



STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY 36 HOSPITAL STREET AUGUSTA, MAINE 04330

March 9, 1979

The Honorable Joseph E. Brennan Governor, State of Maine Augusta, Maine 04330

Dear Governor Brennan:

One of the mandated duties of this Department, and therefore my obligation, is to present to you and the Legislature "Crime in Maine, 1978".

Compiled within this publication are crime statistics gathered from all the law enforcement agencies in the state. This makes possible the identification and documentation of reportable crime information by location, type and the volume of activity.

Maine Uniform Crime Reporting was implemented by the Maine State Police, Bureau of Identification in July of 1974.

This program is dedicated to service beyond the mere gathering of statistics. Computerized crime profiles are provided to all of the contributing agencies quarterly and they are available monthly if necessary. As a result of this timely feedback, the Criminal Justice Agencies of Maine are making extensive use of this data in management, planning, budget, crime prevention, training needs and manpower distribution. It is also providing valuable information to planning agencies, social agencies, courts, and through the news media to the general public.

Crime resource data gathered over four years makes possible the identification of crime trends as well as current crime problems. Properly analyzed this information can indicate better enforcement methods, which in turn should result in a reduced crime rate for the citizens of Maine.

Each of the contributing agencies deserve special accolades for their excellent cooperation in reporting the quality information that makes this publication possible. The Department of Public Safety is grateful for their professional attitude and special effort.

Sincerely,

Athur of Stilshe

Commissioner

FOREWORD

"Crime in Maine, 1978" is an important publication bringing together all of the crime reporting resources from all of the law enforcement agencies in the state.

It is significant in and of itself for the purposes it serves in law enforcement.

Not so tangible, but every bit as important is the effort expended and the cooperation achieved by all of the law enforcement agencies to produce this publication.

It exemplifies what can be accomplished by concentrating the efforts of these sometimes diverse groups. Hopefully, this spirit of cooperation can be carried beyond this program and serve as the foundation for improved law enforcement statewide.

COLONEL ALLAN H. WEEKS Chief Maine State Police NGJRS

OCT 24 1230

ACCUIDITIONS

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CRIME IN MAINE - HIGHLIGHTS

During the year 1978, the crime clock average in Maine showed the following:

- * ONE MURDER EVERY 12 DAYS
- * ONE RAPE EVERY 72 HOURS
- * ONE ROBBERY EVERY DAY
- * ONE AGGRAVATED ASSAULT EVERY 5 HOURS
- * ONE BURGLARY EVERY 38 MINUTES, 52 SECONDS
- * ONE LARCENY EVERY 19 MINUTES, 48 SECONDS
- * ONE MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT EVERY 3 HOURS, 10 MINUTES, 13 SECONDS
- * ONE VIOLENT CRIME EVERY 3 HOURS, 52 MINUTES, 15 SECONDS
- * ONE PROPERTY CRIME EVERY 12 MINUTES, 16 SECONDS
- * ONE INDEX CRIME EVERY 11 MINUTES, 39 SECONDS
- * INDEX OFFENSES: THERE WERE 45,084 INDEX OFFENSES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR 1978 - AN INCREASE OF 896 OFFENSES OVER 1977. (SEE PAGE 9)
- * CRIME RATE: THE CRIME RATE REMAINED BASICALLY THE SAME WHEN COMPARED TO LAST YEAR. THE 1978 CRIME RATE IS 41.68 AS COMPARED TO 41.21 IN 1977. (SEE PAGE 9)
- * VIOLENT CRIME: IN TOTAL, VIOLENT CRIMES DECREASED BY 7.1%. WHILE MURDER INCREASED BY 4 OFFENSES, RAPE, ROBBERY, AND AGGRAVATED ASSAULT DECREASED BY 177 OFFENSES.

 (SEE PAGE 14)
- * PROPERTY CRIME: IN TOTAL, PROPERTY CRIMES INCREASED BY 1,069

 OFFENSES REPRESENTING A 2.6% INCREASE OVER

 1977. LARCENY AND MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS CONTINUED

 TO SHOW INCREASES, WHILE BURGLARY OFFENSES DECREASED

 FOR THE THIRD CONSECUTIVE YEAR. (SEE PAGE 16)
- * MURDER 60% OF THE MURDERS REPORTED IN 1978 WERE COMMITTED BY FIREARMS. (SEE PAGE 20)
- * RAPE THE OFFENSE OF RAPE DECREASED 17.7% IN 1978.
 (SEE PAGE 24)

* ROBBERY:

IN 1978, ROBBERIES SHOW A SHARP DECREASE WHEN COMPARED TO 1977 AND 1976 THERE WERE 359 OFFENSES REPORTED IN 1977: AND 406 REPORTED IN 1976. (SEE PAGE 26)

* AGGRAVATED ASSAULT:

THE OFFENSE OF AGGRAVATED ASSAULT DECREASED BY 4.9% IN 1978. (SEE PAGE 30)

* BURGLARY:

THE OFFENSE OF BURGLARY CONTINUED TO DECREASE IN 1978. SINCE 1975, BURGLARIES HAVE DECREASED BY 918 OFFENSES OR 6.4%. (SEE PAGE 34)

* LARCENY:

THE OFFENSE OF LARCENY CONTINUES TO BE A MAJOR PROBLEM IN THE STATE OF MAINE. IN 1978 THERE WERE 26,533 OFFENSES REPORTED AS COMPARED TO 25,484 IN 1977 - AN INCREASE OF 4.1%. (SEE PAGE 38)

* MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT:

WHILE MOTOR VEHICLE THEFTS HAVE RISEN AT AN ALARMING RATE OVER THE PAST FOUR YEARS, THEFTS IN THE CATEGORY "OTHER VEHICLES AND TRUCKS AND BUSES HAVE RISEN EVEN FASTER. SINCE 1975, THEFTS IN THESE CATEGORIES HAVE RISEN 124% AND 87% RESPECTIVELY. (SEE PAGE 42)

* STOLEN/RECOVERED

PROPERTY:

THE 1978 RECOVERY RATE OF STOLEN PROPERTY IN THE STATE OF MAINE WAS 47.9% COMPARED TO 42.6% IN 1977. (SEE PAGE 45)

* CLEARANCE RATE: THE CLEARANCE RATE CONTINUED TO IMPROVE. IN 1978 THE CLEARANCE RATE WAS 26.3% COMPARED TO 25.9% IN 1977. (SEE PAGE 51)

* ARREST DATA:

ARRESTS OF 18 AND 19 YEAR OLDS FOR VIOLATION OF LIQUOR LAWS ROSE DRAMATICALLY IN 1978. IN THIS AGE GROUP A TOTAL OF 963 ARRESTS WERE MADE FOR THIS OFFENSE IN 1978 COMPARED TO 344 IN 1977 - AN INCREASE OF 180%. (SEE PAGE 63)

CREDITS

The preparation and publication of this Annual Report was made possible by the Discretionary Grant Award 200635/7054.

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Division, Department of Public Safety, wishes to acknowledge and express their appreciation for the generous and cooperative assistance of the Maine Criminal Justice Data Center throughout the year and in the preparation of this Annual Report. Graphics in this publication were also provided by the Data Center: Director Gary Sawyer, and associate, Richard Gribbin.

The Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency, under the Director T.T. Trott, Jr., provided generous assistance through its Data Processing Unit.

MESSAGE FROM THE STAFF

The Maine UCR Division staff is firmly convinced that all the statistics gathered in the world would be meaningless unless they are used. Therefore, we are further convinced that gathering of meaningless statistical information is a waste of our time and the time of the contributing agencies.

It is with this attitude that we go about our work of developing information that is important, timely and relative to the existing crime situation in Maine.

We encourage constructive criticism, suggestions, inquiry, and the continued assistance of our contributors and related criminal justice agencies.

The staff members at the present time are as follows:

Robert E. Wagner, Jr., Director, SBI-UCR Richard C. Rideout, Supervisor Priscilla L. Martin, Clerk/Verifier

Any information or assistance needed may be obtained by calling 289-2025.

INTRODUCTION

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Program was the initial step in the establishment of an efficient state-wide Criminal Justice Information System. This phase of the CJIS deals primarily with a state-wide uniform method of collecting crime statistics and producing a consolidated annual report of crime in Maine.

Maine statistics are forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for inclusion in the National Crime Report.

NATIONAL UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

Uniform Crime Reports were first collected in 1930 after being developed by a Committee of the International Association of Chiefs of Police. The Federal Bureau of Investigation was authorized by the Congress to act as a clearinghouse for the collection of crime statistics.

Today the IACP continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in the operation of the program.

Crime statistics, voluntarily submitted by individual law enforcement agencies from all fifty states, are presented annually in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports Publication entitled "Crime in the United States".

As a result of several national studies and recommendations and a determined need, the FBI has been actively assisting individual states in the development of state-wide programs of law enforcement statistics compatible with the National Uniform Crime Reporting Program. With excellent cooperation and assistance from the FBI, Maine has developed its own state-wide program for collection of law enforcement statistics.

PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT

The Maine UCR Program started July 15, 1973 as a module of the Comprehensive Data System Program. It was funded by LEAA Discretionary Grant No. 74-DF-01-0001 to the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency with the State Bureau of Identification, Bureau of State Police, as the implementing subgrantee.

One year was spent researching and developing the reporting system. The staff was selected; the project researched; a manual was designed and printed; with FBI assistance 250 people were trained in regional seminars from Kittery to Presque Isle; standard arrest sheets and complaint sheets were designed with the assistance of the Maine Chiefs of Police UCR Committee; all reporting forms were designed, given FBI approval as per grant guidelines and printed; staff visits to all operational departments were made; close cooperation with the MCJPAA was maintained and all objectives of the original grant were nearing completion.

On July 1, 1974, the Maine UCR system was certified as operational by Director Clarence Kelly of the FBI and Maine became the 22nd state to have an operational Uniform Crime Reporting system. This compares with forty UCR operational states as of this year and several more in planning stages.

The success of this program is directly related to the intense interest and cooperation of the Maine contributors. Indicative of the cooperation, is a 100 percent reporting record for all communities over 2,500 population, and the organized departments under 2,500 filing through the county sheriff's departments, who are reporting 100 percent, and the State Police by county areas. The result is a complete state-wide coverage of crime statistics under supervised rules and controls to insure the integrity of the program.

"Crime in Maine July-December, 1974" was our first publication. Since that time we have published four six month reports and three full calendar year reports. All publications were very well received and the potential of UCR is now being recognized.

It became obvious that more use could be made of the UCR data for the benefit of the contributors. This resulted in a complete reprogramming of the UCR data to provide monthly computer printout crime profiles as a by-product to the gathering of the UCR data. More information on the crime profiles, with sample printouts, is included in a further section of this publication.

The staff of UCR, teaming up with the Criminal Justice Data Analysis Center, hopes to expand the uses of UCR data and continue to serve as a valuable tool in identifying and combating crime in Maine.

Indications are that the maximum potential of this program will not be reached for several years. Better reporting, better automation, a deeper storage of base data and faster feedback to contributors, etc., will provide the type of information needed in Maine. The data will have endless uses in planning, administration, research, problem identification and solving, and special studies.

OBJECTIVES OF UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

The fundamental objective of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program is to produce a reliable set of criminal statistics on a State and National basis for use in law enforcement administration, operation and management. This compiled data is also intended for the use of other professionals and scholars who have an interest in the crime problem. At the same time, this information is important as a reference source for the general public as an indicator of the crime factor in our society.

The objectives of the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting program are:

- 1. Inform the governor, legislature, other governmental officials, and the public as to the nature of the crime problem in Maine its magnitude and its trends.
- 2. Provide law enforcement administrators with criminal statistics for administrative and operational use.
- 3. Determine who commits crimes by age, sex and race in order to find the proper focus for crime prevention and enforcement.
- 4. Provide proper base data and statistics to measure the workload and effectiveness of Maine's Criminal Justice System.
- Provide base data and statistics for research to improve the efficiency, effectiveness and performance of criminal justice agencies.
- 6. Provide base data and statistics to measure the effects of prevention and deterrence programs.
- 7. Provide base data to assist in the assessment of social and other causes of crime for the development of theories of criminal behavior.

The means utilized to obtain these objectives are:

- To measure the extent, fluctuation, distribution, and nature of serious crime in the State of Maine through presentation of data on the seven Crime Index offenses.
- To messure the total volume of serious crime known to the police.
- 3. To show the activity and coverage of law enforcement agencies through arrest counts, disposition of persons charged and police employee strength data.

CRIME INDEX

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft are used to establish an index in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. They measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States and, more significantly, within the geographic regions of contributing states such as Maine. These crimes are counted by law enforcement agencies as they become known and are reported on a monthly basis. The crime index offenses were selected as a measuring device because, as a group, they represent the most common local crime problems. They are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume and frequency in which they occur.

The offenses of murder, forcible rape, aggravated assault and robbery make up the violent crime category. The offenses of burglary, larceny-theft and motor vehicle theft make up the property crime category.

Although "offense known" statistics are gathered in the classifications of manslaughter by negligence (lb) and simple assault (4e), they are not computed into the crime index for purposes of establishing crime trends.

Classification in all Part I offenses is based solely on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body.

The total number of criminal acts that occur is unknown, but those that are reported to the police provide the first means of a count. Not all crimes come readily to the attention of the police; not all crimes are of sufficient importance to be significant in an index; and not all important crimes occur with enough regularity to be meaningful in an index. With these considerations in mind, and with all state and national reporting jurisdictions using uniform reporting procedures, the above crimes were selected as a group to furnish an abbreviated and convenient measure of the crime problem.

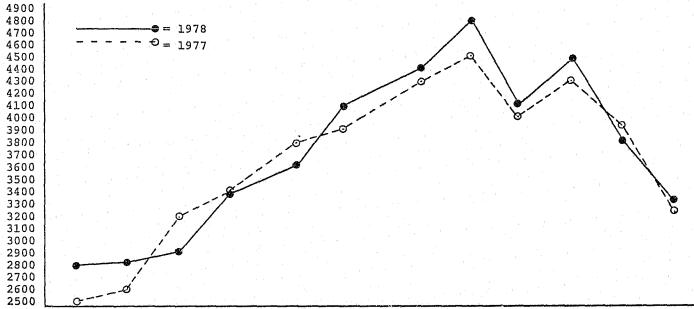
The crime counts used in the Crime Index and set forth in this publication are based on actual offenses established and determined by police investigation. When a law enforcement agency receives a complaint of a criminal matter and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred it is "unfounded". These "unfounded" complaints are eliminated from the actual crime counts.

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TOTAL INDEX CRIMES BY COUNTY JANUARY-DECEMBER, 1978

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | TOTAL |
|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| COUNTY | JAN. | FEB. | MAR. | APR. | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUG. | SEPT. | OCT. | NOV. | DEC. | CRIMES |
| Androscoggin | 278 | 301 | 340 | 392 | 380 | 407 | 454 | 570 | 344 | 483 | 542 | 383 | 4,874 |
| Aroostook | 165 | 170 | 190 | 182 | 177 | 223 | 226 | 283 | 260 | 250 | 172 | 152 | 2,450 |
| Cumberland | 805 | 776 | 806 | 938 | 1,042 | 1,199 | 1,313 | 1,400 | 1,257 | 1,281 | 1,129 | 1,070 | 13,016 |
| Franklin | 25 | 139 | 79 | 74 | 67 | 80 | 67 | 83 | 75 | 81 | 59 | 55 | 884 |
| Hancock | 89 | 69 | 73 | 110 | 89 | 127 | 145 | 161 | 108 | 180 | 121 | 79. | 1,351 |
| Kennebec | 275 | 229 | 240 | 350 | 378 | 352 | 349 | 322 | 377 | 382 | 260 | 228 | 3,742 |
| Knox | 105 | 94 | 89 | 106 | 143 | 153 | 151 | 160 | 135 | 144 | 116 | 121 | 1,522 |
| Lincoln | 68 | - 60 | 48 | 84 | 90 | 84 | 94 | 92 | 72 | 82 | 66 | 48 | 888 |
| Oxford | 58 | 80 | 90 | 83 | 105 | 129 | 105 | 127 | 105 | 114 | 67 | 96 | 1,159 |
| Penobscot | 350 | 347 | 366 | 399 | 378 | 471 | 518 | 507 | 488 | 526 | 504 | 387 | 5,241 |
| Piscataquis | 21 | 20 | 20 | 22 | 30 | 17 | 18 | 38 | 39 | 26 | 41 | 18 | 310 |
| Sagadahoc | 90 | 72 | 105 | 88 | . 87 | 121 | 151 | 159 | 98 | 140 | 126 | 109 | 1,346 |
| Somerset | 73 | 85 | 87 | 109 | 111 | 121 | 122 | 120 | 86 | 118 | 120 | 82 | 1,234 |
| Waldo | 49 | 36 | 53 | 67 | 105 | 66 | . 83 | 93 | 85 | 77 | 58 | 57 | 829 |
| Washington | 47 | 52 | 57 | 50 | 37 | 98 | 66 | 62 | 77 | 99 | 70 | 56 | 771 |
| York | 309 | 284 | 319 | 353 | 435 | 526 | 629 | 686 | 524 | 529 | 442 | 431 | 5,467 |
| 1978 Totals | 2,807 | 2,814 | 2,962 | 3,407 | 3,659 | 4,174 | 4,491 | 4,863 | 4,130 | 4,512 | 3,893 | 3,372 | 45,084 |
| 1977 Totals | 2,519 | 2,644 | 3,202 | 3,428 | 3,855 | 3,983 | 4,357 | 4,588 | 4,041 | 4,573 | 3,939 | 3,249 | 44,188 |





INDEX CRIME DATA BY COUNTY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1977 & 1978

| | ANNUAL | | | | | | | | | PERCENT | PERCENT OF CLEARANCES |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|------------|---------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| COUNTY | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL CLEARED BY ARREST | INVOLVING ONLY JUYENILES |
| Androscoggin | | | | | | • | | | 4 | | |
| 1978 1977 Aroostook | 51.03 50.93 | 4,874 4,793 | 1 | 12 23 | 43 54 | 414 363 | 1,301 1,168 | 2,854 2,940 | 249 244 | 32.7 31.1 | 34.4 32.4 |
| 1978 1977 | 25.33 26.85 | 2,450 2,634 | 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 8 11 | 12 16 | 50 106 | 644 726 | 1,541 1,577 | 194 196 | 37.7 36.7 | 31.6 28.3 |
| Cumberland 1978 1977 | 63.27 63.08 | 13,016 12,851 | 5 5 | 30 33 | 137 160 | 567 596 | 3,657 3,881 | 7,737 7,330 | 883 846 | 23.1 23.8 | 34.4 34.6 |
| Franklin 1978 1977 | 34.80 28.88 | 884 725 | 444 | 1 - | - 3 | 13 8 | 281 297 | 540 392 | 49 25 | 31.2 21.5 | 43.1 43.6 |
| Hancock 1978 1977 | 33.19 30.02 | 1,351 1,183 | ī | 4 1 | 6 5 | 21 19 | 583 425 | 656 651 | 81 81 | 19.9 17.5 | 38.5 28.4 |
| Kennebec 1978 | 36.25 | 3,742 | ı | 19 | 32 | 96 | 1,058 | 2,334 | 202 | 30.8 | 34.9 |
| 1977 Knox 1978 | 34.74 45.70 | 3,544 1,522 | - 2 | 11 _ | 26 3 | 172 49 | 876 393 | 2,248 998 | 211 77 | 27.4 25.6 | 33.5 34.6 |
| 1977 Lincoln 1978 | 42.57 37.15 | 1,371 | | 3 3 | 8 — | 41 32 | 442 389 | 782 431 | 95 33 | 21.5 | 41.4 28.0 |
| 1977 Oxford 1978 | 33.20 25.30 | 787 1,159 | 1 2 | 2 2 | 4 | 20 40 | 363 398 | 367 642 | 30 71 | 17.6 30.3 | 37.4 |
| 1977 Penobscot | 28.58 | 1,292 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 33 | 471 | 712 | 67 | 36.5 | 33.3 |
| 1978 1977 Piscataquis | 38.53 37.09 | 5,241 5,034 | 10 2 | 7 20 | 44 72 | 94 61 | 1,545 1,466 | 3,192 3,041 | 349 372 | 24.4 24.2 | 33.2 29.2 |
| 1978 1977 Sagadahoc | 18.45 25.74 | 310 430 | | 1 | | 6 13 | 119 171 | 164 228 | 20 17 | 17.0 26.7 | 22.6 7.0 |
| 1978 1977 Somerset | 49.30 48.09 | 1,346 1,260 | 1 | 5 5 | 10 6 | 61 46 | 384 413 | 817 737 | 68 52 | 25.3 25.6 | 43.4 |
| 1978 1977 | 27.91 32.78 | 1,234 1,460 | 1 2 | 8 7 | 6 9 | 41 83 | 402 550 | 725 741 | 51 68 | 31.1 26.7 | 37.7 23.3 |
| Waldo 1978 1977 | 30.25 28.73 | 829 773 | | 2 6 | 6 4 | 21 23 | 359 329 | 378 373 | 63 37 | 19.9 20.5 | 18.8 29.6 |
| Washington 1978 1977 | 22.94 18.70 | 771 636 | 2 4 | 2 3 | 2 5 5 | 63 59 | 263 225 | 398 288 | 41 52 | 39.1 32.3 | 29.1 23.8 |
| York 1978 1977 | 43.38 44.31 | 5,467 5,415 | 4 | 17 18 | 54 43 | 185 201 | 1,749 1,786 | 3,126 3,077 | 332 286 | 21.6 23.3 | 32.2 29.0 |
| TOTALS 1978 1977 | 41.68 41.29 | 45,084 44,188 | 30 26 | 121 147 | 359 419 | 1,753 1,844 | 13,525 13,589 | 26,533 25.484 | 2,763 2.679 | 26.3 25.9 | 34.0 31.4 |

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CRIME RATES

The computation of crime rates as they appear in this report are based on 1978 population estimates submitted by the communities involved. Total County and State populations are based on estimates supplied by the State Planning Office. Rural populations are arrived at by deleting the community populations within their respective counties. All population estimates are approved by the Federal Bureau of Investigation through the cooperation and assistance of the United States Bureau of Census.

Monthly and annual Uniform Crime Reports currently received from approximately 150 municipal, county and state law enforcement agencies in Maine represent 100 percent of the estimated Maine population.

The crime rate involves the number of Index Crimes per unit of population, usually per 100,000 persons. Because Maine has such a low population total, a rate per 1,000 persons has been used to reflect a more realistic volume. No attempt has been made to incorporate either transient population or other factors which contribute to the ratio and type of crime in a given area. Any effort to make comparisons of crime rates between one area and another should recognize these population changes and varying environmental factors.

The Crime Index rate for Maine for the year 1978 was 41.68 offenses per 1,000 persons. Violent crimes occurred at a rate of 2.09 offenses per 1,000 persons, while the rate for property crimes was 39.59% offenses per 1,000 persons.

| OFFENSE | NUMBER OFFENSES | PERCENT OF TOTAL | RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Murder | 30 | .07 | .03 |
| Rape | 121 | .27 | .11 |
| Robbery | 359 | .80 | .33 |
| Aggravated Assault | 1,753 | 3.89 | 1.62 |
| Burglary | 13,525 | 30.00 | 12.51 |
| Larceny | 26,533 | 58.85 | 24.53 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 2,763 | 6.12 | 2.55 |
| TOTAL | 45,084 | 100.00 | 41.68 |
| TOTAL VIOLENT CRIMES | 2,263 | 5.03 | 2.09 |
| TOTAL PROPERTY CRIMES | 42,821 | 94.97 | 39.59 |

CRIME RATE BY CLASSIFICATION BY COUNTY (RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION)

| | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL |
|--------------|--------------|------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------------------------|-------|
| Androscoggin | .01 | .13 | .45 | 4.32 | 13.62 | 29.88 | 2.61 | 51.03 |
| Aroostook | .01 | .08 | .12 | .52 | 6.66 | 15.94 | 2.01 | 25.33 |
| Cumberland | .02 | .15 | .67 | 2.76 | 17.78 | 37.61 | 4.29 | 63.27 |
| Franklin | | .04 | | .51 | 11.06 | 21.26 | 1.93 | 34.80 |
| Hancock | - | .10 | .15 | .52 | 14.32 | 16.12 | 1.99 | 33.19 |
| Kennebec | .01 | .18 | .31 | .93 | 10.25 | 22.62 | 1.96 | 36.25 |
| Knox | .06 | - | .09 | 1.47 | 11.80 | 29.97 | 2.31 | 45.70 |
| Knox | | .13 | • | 1.34 | 16.28 | 18.03 | 1.38 | 37.15 |
| Oxford | .04 | .04 | .09 | .87 | 8.69 | 14.02 | 1.55 | 25.30 |
| Penobscot | .07 | .05 | .32 | .69 | 11.36 | 23.47 | 2.57 | 38.53 |
| Piscataquis | | .06 | | .36 | 7.08 | 9.76 | 1.19 | 18.45 |
| Sagadahoc | .04 | .18 | .37 | 2.23 | 14.07 | 29.93 | 2.49 | 49.30 |
| Somerset | .02 | .18 | .14 | .93 | 9.10 | 16.40 | 1.15 | 27.91 |
| Waldo | | .07 | .22 | .77 | 13.10 | 13.80 | 2.30 | 30.25 |
| Washington | .06 | .06 | .06 | 1.88 | 7.83 | 11.85 | 1.22 | 22.94 |
| York | .03 | .13 | .43 | 1.47 | 13.88 | 24.81 | 2.63 | 43.38 |
| TOTAL | .03 | .11 | .33 | 1.62 | 12.51 | 24.53 | 2.55 | 41.68 |

Note: Index crime rates may not add to County total due to rounding.

