PERCEPTION OF CRIME ON MASS TRANSPORTATION

A Report to:

City of Chicago Department of Public Works

Prepared by:

Ronald Czaja
University of Illinois '
Survey Research Laboratory
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

			<u>P</u>	age
I.	BACK	GROUND AND OBJECTIVES	•	1
II.	SURV	EY DESIGN	•	3
	Α.	Basic Rationale	•	3
	В.	Redefinition	•	4
III.	METH	ODOLOGY	•	7
	A.	Sample Design	•	7
	В.	Questionnaire Design	•	8
	C.	Pretest(s))	•	9
	D.	Data Collection	• .	11
	Ε.	Data Reduction and Data Processing	•	13
	F.	Validity and Reliability of the Data	. :	16
IV.	DATA	PRESENTATION	. :	22
	Α.	Respondent Typology	. :	23
	В.	Non-Riders	. :	24
	С.	Bus Only Riders	. 2	29
	D.	El-Subway Only Riders	. 3	32
	E.	Bus and El-Subway Riders	. 3	36
	F.	Perceived System Security and Victimization	. 4	41
	G.	Demographic and Household Information		57
	н.	Composite Question Variables	. 6	55
APPENDI	X A	- Questionnaire		
APPENDI	ХВ-	- Codebook		

I. Background and Objectives

The City of Chicago, in an effort to improve security on mass transportation, applied for and received a demonstration grant from the Urban Mass Transportation Administration. The general objective of the program was to demonstrate and test the effectiveness of crime prevention devices in an effort to promote public transportation. A significant aspect of the program was to ascertain the public's attitudes toward the CTA and to determine patrons' perceptions of their safety as a determinant of ridership patterns.

The service need requirements for the demonstration grant were separated into three major work elements which were:

- Task 1: Selection of Alternative Crime Prevention Devices
- Task 2: Perception of Crime on Mass Transportation
- Task 3: Model for Evaluating Impact of the Device Selected

The scope of services for Task 2, the task for which the Survey Research Laboratory submitted a proposal, was outlined as follows:

Develop and implement questionnaire that surveys the perceived level of crime on the Chicago Transit Authority (within the corporate limits of the City of Chicago). The general intent of the survey is to discover what effect an individual's psychological perception of crime on the CTA has on ridership. The survey should provide sufficient information so that analysis addressing itself to the following questions may be accomplished:

 What is the effect of crime on deterrence of ridership -frequency, magnitude, etc.

- 2. Who is deterred psychologically -- differentiation by age, income, sex, race, residence, frequency of ridership, mode of ridership, and other relevant factors.
- 3. When is the ridership deterred due to crime perceived -- time of day, day of week, holidays, etc.
- 4. What is perception of crime in relation to facilities and operations of system -- lighting, physical obstructions, method of fare collection, etc.
- 5. Any other relevant data.

Analysis and evaluation of the survey data will be accomplished in the evaluation section of Task 1.

II. Survey Design

A. Basic Rationale

To accomplish the survey objective, ascertain an individual's perception of crime on the CTA and its effect on his ridership behavior, two concomitant surveys using different but not independent sampling frames were proposed.

One survey was to be based on a statistical probability sample of the general population of the City of Chicago. This survey would have provided baseline data on all persons in the sample households on type and extent of ridership, respondent's perception of the level of CTA crime, its relationship to deterrence of ridership, usage of the CTA by socioeconomic groups, deterrence to usage by socioeconomic groups, opinions on how to increase usage by psychologically deterred groups, and other relevant data. The desired information would have been in a 6-8 page questionnaire and would have been collected by telephone using a random digit dialing method that automatically includes unlisted phone numbers. A maximum of two IBM cards of information was to be collected from each household. The expected number of completed interviews was to be 800-900.

The second study would have concentrated solely on CTA riders. The desired information was to be collected from riders at points in transit selected by statistical probability methods. As a basis for doing so, two crucial issues were to be examined in the pretest:

What is the best point at which to interview riders: before boarding the vehicle, after exiting the vehicle, while riding or some combination? 2. Since riders were to be interviewed in transit, how long can the questionnaire be and still elicit a high degree of cooperation?

Since these two issues needed to be resolved empirically, we were assuming that the questionnaire for this survey would be an abridged version of the general population questionnaire, and would not exceed one IBM card per respondent. The expected number of completed interviews, as in the general population study, would have been 800-900. Together, the two studies would have yielded 1,600 to 1,800 completed interviews.

To recapitulate, the Laboratory was to design and implement a survey under the guidance and supervision of the City and another city consultant. The suggested survey techniques, including the method(s) by which the questionnaire was to be administered, the size and type of sample selected, and the content of the questionnaire were to be approved by the City before implementation.

B. Redefinition

In December 1972, a letter of authorization to proceed with the design of the survey was received from Milton Pikarsky, Commissioner of the Department of Public Works. A meeting was then arranged to forumulate the goals and objectives of the survey. The meeting consisted of members from the Transit Security Program Committee, the Department of Public Works, Carnegie-Mellon University and the Survey Research Laboratory. On the basis of this meeting, the objectives and sample universe were defined and the initial survey design was modified, as explained shortly.

The general objectives of the survey remained the same: to ascertain people's use of and attitudes toward the CTA. These objectives were further specified to include (1) both the bus and rapid transit lines, and (2) the opinions from frequent and occasional riders of the CTA, as well as persons who do not make use af any CTA transportation lines. Thus, the survey would provide baseline data from a sample of households on the extent of CTA ridership; type of vehicle used, if any; if used, how often and at what times; respondent's perception of the level of crime on the CTA in relation to other characteristics; usage of the CTA by socioeconomic groups; and other relevant data. The Survey Research Laboratory assumed the responsibility of developing the questionnaire. After development, the questionnaire was circulated to all members present for their comments and suggestions.

It was agreed that collecting information from riders at points in transit should be deleted for the survey design. The group felt it would be more beneficial to lengthen the interview and/or increase the size of the general population sample. This decision was made because of the feeling that a sufficient number of riders would be obtained in a general population study, that more than one IBM card of information was desired from this group, and that data collected from respondents in the comfort of their home would be more valid than that collected in-transit under the conditions of winter.

The telephone population in households of the City of Chicago was specified as the sample universe. The suburban population was excluded because of the time and cost factors involved. For example, if five percent of the suburban population were riders of the CTA, 1,000 households would yield only 50 rider respondents. Thus, concentrating on the City of Chicago would yield optimum results.

FOOTNOTES

1. Henceforth, these groups will be referred to as the Transit Security Program Committee -- TSPC.

III. Methodology

The methodology used in conducting this study is outlined in this section. The major purpose of this description is to provide useful information to better assess the findings discussed in the main body of the report. Also, a permanent record of the methods used can prove helpful in further analysis of the data and in future research endeavors of a similar nature.

A. Sample Design

The eventual objective was to complete 1,500 interviews from a statistically random sample of all private households with telephones in the City of Chicago. While any sample based entirely on telephone subscribers is subject to some bias due to unlisted and unpublished numbers, new telephone prefixes (first three digits) put into service after the telephone book is published, and non-subscribers; the largest source of bias are the unlisted or unpublished numbers. The sampling procedure used in this study, "random digit dialing," overcomes this latter source of bias. Consequently, the remaining bias was felt to be tolerable. From a different perspective, when one considers the study constraints — a large probability sample for a relatively small and fixed price in conjunction with a 90 day time schedule, telephone interviewing using random digit dialing is the optimum technique.

The sampling unit for this study was the telephone number. Approximately 3,380 numbers were selected with a systematic random sample from the Chicago Alphabetical Telephone Directory using a sampling fraction. of 1/239. For each of these telephone numbers, the last two digits were dropped and replaced with two randomly selected digits. From the 3,377 numbers, 2,204 eligible telephone numbers were generated from which a total of 1,586 interviews were then completed.

To roughly estimate the probability of selection is quite simple. In 1970 there were 949,795 occupied housing units with a teLephone. This figure, divided by the number eligible (2,204), gives a sampling rate of 1/431. Therefore, the estimated probability of selection is .0023.

B. Questionnaire Design

The development of the questionnaire was a joint effort by TSPC. The initial responsibility for development was assumed by the Survey Research Laboratory. The first draft of the questionnaire was eleven pages in length. Its primary function was to serve as a baseline from which members of TSPC would provide comments and suggestions. The questionnaire was circulated and revised four times. The numerous revisions were necessitated for five reasons: (1) Ideas for new questions and revisions of existing questions occurred continuously; (2) The first few drafts put too much emphasis on crime, and it was decided that this issue should be placed in a more general framework; (3) Questions on crime should be asked in an open-ended and narrative manner to better assure the validity of the data; (4) It was decided that questions on CTA services should be worded in a positive manner so as not to lead the respondents; and (5) One of the early

drafts was pretested on a classroom of college students, and the results provided information for the modification and deletion of some questions.

As of December 20, a pretest questionnaire had been agreed upon even though some areas within the questionnaire were unacceptable to a few members of TSPC. It was agreed, nevertheless, that the instrument should be pretested to obtain a better idea of which questions worked and which needed to be modified or deleted.

The final questionnaire was a 19 page instrument containing 45 questions, 23 of which had more than one part. While the questionnaire was essentially closed-end, 24 questions could be answered who you or in part by responses other than those provided. To facilitate interviewing, the questionnaire was color coordinated with the numerous skip patterns. A sample copy of the final instrument is provided in Appendix A.

C. Pretest(s)

In order to pinpoint any problems in question wording, structure or response variance, pretests were conducted when necessary. During the course of questionnaire development and modification, SRL conducted at least four pretests. The first pretest was conducted during the early stages of questionnaire development. As previously mentioned, this pretest was performed on a classroom of college students. The results provided some useful inputs as to question wording and the ordering of questions.

The second pretest was actually a pilot study. After the initial questionnaire was revised, three times, it was decided to test the instru-

ment on the general population to see which questions were working and which were not. Approximately 50 interviews, 25 with males and 25 with females, were to be completed using random digit dialing. This was believed an adequate number for question revisions and for obtaining an estimate of the average time to administer the interview schedule.

The average length of time required per interview was found to be twenty-five to thirty minutes, a time period felt to be satisfactory in terms of subject matter and field costs. Regarding the substantive content of the questionnaire, the pilot study revealed some awkward ordering of questions, a few ambiguities and two questions which provided very little response variation. These results were scrutinized by TSPC and the appropriate changes were made. 5

The two questions which provided very little response variation were unfortunately important questions, and hence had to be redesigned and tested. These questions were reworked and 10 additional interviews were conducted with the general population using random digit dialing. The results of this pretest were satisfactory.

Finally, before the questionnaire was implemented on the general population, it was evaluated by the Laboratory's Questionnaire Review Committee. This committee is comprised of three senior staff members from both campuses. The questionnaire was approved, and interviews were conducted with several members of the Laboratory's staff to see if any major flaws or inconsistencies could be found before final typing of the questionnaire.

D. Data Collection

- 1. Interviewer selection and training. Two weeks prior to the main study 18 interviewers in Chicago and 13 in Urbana were specifically hired and trained in telephone interviewing for this study.

 8 Some were experienced SRL interviewers, others were students hired especially for this study.

 All attended two separate training sessions. The first session discussed general procedures and techniques of interviewing, i.e., the uses of survey questionnaires, building rapport, introduction and probing techniques, etc. The second session was detailed training and simulated interviewing. This training included instructions of relevant subject matter, a question—by—question review of the survey instrument and various forms of role—playing and practice interviewing with each other. Each session was face—to—face and lasted three to four hours a day.
- 2. <u>Interviewing procedures</u>. The sample phone numbers were filled in on Interviewer Report Forms (IRF's). These forms were given to the interviewers in groups of 25; it was from these forms that the telephoning was conducted and records were kept.

The interviewing began as follows:

Hello, is this (e.g., 999-0000)? My name is (John Doe) and I am calling from the University of Illinois. We are doing a study of people's use and attitudes of the CTA--Chicago Transit Authority, and I would like to ask some questions about this. May I speak to the head of the household?

For each phone number only one interview was to be conducted. There were three potential respondents who were eligible, and they are listed in the order in which the interviewer asked for them: (1) Head of the household, (2) spouse of the head, (3) any member of the household 18 years of age or older. In cases where the head of the household was not available, the

interview was conducted with the spouse of head and when neither head nor spouse were available the interviewer was instructed to conduct the interview with a household member age 18 or older. In addition, a close watch was kept on the sex breakdown of the completed interviews to insure that the final sex ratio was not extremely disproportionate. 9

For each call, the date, time and result of the call were recorded. The disposition was one of the following: interviewed, refusal, busy signal, no answer, disconnected number, appointment or other (language difficulty, health problem etc.). Five attempts were made before the result was considered a final non-contact. All disconnected numbers were attempted twice, at the beginning and at the end of the study. This procedure was followed in hopes of contacting households where phone numbers were only temporarily disconnected for short periods of time (people who go on vacation, unpaid bills, etc.). Number changes were classified as ineligibles.

- 3. Interviewer supervision. A supervisor was on hand at all times while interviews were being conducted to answer any questions which might arise and to give assignments. Supervisors monitored a portion of each interviewer's work and clarified any problems encountered therein. In addition, they edited each completed interview twice to insure quality data. When necessary, interviewers were retrained to improve their techniques for the remaining interviews and respondents were recalled to pick up missing information.
- 4. <u>Verification</u>. The verification was conducted concurrently with the interviewing. Twenty percent of each interviewer's work was verified by a special group of trained personnel. In every instance, the work was found to meet or exceed the required quality standards.

5. Control Desk Results. A total of 3,377 cases were assigned. Of these assignments, 2,204 were eligible cases which resulted in 1,586 completed interviews. On Table 1 gives a detailed breakdown on the disposition of the sampled units. As illustrated, an overall response rate of 72 per cent was obtained. The refusal rate was only 17 per cent. This very low rate might be accounted for by the strong interest on the part of the general public in the research subject. Sixty-five percent of the sample units drawn were eligible to be interviewed; that is, they were operable residential telephone numbers within the city limits which contained an eligible respondent. The rate of contact of eligible respondents was 90 per cent.

E. Data Reduction and Data Processing

Shortly after the field work phase of the survey was begun, the process of converting or "reducing" the interview schedule to an IBM data file began. This process was greatly facilitated by the fact that the interview schedule was largely "precoded," that is, for the most part, numbers corresponding to units of information had been assigned to the response categories in a predetermined IBM card format and incorporated directly into the interview schedule. The process of data reduction nonetheless involved six discrete steps:

a. Quality Control: Each interview schedule was inspected to make certain that the schedule was completely filled out, that response categories were unambiguously indicated, and that written information was legible and coherent. Problems were referred to interviewing supervisors for clarification and correction.

Table 1 . Field Work Completion Data

Total Sample		3,377	
Assignments Wo	orked	3,377	
Ineligibles	,	1,173	
	· · · · · · · ·		653 520
Eligibles		2,204	
Interview Refusals Non-conta Other (ag			1,586 316 219 83
Response Rate	$(\frac{\text{Completed interviews}}{\text{Eligibles}})$	72%	
Refusal Rate	$(\frac{\text{Refusals}}{\text{Eligibles}})$	17%	
Contact Rate	$(\frac{\text{Eligibles - Non-contacts}}{\text{Eligibles}})$	90%	
Eligibility	(Total sample - Ineligibles) Total sample	65%	

- b. Editing: Response patterns were checked by editors whose task consisted of looking for inconsistent entries, impossible entries and evidence of unclear or ambiguous patterns of response. Errors not correctable on the basis of information within the interview schedule were referred back to interviewing supervisors who either resolved the discrepancies by consultation with the interviewer or had all or part of the interview repeated.
- c. Coding: Although the interview schedule was largely precoded, many questions had "Other reason", "Why?" or "What happened?" categories (e.g., Q. 4, 5, 9, 13c, 14, 18c, 30c) where many meaningful responses were recorded. After the completion of approximately 300 interviews, codes were developed for these questions. 11
- d. Check Coding: Concurrently with the coding operation, a systematic and independent recoding of approximately 20 percent of each coder's work was undertaken to assess the accuracy of the overall coding operation and provide a running spot-check on the accuracy of this process over time.
- staff in Urbana. The keypunch process included both punching and verification. The verification procedure, which according to the literature has been demonstrated to work most effectively, indicates that if the cards that are verified have a very low rate of error, any error on the remaining cards will be caught more expeditiously by a cleaning program.

f. Cleaning: Despite the several prior levels of quality control, a final check was undertaken by computer evaluation of the comprehensiveness and consistency of the data in the IBM card file. Impossible responses were defined in a computer program which assessed each IBM card. Errors were resolved by the Data Processing Section and cumulated corrections were "cleaned" once again. This process was repeated until all known errors were eliminated.

During the data reduction process an SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences) data file was developed for the data analysis. Each question and sub-question on the research instrument was designated as a variable. For each variable a label was constructed and for most questions value labels were developed. The questionnaire was translated into 270 variables. In addition, composite variables were developed from Questions 4, 5, 9, 12, etc.; bringing the final data set to 334 variables. Cross-tabulations were run for Carnegie-Mellon as requested.

