	100.0	11.3	0.0	0.0
Bremer	5.1	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	8.1	0.9	33.3
Humboldt	4.9	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	4.8	22.2
Cerro Gordo	4.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.4	2.4	5.9
Jackson	4.2	2.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	5.6	1.3	0.0
Mitchell	4.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.5	2.5	0.0
Cherokee	3.8	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.8	2.1	14.3
Ringgold	3.8	2.9	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	16.7
Davis	3.5	2.4	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	1.6	0.0	33.3
Calhoun	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	1.6	12.5
Taylor	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	100.0
Wapello	3.2	2.4	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.5
Emmet	3.1	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	0.0
Webster	2.9	1.5	0.0	100.0	0.0	100.0	1.9	0.9	0.0
Hardin	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	0.0
Palo Alto	2.5	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	100.0
Appanoose	2.4	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.8	0.0
Dickinson	1.7	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	100.2
Dallas	1.6	0.8	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	9.1
Henry	1.5	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	1.3	0.0	0.0
Greene	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	25.0
Lucas	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.0
Union	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3
Marion	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0
Clarke	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Offenses Known	15,030	14,706	12	44	45	223	5,539	8,405	762
Rate Per 100,000	1,472.4	1,440.7	1.2	4.3	4.4	2.8	542.6	823.4	74.7
Percent Cleared	10.9	9.7	58.3	65.9	48.9	72.2	10.1	6.9	37.8

D. Demographic Data on Those Arrested

Figure 57 presents the age distribution of individuals arrested for Part I offenses in 1977, and illustrates distributions both for violent and property offenses. As is evident in the figure, arrests for property crimes are predominately of juveniles, with the largest number of arrests being of those 16 years old. With violent crimes, however, the distribution is not skewed so far to the left, with the modal age for property offenders arrested being 18. This difference in age distribution is similar to those found in 1976, and is underscored by figures indicating that only 19.3% of violent crime arrests were of juveniles, while 56.6% of property crime arrests were of this group.

In addition to the age distribution for violent and property crime arrests, Figure 58 was prepared, which presents the age distribution for all Part I and Part II arrests for 1977. It is evident from Figure 58 that the comparison between Part I and Part II arrests is very similar to the comparison between violent and property offenders. Juveniles are much more likely to be arrested for Part I offenses than they are for Part II. While 52.2% of all Part I arrests were of juveniles, only 20.4% of Part II arrests fell in this category.

Clearance figures, however, are somewhat different than arrest figures, presumably because adults arrested accounted for a higher average number of clearances than juveniles. Figure 59 examines the juvenile and adult percentages of clearances for Part I offenses, and illustrates the relatively small percentage of juveniles accounting for clearances for each of their violent crimes, with robberies being by a large margin the violent crime for which juveniles were most frequently arrested.

With property crimes, however, the juvenile percentage is high, with 46% of all burglary clearances accounted for by juveniles, 45.1% for larceny, and 44.1% for motor vehicle theft. Thus, while juveniles accounted for only one in seven violent crime arrests, they accounted for almost one of every two property crime clearances.