UCR COMPARATIVE DATA - STATE, NEW ENGLAND & NATIONAL MAINE

| | | | F1 3 | A I N E | | U.S.1977 U.S.1976 | NEW ENGLAND 1977 OVER 1976 |
|---------------------|--------|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| OFFENSE | 1977 | CRIME RATE PEF 1,000 POPULATION | 1978 | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION | NUMERICAL PERCENT CHANGE CHANGE | PERCENT CHANGE U.S. TOTAL | PERCENT CHANGE NEW ENGLAND |
| Murder | 26 | .02 | 30 | .03 | + 4 +15.38 | : was stay and | + 3.1 |
| Rape | 147 | .13 | 121 | .11 | -26 -17.68 | +10.2 | +18.2 |
| Robbery | 419 | .39 | 359 | .33 | -60 -14.31 | - 4.4 | - 2.8 |
| Aggravated Assault | 1,844 | 1.72 | 1,753 | 1.62 | -91 - 4.93 | + 5.6 | +11.1 |
| Burglary | 13,589 | 12.69 | 13,525 | 12.51 | -64 - 0.47 | - 2.0 | - 3.6 |
| Larceny | 25,484 | 23.81 | 26,533 | 24.53 | +1,049 + 4.12 | - 6.6 | - 4.2 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 2,679 | 2.50 | 2,763 | 2.55 | +84 + 3.13 | + .3 | - 8.6 |
| TOTALS | 44,188 | 41.29 | 45,084 | 41.68 | +896 + 2.03 | - 4.0 | - 4.0 |

NOTE: Crime rate per 1,000 for 1977 was as follows: Total U.S. 50.55....New England 49.79 (1978 figures unavailable at date of printing)

CLEARANCE DATA - 1978

| | | MAINE | | 197 | 7 DATA |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| OFFENSE | NUMBER OFFENSES | NUMBER CLEARED | PERCENT CLEARED | TOTAL U.S.% | NEW ENGLAND STATES % |
| Murder | 30 | 27 | 90.0 | 75.5 | 77.6 |
| Rape | 121 | 87 | 71.9 | 51.2 | 60.7 |
| Robbery | 359 | 130 | 36.2 | 26.9 | 25.9 |
| Aggravated Assault | 1,753 | 1,328 | 75.8 | 61.8 | 62.8 |
| Burglary | 13,525 | 3,277 | 24.2 | 16.3 | 14.8 |
| Larceny | 26,533 | 6,085 | 22.8 | 20.0 | 15.8 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 2,763 | 967 | 34.9 | 14.6 | 8.3 |
| TOTALS | 45,084 | 11,881 | 26.3 | 21.0 | 16.4 |

NOTE: Clearance data for 1978 total U.S. and New England unavailable at date of printing.

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VIOLENT CRIMES

Crimes of violence involve the element of personal confrontation between the perpetrator and victim and entails the use or threat of violence. By their very nature, violent crimes - murder, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault, are considered more serious than property crimes. The total number indicates only the number of incidents reported to police and does not reflect the number of criminals who committed them or the number of injuries inflicted.

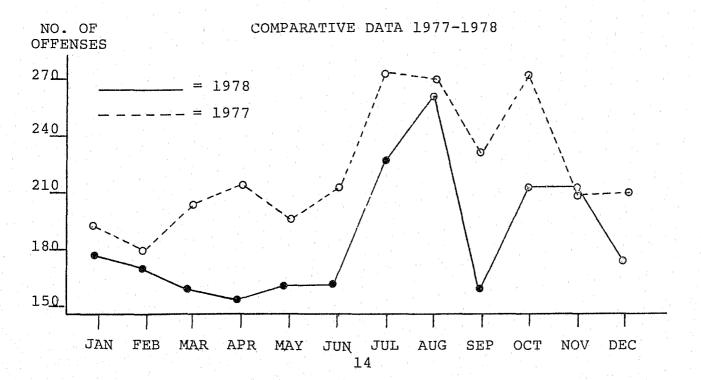
During the year 1978, violent crimes as reported by law enforcement agencies in the state totaled 2,263 as compared to 2,436 for the previous year. Each of the crime classifications, with the exception of murder, recorded decreases over 1977.

The crime rate for violent crimes is 2.09 per 1,000 population - the lowest since the inception of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

Sixty-nine percent of all violent crimes were cleared in 1978.

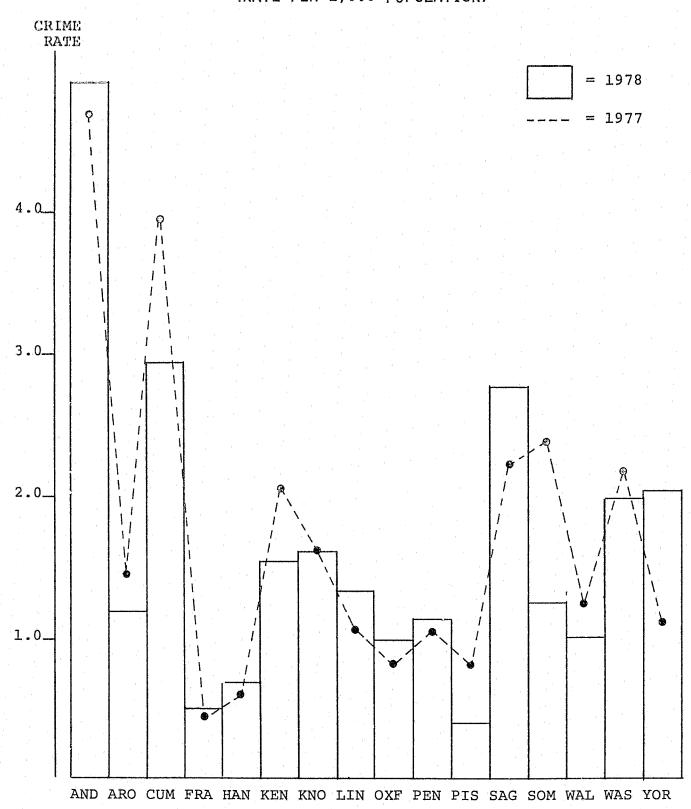
INDEX OFFENSES - COMPARATIVE JANUARY-DECEMBER, 1977-1978

| | NUMBER OF JANUARY-D | | INCREASE OR | PERCENT |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------|-------------|---------|
| OFFENSES | 1977 | 1978 | DECREASE | CHANGE |
| Murder | 26 | 30 | 4+ | 15.4+ |
| Rape | 147 | 121 | 26- | 17.7- |
| Robbery Aggravated | 419 | 359 | 60- | 14.3- |
| Assault | 1,844 | 1,753 | 91- | 4.9- |
| TOTAL | 2,436 | 2,263 | 173- | 7.1- |



VIOLENT CRIME BY COUNTY

(STATE VIOLENT CRIME RATE: 2.09)
(RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION)



PROPERTY CRIMES

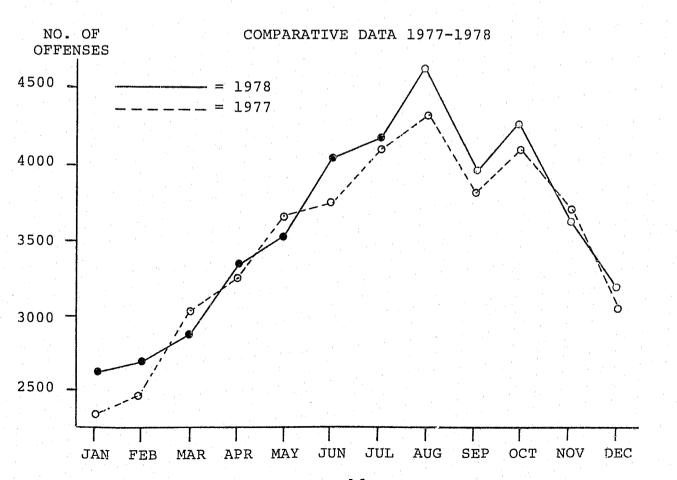
Property crimes include burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft. These crimes do not involve the threat of violence but entail property taken from one by another.

During 1978 property crimes increased by 2.6% from 41,76% reported in 1977 to 42,821 in 1978. While largery and meter vehicle thefts showed increases of 4.1% and 3.1% respectively, burglary continued to show a decrease for the third convecutive year. Since 1975, burglaries have decreased by 6.4%.

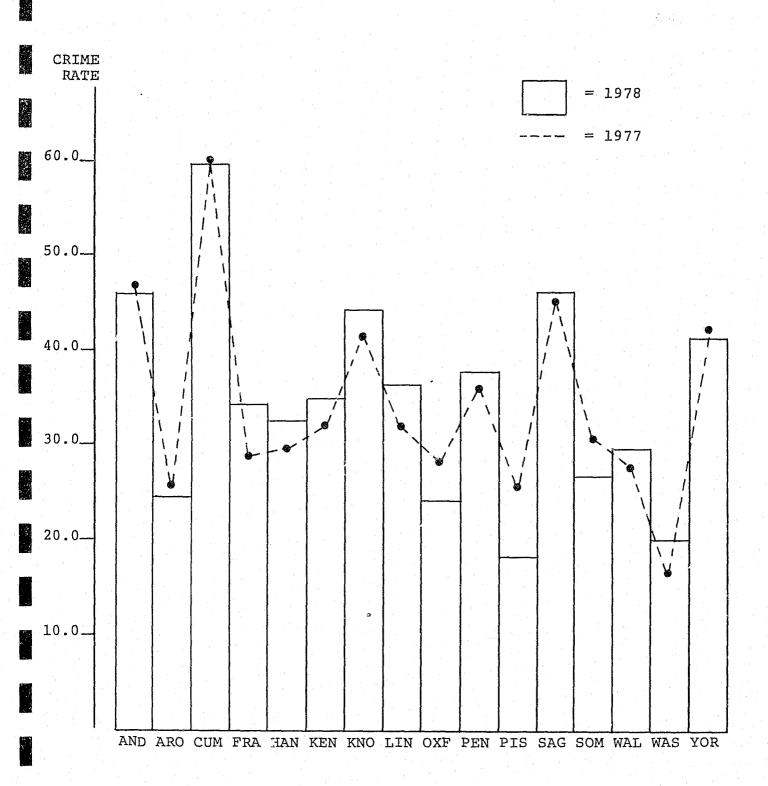
Law enforcement agencies cleared 24.1% of all property crimes in 1978.

INDEX OFFENSES - COMPARATIVE JANUARY-DECEMBER, 1977-1978

| OFFENSES | NUMBER OF JANUARY | F OFFENSES -DECEMBER 1978 | INCREASE OR DECREASE | PERCENT CHANGE |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Burglary Larceny Motor Vehicle | 13,589 25,484 | 13,525 26,533 | 64- 1,049+ | 0.5- 4.1+ |
| Theft | 2,679 | 2,763 | 84+ | 3.1+ |
| TOTAL | 41,752 | 42,821 | 1,069+ | 2.6+ |



PROPERTY CRIME BY COUNTY (STATE PROPERTY CRIME RATE: 39.59) (RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION)





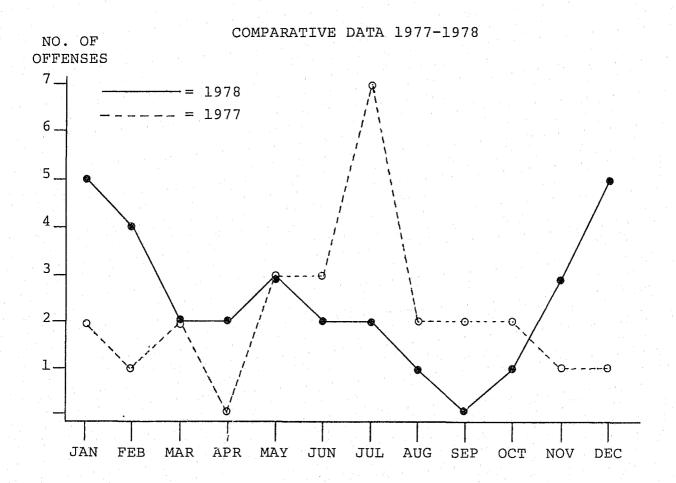
MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

CRIME CLOCK - 1 MURDER EVERY 12 DAYS

The definition of murder and nonnegligent manslaughter is "the unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought". This offense is recorded by a police agency on the basis of investigation alone, without regard to the findings of a court or the decision of a prosecutor. Although, manslaughter by negligence is recorded on the "Offenses known to Police" form along with murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, it is not considered an Index Crime and is not discussed in this report.

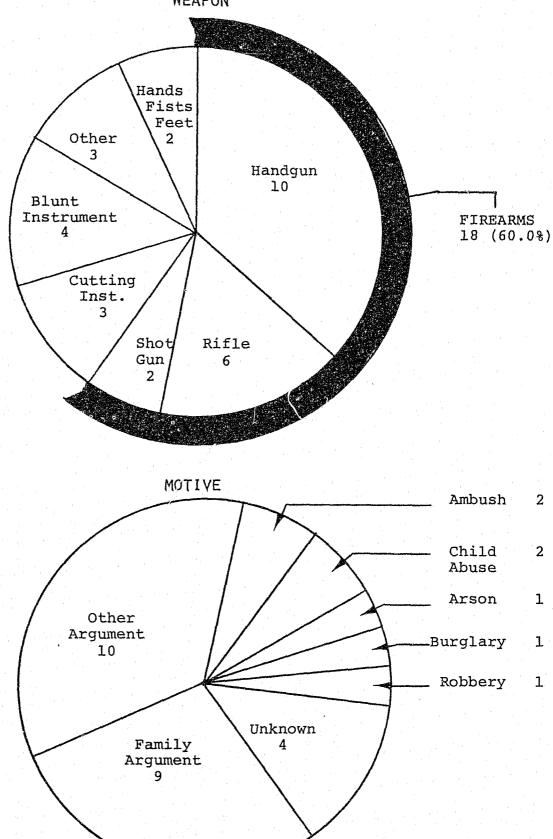
During 1978 there were 30 murders - 4 more than the 26 recorded for 1977. In all, there were 32 total homicides. However, two of these were termed as justifiable killings (self defense and a felon killed by a private citizen) and are not included in the actual homicide category. Ten homicides were committed by handgun; 6 by rifle; 2 by shotgun. Dramatically and most regretably, one of the listed homicides involved the killing of a young police officer who was fatally slain while in the performance of his duties. This marks the 1st killing of a police officer in 14 years.

Twenty-seven of the 30 murders were cleared by authorities during the year for a 90% clearance ratio.



MURDERS BY WEAPON AND MOTIVE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978 WEAPON



MURDER VICTIMS BY AGE AND SEX JANUARY - DECEMBER 1978

| AGE | | NUMBER OF VICTIMS | MALE | FEMALE |
|-----|---------------|----------------------|------------|--------|
| 1 | | . 1 | 1 | |
| 5 | | . 1 | 1 | |
| 14 | | . 1 | | 1 |
| 16 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 18 | | 1 | | 1 |
| 19 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 20 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 22 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 24 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 25 | | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 26 | | . 1 | | 1. |
| 29 | | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 35 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 37 | • • • • • | 1 | 1 | |
| 38 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 42 | • • • • • • | 1 | | 1 |
| 49 | | 2 | | 1 |
| 50 | • • • • • | 2 | 2 | |
| 56 | | 2 | . 1 | 1 |
| 75 | | 1 | . 1 | |
| 84 | | 1 | | 1 |
| 85 | • • • • • • • | 1 | | 1 |
| 90 | | • • 1 | | |
| | TOTAL | 30 | 18 | 12 |



FORCIBLE RAPE

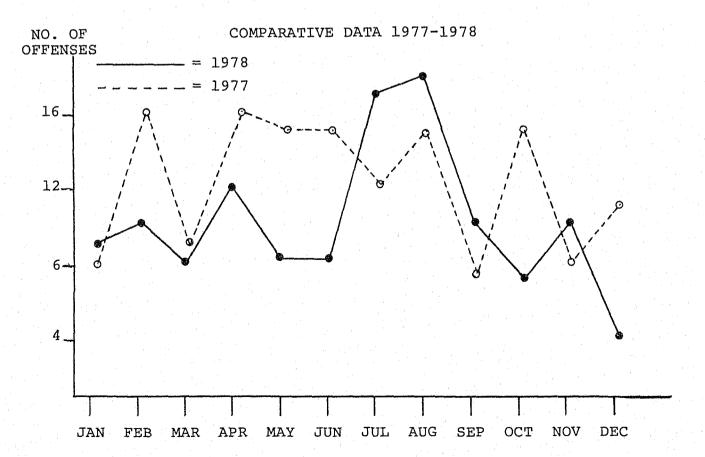
CRIME CLOCK - 1 RAPE EVERY 72 HOURS

Forcible rape is "the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will". For purposes of the Uniform Crime Report this offense is divided into two categories: Rape by Force; and Attempted Forcible Rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is reluctant to report the offense to police. The investigation by police, medical examination, court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterrent effect on the victim's willingness to make the offense known to police.

The offense of forcible rape decreased in 1978 by 26 offenses. During the year 1978 there were 121 offenses reported as compared to 147 in 1977. This represents a decrease of 17.7% over the previous year. Of the 121 total offenses, 94 were classified as "rape by force" while the remaining 27 were "attempts to commit forcible rape".

Law enforcement agencies were able to clear 87 offenses of forcible rape for an 71.9% clearance rate.





ROBBERY

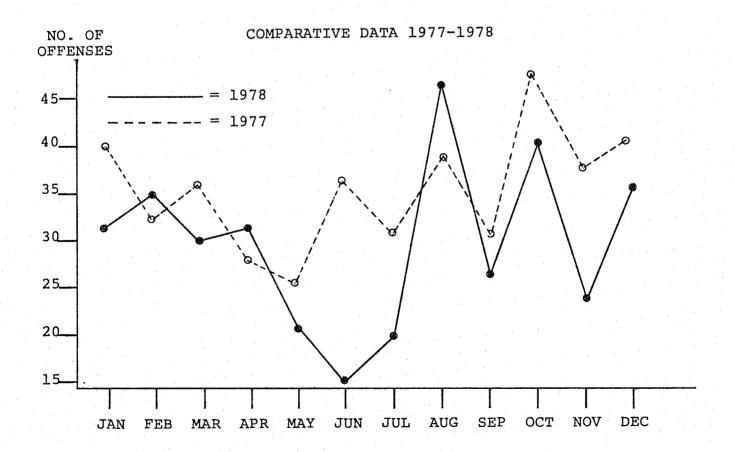
CRIME CLOCK - 1 ROBBERY EVERY 24 HOURS

Robbery is "the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear". All attempts to rob are included in the Uniform Crime Report. Robberies and attempts are reported in four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) strong arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.).

The offense of robbery showed a sharp decrease in 1978 as law enforcement agencies reported 359 offenses as compared to 419 in 1977 - a decrease of 14.3%. Armed robberies decreased by 59 offenses in 1978 - from 223 in 1977 to 164 in 1978.

The value of property stolen as a result of robbery was \$201,342. Bank robberies, numbering only 8 offenses, accounted for more than \$100,000 of value or 51.5% of the total value of robbery. The offense classification of "Robbery-Highway" shows 178 offenses or 49.5% of the total.

Law enforcement agencies cleared 36.2% of the robbery offenses in 1978.

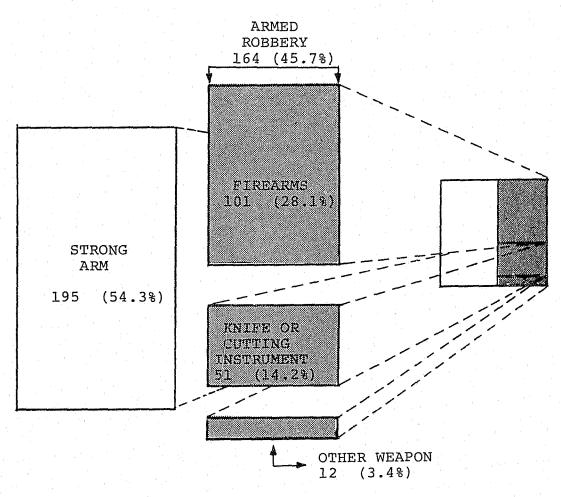


ROBBERY

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

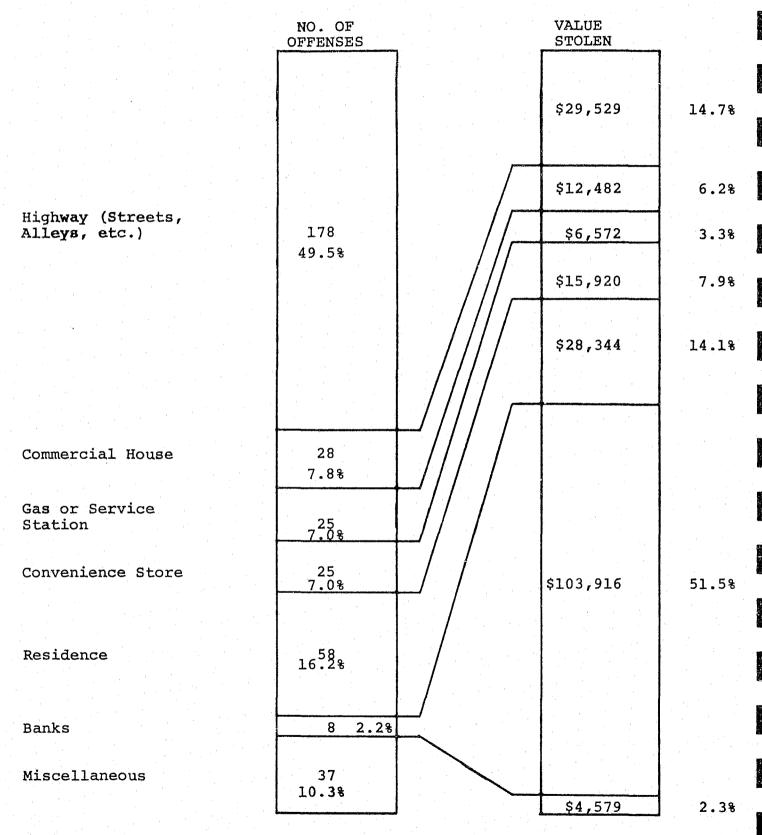
| | NO. OFFE | | PERCENT | DEDCEMM MOMAT | | To the second |
|---------------------------|-------------|------|---------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| CLASSIFICATION | 1977 | 1978 | CHANGE | TOTAL 1977 | VALUE 1978 | PERCENT CHANGE |
| Highway | 160 | 178 | 11.3+ | \$ 21,152 | \$ 29,529 | 39.6+ |
| Commercial House | 72 | 28 | 61.1- | 21,483 | 12,482 | 41.9- |
| Gas or Service Station | 37 | 25 | 32.4- | 10,043 | 6,572 | 34.6- |
| Convenience Stor | e 32 | 25 | 21.9- | 13,529 | 15,920 | 17.7+ |
| Residence | 58 | 58 | | 45,052 | 28,344 | 37.1- |
| Banks | 12 | 8 | 33.3- | 80,064 | 103,916 | 29.8+ |
| Miscellaneous | 48 | 37 | 22.9- | 27,512 | 4,579 | 83.4- |
| Total | 419 | 359 | 14.3- | \$218,835 | \$201,342 | 8.0- |

TYPE OF WEAPON



ROBBERY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY CLASSIFICATION





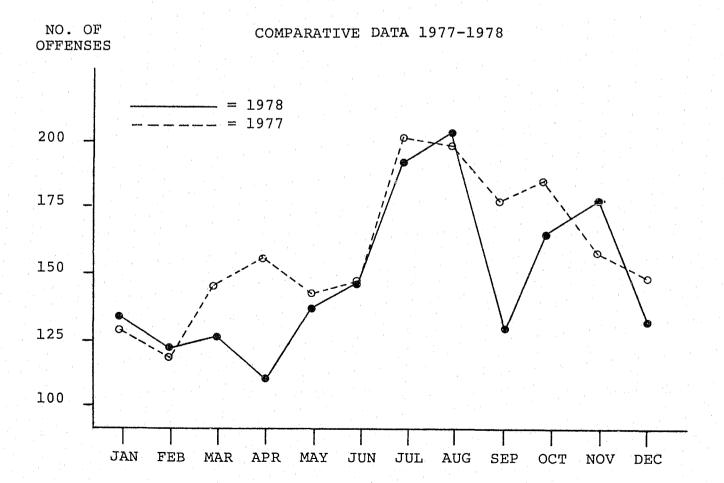
ASSAULT

CRIME CLOCK - 1 AGGRAVATED ASSAULT EVERY 5 HOURS

An assault is "an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another". Assaults with the intent to rob or rape are not included here. For Uniform Crime Reporting, this offense is divided into four categories: (1) gun (any firearm); (2) knife or cutting instrument; (3) other dangerous weapons; and (4) hands, fists, feet, etc. (causing aggravated injury). Also recorded, but not considered an Index Crime is the category "other assaults - simple", which in non-aggravated.

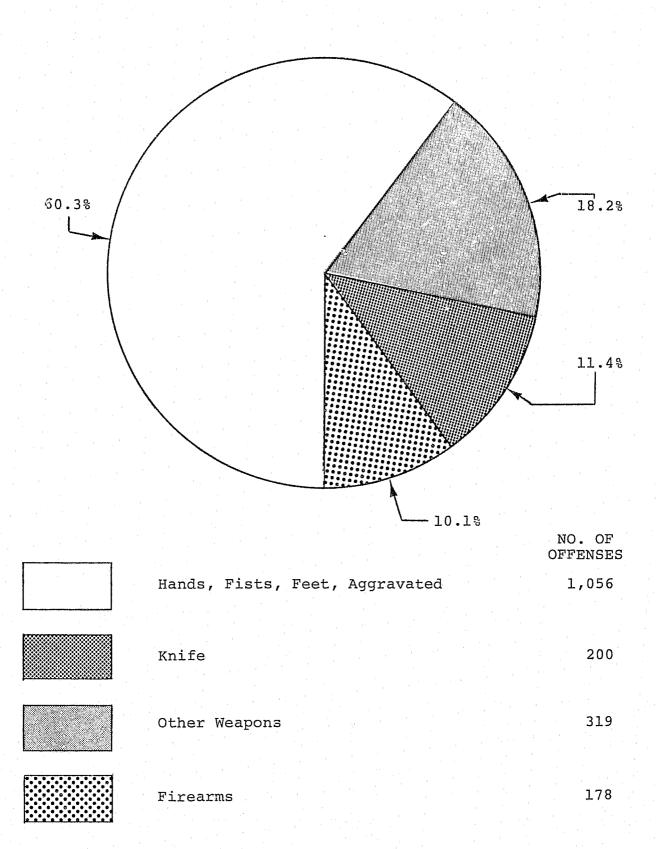
In 1978, there were 1,753 aggravated assaults reported, a decrease of 4.9%, or 91 offenses less than the year 1977. Hands, fists, or feet accounted for the majority of assaults with 1,056 incidents, while firearms were used in 178 assaults. Knives, with 200 offenses reported, and other weapons, with 319, accounted for the balance. Of the 1,753 aggravated assaults reported, 75.8% were cleared.