F. Validity and Reliability of the Data

1. Non-sampling bias. There are two major sources of error in survey data: sampling error and non-sampling bias. Both sources are controllable but only the former lends itself to precise measurement. Non-sampling bias is difficult to measure because it includes such ephemeral sources of invalidity and unreliability as conceptual and definition bias, measurement error of various sorts, mechanical, typographical and other errors, etc. The best assessment of the magnitude of such error

can be made by careful scrutiny of the procedures employed to create measuring instruments, gather data, coding data, analyze the data, and finally to scrutinize the way in which the data are ultimately interpreted.

The bulk of this report is concerned with the procedures employed by SRL to provide data in a form which lends itself to straightforward analysis and interpretation. While these procedures by no means provide a guarantee that no errors of the non-sampling variety have occurred, they do underscore the fact that non-sampling bias should be minimal. To recapitulate, the key procedures which suggest such assurance are as follows:

The interview schedule was prepared by survey experts in consultation with experts in the fields of transportation and criminology.

The interview schedule was pretested and modified on the basis of this experience.

Interviewers were carefully recruited, trained to the specific demands of this survey, tested and evaluated before they received any assignments, and were under continual supervision throughout the course of the field work.

·Completed interviews were subject to standardized quality control procedures: every completed interview was checked and twenty percent of each interviewer's work was subject to verification. Interviews which failed to verify were corrected or new interviews were conducted.

Data reduction procedures ensured that errors of omission, inconsistency, or misinterpretation were negligible: each completed interview was edited for errors, twenty percent of the items which required coding were coded independently and the results compared for accuracy.

IBM data cards were thoroughly cleaned by computer to identify any residual errors which were corrected. Routine card presence procedures guaranteed that no data were lost in transferring the data to the final analytic tape file.

In brief, the procedures employed in this survey were designated to minimize non-sampling bias as sources of invalidity and unreliability.

2. <u>Sampling error</u>. Sampling error arises because only a portion of the eligible population was interviewed. More specifically, it is the difference between the sample results and the results which would have been attained if a complete census were made using the same procedures as the sample. The sampling procedure for the study was systematic random sampling. Thus, sampling errors for proportions can be estimated using the standard p,q formula. For the interested reader, the standard error for sample sizes of 100 to 1,500 is presented in Table 2.

Table 2
Standard Errors for Sample Proportions
(90% Level of Confidence)

Accuracy Range + Percent Shown

			Proporti	lon	
Sample size	10% 90%	20% 80%	30% 70%	40% 60%	50% 50%
100	7.0	9.3	10.7	11.4	11.6
200	4.9	6.6	7.5	8.1	8.2
300	4.0	5.4	6.2	6.6	6.7
400	3.5	4.7	5.3	5.7	5.8
500	3,1	4.2	4.8	5.1	5.2
750	2.5	3.4	3,9	4.2	4.2
1000	2.2	2.9	3.4	3.6	3.7
1500	1.3	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.1

FOOTNOTES

- 1. For the last quarter of 1971 and the first quarter of 1972, approximately 25% of the telephone numbers in Chicago were unlisted or unpublished numbers.
- 2. This figure is from: <u>U.S. Census of Housing:1970</u>, HC(1) A15, p.20. The population of Chicago has been declining slightly, but for the present purposes, the probability would hardly be altered by assuming no change from 1970 to 1973.
- 3. Prior to the main study, the initial questionnaire was modified to varying degrees not less than seven times. A contributing factor to the numerous revisions was the size of TSPC. The Committee was comprised of not less than 30 members. Some meetings were not well-attended. Questions which were acceptable to some members were unacceptable to others. Ultimately, all differences were resolved judiciously and with a minimum amount of haggling. This reflected the open-minded and seriousness of the committee members.
- 4. The service proposal specified 40 completed interviews -- 20 by phone and 20 of riders. After the survey design was modified, 25 interviews with males and 25 with females was considered more than adequate to evaluate the questionnaire.
- 5. The results of <u>each</u> pretest were circulated or made available to members of TSPC.
- 6. The questions referred to are 27 and 28. The initial questions asked the respondent to evaluate the listed situations: "When using the CTA do you feel very secure, somewhat secure, or not secure at all...?" Most respondents said "somewhat secure" and then qualified their response. Consequently, it was felt that if the respondent were asked to rank the situations, more meaningful response variation could be attained.
- 7. SRL had ample opportunity to conduct the various pretests because of the extraordinary time delay in waiting for OMB approval of the questionnaire.
- 8. At the time of the initial proposal, SRL had a pool of approximately 50 telephone interviewers but due to the time delays, by the start of the study many had prior commitments. Consequently, it was necessary to hire some students. The Field Section screened and hired as many interviewers from the pool as were possible. All interviewers selected were hired as independent contractors for the duration of the study. This is standard procedure.

- 9. The <u>U.S. Census of Populations and Housing:1970</u>, PHC(1) 43, Part I, shows that 46 percent of the Chicago population 18 and older are males. Our intent was to stay fairly close to this figure. Of the first 1,000 completed interviews, only 40 percent were males. Thus, we began asking to speak with a male 18 and older. If one was not present we attempted an appointment. In the case of a one person household, an interview was always attempted. Sex was disregarded.
- 10. The figure 1,586 includes partial interviews. A decision was made in the case of "break off" interviews which could not be recontacted, if the respondent answered questions through page 11, he/she was included in the data set; otherwise it was considered a refusal.
- 11. All open-ended codes were developed in conjunction with Professor Robert Shellow of Carnegie-Mellon University. Professor Shellow was the principal investigator of the group which had responsibility for Task 1.

IV. Data Presentation

The data presented in the fourth and final chapter of this report are the frequency tabulations for each item of the questionnaire. To avoid duplication no cross tabulations are reported since these are the concern of the Task I report. However, the newly created composite variables are included in this presentation. The results of these data are presented in the same order in which the items appeared in the questionnaire.

This chapter which follows the organization of the questionnaire has eight major sections. Section A provides an overview of the three types of respondents, identified in terms of their use or non-use of CTA facilities. The next four sections detail each of these specific ridership patterns: Section B focusing on non-riders; Section C on bus only riders; Section D on el-subway only riders; and Section E on riders who use both modes of transportation. The results of questions on riders' perceptions of system security and victimization are presented in Section F. Demographic and household information appear in Section G. Finally, the composite question variables are contained in Section H.

Previously mentioned and elaborated upon was that three possible respondents were eligible to be interviewed (See page 11). The disposition of those interviewed are as follows: 1,059, 66.8 percent, considered themselves heads of households; 407, 25.7 percent, were the spouse of the head; 119, 7.5 percent, were some other member of the household 18 years of age or older; and one person we were unable to classify or recontact. Thus, the data base of completed interviews is 1,586.

A. RESPONDENT TYPOLOGY

Three types of respondents could emerge from the first two questions of the interview: (1) a person who has never used the CTA -- "never rider"; (2) one who has not used the CTA within the last year -- "past rider"; or (3) a person who has used the CTA at least once in the last year -- "current rider."

Never riders are those persons who answered "no" to Question 1.

Questions 2 and 3 were skipped and they were then asked Questions 4 through
6 before skipping to Question 35. They were then asked the remaining
questions.

Past riders are ones who answered "yes" to Question 1 but "no" to Question 2. These persons were then asked Questions 3 through 6 before skipping to Question 35 and being asked the remaining questions. Henceforth, past and never riders are combined into one group labelled "non-riders." Their data base is 463.

Current riders are ones who answered "yes" to Questions 1 and 2.

This group then skipped Questions 3 through 6 and was asked the remaining appropriate questions. The data base for current riders is 1,123.

Q.1.	Have	you	<u>ever</u>	used	the	CTA	bus	or	el-subway	system?
------	------	-----	-------------	------	-----	-----	-----	----	-----------	---------

Q.2. Have you used the CTA bus or el-subway system within the last year?

B. NON-RIDERS

Q.3. How many years ago did you last use the CTA bus or el-subway system?

Years							<u>%</u>
1	•	•	•		•	:	9
2			•				21
3			•	•	•	•	13
4	•	•	•	•	•		7
5-9	•	•		•	•		25
10-20		•		•	•	•	23
21-40	•		•	•	•	• .	2
То	ta	1					100
N*						(358)

^{*}The case base will fluctuate from the expected number due to the exclusion of those who gave "no answer." For example, Q.3 was asked of 377 respondents and 19 gave no answer.

Q.4. Please tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a reason why you \underline{do} not ride the \underline{bus} .

Reason	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) Bus stops are not close to where I want to go $oldsymbol{\cdot}$	21	79	100	(462)
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus	10	90	100	(462)
(c) Frequency of the bus service	15	85	100	(462)
(d) Speed of the bus service \dots	11	89	100	(462)
(e) Cleanliness of the bus	8	92	100	(461)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	21	79	100	(462)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	21	79	100	(462)
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus	4	96	100	(462)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on				
the bus	6	94	100	(460)
(j) Cost to ride the bus	22	78	100	(461)
(k) Other reason	87	13	100	(462)

Other Reason

	<u>%</u>
Prefer car	. 80
Too crowded	. *
Not convenient	. 2
Railroad commuter	. 2
Age, health	. 10
Careless personnel	. 1
Other	·5
Total	100
N	(403)

^{*}One respondent which is less than one percent.

As shown above, "other reason" was coded into seven categories (See Codebook, List F, Appendix B). Typical, "prefer car" responses are as follows:

"Would ride if I didn't own a car. Own a car and have no reason to ride CTA."

"Rather use my car."

"Have cheap transportation. Drive everywhere for convenience."

"Have car and use it all the time."

"My children drive me where I go."

"I prefer to drive and bus doesn't go where I want to go."

"I really prefer my car -- convenience."

"Own a car. Would have to transfer twice."

"I need a car in my work. More convenient to go in my own vehicle, don't waste time waiting for buses."

Q.5. Please tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a reason why you $\underline{\text{do not}}$ ride the $\underline{\text{el-subway}}$.

(in percentages)

Reason	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) El-subway stations are not close to home or where I want to go	33	67	100	(461)
(b) Comfort of ride on the el-subway trains	6	94	100	(461)
(c) Frequency of the el-subway train service	5	95	100	(460)
(d) Speed of the el-subway train service \dots	` 5	95	100	(460)
(e) Cleanliness of the el-subway trains	7	93	100	(460)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	24	76	100	(460)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	25	75	100	(460)
(h) Safety from collisions, trains derailing, and so forth on the el-subway trains	7	93	100	(460)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway	4	96	100	(460)
(j) Cost to ride the el-subway	17	83	100	(461)
(k) Some other reason	80	20	100	(461)

Other Reason

					<u>%</u>
Prefer car	•	•	•		78
Too crowded	•	•			*
Not convenient .	•				4
Railroad commuter	r		•		2
Age, health	•	•	•		10
Careless personne	e1			•	1
Other	•			•_	5
Total]	100
N				(3	369)

^{*}One respondent which is less than one percent.

Q.6. Do you think you will ride the CTA in the future?

								<u>%</u>
Yes				•			6	43
No		•	•				•	42
Don!	t	ĸı	101	Ĭ	•	•	٠_	15
Total							:	L00
I	1			•			(4	462)

(Non-riders skip to Q.35)

Q.7. At what time of the day and night do you usually use the various CTA bus routes or el-subway lines?

(in percentages)

Time Periods .				<u>Y</u> 6	25	<u>No</u>	Total	\underline{N}
(a) Between 6 a.m. and	9 a.m			. :	59	41	100	(1,114)
(b) Between 9 a.m. and	noon		•	. 4	40	60	100	(1,112)
(c) Between noon and 3	p.m		•	. :	38	62	1.00	(1,111)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and	6 p.m			. (67	33	100	(1,116)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and	9 p.m		•		16	84	100	(1,112)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and	midnight	•	•	•	6	94	100	(1,110)
(g) Between midnight ar	nd 6 a.m.			• '	6	94	100	(1,111)

Q.8a. Which type of CTA transportation have you used within the last year -- the bus only, the el-subway only, or both?

								<u>%</u>
Bus only		•	•	•	•	•	•	38
El-subway only	•	•	•				•	8
Both modes	•	•	•	•			•_	54
Total							1	100
N						((11	L23)

Bus only users skipped to the Yellow Section and were asked Questions 9-13. El-subway users were asked Questions 8b,c. They then skipped to the Green Section and were asked Questions 14-18. Both mode users were asked Questions 8b,c. They then skipped to the Blue Section and were asked Questions 19-26.

- Q.8b. Which station near your home do you usually board the el-subway?
- Q.8c. What el-subway line do you primarily board at this station? ("b" and "c" were coded as one, three column, variable. See Codebook, List A, Appendix B.)

		<u>%</u>
Howard-Englewood/Jackson Park	•	. 45
Milwaukee-Congress/Douglas	9	. 23
Lake-Dan Ryan	•	. 24
Ravenswood		. 8
Evanston	•	*
Total		100
N		(663)

^{*}Two respondents which is less than one percent.

C. BUS ONLY RIDERS

Q.9. Please tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a reason why you do not ride the el-subway.

(in percentages)

Reas	son	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a)	El-subway stations are not close to home or where I want to go	62	38	100	(424)
(b)	Comfort of ride on the el-subway trains	8	92	100	(421)
(c)	Frequency of the el-subway train service	7	93	100	(415)
(d)	Speed of the el-subway train service	7	93	100	(415)
(e)	Cleanliness of the el-subway trains	7	93	100	(414)
(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	29	71	100	(419)
(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	31	69	100	(418)
(h)	Safety from collisions, trains derailing, and so forth on the el-subway trains	11	89	100	(418)
(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway	6	94	100	(417)
(j)	Cost to ride the el-subway	9	91	100	(418)
(k)	Some other reason	42	58	100	(421)

Other Reason

	<u>%</u>
Prefer car	53
Too crowded	*
Not convenient	17
Railroad commuter	1
Age, health	. 13
Careless personnel	. 1
Other	· <u>15</u>
Total	1.00
N	(172)

^{*}One respondent which is less than one percent.

Q.10. Within the last year, how often did you use the $\underline{\text{bus?}}$ (in percentages)

Frequency	Yes
Daily	. 30
At least once a week	. 30
At least once a month	. 19
Less than once a month	. 21
Total	100
N	(425)

Q.11. For which of the following do you primarily use the $\underline{\text{bus}}$? (in percentages)

Reason			<u>Yes</u>
Work	•	• • • • • • • • • • •	42
Shopping	•••••		30
School	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	3
Personal bu	siness	• • • • • • • • • •	20
Social or n	ecreational	activities	4
Something e	else	• • • • • • • • • •	<u>2</u>
Tota	1		101
- N	.**	•	(426)

Q.12. Now I would like to ask you some questions about features of the <u>bus</u> system. For each feature, please tell me whether you think they are very good, good, fair, poor or very poor?

Features	Very good	Good	<u>Fair</u>	Poor	Very poor	<u>Total</u>	<u>N</u>
(a) Convenience of the bus stop locations	. 38	46	12	3	1	100	(424)
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus	. 17	46	27	7	3	100	(421)
(c) Frequency of the bus service	. 13	39	30	13	, 5	100	(417)
(d) Speed of the bus service	. 13	51	26	7	3	100	(412)
(e) Cleanliness of the buses	. 10	42	33	9	6	100	(414)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus		50	24	9	4	100	(405)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	. 12	47	25	10	7	100	(400)
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus		59	19	3	1.	101	(402)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus	. 26	. 44	22	4	3	99	(411)
(j) Cost to ride the bus	. 6	21	33	19	21.	100	(417)
	,						

Q.13a. Are there times during the day or night when you will not ride the bus?

Q.13b. If yes, will you ride the bus...

(in percentages)

Time Periods	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) Between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m	. 93	8	101	(268)
(b) Between 9 a.m. and noon	. 98	2	100	(268)
(c) Between noon and 3 p.m	. 97	3	100	(268)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m	. 91	9	100	(267)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m	. 39	61	100	(270)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and midnight	. 8	92	100	(270)
(g) Between midnight and 6 a.m	. 3	97	100	(270)

Q.13c. If no, why?

Reason	6 a.m 9 a.m.	9a.m noon	Noon- 3 p.m.	3 p.m 6 p.m.	6 p.m 9 p.m.	9 p.m midnight	Midnight- 6 a.m.
Unsafe	42	20	13	36	75	82	82
Not convenient	16	40	25	12	3	1	1
Dislike class of people	_b		. –	_	3	3	2
Too crowded	11	-	13	20	1		1
Wait too long	-			-	1	1 .	2
Not used then	32	20	13	20	13	10	9
Other		20	<u>37</u>	12	4	3	3
Total	101	100	101	100	100	100	100
N	(19)	(5)	(8)	(25)	(164)	(245)	(259)

(Bus only riders skip to Q.27)

D. <u>EL-SUBWAY ONLY RIDERS</u>

Q.14. Please tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a reason why you $\underline{\text{do not}}$ ride the $\underline{\text{bus}}$.

(in percentages)											
Reason	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N							
(a) Bus stops are not close to where I want											
to go	29	71	100	(93)							
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus	13	87	1.00	(93)							
(c) Frequency of the bus service	30	70	100	(93)							
(d) Speed of the bus service	45	55	100	(93)							
(e) Cleanliness of the bus	13	87	100	(93)							
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	12	88	100	(93)							
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	19	81	100	(93)							
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus	8	93	101	(93)							
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA person-											
nel on the bus	8	93	101 ·	(93)							
(j) Cost to ride the bus	22	79	101	(93)							
(k) Other reason	55	45 .	100	(93)							

a. See Codebook, List B, Appendix B.

b. "-" means no respondent mentioned the category.