Age Distribution Violent And Property Crime Arrests, 1977

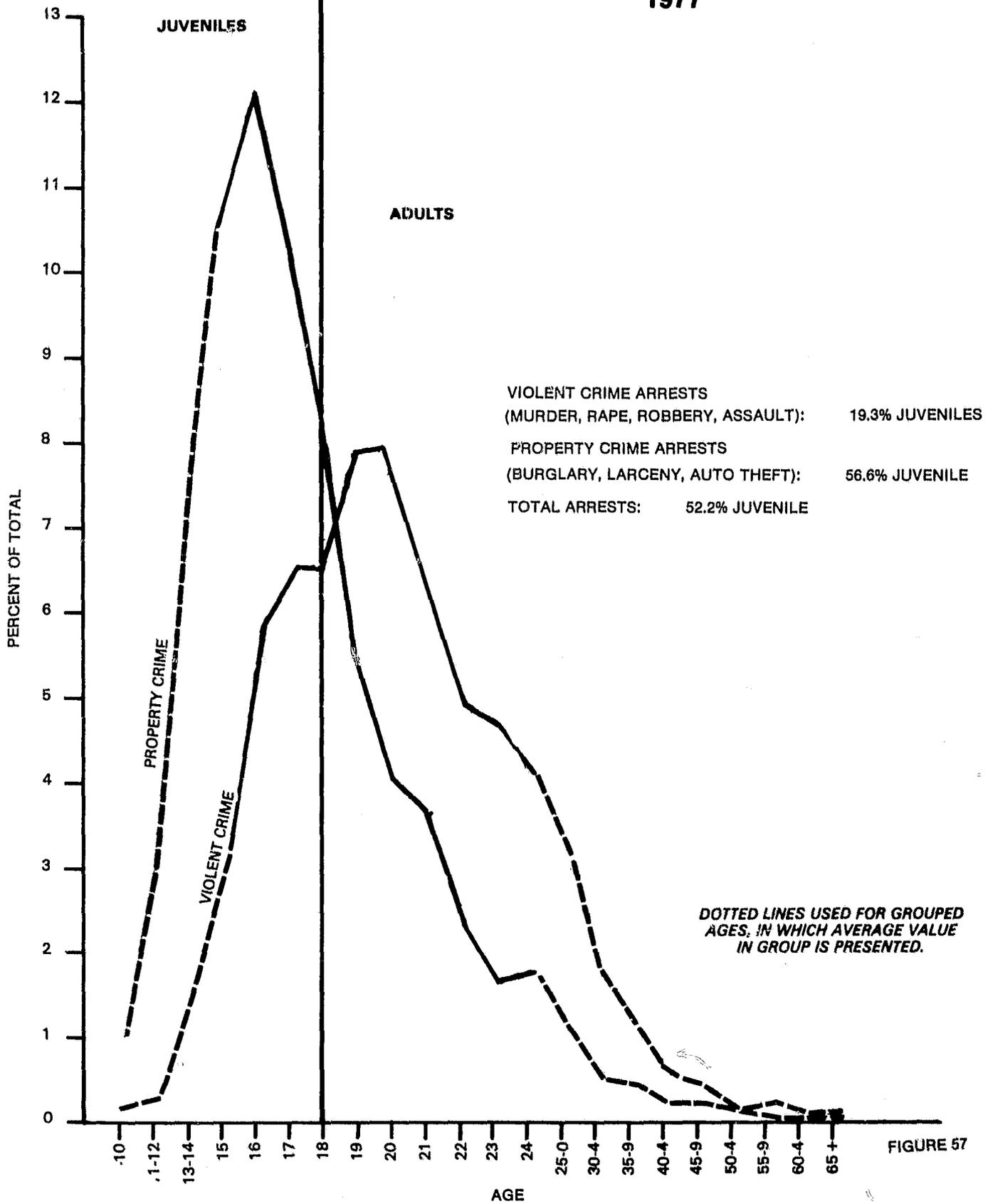


FIGURE 57

Age Distribution Part I And Part II Arrests 1977

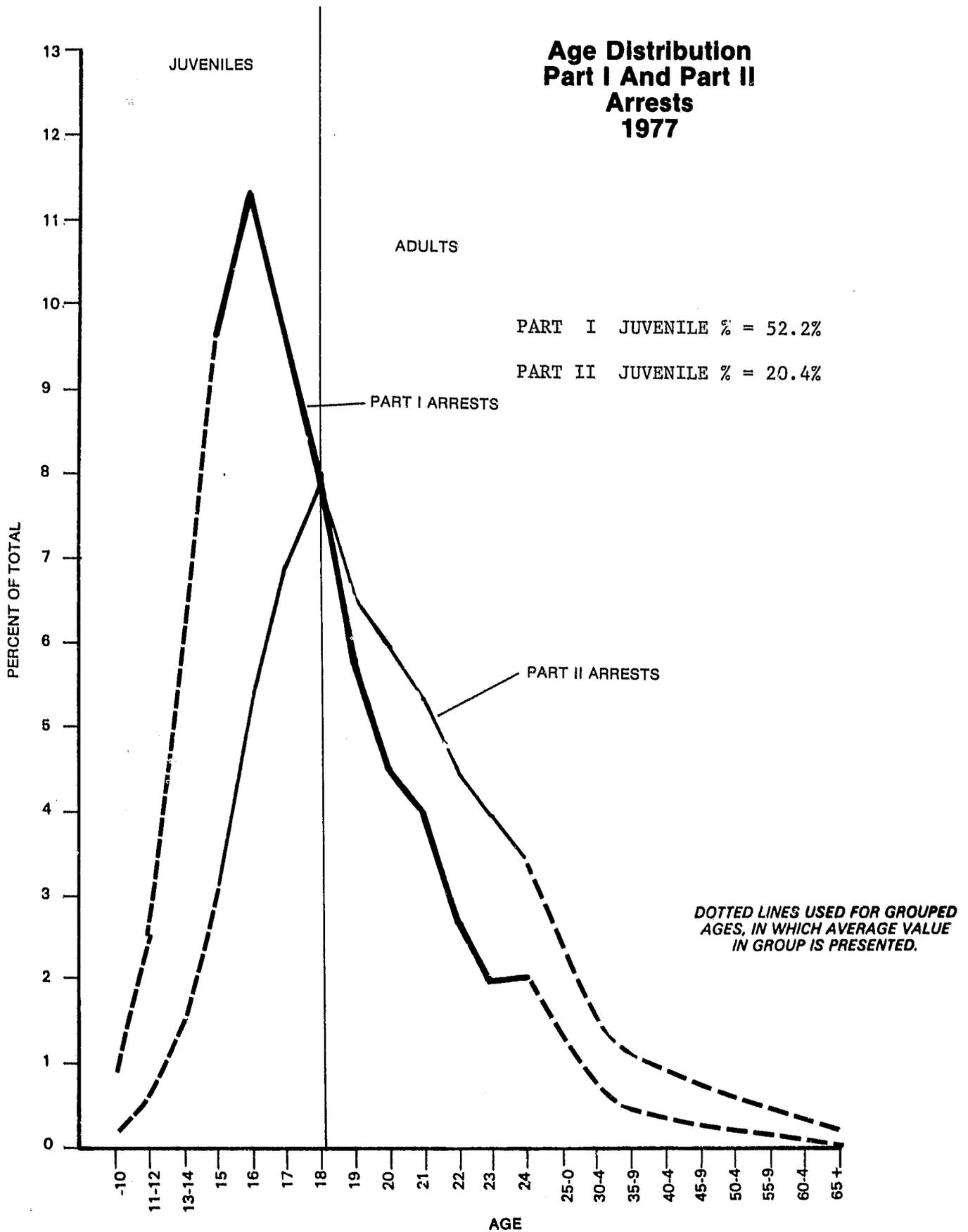
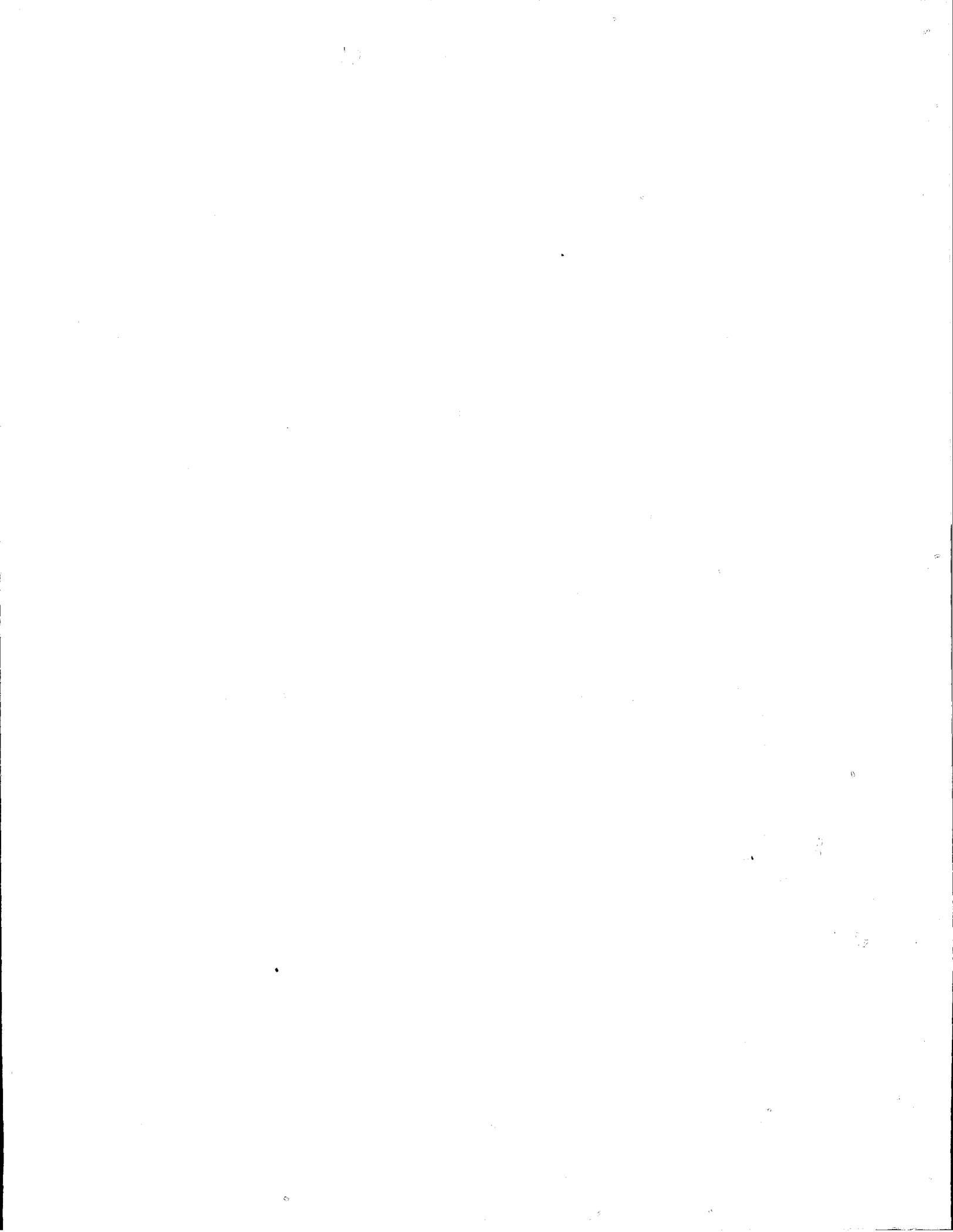