There were 3,542 simple assaults during the year 1978, compared to 3,003 reported in 1977.



ASSAULT

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978





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BURGLARY

CRIME CLOCK - 1 BURGLARY EVERY 38 MINUTES, 52 SECONDS

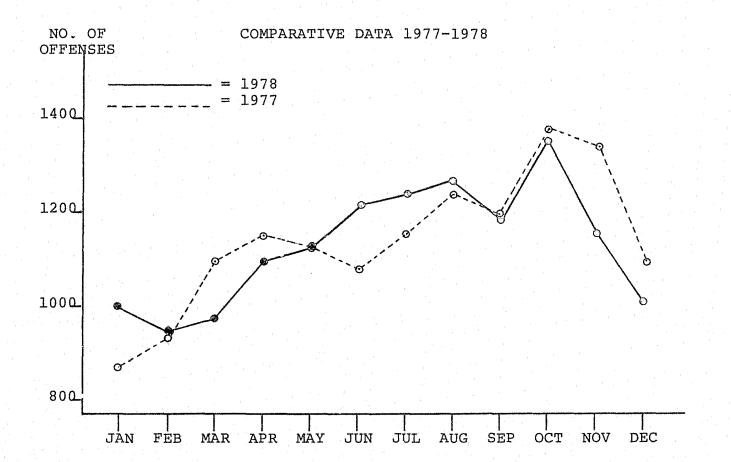
Burglary, also known as breaking and entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny". Data collection for this offense in Uniform Crime Reporting is recorded in three categories: (1) forcible entry; (2) unlawful entry - no force; and (3) attempted forcible entry.

The offense of burglary continued to show a downward trend in 1978, where 13,525 were reported by law enforcement agencies compared to 13,589 in 1977 and 14,047 in 1976 and 14,443 in 1975. The decrease over the four year period of 918 offenses represents a 6.4% decrease since 1975.

For the comparative years 1978 vs. 1977, burglaries in the nighttime reflect the largest decreases - 387 offenses and \$135,873 in property value stolen.

The total value of property stolen during burglary decreased by \$265,160 in 1978.

Law enforcement agencies show a burglary clearance rate of 24.2%.



BURGLARY

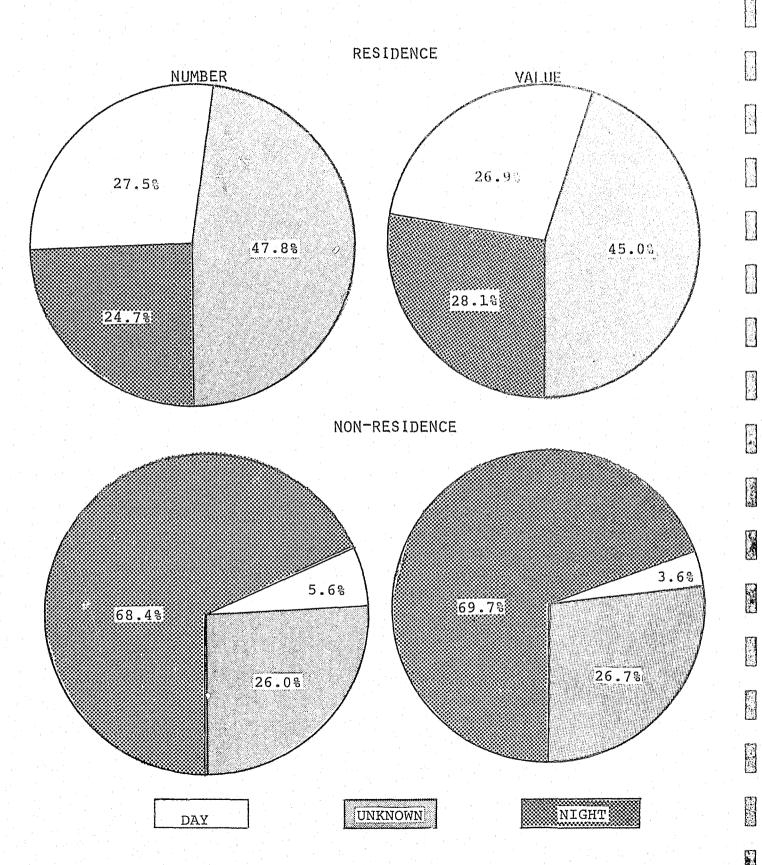
JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

| TYPE OF BURGLARY | NUMBER OI 1977 | F OFFENSES 1978 | PERCENT CHANGE |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Forcible Entry Unlawful Entry - No Force Attempted Forcible Entry | 10,268 2,228 1,093 | 9,956 2,551 1,018 | 3.0- 14.5+ 6.9- |
| TOTAL | 13,589 | 13,525 | 0.5- |

TIME OF DAY

| CLASSIFICATION | NO. OF 1977 | OFFENSES 1978 | PERCENT CHANGE | TOTAL VALUE 1977 1978 | PERCENT CHANGE |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| RESIDENCE | | | | | |
| 6 AM - 6 PM 6 PM - 6 AM Unknown | 2,215 2,551 4,103 | 2,372 2,130 4,128 | 7.1+ 16.5- 0.6+ | \$ 676,911 \$ 663,725 809,438 637,492 1,137,877 1,065,679 | 1.9- 21.2- 7.1- |
| SUBTOTAL | 8,869 | 8,630 | 2.7- | \$2,624,226 \$2,366,896 | 9.8- |
| NON-RESIDENCE | | | | | |
| 6 AM - 6 PM 6 PM - 6 AM Unknown | 261 3,314 1,145 | 276 3,348 1,271 | 5.7+ 1.0+ 11.0+ | \$ 54,611 \$ 50,569 947,454 983,527 417,176 377,315 | 7.4- 3.8+ 9.6- |
| SUBTOTAL | 4,720 | 4,895 | 3.7+ | \$1,419,241 \$1,411,411 | 0.6- |
| GRAND TOTAL | 13,589 | 13,525 | 0.5- | \$4,043,467 \$3,778,307 | 6.6- |

BURGLARY PERCENT DISTRIBUTION BY NUMBER AND VALUE





LARCENY - THEFT

CRIME CLOCK - 1 LARCENY EVERY 19 MINUTES, 48 SECONDS

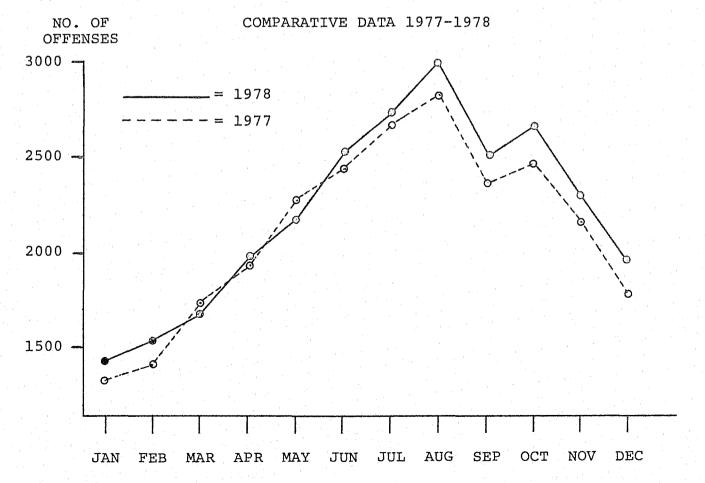
Larceny-theft is "the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership". Motor vehicle thefts are excluded from this offense classification. A supplementary report form breaks out several categories: (1) pocket-picking; (2) purse-snatching; (3) shoplifting; (4) from motor vehicles; (5) motor vehicle parts and accessories; (6) bicycles; (7) from buildings; (8) from coin-operated machines; and (9) all other. Larcenies are also categorized by dollar value: (1) under \$50; (2) \$50 to \$200; and (3) \$200 and over.

Larcenies continued their upward trend in the State of Maine. In 1978 there were 26,533 offenses reported compared to 25,484 in 1977 - an increase of 4.1%. Since 1975, the first full year of the Uniform Crime Reporting System, reported larcenies have increased by 3,537 offenses - 15.4%.

Shoplifting increased for the second consecutive year. This offense classification has increased nearly 50% since 1975. There were 1,980 offenses of shoplifting in 1975 compared to 2,961 in 1978.

Larcenies reported in the classifications "From Motor Vehicles" and "Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories" decreased 7.7% over the 1977-1978 period, while the value decreased 5.2%.

The clearance rate for larceny was 22.8% in 1978 as compared to 22.1% in 1977.



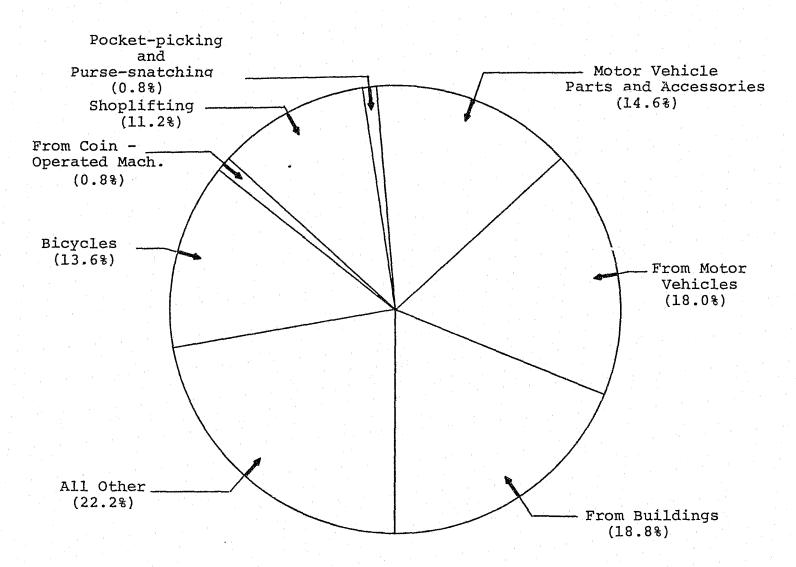
LARCENY
JANUARY - DECEMBER 1978

| | NO. | OF OFFENS | SES PERCENT | | TOTAL VALUE | PERCENT | |
|----------------------------|--------|-----------|----------------|-----------|-------------|---------|---|
| CLASSIFICATION | 1977 | 1978 | CHANGE | 1977 | 1978 | CHANGE | |
| Pocket-Picking | 68 | 72 | 5.9+ | 7,142 | 8,103 | 13.5+ | |
| Purse Snatching | 159 | 1,46 | 8.2- | 11,123 | 16,727 | 50.4+ | |
| Shoplifting | 2,472 | 2,961 | 19.8+ | 85,983 | 102,770 | 19.5+ | |
| From Motor Vehicles | 5,081 | 4,789 | 5.7- | 887,733 | 823,489 | 7.2- | |
| M/V Parts & Accessories | 4,298 | 3,870 | 10.0- | 456,129 | 450,416 | 1.3- | |
| Bicycles | 2,970 | 3,606 | 21.4+ | 258,816 | 317,748 | 22.8+ | |
| From Buildings | 4,612 | 4,999 | 8.4+ | 1,271,467 | 1,086,159 | 14.6- | |
| From Coin-Op. | 183 | 210 | 14.8+ | 35,360 | 15,419 | 56.4- | |
| Machines All Other | 5,641 | 5,880 | 4.2+ | | 1,512,626 | 4.1+ | - |
| Total | 25,484 | 26,533 | 4.1+ | 4,466,437 | 4,333,457 | 3.0- | |

AVERAGE LOSS PER OFFENSE

| Pocket-Picking | \$113 |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Purse-Snatching | 114 |
| Shoplifting | 34 |
| From Motor Vehicles | 172 |
| M/V Parts & Accessories | 116 |
| Bicycles | 88 |
| From Buildings | 217 |
| From Coin-Op. Machines | 73 |
| All Other | 257 |

NATURE OF LARCENY





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MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

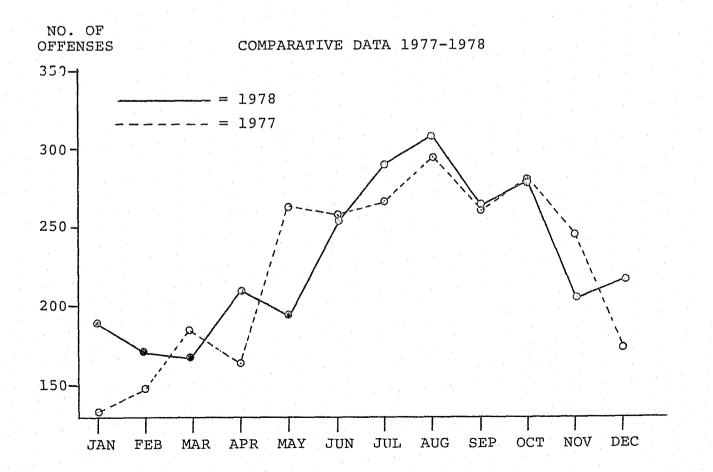
CRIME CLOCK - 1 MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT EVERY 3 HRS., 10 MINS., 13 SECS.

Motor vehicle theft is simply "the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle"; included here is "joy riding". Excluded from this offense for Uniform Crime Reporting is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees. The type of vehicle is classified as: (1) automobile; (2) trucks and buses; and (3) other vehicles.

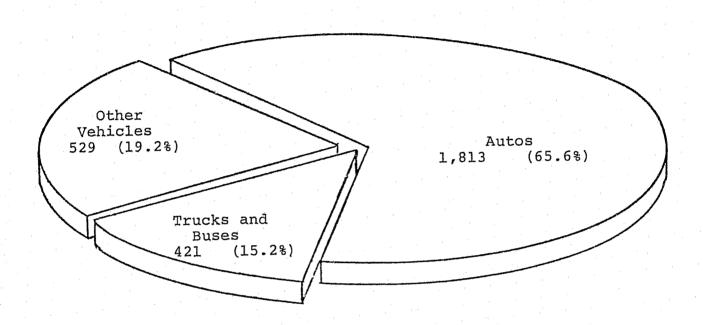
Thefts of motor vehicles increased 3.1% in 1978 - from 2,679 in 1977 to 2,763 in 1978.

Thefts in the classification "automobile", decreased nearly 4.0%, while "trucks and buses" increased 23.0%. "Other vehicles", consisting of snowmobiles, motorcycles, etc., increased 17.6%. Of the 2,763 vehicles reported stolen during the year, authorities recovered 2,307 of them for an 83.5% recovery rate.

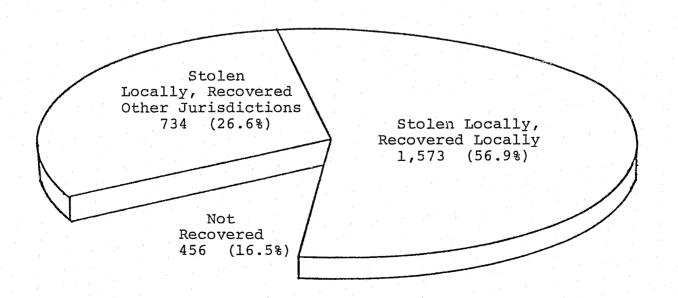
Law enforcement agencies were able to clear 967 motor vehicle theft offenses for a clearance rate of 34.9%.



MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT TYPE OF VEHICLE



STOLEN/RECOVERED



STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY VALUES

Supplementary reports relating to properties stolen and recovered provide information on the estimated value of such properties. The investigating officer has the obligation to assess the value of property stolen and recovered in each crime index offense. The officer is guided by the following instructions:

- (1) Use fair market value for items subject to depreciation.
- (2) Use wholesale cost of goods stolen from retail establishments.
- (3) Use victim's evaluation of nondepreciable items.
- (4) Use cost of replacement to victims for new or almost new items.

During the year 1978, property valued in excess of \$14 million was stolen. During this same period, law enforcement officers recovered more than \$6.8 million for a recovery rate of 47.9%. This compares admirably with the 42.6% State recovery rate for 1977. Property recovery on a National level was 32.0% during the year 1977 - the latest National comparison figures available.

A breakdown by type of property follows:

| TYPE OF PROPERTY | STOLEN | RECOVERED | PERCENT RECOVERED |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Currency, Notes, Etc. | \$1,296,587 | \$ 238,625 | 18.4 |
| Jewelry & Precious Metals | 570,651 | 96,704 | 16.9 |
| Clothing & Furs | 199,440 | 60,481 | 30.3 |
| Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles | 6,137,275 | 5,207,415 | 84.8 |
| Office Equipment | 88,290 | 30,672 | 34.7 |
| Televisions, Radios, Cameras, | Etc. 1,242,817 | 204,499 | 16.4 |
| Firearms | 202,034 | 46,365 | 22.9 |
| Household Goods | 554,377 | 68,849 | 12.4 |
| Consumable Goods | 265,912 | 53,736 | 20.2 |
| Livestock | 18,951 | 3,555 | 18.7 |
| Miscellaneous | 3,735,894 | 847,522 | 22.6 |
| TOTAL | \$14,312,228 | \$6,858,423 | 47.9 |

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| g | |

| 1978 | | | , | | | | | | |
|------------|--|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | ANDROSCOGGIN | AROOSTOOK | CUMBERLAND | FRANKLIN | HANCOCK | KENNEBEC | KNOX | LINCOLN |
| Currency: | Stolen Recovered & Recovered | \$ 144,797 56,681 39.1 | \$ 89,308 34,366 38.4 | \$ 313,133 43,957 14.0 | \$ 33,936 768 2.2 | \$ 22,578 1,228 5.4 | \$ 121,124 18,987 15.6 | \$ 18,090 \$ 4,958 27.4 | 13,267 714 5.3 |
| Jewelry: | Stolen Recovered & Recovered | 40,381 3,067 7.5 | 24,206 2,387 9.8 | 204,789 28,035 13.6 | 4,045 1,243 30.7 | 9,579 2,218 23.1 | 78,139 1,917 2.4 | 11,122 1,794 16.1 | 7,524 1,999 26.5 |
| Clothing: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 11,297 2,970 26.2 | 8,305 1,991 23.9 | 84,486 27,530 32.5 | 2,197 172 7.8 | 3,252 588 18.0 | 11,456 3,606 31.4 | 4,546 1,509 33.1 | 2,974 1,094 36.7 |
| Locally St | olen Automobiles Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 578,950 511,258 88.3 | 412,901 460,481 111.5 | 1,922,027 1,533,682 79.7 | 115,000 76,130 66.2 | 167,745 138,620 82.6 | 415,760 313,620 75.4 | 181,510 176,825 97.4 | 100,777 97,353 96.6 |
| Office Equ | ipment: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 8,164 901 11.0 | 2,150 545 25.3 | 41,070 11,864 28.8 | | 564 | 9,006 4,061 45.0 | 1,972 535 27.1 | 2,894 575 19.8 |
| Television | s, Cameras, Etc Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 85,313 15,089 17.6 | 50,294 14,300 28.4 | 428,818 60,218 14.0 | 10,266 1,339 13.0 | 42,598 6,222 14.6 | 87,512 10,166 11.6 | 53,054 5,264 9.9 | 57,103 27,316 47.8 |
| Firearms: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 7,569 1,689 22.3 | 12,394 2,512 20.2 | 35,988 10,033 27.8 | 4,938 534 10.8 | 13,752 5,330 38.7 | 23,469 3,501 14.9 | 8,778 650 7.4 | 4,309 592 13.7 |
| Household | Goods: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 27,650 9,543 34.5 | 10,023 1,972 19.6 | 143,502 13,222 9.2 | 22,429 539 2.4 | 54,324 4,167 7.6 | 56,899 11,753 20.6 | 21,447 1,131 5.2 | 33,717 1,381 4.0 |
| Consumable | Goods: Stolen Recovered Recovered | 23,862 13,784 57.7 | 11,973 1,381 11.5 | 66,375 8,453 12.7 | 5,702 1,045 18.3 | 5,167 444 8.5 | 25,109 6,812 27.1 | 14,936 4,200 28.1 | 8,127 400 4.9 |
| Livestock: | Stolen Recovered Recovered | 451 100 22.1 | 1,940 170 8.7 | 1,345 156 11.5 | 230 230 100.0 | | 1,475 500 33.8 | | 250 100 40.0 |
| Miscellane | eous: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 251,723 55,202 21.9 | 221,850 51,685 23.2 | 1,071,823 209,117 19.5 | 70,055 5,635 8.0 | | 265,855 68,059 25.6 | 127,204 37,089 29.1 | 134,304 45,119 33.5 |
| TOTAL | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | \$1,180,157 670,284 56.7 | \$ 845,344 571,790 67.6 | \$4,313,356 1,946,267 45.1 | \$ 268,798 87,635 32.6 | 177,349 | \$1,095,804 442,982 40.4 | \$ 442,659 \$ 233,955 52.8 | 365,246 176,643 48.3 |

| | | ANDROSCOGGIN | AROOSTOOK | CUMBERLAND | FRANKLIN | HANCOCK | KENNEBEC | KNOX | LINCOLN |
|-------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| Currency: | Stolen | \$ 117,591 | \$ 173,813 | \$ 372,541 | \$ 32,745 | \$ 52,373 | \$ 73,755 \$ | 27,250 | \$'22,323 |
| | Recovered | 13,234 | 112,937 | 39,271 | 4,000 | 2,761 | 8,190 | 2,509 | 8,342 |
| | % Recovered | 11.2 | 64.9 | 10.5 | 12.2 | 5.2 | 11.1 | 9,2 | 37.3 |
| Jewelry: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 19,394 6,354 32.7 | 6,612 1,893 28.6 | 202,035 18,024 8.9 | 418 67 16.0 | 9,036 3,960 43.8 | 45,518 1,747 3.8 | 10,979 | 8,358 10,035 120.0 |
| Clothing: | Stolen | 16,128 | 4,362 | 102,345 | 1,263 | 1,020 | 14,634 | 7,956 | 1,010 |
| | Recovered | 2,563 | 5,085 | 13,935 | 16 | 107 | 798 | 361 | 502 |
| | % Recovered | 15.8 | 116.5 | 13.6 | 1.2 | 10.4 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 49.7 |
| Locally Sto | len Automobil | es: | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen | 529,067 | 381,937 | 1,630,370 | 49,392 | 225,810 | 410,815 | 220,195 | 71,720 |
| | Recovered | 486,707 | 386,574 | 1,281,176 | 36,868 | 196,331 | 238,700 | 184,395 | 51,245 |
| | & Recovered | 91.9 | 101.2 | 78.5 | 74.6 | 86.9 | 58.1 | 83.7 | 71.4 |
| Office Equi | pment: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 5,984 1,288 21.5 | 8,419 830 9.8 | 44,044 9,161 20.7 | 85 | 595 60 10.0 | 4,615 1,030 22.3 | 2,022 | 423 70 16.5 |
| Televisions | , Cameras, et | 3., | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen | 106,701 | 61,347 | 538,596 | 12,846 | 36,302 | 101,160 | 49,259 | 24,877 |
| | Recovered | 23,041 | 10,226 | 70,319 | 3,823 | 7,466 | 13,315 | 4,108 | 2,795 |
| | % Recovered | 21.5 | 16.6 | 13.0 | 29.7 | 20.5 | 13.1 | 8.3 | 11.2 |
| Firearms: | Stolen | 11,049 | 9,412 | 33,140 | 1,443 | 3,904 | 19,330 | 4,370 | 13,212 |
| | Recovered | 5,363 | 2,878 | 5,378 | 50 | 325 | 3,566 | 385 | 1,600 |
| | % Recovered | 48.5 | 30.5 | 16.2 | .6 | 8.3 | 18.4 | 8.8 | 12.1 |
| Household G | Goods: | | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen | 24,336 | 16,456 | 166,375 | 16,481 | 32,490 | 45,283 | 9,324 | 25,966 |
| | Recovered | 1,085 | 1,255 | 29,070 | 903 | 2,790 | 8,921 | 823 | 3,050 |
| | % Recovered | 4.4 | 7.6 | 17.4 | 5.4 | 8.5 | 19.7 | 8,8 | 11.7 |
| Consumable | Goods: | | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen | 11,790 | 6,134 | 58,446 | 1,857 | 26,634 | 12,031 | 17,108 | 5,154 |
| | Recovered | 1,868 | 3,310 | 6,445 | 67 | 322 | 1,773 | 2,415 | 185 |
| | % Recovered | 15.8 | 53.9 | 11.0 | 3.6 | 1.2 | 14.7 | 14.1 | 3.5 |
| Livestock: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 985 200 20.3 | 560 210 37.5 | 910 500 54.9 | 700 | 956 22 2.3 | 5,905 1,571 26.6 | 20 | 35 35 100.0 |
| Miscellaneo | ous: | | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen | 299,002 | 223,211 | 1,096,233 | 86,870 | 112,294 | 313,089 | 108,618 | 139,503 |
| | Recovered | 76,511 | 57,952 | 277,315 | 14,629 | 24,480 | 57,808 | 15,629 | 43,495 |
| | % Recovered | 25.5 | 25.9 | 25.2 | 16.8 | 21.7 | 18.4 | 14.3 | 31.1 |
| TOTAL | Stolen | 1,142,027 | 892,263 | 4,245,035 | 210,100 | 501,414 | 1,046,135 | 457,101 | 312,581 |
| | Recovered | 618,214 | 583,150 | 1,750,595 | 60,423 | 238,624 | 337,419 | 210,625 | 121,354 |
| | % Recovered | 54.1 | 65.3 | 41.2 | 28./ | 47.5 | 32.2 | 46.0 | 38.8 |

| J | 100 |
|---|-----|
| | |

| 1978 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | OXFORD | PENOBSCOT | PISCATAQUIS | SAGADAHOC | SOMERSET | WALDO | WASHINGTON | YORK |
| Currency: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | \$ 24,448 9,308 38.0 | \$ 221,090 13,491 6.1 | \$ 2,877 1,301 45.2 | \$ 28,867 6,390 22.1 | \$ 24,388 6,104 25.0 | \$ 29,677 534 1.7 | \$ 24,581 6,337 25.7 | \$ 184,426 33,501 18.1 |
| Jewelry: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 20,329 1,600 7.8 | 39,248 14,830 37.7 | 2,150 | 5,110 780 15.2 | 13,801 6,635 48.0 | 1,593 | 33,648 17,510 52.0 | 74,987 12,689 16.9 |
| Clothing: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 3,503 371 10.5 | 13,749 4,202 30.5 | 419 49 11.6 | 3,116 535 17.1 | 2,155 1,113 51.6 | 2,202 31 1.4 | 840 183 21.7 | 44,943 14,537 32.3 |
| Locally St | olen Automobi | les: | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 163,088 130,588 80.0 | 735,208 589,693 80.2 | 30,919 22,680 73.3 | 90,296 72,999 80.8 | 99,373 90,248 90.8 | 146,750 115,810 78.9 | 116,930 95,400 81.5 | 860,041 782,028 90.9 |
| Office Equ | ipment: Stolen Recovered & Recovered | 1,360 200 14.7 | 14,121 5,640 39.9 | | 90 25 27.7 | 890 | 350 | 15 | 5,644 6,326 112.0 |
| Television | s, Cameras, e | tc | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 22,568 2,161 9.5 | 130,704 22,002 16.8 | 3,968 1,420 35.7 | 35,237 4,086 11.5 | 19,595 8,850 45.1 | 19,943 2,434 12.2 | 11,779 4,828 40.9 | 184,065 18,804 10.2 |
| Firearms: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 5,518 1,445 26.1 | 33,424 11,434 34.2 | 2,786 | 5,423 782 14.4 | 6,427 1,440 22.4 | 6,397 270 4.2 | 2,573 961 37.3 | 28,289 5,192 18.3 |
| Household | Goods • | | | | | | | | |
| 110 43 0110 14 | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 20,078 3,775 18.8 | 35,644 2,824 7.9 | 4,743 181 3.8 | 12,300 1,285 10.4 | 5,535 900 16.2 | 14,543 1,830 12.5 | 17,761 1,020 5.7 | 73,882 13,326 18.0 |
| Consumable | Goods: | | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 11,973 3,893 32.5 | 31,408 8,375 26.6 | 192 96 50.0 | 8,473 1,346 15.8 | 3,336 152 4.5 | 7,731 118 1.5 | 7,655 1,240 16.1 | 33,893 1,997 5.8 |
| Livestock: | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 45 270 600.0 | 5,065 356 7.0 | 35 | 220 200 90.9 | 1,445 | 4,454 800 17.9 | 620 25 4.0 | 1,376 648 47.0 |
| Miscellane | ous: | | | | | | | | |
| | Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 77,406 13,309 17.1 | 423,969 61,053 14.4 | 34,368 6,598 19.1 | 100,962 13,162 13.0 | 119,043 24,070 20.2 | 93,422 28,366 30.3 | 77,871 36,115 46.3 | 536,650 174,411 32.4 |
| TOTAL | Stolen Recovered & Recovered | \$350,316 166,920 47.6 | \$1,683,630 733,900 43.5 | \$ 82,357 32,325 39.2 | \$ 290,094 101,590 35.0 | \$ 295,988 139,512 47.1 | \$ 327,062 150,193 45.9 | \$ 294,273 163,619 55.6 | \$2,028,196 1,063,459 52.4 |

