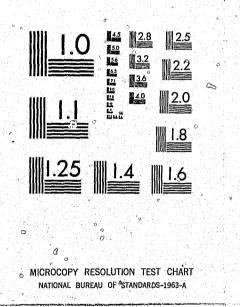
National Criminal Justice Reference Service



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National Institute of Justice United States Department of Justice Washington, D.C. 20531 3/8/82

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FIRE/ARSON INVESTIGATION

RESEARCH PAPER

JULY 13-31, 1981

ARSON FOR PROFIT

Submitted by:

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Arson has become the fastest growing crime in the United States. The rapid increases from 64,000 arson fires in 1965 to 258,500 arson fires in 1975 motivated the insurance industry to produce an all out attack on the arson problem.¹ 'Losses reaped from the insurance companies have been estimated to be in the area of five (5) billion dollars annually as of 1980.

[°] The attack has been mounted on three basic fronts: Legislative, Criminal and Civil Prosecution, and Public Education.

By grouping together, insurance companies have begun to attack such gislation as the FAIR Plan. Fair Access to Insurance Requirements Plans (FAIR) established by states and authorized under Federal law, are providing property insurance in urban and other areas where the insurance industry will not. The over-riding objections are:

- - loss;

- cancelled.24

The following recommendations have been made to the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development:

"1) require that all FAIR Plans establish property value at the time of underwriting and eliminate the practice of giving property owners any amount of insurance desired;

ARSON FOR PROFIT

(A status report on the insurance industries efforts to combat the problem)

LEGISLATIVE

1) insurance is being provided in amounts the owner requests not actual property values;

2) in 20 states, insurance companies are required to pay owner face value of their polices in the event of a total property

3) under the FAIR Plans insurance companies do not have the same prerogatives that are normally allowed to the insurance industry; an example would be a person cannot be refused insurance on the grounds of character or past background;

4) several FAIR Plans require a 30-day notice before a policy can be

- 2) require all FAIR Plans to obtain and consider information concerning the character of the property owner in its determination of insurability, as the insurance industry does; 3) permit FAIR Plans to use a 5-day cancellation notice with state
- insurance department approval in each instance."3

CRIMINAL & CIVIL PROSECUTION

The insurance industry has begun the attack on the threat of Civil and Criminal liability. Confidential information about the insured is disclosed to law enforcement authorities, under the Model Arson Reporting-Immunity Law (1977). Under the Model Arson Reporting-Immunity Law, insurance companies are required to:

- " Allows authorized agencies (defined as state and Federal fire marshals, law enforcement officers, Insurance Commissioners and prosecuting attorneys) to require that insurance companies release all information concerning a policyholder involved in a fire loss. This information includes history of premium payment and previous claims, as well as investigatory files.
 - · Requires insurance companies to notify authorized agencies of suspicious fire losses. Such notice constitutes a request for official investigation.
 - Grants limited civil and criminal immunity to those insurance companies that provide information under the provisions of this act.
 - Provides for the exchange of information between the insurance companies and the authorized agencies, and the exchange of information between authorized agencies.
 - Provides for confidentiality of released information."

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The following two page chart was developed by the All Industry Research Advisory Council (ATRAC) to aid in tracking the status of arson reporting immunity legislation.⁵

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COLORADO	1979	SB30		X*	X or	<u> </u>		<u>X</u>	X	X	<u> </u>
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<u>PENNSYLVANIA</u>	1980	HB1106	X	X	<u>X</u>	X	X	X		<u> </u>			
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TENNESSEE	1979	SB43	X	X	X	X			X				
TEXAS	1977	SB1260	X.	X	x		-		X				
UTAH	1979	HB260	x	X	X	X		x					6
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VIRGINIA	1979	HB1243	X	X	X	x	x	X		X			
WASHINGTON	1979	SB2727	X	x	X	x	X	x	X	X			
WEST VIRGINIA	1978	SB365	1.1.1.1.1.2	X*	X	X		x	X		2		
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grants limited immunity, but does not use the terms criminal or civil

does not require insurance companies to report suspicious claims but states that they "may report"

provides that insurance companies may ask agencies for information but does not specifically state that release of the information by the agencies is mandatory.

The Model Arson Reporting - Immunity Law was designed to stem the tide of organized crime in arson for profit schemes. The insurance industry estimated total arson losses of \$2 billion in 1976. This \$2 billion dollar loss was just the tip of the iceburg in the involvement of organized crime.

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Because the arson for profit scheme does not fit neatly into the traditional police definitions, the problems have received little recognition.

ARSON: THE HARD FACTS

<u>Year</u> 1964–5

1966-7 1968-9 1970-1 1972-3 1974-5 -5-

National Fire Protection Association estimates illustrate the rapid rise of arson in the United States.