Q.12. Now I would like to ask you some questions about features of the <u>bus</u> system. For each feature, please tell me whether you think they are very good, good, fair, poor or very poor?

Features	Very	6 1			Very	m . *	
reacutes	boog	Good	<u>Fair</u>	Poor	poor	<u>Total</u>	<u>N</u>
(a) Convenience of the bus stop locations	38 .	46	12	3	1	100	(424)
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus	17	46	27	7	3	100	(421)
(c) Frequency of the bus service	13	39	30	13	5	100	(417)
(d) Speed of the bus service	13	51	26	7	3	100	(412)
(e) Cleanliness of the buses	10	42	33	9	6	100	(414)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	13	50	24	9	4	100	(405)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	12	47	25	10	7	100	(400)
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus	19	59	19	3	1.	101	(402)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus	26	44	22	4	3	99	(411)
•		,					
(j) Cost to ride the bus	. 6	21	33	19	21	100	(417)
							•

Q.13a. Are there times during the day or night when you will not ride the bus?

Q.13b. If yes, will you ride the bus...

(in percentages)

Time	Period	<u>s</u>				••					Yes	No		<u> Total</u>		N
(a)	Between	6	a.m.	and	9	a.m.	•	•	•		93	8		101	((268)
(b)	Between	9	a.m.	and	no	oon .	•		•		98	2		100	((268)
(c)	Between	no	oon ar	nd 3	p.	. m .	•	•		•	97	3		100	((268)
(d)	Between	3	p.m.	and	6	p.m.		•	•	•	91	9		100	((267)
(e)	Between	6	p.m.	and	9	p.m.				•	39	61		100	((270)
(f)	Between	9	p.m.	and	mi	idnig	ht			•	8	92	;	100	î	(270)
(g)	Between	mi	ldnigl	ıt aı	nd	6 a.ı	n.	•		•	3	97		100	1	(270)

Q.13c. If no, why?

Reason	6 a.m 9 a.m.	9a.m noon	Noon- 3 p.m.	3 p.m 6 p.m.	6 p.m 9 p.m.	9 p.m midnight	Midnight- 6 a.m.
Unsafe	42	20	13	36	75	82	82
Not convenient	16	40	25	12	3	1	1
Dislike class of people	_b			.	3	3	2
Too crowded	11		13	20	1	-	1
Wait too long	-		-		1	1 .	2
Not used then	32	20	13	20	13	10	9
Other		_20	<u>37</u>	_12	4	3	3
Total	101	100	101	100	100	100	100
N	(19)	(5)	(8)	(25)	(164)	(245)	(259)
	_						

⁽Bus only riders skip to Q.27)

D. <u>EL-SUBWAY ONLY RIDERS</u>

Q.14. Please tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a reason why you $\underline{\text{do not}}$ ride the $\underline{\text{bus}}$.

(in percentages)										
Reason	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N						
(a) Bus stops are not close to where I want										
to go	29	71	100	(93)						
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus	13	87	100	(93)						
(c) Frequency of the bus service	30	70	100	(93)						
(d) Speed of the bus service	45	55	100	(93)						
(e) Cleanliness of the bus	13	87	100	(93)						
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	12	88	100	(93)						
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	19	81	100	(93)						
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and										
so forth on the bus	8	93	101	(93)						
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA person-	11									
nel on the bus	8	93	101 ·	(93)						
(j) Cost to ride the bus	22	79	101	(93)						
(k) Other reason	55	45 .	100	(93)						

a. See Codebook, List B, Appendix B.

b. "-" means no respondent mentioned the category.

Other Reason

<u>%</u>
Prefer car 58
Too crowded 4
Not convenient 20
Railroad commuter 4
Age, health 2
Careless personnel 2
Other <u>10</u>
Total 100
N (50)
Q.15. Within the last year, how often did you use the el-subway?
(in percentages)
<u>Frequency</u> <u>Yes</u>
Daily
At least once a week 26
At least once a month 17
Less than once a month 26
Total 100
. N (93)
Q.16. For which of the following do you primarily use the <u>el-subway</u> ?
Reason Yes
Work 47
Shopping
School 5
Personal business
Social or recreational activities 4
Something else <u>1</u>
Total 99
N (93)

Q.17. Now I would like to ask you some questions about features of the elsubway system. Again, please tell me whether you think they are very good, good, fair, poor, or very poor.

Features	Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very poor	Total	N
(a) Convenience of the el-subway station							
locations		45 43	15 26	2 11	2 4	100 100	(93) (93)
(c) Frequency of the el-subway trains							•
service	. 27	55	1.5	1	1	99	(92)
(d) Speed of the el-subway trains	. 29	53	14	2.	1	99	(92)
(e) Cleanliness of the el-subways	. 3	22	51	16	9	101	(93)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	. 13	36	28	20	3	100	(92)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	. 11	34	32	18	4	99	(90)
(h) Safety from collisions, trains derailing and so forth on the el-subway trains .	. 18	54	23	2	3	100	(89)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA person- nel on the el-subway	. 1'2	51	31	4	2	100	(91)
(j) Cost to ride the el-subway	. 7	21	37	22	13	100	(91)

Q.18a. Are there times during the day or night when you will <u>not</u> ride the <u>el-subway</u>?

											<u>%</u>
Yes	•		•	٠	•	•	•		•	•	75
No	٠		•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•_	25
ĺ	To	ta.	1							:	100
]	N										(93)

Q.18b. If yes, will you ride the el-subway...

Time Periods	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) Between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m	100	-	100	(69)
(b) Between 9 a.m. and noon	99	1	100	(69)
(c) Between noon and 3 p.m	99	1	100	(69)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m	100	;-	100	(69)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m	48	52	100	(69)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and midnight	6	94	100	(70)
(g) Between midnight and 6 a.m		100	100	(70)

Q.18c. If no, why?

(in percentages)

Reason	6 a.m 9 a.m.	9 a.m noon				9 p.m midnight	Midnight- 6 a.m.
Unsafe		100	100		86	88	89
Not convenient	·. -	-	-	-	Gunda		-
Dislike class of people		-	-	-	3	2 .	. 1
Too crowded	-	-	-	-	3	2	
Wait too long	-		***	-	-	2	1
Not used then	-	_^*	-	-	8.	7	9
Other		P4+		-			
Total	-	100	100	100	100	101	100
N	(0)	(1)	(1)	(0)	(36)	(66)	(70)

(El-subway only riders skip to Q.27)

E. BUS AND EL-SUBWAY RIDERS

Q.19. Within the last year, how often did you use the bus? (in percentages)

Frequency	<u>Yes</u>
Daily	48
At least once a week	23
At least once a month	16
Less than once a month	<u>13</u>
Total	100
N	(604)

Q.20. For which of the following do you primarily use the $\underline{\text{bus}}$?

Reason Yes
Work
Shopping
School 6
Personal business 16
Social or recreational activities 5
Something else
Total . 100
N (596)

Q.21. Now I would like to ask you some questions about features of the <u>bus</u> system. For each feature, please tell me whether you think they are very good, good, fair, poor or very poor.

(in percentages)

	Very				Very		
<u>Features</u>	good	Good	<u>Fair</u>	Poor	poor	<u>Total</u>	\overline{N}_*
(a) Convenience of the bus stop locations	34	44	16	4	2	100	(600)
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus	14	45	31	8	3	101	(598)
(c) Frequency of the bus service	10	36	29	17	8	100	(591)
(d) Speed of the bus service	10	47	32	8	4	101	(584)
(e) Cleanliness of the buses	7	33	35	17	8	100	(592)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	9	45	24	14	8	100	(581)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	9	45	22	17	8	101	(575)
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus	15	57	22	5	1	100	(580)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA person- nel on the bus	20	41	28	. 7	4.	100	(588)
(j) Cost to ride the bus	4	11	29	27	29	100	(595)

^{*}The case base is less than 604 due to the exclusion of those who gave a "don't know" or "no answer."

Q.22a. Are there times during the day or night when you $\underline{\text{will not}}$ ride the bus?

									<u>%</u>
Yes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	62
No	•	•	•		•	•	•	•_	38
	Tot	ta.	1.					:	100
	N							(602)

Q.22b. If yes, will you ride the bus...

Time Periods	Yes	No Tota	<u>1</u> <u>N</u>
(a) Between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m	97	3 100	(372)
(b) Between 9 a.m. and noon	98	2 100	(372)
(c) Between noon and 3 p.m	99	1 100	(371)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m	97	3 100	(371)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m	59	41 100	(373)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and midnight	13	87 100	(373)
(g) Between midnight and 6 a.m	1	99 100	(373)

Q.22c. If no, why?

(in percentages)

	6 a.m 9 a.m.	9 a.m	Noon- 3 p.m.	3 p.m 6 p.m.	6 p.m 9 p.m.	9 p.m midnight	Midnight- 6 a.m.
Unsafe	. 58	29	20	50	85	86	86
Not convenient		14	20	-	-	1	1
Dislike class of peopl	e -	14	20		2	3	3
Too crowded	. 17	14	_	33	2	1	≕ 1
Wait too long	. 8	-	_		3	3	4
Not used then	. 17	29	40	17	9	6	6
Other	•	-		_		<u> </u>	
Total	100	100	100	100	101	100	100
N	(12)	(7)	(5)	(12)	(152)	(323)	(365)

Q.23. Within the last year, how often did you use the el-subway?

Frequency	Yes
Daily	. 36
At least once a week	. 26
At least once a month	. 18
Less than once a month	20
Total	100
И	(603)

Q.24. For which of the following do you usually use the el-subway?

(in percentages)

Reason		Yes
Work		. 47
Shopping	•	. 22
School	•	. 3
Personal business	•	. 20
Social or recreational activities	•	. 7
Something else		•1
Total		100
N		(595)

Q.25. Now I would like to ask you some questions about features of the elsubway system. Again, please tell me whether you think they are very good, good, fair, poor or very poor.

Features		ry od	Good	Fair	Poor	Very poor	Total	N
(a) Convenience of the el-subway station locations			50	18	6	1	99	(591)
(b) Comfort of ride on the el-subway trains		8	50	23	6	3	100	(594)
(c) Frequency of the el-subway train service	. 2	6	55	16	3	1	101	(593)
(d) Speed of the el-subway trains		5	58	15	2	1	101	(588)
(e) Gleanliness of the el-subway trains	•	8	35	36	15	6	100	(588)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains		9	42	23	18	9	101	(569)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	•	8	38	25	19	11	101	(560)
(h) Safety from collisions, trains derailin and so forth on the el-subway trains .		4	59	21	5	.1	100	(569)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA person- nel on the el-subway	. 1	9	48	25	7	2	101	(578)
(j) Cost to ride the el-subway trains		5	15	32	25	23	100	(590)

Q.26a. Are there times during the day or night when you will not ride the el-subway?

			<u>%</u>
Yes	•	•	. 70
No	•		. 30
Total			100
N			(599)

Q.26b. If yes, will you ride the el-subway. . .

Time Periods	Yes	<u>No</u>	Total	\overline{N}
(a) Between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m	97	3	100 ·	(418)
(b) Between 9.a.m. and noon	98	2	100	(418)
(c) Between noon and 3 p.m	98	2	100	(418)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m	97	3	100	(418)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m	53	47	100	(419)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and midnight	12	89	101	(419)
(g) Between midnight and 6 a.m	1	99	100	(419)

Q.26c. If no, why?

Reason		a.m.	9 a.m Noon	Noon- 3 p.m.	-	6 p.m. 9 p.m.	9 p.m. midnight.	Midnight 6 a.m.
Unsafe		43	100	78	75	90	88	87
Not convenient		21	_	11	8	1	1	1.
Dislike of people					-	1	2	3
Too crowded		21			17	1	1	1
Wait too long		7	-	-		1	2	2
Not used then	•	7	-	11		6	6	5
Other	•	5000				1		1
Total		99	100	100	100	101	101	100
N		(14)	(7)	(9)	(12)	(198)	(366)	(409)

F. PERCEIVED SYSTEM SECURITY AND VICTIMIZATION

All CTA riders were asked Questions 27a.— 44f. For Question 27a, respondents were asked to select from four conditions, the one condition where they feel most secure and one condition under which they feel least secure. The same procedure was used for parts b and c. For part d the respondents were read their three most secure choices and asked to rank them in terms of most secure. Likewise, they were asked to do the same with their three least secure choices. The results are as follows:

¥

27. While using the CTA, under which of these four conditions do you feel most secure and under which do you feel least secure?

(in percentages)

Rankings **

				Most	Secure			Least Secure				
		Conditions	lst	<u>2nd</u>	<u>3rd</u>	Total <u>Mentions</u>		<u>lst</u>	2nd	3 <u>rd</u>	Total Mentions	
a.	(1)	While going from home to the bus or el-subway stop	32	26	16	24	•	2	2	2	2	
	(2)	After departing the bus or el-subway and going to your destination	8	8	5	. 7	į	4	5	3	4	
	(3)	While walking thru the elsubway stations	*	2	3	1		2	9	6	6	
	(4)	While on stairs, rampway or tunnel to el-subway platform .	*	%	1	1		5	21	. 38	21	
ъ.	(5)	While waiting at the bus stop	8	24	42	25	•	, 2	7	4	4	
	(6)	While waiting in the el-subway stations	` 2	6	10	6		2	12	. 11	8	
	(7)	While waiting on el-subway platform	1	. 2	5	2		. 8	. 29	26	21	
c.	(8)	While riding the el-subway	9	8	3	7	*	60	11	8	27	
	(9)	While riding the bus	40	25	15	27		16	4			
		Total N	100 (949)	101 (901)	100 (923)	100 . (2773)	٠.	101 (926)	100 (882)	100 (899)	100 (2707)	

^{*} Less than one percent.

^{**} Within both groupings, 1st means "most" and 3rd means "least" secure. For example, of all choices, "Least-3rd," are considered the least secure conditions.

Similarly, for Question 28 respondents were asked to select one statement from each of three groupings of three conditions. They were then read their three choices and asked to rank them in terms of most secure.

Q.28. Which of the following conditions would make you feel most secure?

(in percentages)

				Мо	st Secu	re
	Con	litions	1	0 - 1	2 - 1	Total
	COII	ditions	ISC	2nd	<u>3ra</u>	mentions
a.)	(1)	If you saw more police officers on el-subway platforms and trains?	. 29	26	13	23
	(2)	If buses and el-subway trains ran more frequently, thereby shortening the waiting time?	. 5	5	4	5
	(3)	If other passengers were present while you were waiting for a bus or el-subway train?		7	8	6
b.)	·(4)	If you knew quick assistance was available from CTA personnel or the police?	. 17	. 23	28	22
	(5)	If lighting in el-subway stations and platforms were better?	. 1	3	.4	3
	(6)	If other passengers were riding in the same bus or el-subway car as you?	. 3	10	12	8
c.	(7)	If a policeman and police dog were assigned to each bus or el-subway train during non-rush hour periods?	. 31	14	14	20
	(8)	If el-subway trains had 2 cars during non-rush hour periods so that a conductor would be present in one and the driver in the other?	. 6	7		8
	(9)	If other people were nearby while waiting for a bus or el-subway train? .	• <u>4</u>	5	8_	6
		Total	100	100	101	101
		N	(1021)	(1017)(1007)	(3045)

Q.29. Concerning events you may have seen or heard about that might occur on the CTA, how often do you think...

(in percentages)

Events

Frequency

	*************************************	quently	Occasionally	<u>Seldom</u>	Never	Total	N
a.	people are bothered by drunks who ride the CTA? Is it	32	39	24	5	100	(990)
b.	people are bothered by someone using obscene language or making verbal threats?	40	31	23	7	101	(989)
c.	people are frightened by other passengers, such as a gang?	40	36	18	6	100	(969) ·
d.	people are robbed or assaulted while using the CTA?	38	38	18	6	100	(946)
е.	CTA personnel are helpful to passengers?	45	31	19	5	100	(1007)

Question 30 with its numerous parts was not as formidable to conduct as it may seem visually. Respondents were asked categories (1) through (4) first, and a "yes" or "no" was circled for each. For each "yes" response in parts (1) through (3), up to two mentions were coded for items c through f. Thus, 87-93 percent of the responses are included in the data set. For a "yes" response in part (4), up to three mentions were coded for items c and e. Eighty-five percent of the responses for part (4) are included in the data set. This procedure of asking parts (1) through (4) first,

does not forewarn the respondent that for each "yes" he may be asked an additional nine questions; which, if conducted in a different manner may lead to a suppression of "yes" responses.

The narratives recorded for item c "what happened?", were coded into five general categories and defined as follows: (1) theft-person usually not confronted or not aware of act; (2) robbery-person usually confronted directly or aware of act; (3) assault-to place one in fear of imminent harmful or offensive contact; (4) battery- a harmful or offensive contact; and (5) crime against person. The detailed codes which were constructed for items c, d and f are contained in Appendix B - - Codebook.

The data presentation for Question 30 will correspond to the rows of the questions. For items which contained multiple responses (columns c-f), the responses are combined and will be presented in one table.

Q. 30. Now I would like to ask you some questions concerning whether or not you have ever been a victim of a crime or attempted crime, witnessed a crime, or been harassed while walking from or going to a stop, waiting at the stop or riding the bus or el-subway trains. Let's take the first one.