FIGURE 58



Percent of Clearances Attributable To Adults And Juveniles, By Offense, 1977

-209-

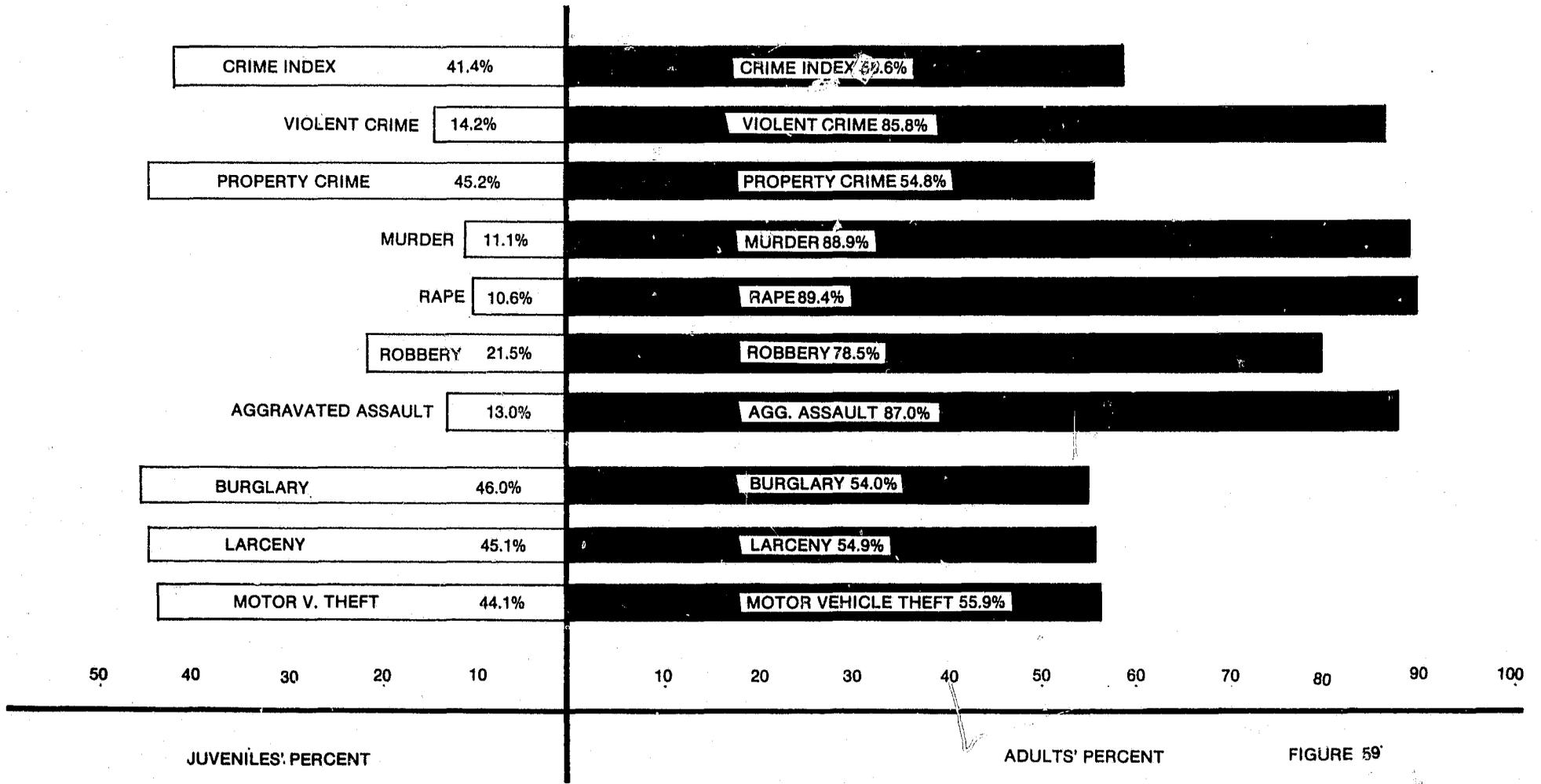


FIGURE 59

Because past comparisons of Iowa's percentage of juveniles arrested for Part I offenses with national figures has shown that a higher percentage of Iowa arrestees are juveniles, Tables XXII and XXIII have been prepared, showing the percentage of Part I crimes cleared by arrest of juveniles by population categories and geographical districts. From Table XXII, it is evident that juveniles account for a disproportionate share of arrests particularly in suburban cities of 10,000-25,000 population and non-suburban cities from 25,000-50,000 population. In contrast, juveniles appear to be under-represented in the arrests of suburban sheriffs. Not surprisingly, arrests of juveniles by university police are rare, and the rural areas, as well, show an under-representation of juvenile arrests.