PROPERTY STOLEN/RECOVERED BY COUNTY

| 1977 | | | PROPERTY STOLEN | /RECOVERED BY | Y COUNTY | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 13// | OXFORD | PENOBSCOT | PISCATAQUIS | SAGADAHOC | SOMERSET | WALDO | WASHINGTON | YORK |
| Currency: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | \$ 46,808 13,004 27.7 | \$ 166,973 24,593 14.7 | \$ 15,886 1,488 9.3 | \$ 23,344 2,009 8.6 | \$ 13,356 2,062 15.4 | \$ 13,324 2,108 15.8 | \$ 20,509 7,479 36.4 | \$ 189,703 30,185 15.9 |
| Jewelry: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 18,867 10,295 54.5 | 31,858 8,774 27.5 | 1,085 620 57.1 | 12,341 4,255 34.4 | 5,371 1,658 30.8 | 4,643 150 3.2 | 2,734 605 22.1 | 315,426 40,740 12.9 |
| Clothing, Furs: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 2,808 844 30.0 | 24,501 7,882 32.1 | 242 45 18.5 | 3,827 962 25.1 | 3,041 363 11.9 | 1,782 615 34.5 | 1,589 544 34.2 | 32,577 4,289 13.1 |
| Locally Stolen Automobi Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 107,530 99,450 | 832,531 693,389 83.2 | 46,960 31,660 67.4 | 70,129 54,229 77.3 | 172,350 107,750 62.5 | 51,564 50,439 97.8 | 131,098 101,762 77.6 | 708,473 401,784 56.7 |
| Office Equipment: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 929 659 70.9 | 1,967 8,673 440.9 | 600 600 100.0 | 5,040 25 | 1,612 307 19.0 | 672 | 379 | 12,407 1,251 10.0 |
| Televisions, Cameras, e Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 18,955 8,088 42.6 | 163,549 28,937 17.6 | 8,028 880 10.9 | 49,439 4,681 9.4 | 27,043 4,599 17.0 | 41,384 2,467 5.9 | 15,005 4,052 27.0 | 224,622 36,259 16.1 |
| Firearms: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 10,846 3,095 28.5 | 40,554 8,665 21.3 | 1,005 140 13.9 | 7,508 2,140 28.5 | 10,029 825 8.2 | 9,131 405 4.4 | 2,082 665 31.9 | 21,377 4,486 20.9 |
| Household Goods: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 21,124 998 4.7 | 39,216 5,501 14.0 | 5,251 500 9.5 | 27,110 756 2.7 | 19,608 834 4.2 | 13,668 971 7.1 | 6,701 1,311 19.5 | 114,579 11,157 9.7 |
| Consumable Goods: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 17,835 5,138 28.8 | 31,381 5,472 17.4 | 1,571 680 43.2 | 8,573 658 7.6 | 8,971 2,108 23.4 | 20,419 1,022 5.0 | 3,471 540 15.5 | 22,734 4,336 19.0 |
| Livestock: Stolen Recovered Recovered | 50 | 7,113 898 12.6 | | 1,690 1,300 76.9 | 750 50 6.6 | 850 | 520 | 315 50 15.8 |
| Miscellaneous: Stolen Recovered % Recovered | 97,021 22,932 23.6 | 398,779 69,376 17.3 | 42,142 9,805 23.2 | 91,654 19,636 21,4 | 132,940 30,568 22.9 | 58,386 11,701 20.0 | 49,910 8,784 17.5 | 453,820 119,249 26.2 |
| TOTALS: Stolen Recovered Recovered | 342,773 164,503 47.9 | 1,738,422 862,160 49.5 | 122,770 46,418 37.8 | 300,655 90,651 30.1 | 395,071 151,124 38.2 | 215,823 69,878 32.3 | 233,998 125,742 53.7 | 2,096,033 653,786 31.1 |

CLEARANCE RATES

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, a Crime Index Offense is cleared when a law enforcement agency has identified the offender, there is enough evidence to charge him and he is actually taken into custody. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes, or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional circumstances when some element beyond law enforcement control precludes formal charges against the offender. An offense may be exceptionally cleared when it falls into one of the following categories:

- 1. The offender commits suicide.
- 2. A double murder occurs (two persons kill each other).
- 3. The offender dies after making a confession (dying declaration).
- 4. The offender is killed by law enforcement officers.
- 5. The offender confesses to committing the crime while already in custody for another crime or serving a sentence.
- 6. The offender is prosecuted in another city for a different crime by federal, state or local authorities, or for the same offense, and the other jurisdiction refuses to release the offender.
- 7. Another jurisdiction refuses to extradite the offender.
- 8. The victim of a crime refuses to cooperate in the prosecution.
- 9. The offender is prosecuted for a less serious charge than the one for which he was arrested.
- 10. The offender is a juvenile who is handled by a verbal or written notice to the parents in instances involving minor offenses such as petit or simple larceny.

For the year 1978, 26.3% of all Index Crimes were cleared either by arrest or exceptional means. The percentage of violent crimes cleared was 69.5% while the clearance rate for property crimes was 24.1%.

CLEARANCE RATES OF INDEX OFFENSES JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

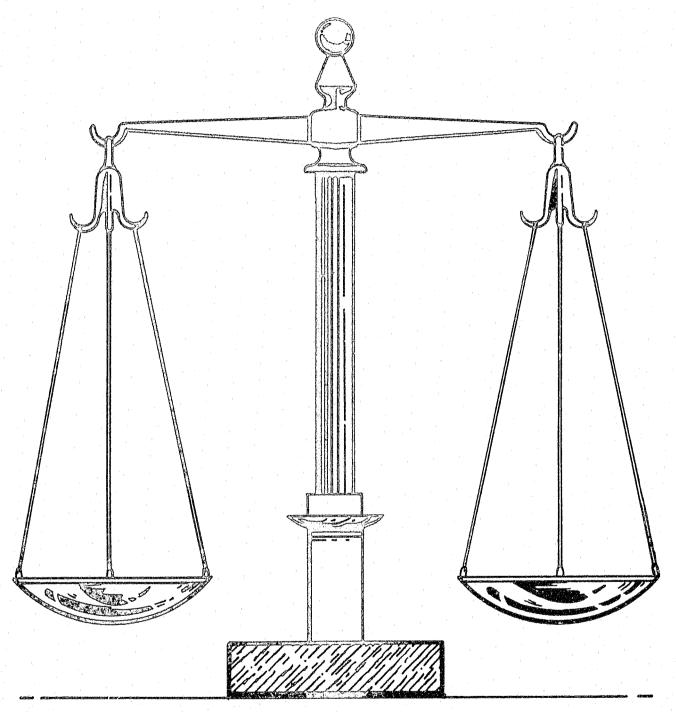
| OFFENSES | NUMBER OF OFFENSES | NUMBER OF OFFENSES CLEARED | PERCENT CLEARED |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| MURDER | 30 | 27 | 90.0 |
| RAPE | 121 | 87 | 71.9 |
| ROBBERY | 359 | 130 | 36.2 |
| AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | 1,753 | 1,328 | 75.8 |
| BURGLARY | 13,525 | 3,277 | 24.2 |
| LARCENY | 26,533 | 6,065 | 22.8 |
| MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | 2,763 | 967 | 34.9 |
| TOTAL | 45,084 | 11,881 | 26.3 |

NOTE: Offenses cleared do not necessarily relate to the actual offenses during the January - December period.

ANALYSIS OF OFFENSES CLEARED BY AGE

| | 18 and Over | ONLY UNDER 18* |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Murder | 96.3% | 3.7 |
| Rape | 94.3% | 5.7 |
| Robbery | 77.7% | 22.3 |
| Aggravated Assault | 90.9% | 9.1 |
| Burglary | 59.5% | 40.5 |
| Larceny | 62.9% | 37.1 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 72.4% | 27.6 |
| TOTAL | 66.0% | 34.0 |

^{*} If a clearance involves both a juvenile and adult, it is cleared on the adult side only.



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ARREST DATA

In addition to the monthly reports on the number of Index Crimes reported, law enforcement agencies also submit monthly forms detailing the number of persons arrested. These forms categorize the arrests by offense classification (both Part I and Part II crimes), and by age, race and sex. No traffic offenses, except driving under the influence, are included. The same individual may be arrested several times over a period of time; each separate arrest is counted. A person may be arrested on several charges at one time; only one arrest is counted and is listed under the most serious charge. For Uniform Crime Reporting, a juvenile is counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would result; in fact, there may not have been a formal charge.

Nearly one third (30.1%) of all arrests in 1978 were juveniles. Of the 11,329 arrests of juveniles, 41.6% were for index offenses.

The report form on juvenile arrests used by the police agency, includes a section on the disposition of each person. These categories are: (1) handled within the department and released; (2) referred to juvenile court or a probation and parole officer; (3) referred to a welfare agency; (4) referred to other police agency; and (5) referred to the criminal or adult court. During 1978, 54.1% of all juvenile violators were handled within police agencies and released without charges to their parents or guardians; 40.3% were referred to juvenile court or probation department; and a total of 5.6% were either referred to a welfare agency, another police agency or criminal or adult court.

A review of adults arrested (18 years of age and over) reveals that 20.3% were for index offenses. More than one half (54.4% of adults arrested were under 25 years of age; and 24.9% were between 25 and 34 inclusive.

Considering both juveniles and adults, 85.5% of the 37,633 persons arrested were under 35 years of age. More than one fourth of all arrests were for index offenses.

ARREST DATA* NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED BY AGE CATEGORY JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1973

JUVENILES

| | NUMBER OF PERSONS ARRESTED | PERCENT DISTRIBUTION | CUMULATIVE PERCENT |
|----------------|--|---|--|
| AGE CATEGORY | | | |
| 10 & Under | 457 769 . 2,361 . 2,204 . 2,545 . 2,993 | 1.2 2.0 6.3 5.8 6.8 8.0 | 1.2 3.2 9.5 15.3 22.1 30.1 |
| TOTAL JUVENILE | 11,329 | 30.9 | |
| ADULTS | | | |
| 18 | 3,202 2,821 2,266 1,907 1,600 1,333 1,167 3,984 2,576 1,650 1,231 977 664 427 264 235 | 8.3 7.5 6.0 5.5 4.3 3.5 3.1 10.5 6.7 4.4 3.3 2.6 1.8 1.1 .7 .6 | 38.4 45.9 51.9 57.4 61.7 65.2 68.3 78.8 85.5 89.2 95.8 97.6 98.7 99.4 |
| TOTAL ADULTS | 26,304 | 69.1 | |
| TOTAL ARRESTS | 37,633 | 100.0 | |

^{*}See explanation of juvenile arrest procedure on preceding page.

| | | | | | | | | | | DTSPO | SITIONS | * | |
|---|----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|----------|----------|-----|
| | | 10 | 11-12 | 13-14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | Total | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Murder | Male Female | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Manslaughter | Male Female | | * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forcible Rape | Male Female | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Robbery | Male Female | | 2 | 13 1 | 13 | 20 2 | 24 | 72 4 | 21 3 | 46 | | 2 | 3 |
| Aggravated Assault | Male Female | | 4 | 12 | 17 4 | 25 3 | 39 7 | 97 17 | 23 | 70 15 | | | 4 |
| Burglary-Breaking and Entering | Male Female | 35 2 | 78 5 | 324 27 | 273 22 | 317 12 | 353 13 | 1,380 | 365 32 | 968 48 | 12 | 29 1 | 6 |
| Larceny Theft (Except Auto Theft) | Male Female | 114 31 | 205 71 | 461 181 | 369 153 | 446 126 | 397 108 | 1,992 670 | 1,087 | 864 226 | 19 14 | 20 10 | 2 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | Male Female | 1 | 10 | 70 5 | 74 13 | 117 | 96 5 | 368 32 | 78 7 | 274 25 | 2 | 12 | 2 |
| Other Assaults | Male Female | 17 4 | 30 3 | 58 25 | 67 16 | 72 11 | 92 12 | 336 71 | 173 29 | 154 40 | 2 2 | 5 | 2 |
| Arson | Male Female | 10 | 7 | 11 | 9 | 8 1 | 7 | 52 3 | 24 3 | 23 | 3 | 2 | |
| Forgery and Counterfeiting | Male Female | 1 | 1 | 5 3 | 11 | 15 | 26 4 | 59 16 | 8 6 | 48 10 | 2 | | 1 |
| Fraud | Male Female | 1 | 1 | 1 4 | 5 2 | 1 2 | , 6 1 | 14 10 | 7 5 | 6 4 | 1 | 1 1 · | |
| Embezzlement | Male Female | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Stolen Property - Buying, Receiving, Possessing | Male Female | 2 | 2 5 | 11 2 | 15 4 | 16 1 | 40 1 | 86 14 | 39 10 | 43 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| Vandalism | Male Female | 135 5 | 132 4 | 276 20 | 175 18 | 131 13 | 136 17 | 985 77 | 721 63 | 247 14 | 6 | 11 | |
| Weapons-Carrying, Possessing, etc. | Male Female | | 1, | 7 | 2 1 | 2 | 16 1 | 28 | 16 | 10 3 | | 2 | |
| Prostitution | Male Female | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 3 | <u>1</u> 5 | 1 5 | | | | |
| Sex Offenses (Except Forcible Rape and | Male Female | 1 | . 1 | 6 1 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 18 | 6 1 | 10 | 1 | | 1 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | DISP | SITIONS | * | |
|--|----------------|--|--------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|---------|------------|---------|
| | | 10 | 11-12 | 1314 | 15 | 16 | 17 | Total | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| DRUG OFFENSES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (1) Sale/Manufacturi | .ng | | | | | | | | | | | | , |
| Opium or Cocaine & Their Derivative | Male Female | | | | | | 2 | 2 | | . 2 | | | |
| Marijuana | Male Female | | 1 | 3 1 | 2 4 | 11 | 16 | 33 6 | 15 1 | 13 5 | | 1 | 4 |
| Synthetic Narc. | Male Female | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 3 1 | 1 | 3 | | | |
| Other Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs | Male Female | | | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 5 | | | |
| TOTAL Sale/ Manufacturing | Male Female | | 1 | 5 2 | 4 | 13 | 24 | 47 | 19 2 | 23 5 | | 1 | 4 |
| (2) Possession | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Opium or Cocaine & Their Derivatives | Male Female | | | | 1 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 1 | | | |
| Marijuana | Male Female | 1 | 5 2 | 54 20 | 90 16 | 115 20 | 161 13 | 426 71 | 228 53 | 179 15 | 2 1 | 8 2 | 9 |
| Synthetic Narc. | Male Female | | | | 2 1 | 5 1 | 1 | 8 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | | |
| Other Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs | Male Female | | | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 9 2 | 6 1 | | | | |
| TOTAL Possession | Male Female | 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1 | 5 2 | 55 21 | 93 18 | 126 21 | 170 13 | 450 75 | 243 55 | 186 17 | 4 | 8 2 | 9 |
| TOTAL Drug Abuse | Male Female | 1 | 6 2 | 60 23 | 97 22 | 139 22 | 194 13 | 497 82 | 262 57 | 209 | 4 1 | 9 2 | 1.3 |
| Offenses Against Family & Children | Male Female | 9 1 | 2 1 | 4 1 | 4 2 | 2 2 | 2 1 | 23 8 | .5 2 | 4 | 14 6 | | |
| Driving Under The Influence | Male Female | | | 1 | 4 | 34 5 | 123 5 | 162 10 | 36 4 | 118 6 | | | 8 |
| Liquor Laws | Male Female | 1 | 1 | 27 16 | 79 27 | 181 44 | 405 27 | 694 114 | 307 85 | 299 22 | 2 | 2 2 | 84 5 |
| Drunkenness | Male Female | 1 | | 5 5 | 8 4 | 10 7 | 16 2 | 40 18 | 29 18 | 9 | | , 1 | 1 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | DISPO | SITION | s* · | | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| | | 10 | 11-12 | 13-14 | 1 15 | 16 | 17 | Total | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | |
| Disorderly Conduct | Male Female | 13 2 | 25 4 | 64 33 | 96 30 | 126 43 | 232 35 | 556 147 | 366 97 | 186 46 | 3 4 | | | |
| Vargancy | Male Female | | | | 1 | 2 3 | 3 | 5 4 | 3 2 | 2 2 | | | | |
| All Other Offenses (Except Traffic) | Male Female | 47 3 | 77 17 | 228 56 | 230 63 | 252 60 | 360 44 | 1,194 243 | 715 167 | 355 59 | 24 7 | 64 9 | 36 1 | |
| Curfew and Loitering | Male Female | , <u>1</u> | 13 4 | 30 22 | 31 26 | 30 19 | 21 | 126 72 | 100 60 | 21 7 | 4 2 | 1 3 | | |
| Run-aways | Male Female | 11 6 | 28 27 | 124 133 | 91 120 | 96 106 | 44 54 | 394 446 | 317 340 | 21 20 | 27 64 | 29 22 | | |
| GRAND TOTAL | Male Female Total | 400 57 457 | 626 143 769 | 1,798 563 2,361 | 1,674 530 2,204 | 2,045 500 2,545 | 2,638 355 2,993 | 9,181 2,148 11,329 | 4,709 1,418 6,127 | 3,990 573 4,563 | 126 101 227 | 193 50 243 | 163 6 169 | |

*JUVENILE DISPOSITIONS - 1978

| | | 1978 | % of Total |
|-----|---|--------|------------|
| (1) | HANDLED WITHIN DEPARTMENT AND RELEASED | 6,127 | 54.1 |
| (2) | REFERRED TO JUVENILE COURT OR PROBATION DEPT. | 4,563 | 40.3 |
| (3) | REFERRED TO WELFARE AGENCY | 227 | 2.0 |
| (4) | REFERRED TO OTHER POLICE AGENCY | 243 | 2.1 |
| (5) | REFERRED TO CRIMINAL OR ADULT COURT | 169 | 1.5 |
| | Total | 11,329 | 100.0 |

ADULT ARRESTS

| | | 18 | 19 | 20 | , 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 29 | 30 34 | 35 39 | 40 44 | 45 49 | 50 54 | 55 59 | 60 64 | OVER 65 | TOTAL |
|--|----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Murder | Male Female | 4 | | 2 | 1 | 2 , | | | 2 | 1 | 2 | | 3 | | . 1 | | | 18 |
| Manslaughter | Male Female | 2 | 1 | | 2 | 1 | | | 3 | | | | | 2 | | | | 10 |
| Forcible Rape | Male Female | 4 1 | 2 | 2 , | . 7 | <u> </u> | 5 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 9 | 8 | | 1 | , 1 , | | | 52 1 |
| Robbery | Male Female | 17 | 18 | 18 | 17 1 | 10 | 4 1 | 7 | 23 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | | 131 5 |
| Aggravated Assault | Male Female | 39 4 | 48 5 | 32 4 | 50 5 | 36 3 | 43 | 46 1 | 123 5 | 80 7 | 50 6 | 29 3 | 27 3 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 636 51 |
| Burglary-Breaking and Entering | Male Female | 297 8 | 242 9 | 163 5 | 106 6 | 110 | 77 5 | 54 | 143 | 68 2 | 28 1 | 23 | 10 | 3 · 1 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 1,334 |
| Larceny-Theft (Except Auto Theft) | Male Female | 375 98 | 284 75 | 222 63 | 160 47 | .134 | 92 26 | 74 20 | 269 67 | 167 46 | 96 31 | 62 29 | 55 22 | 38 23 | 31 25 | 32 14 | 23 13 | 2,114 631 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | Male Female | 60 3 | 37 | 32 2 | 24 | 21 | 11 | 1.3 | 43 | 35 1 | 12 1 | 7 2 | 4 | | 1 | 1 | | 301 12 |
| Other Assaults | Male Female | 84 13 | 87 8 | 69 16 | 68 | 53 7 | 58 8 | 61 4 | 181 12 | 120 10 | 66 13 | 48 5 | 20 8 | 20 4 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 960 112 |
| Arson | Male Female | 8 | . 3 : | 4 | 4 | 3 | **; 7 * | 4 | 11 | 3 1 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | 1 | 63 2 |
| Forgery and Counterfeiting | Male Female | 11 | 9 4 | 6 5 | 16 8 | 15 8 | 6 2 | 9 5 | 32 15 | 21 7 | 6 3 | 3 2 | . 8 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 2 | | 148 64 |
| Fraud | Male Female | 5 3 | 13 3 | 16 3 | 10 3 | 12 3 | 9 4 | 12 4 | 32 19 | 36 15 | 20 8 | 13 3 | 4 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | 187 73 |
| Embezzlement | Male Female | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Stolen Property - Buying, Receiving Possessing | Male Female | 39 | 22 | 26 4 | 14 | 18 | 13 | 9 1 | 33 1 | 29 1 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 2 | | | | 221 19 |
| Vandalism | Male Female | 64 8 | 54 4 | 39 3 | 40 | 25 | 24 | 18 | 48 | 33 4 | 18 4 | 10 1 | 12 1 | 3 1 | 3 | | 1 | 392 35 |
| Weapons-Carrying Possessing, etc. | Male Female | 17 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 24 | 24 1 | 8 | 9 | 6 1 | 5 1 | 2 | * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | 3 | 144 6 |
| Prostitution | Male Female | 1 | 3 | 4 | 6 | | 2 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | | | 3 17 |

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| | and the second | | | | | | | | . - (% | | | | | | | | | e general e |
|--|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|----------|------------|------------|----------|------------|----------|------------|--------------|
| | | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 29 | 30 34 | 35 39 | 40 44 | 45 49 | 50 54 | 55 59 | 60 64 | OVER 65 | TOTAL |
| Sex Offenses (Ex. Forcible Rape and Prostitution | Male Female | • 7 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 3 | .5 | 31 | 19 | 19 | 13 | 3 | 12 | , 2 | 6 | 7 | 146 |
| DRUG OFFENSES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (1) Sale/Manufacto | ring | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| Opium or Cocaine & Their Derivatives | Male Female | 1 | 1 | | | | | | 2 | | | | | 1 | | | | 5 |
| Marijuana | Male Female | 17 | 14 5 | 10 | 12 | 7 | 13 2 | 17 2 | 37 1 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | | 141 12 |
| Synthetic Narc. | Male Female | 2 | 1 | | 2 1 | 1 | | 1 | 4 | 2 | | 1 | | | | | | 14 2 |
| Other Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs | Male Female | 1 . | | 2 | | | 3 | 1 | 3 | * 3 | 1 | | | | ,1. | | | 15 3 |
| TOTAL Sale/ Manufacturing | Male Female | 21 | 16 6 | 12 | 14 3 | 8 | 16 3 | 19 3 | 46 1 | 14 | 3 1 | 2 . | 1 | 1 | 2 | | | 175 17 |
| (2) Possession | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Opium or Cocaine & Their Derivatives | Male Female | 1 | 3 · 1 | 3 | 2 . | 2 | | '3 | 4 | 3 + | | | | | | | | 18 6 |
| Marijuana | Male Female | 208 20 | 180 9 | 176 18 | 116 13 | 106 16 | 78 14 | 48 18 | 184 23 | 45 7 | 18 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | 1,169 138 |
| Synthetic Narc. | Male Female | 10 1 | 7 | 7 | 3 | 2 1 | 2 | 2 1 | 9 | 2 | 2 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | | 49 8 |
| Other Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs | Male Female | 5 | 5 2 | 7 3 | 16 1 | 8 2 | 5 1 | 4 | 22 6 | 13 2 | 6 | 3 | . 2 | 1 | | | | 97 17 |
| TOTAL Possession | Male Female | 224 21 | 195 13 | 193 22 | 137 14 | 118 20 | 85 15 | 54 22 | 219 32 | 63 9 | 26 1 | 9 | 7 | 2 | . 1 | | | 1,333 169 |
| TOTAL Drug Abuse | Male Female | 245 21 | 211 19 | 205 22 | 151 17 | 126 20 | 101 18 | 73 25 | 265 33 | 77 9 | 29 2 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 3 | | | 1,508 186 |
| Gambling | Male Female | 1 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | | | | | 3 |
| Offenses Against Family & Children | Male Female | | 5 | 2 | 3 | 2 | | 1 | 5 3 | 3 | | | | 2 | | 1 | 1 | 25 3 |

| | | | | 253 | | | | 8 / Jan | | | | | Salar. | · Kasa | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | OVER | |
| | | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 29 | 34 | 39 | 44 | 49 | 54 | 59 | 64 | 65 | TOTAL |
| Driving Under The Influence | Male Female | 291 21 | 437 | 446 35 | 413 31 | 382 | 295 .30 | 300 25 | 1,287 87 | 915 78 | 641 63 | 535 37 | 418 | 323 35 | 206 14 | 108 | 101 | 7,098 551 |
| Liquor Laws | Male Female | 509 35 | 394 25 | 83 | 51 5 | 36 4 | 40 | 31 | 49 1 | 24 | 1.7 | 8 2 | 10 2 | 13 1 | , 7 , | 5 | 3 | 1,280 81 |
| Drunkenness | Male Female | 2 | | 3 | 3 | · 3 | . 2 | 1 | 11 1 | 4 | 14 | 2 | 3 | . 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 60 4 |
| Disorderly Conduct | Male Female | 293 30 | 276 27 | 250 33 | 228 22 | 178 12 | 152 15 | 113 14 | 323 48 | 204 25 | 131 23 | 86 19 | | 43 9 | 25 7 | 21 3 | 13 5 | 2,426 304 |
| Vagrancy | Male Female | 1 | | ı | . 1 | , 1 | | | 1 |) · 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | . 1 | | 7 |
| All Other Offenses (Ex. Traffic) | Male Female | 518 58 | 421 32 | 401 | 344 20 | 283 18 | 242 26 | 200 27 | 657 73 | 450 46 | 267 37 | 209 35 | | 75 13 | 55 8 | 35 2 | 31 11 | 4,361 461 |
| GRAND TOTAL | Male Female Total | 310 | 2,579 242 2,821 | 227 | 180 | 138 | 143 | 130 | 379 | 254 | 194 | 142 | 119 | 569 .95 664 | 370 57 427 | 232 32 264 | 202 33 235 | 23,629 2,675 26,304 |

ARRESTS - DRUG AND LIQUOR VIOLATIONS

Due to the nature of the violations and a high interest and concern by public officials and the citizens of Maine generally, a special review is provided of drug and alcohol related arrests. The charts displayed reveal the number and age of people arrested during 1978.