(1)a. Been the victim of a crime

(1)b. How Many Times

Nun	nbe	r				,						<u>%</u>
1		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	78
2		•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	16
3		÷	•	9		•	•	•	•	tø	•	. 6
4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		_1_
	T	ot.	al									101
	N											(89)

(1)c. What Happened

Crime	<u>%</u>
Theft	• • 49
Robbery	25
Battery-Offensive	• • 3
Battery-Harmful	• • 15
Crime Against Person .	• • _9
Total	101
N	(105) ^a

a - Does not include 70 "no answer" responses.

(1)d. Where Did it Happen
Place <u>%</u>
Going from home to bus or el-subway stop 9
Walking through el-subway stations
Waiting at bus stop
in el-subway station 3
on el-subway platform 6
Riding the bus
the el-subway 16
On stairs or rampway to el-subway platforms 5
Departing bus or el-subway and going to destination 21
Total 100
Total 100
Ņ (105) ^a
a - Does not include 70 "no answer" responses.
(1)e. Report This to the Police or CTA Personnel
<u>%</u>
Yes 63
No
. Total 100
N (107)
responses.

(1)f.	Why	Not	Reported
-------	-----	-----	----------

<u>Reason</u>	<u>%</u>
Afraid to report	19
Wanted to leave	22
Someone else reported	. 11
Misapprehension	40
Don't care	8_
Total	100
N	(37)
(2)a. Been the Victim of an Attempted Crime	<u>%</u>
Yes	. 8
No	• 92
Total	100
N .	(1090)
(2)b. How Many Times	
Number	<u>%</u>
1	• 71
2	. 22
. 3	2
4	. 1
5 or more	. <u>4</u> ^a
Total	100 .
N .	(86)

 $^{{\}tt a}$ - Two persons mentioned 5, and one mentioned 20.

(2)c. What happened

<u>Crime</u>	<u>%</u>
Theft	. 31
Robbery	. 24
Assault with weapon	. 6
Assault without weapon	. 18
Battery - offensive	. 13
Battery - harmful	. 6
Crime against person	•2
Total	100
N	(109) ^a

a - Does not include 70 "no answer" responses.

(2)d. Where did it happen

Place	<u>%</u>
Going from home to bus or	r el-subway stop 5
Walking through el-subway	y stations 5
Waiting at bus stop	
in el-subwa	ay station 3
on el-subwa	ay platform 13
Riding the bus	
the el-subwa	ay
On stairs or rampway to e	el-subway platforms 4
Departing bus or el-subwa	ay and going to destination 7
Other	
Total .	101
N	(111)

a - Does not include 68 "no answer" responses.

(2)e.	Report this to the police or CTA personnel
	<u>%</u>
	Yes 28
	No
	Total 100
	N (110) ^a .
	<pre>a - Does not include 69 "no answer" responses.</pre>
(2)f.	Why not reported
	Reason <u>%</u>
	Afraid to report 7
	No police
	Wanted to leave
	Someone else reported 5
	Police on scene 8
	Misapprehension 59
	Don't care
	Total 99
	N (74)
(3)a.	Witness a crime
	Yes 18
	No
	Total 100
	N (1089)

(3)b. How many times

Nu	ıml)e	<u>r</u>											<u>%</u>
1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	63
2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	24
3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		7
4	•	•			•		•		•	•	•		•	2
5	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		1
6	•	•	•	,		•	•				•	•	•	1
7	or	n	101	e				•	•		•		•_	_3ª
	r	ot	:a1	-									1	.01
	N	ſ											(1	.80)
								•						

a - There was one mention for each of the following number of times: 7, 8,9,10 and 30.

(3)c. What happened

Crime	<u>%</u>
Theft	. 54
Robbery	. 17
Assault with weapon	. 3
Assault without weapon	. 6
Battery - offensive	. 3
Battery - harmful	. 15
Crime against person	2
Total	100
N	(269) ^a

a - Does not include 74 "no answer" responses.

(3)d.	Where	did	it	happen

Place	<u>%</u>
Going from home to bus or el-subway stop	2
Walking through el-subway stations	3
Waiting at bus stop	10
in el-subway station	4
on el-subway platform	8
Riding the bus	38
the el-subway	31
On stairs or rampway to el-subway platforms	1
Departing bus or el-subway and going to destination	2
Other	1
Total 10	00
N . (27	71) ^a

a - Does not include 72 "no answer" responses.

(3)e. Report this to the police or CTA personnel

a - Does not include 73 "no answer" responses.

(3) T MILY HOL TEDOTICE	(3)f.	Why	not	reporte	d
-------------------------	-------	-----	-----	---------	---

Reason	<u>%</u>
Afraid to report	. 4
No police	. 3
Wanted to leave	. 13
Someone else reported	. 26
Victim reported	. 18
Misapprehension	. 22
Don't care	. 15
· Total	101
N	(188)
(4)a. Been bothered, frightened, or threate	ened
<u>%</u>	
Yes 25	
No	
100	
(1090)	
(1090)	%
(4)b. How many times	<u>%</u> 53
(4)b. How many times Number	<u>%</u> 53 21
(1090) (4)b. How many times Number 1	53
(1090) (4)b. How many times Number 1	53
(1090) (4)b. How many times Number 2	53 21 11
(1090) (4)b. How many times Number 1	53 21 11 2 6
(1090) (4)b. How many times Number 1	53 21 11 2 6 2
(1090) (4)b. How many times Number 1	53 21 11 2 6
(4)b. How many times Number 1	53 21 11 2 6 2 5

a - Categories 7,9, and 25 each had one respondent.
 Category 12 had 2 respondents and Category 10 had
 6 respondents.

(4)c.	What Happened
	Crime <u>%</u>
	Theft 2
	Robbery 2
	Assault with weapon 2
	Assault without weapon 65
•	Battery - offensive 11
	Battery - harmful 5
	Crime against person 12
	Total 99
	N (470) ^a
	a - Does not include 118 "no answer" responses.
(4)e.	Report This to the Police or CTA Personnel
	<u>%</u> .
	Yes 17
	No <u>83</u>
	Total 100
	N (465) ^a
	C. Door not dealed 100 H.

a - Does not include 123 "no answer" responses.

Q.31.	Have any members of your household, rela victims of a robbery, assault, attempted assault while using the CTA?	
	<u>%</u>	
	Yes 25	
	No	-
	Total 100	· •
	N (1087	·)
32.	In terms of personal security which do you buses or el-subway trains?	consider the safest
		<u>%</u>
	Buses	. 70
	El-subway trains	. 16
	Both equally	. 7
	Neither	. 2
	Don't know	•5
	Total	100
	N .	(1087)
33a.	During the past year, do you think person using the CTA has been better, about the	
		<u>%</u>
	Better	33
	About the same	40
	Worse	13
	Don't know	13
	Total	99
	N	(1088)

33b. Is this feeling based on...

	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(1) Radio, TV, or newspapers	. 58	42	100	(946)
(2) Discussions you have had with family and friends	. 48	52	100	(945)
(3) Your own personal experiences	. 54	46	100	(945)
(4) Some other feeling	6	94	100	(944)

34. Concerning the quality of CTA services, please tell me whether you think each of the following has improved, stayed the same, or got worse.

		Improved	Stayed same	Got worse	Don't know	<u>Total</u>	N
a.	Comfort and cleanliness of the CTA vehicle	49	37	10	4	100	(1084)
Ъ.	Convenience, frequency and speed of the CTA vehicle	26	56	13	5	100	(1084)
c.	Safety of the CTA vehicles from accident	30	55	5	10	100	(1084)
d.	Safety from harassment and crime	26	45	17	12	100	(1085)
e.	Courteousness and helpfulness of the CTA personnel	31	56	8	5	100	(1084)

G. DEMOGRAPHIC AND HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION

All respondents were asked Questions 35-44.

Q.35. Other than the CTA, what types of transportation do you usually use for work, shopping and so forth?

(in percentages)

	<u>Yes</u>	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) A personal or business car	75	25	100	(1551)
(b) A car pool	5	95	100	(1549)
(c) A taxi cab	25	75	100	(1548)
(d) A commuter railroad	8	92	100	(1548)
(e) Some other means of transportation	14	86	100	(1548)

Other Means of Transportation

 %

 Someone else's car
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
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For purposes of the study it was important to know where in the city a respondent resided. When using random digit dialing, initially, the residence of a respondent is unknown. From a past study, when asking the respondent where he lives, 50 percent refused to divulge the information. Therefore, to locate non-published numbers is nearly impossible; and to locate other numbers would be very tedious and time consuming.

Consequently, it was decided to ask each respondent the innocuous question of the closest bus stop to his home. In Chicago, all households are within three-eighths of one mile from a bus stop, and for purposes of this study this was an adequate approximation to the respondent's residence. The twenty-one police districts for the city were used as the codes for respondent's household location.

Q.36. What is the location of the closest bus stop to your home? (Name of two intersecting streets.)

Polic	e I)is	st	ri	ct											<u>%</u>
Centr	al															1.1
Wentw	ort	h														1.8
Grand	Cr	os	si	ng	Š											4.5
South	Ch	ic	ag	30												4.7
Kensi	ngt	on														5.9
Gresh	am															6.4
Engle	woo	d				•							•			3.8
Chica	go :	La	WI	1	•					•			•	•		7.4
Deeri	ng			•	•		•	. •					•			3.8
Marqu	ett	e		•		•	•	•		• ,			•			2.8
Fillm	ore			•			•	•						•		1.7
Monro	e							•					•			1.2
Wood	•						•	•		•						2.0
Shake	spe	ar	ė					•	•			•		•.		3.4
Austi	n			•				•		•	•		•			6.1
Jeffe	rso	n	Pε	ark	ς	•						•	•	•	•	9.0
Alban	у Р	ar	k			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6.3
East	Chi	ca	gc)	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	2.9
Town	Hal	1		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	8.8
Foste	r		•	•		•	ė	٠	•	•	•	•	•		•	13.9
Prair	ie	•			é,		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	٠_	2.4
То	tal														3	100.0
. И															(:	L481)

Q.37.	Do you own or have frequent use of an automobile?
	<u>%</u>
	Yes 75
•	No
	Total 100
	N (1538)
Q.38a.	What is the main occupation of the head of the household, that is, what kind of work does he/she (you) do?
	Occupation %
	Professional, technical and kindred
	Managers and administrators
	Sales
	Clerical and kindred
	Crasftsmen and kindred
	Operatives
	Laborers
	Service, except private household 8
	Private household
	Student
	Housewife
	Retired
	Unemployed
	Disabled
	Total 101
	N (1493)

Q.39.	What is	the highest grade of school you completed?
		Education %
		No school 1
		Eighth grade or less
		Some high school 16
		High school graduate 31
		Technical-vocational school 4
		Some college 21
		College graduate 10
		Graduate school 6
		Total 101
		N (1526)
Q.40.	In what	year were you born?
		Age %
		18-20 6
		21-24 9
		25-29 15
		30-34 9
		35-39 8
		40-44 9
		45-49 8
		50-54 9
		55-599
		60-64 6
		65-69 5
		70 and older
		Total 100
		N (1460)

Q.41.	For purposes of our study, we need to have a rough estimate of
	the income of your household. Was your total household income
	before taxes last year (1972)

	Income												<u>%</u>
	\$3,000 or less .	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	10
	\$3,001 - \$5,000		•	•	•	•		•	•	•			7
	\$5,001 - \$7,500		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•		10
	\$7,501 - \$10,000		•	•	•		•		•	•		•	15
	\$10,001 - \$15,000		•	•		٠				•		•	20
	\$15,001 - \$25,000			•		•							12
	More than \$25,000		•	•	•	•					•		4
•	Would not state		•				•						17
	Don't know									•			6
	Total											-	L01
	N										((1:	534)

Q.42. What is your racial background?

Race	<u>%</u>
White	. 65
Black	. 29
American Indian	. 1
Asian, Oriental	. 1
Spanish-American	. 4
Other	· <u> </u>
Total	101
N	(1528)

- 4									
Q.43.	Including	yourself,	how	many	people	live	in	the	household?

Nι	ımł	oe:	<u>r</u>											<u>%</u>
1	•		•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	19
2		•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•			28
3		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	18
4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	15
5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			10
6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5
7	. •	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	. 2
8	01	: r	noı	re	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠_	3
	3	ot	a.	Ĺ									-	L00
	ì	Ţ										1	(15	511)

Q.44a. Other than yourself, how many people in the household are 14 years of age or older?

Nu	mł	eı	<u>-</u>											<u>%</u>
1	•		•		•	•			•		•			59
2		•		•		•	•	•			•	•		22
3			•	•	•	•	•	•				•	•	11
4	•.		•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	6
5						•			•		,	ź		1
6					•.	•	•	•	•				•	*a
7	•	•		•		•	•	•	•			• ·	•	d*
8	•	•						•	•		•	•	•_	<u>*</u> c
	T	ot	:al	L.										99
	N	Į										((11	L60)

a - Six households which is less than one percent.

b - Four households which is less than one percent.

c - One household which is less than one percent.

After Question 44a was asked, if there were no persons 14 years or older, the respondent was thanked for his/her cooperation, the interview was terminated, and the sex of the respondent was recorded. In the 1154 households which contained a person 14 years or older, the respondent was asked to give the age and sex of each person. For each person listed, the respondent was asked how frequently that person has used the CTA within the last year; if used, does the person use the el-subway; and if yes, what station and line do they usually board near home. The above information was coded for a maximum of five people. Virtually all persons listed, 99 percent, are included in the data set.

In the data presentation for this series of questions, the responses for each part are combined and presented in one table.

b. Age Composition of Household

Age	<u>.</u>								•	<u>%</u>
14,	15		•					•		10
16-	19				•					17
20-	24					•		•		13
25-	29	•		•	•	•				9
30-	34			•			•	•		7
35-	.39	•		•		•	•			6
40-	-44	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7
45-	49		•	•		•				7
50-	-54			•	•	•			•	7
55-	-59			• ,	•		•	•		5
60-	-64		•		•	•		•	•	4
65-	-69		•	•					•	3
70	and	lc	1d	ler	:		•	•	٠.	6
	Tot	:al	L							101
	N								(1	.866)

b. Sex Composition	of Household	
		<u>%</u>
	Male	52
·	Female	<u>49</u>
	Total	101
	N	(1959)
c. Frequency of CTA	Use for Househol	Ld Members
	Frequency	<u>%</u>
	Daily	27
	At least once a w	reek 14
	At least once a m	nonth 8
ч	Less than once a	month 14
	Never	<u>37</u>
	Total	100
	N	(1955)
e.,f. El-Subway Lin	e Household Membe	ers Board near Home
<u>E1-su</u>	bway line	<u>%</u>
Howar	d-Englewood/Jacks	on Park 42
Milwa	ukee-Congress/Dou	glas 24
Lake-	Dan Ryan	25
		259
Raven		
Raven	swood	9
Raven	swood • • • • •	
Raven To N	swood tal	
Raven To N	swood tal ident Male	
Raven To N	swood	
Raven To N	swood tal ident Male	

H. COMPOSITE QUESTION VARIABLES

The data presented in the eighth and final section of this chapter are the results of the duplicated questions. Parts of the questionnaire were color coordinated to facilitate interviewing. Once respondent types were identified, the interviewer skipped to the designated color-coordinated section. This procedure resulted in a total of 12 duplicated questions which were asked of the appropriate respondent groups. The results are as follows:

Questions 4 & 14 combined - Reasons For Not Riding the Bus
(in percentages)

<u>Reasons</u> <u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) Bus stops are not close to where I want to go . 22	78	100	(555)
(b) Comfort of ride on the bus 11	. 89	100	(555)
(c) Frequency of the bus service 18	83	101	(555)
(d) Speed of the bus service 17	83	100	(555)
(e) Cleanliness of the bus	91	100	(554)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	81	100	(555)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	. 80	101	(555)
(h) Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus	96	100	(555)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus	94	100	(553)
(j) Cost to ride the bus	78	100	(554)
(k) Other reason	18	100	(555)

Questions 5 & 9 Combined - Reasons for Not Riding the El-Subway
(in percentages)

Reasons	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	<u>N</u>
(a) El-subway stations are not close to home or where I want to go	47	53	1.00	(885)
(b) Comfort of ride on the el-subway trains	7	93	100	(882)
(c) Frequency of the el-subway train service	6	94	100	(875)
(d) Speed of the el-subway train service	6	94	100 .	(875)
(e) Cleanliness of the el-subway trains	7	93	100	(874)
(f) Safety from harassment while riding or waitin for the el-subway trains		74	100	(879)
(g) Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains		72	100	(878)
(h) Safety from collisions, trains derailing, and so forth on the el-subway trains		91	100	(878)
(i) Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway	5	95	100	(877)
(j) Cost to ride the el-subway	13	87	100	(879)
(k) Some other reason	62	38	100	(882)

Questions 10 & 19 Combined - Frequency of Bus Use (in percentages)

Frequency	<u>Yes</u>
Daily	. 40
At least once a week	. 26
At least once a month	. 18
Less than once a month	. 16
Total	100
N	(1029)

Questions 11 & 20 Combined - Primary Reason for Using the Bus (in percentages)

Reason Yes							
Work 50							
Shopping 22							
School 5							
Personal business 17							
Social or recreational activities 5							
Something else 2							
Total 101							
N (1022)							

Questions 12 & 21 Combined - Rating of Bus System Features

(in percentages)

Feat	tures	Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very	Total	N
	- Caracteria Company	<u> Buuu</u>				Poor		
(a)	Convenience of the bus stop locations	[.] 36	45	14	4	2	101	(1024)
(b)	Comfort of ride on the bus .	15	45	29	8	3	100	(1019)
(c)	Frequency of the bus service	11	37	30	15	7	1.00	(1008)
(d)	Speed of the bus service	11	48	29	8	4	100	(996)
(e)	Cleanliness of the buses	9	37	34	14	7	101	(1006)
(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus	11	47	24	12	6	100	(986)
(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus	10	46	23	14	7	100	(975)
(h)	Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus	16	58	21	4	1	100	(982)
(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus	22	42	26	6	4	100	(999)
(j)	Cost to ride the bus	5	15	31	24	26	101	(1012)

Questions 13a & 22a Combined - Are There Times When You Will Not Ride the Bus?