In the violent crime category, suburban cities from 10,000-25,000 again show an over-abundance of juveniles arrested, and the suburban cities total also is considerably above the 14.2% accounted for juveniles statewide. Rural areas again are under-represented in the violent crime category, as only 8.7% of their clearances of violent crimes involved juveniles.

In the property crime category, suburban cities from 10,000-25,000 population are again found as having an over-representation of clearances accounted for by juveniles, with non-suburban cities from 25,000-50,000 also showing an over-representation.

Looking at the individual violent crimes, one should be wary of drawing any conclusions except with assault, for which enough arrests of juveniles took place for figures to show some trends. In the assault category, the one group of cities which experienced an over-representation of juvenile clearances was suburban cities from 10,000-25,000 population, with non-suburban cities in the same category showing an under-representation. Rural areas, as with the other crime categories, showed a smaller percentage of juveniles arrested than most other areas.

TABLE XXII

OFFENSES CLEARED BY ARRESTS OF JUVENILES
BY POPULATION CATEGORIES
IN PERCENT OF TOTAL CLEARANCES

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
State of Iowa	41.4	14.2	45.2	11.1	10.6	21.5	13.0	46.0	45.1	44.1
Total for all Cities	42.9	14.8	46.7	13.1	13.9	21.5	13.2	47.1	46.3	49.4
SMSAs	40.9	16.7	44.3	12.5	13.8	21.8	15.5	44.6	44.4	42.5
Cities 50,000+	40.9	15.0	44.4	11.4	14.1	21.2	13.1	43.4	44.2	50.2
25,000-50,000 Total	47.8	10.6	52.9	14.3	7.7	19.2	9.6	57.6	50.7	63.9
10,000-25,000 Total	49.3	23.8	52.2	100.0	0.0	31.3	22.5	54.3	54.2	38.6
5,000-10,000 Total	42.9	15.4	46.3	0.0	33.3	25.0	12.8	49.8	45.4	46.7
Under 5,000 Total	44.5	11.8	50.3	0.0	0.0	12.5	12.7	59.5	48.9	37.8
Suburban Cities										
Cities 25,000-50,000	40.8	21.8	43.4	0.0	33.3	25.0	21.4	81.0	39.7	34.1
Cities 10,000-25,000	57.8	47.8	58.8	100.0	0.0	28.6	50.0	67.8	60.3	27.8
Cities 5,000-10,000	45.2	25.0	48.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	18.8	60.0	48.7	42.3
Cities Under 5,000	46.9	21.9	52.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.9	69.7	55.4	22.2
Suburban Cities Total	48.8	30.1	51.3	33.3	33.3	22.2	30.9	71.9	51.0	31.6
Non-Suburban Cities										
Cities 25,000-50,000	49.6	7.6	55.3	20.0	0.0	16.7	6.8	53.1	53.6	72.8
Cities 10,000-25,000	43.1	9.2	47.3	0.0	0.0	33.3	6.3	48.1	48.3	42.3
Cities 5,000-10,000	42.6	14.1	46.0	0.0	22.2	26.7	12.0	49.5	44.9	47.6
Cities Under 5,000	44.0	8.7	49.8	0.0	0.0	16.7	8.8	57.7	47.3	42.9
Non-Suburban Cities Total	45.7	9.8	50.5	14.3	7.1	22.9	8.5	52.3	49.4	53.6
University Police	14.3	0.0	18.2	---	---	---	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0
Suburban Sheriffs	23.4	15.9	25.3	0.0	0.0	36.4	16.2	33.8	21.8	22.2
Suburban Areas Total	40.6		43.5	20.0	13.0	27.6	24.3	52.9	45.3	26.7
Rural Areas Total	33.5	8.7	37.3	0.0	3.4	13.6	9.3	43.4	33.3	33.7

With the property crimes, suburban cities from 25,000-50,000 showed 81% of their clearances involving juveniles. Suburban cities, in general, showed an over-abundance of juveniles in this category. Suburban sheriffs showed an under-representation of juveniles, as was the case for the total crime index. With larceny, the suburban cities from 10,000-25,000 population showed a high percentage of juveniles arrested, and suburban sheriffs again showed a low percentage. With auto theft, it was the non-suburban cities from 25,000-50,000 that had the highest percentage of juveniles arrested, with suburban sheriffs and suburban cities of less than 5,000 population showing an under-representation.

Moving to Table XXIII, the geographical districts are shown. It was in district 7 in which the highest percentage of juvenile clearances was found, with district 2 showing the lowest percentage. District 2 generally showed low percentage of juveniles accounting for clearances, as in the violent crime, property crime, and motor vehicle theft categories its percentage of juvenile clearances was the lowest. In district 3, while the percentage of assaults cleared by the arrests of juveniles was very low, the percentage of motor vehicle theft was very high.

In district 5, the lowest percentage of juveniles cleared was found in the robbery and burglary categories. In district 6, the number of juveniles involved in assault arrests was higher than any other district. District 7, on the other hand, showed a clear pattern of a high percentage of juveniles arrested, as high percentages were found for the crime index, for property crime, for robbery, for burglary, and for larceny. District 9 showed the lowest percentage for larceny. In general, districts 8, 4, and 1 showed neither the highest nor the lowest percentage in any category.

Table XXIV presents sex and race breakdown for those arrested for Part I crimes during 1977. The table contains the following findings of note:

1. the percentage of females arrested is highest in the cities and lowest in the rural areas, as was the case in 1976;