The information provided here should be of interest to social agencies involved in the study of drugs and alcohol problems in Maine. The information pinpoints the predominant drug and liquor arrests in Maine by age and identifies possible problem areas.

Facts revealed by the chart on drug violations:

- * 91.3% of all juvenile drug arrests involved possession violations, while 8.7% were for sale or manufacturing of drugs.
- * 88.7% of all adult drug arrests involved possession violations, while 11.3% were for sale or manufacturing of drugs.

Facts revealed by the chart on liquor violations:

- * 82.4% of all arrests involving juveniles were for violation of liquor laws, while 17.6% were for driving under the influence of liquor.
- * 84.9% of all arrests involving adults were for driving under the influence of liquor, while 15.1% were for violations of liquor laws.

DRUG AND LIQUOR ARRESTS BY AGE JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

(INCLUDES THOSE RELEASED WITHOUT HAVING BEEN FORMALLY CHARGED)

DRUG ARRESTS

LIQUOR ARRESTS

| AGE M | SALES/ MANUFACTURING | POSSESSION | TOTAL | OPERATING UNDER INFLUENCE | LIQUOR LAWS | TOTAL | TOTAL DRUG AND LIQUOR ARRESTS |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| 10 & Under 11 - 12 13 - 14 15 - 16 | 0 1 7 22 24 | 1 7 76 302 183 | 1 8 83 324 207 | 0 0 1 43 128 | 1 43 331 432 | 1 44 374 560 | 2 9 127 698 767 |
| Total Juveni | le 54 | 569 | 623 | 172 | 808 | 980 | 1,603 |
| % of Total | 8.7 | 91.3 | 100.0 | 17.6 | 82.4 | 100.0 | |
| 18 19 20 21 - 29 30 - 39 40 - 49 50 - 59 60 & Over | 21 22 12 113 18 3 3 | 245 208 215 716 99 16 3 | 266 230 227 829 117 19 6 | 312 460 481 2,877 1,697 1,022 578 222 | 544 419 86 219 42 22 21 | 856 879 567 3,096 1,739 1,044 599 | 1,122 1,109 794 3,925 1,856 1,063 605 230 |
| Total Adults | 192 | 1,502 | 1,694 | 7,649 | 1,361 | 9,010 | 10,704 |
| % of Total | 11.3 | 88.7 | 100.0 | 84.9 | 15.1 | 100.0 | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| GRAND TOTAL | 246 | 2,071 | 2,317 | 7,821 | 2,169 | 9,990 | 12,307 |
| % of Total | 10.6 | 89.4 | 100.0 | 78.3 | 21.7 | 100.0 | |



POLICE EMPLOYMENT DATA

The Uniform Crime Reporting System in Maine incorporates a collection of important data relating to police within the state. Information such as ratio of police to population, assaults on officers, and related analyses are covered in this section.

On October 31, 1978 there were 1,264 full time law enforcement officers in communities with organized police departments. This represents 1.58 officers per 1,000 population.

In Maine's 16 Sheriff's Departments there were 344 full time law enforcement officers. The number of full time law enforcement officers per 1,000 population ratio for rural areas, those areas not covered by full time municipal police, is 1.08.

The Maine State Police, with state-wide jurisdiction, and providing all phases of law enforcement services, employs 326 full time sworn officers.

State-wide, there were 1,932 full time sworn law enforcement officers. The total complement of officers represents a rate of 1.79 officers per 1,000 population. Nationally, the rate per 1,000 population is 2.10.

Caution should be exercised in using rates for comparative purposes since a wide variety of factors dictate the number of employees necessary to various law enforcement agencies. The same conditions and factors that affect the amount and type of crime in a given community also must be considered in the employment of personnel. Employee numbers are best determined by citizens and public officials of a community based upon the level of service they need and are willing to pay for.

FULL TIME LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS AS OF OCTOBER 31, 1978 BY COUNTY

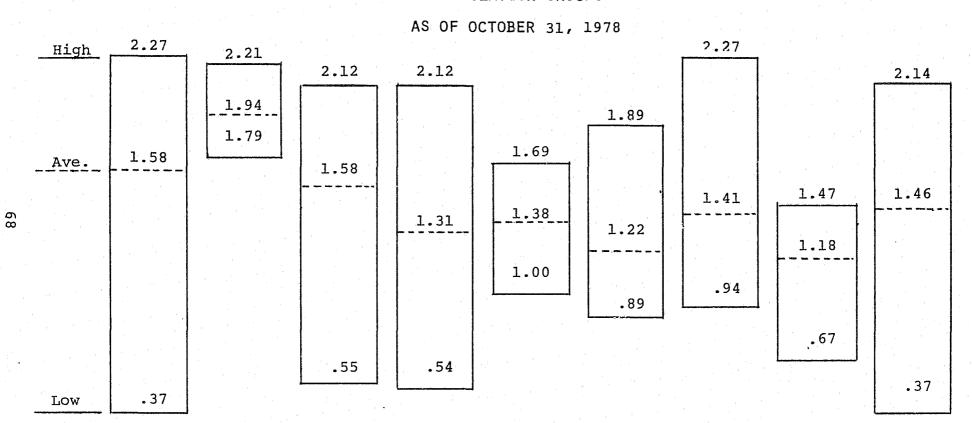
| COUNTY | MUNICIPAL | COUNTY | TOTAL | OFFICERS PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|------------------|-------------------|--------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Androscoggin | 135 | 34 | 169 | 1.77 |
| Aroostook | 90 | 27 | 117 | 1.21 |
| Cumberland | 330 | 72 | 402 | 1.95 |
| Franklin | 16 | 19 | 35 | 1.38 |
| Hancock | 32 | 14 | 46 | 1.13 |
| Kennebec | 108 | 19 | 127 | 1.23 |
| Knox | 39 | 15 | 54 | 1.62 |
| Lincoln | 21 | 12 | 33 | 1.38 |
| Oxford | 33 | 14 | 47 | 1.03 |
| Penobscot | 172 | 43 | 215 | 1.58 |
| Piscataquis | 11 | 11 | 22 | 1.31 |
| Sagadahoc | 31 | 9 | 40 | 1.47 |
| Somerset | 34 | 14 | 48 | 1.09 |
| Waldo | 10 | 10 | 20 | .73 |
| Washington | 34 | 8 | 42 | 1.25 |
| York | 168_ | 23 | 191 | 1.52 |
| TOTAL | 1,264 | 344 | 1,608 | 1.49 |
| STATE POLICE | | | 326 | |
| TOTAL LAW ENFORC | CEMENT OFFICERS (| MAINE) | 1,932 | 1.79 |

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

RANGE OF FULL-TIME SWORN EMPLOYEES

BY

POPULATION GROUPS



POPULATION GROUPS AND NUMBER OF MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENTS

| ALL DEPTS. | 20,000 & OVER | 10,000 TO 19,999 | 7,500 TO 9,999 | 6,000 TO 7,499 | 5,000 TO 5,999 | 4,000 TO 4,999 | 3,000 TO 3,999 | 2,500 TO 2,999 |
|---------------|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | 7 | 13 | 13 | 10 | 8 | 15 | 11 | 12 |

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ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

The following information is based on a detailed monthly collection of data in the Uniform Crime Reporting System regarding the problem of assaults on municipal, county and state law enforcement officers. The large number of reported assaults on law enforcement officers is partially due to a prevalent attitude of disrespect for law enforcement in certain elements of our society.

There were 420 assaults on law enforcement officers during the year 1978. This represents an assault ratio of 31.7 assaults per 100 full time law enforcement officers. This indicates a reduction of 71 actual assaults from the 491 reported in 1977, or a 14.5% decrease. In 1976 the number of assaults on police officers numbered 608 in the State of Maine. In 1977 the Legislature imposed stiffer penalties to those persons convicted of assault on police officers. It is felt that this deterrent affect had a measurable impact on the reduction of this offense.

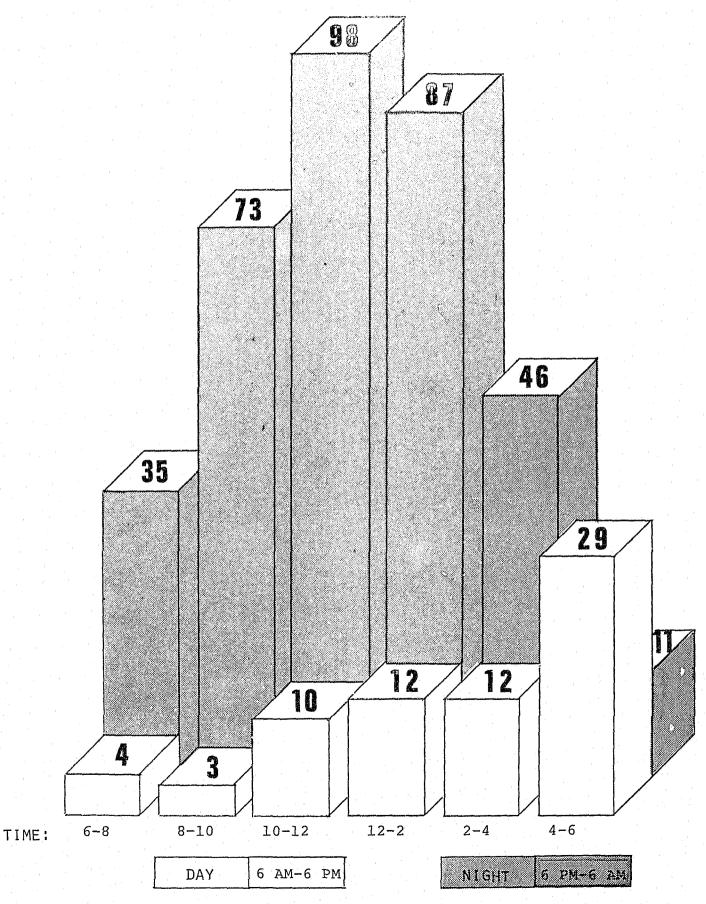
The greatest number of assaults, 29.5% occurred while officers were responding to disturbance calls (family quarrels, person with weapon, etc.). Attempting other arrests accounted for 27.1% of all assaults on officers; traffic pursuits and stops, 11.9%; handling and transporting prisoners, 8.6% and "all other" situations, 11.4%.

Personal weapons, (hands, fists, or feet) were used in 88.3% of all assaults while 2.4% were committed by firearm; 2.4% by knife or cutting instrument and 6.9% were committed by other dangerous weapons.

30.7 percent of all assaults on officers resulted in personal injury to the officer that resulted in either lost time or need of medical attention. Police cleared 96.2% of all reported assaults on officers.

| | | | | 1978 |
|---|-------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | PERCENT OF | ASSAULT |
| | ASSAULTS ON | OFFICERS | INCREASE OR | RATE PER |
| | 1977 | 1978 | DECREASE | 100 OFFICERS |
| Androscoggin | 35 | 44 | 25.7+ | 26.0 |
| Aroostook | 23 | 19 | 17.3- | 16.2 |
| Cumberland | 137 | 116 | 15.3- | 28.9 |
| Franklin | 7 | 7 | | 20.0 |
| Hancock | 12 | 5 | 58.3- | 10.9 |
| Kennebec | 25 | 13 | 48.0- | 10.2 |
| Knox | 28 | 16 | 42.9- | 29.6 |
| Lincoln | 9 | 5 | 44.4- | 15.2 |
| Oxford | 6 | 7 | 16.7+ | 14.9 |
| Penobscot | 39 | 50 | 28.2+ | 23.3 |
| Piscataquis | 8 | 5 | 37.5- | 22.7 |
| Sagadahoc | 18 | 25 | 38.9+ | 62.5 |
| Somerset | 26 | 8 | 69.2- | 16.7 |
| Waldo | - | 1 | 4 | 5.0 |
| Washington | 22 | 35 | 59.1+ | 83.3 |
| York | 78 | 39 | 50.0- | 20.4 |
| | 472 | 205 | 1 <i>C</i> E | 24 6 |
| Sub-Total | 473 | 395 | 16.5- | 24.6 |
| State Police | 18 | 25 | 38.9+ | 7.7 |
| TOTAL Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted | 491 | 420 | 14.5- | 21.7 |
| | | 70 | | |

ASSAULTS ON LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS BY TIME OF DAY



GONTANUED

Helative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

rolicies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.

The main goal of this program is to identify crime and related problems. The statistics in this publication should not be used to measure or evaluate the workloads and results of the individual contributing departments. While most police agencies are collectively thought of as crime fighting units, considerable independent research shows only a small portion of the workload of many departments is spent fighting crime. Because of other assigned duties, the peculiar cycle of crime and clearances, and the different community factors that normally affect crime statistics, no conclusions on individual departments should be reached without consulting their in-house duties and records.

Crime rates in this publication are based on the stable population of the community. Seasonal population figures are too inaccurate and fluctuating to be used as a measurement for determining crime rates. Communities with extra high seasonal populations may show a higher crime rate per thousand than might be normal for a community their size.

This does not impair the police administrator of the community from using this standard measure for planning and administrative purposes as data is available to him on a monthly basis and months of population influx can be taken into consideration.

PROFILE OF THE STATE OF MAINE

This profile is presented to provide some general knowledge and facts about the State of Maine. It is hoped that this information might assist in understanding the environment in which the reported crime incidence and arrest data detailed in this report occurred.

Maine is situated in the northeast corner of the New England states and is bounded by New Hampshire, Quebec Province, the Maritime Provinces and a 3,500 mile coast on the Atlantic Ocean. Eighty-four percent of Maine's 33,000 square miles is classified as timberland, and seven percent as inland water; the remaining nine percent contains approximately a million people. The state's population density is approximately 36 persons per square mile ranging from Cumberland County's 230 per square mile to just over 4 per square mile in Piscataquis County.

There are sixteen counties containing 496 minor civil divisions (cities and townships) in the State. Nearly one-half of the population lives in towns of less than 2,500 inhabitants. The larger metropolitan areas are Greater Portland, Lewiston/Auburn, and Bangor/Brewer. In 1970, 70% of Maine's population lived in a corridor 30 miles wide and 250 miles long. This corridor was bounded 15 miles on either side of the Maine Turnpike/Rt. I-95, extending from Kittery in the south to Houlton in the north. The population density within the total corridor was over three times the average for the State. Some shifts have occurred since 1970, but of only minor significance.

Historically, Maine has had a larger percentage of population over 60 and under 18 than other states in this region. Nearly 12 percent of the people are 65 and over; nearly one-third of the population is under 18 years of age. This fact was exaggerated in Maine by the significant out-migration of career-aged people in search of career opportunities in other parts of the nation. However, in recent years, with an increased environmental awareness and an appreciation of the natural resources of Maine coupled with better in-state job opportunities, this exodus has been stemmed by the arrival of a number of young people abandoning the professions in the eastern megalopolis and the retention of a greater number of Maine youth.

Although it is true that agriculture, tourism, and fishing comprise large economic activities in the state, Maine's economy is now primarily dependent on manufacturing. Slightly over one-third of employment is manufacturing; nearly three quarters of the people so employed work in six industries: leather, paper, lumber and wood products, food, transportation equipment, and textiles. Although great efforts have taken place to improve the economy of Maine's people, the state remains relatively poor. The average family income is still well below the other New England states. The influence of the lure of the natural features and the variable, but comfortable climate upon the State of Maine should not be understated. Maine's population swells to over 1,500,000 during the summer months, and an estimated 10,000,000 people visit the state throughout the year.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Androscoggin Sheriff's Dept | • | | 2 | * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | 17 | 100 | 103 | 9 | 231 | 57 | 24.6 | |
| Auburn | 24,151 | | 1 | 4 | 28 | 356 | 711 | 62 | 1,162 | 361 | 31.0 | 48.11 |
| Lewiston | 41,779 | 1 | 7 | 37 | 336 | 693 | 1,656 | 139 | 2,869 | 945 | 32.9 | 68.67 |
| Livermore Falls | 3,500 | - | - | _ | 2 | 5 | 44 | 9 | 60 | 34 | 56.6 | 17.14 |
| Lisbon Falls | 9,600 | - | 1 | - | 17 | 58 | 211 | 5 | 292 | 79 | 27.0 | 30.41 |
| Mechanic Falls | 2,500 | | | | 3 | 35 | 57 | 1 | 96 | 48 | 50.0 | 38.40 |
| Sabattus | 2,200 | _ | - | 1 | 9 | 25 | 45 | 12 | 92 | 34 | 36.9 | 41.81 |
| Androscoggin State Police | | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 29 | 27 | 12 | 72 | 37 | 51.3 | |
| Total Androsco County | ggin 95,500 | 1 | 12 | 43 | 414 | 1,301 | 2,854 | 249 | 4,874 | 1,595 | 32.7 | 51.03 |
| Total Urban Are | eas 83,730 | 1 | 9 | 42 | 395 | 1,172 | 2,724 | 228 | 4,571 | 1,501 | 32.8 | 54.59 |
| Total Rural Are | eas. 11,770 | - | 3 | 1 | 19 | 129 | 130 | 21 | 303 | 94 | 31.0 | 25.74 |

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AROOSTOOK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------|---------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Aroostook Sheriff's Dept. | | - | 1. | | 10 | 89 | 155 | 12 | 267 | 63 | 23.5 | |
| Caribou | 11,409 | 1 | | 1 | 5 | 99 | 230 | 16 | 352 | 204 | 57.9 | 30.85 |
| Fort Fairfield | 4,869 | | - | | 4 | 41 | 103 | 11 | 159 | 78 | 49.0 | 32.65 |
| Fort Kent | 4,900 | | 1 | | 1 | 15 | 78 | 4 | 99 | 22 | 22.2 | 20.20 |
| Houlton | 8,111 | | 2 | 1 | 7 | 74 | 1.48 | 41 | 273 | 100 | 36.6 | 33.65 |
| Madawaska | 5,585 | . 🚽 | _ | · | 5 | 8 | 158 | . 5 | 176 | 116 | 65.9 | 31.51 |
| Presque Isle | 12,500 | - | 1 | 2 | . 5 | 91 | 370 | 38 | 507 | 96 | 18.9 | 40.56 |
| Van Buren | 4,400 | . . | | 1 | 2 | 5 | 24 | 6 | 38 | 29 | 76.3 | 8.63 |
| Limestone | 10,360 | | - | - | 2 | 12 | 34 | | 48 | 18 | 37.5 | 4.63 |
| Washburn | 2,600 | | - | · | | 23 | 30 | · · | - 53 | 12 | 22.6 | 20.38 |
| Aroostook State Police | | | 3 | 7 | 9 | 187 | . 211 | 61 | 478 | 188 | 39.3 | |
| Total Aroostool County | 96,700 | 1 | v , 8 | 12 | 50 | 644 | 1,541 | 194 | 2,450 | 926 | 37.7 | 25.33 |
| Total Urban Are | eas 64,734 | 1 | 4 | 5 , | 31 | 368 | 1,175 | 121 | 1,705 | 675 | 39.5 | 26.34 |
| Total Rural Are | as 31,966 | • | 4 | 7 | 19 | 276 | 366 | 73 | 745 | 251 | 33.7 | 23.30 |

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CUMBERLAND COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

| | בוווווווווו | -111 1 111111 | 010 | | Of 1 Enoug | · idioitii to | | | 011,10 | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | STIMATED OPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
| Cumberland Sheriff's Office | | : | · • · | . 1 | 23 | 452 | 346 | 53 | 875 | 124 | 14.1 | |
| Brunswick | 18,500 | . • | 1 | 5 | 16 | 136 | 432 | 43 | 633 | 167 | 26.3 | 34.21 |
| Cape Elizabeth | 8,400 | | 1 | - | 5 | 78 | 113 | 4 | 20]. | 40 | 19.9 | 23.92 |
| Falmouth | 6,700 | | _ | 2 | 8 | 56 | 143 | 9 | 218 | 54 | 24.7 | 32.53 |
| Gorham | 10,000 | <u>-</u> | 1 | - | 18 | 74 | 123 | 17 | 233 | 61 | 26.1 | 23.30 |
| Portland | 65,106 | 3 | 20 | 99 | 378 | 1,757 | 3,580 | 494 | 6,331 | 1,315 | 20.7 | 97.24 |
| South Portland | 23,200 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | . 8 | 14 | 206 | 1,121 | 87 | 1,436 | 493 | 34.3 | 61.89 |
| Scarborough | 10,555 | ·,••• | 3 | 10 | 12 | 208 | 353 | 21 | 607 | 105 | 17.2 | 57.50 |
| Westbrook | 15,300 | | 1 | 2 | 36 | 163 | 575 | 55 | 832 | 162 | 19.4 | 54.37 |
| Bridgton | 3,250 | - | 2 | 1 | 8 | 131 | 218 | 19 | 379 | 147 | 38.7 | 116.61 |
| Cumberland | 5,200 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 33 | 27 | 7 | 69 | 52 | 75.3 | 13.26 |
| Freeport | 5,382 | . - · | 1 | 4 | 3 | 46 | 215 | 8 | 277 | 101 | 36.4 | 51.46 |
| Yarmouth | 6,500 | - | - . | 2 | 22 | 38 | 148 | 11. | 221 | 47 | 21.2 | 33.99 |
| Windham | 9,200 | | · - | 2 | 8 | 160 | 201 | 33 | 404 | 75 | 18.5 | 43.91 |
| University of Southern Maine | | - | ************************************** | | 2 | 31 | 86 | | 120 | 4 | 3.3 | |
| Cumberland State Police | | 1 | | 1 | 13 | 88 | 56 | 21 | 180 | 64 | 35.5 | |
| Total Cumberland County | 205,700 | 5 | 30 | 137 | 567 | 3,657 | 7,737 | 883 | 13,016 | 3,011 | 23.1 | 63.27 |
| Total Urban Area | s 187,293 | 4 | 30 | 135 | 531 | 3,117 | 7,335 | 809 | 11,961 | 2,823 | 23.6 | 63.86 |
| Total Rural Area | s 18,407 | 1 | | 2 | 36 | 540 | 402 | 74 | 1,055 | 188 | 17.8 | 57.32 |