								<u>%</u>
Yes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 63
No	•	•	•	•	•	•	• .	· <u>37</u>
	ľot	:al	L					100
1	1						((1027)

Questions 13b & 22b Combined - Times When You Will Not Ride the Bus (in percentages)

Time Periods	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	N
(a) Between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m	95	5	100	(640)
(b) Between 9 a.m. and noon	98	2	100	(640)
(c) Between noon and 3 p.m	98	2	100	(639)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m	94	6	100	(639)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m	51	50	101	(643)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and midnight	11	89	100	(643)
(g) Between midnight and 6 a.m	2	98	100	(643)

Questions 15 & 23 Combined - Frequency of E1-Subway Use

Frequency	Yes
Daily	. 35
At least once a week	. 26
At least once a month	. 18
Less than once a month	21
Total	100
N	(696)

Questions 16 & 24 Combined - Primary Use of the El-Subway
.
(in percentages)

Rea	son												٠			3	<u>(es</u>
Wor	k.	•	•		•	•					•	•		•		•	47
Sho	ppir	ıg	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	22
Sch	.001	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	4
Per	sona	a1	bι	ıs:	ine	288	3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	19
Soc	ial	01	r 1	re	ere	eat	i	na	al	a	cti	LV:	Ĺt	Ļes	3	•	7
Som	ethi	ing	g e	<u> 1</u> s	se	•				•	•		•	•	•	٠	1
	Tota	a1														:	L00
	N															(:	(88

Questions 17 & 25 Combined - Rating of El-Subway Features

(in percentages)

Fea	tures	Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very poor Tot	al N
(a)	Convenience of the el-subway station locations	· 26	50	18	6	1 10	1 (684)
(b)	Comfort of ride on the el-subway train trains	17	49 .	23	7	4 10	0 (687)
(c)	Frequency of the el-subway trains service	26	55	16	3	1 10	1 (685)
(d)	Speed of the el-subway trains	25	57	14	2	1 9	9 (680)
(e)	Cleanliness of the el-subways	8	33	38	15	7 10	00 (681)
(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	9	41	24	18	8 10	0 (661)
(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains	8	37	26	19	10 10	00 (650)
(h)	Safety from collisions, trains derail- ing, and so forth on the el-subway trains	15	58	21	4	1 9	9 (658)
(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway	18	48	26	.7	. 2 9	99 (66 <u>9)</u>
(j)	Cost to ride the el-subway	. 5	15	33	25	22 10	00 (681)

Questions 18a & 26a Combined - Are There Times When You Will Not Ride the El-Subway

								<u>%</u>
Yes	•	•	•,	•	•	•	•	. 71
No	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	· <u>30</u>
•	To	ta:	L					101
;	N							(692)

Questions 18b & 26b Combined - Times When You Will Not Ride the El-Subway (in percentages)

Time Periods	Yes	No	<u>Total</u>	<u>N</u>
(a) Between 6 a.m. and 9 a.m	97	3	100	(487)
(b) Between 9 a.m. and noon	. 98	2	100	(487)
(c) Between noon and 3 p.m	98	2	100	(487)
(d) Between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m	98	3	101	(487)
(e) Between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m	52	48	100	(488)
(f) Between 9 p.m. and midnight	11	89	100	(489)
(g) Between midnight and 6 a.m	1	99	100	(489)

APPENDIX A

QUESTIONNAIRE

O.M.B. No. 04-S-73012; Approval Expires April 30, 1975

•	Ques. #	1-4/
Interviewer Name	Study #152	5_7/
interviewer ID#	Int. I.D.	8_10/
		
	•	
		•
University of	F Illinois	
Survey Research	Laboratory	
CTA Ridership	Study (152)	
Hello, is this? I am calling from the University of Illing and attitudes of the CTAChicago Transit questions about this. May I speak to the (Time interview began() AM() PM	: Authority, and I would like to a	ple's use sk some
(Interviewer: Circle who is respondent. relationship to head of household.)	If "other person," specify,	
	Head	1 11/
	Spouse of head	2
•	Other person over 18 (Specify	
		3

-

1.	Have	you <u>ever</u> used the CTA bus or el-subway system?
		Yes 1 12/
		No (Skip to Q.4) 2
2.	Have	you used the CTA bus or el-subway system within the last year?
		Yes (Skip to Q.7) 1
		No 2
3.	How m	nany years ago did you last use the CTA bus or el-subway system?14-15/
4.		e tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a
	reaso	on why you do not ride the bus. Yes No
	(a)	Bus stops are not close to where I want to go 1 2
	(b)	Comfort of ride on the bus
	(c)	Frequency of the bus service $\dots \dots 1$ 2 18 /
	(d)	Speed of the bus service $\dots \dots \dots$
	(e)	Cleanliness of the bus
		Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus
	_	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus
	(h)	Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on the bus
		Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus . 1 2 24/
		Cost to ride the bus
		Other reason? (Specify 26/
)1 2

•

.

5.	Plea why	ase tell me whether or not each of the following statements is a reason you do not ride the el-subway.	
		Yes No	
	(a)	El-subway stations are not close to home or where I want to go	27/
	(b)	Company of the state of the sta	28/
	(c)		29/
	(b)		30/
	(e)		31/
	(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting	12/
	(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the	3/
	(h)	Safety from collisions, trains derailing, and	4/
	(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway	15/
•	(j)	Cost to ride the el-subway	6/
	(k)	Some other reason? (Specify	•
			7/
6.	Do y	ou think you will ride the CTA in the future?	
		Yes 1 3	8/
		No 2	
		$(Don't \ know) \dots 3$	
		(Skip to Q.3E, PINK SECTION)	

7. At what time of the day and night do you-usually use the various CTA bus routes or el-subway lines? (Circle "yes" for each that apply) Yes No
(a) Between 6am and 9am 1 2 39/
(b) Between 9am and Noon 1 2 40/
(c) Between Noon and 3pm 1 2 41/
(d) Between 3pm and 6pm 1 2 42/
(e) Between 6pm and 9pm 1 2 43/
(f) Between 9pm and midnight \dots 1 2 $_{44}/$
(g) Between midnight and 6am \dots 1 2 45/
8a. Which type of CTA transportation have you used within the last yearthe bus only, the el-subway only, or both?
Bus only
El-subway only 2 \rightarrow Ask Q.8b & 8c, then go to GREEN Section.
Both
b. Which station near your home do you usually board the el-subway? 47-49/
c. What el-subway line do you primarily board at this station? (Circle one)
Congress-Milwaukee 01
Douglas=Milwaukee 02
Englewood-Howard
Jackson PkHoward 04
Lake-Dan Ryan
Evanston 06
Ravenswood 07
Loop Shuttle
Skokie Swift 09

Ask Yellow Section for those using bus only

wily	r vou do not ride the elecuturar			a reason	
	you do not ride the el-subway.	Ye	es	<u>No</u>	
(a)	El-subway stations are not close to home or where I want to go				/
(b)				2	50/
				2	51/
(c)				2	52/
(b)				2	53/
(e)	Cleanliness of the el-subway trains	• • :	L	2	54/
(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains		Ĺ	2	55/
(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains		L	2	56/
(h)	Safety from collisions, trains derailing, and so forth on the el-subway trains	• • •	I.	2	57/
(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway	:	L	2	58/
(j)	Cost to ride the el-subway	:	Ĺ	2	59/
(k)	Some other reason? (Specify				•
):	L	2	60/
	thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus?</u> Did it (Read until R says "Yes.")		L	2	60/
	thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did	you			
	thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus?</u> Did it (Read until R says " Yes.")	you	. • •	1	
	Thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus?</u> Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you ·	. • • • •	1 2	
	thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you		1 2	
use For	thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you	•••	1 2 3 4	
use For	Thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you		1 2 3 4	
use For	Thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you		1 2 3 4 r	61/
use For	Thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you Is i		1 2 3 4 r	61/
use For	Thin the last year, how often did you use the <u>bus</u> ? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you Is is		1 2 3 4 r · · · ·	61/
use For	Thin the last year, how often did you use the bus? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you Is is		1 2 3 4 r · · · · 1 2 3 4	61/
use For	Thin the last year, how often did you use the bus? Did it (Read until R says " Yes.") Daily? Yes	you Is is		1 2 3 4 r · · · · 1 2 3 4	61/

12.	Now I would like to ask you some quistions about features of the bus	
	system. For each feature, please tell me whether you think they ar	e
	very good, good, fair, poor or very poor? How about	

(a)	Convenience of the bus	Ver	-	Fair	Poor	Very poor	(Don't know)	
	stop locations?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	63/
(b)	Comfort of ride on the bus? .	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	ğ4/
(c)	Frequency of the bus service?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	65/
(d)	Speed of the bus service?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	66/
(e)	Cleanliness of the buses?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	67/
(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the bus?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	68/
(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the bus?		2	3	4	5	8	69/
(h)	Safety from accidents, collisi and so forth on the bus?		, 2	3	4	5	8	70/
(1)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CT personnel on the bus?		2	3	4	5	8	71/
(j)	Cost to ride the bus?	. 1	2	3	4 .	5	8	72/
1.3a.	Are there times during the day	or	night wh	en you	will n	ot rid	e the <u>bus</u> ?	73/
			Yes				. 1	
			/	•				

No (Skip to Q.27, p.12) . 2

b. Will you ride the bus . . .

			If No:
	Yes	<u>No</u>	c. Why?
(1)	Between 6am and 9am? 1	2 →	74-75/
(2)	Between 9am and rioon? 1	2 →	76-77/
(3)	Between noon and 3pm? 1	2 →	78~79/ 80/DK1
(4)	Between 3pm and 6pm?1	2 →	1-7/
(5)	Between 6pm and 9pm? 1	2 →	10-11/
(6)	Between 9pm and midnight? 1	2 →	
(7)	Between midnight and 6am? 1	2 +	14-15/

Aok Green Scotica for their using el-culum only

Places tall me whather or not each of the following statements is a ressen the you to not ride the bun. Yes <u>011</u> Bus steps are not close to where I want to go 1 2 16/ (b) 17/ Fraquency of the bus service 1 (c) 18/ (b) 19/ (e) 20/ Easety from Loresponent while riding or 21/ Safety from crime while riding or 22/ (11)Safety from accidents, collisions, and so forth on 23/ (i) Holpfulnous and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus. 1 24/ (j) 25/ ' Other reason? (Specify _____ (k) 26/ Within the last year, how often did you use the el-subway? Did you use it . . . (Read until R says "Yes.") 27/ At least once a week? Yes. . . . 2 At least once a month? Yes . . . 3 Less than once a month. Yes. . . 4 16. For which of the following do you primarily use the el-subway? Is it for . . . Work, 1 Shopping, 2 School, 3 Personal business, 4 Social or recreational activities, or5

Something else? (Specify

17.	Now I would like to ask you	some questions about	features of the <u>el-subway</u>
	system. Again, please tell	me wheelser you think	they are-very good, good,
	fair, poor or very poor. Ho	ow about	

		Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very	(Don't know)	
(a)	Convenience of the el-subway station locations?		2	_3	4	5	8	29/
(b)	Confort of ride on the el-subway trains?	1	2	3	4 ·	··· 5	8	30/
(c)	Frequency of the el-subway trains service?	1	-2	. 3 .	4 -	. 5	8	31/
(d)	Speed of the el-subway trains?	1.	2	. 3	4	5	. 8	32/
(e)	Cleanlices of the el-sukways?	1	2	. 3	4	5	8	33/
· (f) .	Safety from harassment while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains?	1	2	3	4	5	8	3 ti /
(g)	Safety from crime while riding or waiting for the el-subway trains? .	1	2	.3	4	5	8	35/
(h)	Safety from collisions, trains derailing, and so forth on the el-subway trains?	1	2.	- 3	4	5	8	35 <i>i</i>
(i)·	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subway?	•	2	3	l _t	5	8	37/
(4)	Cost to ride the el-subway?	1	2	3	4	.5	8 .	38/
18a.	Are there times during the day or nigel-subvey?	ght wh	en you	will :	not rie	de the		
	Y	ee				. 1		39/
٠	. No	o (Sk	ip to	Q.27,	p.12).	. 2		•

b. Will you ride the el-subway . . .

							If No:
					Yes	<u>No</u>	c. Why?
(1)	Between 6am and 9pm?	•	•		1	2 ->	The State of the contract of the State of th
(2)	Between 9am and noon? .		•		3.	2 →	market der der gegen der g
(3)	Between noon and 3pm? .	•			1	2 →	
(4)	Between 3pm and 6pm?			•	1	2 +	كالمناطرة والمناطبات ويرشونك والوسالية بالرسانية توجعه والسيدون وتباسات الدخوجية
(5)	Between 6pm and 9pm?		•		1	2 →	The state of the s
(6)	Between 9pm and midnight	?	٠		1	2 →	
(7)	Between midnight and 6am	1?			1	2 →	
	(SK	ידדי	TiC) (0.27	p. 23)	

Ante Elma Grandina C.

	Para Para Laboratoria de la Carta de Ca	ales for more using pour bus & el-cubing
19.	Within the last guer, b (Sead until R acya "Yea	often did you use the bus? Bid you use it $_{54}/$
	Dec	Ty? Yes
		Least once a week? Yes 2
		Jaunt once a month? Yes 3
		33 than once a month? Yes4
20.		ing do you primarily use the bus? Is it for 55/
	Wes	
		pping, 2
		2001,
		sonal business,
		dal or recreational divities, or
		othing clae? (Specify

21.	Now I would like to ask For each feature, please fair, poor or very poor.	you some questions about features of the bus system. tell no whether you think they are very good, good, How about
		Very Very (Don't

		Very good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very poor	(Don't know)	
(a)	Convenience of the bus stop locations?	7	^			_	_	,
		• 1	2	3	4	5	8	56/
(b)	Comfort of ride on the bus?	. 1	2	3	4	5	6	57/
(c)	Frequency of the bus service? .	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	58/
(d)	Speed of the bus service?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	59/
(e)	Cleanliness of the buses?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	60/
(f)	Safety from harassment while rid or waiting for the bus?	ing . 1	2	3	4	5	8	61/
(g)	Safety from crime while riding of waiting for the bus?	r . l	2	3	4	5	8	62/
(h)	Safety from accidents, collisions and so forth on the bus?	s, 	2	3	4	5	8	63/
(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the bus?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	64/
(j)	Cost to ride the bus?		2	3	4	5	8	65/

22n. Are there times during the day or night-when you will not rid		66/
Yas	. 1	
No (Skip to Q.23)	. 2	
b. Hill you ride the bus		
IN Lo:		
Yes No c. Ww?		
(1) Estream Com and 9as? 1 2 →		67-68/
(2) Datween 9am and noon? 1 2 +		69-70/
(3) Potween noon and 3pm? 1 2 -		71-72/
(4) Batween 3pa and 6pm? 1 2 →		73-74/
(5) Estween Spm and 9pm? 1 2		75-76/
(6) Petween Spw and midnight? 1 2 →		72778/
(7) Between midnight and 6am? 1 2 →		1-772
23. Wilhip the last year, how often did you use the <u>el-subway?</u> Duse is (Nead until R says 'Yes.")	id you	10/
Daily? Yes	. 1	
At least once a week? Yes	. 2	
At least once a month? Yes	. 3	
Less than once a month? Yes,	. 4	
24. For which of the following do you usually use the el-subway?	Is it for	
Work,		11/
Shopping,	. 2	
School,	. 3	
Personal business,	. 4	
Social or recreational activities, or .	. 5	
Something else? (Specify	_)6	

Ç

25.	Now I would like to ask you some questions	about	features of the el-sulvay
	syrucu. Again, pisase hell he whari m you	think	they are very good, good,
	fair, poor or very pros. Now about		

		Very good	<u>Gool</u>	Fair	Porr	Very poor	(Don't knew)	
(a)	Goavenience of the el-cubway station location?	. 1.	2	3	4	5	8	12/
(5)	desfort of side on the al-subwey traine?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	13/
(c)	Funquency of the el-submay train service?		2	3	4	5	8	
(d)	Speed of the el-subway trains?		2	3	4	5	<u>,</u> 8	14/
(e)	Checoliness of the al-subway trains		2	3	4	5	8	16/
(f)	Safety from harassment while riding or valting for the el-submay trains	.	2	3	4	5	8	16/
(g)	Safety from crima while widing or	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	18/
(h)	Suffety from collisions, trains derailing, and so forth on the	_	_					
(4)	el-subway trains?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	19/
(i)	Helpfulness and courtesy of CTA personnel on the el-subvay?	. 1	2	3	4	5	8	20/
(j)	Cost to ride the el-subway trains?	. 1	2	3	Zį.	5	8	21/
26a.	Are there times during the day or n	ight wh	ien you	ı <u>vill</u>	not ri	de the	el-subw	ay?
		Yes				. 1		22/
		No (Ski	p to G	2.27) .		. 2		
	1 *****							

b. Will you ride the el-subway . . .