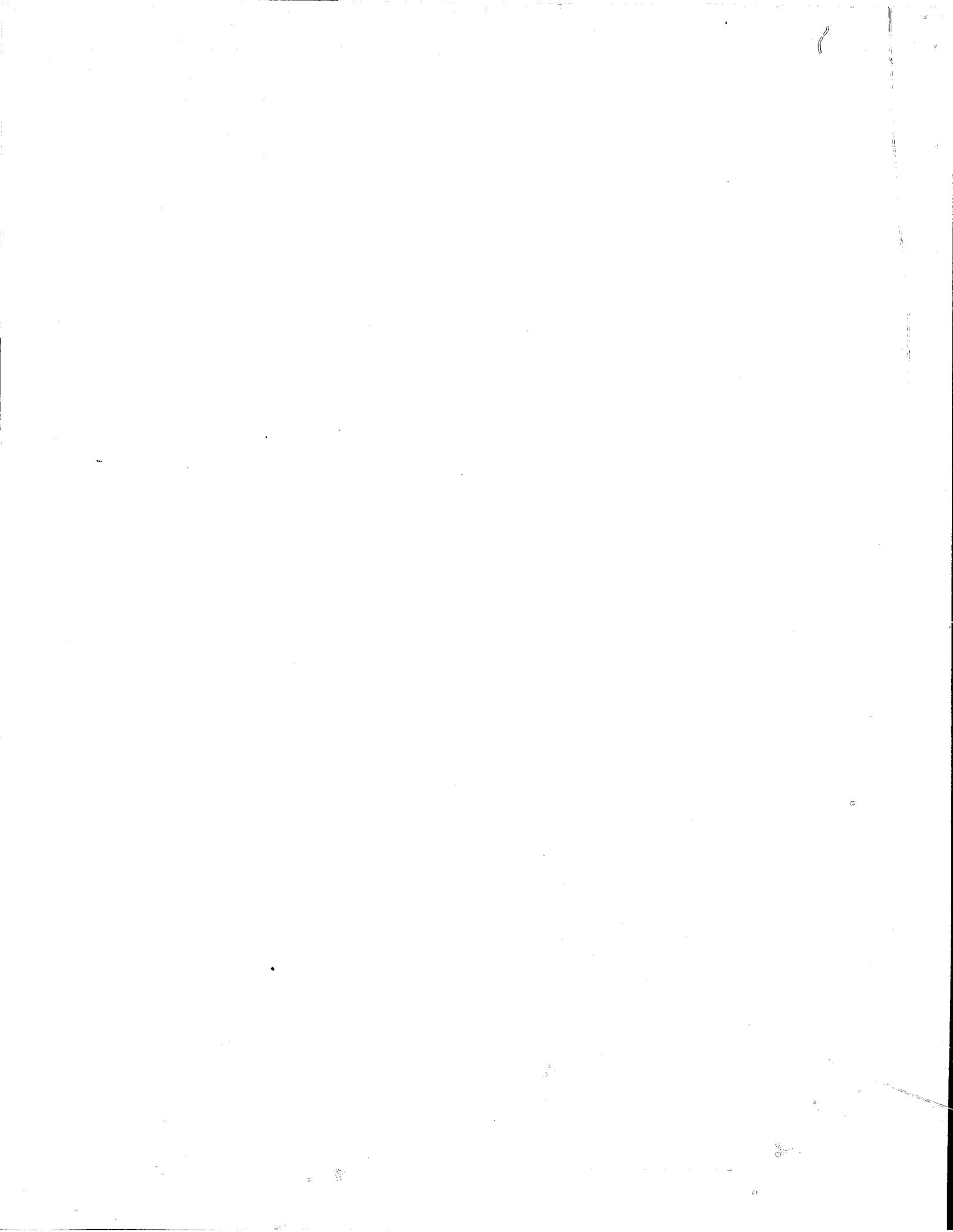


TABLE XXIII

OFFENSES CLEARED BY ARREST OF JUVENILES
 GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRICTS
 PERCENT OF TOTAL CLEARANCES
 1977

<u>District Number</u>	<u>Crime Index</u>	<u>Violent</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
1	46.5	16.4	49.9	25.0	17.4	40.4	9.9	45.0	51.6	54.2
2	32.7	9.4	36.6	0.0	0.0	11.1	10.4	41.7	35.2	33.0
3	42.6	9.8	45.8	14.3	15.0	19.0	7.6	50.9	42.7	54.7
4	35.9	14.5	39.2	66.7	15.4	26.9	11.1	39.1	38.9	41.5
5	34.9	11.0	39.2	3.7	5.0	9.9	12.0	30.7	41.7	33.9
6	47.3	23.7	50.0	0.0	18.8	16.9	27.4	60.7	46.7	48.6
7	51.3	17.6	56.1	0.0	0.0	42.9	13.2	61.4	55.1	53.8
8	41.7	12.2	45.9	25.0	0.0	33.3	10.5	47.9	47.2	35.7
9	37.6	20.8	39.6	0.0	66.7	20.0	12.5	43.9	34.2	50.0

2. the percentage of whites arrested is highest in the rural areas and lowest in the cities, also consistent with 1976 data;
3. arrests of females are much more frequent for property crimes than for violent crimes, with larceny in particular being the crime for which females are most frequently arrested;
4. the crimes for which whites were most frequently arrested were auto theft and burglary, as was the case in 1976;
5. the crimes for which blacks were over-represented were the violent crimes and robbery, murder, and rape, in particular.

Comparing Table XXIV with its counterpart for 1976, some interesting differences arise. First, the percentage of females arrested in the suburbs rose dramatically in 1977 to 23% from 17.1% found in 1976. The offenses which apparently were most responsible for this rise were aggravated assault and larceny.

The racial breakdown of arrests for 1977 is very similar to that found in 1976, with whites being arrested more than other races in all areas. Blacks' highest percentages were found in the cities, while Native Americans and others were rarely arrested in any of the areas. Although the percentage of "others" arrested for murder in 1977 was considerably higher than in 1976, this is probably an artifact of the small number of individuals arrested for murder. It should be pointed out here that this information does not completely agree with other homicide information taken from supplementary homicide reports.

To obtain a better perception of the racial and sexual breakdown of arrests, Tables XXV and XXVI were prepared, presenting a distribution of Part I arrests for males and females respectively. These tables reinforce the idea that blacks are proportionately over-represented in arrests for violent crimes, particularly murder and robbery, and a smaller percentage of property crime arrests.

Table XXVII presents Part II arrests and percentages by sex and race, and is in a format similar to that found in Table XXIV. Similarities exist predominately