<u>Arsons</u>	Property Damage
64,800.	\$ 142,200,000
81,500	\$ 236,300,000
106,200	\$ 310,500,000
137,400	\$ 438,347,000
178,500	\$ 605,600,000
258,500	\$1,196,900,000

826,900

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\$2,929,847,000

(NFPA figures for 1976 are not in yet, but the <u>New York Times</u> estimates \$2 billion in losses from 150,000 reported arsons.)

• Less than 2 percent of all arsons result in convictions.

Arson was known, or suspected, in 30 percent of reported U.S. fires in 1976.
Arson caused over 1,000 deaths in 1975.

EDUCATION

The insurance industry has realized that to culminate the three sided attack on arson for profit, it must begin to educate the public, law enforcement (police and fire), the prosecutor.

On October, 1978, the Department of Justice authorized a bill which became Public Law 95-624, and mandated in Sec 14 (the collection of arson statistics). The F.B.I. was further ordered to change the classification of arson to a Part I crime. This bill gave the insurance industry the mechanism to obtain vital statistical information. From this information, the insurance industry has begun to inform the public. Attached is an Arson Information Checklist which should be most beneficial in providing names and addresses of resource areas.

The insurance industry has realized that police and fire department personnel must understand the motives for arson for profit schemes. .The insurance industry with the aid of law enforcement and fire services are sitting down and defining their responsibilities. This growing need to better train those people who will investigate this crime has prompted the insurance industry to prepare numerous films and printed material to inform the investigators of arson for profit, schemes. Some of the motives covered are: unemployment in related industry, business failure, failure to complete business contracts, business partners disagree, dissatisfaction with property location, equipment/ machinery obsolete, the breaking of lease, insurance value more than property worth, just to name a few.8

Educational programs have been designed to provide information to prosecutors, firefighters, fire investigators, and police officers. The insurance industry further believes that the programs now taught are only useful if state, local and Federal agencies are willing to sit down and work with private industry and develope useful tools for arson investigation.

Examples of materials being produced by insurance industries are: Why you should see red over arson!; A matter of minutes; The Iceberg Crime: What police officers should know about arson; and Verdict: Guilty of Burning.

Aetna Life and Casualty Corporate Communications 151 Farmington Ave. Hartford, Conn. 06156 Contact: Ms. Dolores Harper (203) 273-2843

Resources: Arson (Handout folder, which includes an arson "Backgrounder," and two brochures describing the Seattle and New Haven antiarson projects) C.A.A.P. Kit ("Community Arson Awareness Program" kit includes posters and instructions for presentation) "Winning the War on Arson" (16mm film. Color.

15:30 minutes. Available also in 34-inch video tape cassette)

Allstate Insurance Companies Loss Prevention Division Allstate Plaza North, F-3 Northbrook, III. 60062

Contact: Ms. Rae Jones (312) 291-7610 Resources: Arson Update (Quarterly newsletter published in cooperation with IACAP) Put the Heat on the Arsonist!!! (Program Guideline For Community Action) Why You Should See Red Over Arson! An Arson Primer for the General Public ' (Brochure and also slide audio cassette packet of same title)

ARSON INFORMATION CHECKLIST

American Insurance Association Public Relations Office 85 John St. New York, N.Y. 10038 Contact: Bruce Bogart (212) 433-4400 المحالية المحالية المحالي المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالية المحالية المح Battelle Human Affairs Research Centers Law and Justice Studies Center 4000 N.E. 41st St. Seattle, Wash. 98105

Contact: Clifford Karchmar (206) 525-3130 Resources: Enforcement Manual: Approaches for Combatting Arson-for-Profit Schemes A Model Curriculum and

Trainer's Guide on Arsonfor-Profit Enforcement Programs

Battelle Memorial Institute The Center for Arson Prevention, Training, and Analysis 505 King St. Columbus, Ohio 43201

Contact: Vernon Wherry (614) 424-4949

Resources: Combating Arson-for-Profit: Advanced Techniques for Investigators

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Federal Bureau of Investigation FBI Academy Behavioral Science Unit Quantico, Va. 22135 A ALL AND A SHORE AND A Phone: (703) 640-6131, Ext. 2639 Resources: The Firesetter: A Psychological Profile Federal Bureau of Investigation FBI Academy Library Quantico, Va. 22135 Sec. Sec. 1 Phone: (703) 640-6131, Ext. 2471

Resources: Arson (Bibliography) Federal Bureau of Investigation Uniform Crime Reporting Section Room 6212 J. Edgar Hoover Building 10th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W Washington, D.C. 20535

Phone: (202) 324-2820 Resources: Crime in the United States (Annual) Illinois Advisory Committee on Arson

Prevention P.O. Box 614 Bloomington, III. 61701 Contact: David Hurst

(309) 662-2311 For Sale: Burning Building-What Agents and Underwriters Should Know About Arson Illinois Tackles Runaway Arson