				If No:	
		Yes	No	c. Why?	
(1)	Between 6am and 9am?	1	2 →	23	3-24/
(2)	Between 9am and noon?	1	2 →	25	5-26/
(3)	Between noon and 3pm?	1	2 +		7-28/
(4)	Between 3pm and 6pm?	1	2 →		-30/
(5)	Between 6pm and 9pm?	1.	2 →		-32/
	Between 9pm and midnight?			· ·	32/
	Between midnight and 6am?				-36/

27a. While using the CTA, under which of these four conditions do you feel most secure and under which do you feel least secure? Most Least secure secure While going from home to the (1) bus or el-subway stop After departing the bus or elsubway and going to your destination (3) While walking thru the elsubway stations (4) While on stairs, rampway or tunnel to el-subway platform Of the following three conditions when do you feel most secure and when do you feel least secure? (5) While waiting at the bus stop While waiting in the el-subway stations (7) While waiting on the el-subway platform Finally, of the following two conditions when do you feel most secure and when do you feel least secure? (8) While riding the el-subway (9) While riding the bus You stated that you feel most secure (read 3 choices to respondent). Of these three conditions when do you feel most secure and when do 37-39/ you feel least secure? Least Most You stated that you feel <u>least secure</u> (read 3 choices to respondent). Of these three conditions when do you feel most secure and when do you 40-42/ feel least secure? Least Most

28a. Which of the following conditions would make you feel most secure?

			Most Secure
	(1)	If you saw more police officers on el-subway platforms and trains?	e-construction and an artist of the construction of the constructi
	. (2)	If buses and el-subway trains ran more frequently, thereby shortening the waiting time?	er-professional and a second
	(3)	If other passengers were present while you were waiting for a bus or el-subway train?	·
b.	Similarly, which make you feel mos	of the following conditions would t secure?	
	(4)	If you knew quick assistance was available from CTA personnel or the police?	
	(5)	If lighting in el-subway stations and platforms were better?	
	(6)	If other passengers were riding in the same bus or el-subway car as you?	
c.	Finally, of the f make you feel mos	ollowing three conditions which would t secure?	,
	(7)	If a policeman and police dog were assigned to each bus or el-subway train during non-rush hour periods?	
	(8)	If el-subway trains had 2 cars during non-rush hour periods so that a conductor would be present in one and the driver in the other?	
	(9)	If other people were nearby while waiting for a bus or el-subway train?	
d.		ou would feel <u>most secure</u> (read 3 choice nditions which would make you feel most	

Third

Second

Most

29.		often do you think	een or near	a about that m	ignt occ	ur on t	ne CIA, (Don't	
		<u> </u>	requently	<u>Occasionally</u>	Seldom	Never	know)	
	a.	people are bothered by drunks who wide the CTA? Is it	. 1	2 *	3	4	8 46	s/
	 .	people are bothered by someor using obscene language or making verbal threats?		2	3	. 4	8 47	7/
	c.	people are frightened by other passengers, such as a gang?		2 .	3	4	8 46	a /

1

3

3

people are robbed or assaulted while using the CTA?

CTA personnel are helpful to passengers?

40/

50/

	•	
		•
•		
and the second of the second o		

CONTINUED 10F2

1.	Going from home to bus or el-subway stop	1
	Walking through el-subway stations	2
	Waiting at bus stop	3
	in el-subway station 0	4
	in el-subway platform 0	5
	Riding the bus	6
	the el-subway	7
	On stairs or rampway to el-subway platforms	3
	Departing bus or el-subway and going to destination 0	9
	Officer (Specify) 1	0

30. Now I would like to ask you some questions concerning whether or not you have ever been a victim of a crime or attempted crime, witnessed a crime, or been harassed while walking from or going to a stop, waiting at the stop or riding the bus or el-subway trains. Let's take the first one. Have you ever . . .

	or er-subway tru		a.	b. How many		c.	d. Where did it	reporto to to	Did you ort this the ice or CTA sonnel?		If No:	
745	been the victim	Yes	No	times?		What happened?	happen?	Yes	No		f. Why not? 51-64/	
(1)	of a crime?	1	2		(1)		(1)	1	2	+		
					(2)		(2)	1	2	+	(2)	
(2)	been the victim of an attempted					. 0	,					
	crime?	1	2		(1)	12	(1)	1	2	+	(1) 65-78/	1
					(2)		(2)	. 1,	2	-}-	79/BK 80/DK3	ני
(3) witnessed a crim	e? 1	2		(1)		(1)	1	2	→	(1)	
•					(2)		(2)	1	2	→		
(4	been bothered,											
	frightened, or threatened?	1	2		(1)		•	1	2.		22-32/	
					(2)			1	2			
					(3)			1	2			

31. Have any members of your household, relatives or friends ever been vi of a robbery, assault, attempted robbery or attempted assault while u the CTA?							victims e using	
				Yes			. 1.	33/
				No				337
32'.	In terms		ersonal security which	•				
				Buses			1	34/
				El-subway .				347
				Both equall				
				Neither				
				(Don't know				•
33a.	During th	e nac	et veer do vou think					
-	the CTA h	as be	t year, do you think en better, about the	same, or worse?	rrom c	rime when	using	₃₅ /
				Better			1	35
				About the s	ame .		2	
				Worse				
				(Don't know	Skip	to Q.34).	8	
	b. Is	s thi	s feeling based on .	• •				
			. •		Yes:	<u>No</u>		,
		(1)	Radio, TV, or newsp	apers		2		36/
		(2)	Discussions you hav family and friends?	e had with	1	2		37/.
		(3)	Your own personal e		1	2		38/
		(4)	Some other feeling	? (Specify				307
)	1	2		39/
34.	Concerning each of th	g the ne fo	quality of CTA serv llowing has improved	ices, please tel, , stayed the same Improved	e, or go Stayeo	ot worse.	think (Don't know)	
	a. Comfor	t an	d cleanliness of the		Jame	- WOLSE	KNOWY	
	vehicl	Le?	Has this	1	2	3	8	40/
•	b. Conver	ienc A ve	e, frequency and spechicles?	ed of ••••1	2	3	8	43/
	c. Safety accide		the CTA vehicles from		2	3	8	42/
	d. Safety	fro	m harassment and crim	ne? 1	2	3	8	43/
	e. Courte	ousn	ess and helpfulness o	of the	_			
	OTW De	rson	nel?	• • • • 1	2	3	8	44/

ASK EV	SRYONE :
--------	----------

38a.	b.	What is his/her (your) job title? In what type of business or industry is this?	
38a.	ъ.	What is his/her (your) job title?	
38a.			
		s the main occupation of the head of the household, that is, what work does he/she (you) do?	53-55/
		No 2	
37.	Do you	cwn or have frequent use of an automobile? Yes	52/
`.			
35.		of all, what is the location of the closest bus stop to your home? of two intersecting streets.)	50-51/
the both	answers riders	d like to have some general information to help us in combining of different people. We are asking the following questions of and non-riders of the CTA. At no time will the information be attify anyone.	
		(Specify)	49/
		(e) Some other means of transportation? 1 2	407
		(c) A taxi cab?	47/ 48/
		(b) A car pool?	46/
		(a) A personal or business car?	45/
		Yes No	
		ng and so forth? Do you use	

39.	What is the highest grade of school you completed?	
	No school	56/
40.	In what year were you born?	57_98/
41.	For the purposes of our study, we need to have a rough indication of the income of your household. Was your total household income before taxes last year (1972) (Repeat until "No." Then circle)	; '
	More than \$3,000? No 0	59 /
	More than \$5,000? No 1	
	More than \$7,500? No 2	•
	More than \$10,000? No 3	
	More than \$15,000? No 4	
	More than \$25,000? No 5	
	Yes 6	
	Would not state income 7	
	(Don't know) 8	
42.	What is your racial background?	
	White	60/
	Black 2	/
	American Indian 3	
	Asian, Oriental 4	
	Other (Specify)) 5	

43. Including yours	self, how many people 1	ive in this housel	10 ld?	61/
44a. Other than your of age or older	rself, how many people r?	in this household	are 14 years	62/
(If no persons	14 years or older disc	continue interview.) .	
b.	c.	d.	.	
What are their ages and sex?	In the last year, how frequently has used the CTA?	Does use the contract u		
	(Ask d. if l-4 is circled.)	e.	f.	
<u>Sex</u> Age Male Female	FREQUENCY	What station near your home does board the el-subway?	What el-subway line does primarily board at this station?	
1 2	1 2 3 4 5			63-69/
1 2	1 2 3 4 5			79-754 607DK 4
1 2 1 2 1 2	1 2 3 4 5			1-1+\ e0.DK 4
1 2	1 2 3 4 5			15-21/
1 2	1 2 3 4 5			22-20/
(Co	des for col. c)		(Codes for col. f)	•
Daily	1	•	Congress-Milwauke	e 01
At least on	ce a week 2		Douglas-Milwaukee	02
At least on	ce a month 3		Englewood-Howard	03
Less than or	nce a month 4		Jackson PkHowar	d 04
Never	5		Lake-Dan Ryan .	05
<i>,</i> •			Evanston	06
•			Ravenswood	07
			Loop Shuttle	08
			Skokie Swift	09
45. (Interviewer:	Circlebut do not ask	reser of responder	nt.)	
431 (Inderodewer.	ourcle-but to not to	Male		29/
		Female		30-79/BK
	,	(Don't know)		80/DK/5
Thank you very much	for your time and answ	vers. We really a	ppreciate your help	. Goodbye.
		(Time Interview	enaea [] PM	4

APPENDIX B
CODEBOOK

CTA Study #152

Codebook

Column #	Question #	
1 - 4		Questionnaire #
5 - 7		Study #152
8 - 10		Interviewer I.D.#
11		Who is respondent? Precode - 1-3 and 9 (No Answer)
12	1	Precoded 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "2" in Col. 12 - Cols. 13-15 should be coded "0"
13	2	Precoded 0,1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 13 - Skip to Q.7 - Therefore Cols. 14-38 should be coded "0" -If "2" in Col. 13 - Cols. 13 to 38 should be answered.
		Note: if "2" in Col. 13 after response 38 Deck 1 Skip to Q.35 - Therefore Cols. 39-79 in Deck should be left blank; Deck 1 should be inserted in Col. 80 - Cols. 1-7 of Deck 2 should be DUP.; Cols. 8-79 of Deck 2 should be left.blank; Deck "2" should be inserted in Col. 80 - Cols. 1-7 of Deck "3" should be DUP; Cols. 8-79 of Deck "3" should be left blank; Deck "3" should be inserted in Col. 80 - Cols. 1-7 of Deck "4" should be DUP; Cols. 8-44 of Deck 4 should be left blank but Everyone should answer Q.35.
14 - 15	3	Code Exact #00,01,02 Etc. Round months into years - anything under 1 year to 1 year
16 - 26	4	Precoded 0,1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 26 - Code "Other reason" in Col. 30 - Deck 5 - See List F -If "2" in Col. 26 - Code "0" in Col. 30 - Deck 5
		-If "2" in Col. 26 - Code "0" i

Column ·#	Question #	
27 - 37	5	Precoded 0,1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 37 - Code "Other reason" in Col. 31 Deck 5 - See List F -If "2" in Col. 37 - Code "0" in Col. 31 - Deck 5
38	6	Precoded 0,1-3 and 9 (No Answer)
39 - 45	7	Precoded 1,2 and 9 (No Answer)
46	8a	Precoded 1,2,3 -If "1" in Col. 46 - Cols. 47-49 should be left blank -If "2" in Col. 46 - Cols. 47-49 should be answered but Cols. 50-79 in Deck 1 should be left blank and Cols. 8-15 in Deck 2 should be left blank Note: Col. 80 of Deck 1 should be punched out and Cols. 1-7 of Deck 2 should be DUP. -If "3" in Col. 46 - Cols. 47-49 should be answered but Cols. 50-79 in Deck 1 should be left blank and Cols. 8-53 of Deck 2 should be left blank. Note: Col. 80 of Deck 1 should be punched and Cols. 1-7 of Deck 2 should be DUP.
47 – 49	8b & 8c	Rapid Transit Stations - See List A - Note: Response to 8b & 8c are combined into one 3 digit code in List A.
50 - 60	9	Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 60 - Code "Other reason" in Col. 32 Deck 5 - See List F -If "2" in Col. 60 - Code "0" in Col. 32 Deck 5
61	10	Precoded - 1-4 and 9 (No Answer)
62	11	Precoded - 1-6 and 9 (No Answer)
63 - 72	12	Precoded - 1-5,8 and 9 (No Answer)
73	. 13a	Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 73 - Cols. 74-79 of Deck should be coded and Cols. 8-15 of Deck 2 should be coded but Cols. 16-79 of Deck 2 should be left blank

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Column #	Question #	
	No. 1944	and Cols. 8-36 of Deck 3 should be
		left blank. Note: Be sure to insert DUP of Deck 1 in first 7 Cols. of Dec and 3. -If "2" in Col. 73 - Cols. 74-79 in Deck 1 and Cols. 8-15 of Deck 2 should be coded "0"; Cols. 16-79 of Deck 2 and Cols. 8-36 in Deck 3 should be 16 blank.
74 - 79 (Deck 1) _.	136	Two column sets -1st digit precoded 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) - 2nd digit reason why - See List B. If "2" in first digit - second digit should be answered If "1" in first digit - second digit should be coded "0".
80		End Deck 1
Deck 2		•
1 - 7		DUP Deck 1
8 - 15		same procedure as for Cols. 74-79 Dec
16 - 26	14	Precoded - 1-4 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 26 Deck 2 - Code "Othereason in Col. 33 Deck 5 - See List E-If "2" in Col. 26 Deck 2 - Code "0" in Col. 33 Deck 5
27	16	Precoded - 1-6 and 9 (No Answer)
29 - 38	17	Precoded - 1-5,8 and 9 (No Answer)
39	18a	Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 39 - Cols. 40-53 shoul be coded but Cols. 54-79 of Deck 2 an Cols. 8-36 of Deck 3 should be left blank -If "2" in Col. 39 - Cols. 40-53 of Deck 2 should be coded "0"; Cols. 54- of Deck 2 and Col. 8-36 of Deck 3 sho be left blank.
40 - 53	18ь	See instructors for Cols. 74-79 Deck
54	19	Precoded - 1-4 and 9 (No Answer)
	ر بند	Licoura Litania / (no miswer)

132 COUCDOOK/4		•
Column #	Question #	
56 - 65	21	Precoded - 1-5,8 and 9 (No Answer)
66	22a	Precoded - 1,2 -If "1" in Col. 66 - Cols. 67-78 of Deck "2" and Cols. 8,9 of Deck "3" should be codedIf "2" in Col. 66 - Cols. 67-78 of Deck "2" and Cols. 8,9 of Deck "3" should be coded "0"
67 - 78	22b	See Instructions Cols. 74-79 Deck "1"
79		Always Blank
80	, ••	End Deck "2"
Deck 3		
1 - 7		DUP Deck 1
8 - 9	22ъ	See Instructions Cols. 74-79 Deck
10	23	Precoded - 1-4 and 9 (No Answer)
11	`24	Precoded - 1-6 and 9 (No Answer)
12 - 21	25	Precoded - 1-5 and 9 (No Answer)
22	26a	Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 22 - Cols. 23-36 should be coded -If "2" in Col. 22 - Cols. 23-36 should be coded "0"
23 – 36	26ъ	See Instructions Cols. 74-79 Deck 1
37 - 39 40 - 42	27 d & e	Transfer Cols. to margin NA = "O"
43 - 45	28	Transfer Cols. to margin NA = "O"
46 - 50	29	Precoded - 1-4,8 and 9 (No Answer)
<u>51 - 64</u>	30 (1)	Victim of a Crime?
51	(1) (a)	Precoded 1,2 -If "2" in Col. 51 - Code "0" in Cols. 52-64.
52,53	(1) (b)	How many times? Code exact number 00,01,02, etc.