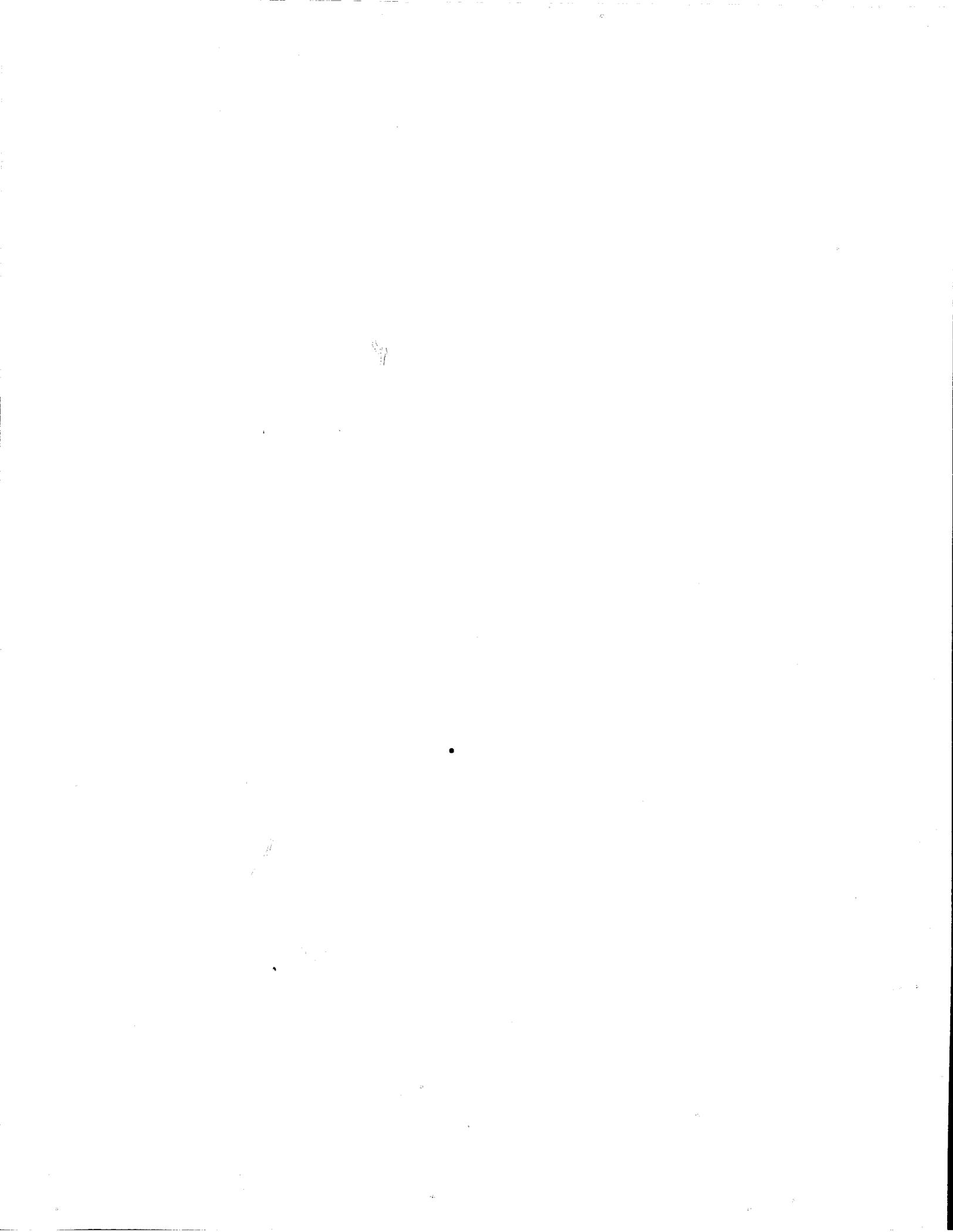


TABLE XXIV

PART I ARRESTS AND PERCENTAGES
BY SEX AND RACE

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Total N</u>	<u>Total Percent</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Aggravated Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Male Cities	10,847	75.5	91.8	100.0	93.8	88.5	94.0	66.7	91.8
Suburbs	1,448	77.0	100.0	100.0	92.0	84.1	94.7	66.7	89.5
Rural	1,880	95.1	100.0	100.0	97.4	98.3	97.4	93.4	91.7
Total	13,292	78.3	92.6	100.0	94.3	89.2	94.8	69.1	91.4
Female Cities	3,518	24.5	8.2	0.0	6.2	11.5	6.0	33.3	8.2
Suburbs	433	23.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	15.9	5.3	33.3	10.5
Rural	97	4.9	0.0	0.0	2.6	1.7	2.6	6.6	8.3
Total	3,686	21.7	7.4	0.0	5.7	10.8	5.2	30.9	8.6
White Cities	12,705	88.4	59.3	71.7	68.3	81.9	90.1	89.4	92.7
Suburbs	1,774	94.3	50.0	94.9	82.0	93.8	98.7	93.3	96.8
Rural	1,948	98.5	100.0	90.4	96.1	96.0	99.0	99.0	99.7
Total	15,263	89.9	62.9	79.5	73.9	84.8	92.4	90.2	94.3
Black Cities	1,370	9.5	26.5	24.5	29.7	13.9	8.5	8.7	5.5
Suburbs	92	4.9	0.0	5.1	18.0	4.5	1.0	5.9	2.7
Rural	9	0.5	0.0	4.8	2.6	6.6	0.2	0.4	0.0
Total	1,399	8.2	24.1	17.1	24.3	11.2	6.4	8.0	4.3
Native American Cities	197	1.4	2.0	1.9	1.5	2.6	1.2	1.3	1.4
Suburbs	3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5
Rural	12	0.6	0.0	2.4	1.3	1.7	0.3	0.5	0.3
Total	210	1.2	1.9	1.7	1.4	2.3	0.9	1.2	1.1
Other Cities	93	0.6	12.2	1.9	0.5	1.6	0.2	0.6	0.4
Suburbs	12	0.6	50.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.3	0.6	0.0
Rural	8	0.4	0.0	2.4	0.0	1.7	0.5	0.1	0.0
Total	106	0.6	11.1	1.7	0.4	1.7	0.3	0.6	0.3
Total N	16,978		54	175	489	1,266	2,979	10,435	1,568

Sub-totals do not add up to totals because of overlapping in suburban and city categories.