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FRANKLIN COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|------|------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Franklin Sheriff's Dept | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | 152 | 64 | 11 | 227 | 27 | 11.8 | |
| Farmington | 5,657 | | | - | 3 | 49 | 243 | 16 | 311 | 179 | 57.5 | 54.97 |
| Jay | 4,300 | | 1. | - | 2 | 34 | 67 | 10 | 114 | 29 | 25.4 | 26.51 |
| Wilton | 4,300 | - | | ** | 3 | 27 | 33 | 7 | 70 | 22 | 31.4 | 16.27 |
| Franklin State Police | | · • | - | - , | | 19 | 133 | 5 · | 162 | 19 | 11.7 | |
| Total Franklin County | 25,400 | | 1. | - | 13 | 281 | 540 | 49 | 884 | 276 | 31.2 | 34.80 |
| Total Urban Arc | eas 14,257 | • | 1 | | 8 | 110 | 343 | 33 | 495 | 230 | 47.1 | 34.72 |
| Tetal Rural Are | eas 11,143 | • | - | | 5 | 171 | 197 | 16 | 389 | 46 | 11.8 | 34.91 |

HANCOCK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1973

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------|------|---------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Hancock Sheriff's Dept | • | | 2 | 1 | 4 | 277 | 183 | 9 . | 476 | 43 | 9.0 | |
| Bar Harbor | 3,716 | | | . 1 | 3 | 60 | 180 | 11 | 255 | 64 | 25.0 | 68.62 |
| Ellsworth | 5,300 | | - | 1 | 2 | 129 | 214 | 40 | 386 | 88 | 22.7 | 72.83 |
| Bucksport | 4,010 | - | . 1 | 1 | 1. | 50 | 48 | 2 | 103 | 27 | 26.2 | 25.68 |
| Hancock State Police | | | 1 | 2 | 11 | 67 | 31 | 19 | 131 | 48 | 36.6 | |
| Total Hancock County | 40,700 | | 4 | 6 | 21 | 583 | 656 | 81 | 1,351 | 270 | 19.9 | 33.19 |
| Total Urban Ar | eas 13,026 | - | 1 | 3 | 6 | 239 | 442 | 53 | 744 | 179 | 24.1 | 57.12 |
| Total Rural Ar | eas 27,674 | _ | 3 | 3 | 15 | 344 | 214 | 28 | 607 | 91 | 15.0 | 21.93 |

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KENNEBEC COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---|------|----------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Kennebec Sheriff's Dept | • | | 1 | | 7 | 67 | 86 | 1 | 162 | 65 | 40.1 | |
| Augusta | 21,029 | 1 | 5 | 15 | 23 | 282 | 770 | 63 | 1,159 | 351 | 30.2 | 55.11 |
| Gardiner | 6,723 | · · | 1 | • | 4 | 55 | 185 | 11 | 256 | 72 | 28.1 | 38.07 |
| Hallowell | 2,814 | - | - | . - | 1 | 15 | 59 | 3 | 78 | 13 | 16.6 | 27.71 |
| Waterville | 17,290 | ÷. | 1 | 9 | . 9 | 204 | 791 | 46 | 1,060 | 426 | 40.1 | 61.30 |
| Oakland | 4,900 | | 2 | 2 | 3 | 82 | 103 | 19 | 211 | 57 | 27.0 | 43.06 |
| Monmouth | 2,500 | | - | 1 | 3 | 31 | 19 | 1 | 55 | 13 | 23.6 | 22.00 |
| Winslow | 7,299 | | 1 | 1 | 3 | 85 | 84 | 9 | 183 | 31 | 16.9 | 25.07 |
| Winthrop | 5,100 | - | 3 | 2 | 4 | 42 | 69 | 2 | 122 | 34 | 27.8 | 23.92 |
| Kennebec State Police | | - | 5 | 2 | 39 | 195 | 168 | 47 | 456 | 94 | 20.6 | |
| Total Kennebec County | 103,200 | 1 | 19 | 32 | 96 | 1,058 | 2,334 | 202 | 3,742 | 1,156 | 30.8 | 36.25 |
| Total Urban Ar | eas 67,655 | ı | 13 | 30 | 50 | 796 | 2,080 | 154 | 3,124 | 997 | 31.9 | 46.18 |
| Total Rural Ar | eas 35,545 | . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 6 | 2 | 46 | 262 | 254 | 48 | 618 | 159 | 25.7 | 17.39 |

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KNOX COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| | MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|---|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Knox Sheriff's Dept. | | | - | | 16 | 146 | 145 | 11 | 318 | 54 | 16.9 | |
| | Camden | 4,350 | | | _ | 4 | 40 | 185 | 13 | 242 | 71 | 29.3 | 55.63 |
| | Rockland | 8,505 | 1 | | 2 | 14 | 110 | 527 | 31 | 685 | 204 | 29.7 | 80.54 |
| | Thomaston | 2,913 | _ | - | • 🕳 | 7 | 17 | 37 | 7 | 68 | 21 | 30.8 | 23.34 |
| | Rockport | 2,367 | · 👝 🔭 . | - | 1 | 2 | 28 | 70 | 5 | 106 | 20 | 18.8 | 44.78 |
| | Knox State Police | | 1 | , | - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | 6 | 52 | 34 | 10 | 103 | 20 | 19.4 | |
| ı , | Total Knox County | 33,300 | 2 | | 3 | 49 | 393 | 998 | 77 | 1,522 | 390 | 25.6 | 45.70 |
| | Total Urban Are | as 18,135 | 1 | - | 3 | 27 | 195 | 819 | 56 | 1,101 | 316 | 28.7 | 60.71 |
| | Total Rural Are | as 15,165 | 1 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 22 | 198 | 179 | 21 | 421 | 74 | 17.6 | 27.76 |

LINCOLN COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

JANUARY - DECEMBER, 1978

| | IMATED PULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--|--------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lincoln Sheriff's Dept. | | - · · | 2 | | 10 | 203 | 184 | 4 | 403 | 98 | 24.3 | |
| Boothbay Harbor | 2,550 | - · | - | | 1 | 40 | 53 | 10 | 104 | 21 | 20.1 | 40.78 |
| Damariscotta | 2,600 | - | , <u>-</u> - | | 4 | 25 | 33 | 4 | 66 | 20 | 30.3 | 25.38 |
| Waldoboro | 3,500 | · | - | - | 10 | 47 | 71 | 5 | 133 | 22 | 16.5 | 37.99 |
| Wiscasset | 2,500 | - | · <u> </u> | _ | 4 | 28 | 58 | 3 | 93 | 14 | 15.0 | 37.20 |
| Lincoln State Police | | - | 1 | • | 3 | 46 | 32 | 7 | 89 | 18 | 20.2 | |
| Total Lincoln County | 23,900 | _ | 3 | en de la companya de La companya de la co | 32 | 389 | 431 | 33 | 888 | 193 | 21.7 | 37.15 |
| Total Urban Areas | 11,150 | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | | | 19 | 140 | 215 | 22 | 396 | 77 | 19.4 | 35.52 |
| Total Rural Areas | 12,750 | - | 3 | - - | 13 | 249 | 216 | 11 | 492 | 116 | 23.6 | 38.59 |

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OXFORD COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------|--------------|---|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Oxford Sheriff's Dept. | | | - · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 7 | 147 | 149 | 7 | 310 | 81 | 26.1 | |
| Rumford | 8,815 | | 2 | 1 | 2 | 74 | 205 | 23 | 307 | 111 | 36.1 | 34.82 |
| Dixfield | 2,150 | - | | 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 2 | 22 | 49 | 5 | 78 | 48 | 61.5 | 36.28 |
| Mexico | 4,309 | | - | · · · · · · | 4 | 35 | 51 | 4 | 94 | 24 | 25.5 | 21.81 |
| Norway | 4,020 | 1 | • | • | 7 | 61 | 120 | 12 | 201 | 42 | 20.8 | 49.99 |
| Paris | 4,000 | 1 | - | 2 : | 5 | 24 | 37 | 8 | 77 | 14 | 18.1 | 19.25 |
| Oxford State Police | | - | - | 1 | 13 | 35 | 31 | 12 | 92 | 32 | 34.7 | |
| Total Oxford County | 45,800 | 2 | 2 | | 40 | 398 | 642 | 71 | 1,159 | 352 | 30.3 | 25.30 |
| Total Urban Are | eas 23,294 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 20 | 216 | 462 | 52 | 757 | 239 | 31.6 | 32.50 |
| Total Rural Are | eas 22,506 | - | - | 1 | 20 | 182 | 180 | 19 | 402 | 113 | 28.1 | 17.86 |

PENOBSCOT COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------|---------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Penobscot Sheriff's Dept | • | . ••• | | 2 | 15 | 400 | 302 | 33 | 752 | 91 | 12.1 | |
| Bangor | 37,500 | 1 | 4 | 23 | 22 | 577 | 1,434 | 169 | 2,230 | 671 | 30.0 | 59.46 |
| Brewer | 9,500 | | 1 | 9 | , · · · 9 | 139 | 329 | 50 | 537 | 101 | 18.8 | 56.52 |
| Dexter | 3,900 | 1 | , , | | . * | 26 | 52 | 4 | 83 | 23 | 27.7 | 21.28 |
| Lincoln | 4,759 | 1. | | 1 | - √ | 40 | 84 | 12 | 138 | 43 | 31.1 | 28.99 |
| Old Town | 8,761 | - | . | 2 | 2 | 40 | 130 | 8 | 182 | 43 | 23.6 | 20.77 |
| Orono | 5,500 | · ' - | · - | - | | 24 | 114 | 8 | 146 | 33 | 22.6 | 26.54 |
| Hampden | 5,000 | - | _ | | ı | 51 | 97 | , 6 . · | 155 | 27 | 17.4 | 31.00 |
| Millinocket | 8,000 | . 1 | - | • | 2 | 14 | 106 | 5 | 128 | 32 | 25.0 | 16.00 |
| East Millinock | et 2,800 | - | | | 1 | 18 | 27 | - | 46 | 14 | 30.4 | 16.42 |
| Newport | 2,590 | : | | 1 | 2 | 23 | 17 | 4 | 47 | 13 | 27.6 | 18.14 |
| U of M Orono | | | 1 | | 10 | 68 | 347 | . 8 | 435 | 55 | 12.6 | |
| Penobscot State Police | | 6 | 1 | 5 | 30 | 125 | 153 | 42 | 362 | 136 | 37.5 | |
| Total Penobsco County | t 136,000 | 10 | 7 | 44 | 94 | 1,545 | 3,192 | 349 | 5,241 | 1,282 | 24.4 | 38.53 |
| Total Urban Ar | eas 88,310 | 4 | 6 | 37 | 49 | 1,020 | 2,737 | 274 | 4,127 | 1,055 | 25.6 | 46.73 |
| Total Rural Ar | eas 47,690 | 6 | 1 | 7 | 45 | 525 | 455 | 75 | 1,114 | 227 | 20.4 | 23.36 |

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------|---------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Piscataquis Sheriff's Dept | | | 1 | | 2 | 47 | 72 | 9 | 131 | 13 | 9.9 | |
| Dover-Foxcroft | 4,200 | . . | · 🕳 · 🚶 | - | · 1 | 18 | 32 | 5 | 56 | 15 | 26.7 | 13.33 |
| Milo | 2,700 | <u> </u> | e e e | pag. " | 2 | 24 | 32 | 3 | 61 | 12 | 19.6 | 22.59 |
| Piscataquis State Police | | - | | · | | 30 | 28 | 3 | 62 | 13 | 20.9 | |
| Total Piscataq County | uis 16,800 | er en er | 1 | - | 6 | 119 | 164 | 20 | 310 | 53 | 17.0 | 18.45 |
| Total Urban Ar | eas 6,900 | - . | - | | 3 | 42 | 64 | 8 | 117 | 27 | 23.1 | 16.96 |
| Total Rural Ar | eas 9,900 | *** | 1 | | 3 | 77 | 100 | 12 | 193 | 26 | 13.5 | 19.49 |

SAGADAHOC COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Sagadahoc Sheriff's Dept | | 1 | | 1 | 24 | 139 | 197 | 19 | 381 | 97 | 25.4 | |
| Bath | 9,621 | | , T | 4 | 10 | 152 | 414 | 29 | 610 | 126 | 20.6 | 63.40 |
| Topsham | 7,000 | . - | - | · 4 · | 16 | 40 | 132 | 9 | 201 | 54 | 26.8 | 28.71 |
| Richmond | 2,553 | • - | 2 | , . | 6 | 42 | 53 | 8 | 111 | 45 | 40.5 | 43.47 |
| Sagadahoc State Police | | - | 2 | 1 | 5 | 11 | 21 | 3 | 43 | 19 | 44.1 | |
| Total Sagadahoo County | 27,300 | L | 5 | 10 | 61 | 384 | 817 | 68 | 1,346 | 341 | 25.3 | 49.30 |
| Total Urban Arc | eas 19,174 | . - | 3 | ,8 | 32 | 234 | 599 | 46 | 922 | 225 | 24.4 | 48.09 |
| Total Rural Are | eas 8,126 | i | 2 | 2 | 29 | 150 | 218 | 22 | 424 | 116 | 27.4 | 52.18 |

SOMERSET COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| | MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|------------|------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Somerset Sheriff's Dept. | • | - | 2 | - | 3 | 122 | 138 | 3 | 268 | 67 | 25.0 | |
| | Fairfield | 6,500 | - | | | 8 | 78 | 141 | 6 | 233 | 80 | 34.3 | 35.84 |
| | Skowhegan | 7,819 | <u> </u> | 4 | 2 | 7 | 102 | 191 | 12 | 318 | 157 | 49.3 | 40.67 |
| | Madison | 5,000 | | 2 | . 2 | 5 | 22 | 51 | 5 | 87 | 29 | 33.3 | 17.40 |
| | Pittsfield | 4,500 | | - | 2 | 5 | 34 | 124 | 12 | 177 | 17 | 9.6 | 39.33 |
| | Norridgewock | 2,700 | | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 3 | 17 | 32 | 4 . | 56 | 17 | 30.3 | 20.74 |
|) | Somerset State Police | | . 1 | | - | 10 | 27 | 48 | 9 | 95 | 18 | 18.9 | |
| , | Total Somerset County | 44,200 | 1 | 8 | 6 , | 41 | 402 | 725 | 51 | 1,234 | 385 | 31.1 | 27.91 |
| | Total Urban Are | eas 26,519 | | 6 | · 6 | 28 | 253 | 539 | 39 | 871 | 300 | 34.4 | 32.84 |
| | Total Rural Are | eas 17,681 | 1 | 2 | - | 13 | 149 | 186 | 12 | 363 | 85 | 23.4 | 20.53 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

WALDO COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| | STIMATED OPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|------|------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Waldo Sheriff's Dept. | | · 🕳 ! | - | 3 | 5 | 235 | 151 | 14 | 408 | 70 | 17.1 | |
| Belfast | 5,975 | | | 1 | 10 | 74 | 161 | 20 | 266 | 62 | 23.3 | 44.51 |
| Waldo State Police | | | 2 | 2 | 6 | 50 | 66 | 29 | 155 | 33 | 21.9 | |
| Total Waldo County | 27,400 | . <u>.</u> . | 2 | ϵ | 21 | 359 | 378 | 63 | 829 | 165 | 19.9 | 30.25 |
| Total Urban Area | s 5,975 | <u>.</u> | *** | 1 | 10 | 74 | 161 | 20 | 266 | 62 | 23.3 | 44.51 |
| Total Rural Area | s 21,425 | - | 2 | 5 | . 11 | 285 | 217 | 43 | 563 | 103 | 18.3 | 26.28 |

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF STATE POLICE UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

WASHINGTON COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------|------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Washington Sheriff's Dept | • | | 1 | - | 37 | 146 | 106 | 17 | 307 | 113 | 36.8 | |
| Calais | 4,302 | | *** | 1 | 8 | 46 | 198 | 13 | 266 | 138 | 51.8 | 61.83 |
| Machias | 3,000 | - | *** | , - , | 2 | 17 | 19 | .2 | 40 | 14 | 35.0 | 13.33 |
| Baileyville | 2,500 | - | - | - | 3 | 36 | 51 | 4 | 94 | 17 | 18.0 | 37.60 |
| Washington Sta Police | te | 2 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 18 | 24 | 5 | 64 | 20 | 31.2 | |
| Total Washingto | on 33,600 | 2 | 2 | 2 , | 63 | 263 | 398 | 41 | 771 | 302 | 39.1 | 22.94 |
| Total Urban Ar | eas 9,802 | | - | 1 | 13 | 99 | 268 | 19 | 400 | 169 | 43.3 | 40.81 |
| Total Rural Ar | eas 23,798 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 50 | 164 | 130 | 22 | 371 | 133 | 35.8 | 15.59 |

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF STATE POLICE UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION

YORK COUNTY DEPARTMENT ANALYSIS

OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

| MUNICIPALITY | ESTIMATED POPULATION | MURDER | RAPE | ROBBERY | AGGRAVATED ASSAULT | BURGLARY | LARCENY | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT | TOTAL INDEX CRIMES | TOTAL CRIMES CLEARED | CLEARANCE RATE | CRIME RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| York Sheriff's Dept | • | _ | 2 | 2 | 5 | 200 | 94 | 9 | 312 | 13 | 4.1 | |
| Biddeford | 22,500 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 26 | 315 | 516 | 48 | 923 | 268 | 29.0 | 41.02 |
| Kittery | 11,500 | - <u>-</u> | 1 | 5 | 17 | 99 | 249 | 17 | 388 | 41 | 10.5 | 33.73 |
| Old Orchard Be | each 7,500 | _ | <u>.</u> | 5 | 35 | 121 | 381 | 49 | 591 | 122 | 20.6 | 78.79 |
| Saco | 13,335 | - | - | 5 | 21 | 168 | 460 | 33 | 687 | 152 | 22.1 | 51.51 |
| Sanford | 20,000 | - ' | 4 | 14 | 8 | 151 | 477 | 48 | 702 | 149 | 21.2 | 35.10 |
| Berwick | 3,700 | | 1 | - | 4 | 50 | 57 | 12 | 124 | 26 | 20.9 | 33.51 |
| Eliot | 5,425 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1 | 1 | 2 | 18 | 37 | 2 | 61 | 13 | 21.3 | 11.24 |
| Kennebunk | 6,000 | | 2 | 2 | 5 | 86 | 181 | 10 | 286 | 59 | 20.6 | 47.66 |
| Kennebunkport | 4,000 | ı | - | - | 3 | 26 | 90 | . 8 , | 128 | 42 | 32.8 | 32.00 |
| Lebanon | 2,500 | | | 1 | 8 | 50 | 26 | 8 | 93 | 22 | 23.6 | 37.20 |
| North Berwick | 2,600 | | | - * , | 2 | 35 | 16 | 14 | 67 | 9 | 13.4 | 25.76 |
| Ogunquit | 2,000 | | - | 2 | 10 | 37 | 92 | 5 | 146 | 19 | 13.0 | 73.00 |
| South Berwick | 5,000 | - | 1 | <u>-</u> | 6 | 58 | 47 | 14 | 126 | 46 | 36.5 | 25.20 |
| Wells | 7,500 | - | | - | 10 | 89 | 154 | 9 | 262 | 59 | 22.5 | 34.93 |
| York Village | 8,500 | - | 1 | 1 | 12 | 108 | 158 | 13 | 293 | 35 | 11.9 | 34.47 |
| York State Police | | 1 | 1. | 3 | . 11 | 138 | 91 | 33 | 278 | 109 | 39.2 | |
| Total York County | 126,000 | 4 | 17 | 54 | 185 | 1,749 | 3,126 | 332 | 5,467 | 1,184 | 21.6 | 43.38 |
| Total Urban An | ceas 122,060 | 3 | 14 | 49 | 169 | 1,411 | 2,941 | 290 | 4,877 | 1,062 | 21.8 | 39.96 |
| Total Rural A | reas 3,940* | 1 | . 3 | 5 | 16 | 338 | 185 | 42 | 590 | 122 | 20.7 | 149.75 |

^{*} State Planning estimates a population of 7,640 for the rural area which would reduce the crime rate to 77.54 per thousand in York County. (See explanation of crime rates page 10)

UCR POTENTIAL USES

In July of 1974 Maine became the 22nd state to collect Uniform Crime Reports as a part of the national system. The system now numbers 44 states with most of the others in the implementing stages.

The program created as a result of planning by the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency and implemented by the Maine State Police, Bureau of Identification, provides a comprehensive look at crime in the State of Maine. It carries the strong support of the Maine Chiefs of Police and Sheriffs Association.

Building slowly by necessity of the time needed to gather meaningful statistics, the UCR program is only now beginning to bear fruit. Many individuals, initially skeptical of UCR in Maine, have reversed their positions and are now staunch supporters.

This brings us to the question - what good are Uniform Crime Reports and how may they be used? The initial thought response is limited but as the information unfolds many varied uses are revealed. Foremost is keeping the public informed as to the volume and nature of crime so they may judge and act accordingly.

Actually, UCR is a many faceted vehicle with many varied uses. Here are a few, but by no means all, of the possible uses as they relate to various groups and agencies.

I. Contributors -

Administrative information relating to:

- 1. Budget need and justification.
- 2. Manpower number needed as to state average employees vs population and crime rate.
- 3. Department makeup Laboratory, Detective Division, Juvenile Officers, as related to particular crime problems in the community.
- 4. Problem crimes identified.
- 5. Disbursement of personnel and shifts according to the crime picture of the individual communities. In case of State Police and Sheriffs with concurrent jurisdiction, placement according to need and avoiding of duplication of services.
- 6. Training needs training according to crime problems in the areas by priority.
- 7. Equipment purchase according to justified need.
- 8. Selective enforcement by crime volume as identified by particular times and seasons through UCR information.
- 9. Community crime profiles identifying particular problems.
- 10. Long-range planning as anticipated by crime trends.

II. Governor and Legislature -

- 1. Broad true picture of crime in Maine by location, volume, type and crime rate as derived from records of all enforcement agencies.
- 2. Guide to valid funding needs of special interest groups and their requests for same.
- 3. Need for additional or less specialized type programs.
- 4. Identification of crime trends and their relation to training, courts, corrections and other criminal justice agencies.
- 5. Identification of various social problems relating to drugs, alcohol, juveniles and rehabilitation.
- 6. Effectiveness of various social programs relating to above.

III. Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency -

- 1. Base to evaluate needs for assistance and grant requests.
- 2. Source data for long-range planning.
- 3. A measure of effectiveness of grant programs in given communities and areas.
- 4. Identification of crime problems peculiar to Maine for inclusion in the Maine plan to the Federal Law Enforcement Assistance Administration.
- 5. Justification of a continued need for crime planning in Maine.

IV. Courts - Prosecution -

- 1. Nature and types of crime generally and by District.
- 2. General disposition of persons charged in all communities and areas with crime by classification. (Guilty, guilty of lesser offenses, acquitted, referred to juvenile court, pending).

*NOTE: Any great variation in disposition of particular crimes could indicate problems. These could be poor prosecution, inadequate police training, court problems, or just plain overloading of cases that fall victim to plea bargaining or are pending.

V. Press -

A factual source for use in reporting crime problems and socially related problems.

VI. Social Agencies -

- Identifies problem areas to concentrate on.
- 2. Some basis for general evaluating of the effectiveness of their programs.

VIII. Educational Institutions (for various studies) -

These are but a few possible uses and surely many more exist. The broader the base data accumulated, the clearer the value of UCR will become. If effective problem solving begins with the identification of the problem, then UCR will continue to be meaningful for a long time.

* * * * * * * * * * *

Interestingly enough the by-products of a Maine UCR system have proven nearly as valuable as the information obtained from it.

It has served as a catalyst for many departments to set up realistic record systems for the first time and to institute upgrading of records in many others.

Realistic goals for contributing departments are being set and achieved based on sound statistical knowledge.

Administrators on the Chief and City Manager level have been taking a new look at their police departments and as a result internal operational changes have taken place.

An awareness among low level personnel that their reports and arrests are being used, and not just filed, has resulted in better and more comprehensive reporting.

Finally, the periodic release of this crime information to the general public keeps the crime problem in its proper perspective.

PROGRAMMED COMMUNITY CRIME PROFILES

Reprogramming of UCR generated data was initiated in 1975 to provide maximum utilization of computer efficiency. In January of 1976 the new programs became operational. Chief benefactors of the new format are the contributors who make this comprehensive program possible by their outstanding support and cooperation.

On the following pages are sample printouts of generated data which are available monthly to every contributor. Quarterly printouts are mailed routinely to every reported. Bangor, Maine has been selected as the sample community for explanation in this publication. This sample is applicable monthly to every community submitting data through direct reporting to the UCR Division, the State Police by county, the Sheriffs' Departments, the county totals, and the State totals.

The <u>first printout</u> sample consists of offense data submitted monthly on Part 1, or index crimes.

Specific monthly data is identified and recorded in columns to the left of the first vertical dotted line. In between the dotted lines are the cumulative figures on each index crime to date, the projected crime rate per 1,000 population and the cumulative crime to date comparison with the preceding year. The final column reflects the percent change in all crime classifications on the comparison figures.

Totals for all reported offenses appear at the bottom of the printout with distinctions being made between the index and Part 1 crimes. Law enforcement officer assault data for the reporting month and the accumulated total is included. The sample printout is for the month of December. However, any particular selected monthly printout will provide similar data...both for the monthly data and the cumulative data to date as well as last year to date comparison figures.

Printout number 2 consists of property stolen and recovered by property type and values. The printout includes data for the reporting month, year to date and last year to date comparison figures. Recovery percentages are computed for each property type on all monthly and cumulative entry. Totals of each column and a total with motor vehicle values removed are included.

Printout number 3 is a breakdown of the offense data reported on form number 1. It primarily identifies locations of crime occurrance in crimes of robbery and burglary and expands data on larceny by the analysis of larceny types and locations. This printout systematically records the values of property stolen during commission of the various types and methods of the criminal act. This particular printout records the monthly data, year to date totals and the percentage of the total combined offenses reported on this printout which involve only those crimes in which property may be stolen. You will note assaults are not included because when property is stolen during an assault it automatically becomes a robbery.

Printout number 4 relates to the clearance of particular offenses by the reporting agency. The form is divided into three individual areas - current month, year to date and last year to date for comparison purposes. It reflects, in each one of the three areas, the number of actual offenses, number of offenses cleared, percentage of offenses cleared and the number of clearances that involved only persons under the age of 18 years. Clearance data is totaled to the bottom of the printout and reflects both Part 1 and index crime totals.