1	5	2	C	o	d	e	Ъ	o	o	k	/	5
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

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<u>.</u>	•	
Column #	Question #	
54	(1) (c) (1)	What happened? (1st mention) See List C (Section A)
55,56	(1) (d) (1)	Where did it happen? (1st mention) See List Opposite Page15a
57	(1) (e) (1)	Report to Police? (1st mention) Precoded 1,2 -If "1" in Col. 57 - Col. 58 should be coded "0" -If "2" in Col. 57 - Col. 58 should be answered
58	(1) (f) (1)	<pre>Why not? See List C (Section B)</pre>
59 - 63	1 (2)	Second Mention? Same code per column breakdown as Cols. 54-58
64		Always Code "O"
65-78	30 (2)	Attempted Crime?
65	2 (a)	Precoded 1,2 -If "2" in Col. 65 - Code "0" in Col. 66-78
66,67	(2) (b)	How many times? Code exact number 00,01,02, etc.
68	(2) (c) (1)	What happened? (1st mention) See List C (Section A)
69,70	(2) (d) (1)	Where did it happen? See List Opposite Page15a.
71	(2) (e) (1)	Report to Police? (1st mention) Precoded 1,2 -If "1" in Col. 71 - Col. 72 should be coded "0" -If "2" in Col. 71 - Col. 72 should be answered
72	(2) (f) (1)	Why not? See List C (Section B)
73 - 77	(2) (2)	Second Mention? Same code per column breakdown as Cols. 68-72
78	•	Always Code "O"
79		Always Blank
80		End Deck 3

	•		
1	Column #	Question #	· .
**	Deck 4		
	1 - 7	30 (3)	Witnessed a Crime?
3	8	(3) (a)	Precoded 1,2 -If "2" in Col. 8 - Code "0" in Cols. 9-21
1	9,10	(3) (b)	How many times? Code exact number 00,01,02, etc.
1	11	(3) (c) (1)	What happened? (1st mention) See List C (Section A)
Î	12,13	(3) (d) (1)	Where did it happen? See List Opposite Page15a
	14	(3) (e) (1)	Report to Police? Precoded 1,2 -If "1" in Col. 14 - Col. 15 should be coded "0" -If "2" in Col. 14 - Col. 15 should be answered
	15	(3) (f) (1)	Why not? See List C (Section B)
ı	16 - 20	(3) (2)	Second Mention? Same code per column breakdown as Cols. 11-15
	21		Always code "O"
_	22 - 32	30 (4)	Been Bothered etc.?
	22	(4) (a)	Precoded 1,2 -If "2" in Col. 22 - Code "0" in 23 - 32
	23,24	(4) (b)	How many times? Code exact number 00,01,02 etc.
.	25	(4) (c) (1)	What happened? (1st mention) See List C (Section A)
	26	(4) (e) (1)	Report to Police? Precoded 1,2
	27,28	(4) (2)	Second Mention? Same Code per column breakdown as Cols. 25,26
	29,30	(4) (3)	Third Mention? Same Code per column breakdown as Cols. 25,26

132 Codebook//		
Column #	Question #	
31,32		Always Code "00"
33	31 ·	Precoded 1,2 and 9 (No Answer)
34	32	Precoded 1-4,8 and 9 (No Answer)
35	33a	Precoded 1-3,8 and 9 (No Answer) -If "8" in Col. 35 - Cols. 36-39 should be coded "0"
36 - 39	33ъ	. Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer)
40 - 44	34	Precoded - 1-3,8 and 9 (No Answer)
45 4 9	35	Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer) -If "1" in Col. 49 - Code "Specify" in Col. 34 Deck 5 See List G -If "2" in Col. 49 - Code "0" in Col. 34 Deck 5
50 51	36	Closest Bus Stop? Code by Police District See List D
52	37	Precoded - 1,2 and 9 (No Answer)
53 - 55	38	Occupation See List E
56	39	Precoded - 0-7 and 9 (No Answer)
57,58	40	Year Born? Code last two digits -1899 should be coded "98" -"99" = No Answer
59	41	Precoded - 0-8 and 9 (No Answer)
60	42	Precoded - 1-6 and 9 (No Answer)
61	43	How many people live in houshold? Code exact: 8 or more = "8"
62	44a	Code exact: 8 or more = "8" -If 0 in Col. 62 - Cols. 63-79 in Deck 4 and Cols. 7-28 in Deck 5 should be coded "0"
63 - 69		
63,64	44(b)	Age: Code exact
65	44(b)	Sex; Precoded 1,2
66	44(c)	Frequency: Precoded 1-5

Column #	Question #	
		-If "5" in Col. 66 - Cols. 67-69 should be coded "0"
67 - 69	44 (d+e+f)	Combined responses in d+e+f Use List A
70 – 76		Same code per column breakdown as Cols. 63-69 (Deck 4)
77 – 79		Always Blank
80		End Deck 4
Deck 5		
1 - 7		DUP Deck 1
8 - 14 15 -21 22 - 28		Same code per column breakdown as Cols. 63-69 (Deck 4)
29		Precoded 1,2,8 or 9 (No Answer)
30	4k	See List F
31	5k	See List F
32	9k .	See List F
33	14k	See List F
34	35e	See List G
35 - 79		Always Blank
80		End Deck 5

List A - Questions 8b - c, 44 e-f

RARID TRANSIT STATIONS Code Numbers and Addresses

	Code Numbers and Ad	dresses
Code		
Number	Station	A 4 4
**************************************		Address
A. North-South Line	(Howard - Englewood/Jackson)	Park Services)
001	Howard	7600 N/ 1700 W
002 003	Jarvis	7400 N/ 1500 W
004	Morse	6900 N/ 1300 W
· 005	Loyola	6500 N/ 1200 W
006	Granville	6200 N/ 1100 W
007	Thorndale	5900 N/ 1100 W
008	Bryn Mawr Berwyn	5600 N/ 1100 W ·
009	Argyle	5100 N/ 1100 W
010	Lawrence	5000 N/ 1100 W
011	Wilson	4800 N/ 1100 W 4600 N/ 1100 W
012	Sheridan	3900 N/ 1000 W
01.3	Addison	3600 N/ 1000 W
014	Belmont	3200 N/ 1000 W
015	Fullerton	2400 N/ 1000 W
016	North/Clybourn	1600 N/ 800 W
017	Clark/Division	1200 N/ 100 W
018	Chicago	800 N/ 0 (State Street)
019	Grand	500 N/ 0
020	Washington	100 N/ 0
021 022	Monroe	100 s/ 0
022 023	Jackson	200 s/ 0
023	Harrison	400 s/ 0
025	Roosevelt Cermak	1200 S/ 0
026	Tech-35	2200 S/ 0
027	Indiana	3500 S/ 0
028	43rd St.	4000 S/ 300 E 4300 S/ 300 E
029	47th St.	4300 S/ 300 E · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
030	51st St.	5100 S/ 300 E
031	Garfield (55th St.)	5500 S/ 300 E
032	58th St.	5800 S/ 300 E
Jackson Park Service		
033	61st St.	6100 S/ 300 E
034	King Drive	6300 S/ 400 E
035	Cottage Grove	6300 S/ 800 E
036 037	University	6300 S/ 1200 E
037	Dorchester	6300 S/ 1400 E
030	Jackson Park	6300 S/ 1600 E
Englewood Service		
039	State	5000 0/ 0 /0/ 0 /0
040	Wentworth	5900 S/ 0 (State Street) 5900 S/ 300 W
041	Harvard	6300 s/ 300 w
042	Halstea	6300 s/ 800 W
043	Racine	6300 S/ 1200 W
044	Ashland .	6300 S/ 1600 W
B. West-Northwest Ti	(Milyanikas Garan In	1 0 I N
neer notenwest bine	(Milwaukee - Congress/Dougl	Las Service)
045	Jefferson Park	5000 N/ 5400 W
046	Montrose	4400 N/ 4600 W
047	Irving Park	4000 N/ 4500 W
048	Addison	3600 N/ 3600 W
049	Belmont	3200 N/ 3200 W
050	Logan Square	2600 N/ 3200 W
051	California	2300 N/ 2800 W
052	Western	1900 N/ 2400 W
053	Damen	1600 N/ 2000 W
054 055	Division	1200 N/ 1600 W
056	Chicago	800 N/ 1100 W
057	Grand	500 N/ 800 W
058	Lake (Clark) Washington	200 N/ 500 W
059	Monroe	100 N/ 100 W
060	Jackson	100 S/ 100 W 300 S/ 100 W
061	LaSalle	300 s/ 100 w 400 s/ 100 w
062	Clinton	400 S/ 600 W
063	Halstead (U. of Ill.)	400 S/ 800 W
064	Racine	400 S/ 1200 W.V.
•	•	to a set many into

		,
Code		•
Number	Station	Address
Douglas Service	n 11	100 01 1700 11
056	Polk	400 S/ 1700 W
·066	18th St.	1800 S/ 1700 W
067	Hayne	2100 S/ 2000 W
068	Western	2100 S/ 2400 W
069	California	2100 S/ 2800 W
070	Kedzie	2100 S/ 3200 W
071	Central Park	2100 S/ 3600 W
072	Pulaski	2100 S/ 4000 W
073	Kildare	2100 S/ 4300 W
074	Cicero	2200 S/ 4800 W
075 076	50 Laramie	2200 S/ 5000 W
078		2200 S/ 5200 W
077	Berwyn/Cicero	2200 S/ 5600 W
Congress Service		. •
078	Medical Center	400 S/ 1800 W
079	Western	400 S/ 2400 W
080	- California	400 S/ 2800 W
081	Kedzie	500 S/ 3200 W
082	Pulaski	500 S/ 4000 W
083	Kostner	500 S/ 4400 W
084 _	Cicero	700 S/ 4800 W
085	Central	700 S/ 5600 W
086	Austin	700 S/ 6000 W
087	Oak Park	900 S/ 800 (Oak Park)
088	Harlem	700 S/ 7200 W (Forest Park)
089	Des Plaines	700 S/ 7600 W (Forest Park)
		red by rood in (lolest later)
C. West-South Line (L	ake - Dan Ryan Service)	
C. West-South Line (L	ake - Dan Ryan Service)	
C. West-South Line (L	ake - Dan Ryan Service)	•
	ake - Dan Ryan Service) Harlem	400 N/ 7200 W
<u>hake Service</u> . 090 091		400 N/ 7200 W 00 / 800 (Oak Park)
<u>hake Service</u> . 090 091 092	Harlem	
<u>hake Service</u> . 090 091 092 093	Harlem Oak Park	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 800 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 800 W 100 N/ 600 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 800 W 100 N/ 800 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 800 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 E
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 4000 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 E
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St.	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 W 3500 S/ 100 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110 111	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St. 47th St.	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 W 3500 S/ 100 W 4700 S/ 200 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110 111 112	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St. 47th St. Carfield (55th St.)	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 W 3500 S/ 100 W 5500 S/ 200 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110 111 112 113	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St. 47th St. Carfield (55th St.) 63rd St.	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 W 3500 S/ 100 W 5500 S/ 200 W 6300 S/ 200 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110 111 112 113 114	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St. 47th St. Garfield (55th St.) 63rd St.	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 W 3500 S/ 200 W 6300 S/ 200 W 6900 S/ 200 W
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110 111 112 113 114	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St. 47th St. Garfield (55th St.) 63rd St. 69th St. 79th St.	00
hake Service 090 091 092 093 094 095 096 097 098 099 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 Dan Ryan Service 109 110 111 112 113 114	Harlem Oak Park Ridgeland Austin Central Laramie Cicero Pulaski Homan Kedzie California Ashland Halstead Clinton Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randolph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash) Adams (Wabash) Cermak Sox - 35th St. 47th St. Garfield (55th St.) 63rd St.	00 / 800 (Oak Park) 00 / 400 (Oak Park) 400 N/ 6000 W 400 N/ 5600 W 400 N/ 5200 W 300 N/ 4800 W 200 N/ 3400 W 200 N/ 3200 W 100 N/ 2800 W 100 N/ 1600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 600 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E 200 S/ 100 W 3500 S/ 200 W 6300 S/ 200 W 6900 S/ 200 W

Code Number D. Ravenswood Service	Station	Address	
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 014 129 130 015 131 132 133 134 104 105 106 107	Kimball Kedzie Francisco Rockwell Western Damen Montrose Irving Park Addison Paulina Southport Belmont Wellington Diversey Fullerton Armitage Sedgewick Chicago Merchandise Mart Clark (Lake) State (Lake) Randölph (Wabash) Madison (Wabash)	4800 N/ 3300 W 4600 N/ 3200 W 4600 N/ 2900 W 4600 N/ 2600 W 4600 N/ 2400 W 4600 N/ 2000 W 4400 N/ 1800 W 3600 N/ 1800 W 3600 N/ 1800 W 3400 N/ 1700 W 3400 N/ 1700 W 3200 N/ 1000 W 2800 N/ 1000 W 2800 N/ 1000 W 2400 N/ 1000 W 2400 N/ 1000 W 2500 N/ 300 W 300 N/ 300 W 300 N/ 300 W 300 N/ 300 W 100 N/ 100 E 0 / 100 E	
108 135 136 137 138 139	Adams (Wabash) State (Van Buren) LaSalle (Van Buren) Quincy (Wells) Madison (Wells) Randolph (Wells)	200 S/ 100 E 300 S/ 0 300 S/ 200 W 200 S/ 300 W 0 / 300 W 100 N/ 300 W	
140 141 142 143 144 145 146	Linden Central Noyes Foster Davis Dempster Main South Blvd.	500 N/ 300 W (Wilmett 2600 N/ 1200 W (Evansto 2200 N/ 1100 W (Evansto 2100 N/ 1100 W (Evansto 1600 N/ 1100 W (Evansto 1300 N/ 800 W (Evansto 900 N/ 700 W (Evansto 400 N/ 600 W (Evansto	n) n) n) n) n)
F. Skokie Swift			
148	Dempster	8800 N/ 5000 W (Skokie)	-

List B - Questions 13b, 18b, 22b, 26b

- O. Inapplicable
- 1. .Safety Risk of harm, fear of harm or crime, fear of muggings, rape
- 2. Convenience No such transportation at that time, etc.
- 3. Dislike of Class of People Don't like kids or type of people that ride bus, el-subway, etc.
- 4. Too crowded
- 5. Too long to wait
- 6. Means of transportation not used at that time in working hours, asleep at that time etc.
- 7. Other
- 8. Don't know
- 9. No answer

List C - Question 30c (Section A)

- 1. Theft person usually not confronted or not aware of act
 - a) pick pocketing
 - b) purse snatching
 - c) Shop-lifting
 - d) From any coin operated device or machine
 - e) other
- 2. Robbery person usually confronted directly or aware of act
 - a) Armed robbery
 - b) Attempted armed robbery
 - c) Strong armed robbery
 - d) Attempted strong armed robbery

- 3,4. Assualt to place one in fear of imminent harmful or offensive contact
 - 3. Menaced victim with weapon
 - 4. Menaced victim without weapon
- 5,6. Battery a harmful or offensive contact
 - 5. Physical contact offensive, insulting or provoking nature
 - 6. Inflicting serious harm or injury through contact
- 7. Crime against person
 - a) Murder
 - b) Voluntary manslaughter
 - c) Rape
 - d) Kidnapping
 - e) Suicide
 - f) Indecency in public, indecent exposure, exhibitionism, etc.
 - g) Other C.A.P.
- 8. Don't know
- 9. No Answer

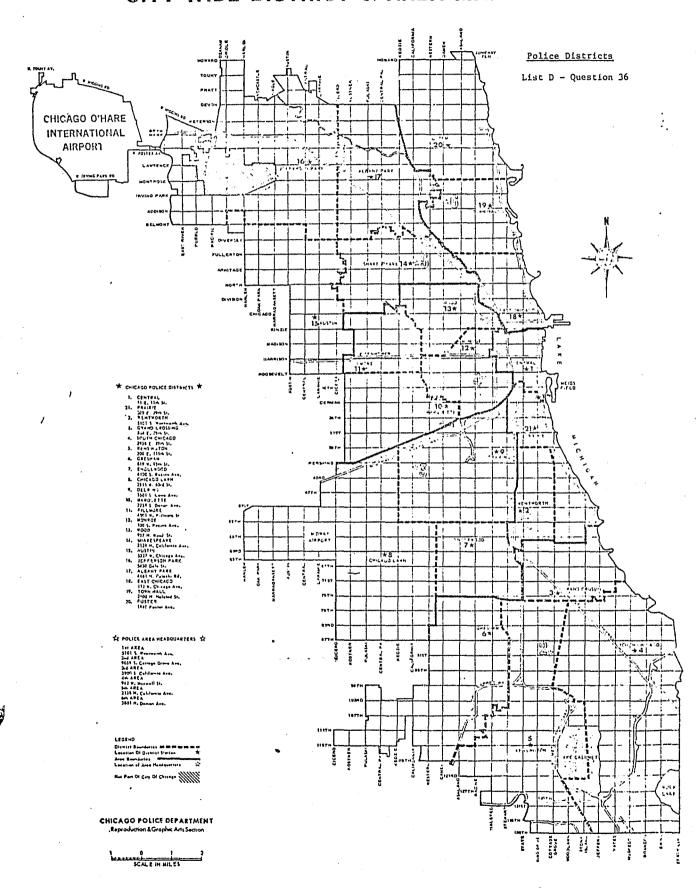
(Section B) - Question. 30f

- 0. Inapplicable
- 1. Afraid to report to Police
- 2. No police to report it to
- 3. Too afraid wanted to go home as soon as possible etc.
- 4. No need to, someone else reported it
- 5. Victim reported it to police, police on scene
- 6. No need to, misapprehension
- 7. Don't care, none of our business
- 8. Don't know
- 9. No Answer

(Section C) - Question 30d

Going from home to bus or el-subway stop	01
Walking through el-subway stations	02
Waiting at bus stop	03
in el-subway station	04
on el-subway platform	05
Riding the bus	06
the el-subway	07
On stairs or rampway to el-subway platforms	80
Departing bus or el-subway and going to destination	09
Other (Specify)	10