TABLE XXV

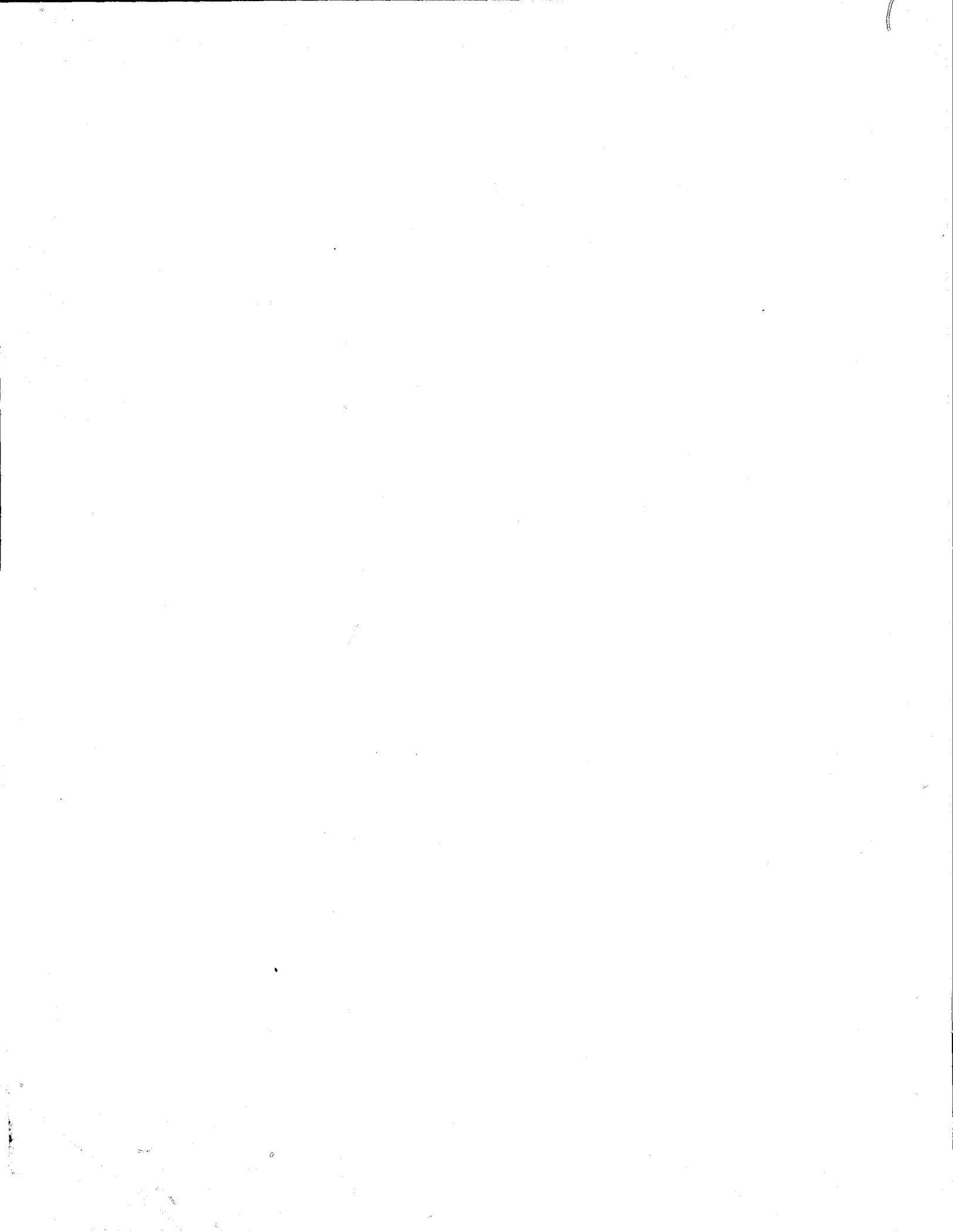
DISTRIBUTION OF PART I ARRESTS
MALES, BY RACE, IN PERCENT

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Aggravated Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Males White	90.4	62.0	79.4	74.2	86.7	92.3	90.9	94.3
Black	7.8	24.0	17.1	23.9	9.3	6.5	7.4	4.3
Native American	1.1	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.0	1.1	1.0
Other	0.7	12.0	1.7	0.4	1.9	0.3	0.6	0.3
Total N	13,292	50	175	461	1,130	2,824	7,211	1,433

TABLE XXVI

DISTRIBUTION OF PART I ARRESTS
FEMALES, BY RACE, IN PERCENT

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Murder</u>	<u>Rape</u>	<u>Robbery</u>	<u>Aggravated Assault</u>	<u>Burglary</u>	<u>Larceny</u>	<u>M.V. Theft</u>
Females White	88.1	75.0	0.0	67.9	67.9	94.2	88.8	93.3
Black	9.8	25.0	0.0	32.1	27.0	5.2	9.3	5.2
Native American	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.1	0.6	1.5	2.2
Other	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0
Total N	3,686	4	0	28	137	155	3,224	135



because males are arrested more frequently in rural areas for Part II crimes as well as for Part I crimes, with females more frequently arrested in cities. The Part II crimes for which females were most frequently arrested in 1977 were commercial vice, forgery, and fraud, as was the case in 1976. Females also accounted for more than 20% of arrests for the offenses of embezzlement and gambling. The offenses for which females were least frequently arrested were vagrancy, illegal weapons, and vandalism. In 1976, gambling was also included on this list, and thus a large increase in the percentage of females arrested for gambling apparently occurred during 1977.

The only offenses for which blacks accounted for more than 10% of arrests were commercial vice, embezzlement, other assaults, forgery, stolen property, and illegal weapons. This pattern is also similar to that found in 1976.

Because of the small number of Native Americans and others in Iowa, any patterns relating to their arrests for Part II offenses are difficult to find. Only in the drunkenness, commercial vice, and sex offenses were either of these groups accounting for more than 2% of the total arrests.

TABLE XXVII

PART II ARRESTS AND PERCENTAGES
BY SEX AND RACE

<u>Classification</u>	<u>Total N</u>	<u>Total Percent</u>	<u>Other Assaults</u>	<u>Arson</u>	<u>Forgery</u>	<u>Fraud</u>	<u>Embezzlement</u>	<u>Stolen Property</u>	<u>Vandalism</u>	<u>Illegal Weapons</u>
Male Cities	41,362	87.3	86.6	93.2	64.7	70.4	69.4	86.1	93.8	95.4
Suburbs	8,019	89.2	87.8	100.0	73.5	68.3	64.3	90.3	96.0	92.9
Rural	9,024	91.3	94.0	86.5	80.6	67.0	94.7	92.4	96.8	95.6
Total	54,406	88.1	87.6	92.3	68.6	68.9	72.3	87.4	94.3	94.8
Female Cities	6,044	12.7	13.4	6.8	35.3	29.6	30.6	13.9	6.2	4.6
Suburbs	972	10.8	12.2	0.0	26.5	31.7	35.7	9.7	4.0	7.1
Rural	865	8.7	6.0	13.5	19.4	33.0	94.7	92.4	96.8	95.6
Total	7,324	11.9	12.4	7.7	31.4	31.1	27.7	12.6	5.7	5.2
White Cities	43,974	92.8	85.3	96.2	87.4	88.9	86.3	88.4	95.4	87.4
Suburbs	8,763	97.5	95.2	100.0	86.8	91.1	85.8	93.3	99.1	94.3
Rural	9,737	98.5	98.8	100.0	99.0	99.8	100.0	99.6	99.4	97.5
Total	58,031	94.0	87.3	97.5	90.3	92.0	88.6	90.8	96.2	89.0
Black Cities	2,205	4.7	12.7	3.8	11.8	9.5	12.9	10.9	3.9	10.9
Suburbs	167	1.9	3.8	0.0	13.2	8.9	14.2	6.7	0.9	5.1
Rural	45	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.7
Total	2,243	3.6	10.9	2.5	9.1	6.9	10.8	8.6	3.2	9.5
Native American Cities	864	1.8	1.5	0.0	0.5	1.3	0.8	0.3	0.4	1.2
Suburbs	10	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rural	54	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
Total	923	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.3	0.9	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.9
Other Cities	363	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.5
Suburbs	51	0.6	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6
Rural	53	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.8
Total	433	0.7	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.6
Total N	61,730	100.0	2,846	155	784	1,319	148	1,068	2,339	925

Sub-totals do not add up to totals because of overlapping of suburban and city categories.