The <u>final printout</u> is intended to indicate to the police administrator on a month to month, year to year comparison any large variances in crime that requires further analysis. The final column indicating plus or minus change in a crime category may signal administrative or department changes are needed. The total columns also may indicate necessary changes.

Included in these printouts is a wealth of information for analysis and comparison by the police administrator and when combined with other furnished pertinent arrest data truly represents a continuing crime profile for the communities and areas involved.

Additional printouts, containing arrest statistics pertinent to age, sex and race of offenders, make up the total data packet returned to contributors on a quarterly basis.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF STATE POLICE UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING DIVISION OFFENSES KNOWN TO POLICE

REPORTING PERIOD
DECEMBER 1 THRU DECEMBER 30 1978

| | | • | OFF | ENSES K | OT NOW | POLICE | • | | | | The second secon |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| 01001 BANGOR POLICE DEPARTMEN | T | | | | | | | OPULATION- 1ACTU | | SES | |
| CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES | OFFENSES REPORTED | | | | | | PERCENT JUVENILE | | | | TH.YR/LS YR |
| 1. CRIMINAL HOMICIDE TOTAL A. MURDER | 1 | | | 1 | 100.00 | - ' | k in the second of the second | ! ! 1 | .02 | manus des la participa de la compania del compania del compania de la compania del la compania de la compania della compania d | |
| *** B. MANSLAUGHTER | | | | | | | | ļ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ner en ingen den mange for for | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 2. FORCIBLE RAFE TOTAL | 1 | 1 | • | | | - gr + r | | 1 . 4 | .18 | 7 | 42.85- |
| A. RAPE BY FORCE | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | 1 | | | *** | | | 1 3 | •07 | 5 | 1 40.00- |
| B. ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT | | | | | | | * | 1 1 | •02 | 2 | 1 5C.00- |
| 3. ROBEERY TOTAL | 9 | • | | · | | | | 1 23 | .61 | 43 | 1 46.51- |
| A. FIREARM | 1 | | 1 : | * 1 | | | | 1 8 | | 40 22 · | Treat |
| E. KNIFE | _ | | engar en | | | | | 1 2 | •05 | 6 | 1 66.66- |
| C. CTHER WEAPON | | | The second second | | | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| D. STRONG ARM | 1 . | · | 1 | | | | | 1 13 | | 14_ | 7.14- |
| 4. ASSAULT | 23 | | 20 | 20 | 189.70 | <u>.</u> | 20.00 | 276 | 7.35 | 182 | 51.64 |
| A. FIREARM | | . | | | 203000 | | 20000 | 9 | .23 | 4 | 1 125.00 |
| B. KNIF | | | | | | | one. Ones energy of | 1 5 | .13 | 7 | 1 28.57- |
| C. OTHER HEAPON | | 4.0 | | ************************************** | ن یی د | | | 5 | •13 | 1 | 400.00 |
| O. HANDS, FIST, FEET, AGGR. | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 100.00 | | 04.05 | 1 3 | .07 | 1 | 1 200.00 |
| *** E. CTHER ASSAULTS-SIMPLE | 22 | <u> </u> | 19 | 19 | 100.00 | • 4 , | 21.05 | 254 | E.77 | 169 | 50.29 |
| 5. EURGLARY TOTAL | 37 | | 37 | 4 | 10.81 | 2 | 50.00 | 577 | 15.37 | 409 | 41.07 |
| A. FORCIBLE ENTRY | 27 | | 27 | 4 | 14.81 | 2 | 50.00 | 511 | 13.62 | 376 | 1 35.90 |
| E. UNLAWFUL-NO FORCE | 2 | | 2 . | | 4 | | | 1 2 | • 85 | | |
| C. ATTEMPT FORCE. ENTRY | 8 _ | | 8 | | | **** | المسي | 1 64 | 1.70 | 33 | 93.93 |
| 6. LARCENY - THEFT TOTAL | 114 | 2 | 112 | 27 | 24.10 | 20 | 74-07 | 1 1434 | 38.23 | 1344 | 6.69 |
| (EXCEPT MOTOR VEHICLE) | | | 444 | | 27.10 | 20 . | ***** | 1 | | | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | ı | | | |
| 7. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT TOTAL | 12 | . 1 | 11 | 3 | 27.27 | | 100-00 | 1 169 | 4.50 | 171 | 1-16- |
| A. AUTCS | 9 | | 9 | 3 | 33,33 | . 3 | 100.00 | 1 116 | 3.39 | 128 | 9.37- |
| E. TRUCKS AND BUSES C. OTHER VEHICLES | 1 2 | 1 | 1 | | | | | 1 24 | .63 .77 | 23 20 | 4.34 |
| ON OTHER VEFICES | 4 | + | | | | 400 | | | • | ES | 1 |
| INDEX CRIMES; TOTAL | 168 | 4 | 164 | 36 | 21.95 | 25 | 69.44 | 2230 | 59.46 | 1987 | 12.22 |
| PART I CRIMES; T O T A L | 190 | 7 | 183 | 55 | 30.05 | 29 | 52.72 | 1 2484 | المدينة المدينة المدينة المناسخية | 2156 | 15.21 |
| LAW ENFOR | CEMENT OF | FICESS | e y sendan a la | | | • 1 | | | | يدائر الواديد | The second of th |
| KILLED | | | The season of the season of the | | *** | 18. AND 4 | E. ARE NOT | CONSIDERE | ED INDEX | OFFENSES | randone a un un considera a capital a deserva de la considera |
| | ENT OR | | | and the second | | | OT INCLUDE | | | | Annahamman and annahamman and annahamman and annahamman and annahamman annaha |
| | GENCE A | SSAULTED | | | , - | المراكبين المراكب | | | | | man a same e communicação a como a |
| THIS PERIOD | | 1 3ն | التهاط أعطم إلاعات الأد | e gana pilanga sa | | | | والمستنارون | | | |
| YEAR TO DATE | | 30 | | | | عيها والمال والما | والمداجاتك بوادا | and the second | سنت ساد السا | | |

REPORTING PERIOD
DECEMBER 1 THRU DECEMBER 30 1978

REPORT OF STOLEN AND RECOVERED PROPERTY

| 01001 BANGOR POLICE DEPARTMENT TYPE OF PROPERTY | I VALUE OF STOLEN | PROPERTY | x RECOV. | ļ., | THIS YE VALUE OF STOLEN | | RTY | X RECOV. | 1 | | PROI | | Z RECOV. | |
|--|-------------------|--|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------|-------|-------------|------|---------|------|---------|-------------|-----|
| A. CURRENCY, ETC. | 3,153 | er en eg er en | | \$ | 92,692 | \$ | 4,434 | 4.7 | 1 3 | 45,791 | \$ | 3,929 | 8.5 | |
| B. JEWELRY AND PRECIOUS METALS . | \$ 921 | \$ 33 | 3.5 | \$ | 21,162 | \$ | 6,066 | 38.6. | 1 \$ | 10,614 | \$ | 1,278 | 12.0 | |
| C. CLOTHING AND FURS | 1 \$ 1,833 | \$ 1.363 | 74.3 | \$ | 7-638 | \$ | 3,008 | 39.4 | 1 \$ | 17,513 | \$ | 7,260 | 41.4 | |
| D. LOCALLY STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLES | \$ 19,200 | \$ 16,500. | 85-9 | \$ | 324,700 | \$. 28 | 8,200 | 88.7 | \$ | 322,900 | \$ | 278,750 | 86.3 | |
| E. OFFICE EQUIPHENT | i \$ 670 | \$ 50 | 7.4 | : \$ | 9,045 | \$ | 3,450 | 38.1 | 1 8 | 500 | . \$ | 425 | 85.0 | |
| F. TELEVISION, RADIOS, CAMERAS, ETC. | 3,920 | \$ 200 | 5•1. | ! \$ | 45,961 | \$ 1 | 2,910 | 28.0 | 1 \$ | 61,733 | \$ | 13,383 | 21.6 | |
| G. FIREARMS | 1 \$ 485 | \$ 100. | 20.6 | \$ | 7,460 | \$ | 1,925 | 25.8 | 1 3 | 6,441 | \$: | 1,810 | 28.1 | |
| H. HONZEHOFD COODZ | 736 | | | ! ! \$ | 4,088 | \$ | 792 | 19.3 | 8 | 10,002 | \$ | 2,507 | 15.0. | |
| I. CONSUMABLE GOODS | \$ 1,081 | \$.28 | 2.5 | \$ | 15,566 | \$ | 6,681 | 42.5 | 1 3 | 6,042 | \$ | 1,753 | _ 29.0 . | • . |
| J. LIVESTOCK | | | | • | | | | | I | | | | | |
| K. MISCELLANEOUS | 1 \$ 4,000 | \$ 424 | 10.6 | ; ! \$ | 89,859 | \$ 2 | 0,068 | 22.3. | 1 3 | 100,398 | \$. | 21,380 | 21.2 | *** |
| TOTAL | \$ 35,993 | \$ 18,698 | 51.9 | 1 \$ | 618,163 | \$ 34 | 7,454 | 56.2. | 1 \$ | 581,934 | \$ | 331,475 | 56.9 | |
| TOTAL LESS LOCALLY STOLEN HOTOR VEHICLES | . \$ 16,793 | \$ 2,198 | . 13.0. | : ! \$ | 293,463 | \$ 5 | 9,254 | 20.1: | 1 3 | 259,034 | \$ | 52,725 | 20.3. | |

REPORTING PERIOD DECEMBER 1978

PROPERTY STOLEN BY CLASSIFICATION

61001 BANGOR POLICE DEPARTMENT

| | | | • | | | | en la | | e en |
|---------|----|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | | ر من من المنظم المن المنظم المنظم المنظ | I-> :THIS | PERIOD | - <- 1- | THIS YEA | R TO DATE | 4-1 NUMBER OF | OFFENSES |
| | | | INUMBER | PROPERTY | | NUMBER | PROPERTY | 1 X 84 | 2 0F |
| | | CLASSIFICATION | IOFFENSES | VALUE | | OFFENSES | VALUE | I CLASS | TOTAL |
| | 1. | HURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER | 1 | | ÷ | 1 | | | naga i kantangan ng Pangangan ng kalangan na na na na na na na Ta |
| | 2. | FORCIBLE RAPE | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 4 | | the state of the | and the second s |
| | 3. | ROBBERY | er Maria | ایست در دستهای با در آهای در ا | ~ ~ | | * * . | # 144 E | en service de la company d |
| | | A HIGHWAY (STREETS, ALLEYS, ETC.) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | - | 11 | \$ 4,083 | 4768 | Management comment of the second seco |
| | | B. CONHERCIAL HOUSE (EXCEPT C.D.F.) | | the second second | | 3 | \$ 540 | 13.0 | The second section is a second to the second section of the second section in the second section is a second section of the second section in the second section is a second section of the second section sec |
| | | C. GAS OR SERVICE STATION | 1 | * \$ 56 | | 4 | \$ 196 | 17.3 | Harring of the restriction of the state of t |
| | | D. CHAIN STORE | | **** | • | 1 | \$ 7,700 | 4.3 | engana an <mark>amana</mark> kiliku taka kata kata kapi sa milingga panga kanamata kata milingga pilipali kata kata kanga yag Kanamatan |
| | | E. RESIDENCE (ANYWHERE ON PREMISES). | 1 | eri, i i ee | | 3 | \$ 12 | 13.0 | rrollande del visitorio i la colorio rimitado i il la la porqueento i quellorio qui aportino qui aportino del p La coloria del visitorio i la colorio rimitado i il la la porqueento i quellorio qui aportino qui aportino del |
| | | F. BANK | . Tanana makababan makaba n manan Angar | ···· | | 1 | \$ 33,365 | 4.3 | ingun un militare mus un un inspirent registe, per un un haber registe des Methodologies de un un extreme de un se La companyación de la companyación |
| | | G. MISCELLANEOUS | ra mangan sala r rati mengan salah s | ** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | - | - | | ********* | Control on the enterlanged as subtraction of the control of the co |
| | | TOTAL ROBBERY | 2 | \$ 56 | | 23 | \$ 45,896 | | 1.0 |
| | 5. | BURGLARY - BREAKING AND ENTERING | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | • | | | en lateratura de la companione de la compa |
| | | A. RESIDENCE (DHELLING) | | *** | THE METERS | ** | | and the second of the second o | The statement and the statement of the s |
| | | (1) NIGHT (6PH - 6AH) | 18 | \$ 690 | | 75 | \$ 10,373 | 12-9 | et de comitat e genetation de espirapologica, republicari printerio, que prove e especial. |
| | | (2) DAY (6AH - 6PH) | 5 | \$ 346 | • | 109 | \$ 15,251 | 18.8 | ကို ပြုရှိတွင် ကျောင်းသော မြောင်းသည်။ သို့ သည် |
| <u></u> | | (3) UNKNOWN | 2 | \$ 140 | | 73 | \$ 24,521 | 12.6 | operation control to the control of |
| Ö | | 8. NON-RESIDENCE | | | | | | The state of the s | - according to the second section of the second section sectio |
| 0 | | (1) NIGHT (6PH - 6AH) | 19 | \$ 4,593 | | 310 | \$ 84,081 | 53.7 | entrette a mantende i suspenieraten irreg. I sake paris ya isa parendenga Peter mereleb basangananan isa pamera-mana isa ya Tanan |
| | | (2) DAY (6AH - 6PH) | | | | 4 | \$ 3,560 | •6 | The same section is a section of the same sect |
| | | (3) UNKNOHN | 1 | | *** | 8 | \$ 756 | 1.0 | Approximation (A) (About the control of the control |
| | | TOTAL BURGLARY | 37 | \$ 5,769 | - | 577 | \$ 138,282 | | 26.1 |
| ٠. | 5. | LARCENY-THEFT (EXCEPT HOTOR VEHICLE) | | | 4 1 | ·. · | | The second of th | meaning on the terminal and the first of the property of the purpose of the second of the purpose of the purpos |
| | | A. \$200 AND OVER | 12 | \$ 6,185 | | 155 | \$ 74,202 | 10.8 | The second section of the second seco |
| | | B. \$50 TO \$200 | 45 | \$ 3,858 | | 625 | \$ 47,946 | 43.5 | f version of stylenous before it is able inquies in some analytic form, in quite in large it is square |
| | | C. UNDER \$50 | 55 | \$ 925 | | 654 | \$ 11,637 | 45.6 | te gyakerak dan ma nasakan mengendak salam salam salam salam m anasa salam salam salam salam salam salam salam Salam salam sa |
| | | TOTAL LARCENY (SAHE AS ITEM 6X) | -> 112 | \$ 10,968 | <-: | > 1434 | \$ 133,785 | « ~ | 64.9 |
| | 7. | HOTOR VEHICLE THEFT (INC. JOY RIDES) | 1 11 | \$ 19,200 | . 1 | 169 | \$ 300,200 | | 7.6 |
| | | | 1 | | | | | 11 | er der symmetrier i despitate for en seministrativa assessativa en especialista (m. 1914), un especial antique de aud La companya de la companya de auditorio de la comp |
| | 68 | AND TOTAL ALL ITEMS | 1 163 | \$ 35,993 | . 1 | 5508 | \$ 518,163 | 1. | |
| | | | i | | 8 | | | . 1 | The state of the s |
| | | ADD. ANALYSIS OF LARCENY AND HAV THEFT: | 1 | | . 1 | | | | The state of the s |
| | 6X | NATURE OF LARCENIES UNDER ITEM 6 | | | 1 | | | | The first to the second section of the second section of the section of the second section of the section o |
| | | A. POCKET-PICKING | i | | • | 2 | \$ 76 | 1 | The second section of the second section of the second section of the second section s |
| | | B. PURSE-SNATCHING | 1 | | : 1 | 1.0 | \$ 430 | 1 | The state of the s |
| | | C. SHOPLIFTING | 1 29 | 1,867 | 1 | 285 | \$ 5,938 | | The second secon |
| | | D. FRCH HOTOR VEHICLES (EXCEPT E) | 1 28 | \$ 4,929 | 1 | 305 | \$ 39,038 | | |
| | | E. MOTOR VEHICLE PARTS AND ACCESS. | 1 55 | \$ 1,355 | 1 | 255 | \$ 22,144 | 1 | and a contract to the contract of the contract of the second contract the contract of the cont |
| | | F. BICYCLES | 1 | 1 | . 1 | 227 | \$ 11,350 | | To read the control and the amount of the control o |
| | | G. FROM BUILDINGS (EXCEPT C AND H) | 1 27 | \$ 2,573 | | 245 | \$ 32,899 | 1 | was to the second to the second secon |
| | | H. FROM ANY COIN-OPERATED MACHINE | 1 2 | \$ 5 | | 15 | 1,621 | . 1 | * nation the communication of the authorization for making and the second of the secon |
| | | I. ALL OTHER | 1 4 | \$ '1,039 | : i | 90 | \$ 20,289 | 1 | manus recommend of the recommendation of the reference of the second |
| | | TOTAL LARCENIES (SAME AS 6). | -> 112 | \$ 10,968 | <- | > 1434 | \$ 133,785 | <- | The second secon |
| | | | | المنافقة ال | | | | | |
| | 7X | NUMBER OF MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED | | | | | | | |
| | | A. STOLEN LOCALLY AND RECOVERED LOCALLY | , 8 | trees and the second se | | 82 | | | * |
| | | B. STOLEN LOCALLY, RECOY OTHER JURISDICTIONS | 2 | | | 62 | | | |
| | | C. TOTAL LOCALLY STOLEN MAY RECOVERED | 10 | | | 144 | | | |
| | | D. STOLEN OUT OF TOHN RECOVERED LOCALLY | 1 | | | 26 | | | |
| | | | | | | 13 J T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T | | | |

01130179

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY BUREAU OF STATE POLICE UNIFORH CRIHE REPORTING DIVISION

REPORTING PERIOD JANUARY THRU DECEMBER 1976

ANALYSIS OF CLEARANCES

| | 010 | 01BANGOR POLICE DEPARTMENT | | THIS H | ОНТН | | THIS | YEAR TO | DATE | | LAST | YEAR TO | O DATE | water from the second case of | The state of the s |
|----|-----|--|--------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | CLA | SSIFICATION OF OFFENCES | NO. OF OFFEN | NO. CLEARED | CLEAR RATE | CLEAR. | | NO. CLEAR. | CLEAR RATE | CLEAR. < 18 | | NO. CLEAR. | | CLEAR. | and the second s |
| | | CRIMINAL HOMICIDE TOTAL A. HURDER B. MANSLAUGHTER | 1 | | 100.0 | | 1 | i | 100.0 | | | | | A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR | |
| | 2. | FORCIBLE RAPE TOTAL A. RAPE BY FORCE B. ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT | | A STATE OF THE STA | a on a supplied a decide and the control of the con | en de la made contra la co | 3 1 | 3 1 | 100.0 100.0 100.0 | majorita nee ee oo o | 7 5 2 | 5 4 | 71.4 80.0 50.0 | | |
| | 3. | ROEBERY TOTAL A. FIREARM B. KNIFE C. OTHER MEAPON D. STRONG ARM | 1 | | | | 23 8 2 | 7 1 1 | 30.4 12.5 50.0 38.4 | 2 | 43 22 6 1 14 | 18 10 2 | | The second secon | |
| سز | | ASSAULT A. FIREARH B. KNIFE C. OTHER HEAPON D. HANDS, FIST, FEET, AGGR. E. OTHER ASSAULTS-SIMPLE | 20 - 1 19 | | 100.0 | 4 | 276 9 5 5 3 254 | 242 9 3 5 3 222 | 100.0 60.0 100.0 100.0 | 1 | 182 4 7 1 1 169 | 7 1 1 | 100.0 100.0 100.0 | The second line of the second li | |
| | 5. | BURGLARY TOTAL A. FORCIBLE ENTRY B. UNLAWFUL-NO FORCE C. ATTEMPT FORCE. ENTRY | 37 27 2 8 | \$ | 14.8 | 2 2 | 511 2 | 183 | 33.4 35.8 15.6 | 65_ | 409 376 | 88 | 22.9 23.4 18.1 | 40 | |
| | 6- | LARCENY - THEFT TOTAL (EXCEPT MOTOR VEHICLE) | 112 | 27 . | 24.1 | 20 . | 1434 | 404 | 28.1 | | 1344 | | | 139 | |
| * | | MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT TOTAL A. AUTOS B. TRUCKS AND BUSES C. OTHER VEHICLES | 11 9 1 | 3 3 3 | 27.2 33.3 | The second secon | 169 116 24 29 | 33 1 8 | 24.8 28.4 4.1 27.5 | 10 | 128 23 20 | 31 11 4 | 24.2 47.8 20.0 | 2 | |
| • | | DEX CRIHES; TOTAL | 16 % 183 | 36 55 | 21.9 30.0 | 25 29 | 2231 2484 | | 30.0 | | 1987 2156 | 20.02 | | 200 | |

<u>المستقل والمنت والمستقل فينا</u> والنواق المستقل والمستقل والمنتقل والتواريق والمناق والمستقل والمستقل والمستقل والمنتقل والمنتقل

^{*** 18.} AND 4E. ARE NOT CONSIDERED INDEX OFFENSES
AND ARE NOT INCLUDED IN INDEX CRIMES TOTAL

REPORTING PERIOD
JANUARY THRU DECEMBER 1976

BANGOR POLICE DEPARTMENT (01001) ANALYSIS OF PART 1 CRIMES PRIOR PERIOD TO DATE HURDER THIS YEAR LAST YEAR RAPE THIS YEAR LAST YEAR ROSSERY THIS YEAR LAST YEAR TOT. ASSAULT THIS YEAR LAST YEAR BURGLARY THIS YEAR LAST YEAR LARCENY THIS YEAR LAST YEAR MOTOR VEH. THEFT: THIS YEAR LAST YEAR TOTAL PART 1 CRINES THIS YEAR LAST YEAR 1825 X CHANGE

REPORTING PROCEDURE

In the State Uniform Crime Reporting Program, contributing law enforcement agencies are wholly responsible for compiling their own crime reports and submitting them to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division in Augusta, Maine.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Division, in an effort to maintain quality and uniformity in the data received, furnishes to the contributing agencies, continuous training and instruction in Uniform Crime Reporting procedures. All contributors, also, are furnished with a State of Maine Uniform Crime Reporting Guide Manual which outlines in detail, procedures for scoring and classifying offenses. The Guide Manual illustrates and discusses the monthly and annual reporting forms as well as providing a question and answer training syllabus in the Crime Index categories.

A centralized record system is necessary to the sound operation of any law enforcement agency. The record system is an essential basis for crime reporting by the agency. Trained Uniform Crime Reporting field advisors are utilized to assist contributors in the established reporting procedures of Uniform Crime Reporting.

On a monthly basis, law enforcement agencies (state, county and local) report the number of offenses that become known to them during the month in the following crime categories:

- (1) Criminal Homicide
 - a. Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter
 - b. Manslaughter by Negligence
- (2) Forcible Rape
 - a. Rape by Force
 - b. Attempts to Commit Forcible Rape
- (3) Robbery
 - a. Firearm
 - b. Knife or Cutting Instrument
 - c. Other Dangerous Weapon
 - d. Strong-Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet etc.)
- (4) Assault
 - a. Firearm
 - b. Knife or Cutting Instrument
 - c. Other Dangerous Weapon
 - d. Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.-Aggravated Injury
 - e. Other Assaults-Simple, Not Aggravated
- (5) Burglary
 - a. Forcible Entry
 - b. Unlawful Entry No Force
 - c. Attempted Forcible Entry
- (6) Larceny-Theft (Except Motor Vehicle Theft)

- (7) Motor Vehicle Theft
 - a. Autos
 - b. Trucks and Buses
 - c. Other Vehicles

This count is taken from a record of all complaints of crime received by the law enforcement agency from victims, other sources, and/or discovered by officers.

Whenever complaints of crime are determined through investigation to be unfounded or false, they are eliminated from the actual count. The number of "actual offenses known" in these crime categories is reported to the Uniform Crime Reporting Division whether or not anyone is arrested for the crime; the stolen property is recovered; prosecution is undertaken; or any other restrictive consideration is in effect. Law enforcement agencies, on a monthly basis, report the total number of these reported crimes which they clear either by arrest or exceptional means. A separate count of crimes cleared which involve only persons under the age of 18 is shown. The number of law enforcement officers killed and assaulted and the value and type of property stolen and recovered during the month are also reported.

Arrests are reported monthly for all criminal acts, except traffic violations, by crime category and include the age, sex and race of each person arrested. A report is also submitted on an annual basis concerning the number of persons formally charged by crime classification and the disposition of such charges.

VERIFICATION PROCEDURES

Uniformity and accuracy of crime data collected under this program is of primary concern. With the receipt of reports covering approximately 150 reporting jurisdictions within the State of Maine, the problems of attaining uniformity are readily apparent. Issuance of instructions and the training of personnel within contributing agencies does not complete the role of the Uniform Crime Reporting Division. It is standard operating procedure to examine each incoming report for mathematical accuracy and completeness, and perhaps of even greater importance, for reasonableness as a possible indication of error. Clearance factors, recovery rates and other possible benefits are scrutinized and changes are suggested to the contributors where noted. In the instance of minor mathematical corrections, the contributing agencies are either contacted by phone or in-person visitations by qualified Uniform Crime Reporting field advisors.

The possibility of duplication in crime reporting is given constant attention when reports are received and verified by internal consistency checks. If duplication is suspected, the contributing agencies are immediately contacted and the matter is resolved in accordance with existing guidelines. A continual analysis of reports is maintained to assist contributors when needed and to maintain the quality necessary for a factual and successful program. Personal visitations are made to contributors to cooperatively assist in needed revisions of records and reporting methods.

Regardless of the extent of the statistical verification processes used by the Uniform Crime Reporting Division, the accuracy of the data assembled under this program depends on the sincere effort exerted by each contributor to meet the necessary standards of reporting.

CALCULATION OF RATES, PERCENTAGES AND TRENDS

The Uniform Crime Reporting program provides data for police executives to measure local problems. To facilitate this function, the local data must be converted into terms of rates and percentages. Simple formulas are presented which may assist in these computations.