The Torch's Reward: What Insurance Claims People Should Know About Arson "Update" (Newsletter) May 1981 / 21

ATTACHMENT #1

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Insurance Committee for Arson Control- Law Enforcement Assistance 20 North Wacker Dr. Suite 2140 Chicago, Ill. 60606. Contact: Mr. Charles F. Stonehill, Contact: Mr. Charles F. Stonehill, Secretary Contact: J. Michael Sheehan

Resources: Arson Control Directory How to Organize an Arson Task Force in Your Community Status Report 1: On Arson Reporting-Immunity National Bureau of Standards Control Directory Resources: Enforcement Manual: Approaches for Combatting Arson-for-Prolit Schemes National Bureau of Standards Combatting Arson-for-Prolit Schemes Touched Off By Human Hands The Ten-Year War on Ar-

Articles for Arson Investigators Arson Prevention and Control: Program Models "Fire and Arson Investigator" (Quarterly Investigator" (Quarterly Newsletter)

22 / FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin

(312) 558-3800 (202) 724-7677 (309) 662-2311

International Association of Arson Arson Arson Investison Camera-ready Art

* National Fire Protection Association 470 Atlantic Ave.

Boston, Mass. 02210 ountact: (617) 482–8755

International Association of Arson
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Levels97 Paquin Dr.
Marlboro, Mass. 01752Arson Burns Us All! (Bro-
chure)Deaths, Injuries, Dollar
Loss and Incidents at the
National, State and Local
LevelsContact: Robert E. May,
Executive Secretary
(617) 481-5977Arson Burns Us All! Pre-
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AgenciesPrevention and
Investigation
AgenciesResources: The Book of Selected
Articles for ArsonArson Prevention and
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State Farm Insurance Companies

Corporate Headquarters One State Farm Plaza Bloomington, Ill. 61701

Contact: David Hurst

Public Relations Office

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Reporting-Immunity
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Center for Fire Research
Washingtin, D.C. 20234The Ten-Year War on Ar-
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Public Relations
(203) 226-6347National Criminal Justice Reference
Service
P.O. Box 6000Westport, Conn. 06880Westport, Conn. 06880Contact: James Ryan
(203) 226-6347National Criminal Justice Reference
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P.O. Box 6000National Criminal Justice Reference
Service
P.O. Box 6000U.S. Fire Administration
Arson Resource Center
Washingten, D.C. 20234Insurance Fraud: ICPI
Handbook for Insurance
Pers-nnelNational Criminal Justice Reference
ServiceContact: Dr. Herman Weisman
(201) 221-5500International Association of Arson
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School Fire - Part 1 of our Overall Crime Problem - Journal: Security World VII N3, March 1974, p 20-23, Author: Strom, M.

Why You Should See Red Over Arson!, Pamphlet: Corporate Relations Dept., Allstate Insurance Companies

The Iceberg Crime: What Police Officers Should Know About Arson, Pamphlet: Illinois Advisory Committee on Arson Prevention in cooperation with the Illinois Chapter of the International Association of Arson Investigators

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Manual for the Investigation of Automobile Fires, Author: Anon

Wisconsin - Department of Justice - Division of Criminal Investigation -Arson Bureau - Annual Report 1974, Author: Anon

Police and Insurance Companies in the Light of New Forms of Crimes -Journal: International Criminal Police Review N 301 (Oct 1976) (p 206-215), Author: Nepote, J. the state of the <u>,</u>

Arson, For Insurance and Protest - Author: Cook, Jil

The Growing Problem of Arson: Special Report, Author: Riopelle

Arson-to-Order In the Building Trades, Journal: Reader's Digest, March 1976, p 85-90, Author: Stevenson, C.

Target: Arson, Journal: Journal of American Insurance, p. 12-15, Winter 1977-78

A Matter of Minutes, Pamphlet: Loss Prevention Division, Allstate Insurance

Verdict: Guilty of Burning, Pamphlet: Illinois Advisory Committee on Arson

FOOTNOTES

1. F.B.I. Law Enforcement Bulletin, May 1981.

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- 2. Report by the Comptroller General of the United States Arson-for-Profit: More Could be Done to Reduce It, May 31, 1978
- 3. Report by the Comptroller General of the United States Arson-for-Profit: More Could be Done to Reduce It., May 31, 1978
- 4. Status Report #1 by The Insurance Committee for Arson Control, Sept 1980
- 5. Status Report #1 by The Insurance Committee for Arson Control, Sept 1980
- 6. The Underworld Turns Fire Into Profit by Clifford L. Karchmer reit and a
- 7. F.B.I. Law Enforcement Bulletin, May 1981, Rebecca T. Ferrall, pp 16-22
- 8. Elements of Arson Investigation by Benjamin S. Huron