CITY-WIDE DISTRICT & AREA MAP



List E - Question 38a - c

1970 Bureau of the Census Occupational Classification System

PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS

001	Accountants
•	
002	Architects
003	Computer programmers
004	Computer systems analysts
005	Computer specialists, n.e.c.
006	Aeronautical and astronautical engineers
010	Chemical engineers
011	Civil engineers
012	Electrical and electronic engineers
013	Industrial engineers
014	Mechanical engineers
015	Metallurgical and materials engineers
020	Mining engineers
021	Petroleum engineers
022	Sales engineers
023	Engineers, n.e.c.
024	Farm management advisors
025	Foresters and conservationists
026	Home management advisors
030	
	Judges
031	Lawyers
032	Librarians
033	Archivists and curators
034	Actuaries
035	Mathematicians
036	Statisticians
042	Agricultural scientists
043	Atmospheric and space scientists
044	Biological scientists
045	Chemists
051.	Geologists
052	Marine scientists
053	Physicists and astronomers
054	Life and physical scientists, n.e.c.
055	Operations and systems researchers and analysts
056	Personnel and labor relations workers
061	Chiropractors
062	Dentists
063	Optometrists
064	Pharmacists
065	Physicians, medical and osteopathic
071	Podiatrists
072	Veterinarians
073	Health practitioners, n.e.c.
074	Dietitians
075	Registored nurses
076	Therapists

PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS -Continued

000	
080	Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians
081	Dental hygienists
082	Health record technologists and technicians
083	Radiologic technologists and technicians
084	Therapy assistants
085	Health technologists and technicians, n.e.c.
086	Clergymen
090	Religious workers, n.e.c.
091	Economists
092	Political scientists
093	Psychologists
094	Sociologists .
095	Urban and regional planners
096	Social scientists, n.e.c.
100	Social workers
101	Recreation workers
102	Agriculture teachers
103	Atmospheric, earth, marine, and space teachers
104	Biology teachers
105	Chemistry teachers
110	Physics teachers
111	Engineering teachers
112	Mathematics teachers
113	Health specialties teachers
114	Psychology teachers
115	Business and commerce teachers
116	Economics teachers .
120	History teachers
121	Sociology teachers
122	Social science teachers, n.e.c.
123	Art, drama, and music teachers
124	Coaches and physical education teachers
125	Education teachers
126	English teachers
130	Foreign language teachers
131	Home economics teachers
132	Law teachers
133	Theology teachers
134	Trade industrial, and technical teachers
135	Miscellaneous teachers, college and university
140	Teachers, college and university, subject not specified
141	Adult education teachers
142	Elementary school teachers
143	· Prekindergarten and kindergarten teachers
144	Secondary school teachers
145	Teachers, except college and university, n.e.c.
150	Agriculture and biological technicians, except health
151	Chemical technicians
152	Draftsmen
153	Electrical and electronic engineering technicians
J	and and and and any anguine any

PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, AND KINDRED WORKERS -- Continued

1.54	Industrial engineering technicians
155	Mechanical engineering technicians
156	Mathematical technicians
161	Surveyors
1.62	Engineering and science technicians, n.e.c.
163	Airplane pilots
164	Air traffic controllers
165	Embalmers
170	Flight engineers
171	Radio operators
172	Tool programmers, numerical control
173	Technicians, n.e.c.
174	Vocational and educational counselors
175	Actors
180	Athletes and kindred workers
181	Authors
182	Dancers
183	Designers
184	Editors and reporters .
185	Musicians and composers
190	Painters and sculptors
191	Photographers
192	Public relations men and publicity writers
193	Radio and television announcers
194	Writers, artists, and entertainers, n.e.c.
195	Research workers, not specified

MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS, EXCEPT FARM

Assessors, controllers, and treasurers; local
public administration
Bank officers and financial managers
Buyers and shippers, farm products
Buyers, wholesale and retail trade
Credit men
Funeral directors
Health administrators
Construction inspectors, public administration
Inspectors, except construction, public administration
Managers and superintendents, building
Office managers, n.e.c.
Officers, pilots, and pursers; ship
Officials and administrators; public administration, n.e.c
Officials of lodges, societies, and unions
Postmasters and mail superintendents
Purchasing agents and buyers, n.e.c.
Railroad conductors
Restaurant, cafeteria, and bar managers
Sales managers and department heads, retail trade
Sales managers, except retail trade
School administrators, college
School administrators, elementary and secondary

Managers and administrators, n.e.c.

245

. SALESWORKERS

260	Advertising agents and salesmen
261	Auctioneers
262	Demonstrators
264	Hucksters and peddlers
265	Insurance agents, brokers, and underwriters
266	Newsboys
270	Real estate agents and brokers
271	Stock and bond salesmen
280	Salesmen and sales clerks, n.e.c.
281	Sales representatives, manufacturing industries
282	Sales representatives, wholesale trade
283	Sales clerks, retail trade
284	Salesmen, retail trade
285	Salesmen of services and construction

CLERICAL AND KINDRED WORKERS

301 303 305 310 311 312 313 314 315 320 321 323 325 326 330 331 332 333 334 341 342 343 344 345 350 355 360 361 362 363	Bank tellers Billing Clerks Bookkeepers Cashiers Clerical assistants, social welfare Clerical supervisors, n.e.c. Collectors, bill and account Counter clerks, except food Dispatchers and starters, vehicle Enumerators and interviewers Estimators and investigators, n.e.c. Expediters and production controllers File clerks Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators Library attendants and assistants Mail carriers, post office Mail handlers, except post office Messengers and office boys Meter readers, utilities Bookkeeping and billing machine operators Calculating machine operators Calculating machine operators Computer and peripheral equipment operators Duplicating machine operators Tabulating machine operators Office machine operators, n.e.c. Payroll and timekeeping clerks Proofreaders Real estate appraisers

CLERICAL AND KINDRED WORKERS -Continued.

374	Shipping and receiving clerks
375	Statistical clerks
376	Stenographers
381	Stock clerks and storekeepers
382	Teacher aides, exc. school monitors
383	Telegraph messengers
384	Telegraph operators
385	Telephone operators
390	Ticket, station, and express agents
391	Typists
392	Weighers
394	Miscellaneous clerical workers
395	Not specified clerical workers

CRAFTSMEN AND KINDRED WORKERS

401	Automobile accessories installers
402	Bakers
403	Blacksmiths
404	Boilermakers
405	Bookbinders
410	Brickmasons and stonemasons
411	Brickmasons and stonemasons, apprentices
412	Bulldozer operators
413	Cabinetmakers
415	Carpenters
416	Carpenter apprentices ·
420	Carpet installers
421	Cement and concrete finishers
422	Compositors and typesetters
423	Printing trades apprentices, exc. pressmen
424	Cranemen, derrickmen, and hoistmen
425	Decorators and window dressers
426	Dental laboratory technicians
430	Electricians
431	Electrician apprentices
433	Electric power linemen and cablemen
434	Electrotypers and stereotypers
435	Engravers, exc. photoengravers
436	Excavating, grading, and road machine operators;
	Exc. bulldozer.
440	Floor layers, exc. tile setters
441	Foremen, n.e.c.
442	Forgemen and hammermen
443	Furniture and wood finishers
444	Furriers
445	Glaziers
446	Heat treaters, annealers, and temperers
450	Inspectors, scalers, and graders; log and lumber
452	Inspectors, n.e.c.
453	Jewelers and watchmakers
454	Job and die setters, metal
455	Locomotive engineers
456	Locomotive firemen
461	Machinists

CRAFTSMEN AND KINDRED WORKERS-Continued.

CRAFTSMEN	AND KINDRED WORKERS-Continued.
462	Machinist apprentices
470	Air conditioning, heating, and refrigeration
471	Aircraft
472	Automobile body repairmen
473	Automobile mechanics
474	Automobile mechanic apprentices
475	Data processing machine repairmen
480	Farm implement
481	Heavy equipment mechanics, incl. diesel
482	Household appliance and accessory installers and mechanics
483	Loom fixers
484	Office machine
485	Radio and television
486	Railroad and car shop
491	Mechanic, exc. auto, apprentices
492	Miscellaneous mechanics and repairmen
495	Not specified mechanics and repairmen
501	Millers; grain, flour, and feed
502	Millwrights
503	Molders, metal
504	Molder apprentices
505	Motion picture projectionists
506	Opticians, and lens grinders and polishers
510	Painters, construction and maintenance
511	Painter apprentices
512	Paperhangers
514	Pattern and model makers, exc. paper
515	Photoengravers and lithographers
516	Piano and organ tuners and repairmen
520	Plasterers
521	Plasterer apprentices
522 523	Plumbers and pipe fitters
525	Plumber and pipe fitter apprentices Power station operators
530	Pressmen and plate printers, printing
531	Pressman apprentices
533	Rollers and finishers, metal
534	Roofer and slaters
535	Sheetmetal workers and tinsmiths
536	Sheetmetal apprentices
540	Shipfitters
542	Shoe repairmen
543	Sign painters and letterers
545	Stationary engineers
546	Stone cutters and stone carvers
550	Structural metal craftsmen
551	Tailors
552	Telephone installers and repairmen
554	Telephone linemen and splicers
560	Tile setters
561	Tool and die makers
562	Tool and die maker apprentices
563	Upholsterers
571	Specified craft apprentices, n.e.c.
572	Not specified apprentices

CRAFTSMEN AND KINDRED WORKERS-Continued

575	Craftsmen	n and	kind	lred	worker	cs, n.e.c.
580	Former me	embers	of	the	Armed	Forces

OPERATIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT

	Anny marchar a region of ca
601	Asbestos and insulation workers
602	Assemblers
603	Blasters and powdermen
604	Bottling and canning operatives
605	Chainmen, rodmen, and axmen; surveying
610	Checkers, examiners, and inspectors; manufacturing
611	Clothing ironers and pressers
612	Cutting operatives, n.e.c.
613	Dressmakers and seamstresses, except factory
614	Drillers, earth
615	Dry wall installers and lathers
620	Dyers
621	Filers, polishers, sanders, and buffers
622	Furnacemen, smeltermen, and pourers
623	Garage workers and gas station attendants
624	Graders and sorters, manufacturing
625	Produce graders and packers, except factory and farm
626	Heaters, metal
630	Laundry and dry cleaning operatives, n.e.c.
631	Meat cutters and butchers, exc. manufacturing
633	Meat cutters and butchers, manufacturing
634	Meat wrappers, retail trade
635	Metal platers
636	Milliners
640	Mine operatives, n.e.c.
641	Mixing operatives
642	Oilers and greasers, exc. auto
643	Packers and wrappers, except meat and produce
644	Painters, manufactured articles
645	Photographic process workers
650 651	Drill press operatives
652	Grinding machine operatives
653	Lathe and milling machine operatives
656	Precision machine operatives Punch and stamping press operatives
660	Riveters and fasteners
661	Sailors and deckhands
662	Sawyers
663	Sewers and stitchers
664	Shoemaking machine operatives
665	Solderers
666	Stationary firemen
670	Carding, lapping, and combing operatives
671	Knitters, loopers, and toppers
672	Spinners, twisters, and winders
673	Weavers
674	Textile operatives, n.e.c.
680	Welders and flame-cutters
681	Winding operatives, n.e.c.

OPERATIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT

690	Machine operatives, miscellaneous specif	ied
692	Machine operatives, not specified	
694	Miscellaneous operatives	
695	Not specified operatives	

TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES

701	Boatmen and canalmen
703	Bus drivers
704	Conductors and motormen, urban rail transit
705	Deliverymen and routemen
706	Fork lift and tow motor operatives
710	Motormen; mine, factory, logging camp, etc.
711	Parking attendants
712	Railroad brakemen
713	Railroad switchmen
714	Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs
715	Truck drivers

LABORERS, EXCEPT FARM

740	Animal caretakers, exc. farm
750	Carpenters' helpers .
751	Construction laborers, exc. carpenters' helpers
752	Fishermen and oystermen
753	Freight and material handlers
754	Garbage collectors
755	Gardeners and groundskeepers, exc. farm
760	Longshoremen and stevedores
761	Lumbermen, raftsmen, and woodchoppers
762	Stock handlers
763	Teamsters
764	Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners
770	Warehousemen, n.e.c.
780	Miscellaneous laborers
785	Not specified laborers

FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS

		•		
801	Farmers	(owners	and	tenants)
802	Farm man			

FARM LABORERS AND FARM FOREMEN

821	Farm	foremen
822	Farm	laborers, wage workers
823	Farm	laborers, unpaid family workers
824	Farm	service laborers, self-employed

SERVICE WORKERS, EXC. PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD

901 902 903 910 912 913 914 915 922 924 925 926 927 928 933 941 942 943 944 945 945 947 947 948 948 949 949 949 949 949 949 949 949	Chambermaids and maids, except private household Cleaners and charwomen Janitors and sextons Bartenders Busboys Cooks, except private household Dishwashers Food counter and fountain workers Waiters Food service workers, n.e.c., except private household Dental assistants Health aides, exc. nursing Health trainees Lay midwives Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants Practical nurses Airline stewardesses Attendants, recreation and amusement Attendants, personal service, n.e.c. Baggage porters and bellhops Barbers Boarding and lodging house keepers Bootblacks Child care workers, exc. private household Elevator operators Hairdressers and cosmetologists Personal service apprentices Housekeepers, exc. private household School monitors Ushers, recreation and amusement Welfare service aides Crossing guards and bridge tenders Firemen, fire protection Guards and watchmen
961	Firemen, fire protection
963	Marshals and constables
964	
965	Policemen and detectives
505	Sheriffs and bailiffs

PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS

980	Child care workers, private household
981	Cooks, private household
982	Housekeepers, private household
983	Laundresses, private household
984	Maids and servants, private household

OTHER, NOT IN LABOR FORCE

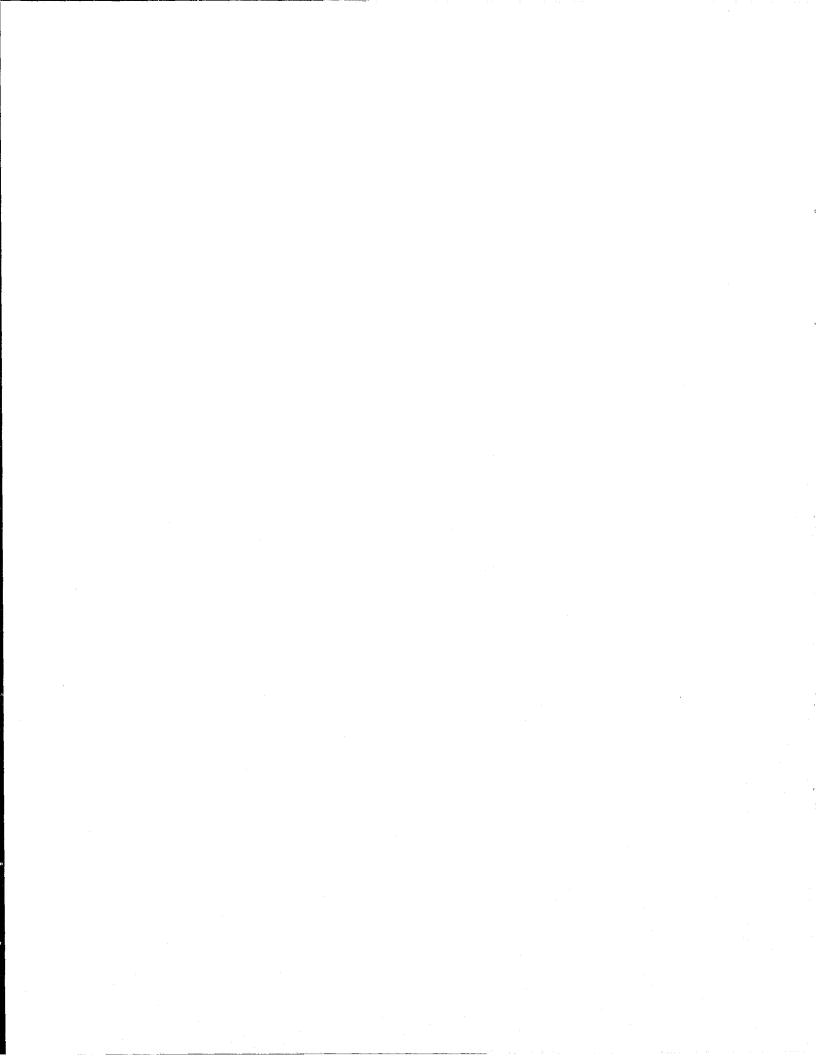
990	Student
991	Housewife
992	Retired
993	Unemployed
994	Disabled
995 ·	Widowed
998 .	Don't know
999	No answer

List F - Questions 4k, 5k, 9k,14k

- 0. Inapplicable
- 1. Have car
- 2. Too crowded
- 3. Not conveniently located
- 4. Railroad commuter
- 5. Old, sick (age, health)
- 6. Careless personnel
- 7. Other
- 8. Don't know
- 9. No Answer

<u>List G - Question 35e</u>

- 0. Inapplicable
- 1. Use car, someone else's car, car pool
- 2. Bicycle
- 3. Motorcycle
- 4. Walk
- 5. Truck
- 6. ____
- 7. Other
- 8. Don't know
- 9. No Answer



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