CRIME RATES

One of the most meaningful crime statistics is the crime rate. This rate is the number of Part I Offenses per 1,000 inhabitants. This rate can be calculated regardless of the number of inhabitants in any city, town or courty.

To compute rates, divide your communities population by 1,000 and divide the number of offenses in each class by that answer. The answer is the number of offenses in that class per 1,000 population and is your crime rate for that particular offense.

EXAMPLE:

a. Population for your jurisdiction, 75,000

b. Number of burglaries for your jurisdiction for a year, 215

Divide: 75,000 by 1,000 = 75.0 Divide: 215 by 75.0 = 2.87

Your burglary rate is 2.87 per 1,000 inhabitants. The number 75.0 can now be divided into your totals in any offense class to produce a crime rate for that offense. This same computation can be completed to give you arrest rates per 1,000 inhabitants.

CLEARANCE RATES

The percentage of crimes cleared by arrest is obtained by dividing the number of offenses cleared by the number of offenses known. This answer is then multiplied by 100.

EXAMPLE:

a. Number of clearances in robbery, 38

b. Number of total robberies, 72

Divide: 38 by 72 = 0.528 Multiply: 0.528 x 100 = 52.8

Your percentage of clearance in robbery is 52.8%

CRIME TREND DATA

Local agencies can compute crime trends for a given offense for their agency for a particular period of time.

EXAMPLE:

- a. Auto thefts in your jurisdiction for July through December last year were 21
- b. Auto thefts in your jurisdiction for July through December this year were 29.

Subtract: 29 - 21 = 8

Notice that 8 is an increase over the past year.

Divide: 8 by 21 = 0.38

Always divide the difference by the total in the earlier time period.

Multiply: $0.38 \times 100 = 38$

Your trend in auto theft is an increase of 38% for the first six months of this year as compared to the first six months of last year.

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

Police employee rates are expressed as a number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants of your city or town. To compute this rate, divide your population by 1,000 and divide the number of employees in your department by this number.

EXAMPLE:

- a. Your jurisdiction's population 75,000
- b. Your agency's number of employees 102

Divide: 75,000 by 1,000 = 75

Divide: 102 by 75 = 1.36

Your employee rate is 1.36 employees per 1,000 inhabitants.

CLASSIFICATION OF OFTENSES

Uniformity in reporting under the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System is based on the proper classification of offences reported to or known by the police.

The adoption of the National System of Uniform Crime Reporting included the utilization of the offence classifications of that system. Law enforcement in this State has made accurate application of those classifications in the reports submitted to the Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System.

In view of the need for compatibility with the National System "offences" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "misdemanners", "felonies" or violation of municipal ordinances.

The explanations of offense classifications may vary slightly with language used by those familiar with Maine State Law. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same between the national and state lavels.

PART I OFFENDED

Offense data consists of information that has been extracted from reports of Part I crimes that have come to the attention of Maine Law Enforcement Agencies. In general, Part I crimes are those crimes that, because of their very nature, are usually reported to law onforcement agencies. Part I crimes are comprised of the following offenses.

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

1 HOMICIDE

- la. Hurder and nonnegligent manufaughter -The unlawful killing of a human being with malice aforethought.
- 1b. Honalaughter by nagligance The unlevelul killing of a human boing, by another, without malice aforethought.

General Rule - The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence. Traffic deaths, when due to the gross negligence of semeons other than the victis, are classified in this category.

2 FORCIBLE RAPE

 Rape by force - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

General Rule - FORCIBLE rape of a female - excluding carnal abuse (statutory rape) or other sex offenses.

 Attempted forcible rape - All assemble and attempte to rape.

5 ROBBERY

The felenious and forcible taking of the property of another, against his will, by violence or by putting him in fear. Includes all attempts.

- Ja. Gun All robbories and attempted robberies involving the use of any type firearm (revolvers, sutematic pistole, shotguns, zip guns, rifles, pallot guns, etc.).
- 3b. Knife or Cutting Instrument All robberies and attempted robberies involving the use of cutting or stabbing objects (knife, razor, hatchet, age, cleaver, scissorn, glass, broken bottle, dagger, ice pick, etc.).

- Je. Other Dangerous Weapons All rebbaries or attempted rebbaries when any other chicat or thing is used as a temper. Ifhis include or clube, briche, jack headles, bottles, onplesives, and, etc.).
- Id. Otrong Arm-Hando, Pinto, Poot, Hee. All rebberion which include suggings and cimilar offences where no weepen in used, but nemons and testics are employed to deprive the victio of his property. This so limited to hando, arm, fiste, foot, etc. As in accord rebbery, include all accorpts.

4 ASSAULTS

An account to an attempt or offer, with the lower lawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.

Comprai Rula - All accounts will be closedfied in the following enterprise, encluding accounts with intent to rob or repo.

- 4a. Our All according and attempted according the use of any type of firename (revolvers, sutematic pictols, cheegmas, sip quas, pellot guns, etc.).
- 4b. Unifo or Cutting Engtrument All accounts and attempted accounts, involving the use of cutting or stabbing abjects (haife, samer, hatchet, and, cleaver, account, glass, broken battle, degger, its pick, etc.).
- 40. Other Dangerous Weepen All associte or attempted associte when any other object or thing to used as a veepen (clube, bricks, pick handled, bettles, soid, explosives, lyo, potent, scalding water and coose of attempted and drawning, burning, etc.).
- 46. Hands, Fists, Foot, Etc.-Aggravated onsaults which are of an aggravated nature when hands, fists, foot, ate., are used. To be classified as aggravated appoult, the attack cast rocalt in portous personal injury
- do. Other Assaults-Det Aggravated All affences of simple assault and battery.

5 BURGLARY

Broaking and Entering - Unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any expecture to commit a falony or larcony.

Conoral Rulo - Any unlowful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling house, attached etructure, public building, shop, office, factory, eterohouse, apertment, house trailer (considered to be permanent etructure), varehouse, sill, bern, comp, other building, ship or railread cas.

NOTE: Por Uniform Crimo Reporting purposes, the terms Durglary and Drecking and Entering are considered synonymous. All such offences and attempts are secred as Durglary. De not second the largeny. Dreaking and Entering of a mater vehicle is classified as a largeny for Uniform Crimo Reporting purposes.

- So. Porcible Entry All offences where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or counts a folony. This includes entry by use of a master key, calluloid, or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concolleant inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the atreature, is also included.
- Sb. Unlawful Entry-No Porco Any unlawful entry without any evidence of forcible entry.

 Attempted Forcible Entry - When determined that forcible ontry has been attempted.

LARCENY-THEFT (EXCEPT AUTO THEFT)

The unlawful taking of the property of another with intent to deprive him of ownership.

Goneral Rule - All larcenies and thafte resulting from pocket-picking, purse enatching, choplifting, larceny from auto, larcenies of auto parts and accoporties, theft of bicycles, larcenies from buildings, and from coin operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of broading and entering is included. Embessicement, larceny by bailes, fraud or bad check cases are encluded.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

The larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vahicle.

General Rule - This classification includes the thefts or attempted theft of a motor vehicle which, for Uniform Crime Reporting designation, is described as a self-propolled vehicle that runs on the surface and not carails. Excludes reported offenses where there is a lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation or unauthorised use by others with lawful access to the vehicle (chauffeur, employees, etc.). Includes "Joy riding". Excluded from this category are airplanes, boats, farm equipment and heavy construction vehicles, which are scored in the larcony category.

PARY II OFFENSES

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System requires aformation on persons arrested and charged by municipal, county and state agencies on a monthly basis.

In compiling data for the Monthly Returns, the iclations of municipal ordinances as well as state laws are to be included.

OFFENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

OTHER ASSAULTS

This class is comprised of all assaults and attempted assaults which are simple or minor in nature. These "Other Assaults" are also scored on ME. UCR-1 under item 4s as an offense known to Police. However, for the purpose of this return arrests for this offense are scored in this class.

Angon

Include all arrests for violations of state laws and municipal ordinances relating to arson and attempted arson.

Includer Any willful or malicious burning to defraud, a dwelling house, church, college, jail, masting house, public building or any building, ship or other vessel, motor vehicle or aircraft; contents of buildings, personal property of another, goods or chattels, crops, trees, fances, gates, grain, vegetable products, lumber, woods, cranberry bogs, marshes, manders atc.

In the event of a death from arson, the offense would be classified as murder and if personal injury results, the offense would be classified as assault, (4c).

10 FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING

In this class place all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblands of that which is true.

Include: Altering or forging public or other records. Making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tichets, checks, credit cards etc.

Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, shocks, etc.

Peacecaing or uttoring forgod or counterfaite

Signing the acts of another or fictitious percen with intent to defraud.

All attempts to commit cay of the above.

11 France

Fraudulont essycroien and obtaining menay or preparty by falco protesses. Recludes bad chooks, confidence games ote., essept forgarico and commontaiting.

12 Ekzarriakany

micopprepriation or micopplication of momey or preparty entruoted to one's care, exetedy or control.

13 STOLER PROPERTY, BUYING, RECEIVING, POSSESSING

Include in this class all effences of buying, receiving, and passessies of stellor property, as tell as all attempts to exemit any of those offences.

14 VADDALISH

Emplude in this class all willful or malicious dostruction, injury, disfigurement or desacement of any public or private property, real or person having custody or control, by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by law or ordinance. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property.

15 MEAPONS; CARRYING, POSSESSINS ETC.

This class deals with violations of waspons laws such as:

Manufacture, cale or personaion of deadly weapons.

Carrying deadly waapons.

Purnishing deadly weapons to minors.

Aliens possossing deadly weapons.

All attempts to commit the above.

16 PROSTITUTION AND COMMERCIALIZED VICE

Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as:

Prostitution

Reeping bowdyhouse, disorderly house, or house of ill repute.

Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes etc.

All attempts to commit any of the above.

17 SEX OFFENSES

Except forcible rape, prestitution and commercialized vice. Include offenses against chastity, commen decency, morals, and the like.

Adultory and fornication

Duggory

Incost

Indocent exposure

Sodoay

Statutory Rapo-(No Force)

All attempts to commit any of the above.

18 NARCOTIC DRUG LAWS

Narcotic drug law arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Include all arrests for violations of state and local ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful percession, sale, use, growing, canufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Make the following subdivisions of narcotic drug law arrests.

Opium or cocaine and their derivatives morphine, herein, codeine.

Marituana.

Synthetic nercotice, manufactured mercotice which can coupe true drug addiction. Demoral, methodomes.

Dangerous non-narcotic druge Darbituarates, bonscarine.

19 GAMBLINS

All charges which relate to pressting, permitting or engaging in gambling. To provide a more relined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown should be furnished:

Bookmaking (Norse and opert broks)

Numbers and lettery.

All other.

20 OFFENSES AGAINST THE FAMILY AND CHILDREN

Include here all charges of nonsupport and neglect or abuse of family and children.

Descriton, abandonment, or nonougport.

Negloct or obuse of children.

Nonpaymont of alimony.

21 DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE

This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquer or narcotic drugs.

22 LIQUOR LAWS

with the exception of "Drunkenness" (Class 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21), liquer law violations, state or local, are placed in this class. Do not include federal violations.

Include: manufacturing, cale, transporting, furnishing, personaling etc.

Haintaining unlowful drinking places.

Cootlogging.

Operating still.

Purnishing liquor to a minor,

Using vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor.

23 DOUNKENNESS

Include in this class, all offences of drunkenness or intexication, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence" (Class 21)

brunk and diporderly.

Public intonfeation.

more: Although "Drunkenness" and/or "Intendention" elignose have been removed from a criminal effence category by the Maine Legiclature, the category remains in the Uniform Crime Reporting Part II offences and is to be used commistratively. Persons taken into cuetedy and/or referred to alcohol rehabilitation or "Be-You" contern should be present in this category by ago, can and race.

24 DISORDERLY COMPUST

In this class, count all disorderly percess arrested except those counted in classes 1 through 21 and slope 25.

25 VAGRANCY

Place in this class arrests for disorderly mercons when the person is arrested for failure to give a good escent of himself.

26 ALL OTHER OPPENSES

Include in this class, every other state of local offence are included in classes 1 through 25.

Abdustion and compolling to marry.

Abortion (Doath reculting from abortion to homiside).

Bootardy and especialing doubt of a bactard.

Digary and polygory.

Dischmail and outertion.

Dribory.

Contoppt of Court.

Discrimination, unfair ecospotition.

Hidnopping.

Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency except as provided for in classes I through 39, such as employment of children in immeral vections or practices, admitting minors to improper places, etc.

Porjury and substruction of porjury.

Fossession, repair, manufacture, etc., of burglar's tools.

Possession or sale of obscene literature.

Unlawful use, possession, etc., of explosives, etc.

- 27 Suspicion (Not Reported in Maine)
- 28 CURFEW AND LOITERING LAWS (JUVENILES)

Count all arrests made for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinamous.

29 RUHAWAY (JUVENILES)

Count arrests made by other jurisdictions of runaways from your jurisdiction. Do not include protective custody actions with respect to runaways you take for other jurisdictions. Count only your cam legal cases.

HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTOR PARTICIPATION

JANUARY - DECEMBER 1978

| | AGENCY | JAN. | FEB. | MAR | APR. | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUG. | SEPT. | OCT. | NOV. | DEC. |
|--------|----------------|------|-------------------|------------------|------|-----|------|--------------|------|-------|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| *A11 | agash PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| And | roscoggin SO | X | X | \mathbf{X}_{n} | X | X | X | \mathbf{X} | X | X | X | X | X |
| And | roscoggin SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X - | X | X |
| Aro | ostook SO | X | X | X | X | . X | X | X. | X | X | \mathbf{X} | X | X |
| Aro | ostook SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Ash | land PD | | | | | | | | ., | | | | |
| Aub | urn PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | × X | X | X | X |
| Aug | usta PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | leyville PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | gor PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | 7 X - 1 | X |
| | Harbor PD | X | \mathbf{X}^{-1} | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | h PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Bel | fast PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Ber | wick PD | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| L *Bet | hel PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | deford PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Χ . | X | X | X | X |
| D*Bin | gham PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | thbay Harbor | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | wer PD | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Bri | dgton PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | wnville PD | | X | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bru | nswick PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | ksport PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | , X | X | X | X |
| | ais PD | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | iden PD | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X |
| | e Elizabeth PD | X | X | X | X | Х | Х | X | X | Х | X | X | X |
| | ibou PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{X}^{c} |
| | rryfield PD | | | -7 -, | | · | | | | | | | |
| | berland PD | X | \mathbf{X}^{-1} | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х |
| | berland SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | berland SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | ariscotta PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

| | JAN. | FEB. | MAR. | APR. | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUG. | SEPT. | OCT. | NOV. | DEC. |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------------------|-----|------|--------------|------|------------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| N*Dayton PD | | | | | | 4. | | | | | | |
| Dexter PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Dixfield PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Dover-Foxcroft PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| East Millinocket PD | X | x | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | x | X |
| *Eastport PD | | X | X | X | | х | X | X | | X | X | |
| Eliot PD | X | X | X | х | X | X | X | X | X | X | х | X |
| Ellswroth PD | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Fairfield PD | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X | x | X |
| Falmouth PD | X | X | X | X | X | x | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Farmington PD | X | X | X | × | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X |
| Fort Fairfield PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | - X |
| Fort Kent PD | X | X | X | X | X | . X | X X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Franklin SO | X | X | X | \mathbf{X}^{-} | X | . X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Franklin SP | X | X | X | × | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х |
| Freeport PD | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X, | X | X | X |
| *Friendship PD | X | X | | Х | | | X | | | | | |
| *Fryeburg PD | | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Gardiner PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Gorham PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Greenville PD | X | X | | X | X | X | | X | X | X | | |
| Hallowell PD | X | X | X | . X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Hampden PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X . | X | X |
| *Hancock PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Hancock SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Hancock SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{X} | X | X | X | X | X |
| N*Harrison PD | | X | | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Houlton PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | . X | X | X |
| *Howland | | | | | X | X | X | | X | X | X | |
| *Indian-Princeton | | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| *Indian-Eastport | | X | X | 100 | X | | | | | | \mathbf{x} | X |
| Jay PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Jonesport | | | | | | | | X | \mathbf{X}_{i} | | | X |
| Kennebec SO | X | X | X | X. | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Kennebec SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Kennebunk PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Kennebunkport PD | X | X | X | X | X X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Kittery PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Knox SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Knox SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{X} | X | X |
| *Lamoine | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|----------------------------------|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|----------|--------|------|----------|------------------|------------|------|
| Tabasais DD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lebanon PD Lewiston PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X |
| | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Limestone PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Lincoln PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Lincoln SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Lincoln SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Lisbon PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | , X | X | X |
| Livermore Falls PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Lubec PD | | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Machias PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Madawaska PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Madison PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Mattawamkeag PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mechanic Falls PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{X}_{i} | X | X |
| *Medway PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mexico PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | |
| *Milbridge PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Millinocket PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Milo PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X |
| Monmouth PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Mount Desert PD | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | Х | Х |
| *New Gloucester PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Newport PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Norridgewock PD | X | X | X : | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| North Berwick PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Norway PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Oakland PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Ogunquit PD | X | . X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Old Orchard PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Old Town PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Orono PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Oxford SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Oxford SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Paris PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Pembroke PD | A | Δ. | Α, . | Α. | A | Δ. | Δ | Λ | Λ | Δ. | , <u>A</u> | Λ |
| *Penobscot Indian PD | X | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Penobscot SO | X | X | X | X | X | Х | х | X | v | X | X | X |
| Penobscot SP | X | X X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X X | X | X | X |
| Piscataquis SO | X | X | X X | X X | X X | , X X | | X | X X | X X | X | X |
| Piscataquis SO Piscataquis SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X X | X | X X | X | X | X |
| riscaladurs sr | Δ | Λ | ^ | | A | Λ | . A | Λ. | Λ | Λ | Λ | Λ |

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| | JAN | FEB. | MAR. | APR. | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUG. | SEPT. | OCT. | NOV. | DEC. |
| Pittsfield PD | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | Х |
| Portland PD | X | X | $\mathbf{X}^{'}$ | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Presque Isle PD | X | X | x | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Princeton PD | | X | X | | | x | X | X | | X | X | X |
| Richmond PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | Х |
| Rockland PD | Х | X | 2 | X . | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Rockport PD | Х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X |
| Rumford PD | х | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | Х | X |
| Sabattus PD | x | X | X | X | X | Х | X | Х | X | X | X | X |
| Saco PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Sagadahoc SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Sagadahoc SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X |
| Sanford PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | Х | X | X |
| Scarborough PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Searsport PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Skowhegan PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | Χ . | X | X | Х | Х | X |
| Somerset SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | , X | X | X |
| Somerset SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | Х | X | X |
| South Berwick PD | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{x} | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| South Portland PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | Х | Х |
| *Southwest Harbor PD | X | X | \mathbf{X}^{-} | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Thomaston PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{x} | X | X | X |
| Topsham PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{x} | X | X | X |
| D*Union | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *U of M Farmington PD | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X . | X | X . |
| U of M Orono PD | \mathbf{X} | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| University of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Southern Maine | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X · | X | X | X | X |
| Van Buren PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| *Veazie PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | | X | X | X | | X |
| *Vinalhaven PD | X | X | | X | X | | X | | \mathbf{X}° | X | X | X |
| Waldo SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Waldo SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Waldoboro PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Washburn PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| N*Washington PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Washington SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Washington SP | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Waterville PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | , X | X | X | X |
| Wells PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X , ••• | X | X | X |
| Westbrook PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | \mathbf{X}_{-} | X | X | X | X | X |

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|-----------------|------|----------|------|------|-----|----------------|------|------|-------|------|---------------------------|------|
| Wilton PD | X | X | X | X | X | Х | X | X | X | X | X | х |
| Windham PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Winslow PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Winthrop PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Wiscasset PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| Yarmouth PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| York PD | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | , [:] X , | X |
| D*York Beach PD | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| York SO | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| York SP | X | X | X | X | X | , ; X , | X | X | X | X | X | X |

X Denotes participation for the month
* Small Agency - Reporting through Sheriff's Office
D* Small Agency - Discontinued agency
N* Small Agency - New agency

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The Maine Chiefs of Police Association and Maine Sheriffs Association have continued to provide excellent support and cooperation in the development of the Maine UCR Program.

A committee made up of members from these associations was instrumental in the development of uniform arrest sheets and complaint sheets now in use in many Maine Departments. Their expert advice and consultation are appreciated.

Listed below are the present members of the Technical Services Committee appointed by President David Koman of the Maine Chiefs of Police Association.

Paul Hunter, Chairman......Freeport PD
William Carter, Vice Chairman....Lincoln County
Verne McKenney.......Caribou PD
Robert E. Wagner, Jr.....SBI
Howard SarrisCentral Equipment Co.
C. Russell Bruton.....Bath PD
Leon Planche......Cumberland PD
Ronald F. Laliberte......Waterville PD
Ted Trott, Technical Advisor.....MCJPAA
Albert Smith.......Camden PD

This newly structured committee replaces the previous advisory committee and is responsible for all technical services which falls within the purview of the Maine Chiefs of Police Association.

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING

STATEMENT OF POLICY

FOR THE RELEASE OF UCR STATISTICAL INFORMATION

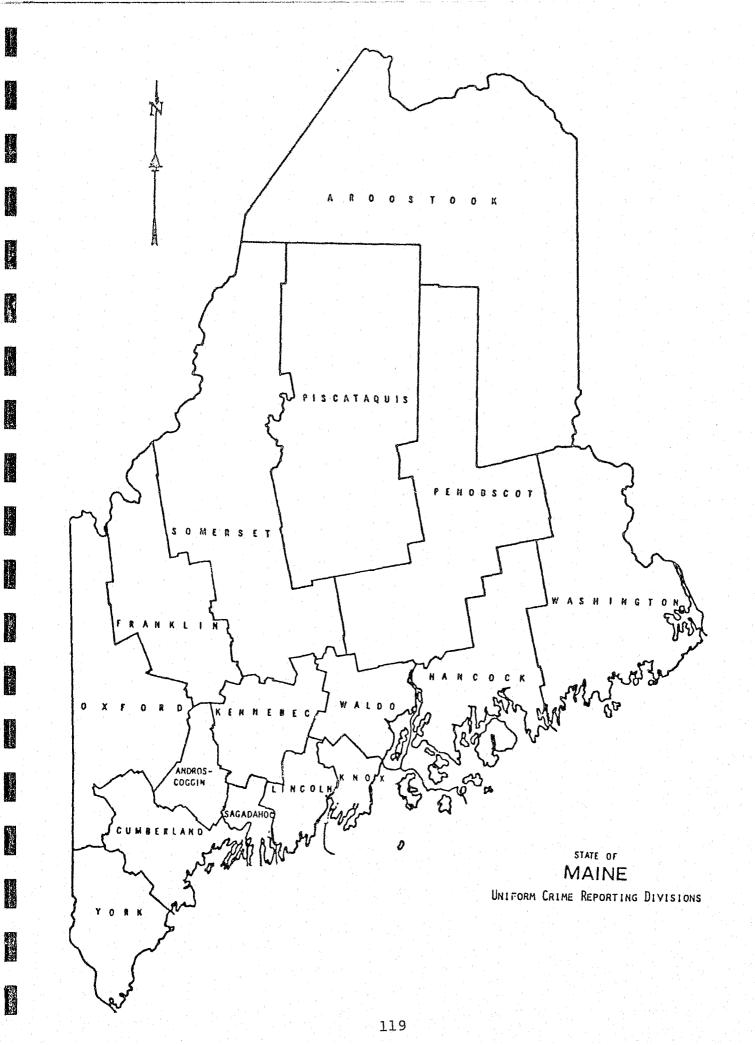
The following regulations will be observed by this agency concerning the release of Uniform Crime Reporting statistical information. Employees of this agency will observe these procedures and will not deviate from this policy without the express consent of the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division. All information to be released will originate from, and will be approved prior to being released, by the Uniform Crime Reporting Division.

REGULATIONS

- 1. This agency will publish an annual report reflecting crime in Maine. This report will be distributed to the Governor, to members of the Legislature, to the Attorney General, to the Maine Criminal Justice Planning and Assistance Agency, to enforcement agencies or to any agency or committee dedicated to law enforcement or criminal justice work.
- 2. Published reports will be released to the above named agencies prior to their being released to individuals or agencies extraneous to the criminal justice community.
- 3. UCR information requests

No person or agency will be furnished statistical information which has not previously been published, concerning any individual agency's reports without the written consent of the Chief Administrator of that Agency. The Uniform Crime Reporting Division will maintain for one year a copy of the information released along with the request and the authority for release.

- A. Information contained in the published annual report may be released via phone, letter, etc., to any interested party.
- B. All requests for unpublished information from agencies or individuals should be directed by letter to the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division. These special requests will be honored only with the written consent of the agency whose statistics are requested.
- C. Law enforcement agencies may receive interim, unpublished, specialized reports identifying their agency only providing the request is not unreasonable. Law enforcement agencies may also receive their respective county totals along with state or district totals. All requests should be directed to the Supervisor, Uniform Crime Reporting Division.



AUTHORITY

The Maine Uniform Crime Reporting System Act was passed by the Special Session of the 106th Legislature and was signed into law by the Honorable GOVERNOR KENNETH M. CURTIS on February 28, 1974.

AN ACT RELATING TO THE INSTALLATION OF A UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM:

Revised Statutes., Title 25, Section 1543, amended. Section 1543 of Title 25 is amended by adding the new paragraph at the end to read as follows:

"It shall be the duty of all state, county and municipal law enforcement agencies, including those employees of the University of Maine appointed to act as policemen, to submit to the State Bureau of Identification, uniform crime reports, to include such information as is necessary to establish a Criminal Justice Information System and to enable the supervisor to comply with section 1544. It shall be the duty of the Bureau to prescribe the form, general content, time and manner of submission of such uniform crime reports. The Bureau shall correlate the reports submitted to it and shall compile and submit to the Governor and Legislature annual reports based on such reports. A copy of such annual reports shall be furnished to all law enforcement agencies."

END