<u>Commercial Vice</u>	<u>Sex Offenses</u>	<u>Controlled Substance</u>	<u>Gambling</u>	<u>Family Offenses</u>	<u>Driving Under Influence</u>	<u>Liquor Laws</u>	<u>Drunkenness</u>	<u>Disorderly Conduct</u>	<u>Vagrancy</u>	<u>Other Offenses</u>
12.5	91.9	87.0	76.2	69.8	92.0	80.7	92.2	87.1	82.8	81.6
0.0	100.0	85.4	0.0	93.0	92.5	76.2	91.8	91.3	85.7	87.0
0.0	95.5	89.4	85.7	97.6	94.8	83.2	94.8	94.4	100.0	91.1
12.5	92.5	87.4	78.6	81.1	92.7	81.1	92.5	87.6	95.3	83.7
87.5	8.1	13.0	23.8	30.2	8.0	19.3	7.8	12.9	17.2	18.4
0.0	0.0	14.6	0.0	7.0	7.5	23.8	8.2	8.7	14.3	13.0
0.0	4.5	10.6	14.3	2.4	5.2	16.8	5.2	5.6	0.0	8.9
87.5	7.5	12.6	21.4	18.9	7.3	18.9	7.5	12.4	4.7	16.3
37.6	90.3	96.1	100.0	99.1	96.9	97.5	90.2	93.3	93.2	93.8
0.0	93.4	98.0	0.0	93.1	98.8	100.0	97.2	98.7	100.0	96.7
0.0	100.0	99.2	100.0	97.7	99.0	99.2	97.9	95.8	100.0	98.3
37.6	90.8	96.9	100.0	97.3	97.7	97.9	91.7	93.6	98.2	94.8
58.7	7.0	2.8	0.0	0.9	1.9	1.5	4.1	5.7	0.0	4.6
0.0	3.3	1.9	0.0	6.9	0.8	0.0	1.2	1.3	0.0	3.0
0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	1.7	0.0	0.6
58.7	6.5	2.3	0.0	2.2	1.4	1.2	3.4	5.4	0.0	3.8
2.5	2.4	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.4	4.3	0.7	6.8	1.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.7	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.3
2.5	2.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	3.7	0.6	1.8	0.8
1.2	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.6	1.4	0.3	0.0	0.6
0.0	3.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	2.5	0.0	0.8
1.2	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.2	0.4	0.0	0.6
80	322	4,549	28	175	11,466	4,535	15,637	3,016	107	12,231

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Sub-totals do not add up to totals because of overlapping of suburban and city categories.

V. ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

Table XXVIII presents the number of assaults on law enforcement officers in Iowa in 1977, with percent changes from 1976. These assaults are divided into those resulting in injury and those not resulting in injury.

As was the case in 1976, a rise occurred in assaults on officers in 1977. In contrast to 1976, however, the rise in 1977 was not directly accountable only to assaults not resulting in injury: there was a 9.6% increase in assaults resulting in injury and a 6.3% increase in assaults not resulting in injury.

Particularly large percentage increases in assaults were found in cities under 5,000 population and cities from 25,000-50,000 population. As was the case with murder figures, however, one should be careful in interpreting these results because of the relatively small number of assaults occurring in each of these population categories.

As has been seen in some other presentations, little similarity exists between the suburban cities and non-suburban cities in regard to assaults on officers: while suburban cities showed a decrease in assaults on officers in 1977, non-suburban cities showed a considerable increase.

Not shown on the table, there were two law enforcement officers in Iowa killed in the line of duty during 1977.

TABLE XXVIII

ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

<u>Population Categories</u>	<u>With Injury</u>			<u>Without Injury</u>			<u>Total</u>		
	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>	<u>1977</u>	<u>1976</u>	<u>Percent Change</u>
State of Iowa	182	166	+9.6	661	622	+6.3	843	788	+7.0
Total for all Cities	151	142	+6.3	615	577	+6.6	766	719	+6.5
Cities 50,000 and Over	91	112	-18.8	539	505	+6.7	630	617	+2.1
Cities 25,000-50,000	29	9	+222.2	12	16	-25.0	41	25	+64.0
Cities 10,000-25,000	9	7	+28.6	10	16	-37.5	19	23	-17.4
Cities 5,000-10,000	8	9	-11.1	19	23	-17.4	27	32	-15.6
Cities Under 5,000	14	5	+180.0	35	17	+105.9	49	22	+122.7
Suburban Cities									
Cities 25,000-50,000	1	0	--	0	0	--	1	0	--
Cities 10,000-25,000	0	2	-100.0	2	14	-85.7	2	16	-87.5
Cities 5,000-10,000	3	0	--	1	0	--	4	0	--
Cities Under 5,000	5	1	+400.0	4	10	-60.0	9	11	-18.2
Suburban Cities Total	9	3	+200.0	7	24	-70.8	16	27	-40.7
Non-suburban Cities									
Cities 25,000-50,000	28	9	+211.1	12	16	-25.0	40	25	+60.0
Cities 10,000-25,000	9	5	+80.0	8	2	+300.0	17	7	+142.9
Cities 5,000-10,000	5	9	-44.4	18	23	-21.7	23	32	-28.1
Cities Under 5,000	9	4	+125.0	31	7	+342.9	40	11	+263.6
Non-suburban Cities Total	51	27	+88.9	69	48	+43.8	120	75	+60.0
Suburban Sheriffs	12	11	+9.1	8	20	-60.0	20	28	-28.6
Suburban Areas	21	14	+50.0	15	44	-65.9	36	58	-37.9
Rural Areas	12	13	-7.7	30	23	+30.4	42	36	+16.7